July 27, 2009

Delivered by Courier and E-File

Ms. Kristen Walli Board Secretary Ontario Energy Board P.O. Box 2319, 27th Floor 2300 Yonge Street Toronto, ON M4P 1E4

Dear Ms. Walli:

Re: Welland Hydro-Electric System Corp.

2009 Distribution Rates Application

Board File No. EB-2008-0247

Draft Rate Order

Please find enclosed two (2) copies of responses to comments from Intervenors concerning Welland Hydro-Electric System Corp.'s Draft Rate Order filed July 17, 2009. As a result of minor changes to the Revenue Requirement, Welland Hydro has also attached copies (2) of the Draft Rate Order-Revision #2.

An electronic copy has been filed using the OEB's E-filing services.

Yours very truly,

Wayne Armstrong
Director of Finance

905-732-1381 Ext 234

905-732-0266 Fax

Email: warmstrong@wellandhydro.com

WELLAND HYDRO-ELECTRIC SYSTEM CORP. 1 RESPONSE TO INTERVENOR COMMENTS 2 DRAFT RATE ORDER EB-2008-0247 3 **Energy Probe** 4 Energy Probe had two issues regarding Welland Hydro's revised Draft Rate Order Submission of 5 July 17, 2009. 6 1) Revenue to Cost Ratio Residential Class 7 The first issue was that Energy Probe pointed out that Welland Hydro's Draft Rate Order 8 indicates a Board approved revenue to cost ratio for the residential class in 2009 of 102.43% 9 (line 15, page 5) which should have read 120.43%. Welland Hydro can confirm for Energy 10 Probe that this simply a typographical error and that 120.43% was used to determine rates as 11 ordered by the Board in its Decision and Order. 12 2) Apprentice Tax Credit 13 The second issue Energy Probe addressed was the calculation of the Apprentice Tax Credit of 14 \$10,000 used to determine Grossed Up PILS in Exhibit E. Energy Probe attempted to 15 reconstruct Welland Hydro's calculation of the \$10,000 average yearly apprentice tax credit 16 from 2009 to 2012. Welland Hydro acknowledges that this detail should have been provided in 17 its Draft Rate Order to assist intervenors in their evaluation. As indicated in Welland Hydro's 18 Reply Submission on March 30, 2009 (Line 8 Page 45 of 46) the amount of \$10,000 for the 19 Apprentice Tax Credit was based on a 2008 estimate by Deloitte. At that time, Deloitte was 20 unaware that Welland Hydro had hired a third apprentice linesperson in 2008. This new 21 employee had already completed the first year of his apprenticeship program and had three years 22 remaining to become a fully qualified linesperson. Welland Hydro simply took over the 23 apprenticeship (transfer) from his previous employer. Upon reviewing the \$10,000 deduction for 24 the Draft Rate Order Welland Hydro concluded that no adjustment was needed based on the 25 26 following evaluation:

Position Added In	2007(1)	2007(2)	2008(3)	Total
2009 Credit 2010 Credit 2011 Credit 2012 Credit	10,000 0 0 0	10,000 0 0 0	10,000 10,000 0 0	30,000 10,000 0 0
Total Credit Four Years Average Credit Per Year				40,000 10,000

- 1 Energy Probe noted that despite the origin of the \$10,000 figure provided by Welland Hydro in
- 2 the Reply Submission, a new figure should be used based on the changes announced in the recent
- 3 provincial budget. These changes include an increase from the current \$5,000 to \$10,000 and an
- 4 increase in the number of years from 3 to 4. Energy Probe submitted that the new Apprentice
- 5 Tax Credit would be \$27,500 based on the following evaluation:

Position Added In	2007(1)	2007(2)	2009(3)	2010(4)	Total
2009 Credit 2010 Credit 2011 Credit 2012 Credit	10,000 10,000 0 0	10,000 10,000 0 0	10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000	0 10,000 10,000 10,000	30,000 40,000 20,000 20,000
Total Credit Four Years Average Credit Per Year					110,000 27,500

