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Undertaking

To reconcile PWU Exhibit K13.4 for rate base for year.

Response

This undertaking had two parts. Part (a) was to provide reconciliation between the CWIP amounts for 2011-2012 shown in interrogatory L-14-004 (which underlines the analysis presented in Ex. K13.4) and CWIP cost for the test period of \$37.9 M given in Ex. D2-T2-S2, Table 1. Part (b) was to recalculate the table in L-14-004 without two of the simplifying assumptions used to originally generate it, namely the rounding to the nearest \$10M and the use of the opening capital balance amount as the rate base amount for the year in question.

Part (a): Chart 1, below, shows a comparison of the calculation of figures for the two exhibits.

Chart 1

	<u> Char</u>	<u> </u>								
Comparison of Figures used for Revenue Requirement Calculation in										
Ex D2 and Economic Analysis in Ex L-14-4										
in M\$	Ex D2 T2 S2 Table 1			Ex L-14-4						
	Revenue Requirement Calculation			Economic Analysis						
Rate Base	2011	2012		2011	2012					
Opening	72.9	178.1		72.9	178.1					
	Additions occur mid-yr			Additions occur yr-end						
Additions	105.2	255.8		105.2	255.8					
Closing	178.1	433.9		178.1	433.9					
	Average Amounts			Opening Balances						
Rate Base Amount Used	125.5	306.0		72.9	178.1					
WACC	7.56%	7.59%		7.56%	7.59%					
Carrying Charges	9.5	23.2		5.5	13.5					
				Rounded to nearest \$10M						
Pre-Tax Rev Requirement	9.5	23.2		10.0	10.0					
Income Tax	1.6	3.6		Income Taxes Excluded						
Rev Requirement Impact	11.1	26.8		10.0	10.0					

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The reconciliation between the two exhibits is shown in Chart 2, below. The "Effect of using average rate base vs. opening balances" figures in Chart 2 are the differences Filed: 2010-11-16 EB-2010-0008 J14.2 Page 2 of 2

between the Ex D2-T2-S2, Table 1 and L-14-004 figures on the "Carrying Charges" line in Chart 1.

Chart 2 Reconciliation of Economic Analysis in L-14-004 with Revenue Requirement Impact in Ex. D2-T2-S2, Table 1 (\$M)

	2011	2012	Test Period
Economic Analysis values per L-14-004	10.0	10.0	20.0
Remove effect of rounding to nearest \$10M	(4.5)	3.5	(1.0)
Effect of using avg rate base vs. opening balances	4.0	9.7	13.7
Include income tax effect	1.6	3.6	5.2
Revenue Requirement Impact per D2-T2-S2, Table 1	11.1	26.8	37.9

Part (b):

A restatement of Table 1 of L-14-004 removing the two simplifying assumptions noted above is provided as Attachment 1.

As explained previously, the analysis presented in the original L-14-004 (which underlies Exhibit K13.4) was meant to show the NPV impact of CWIP versus the current regulatory treatment, over the life of the project. In this illustrative analysis, some simplifying assumptions were made (i.e., to exclude taxes, to exclude common costs, to use the opening capital balance amount for the rate base for the year in question and to round the annual figures to the nearest \$10M.)

The analysis used the same gross plant opening and closing balances and was based on the same expenditures: \$72.9M in 2010, \$105.2M in 2011 and \$255.M in 2012 as the more precise calculation given in Exhibit D2-T2-S2 Table1. OPG used as the discount rate the WACC for 2012 (7.59%) Tax was excluded in the analysis to keep things simple. The figures in the economic analysis were also rounded to avoid giving the appearance of precision and accuracy over a 40+ year study period.

As can be seen from the restated Table 1 attached, even after removing the two simplifying assumptions, the concern about potential for a significant rate shock in 2020 under the current regulatory methodology remains.

Restated L-14-004 Table 1 Costs Recovered from Ratepayers under Proposed CWIP and Current Regulatory Treatment for 2 Illustrative Project Cost Examples (in \$ millions)

Line		Col.1	Col.2	Col.3	Col.4
No.	Year	OPG's	Current	OPG's	Current
		CWIP	Regulatory	CWIP	Regulatory
		Proposal	Treatment	Proposal	Treatment
		\$6B project cost example		- ·	cost example
1	2011	9	-	9	-
2	2012	23	-	23	-
3	2013	42	-	48	-
4	2014	61	-	81	-
5	2015	79	-	112	-
6	2016	97	-	143	-
7	2017	129	-	198	-
8	2018	187	-	297	-
9	2019	257	-	418	-
10	2020	415	357	679	561
11	2021	530	526	877	851
12	2022	592	513	984	831
13	2023	686	683	1,146	1,124
14	2024	742	853	1,242	1,416
15	2025	723	831	1,212	1,381
16	2026	705	810	1,181	1,346
17	2027	687	789	1,150	1,311
18	2028	668	768	1,119	1,276
19	2029	650	747	1,089	1,241
20	2030	632	726	1,058	1,206
21	2031	613	705	1,037	1,171
22	2032	595	683	997	1,135
23	2032	576	662	966	1,100
24	2033	558	641	935	1,065
25	2035	540	620	904	1,030
26	2035	521	599	874	995
27	2030	503	578	843	960
28	2038	485	556	812	925
29	2039	466	535	782	890
30	2039	448	514	751	855
31	2040	430	493	731	820
32	2041	411	472	689	785
33	2042	393	451	659	750
34	2043	374	431	628	714
35	2044	356	408	597	679
36	2045	338	387	566	644
30 37	2046	319	366	536	609
38	2047	301	345	505	574
39	2048	283	324	474	539
40	2049	180	197	308	337
40	2050	120	131	206	225
41	2051	112	123	192	210
43	2052	55	60	95	103
44		16,892	17,882	28,135	29,660
45	Total PV* @ 7.6%	3,490	3,295	5,742	5,443
43	FV W 7.0%	3,490	3,433	3,742	3,443

^{*} PV results are in 2009 \$ millions