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Ontario Energy Board
P.O. Box 2319
2300 Yonge Street, 27th Floor
Toronto, ON M4P 1E4

Filed electronically

Attention: Ms. Kirsten Walli
Board Secretary

Dear Ms. Walli:

Subject: Union Gas Limited – Distribution Rates for 2013
OEB File No. EB-2011-0210
TransCanada PipeLines Limited (TransCanada)
Response to Undertaking

Please find attached TransCanada's response to Undertaking J10.1 in this proceeding.

Sincerely,
TransCanada PipeLines Limited

Original Signed by

Elizabeth Swanson
Associate General Counsel
Law and Regulatory Research

Enclosure



Enbridge Working Committee on System Reliability

* revised slides 4, 5, 36 & 39 *

February 25, 2010

Agenda



- Risk Factors
- Capacities on TransCanada
- Cold Snap – January 2009
- Capacity & Services Options to Serve Enbridge Markets
- Summary

Risk Factors – Things to keep in mind when assessing risk



1) Upstream grid

- Not just TransCanada; Need to think about risks and capacity constraints on any upstream pipeline..... Union, GLGT, Vector...
- Are the risks evenly spread across upstream pipes?

2) Service Priority

- Interruptible, Diversions, Short Term Firm, Long Term Firm...

3) Higher risks of broad Distributor Delivery Areas “DDAs”

- localized constraint = broad impacts

4) Capacity on Average day

5) Risks are higher on “extreme” days

- Impact of extreme cold weather; impact of flow volatility

6) Not just a question of how much capacity; also a question of who gets the capacity that is available.



Firm Contracts

Contracts *	Enbridge CDA (GJ/day)	Enbridge EDA (GJ/day)
TransCanada	633,855	406,099

Pipeline	Path	Quantity **
Union Gas	Dawn to Parkway <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • TCPL connection • Enbridge connection 	2,157,173 GJ/d <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ~382,000 GJ/d • ~1,775,000 GJ/d
	Dawn to Kirkwall	67,929 GJ/d

TransCanada also holds 1825 TJ/d of capacity on Union

Notes:

* Total of all long term firm contracts (held by Enbridge & others) effective February 1, 2010, and includes the FT-SN contract for 85,000 GJ/d to Victoria Square #2 CDA held by Enbridge, but excludes the 3 FT-SN contracts held by power generators to Goreway CDA, Thorold CDA & Victoria Square #2 CDA.

** Capacity held by Enbridge. Source: OEB Proceeding EB-2008-0219, Exhibits HD1.1 page 3 & TCU2.4 page 1.

Enbridge is highly dependant on Union



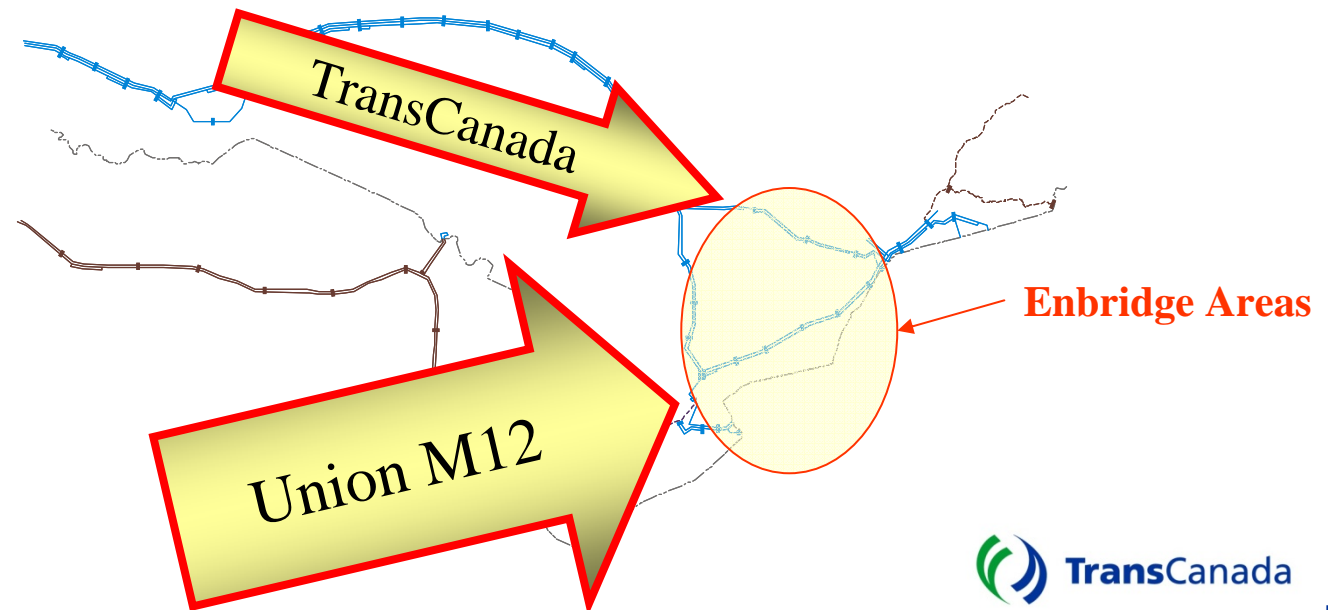
- Potential for significant restriction if Union outage / linebreak

Firm Contracts:

TransCanada*: 1,040 TJ/d (32%)

TCPL TBO on Union: 1,825 TJ/d

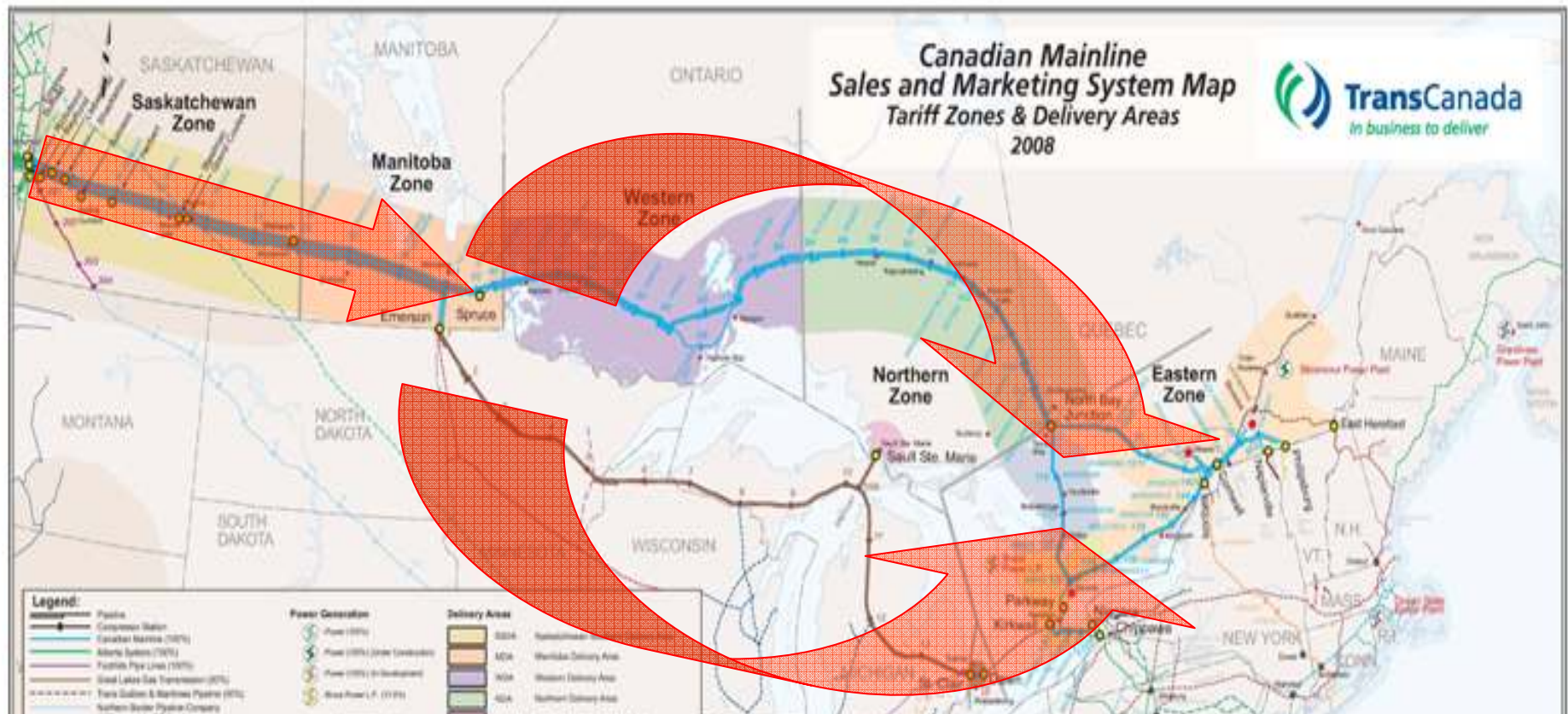
Union: 2,225 TJ/d (68%)



Notes:

