Financial Statements of

CHAPLEAU PUBLIC UTILITIES CORPORATION

Year ended December 31, 2003

AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Shareholder of Chapleau Public Utilities Corporation

We have audited the balance sheet of Chapleau Public Utilities Corporation as at December 31, 2003 and the statements of earnings and deficit and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at December 31, 2003 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles.

Chartered Accountants

KPMGup

Sudbury, Canada April 15, 2004

Balance Sheet

December 31, 2003, with comparative figures for 2002

		2003		2002
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash	\$	53,705	\$	160,648
Term deposits and treasury bills		456,107		286,446
Accounts receivable (note 2)		44,245		34,459
Payment in lieu of taxes		16,400 408,190		7,800 426,588
Unbilled revenue - energy sales - distribution		65,371		69,581
Plant materials and supplies - at cost		25,120		33,129
Tant materials and supplies at cost		1,069,138		1,018,651
Capital assets (note 3)		929,994		957,517
Regulatory assets (note 4)		-		99,279
	\$	1,999,132	\$	2,075,447
	Ψ	1,000,102	Ψ	2,010,111
Liabilities and Shareholder's Deficiency				
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 5)	\$	262,798	\$	286,043
Accounts payable and accorded habilities (note 3) Accrued interest payable	Ψ	153,171	Ψ	168,804
Due to related company (note 6)		76,309		63,637
		492,278		518,484
Other liabilities:				
Customer deposits		45,819		45,094
Regulatory liabilities (note 4)		121,247		-
Mortgage payable (note 7)		1,531,710		1,531,710
Shareholder's deficiency:				
Share capital (note 8)		100		100
Deficit		(192,022)		(19,941
		(191,922)		(19,841
Commitment (note 11)				
	\$	1,999,132	\$	2,075,447
See accompanying notes to financial statements. On behalf of the Board:	Ψ_	1,555,102		2,0

Statement of Earnings and Deficit

Year ended December 31, 2003, with comparative figures for 2002

		2003		2002
December				
Revenue:	\$	0.007.004	\$	0.650.047
Energy sales Distribution	Ф	2,037,364 533,375	Ф	2,650,317 276,207
Distribution				
		2,570,739		2,926,524
Expenses:				
Power purchased		2,033,034		2,276,296
Operations and maintenance		253,568		241,013
Administration and general		177,507		179,586
Billing and collection		71,814		61,677
Depreciation		38,513		39,855
		2,574,436		2,798,427
Earnings (loss) before undernoted items		(3,697)		128,097
Other income (expenses):				
Interest on mortgage payable		(191,162)		(194,519)
Interest earned		12,004		15,061
Late payment charges		5,056		10,503
Miscellaneous		5,718		17,731
		(168,384)		(151,224)
Loss for the year (note 9)		(172,081)		(23,127)
Retained earnings (deficit), beginning of year		(19,941)		3,186
Deficit, end of year	\$	(192,022)	\$	(19,941)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2003, with comparative figures for 2002

	2003		2002
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Loss for the year	\$ (172,081)	\$	(23,127)
Adjustment for:	00.540		00.055
Depreciation	 38,513		39,855
	(133,568)		16,728
Change in non-cash working capital:	(0.700)		44.400
Accounts receivable	(9,786)		44,132
Payment in lieu of taxes	(8,600)		(5,400)
Plant materials and supplies	8,009		(9,938)
Unbilled revenue - energy sales	18,398		(57,529)
Unbilled revenue - distribution	4,210 12,672		(69,581)
Due from related companies	(23,245)		14,815
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(25,245) (15,633)		(11,805)
Interest payable Customer deposits	(15,033) 725		5,073
Customer deposits	 (146,818)		(73,505)
	(140,010)		(10,000)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Mortgage payable	_		(77,829)
			•
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchase of capital assets	(10,990)		(1,702)
Regulatory balances	220,526		(55,223)
	209,536		(56,925)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	 62,718		(208,259)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	447,094		655,353
	 		447.004
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 509,812	\$	447,094
Cash and cash equivalents are represented by:			
Cash	\$ 53,705	\$	160,648
Term deposits and treasury bills	 456,107		286,446
	\$ 509,812	\$	447,094

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2003

Chapleau Public Utilities Corporation (the "Corporation") was incorporated August 18, 1999 to operate as an electricity distribution company.

1. Significant accounting policies:

(a) General:

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and policies set forth in the Accounting Procedure Manual issued by the Ontario Energy Board ("OEB") under the authority of the Ontario Energy Board Act, 1998 ("OEBA"). The OEB is charged with the responsibility of approving or setting rates for the transmission and distribution of electricity and the responsibility for ensuring that distribution companies fulfill obligations to connect and service customers. In its capacity to set or approve rates, the OEB has the authority to specify regulatory treatments that may result in accounting treatments that differ from Canadian GAAP for enterprises operating in a non-rate regulated environment.

The Electricity Act, 1998 (Ontario) provides for a competitive marketplace in the sale of electricity. The marketplace was deregulated effective May 1, 2002.

(b) Revenue recognition and power purchased:

Revenue is recorded in the accounts to various dates on the basis of monthly or bi-monthly meter readings. At the end of an accounting cycle, there is energy used by consumers for which meter readings are not available. The accrued utility revenue is estimated and recorded in the accounts at the end of each fiscal year. The related cost of power is recorded on the basis of power used.

