- 1 indicated in our solution-option comparison that when you
- 2 look at that as a long-term solution, its capability is to
- 3 allow the system to deliver seven Bruce units and 700
- 4 megawatts of existing wind. There is no more capacity
- 5 beyond that.
- 6 MR. PAPPAS: No, I realize, but that is only if you
- 7 put it on that one line. There is no reason why you
- 8 couldn't also put it on the other lines going from the
- 9 Bruce, which would increase all of the capacity.
- MR. CHOW: The issue here is, when you are at that
- 11 point, all of the transmission lines after you lose Bruce
- 12 to Milton are at their thermal limit. At the thermal
- 13 limit. The series compensation is there to allow a
- 14 voltage-restricted system to reach its thermal limit, and
- 15 at that point, it is reached. All the lines are operating
- 16 at maximum thermal capability. There is no more.
- MR. PAPPAS: My understanding is that basically if
- 18 lines are operating at their thermal capacity, then it
- 19 would be a real good idea to upgrade the lines themselves,
- 20 period, instead of building it. Why would you continue to
- 21 use old -- basically, if they're at their -- carrying, that
- 22 means they're old lines, because the newer technology from
- 23 the last quite a few years has better lines that resist
- 24 heat loss.
- 25 MR. CHOW: Sir, this is the first case I ever seen
- 26 where a 500 kV line, Nanticoke-to-Longwood, is loaded to
- 27 its full thermal rating, 4000 megawatts.
- 28 MR. PAPPAS: Yes. What was the date? Is this the

- 1 newer line or the older line?
- 2 MR. CHOW: It is built in 1990 or so.
- 3 MR. PAPPAS: Hmm-hmm. I have to state one thing, and
- 4 maybe you will understand why I have difficulty here.
- 5 In 1986, Ontario Hydro at the time had a project that
- 6 it wanted to run, Bruce-Essa-Milton, back to Nanticoke.
- 7 At the end of the day, it was turned down for a very
- 8 simple reason. The hydro corridor on the Bruce-to-London
- 9 route was so wide that they were able to put another line
- 10 on without expropriating anything. They had enough
- 11 property.
- 12 At the end of the day, I had to think, Well, then why
- 13 did we have to go through this? You know, I can't see. I
- 14 know and I have read certain statements by the IESO, for
- 15 sure, regarding why that happened. And basically those
- 16 statements, even though not directly, were indirectly
- 17 impugning hearing boards. They allowed that it was the
- 18 public.
- 19 If it was the public, that means they were able to
- 20 sway the appropriate conclusions of the hearing board. I'm
- 21 sorry, I don't care what hearing board it is. That's
- 22 pretty big talk. As far as I am concerned, they come to
- 23 its decision because that's the decision that should be
- 24 come to, not because somebody in politics or angry mobs or
- 25 anything else swayed their concerns.
- Now, that's why I have problems with this. I have
- 27 problems accepting information that may be partial or
- 28 managed in different ways.