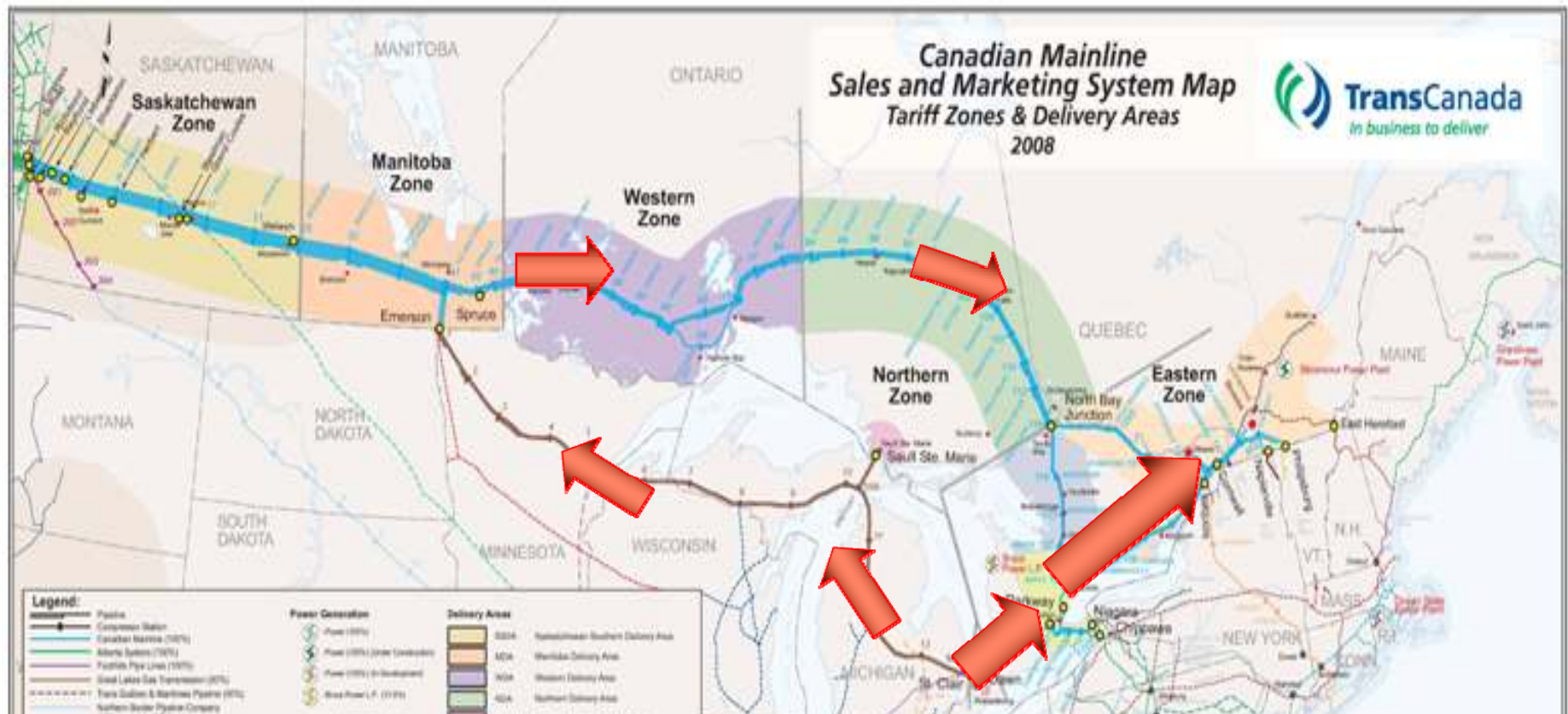
* Total of long term firm contracts held by Enbridge & others. Please also refer to slide 4.

“Long-Haul” TransCanada Deliveries to Enbridge



TransCanada can meet Enbridge Firm Contracts via 2 paths

“Short Haul” TransCanada Deliveries to Enbridge

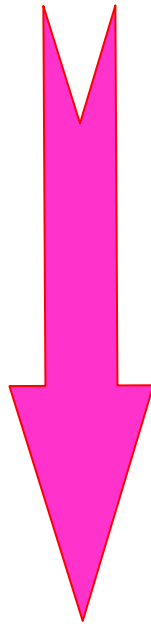


Firm Shipper Contracts on TransCanada are less susceptible to Union outage: TransCanada can shift volumes to the North



Service Priorities

Highest Priority



Lowest Priority

**1) Firm: FT, STS, STFT,
Upstream Diversions**

- Capacity allocated on prorata basis

**2) Downstream
Diversions**

- Capacity allocated on prorata basis

3) Interruptible

- Capacity allocated based on bid price

Note:

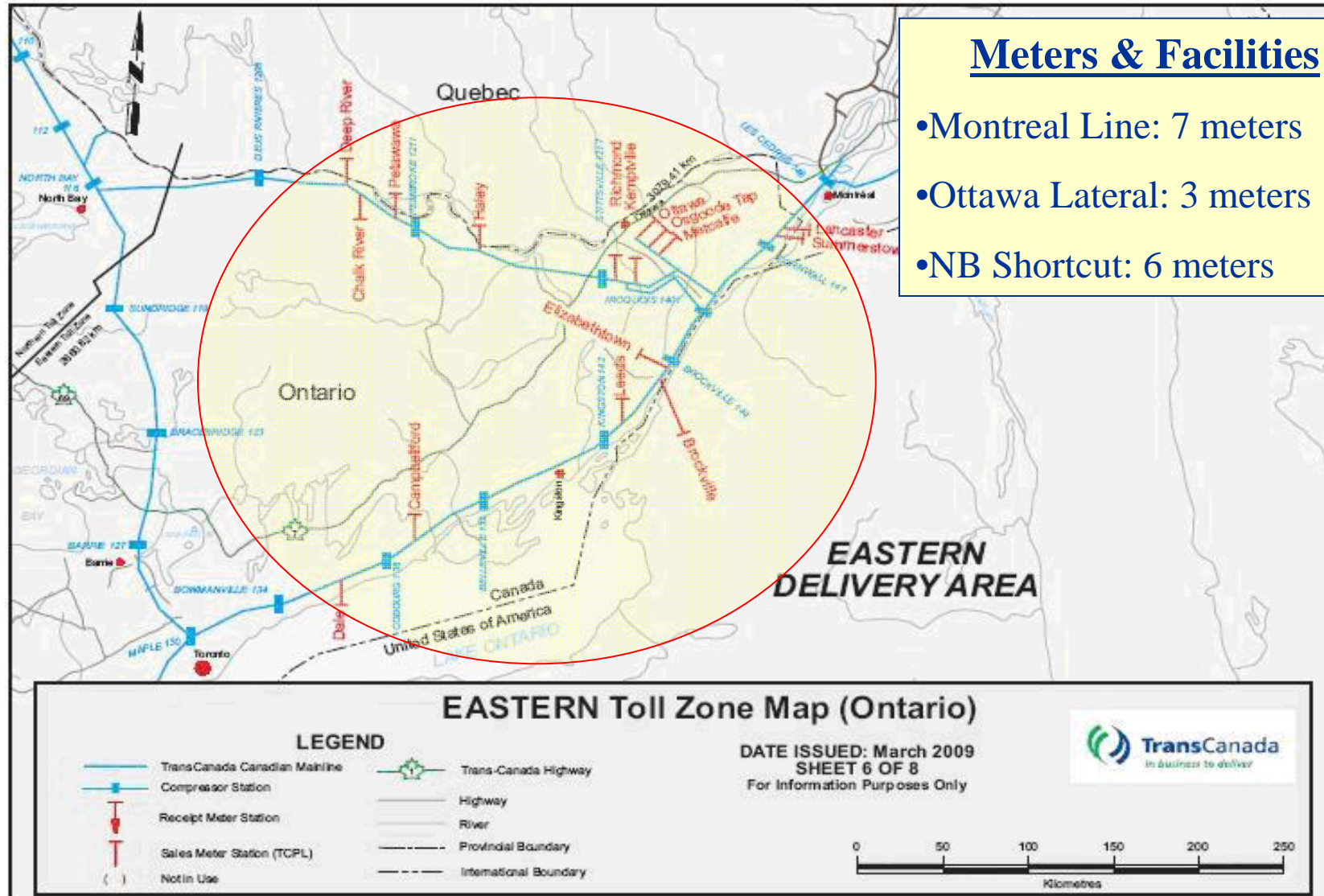
•This is a simplification of the service priorities. Please refer to Section XV of the General Terms & Conditions of TransCanada's Tariff for a complete description.



Enbridge's Markets Served by TransCanada: - Enbridge EDA

Meters & Facilities

- Montreal Line: 7 meters
- Ottawa Lateral: 3 meters
- NB Shortcut: 6 meters

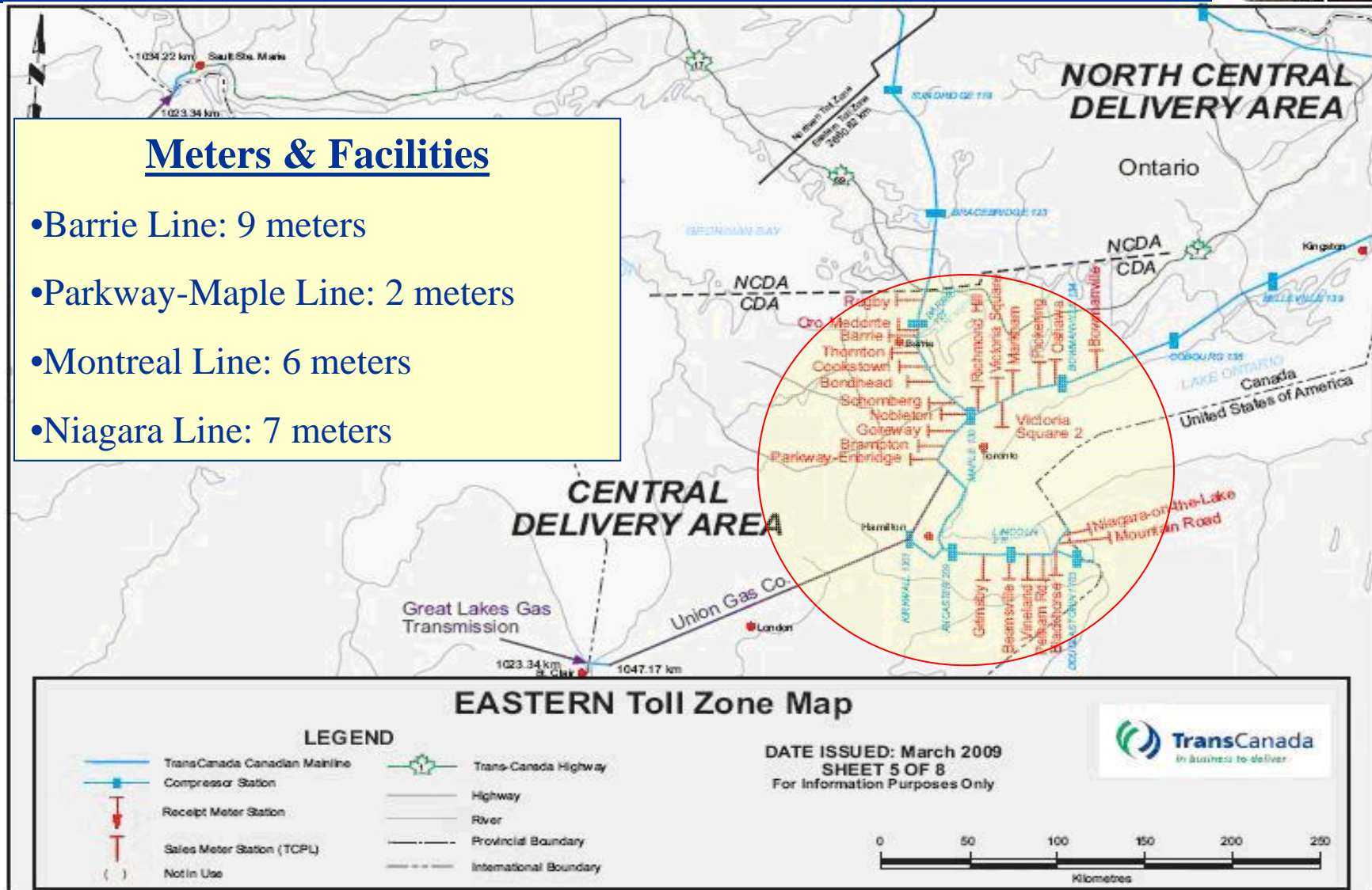




Enbridge's Markets Served by TransCanada: - Enbridge CDA

Meters & Facilities

- Barrie Line: 9 meters
- Parkway-Maple Line: 2 meters
- Montreal Line: 6 meters
- Niagara Line: 7 meters