- 6 Welland Hydro has three issues with Energy Probe's evaluation. The first is Energy Probe has
- 7 identified position number (3) as being added in 2009. Welland Hydro has clearly stated
- 8 throughout the rate application that this position was added in 2008. The second, which Energy
- 9 Probe would not have been aware of is that this new addition already had one year of the
- apprentice program completed (2007). As a result, the final year for the apprentice tax credit is
- 11 2010. The third issue is position (4) which Energy Probe is adding in 2010. In its Revised
- 12 Application of January 20, 2009 Welland Hydro deferred adding an additional apprentice
- position as a result of economic conditions due to the loss of two large use customers. In other
- words, the cost of position (4) is not in the rates contained in the Draft Rate Order. Energy Probe
- has assumed Welland Hydro will add this position in 2010 and wants to include the Apprentice
- 16 Tax Credit in rates without including the cost of the apprentice in rates. Welland Hydro
- 17 completely rejects this concept.
- However, Welland Hydro does acknowledge that an adjustment is necessary to the \$10,000
- 19 Apprentice Tax Credit amount used to calculate PILS in Exhibit E-Pg 1 in the Revised Draft
- 20 Rate Order submitted July 17, 2009. In determining the Apprentice Tax Credit Welland Hydro
- 21 adjusted for the increase from \$5,000 to \$10,000. Since Welland Hydro had signed three year
- 22 apprentice agreements with the province, no adjustment was made to increase the amount to four
- years. Welland Hydro has discussed this with our tax accountant, and although the changes have
- 24 not been enacted into legislation it appears that the previously signed agreements will be

- 1 extended by one year. This would increase the tax credit for one additional year for the two
- 2 positions added in 2007. It would not add an additional year to the position added in 2008 as
- 3 they had already completed one year of the apprentice program before being hired. As a result,
- Welland Hydro calculates the new Apprentice Tax Credit to be \$15,000 based on the following
- 5 evaluation:

Position Added In	2007(1)	2007(2)	2008(3)	Total
2009 Credit 2010 Credit 2011 Credit 2012 Credit	10,000 10,000 0 0	10,000 10,000 0 0	10,000 10,000 0 0	30,000 30,000 0 0
Total Credit Four Years Average Credit Per Year				60,000 15,000

- 6 However, based on discussions with the tax accountant, Welland Hydro was made aware that the
- 7 Apprentice Tax Credit is considered to be taxable government assistance and is included in
- 8 income in the taxation year of the claim (see Page 4 section 18 to Exhibit A attached). Welland
- 9 Hydro did not adjust taxable income for the Apprentice Tax Credit in Exhibit E in the Revised
- Draft Rate Order Filed on July 17, 2009. The schedule on Page 4 is a revised calculation of
- PILS comparing the Grossed Up PILS in the Revised Draft Rate Order of July 17, 2009 (Exhibit
- 12 E) with the amount using \$15,000 for the Apprentice Tax Credit along with the appropriate
- increase to taxable income. Total Grossed Up PILS decreases from \$419,495 included in the
- 14 Revised Draft Rate Order to \$418,110. Although the change is not material, Welland Hydro has
- submitted a revised Draft Rate Order, RRWF excel model, and Proposed Tariff of Rates and
- 16 Charges with this response to Intervenor comments.

Welland Hydro-Electric System Corp. EB-2008-0247 Draft Rate Order Page 4 of 5 Filed: July 27, 2009

Regulatory Gross Up Method -PILS

	July 17,2009 Draft Rate	Order	Response to Energy Probe	_
	Rate	<u>\$</u>	Rate	<u>\$</u>
Detum on Emilia		\$934,074		\$934,074
Return on Equity		φυσ-γ _ι σ ,		
Apprentice Tax Credit		\$0		\$15,000
Adjustment for Reserves		7,890		7,890
Taxable Income Using Return on Equity Method		\$941,964		\$956,964
Income Tax Payable First 500,000 Income (5.5% - Ontario)	24.50%	122,500	24.50%	122,500
(19% - Federal) Income 500,000 to 1,500,000 (14% - Ontario) (19% - Federal)	33.00%	145,848	33.00%	150,798
Clawback 500,000 to 1,500,000 (Ontario)	4.25%	18,783	4.25%	19,421
Total PILS Before Apprentice Tax Credit	30.48%	287,132	30.59%	292,719
Apprentice Tax Credit		-10,000		-15,000
Total Tax Before Gross Up	29.42%	\$277,132	29.02%	\$277,719
Grossed Up PILS Welland Hydro 277,132/(12942)		\$392,649	277,719/(12902)	\$391,264
Ontario Capital Tax-Not Grossed Up		26,846		26,846
Total Grossed Up PILS		<u>\$419,495</u>		\$418,110