(c) Capital assets:

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is provided annually, on a declining-balance basis, in accordance with the following rates:

Transmision and distribution systems

25 - 40 years

(d) Payment in lieu of taxes:

Effective October 1, 2001 and pursuant to the Electricity Act, 1998 (Ontario) (the "EA"), the Corporation is required to compute taxes under the Income Tax Act (Canada) ("ITA") and Ontario Corporations Tax Act ("OCTA") and remit such amounts computed thereunder to the Ontario Electricity Financial Corporation ("OEFC"). These amounts, referred to as payments in lieu of taxes ("PILS") under the EA, are applied to reduce certain debt obligations of the former Ontario Hydro now owing by the OEFC.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2003

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(d) Payment in lieu of taxes (continued):

The Corporation provides for amounts in lieu of income taxes using the taxes payable method. Under the taxes payable method, no provision is made for future income taxes as a result of temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for accounting purposes. When unrecorded future income taxes become payable, it is expected that they will be included in rates approved by the OEB and recovered from customers at that time.

(e) Deferred transition costs:

The Corporation has incurred costs related to the transition to a competitive electricity market mandated by the Electricity Act, 1998. The OEB has established rules in respect of transition costs which qualify for deferral and amortization against future revenue. Transition costs which are capital in nature, such as software, are not recorded as part of capital assets. Amortization of such costs are recorded to the deferred transition cost account. To the extent that transition costs have been incurred which do not qualify for deferral, these costs have been capitalized or expensed during the period they were incurred.

(f) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the periods specified. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Accounts receivable:

	 2003	 2002
Electrical	\$ 34,939	\$ 53,076
Miscellaneous	17,806	883
	52,745	53,959
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	8,500	19,500
	\$ 44,245	\$ 34,459

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2003

3. Capital assets:

				2003				2002
		Cost		mulated eciation		Cost		mulated eciation
Land	\$	140	\$	-	\$	140	\$	-
Transmission and distribution system	2,	083,641	1,1	153,787	2,0	072,650	1,	115,273
	2,	083,781	1,1	53,787	2,	072,790	1,1	15,273
Less accumulated depreciation	1,	153,787			1,	115,273		
	\$	929,994			\$	957,517		

4. Regulatory balances:

The regulatory balances arise as a result of the rate setting process by the OEB. In 2003, the Minister of Energy authorized the recovery of regulatory assets as at December 31, 2002 over a four year period commencing in 2004, realizing one quarter of the assets each year.

	2003			2002		
Deferred transition costs (a)	\$	54,718	\$	54,718		
Retail settlement variances (b)		(133,880)		86,646		
Pre-market opening energy variances (c)		(42,085)		(42,085)		
	\$	(121,247)	\$	99,279		

- (a) The OEB had established a process for the recording of costs incurred by the Corporation to be market ready including related carrying costs, as deferred transition costs to be recovered in the future through the regulatory rate setting process.
 - The OEB requires the Corporation to track certain variances that are to be disposed of pending further direction from the OEB.
- (b) The amount paid to the Independent Market Operator ("IMO") for energy less corresponding amounts billed by the Company to its customers, as well as other deregulation costs incurred by the company and related carrying costs which will be recovered in the future.
- (c) The cost of energy purchased and amounts billed to customers from January 1, 2002 to April 30, 2002. The electricity market was opened to competition on May 1, 2002. The variances arise as a result of the differing rates on time of use energy purchases by the Corporation as compared to the average rates charged to its customers.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2003

5. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:

	2003	2002
Power purchased Miscellaneous	\$ 210,260 52,538	\$ 233,517 52,526
	\$ 262,798	\$ 286,043

6. Due to related company:

The amount is unsecured, non-interest bearing and has no specified terms of repayment. The Corporation is related by virtue of common ownership.

7. Mortgage payable:

The mortgage is repayable to the Corporation of the Township of Chapleau. The mortgage bears interest at 10%, has no specified terms of repayment and is secured by a general security agreement and specified assets of the Corporation.

8. Share capital:

The authorized share capital of the Corporation is as follows:

	 2003	2002
Issued and authorized: 100 common shares	\$ 100	\$ 100

9. Payment in lieu of taxes:

For payment in lieu of tax purposes, the Corporation has losses of \$196,913 carried forward which can be applied to reduce future years' taxable income. These losses expire in 2008 and 2009.

10. Related party transactions:

During the year, the Corporation was charged \$153,171 (2002 - \$168,804) of interest by the Corporation of the Township of Chapleau ("Township") and billed the Township \$221,251 (2002 - \$138,873) for power purchased.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2003

11. Commitment:

The Corporation has issued a \$300,205 Letter of Credit to the Independent Market Operator ("IMO") for market opening on May 1, 2002. At December 31, 2003, no amounts have been drawn on this financing arrangement.

12. Fair value of financial instruments:

The fair values of the cash, term deposits and treasury bills, accounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, accrued interest payable, due to related company and customer deposits approximate their carrying values due to the short period to maturity. The carrying value of the mortgage payable approximates its fair value based on the borrowing rates presently available to the Corporation for loans with similar terms and maturities.

13. Comparative figures:

Certain 2002 comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the financial presentation adopted in 2003.