Risk associated with large DDA's



- **Contracts, nominations, capacity allocationall done on DDA basis**
- **Localized outage affecting any part of the DDAwill result in restrictions to full DDA**
- **Example:**
 - Outage on Barrie Line affecting flows down into the GTA
 - TransCanada would restrict deliveries (based on Tariff service priorities) to all of the Enbridge-CDA including the Niagara Line
- **Large DDAs spanning large geographic areas and multiple segments of the TransCanada System are more likely to be impacted by outages**

Capacity for Discretionary Services - Average Days



- **TransCanada does not build, nor does it reserve capacity or facilities for Discretionary Services (STFT, Diversions / Alternate Receipts, IT)**
- **Capacity available for Discretionary Services will be reduced by:**
 - Efficiency measures (e.g. compressor unit retirements)
 - Incremental Firm Contracts (e.g. power generation)
 - Other uses (e.g. Keystone)
 - Planned maintenance

Shippers should typically have adequate time
to assess impact and respond

Higher Risks on “Extreme” Days – January 09



▪ Impact of extreme weather on the Northern Ontario Line

- 8 unplanned unit outages – reduced capacity by approx. 600 TJ/d
- Several units failed to start
- Frozen recycle valves, frozen isolation valves...
- Effect of outages compounded by geographic proximity

▪ Impact of extreme weather on the Prairies Line

- 5 unplanned unit outages
- Several units failed to start
- Frozen recycle valves, frozen isolation valves...

• Risk compounded by flow volatility

- Low flows followed by extreme cold requires numerous unit starts

Two Risks Factors During Extreme Conditions



1) Will capacity be available?

- Outages, frozen valves, and difficulty in starting units
- Firm shippers will nominate full contract entitlements
 - Reduces capacity available for non-firm discretionary services

2) If any capacity is available, how much will you be able to contract?

- Will be competing with other markets
- Allocation of new Interruptible nominations and new STFT contracts is based on sealed-bid auction process.



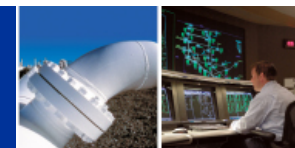
Capacities On TransCanada

How Does TransCanada Design Its System?



- TransCanada designs its system to meet the daily contract quantity specified in long term firm contracts (FT, STS, FT-SN) during periods of peak demand even with loss of the single most critical compressor unit
- For the following tables:
 - “All facilities” = no planned maintenance or unplanned outages**
 - “Firm” = Design conditions; loss of critical unit**

Capacity on TransCanada



What is available next winter?



Canadian Mainline Capacity Summary (TJ) Winter 2010



“All Facilities” means the expected daily capacity with all facilities available
 “Firm” is the quantity of transport TransCanada makes available on a firm basis and assumes the loss of the single most critical compressor unit

Northern Ontario Line		
	All facilities	Firm
Capacity	4310	3984
Contracted	2105	2105
Available	2205	1879

(*) Note capacity for annual firm (FT) is lower by approximately 300 TJ

TBO Contracts		
GLGT		987
Union	M12 Kirkwall	(*) 1202
	M12 Parkway	623

(*) Note M12 Kirkwall is reduced to 885 TJ on Nov 1, 2011

Note:

DRAFT

Based on contracts in effect Nov 1, 2010 assuming full renewal of contracts expiring Oct 31, 2010 (6 month renewal notice required)





Available Capacity in the Market Areas (TJ) Winter 2010

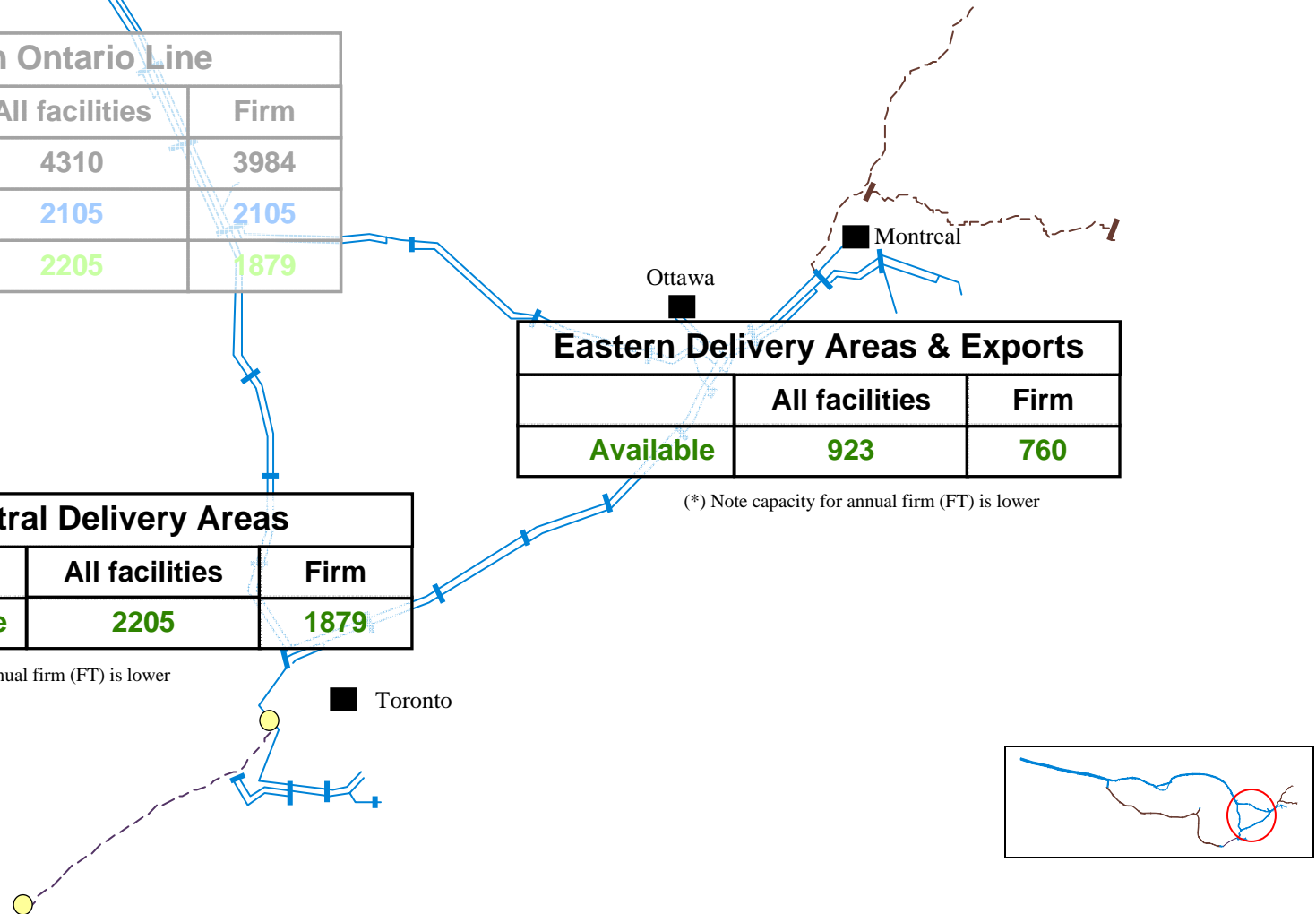
Northern Ontario Line		
	All facilities	Firm
Capacity	4310	3984
Contracted	2105	2105
Available	2205	1879

Eastern Delivery Areas & Exports		
	All facilities	Firm
Available	923	760

Central Delivery Areas		
	All facilities	Firm
Available	2205	1879

(*) Note capacity for annual firm (FT) is lower

(*) Note capacity for annual firm (FT) is lower



Note:

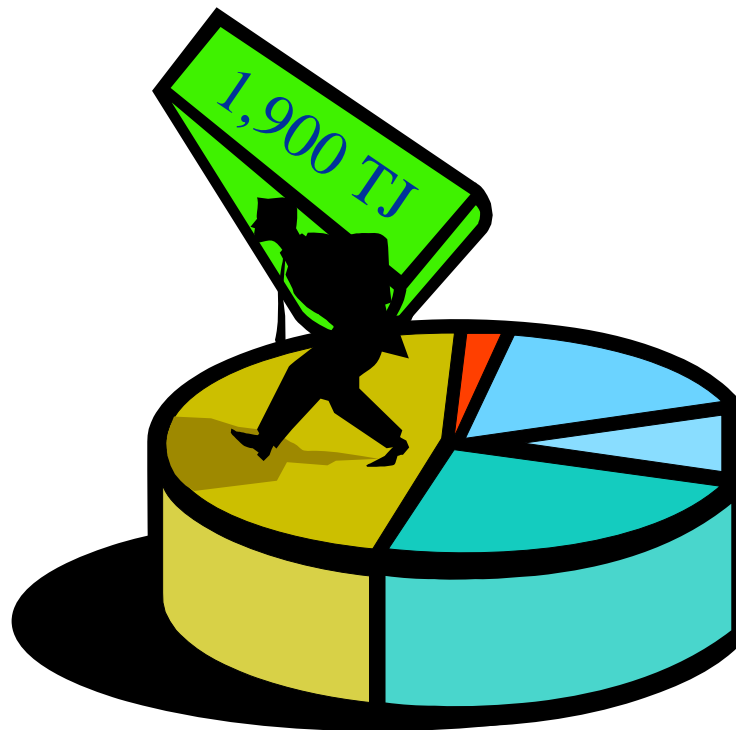
Based on contracts in effect Nov 1, 2010 assuming full renewal of contracts expiring Oct 31, 2010 (6 month renewal notice required)