Welland Hydro-Electric System Corp. EB-2008-0247 Draft Rate Order Page 5 of 5 Filed: July 27, 2009

Vulnerable Energy Consumers Coalition

- 2 VECC had no submissions regarding the derivation of the revenue requirement used in the
- 3 revised Draft rate order with the exception of the Apprentice Tax Credit which has been
- 4 addressed in the response to Energy Probe above.
- 5 VECC has requested that Welland Hydro provide the derivation of the class percentages used to
- 6 calculate the values for the "Updated C.A. Study Cost Proportions for 2009 Excluding the
- 7 Transformer" column presented in Exhibit H-Revised in the Revised Draft Rate Order submitted
- 8 July 17, 2009. Exhibit B attached provides another similar table supporting the information from
- 9 Exhibit H-Revised from the Draft Rate Order dated July 17, 2009.
- 10

1

- VECC has also noted that the proportions (percentages) are also different between the Revised
- 12 Application and the Draft Rate Order. Exhibit C attached shows that the minor changes in
- proportions between the Revised Application and the Draft Rate Order reflects the change in the
- 14 transformer allowance as per the Board's Decision. Both the Revised Application and Draft
- 15 Rate Order start off with Revenue Requirement from the Cost Allocation, adjust for the
- transformer allowance and apply the resulting percentage to the Total Revenue Requirement.
- Welland Hydro submits that it has followed the methodology and intent approved by the Board
- in its Decision and Order in preparing the Revised Draft Rate Order and no adjustments are
- 19 required.

20 School Energy Coalition

21 No comments were received on the Revised Draft Rate Order from the School Energy Coalition.

September 2007 Corporations Tax



Interpretation Bulletin 3020R2

Apprenticeship Training Tax Credit

Reference: section 43.13 of the (CTA) and section 8.4.5 of the Income Tax Act (Ontario)

Application

This bulletin updates Interpretation Bulletin 3020R1 dated June 2007 to include an additional approved trade.

This bulletin provides general guidelines on the apprenticeship training tax credit (ATTC). It is not a substitute for the legislation contained in the Corporations Tax Act (CTA) and the Income Tax Act (Ontario) (ITA) and their Regulations.

Explanation of Changes

This bulletin reflects changes to the ATTC introduced through Bill 187 which received Royal Assent on May 17, 2007.

Paragraphs 2, 3, 5 and 6:

Former paragraphs 2, 3, 5 and 6 have been revised to modify the definition of "eligible expenditure" to include expenditures paid or payable before January 1, 2015.

Paragraph 14:

Former paragraph 14 has been revised to modify the definition of a "qualifying apprenticeship" to include an employee who commences employment before January 1, 2012.

Appendix A has been updated to reflect the addition of the 7 approved trades to the list of 117 skilled trades that qualify for the ATTC. Eligibility for the additional 7 trades is retroactive to the dates specified for each.

General

- The 2004 Ontario Budget announced a new refundable tax credit for corporations and unincorporated businesses employing apprentices in certain skilled trades during the first 36 months of an apprenticeship program. This measure became law on December 16, 2004, when legislative amendments to the CTA and the ITA received Royal Assent.
- The ATTC reimburses corporations and unincorporated businesses 25 per cent of eligible expenditures paid or payable after May 18, 2004 and before January 1, 2015, up to a maximum tax credit of \$5,000 per qualifying apprentice per taxation year. For corporations and unincorporated businesses that have total salaries and wages for the previous taxation year of \$400,000 or less, the rate of the tax credit is increased to 30 per cent.

How does the tax credit work?

- For each apprentice in a qualifying skilled trade employed in the tax year by an eligible employer whose total salaries and wages paid in the previous taxation year were:
 - \$600,000 or more, the eligible employer may claim a refundable tax credit equal to the lesser of:
 - i. 25 per cent of the eligible expenditures made during the taxation year in respect of the qualifying apprentice, and
 - ii. \$5,000 x C/D.

ppendix

Apprenticeship Training Tax Credit

How does the tax credit work? (cont'd)

- \$400,000 or less, the eligible employer may claim a refundable tax credit equal to the lesser of:
 - i. 30 per cent of the eligible expenditures made during the taxation year in respect of the qualifying apprentice, and
 - ii. \$5,000 x C/D.
- greater than \$400,000 and less than \$600,000, the eligible employer may claim a refundable tax credit equal to the lesser of:
 - i. a percentage of the eligible expenditures made during the taxation year in respect of the qualifying apprentice as calculated by the following formula:

$$25\% + 5\% \times [1 - E/\$200,000]$$
, and

ii. \$5,000 x C/D.