Capacity on TransCanada

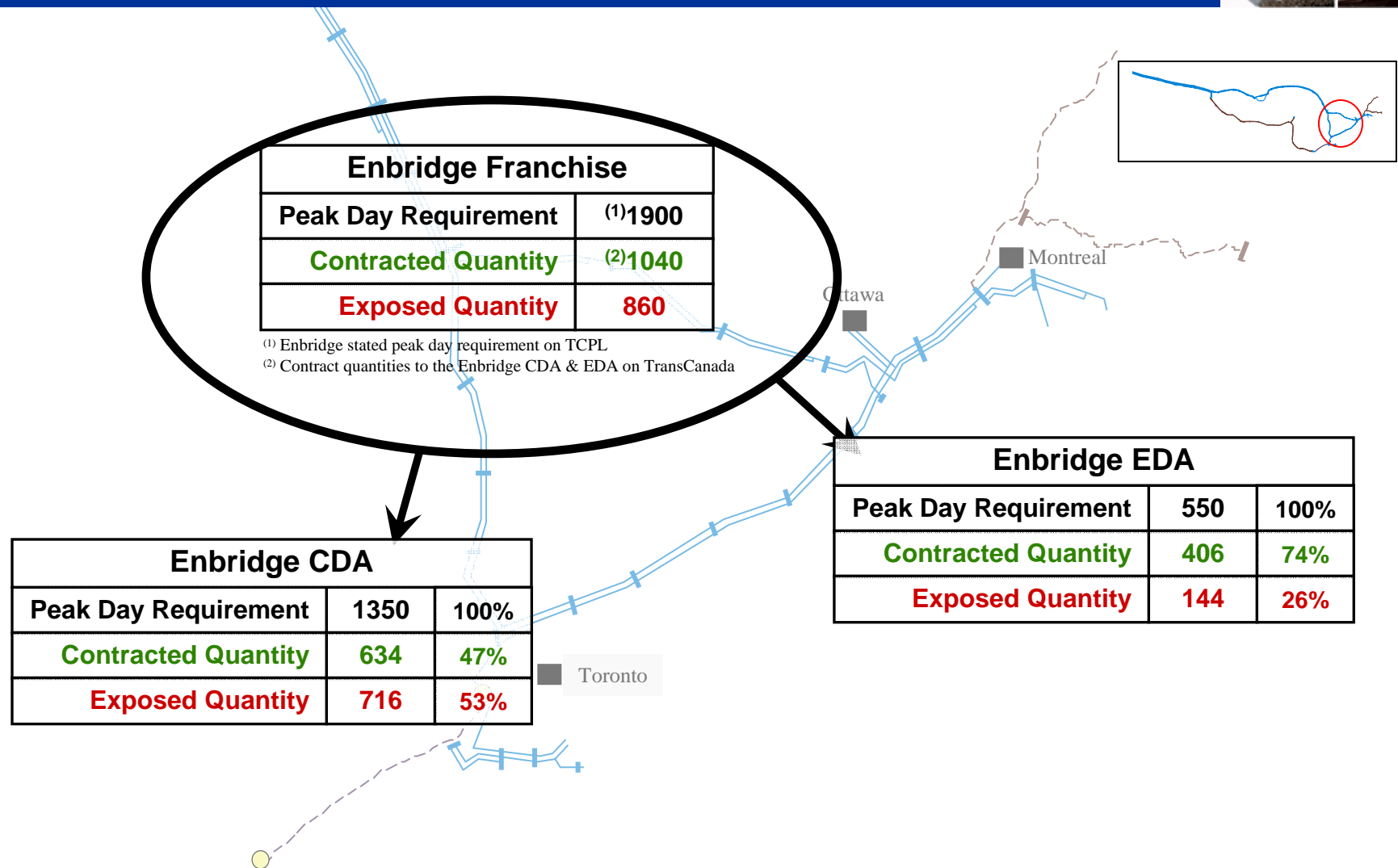


We've seen what's available on TransCanada...

What does Enbridge require?



Enbridge Requirement on TransCanada (TJ)



Enbridge Requirement on TransCanada



We're going to look at a couple different capacity and allocation scenarios on TransCanada and how this might affect the market areas

All facilities – Max Daily Capacity (all facilities available)

Firm - Design Condition (loss of single most critical unit)

Multiple Unit failure – 600 TJ impact

Multiple Unit Failure / Line Break – 1770 TJ impact



Winter 2010 – At Design Capacity (TJ)

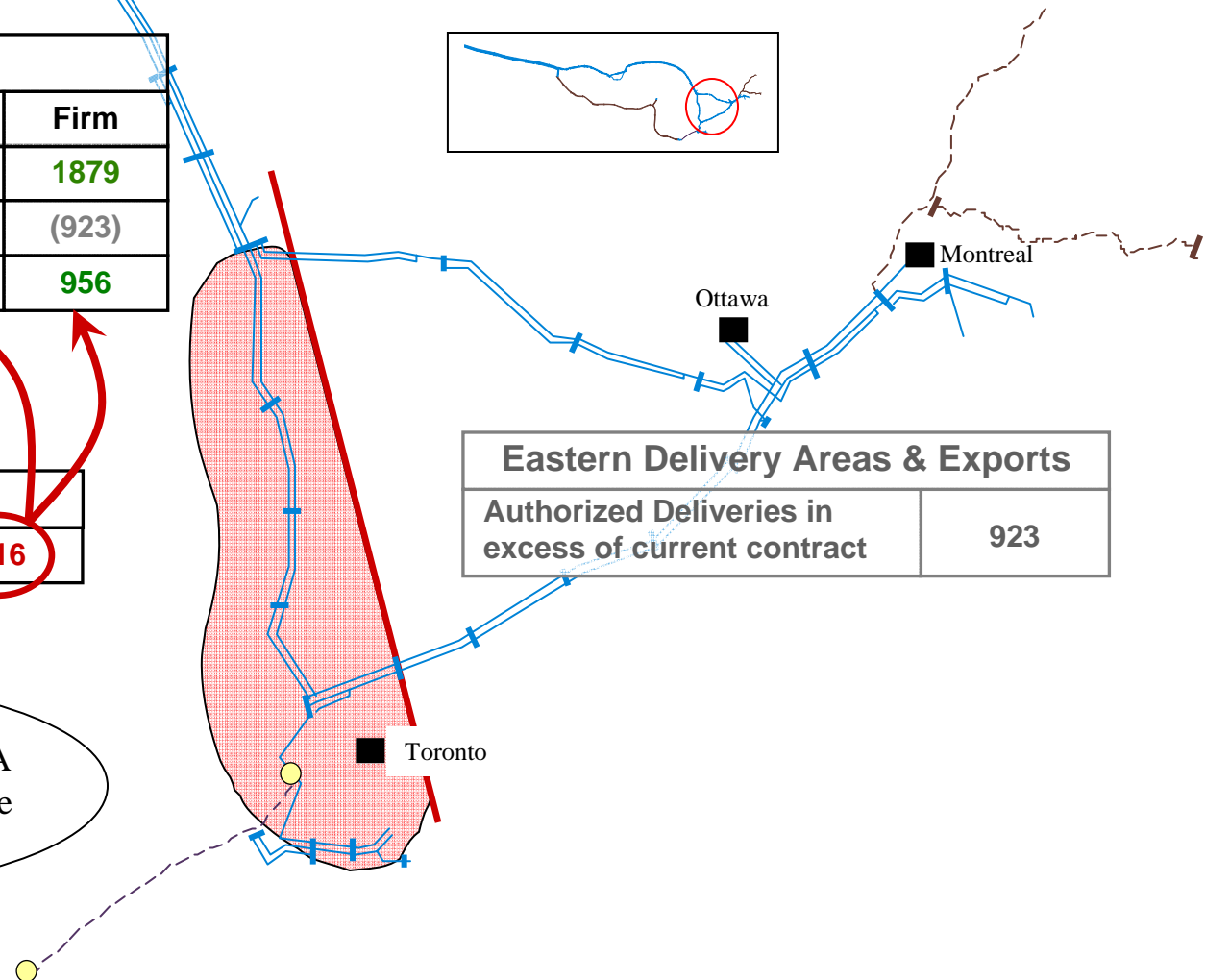
What remains for the CDA if Downstream Markets Peak?

Northern Ontario Line		
	All facilities	Firm
Available	2205	1879
Less EDA	(923)	(923)
Available to CDA	1282	956

Enbridge CDA	
Exposed Quantity	716

Eastern Delivery Areas & Exports	
Authorized Deliveries in excess of current contract	923

- Capacity is available to the CDA
- Enbridge Shippers must compete



Note:

All Figures in TJ/d

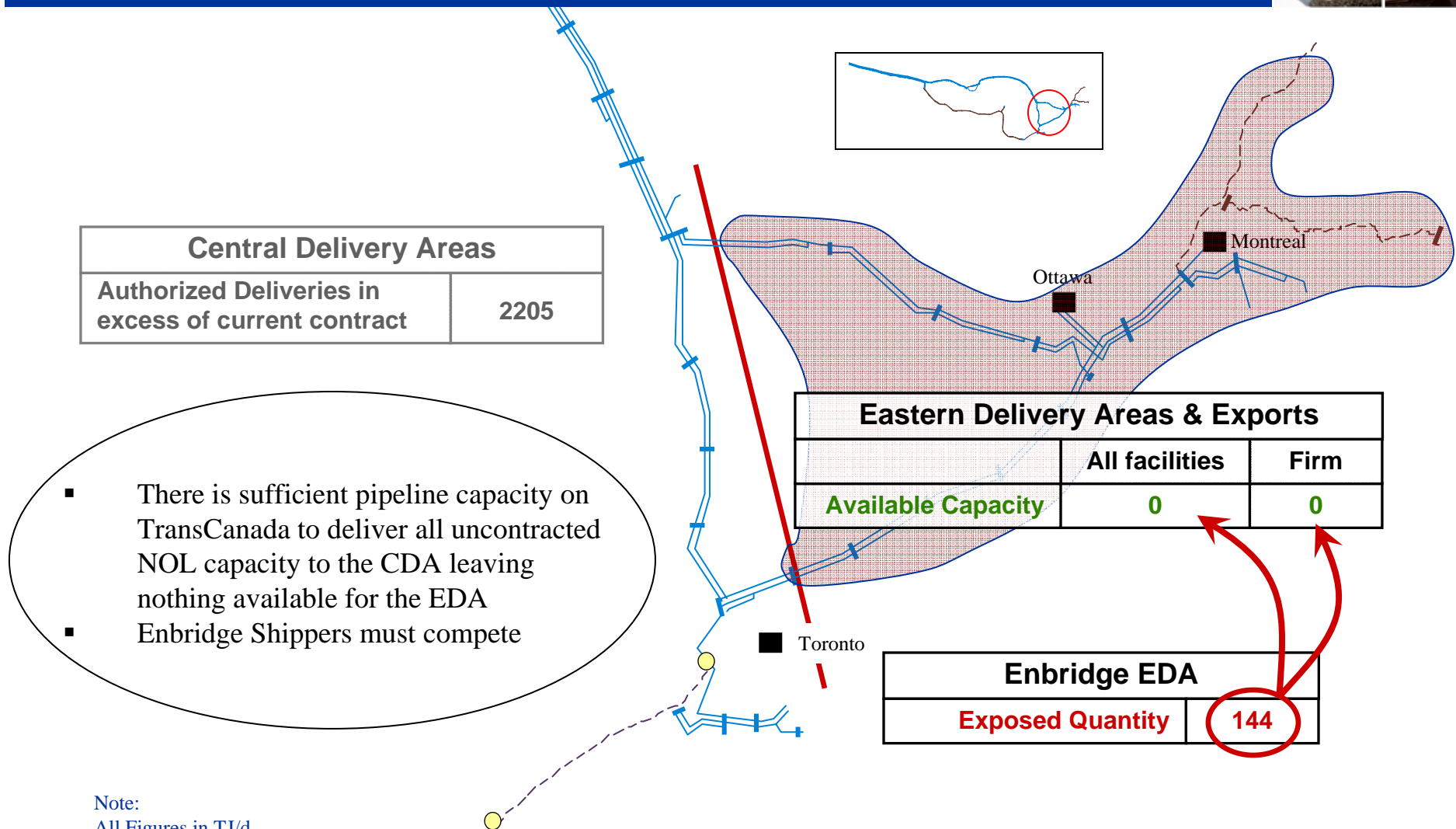
Firm Capacities listed are available for the winter season. Annual FT may be lower

Figures are based on contracts in place as of February 10, 2010 and effective for Nov 1, 2010



Winter 2010 – At Design Capacity (TJ)

What remains for the EDA if the CDA is fully allocated?



Note:

All Figures in TJ/d

Firm Capacities listed are available for the winter season. Annual FT may be lower

Figures are based on contracts in place as of February 10, 2010 and effective for Nov 1, 2010

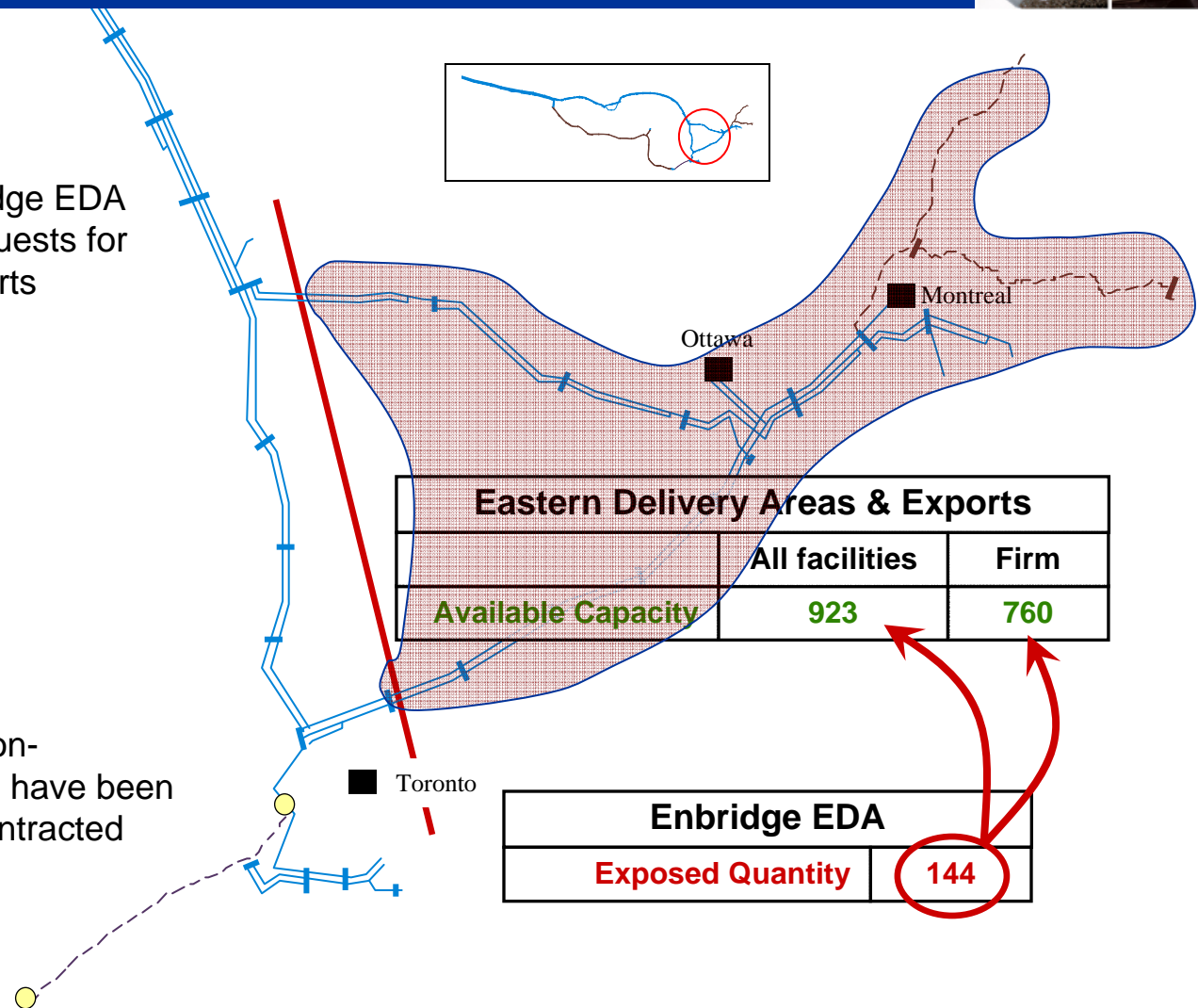


Winter 2010 – At Design Capacity Competing for Capacity Within the EDA

Non firm deliveries to the Enbridge EDA must compete with all other requests for capacity within the EDA & Exports

- Enbridge EDA
- Union EDA
- GMi EDA
- Iroquois
- East Hereford
- Philipsburg
- Napierville
- Cornwall

Excluding Enbridge EDA, the non-coincidental peak day deliveries have been sufficient to consume all non-contracted capacity to the EDA



Note:

All Figures in TJ/d

Firm Capacities listed are available for the winter season. Annual FT may be lower

Figures are based on contracts in place as of February 10, 2010 and effective for Nov 1, 2010

Operational Capacity vs Design Capacity



We've looked at TransCanada's design capacities

What about maintenance? or upsets?

Let's look at 2 cases:

A capacity reduction similar to the reduced capacity seen in the January 2009 cold snap (600 TJ)

A capacity reduction similar to the reduced capacity seen in the September 2009 line break (1770 TJ)





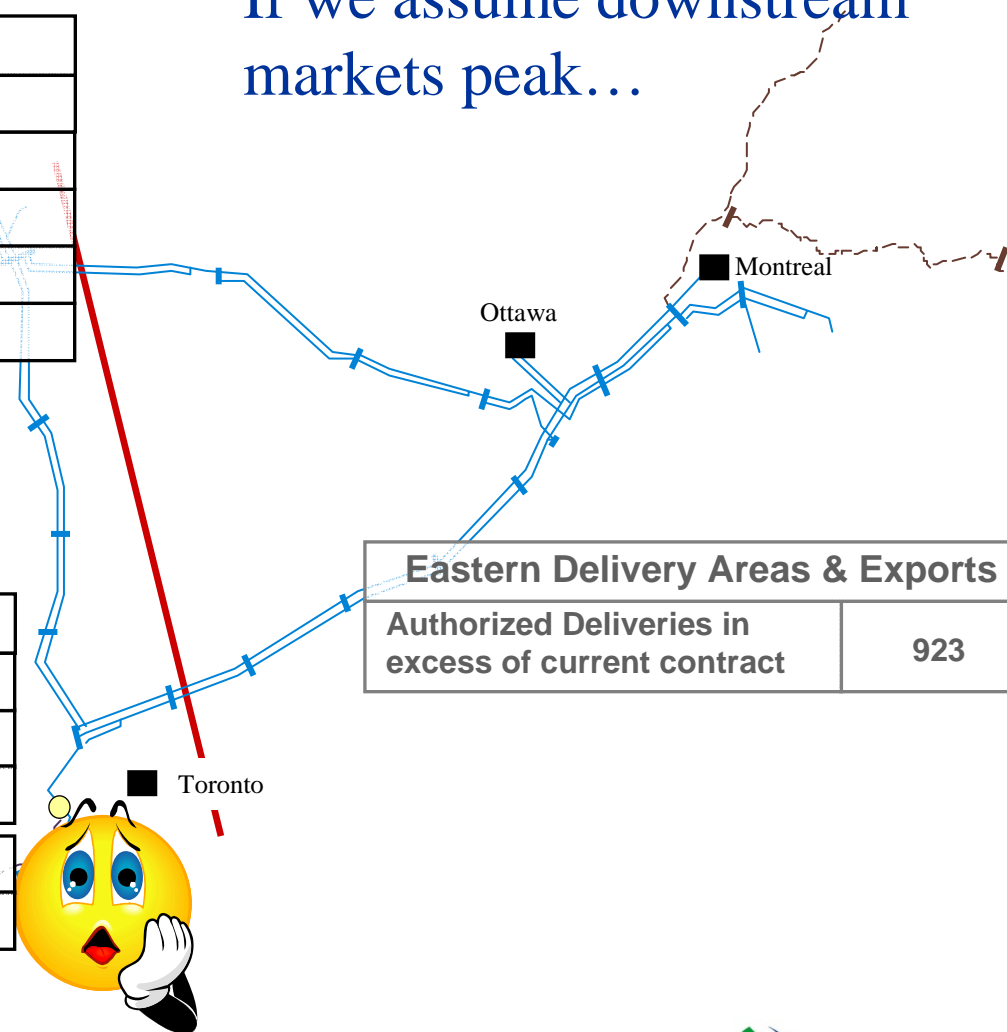
600 TJ Reduction in NOL Capacity

Reduced Capacity Scenario

Northern Ontario Line	
Capacity with all facilities	4310
Less Outage Scenario	- 600
Capacity	3710
Contracted	2105
Available	1605

Enbridge CDA	
Available through NOL	1605
Less Gas to D/S Markets	- 923
Available to CDA	682
EGD CDA Exposed Qty	716
Shortfall	- 34

If we assume downstream markets peak...