Where.

- C = number of days after May 18, 2004 and before January 1, 2015 that the apprentice was employed during the taxation year and that were during the first 36 months of the apprenticeship program
- D = 365 days (366 in a leap year), and
- E = total of all salaries and wages paid in the previous taxation year in excess of \$400,000.
- 4. In addition, the eligible employer may claim the amount of government assistance for the apprenticeship it repaid in the taxation year which reduced the amount of the ATTC available in a previous year.

What is an eligible expenditure?

- Eligible expenditures are salaries and wages, including taxable benefits (i.e., amounts reported on the apprentice's T4 slip) paid or payable to an apprentice in a qualifying skilled trade for services performed by the apprentice for the corporation or unincorporated business after May 18, 2004 and before January 1, 2015.
- Eligible expenditures also include fees paid or payable to an employment agency by a corporation or unincorporated business for services performed by the apprentice in a qualifying apprenticeship after May 18, 2004 and before January 1, 2015.
- 7. All eligible expenditures must be for services provided by the apprentice to the eligible employer during the first 36 months of the apprenticeship program. All eligible expenditures must be attributable to an Ontario permanent establishment (place of business) and must be reasonable in the circumstances.
- 8. An amount is not an eligible expenditure if it was paid for services performed before the apprenticeship contract or training agreement was registered by the Minister of Training, Colleges and Universities, or after the end of the apprenticeship program.
- 9. Government assistance received in respect of the apprentice will reduce the amount of the expenditure eligible for the credit. Government assistance means assistance in any form from a government, municipality, or other public authority, including a grant, subsidy, forgivable loan, deduction from tax or investment allowance, but does not include:

Apprenticeship Training Tax Credit

What is an eliaible expenditure? (cont'd)

- An Ontario innovation tax credit under section 43.3 of the CTA.
- A co-operative education tax credit under section 43.4 of the CTA.
- An Ontario film and television tax credit under section 43.5 of the CTA.
- A graduate transitions tax credit under section 43.6 of the CTA.
- An Ontario book publishing tax credit under section 43.7 of the CTA.
- An Ontario computer animation and special effects tax credit under section 43.8 of the CTA.
- An Ontario business-research institute tax credit under section 43.9 of the CTA.
- An Ontario production services tax credit under section 43.10 of the CTA.
- An Ontario interactive digital media tax credit under section 43.11 of the CTA.
- An Ontario sound recording tax credit under section 43.12 of the CTA.
- An Ontario apprenticeship training tax credit under section 43.13 of the CTA or subsection 8(16.1) of the ITA.
- For corporations, a Canadian film or video production tax credit under section 125.4 of the ITA.
- For corporations, an investment tax credit under section 127 of the ITA.

Who is an eligible employer?

- 10. Corporations with permanent establishments in Ontario subject to Ontario corporate income tax are eligible.
- 11. All proprietors filing Ontario personal income tax returns whose unincorporated business has a permanent establishment in Ontario are eligible.
- 12. A corporation or unincorporated business that pays a fee to an employment agency for the services of an apprentice is deemed to be the eligible employer and to employ the apprentice, not the employment agency. As well, the corporation or unincorporated business is deemed to be participating in the apprenticeship program with the apprentice, not the employment agency.
- 13. Members of a partnership may share the ATTC for each qualifying apprenticeship. Limited partners are not entitled to this credit; however, the general partners of a limited partnership are entitled to share the credit.

What is a qualifying apprenticeship?

- 14. A qualifying apprenticeship must meet the following conditions:
 - The apprentice's employment with the corporation or unincorporated business commences before January 1, 2012.
 - The apprenticeship is in a qualifying skilled trade.
 - The eligible employer and the apprentice are participating in an apprenticeship program in which the:

September 2007 Corporations lax

Interpretation Bulletin 3020R2

Apprenticeship Training Tax Credit

What is a qualifying apprenticeship? (contd)

- apprenticeship contract is registered by the Minister of Training, Colleges and Universities under the Trades Qualification and Apprenticeship Act, or
- ii. training agreement is registered by the Director of Apprenticeship under the Apprenticeship and Certification Act, 1998.
- 15. A qualifying apprenticeship is deemed to end on the earlier of:
 - a. the date on which the apprentice is entitled to receive the appropriate certificate under the Apprenticeship and Certification Act, 1998 or the Trades Qualification and Apprenticeship Act, or
 - b. the date, if any, on which the training agreement or contract of apprenticeship is cancelled, suspended or revoked by the Ministry of Training, Colleges and Universities.