Eastern Delivery Areas & Exports	
Authorized Deliveries in excess of current contract	923



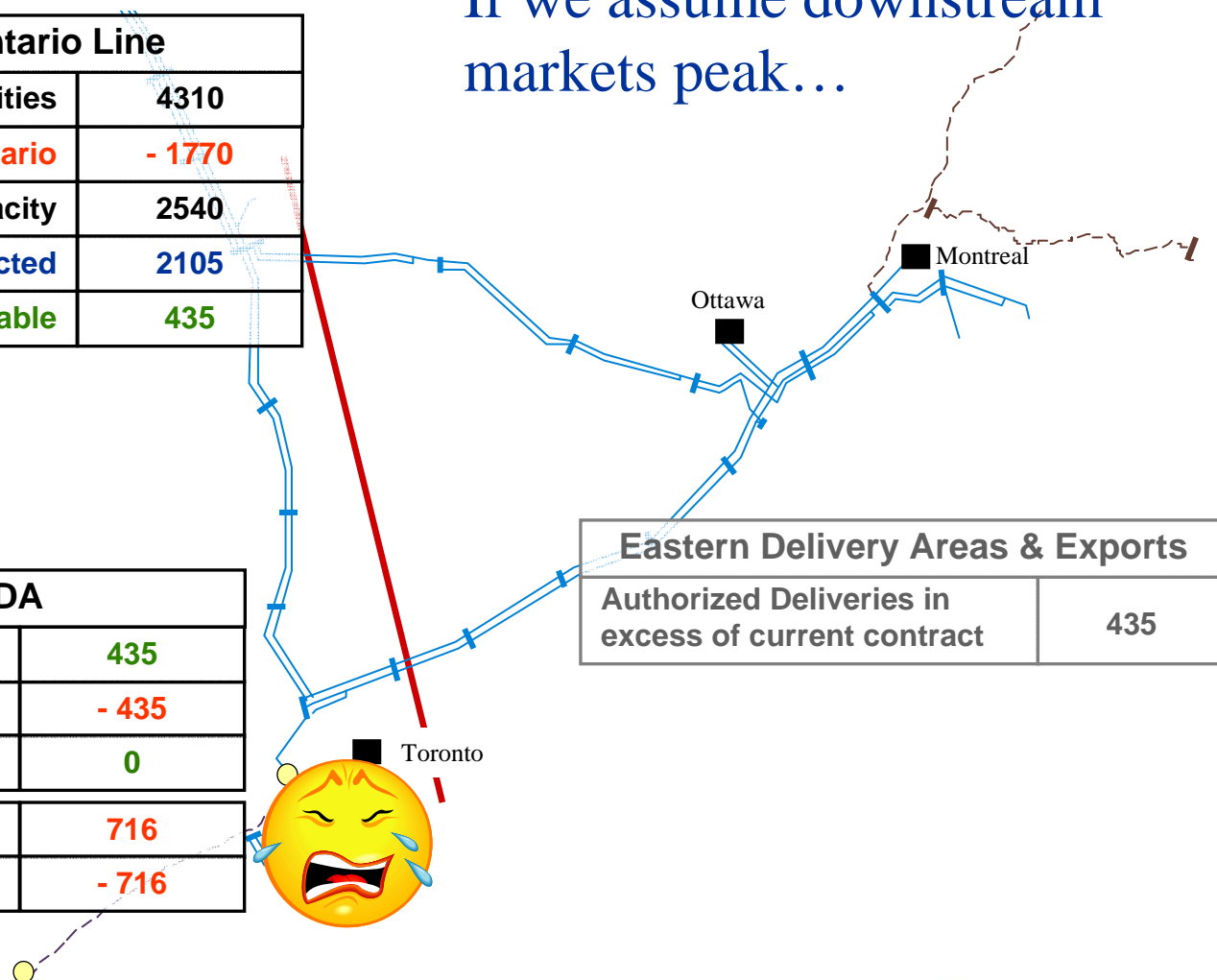
1770 TJ Reduction in NOL Capacity

Reduced Capacity Scenario

Northern Ontario Line	
Capacity with all facilities	4310
Less Outage Scenario	- 1770
Capacity	2540
Contracted	2105
Available	435

Enbridge CDA	
Available through NOL	435
Less Gas to D/S Markets	- 435
Available to CDA	0
EGD CDA Exposed Qty	716
Shortfall	- 716

If we assume downstream markets peak...



Eastern Delivery Areas & Exports	
Authorized Deliveries in excess of current contract	435



1770 TJ Reduction in NOL Capacity (...2)

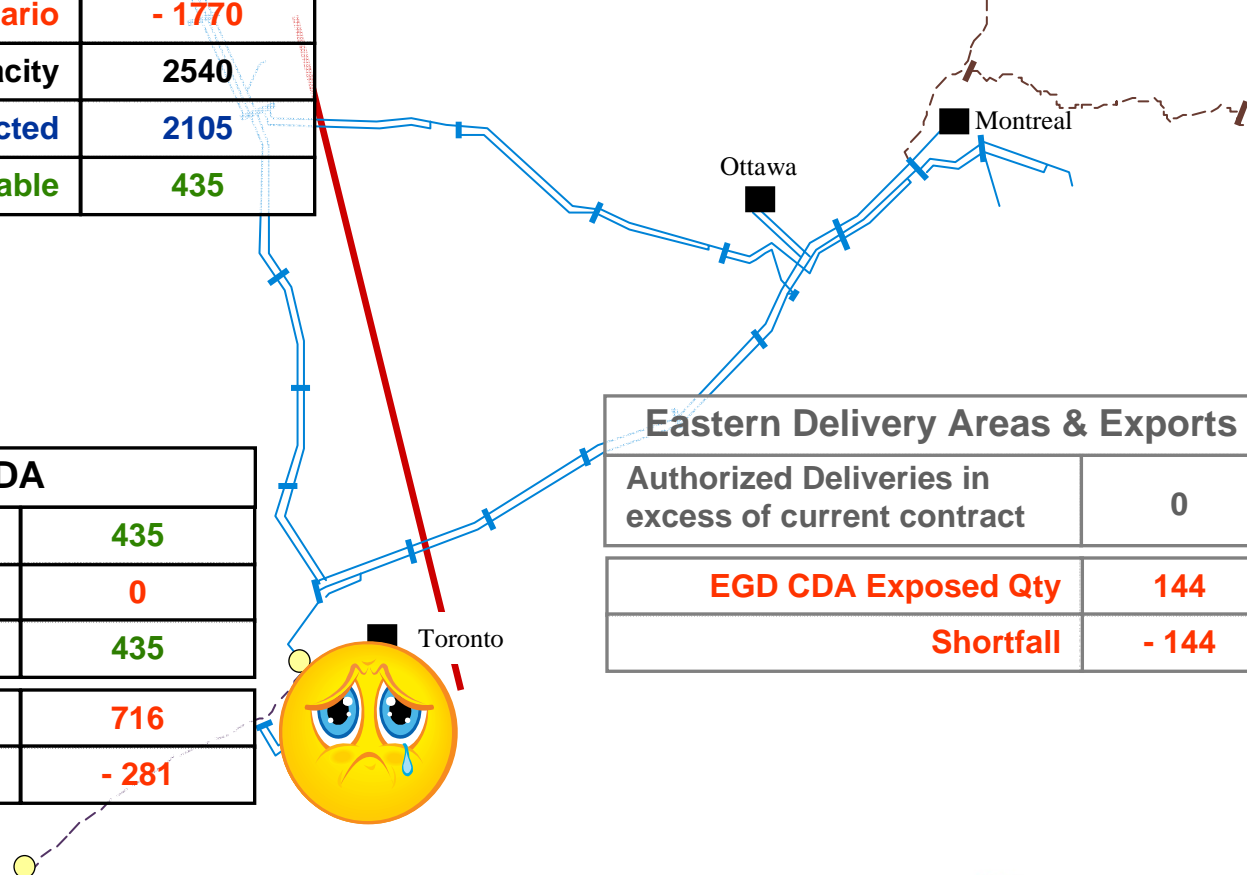
Reduced Capacity Scenario

Northern Ontario Line	
Capacity with all facilities	4310
Less Outage Scenario	- 1770
Capacity	2540
Contracted	2105
Available	435

Enbridge CDA	
Available through NOL	435
Less Gas to D/S Markets	0
Available to CDA	435
EGD CDA Exposed Qty	716
Shortfall	- 281

If all assume CDA takes all available capacity

Eastern Delivery Areas & Exports	
Authorized Deliveries in excess of current contract	0
EGD CDA Exposed Qty	144
Shortfall	- 144



What does this all mean?



- **All facilities available**
 - Capacity available to Enbridge CDA & EDA
 - Must compete for capacity, more of an issue in the EDA
- **Firm (with loss of critical unit)**
 - Less capacity available to Enbridge CDA & EDA
 - Must compete for capacity
- **Extreme day: impact on non-firm services**
 - Jan/09 (600 TJ capacity loss): CDA could be restricted
 - Sept/09 Line Break (1,770 TJ capacity loss): CDA & EDA could be severely restricted
 - Union outage: Impact? 2.5 Bcf?

Probability of an Outage



Unable to establish a probability of an outage, since insufficient data on starting multiple units in extreme weather

- **If the outage occurs during an average day:**
 - The impact on deliveries may be minimal (or none in the case of the Sept 09 line break)
- **If the outage occurs during periods of extreme cold weather:**
 - The impact on deliveries can be significant
 - There is increased likelihood of facilities failing
- **If an outage occurs:**
 - Non-firm discretionary services would be cut to zero before any firm services are impacted; and
 - If firm is impacted, such cuts would be made on a prorata basis.