How do I claim the tax credit?

- 16. Corporations may claim the tax credit on Schedule 114 of their CT23 or CT8 tax return. Eligible employers operating unincorporated businesses may claim the credit on Form ON479, Ontario Credits, included in their personal income tax return. Members of partnerships claim their share of the credit on their own corporate or personal tax returns.
- 17. Employers may claim a previous year's tax credit or change the amount previously claimed by requesting an amendment to their tax return. Operators of unincorporated businesses requesting an amendment to a previous tax year should follow the instructions provided in the federal income tax and benefit package or call the nearest Canada Revenue Agency office. A Canadian-controlled private corporation must make its request within four years of the initial assessment of the tax return. Other corporations must make their request within five years of the initial assessment of the tax return. Corporations can find additional information on taxpayer requested adjustments to tax credits in Corporations Tax Information Notice 6009 - Taxpayer Requested Adjustments to Tax Credits and Incentives.
- 18. The tax credit will first reduce Ontario tax payable for the taxation year and any excess will be refunded. The full amount of the credit is considered to be taxable government assistance and is included in income in the taxation year of the claim.

What is a qualifying skilled trade?

19. A qualifying skilled trade is an apprenticeship trade that is regulated under the Apprenticeship and Certification Act, 1998 or the Trades Qualification and Apprenticeship Act and has been designated by the Minister of Finance. See Appendix A for a list of qualifying skilled trades.

How do employers support their tax credit claims?

20. Although not required to be submitted with their tax return, eligible employers must keep a copy of the training agreement or contract of apprenticeship. The agreement or contract shows that services are provided by the apprentice to the employer, that the apprentice is in a qualifying skilled trade (as identified by the name and code listed in Appendix A), and the commencement date of the apprenticeship. For the purposes of the ATTC, the apprenticeship program is deemed to commence on the date the apprenticeship contract or training agreement is registered.

September 2007 Corporations Tax

interpretation Bulletin 3020R2

Apprenticeship Training Tax Credit

How do employers support their tax credit claims? (cont'd)

- 21. If the contract or agreement is between the apprentice and a union or a local or joint apprenticeship committee and cannot therefore provide proof that services are provided by the apprentice to the employer, employers should obtain a copy of the contract or agreement from the union or the apprentice when employment begins. This contract or agreement, along with the corporation's or unincorporated business's payroll records, is required to support an employer's claim to the tax credit.
- 22. If the contract or agreement is between the apprentice and an employment agency, the corporation or unincorporated business should obtain a copy of the contract or agreement from the employment agency or apprentice when employment begins. This contract, together with documentation from the employment agency that sets out the fees paid to the employment agency, is required support for the employer's claim for the tax credit.

What about apprentices who qualify for the Co-operative **Education Tax** Credit (CETC)?

- 23. As announced in the 2004 Ontario Budget, the qualifying leading-edge technology component of the CETC has been phased out. Apprentices in the first 36 months of a program that qualified for the CETC may qualify for the ATTC. However, the same expenditures cannot be claimed for both the ATTC and the CETC.
- 24. Eligible expenditures in respect of apprentices in the first 36 months of a qualifying leadingedge technology program in a work placement beginning after January 19 and before May 19, 2004, and ending after May 18, 2004 qualify for the CETC in respect of services performed by the apprentice before May 19, 2004. Expenditures incurred in respect of services performed after May 18, 2004 are not eligible for the CETC but may qualify for the ATTC. (The January 19, 2004 date is relevant because qualifying work placements are deemed by regulation to be a maximum of four months. If a work placement begins on or before January 19, 2004 it would end before May 19, 2004 and would be eligible for the CETC as a separate qualifying work placement.)
- 25. The ATTC is available for expenditures otherwise eligible for the CETC, paid to an apprentice in an approved leading-edge technology field in respect of services performed after May 18, 2004, if the corresponding trade code for the apprentice in Appendix 3 of the CETC Bulletin matches with a trade code in Appendix A of this bulletin.
- 26. For more information on the phase-out of the qualifying leading-edge technology component of the CETC, please refer to Interpretation Bulletin No. 3021R - Co-operative Education Tax Credit in Respect of Ontario Students dated May 2006.

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Apprenticeship Training Tax Credit

Interpretation Bulletin

For More Information

27. Corporations

For general enquiries regarding the ATTC, corporations should contact:

Ministry of Revenue Tax Compliance and Regional Operations Branch Speciaty Assessment Unit PO Box 629, 33 King St W Oshawa ON L1H 8X4 Telephone: 905-837-3814 Fax: 905-837-3824

Or visit the ministry website at: www.rev.gov.on.ca

For further information on the phase-out of the leading-edge technology component of the CETC, corporations may contact:

Ministry of Revenue Tax Advisory Services Branch Corporations Tax PO Box 622, 33 King St W Oshawa, ON L1H 8H5

Telephone: 905-433-6513 Fax: 905-433-6747

28. Unincorporated Businesses

For information on the phase-out of the leading-edge technology portion of the CETC and for general enquiries, unincorporated businesses should contact the Ministry Information Centre toll-free at:

1 800 263-7965 (Canada/U.S.) English 1 800 668-5821 (Canada/É.-U.) Français 1 800 263-7776(Ontario only) TTY (Teletypewriter)

Or write to the ministry at:

Ministry of Revenue Tax Advisory Services Branch Income Tax Related Programs Section PO Box 624, 33 King St W Oshawa ON L1H 8H8

Or visit the ministry website at: www.rev.gov.on.ca

29. Apprenticeship Programs

For information on the apprenticeship program including apprenticeship trades, trade codes, and how to register, please contact your local Ministry of Training, Colleges and Universities Field Office, or call 1 888 JOB-GROW.

Appendix A

Appendix A

Service Trades

- 416e Electronic Service Technician
- 630a Micro-Electronics Manufacturer
- 631a Network Cabling Specialist
- 634a Technical Support Agent Information Technology Call Centre (formerly Information Technology Call Centre Agent)**
- 634b Information Technology Hardware Technician (formerly Hardware Info. Tech. Support Analyst)**
- 634c Information Technology Network Technician (formerly Network-Info. Tech. Support Analyst)**
- 634d Information Technology Call Centre Inside Sales Agent***(1)
- 634e Information Technology Call Centre Customer Care Agent***(1)

Motive Power Trades

- 240p Parts Technician
- 282e Powered Lift Truck Technician
- 295a Tire Wheel and Rim Mechanic
- 310b Auto Body Collision Damage Repairer, Branch 1
- 310c Fuel and Electrical Systems Technician
- 310d Transmission Technician
- 310e Alignment & Brakes Technician
- 310g Motorcycle Technician
- 310j Truck Trailer Service Technician
- 310k Automotive Electronic Accessory Technician
- 310q Auto Body Repairer, Branch 2
- 310s Automotive Service Technician
- 310t Truck and Coach Technician
- 410k Motive Power Machinist
- 410n Automotive Painter
- 421a Heavy Duty Equipment Technician
- 421c Turf Equipment Technician
- 425a Agricultural Equipment Technician
- 435a Small Engine Mechanic
- 435b Marine Engine Mechanic
- 274 Automotive Glass Technician
- 690h Recreation Vehicle Technician