January 2009 Cold Snap

Highlights



- All available long haul STFT sold out
- High EDA deliveries ~ 3.1 bcf
- High NOL flows driven by reduced Overrun on Union of 500 mmcf
- Multiple System Bottlenecks:
 - East Hereford at Capacity – discretionary authorized every day
 - Chippawa at Capacity - New record set at 690 MMcf
 - Prairies Line restricted on 14th
 - GMi EDA at capacity on 15th
 - NOL at capacity and restricting on 15th and 16th



All Firm Services Met

Prairies Line



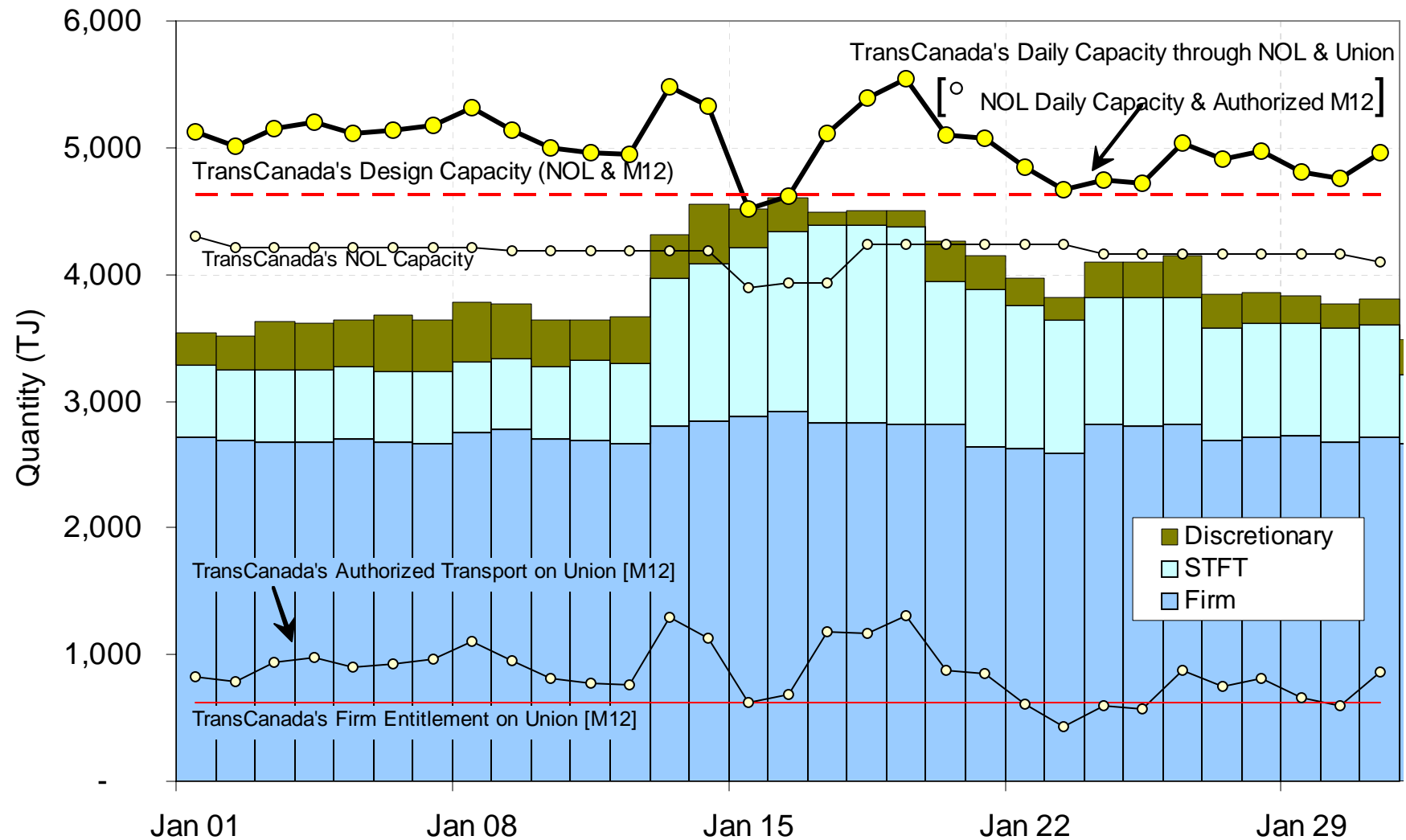
- **Extreme cold temperatures across the Prairies**
 - -35C in the west
- **Actions**
 - Cancelled 3 planned outages ~ 60 MW
 - Started 14 compressors totaling ~ 210 MW
- **Impact of extreme weather on the Prairies Line**
 - 5 unplanned unit outages
 - Several units failed to start
 - Frozen recycle valves, frozen isolation valves...

Northern Ontario Line

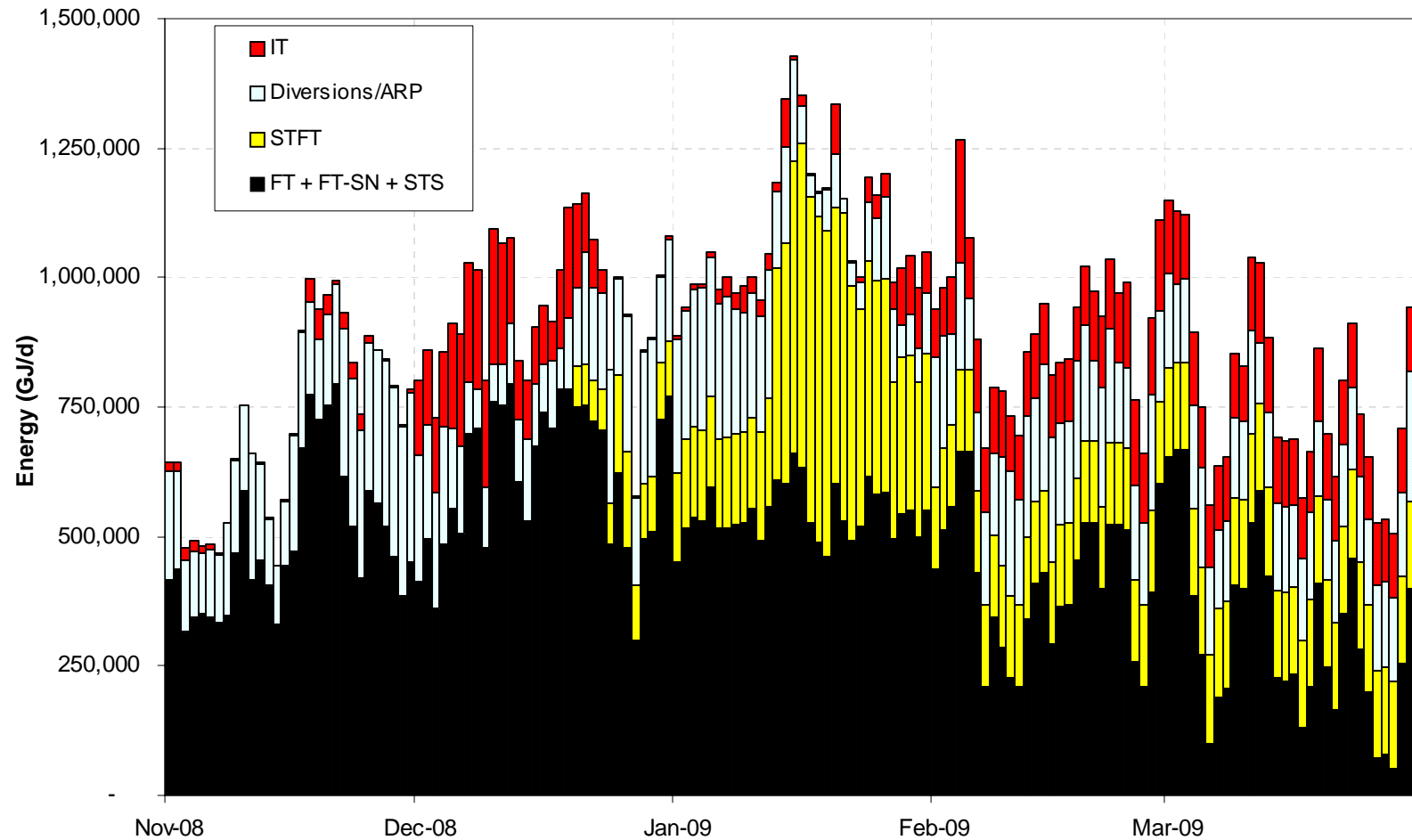


- **Extreme cold weather across the Northern Ontario Line**
 - -43C in Northern Ontario
 - -31C in Ottawa
- **Actions**
 - Expedited completion of 3 outages ~ 80 MW
 - Started 18 compressors totaling ~ 400 MW
- **Impact of extreme weather on the Northern Ontario Line**
 - 8 unplanned unit outages – reduced capacity by approx. 600 TJ/d
 - Several units failed to start
 - Frozen recycle valves, frozen isolation valves...
 - Effect of outages compounded by geographic proximity