Construction Trades

- 237s Pool/Hot Tub/Spa Service Technician
- 237t Pool/Hot Tub/Spa Installer
- 241a Terrazzo Tile & Marble Setter
- 244g Cement Finisher
- 244h Restoration Mason
- 244k Precast Concrete Erector
- 244I Precast Concrete Finisher
- 253a Heat and Frost Insulator
- 296a Native Residential Construction Worker
- 306a Plumber
- 307a Steamfitter
- 308a Sheet Metal Worker
- 309a Electrician-Construction and Maintenance
- 309c Electrician-Domestic and Rural
- 313a Refrigeration & Air Conditioning Systems Mechanic
- 313d Residential Air Conditioning Systems Mechanic (formerly Residential Air Conditioning Mechanic)
- 339a Hoisting Engineer-Mobile 1
- 339b Hoisting Engineer-Tower Crane Operator
- 339c Hoisting Engineer-Mobile 2
- 401a Brick & Stone Mason
- 403a General Carpenter
- 404c Painter & Decorator-Commercial & Residential
- 404d Painter and Decorator-Industrial
- 419a Cement Mason
- 420a Ironworker
- 424a Glazier & Metal Mechanic
- 426a Construction-Millwright
- 427a Sprinkler and Fire Protection Installer
- 428a Construction-Boilermaker
- 434a Lineworker
- 434b Construction Lineworker
- 448a Floor Covering Installer
- 449a Roofer
- 450a Construction Craft Worker
- 451a Drywall Acoustic/Lathing Applicator
- 452a Reinforcing Rodworker
- 453a Drywall, Finisher and Plasterer
- 455a Exterior Insulated Finish Systems Mechanic***(2)
- 636a Heavy Equipment Operator: Tractor Loader Backhoe
- 636b Heavy Equipment Operator: Excavator
- 636c Heavy Equipment Operator: Dozer

Appendix A (continued) Industrial Trades

2004	Dracicion	Matal	Fabricator
200a	Precision	wetai	raphicator

- 207s Electrician: Power House Operator
- 225a Optics Precision Lens & Prism Maker
- 225f Thin Film Optician*
- 239b Tool & Gauge Inspector
- 246f Process Operator: Refinery, Chemical, & Liquid
- 246r Process Operator Power***(3)
- 246t Process Operator Food Manufacturing****(4)
- 267g Composite Structures Technician
- 269e Entertainment Industry Power Technician***(5)
- 277z Hydraulic/Pneumatic Mechanic
- 289f Electrician (Signal Maintenance)
- 429a General Machinist
- 430a Tool & Die Maker
- 430m Machine Tool Builder and Integrator
- 431a Mould Maker
- 433a Industrial Mechanic (Millwright)
- 437a Metal Fabricator (Fitter) (formerly Fitter (Structural Steel/Plateworker))**
- 438a Cabinetmaker
- 442a Industrial Electrician
- 443a Pattern Maker
- 446a Electric Motor System Technician (formerly Electric Motor Rewind Mechanic)**
- 447a Instrumentation and Control Technician (formerly Industrial Instrument Mechanic)
- 602c Tool and Cutter Grinder
- 602h Roll Grinder/Tumer
- 609c Packaging Machine Mechanic
- 610c Aircraft Maintenance Engineer
- 611b Saw Filer/Fitter
- 614a Draftsperson-Mechanical Design
- 614b Draftsperson-Plastic Mould Design
- 614c Draftsperson-Tooling and Die Design
- 615a Bearings Mechanic
- 616f Fitter Welder
- 617a Electrical Control (Machine) Builder
- 630b Surface Mount Assembler

- 630t Tool Maker
- 636e Elevating Devices Mechanic
- 638a Tractor-Trailer Commercial Driver***(6)
- 661h Fitter-Assembler (Motor Assembly)
- 670c CNC Programmer*
- 670d Die Designer*
- 670e Mould Designer*
- 255b Facilities Technician
- 255w Facilities Mechanic
- 259l Locksmith
- 268r Railway Car Technician (formerly 268a Carperson)**
- 297a Ski Lift Mechanic
- 600p Blacksmith
- 278b Surface Blaster
- 456a Welder
- 605b Water Well Driller
- 263f Pump Systems Installer/Mechanic
- 277m Mould or Die Finisher
- These trades have been approved by the Minister of Finance effective May 1, 2006.
- These trade names have changed, the trade codes remain the same with the exception of 268a which has changed to 268r (Railway Car Technician). Apprentices who are still within the 36 month training period and who are registered under the old trade names are still eligible for the tax credit.
- ATTC eligibility will be retroactive to the date (indicated below for each trade) that the Ministry of Training, Colleges and Universities introduced the respective apprenticeship program.
 - (1) August 14, 2006
 - (2) December 19, 2006
 - (3) March 2, 2006
 - (4) March 30, 2007
 - (5) December 22, 2005
 - (6) June 12, 2006

Newly developed trades will be eligible if approved by the Minister of Finance.

Ce guide est disponible en français sous le nom « Crédit d'impôt pour la formation en apprentissage n° 3020FR2 ». Vous pouvez en obtenir un exemplaire en appelant le 1 800 668-5821.



Welland Hydro Electric System Corp Exhibit B Response to VECC Draft Rate Order Comments

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sformer Cc	Sformer Cost	Revenue Requirement Service Revenue Requirement Service Revenue Requirement - Less Transformer Cost Allocation Excluding Requirement %	ement % -	_	Rev Allocation - Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous	Excluding	Base Revenue	Addiback Transformer	Revenue for
e	e	Cost A	Cost Allocation	Requirement	Cost Allocation	Revenue %	Revenue	Transformer Per Class %	Per Class %	Allowances	Rates
4,427,397	4,427,397	58.	58.35%	5,298,455	469,656	58.21%	338,526	4,959,928	58.36%		4,959,928
1,115,311	1,115,311	14.	14.70%	1,334,740	122,480	15.18%	68,283	1,246,457	14.67%	1	1,246,457
1,344,754	1,344,754	17.	7.72%	1,609,324	124,753	15.46%	89,921	1,519,403	17.88%	159,306	1,678,709
182,588	182,588	2.4	2.41%	218,510	53,929	6.68%	38,872	179,639	2.11%	118,687	298,326
429,341	429,341	5.6	2.66%	513,811	25,820	3.20%	18,611	495,200	5.83%	,	495,200
48,748	48,748	0.6	0.64%	58,339	3,772	0.47%	2,719	55,620	0.65%		55,620
39,452	39,452	0.5	0.52%	47,214	6,380	0.79%	4,599	42,615	0.50%		42,615
0	0			0		%00:0	0.00	00.00	%00.0		0
7,587,591	7 597 501	0.	%00.0						7000 007	277 003	8 776 R55

Revised Application January 20, 2009

	Revenue Requirement Cost Allocation (Exhibit G Revised Application-Jan 20/09)	Less Transformer Allowance	Revenue Requirement Cost Allocation Excluding Transformer Allowance	%	Updated CA Study Cost Proportions For 2009 Excluding Transformer
Residential	4,427,397		4,427,397	58.05%	5,308,871
GS<50kW	1,115,311		1,115,311	14.62%	1,337,364
GS>50kW	1,504,060	136,548	1,367,512	17.93%	1,639,777
Large Use	301,275	101,732	199,543	2.62%	239,271
Street Light	429,341		429,341	5.63%	514,821
Sentinel Light	48,748		48,748	0.64%	58,454
Unmetered	39,452		39,452	0.52%	47,307
V	7,865,584	238,280	7,627,304	100.00%	9,145,865 Equals Revenue Requirement
Draft Rate Order July 17, 2009	•				
	Revenue Requirement Cost Allocation (Exhibit G Revised Application-Jan 20/09)	Less Transformer Allowance	Revenue Requirement Cost Allocation Excluding Transformer Allowance	%	Updated CA Study Cost Proportions For 2009 Excluding Transformer
Residential	4,427,397		4,427,397	58.35%	5,298,454
GS<50kW	1,115,311		1,115,311	14.70%	1,334,740
GS>50kW	1,504,060	159,306	1,344,754	17.72%	1,609,324
Large Use	301,275	118,687	182,588	2.41%	218,511
Street Light	429,341		429,341	5.66%	513,811
Sentinel Light	48,748		48,748	0.64%	58,339
Unmetered	39,452		39,452	0.52%	47,214
S.m.o.oca	7,865,584	277,993	7,587,591	100.00%	9,080,393 Equals Revenue Requirement
Adjustments Required Due to	Response to Energy Probe	Comments-Draft Rate (Order		
,	Revenue Requirement Cost Allocation (Exhibit G Revised Application-Jan 20/09)	Less Transformer Allowance	Revenue Requirement Cost Allocation Excluding Transformer Allowance	%	Updated CA Study Cost Proportions For 2009 Excluding Transformer
Residential	4,427,397		4,427,397	58.35%	5,297,647
GS<50kW	1,115,311		1,115,311	14.70%	1,334,537
GS>50kW	1,504,060	159,306	1,344,754	17.72%	1,609,079
Large Use	301,275	118,687	182,588	2.41%	218,478
Street Light	429,341	•	429,341	5.66%	513,732
Sentinel Light	48,748		48,748	0.64%	58,330
Unmetered	39,452		39,452	0.52%	47,207
	7,865,584	277,993	7,587,591	100.00%	9,079,009 Equals Revenue Requirement