Capacities & Services - January 1-31



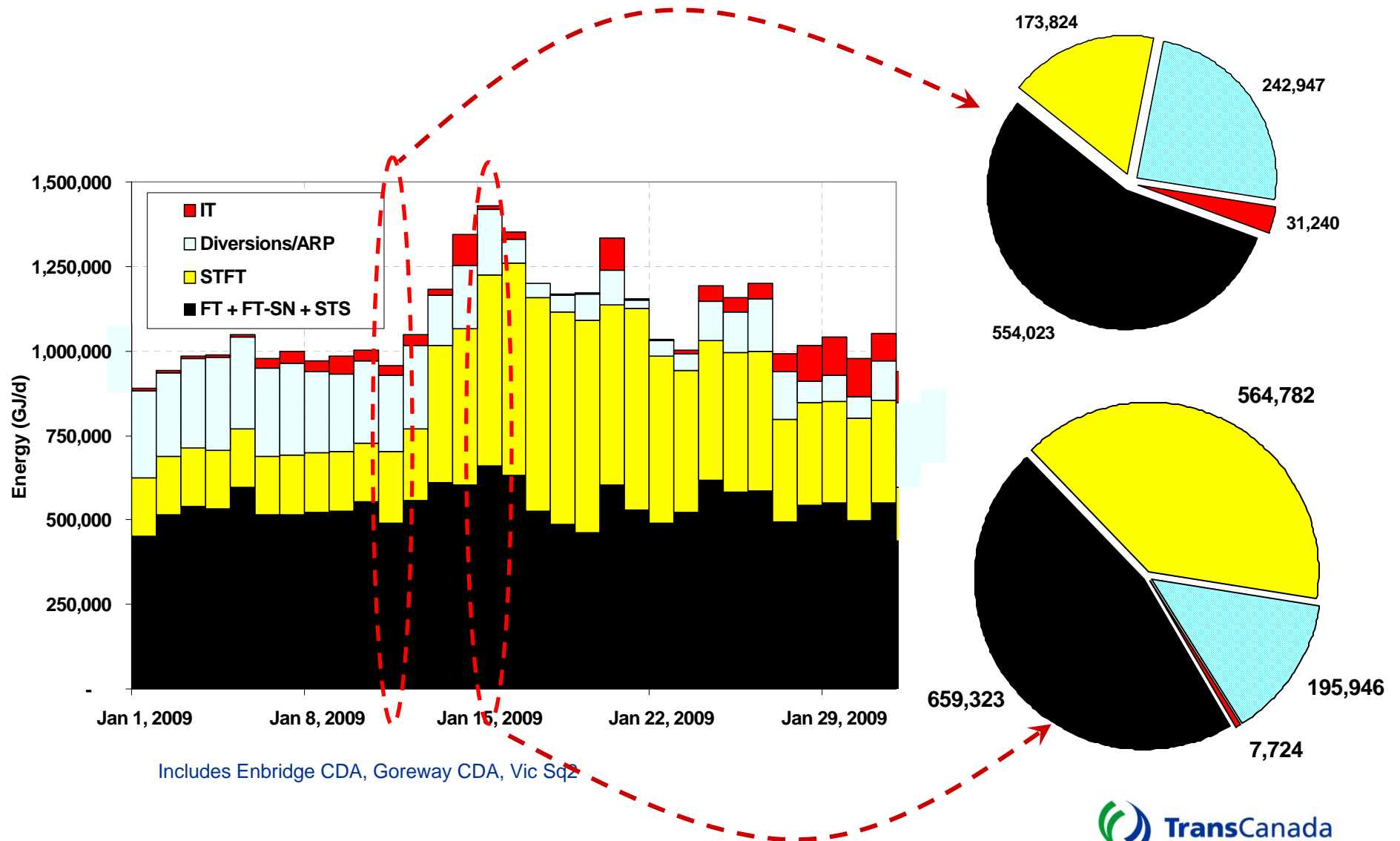
Deliveries to the Enbridge CDA* - Winter 2008/2009



* Includes Enbridge CDA, Goreway CDA, Victoria #2 CDA



Deliveries to the Enbridge CDA* - January 2009





IT & Diversion Nominations to Enbridge - January 15, 2009, Timely Nomination Cycle *

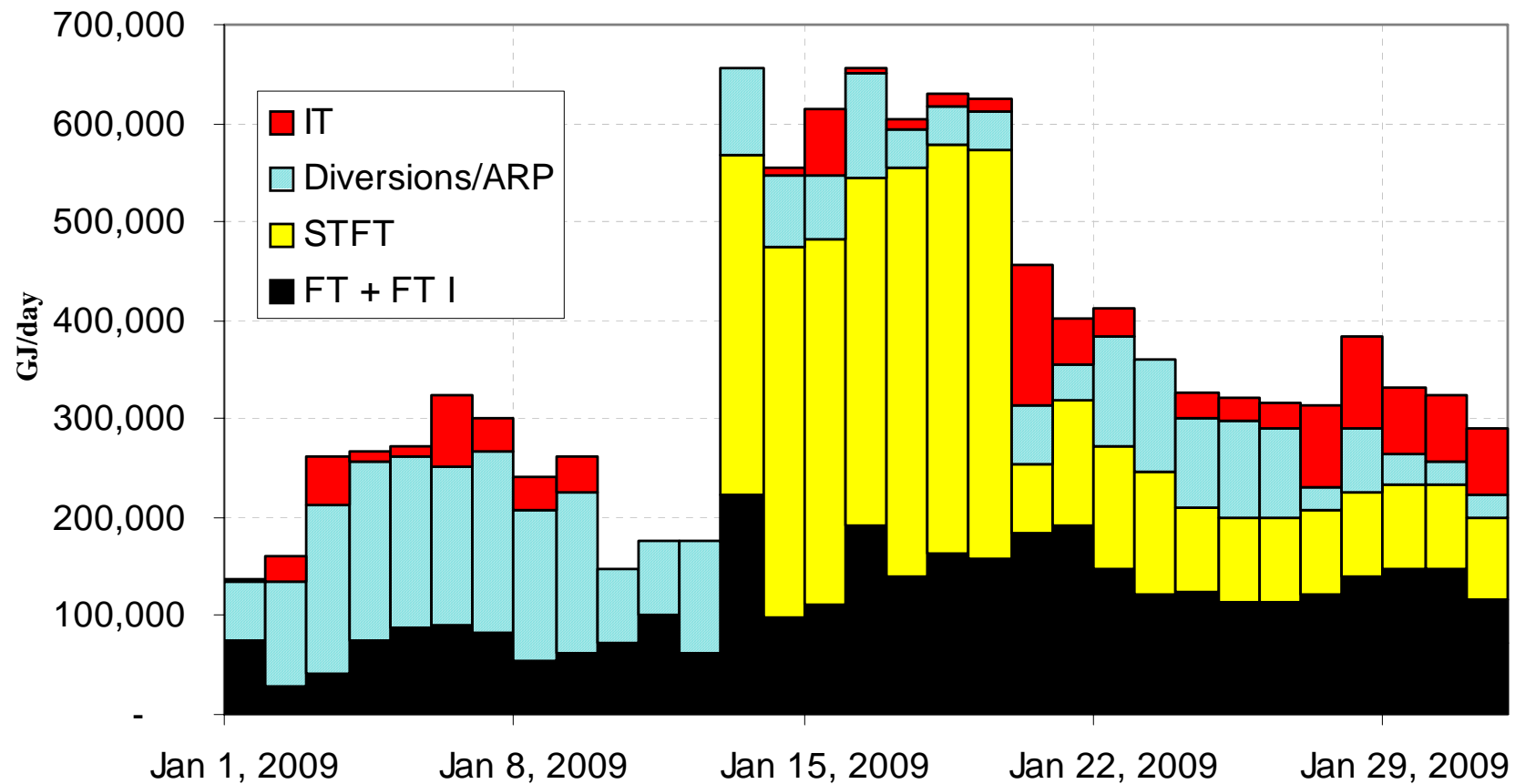
Enbridge CDA	Quantity Nominated (GJ)	Quantity Authorized (GJ)	% Authorized	Quantity Not Authorized (GJ)
Service Category				
IT –not through bottleneck	4,653	4,653	100%	0
IT – through bottleneck **	5,306	0	0%	5,306
Diversions – Upstream	167,253	167,253	100%	0
Diversions – Downstream **	73,166	40,873	55.9%	32,293

Enbridge EDA	Quantity Nominated (GJ)	Quantity Authorized (GJ)	% Authorized	Quantity Not Authorized (GJ)
Service Category				
IT – not through bottleneck	498	498	100%	0
IT – through bottleneck **	24,433	0	0%	24,433
Diversions – Upstream	150,016	150,016	100%	0
Diversions – Downstream **	21,735	12,143	55.9%	9,592

Notes:

- * These tables show the results of the capacity allocation process for the Timely nomination cycle.
- ** The capacity bottlenecks affecting these nominations were TransCanada's Union M12 capacity & TransCanada's Northern Ontario Line in the Western Delivery Area.

Deliveries to the Union CDA





Capacity & Service Options to Serve Enbridge Markets

Options



- **FT from Empress = Low Risk**
 - Lots of capacity available
 - Excellent supply availability
- **STFT from Empress = Low Risk if contracted for full winter**
 - Lots of capacity available if contracted before extreme day
 - Excellent supply availability
- **FT or STFT from North Bay**
 - Supply availability? Need partner with upstream firm transport

Options



- **FT or STFT from Dawn**
 - Capacity may be available
 - Subject to backhaul/exchange....with flow through Northern Ontario Line
 - Good supply availability
- **Upstream Diversion**
 - Capacity is “firm” for upstream diversions
 - Example:
 - Diversion to CDA from FT contract that delivers to Iroquois, East Hereford or EDA should typically be “upstream” and “firm”
 - Depends on location of bottleneck(s)
 - Requires “deal” with FT contract holder

Options



- **Downstream Diversions = High Risk**
 - Limited or no capacity available on “extreme” days
 - Prorata allocation if any capacity is available
- **IT = High Risk**
 - Limited or no capacity available on “extreme” days
 - Must compete in bidding process for any capacity that is available



Summary

Summary - Capacities



- **All facilities available**
 - Capacity available to Enbridge CDA & EDA
 - Must compete for capacity, more of an issue in the EDA
- **Firm (with loss of critical unit)**
 - Less capacity available to Enbridge CDA & EDA
 - Must compete for capacity
- **Extreme day: impact on non-firm services**
 - Jan/09 (600 TJ capacity loss): CDA could be restricted
 - Sept/09 Line Break (1,770 TJ capacity loss): CDA & EDA could be severely restricted
 - Union outage: Impact? 2.5 Bcf?

Summary - Options



- Firm services
 - FT: lowest risk
 - STFT: low risk if contracted before “extreme” day
- Supply sources
 - Empress: excellent supply availability
 - North Bay: need to ensure upstream supply/transport
 - Dawn: capacity may be available
- Upstream Diversion
 - Typically low risk; need FT partner
- Downstream Diversion & IT
 - Risky

Keep these 6 Factors in mind when assessing risk



1) Upstream grid

- Need to think about risks and capacity constraints on any upstream pipeline..... Union, GLGT, Vector...
- EGD is highly reliant on Union system

2) Service Priority

- Long Term Firm, upstream Diversions and pre-contracted STFT have lowest risk

3) Higher risks of broad Distributor Delivery Areas “DDAs”

- localized constraint = broad impacts

4) Lots of capacity on Average day

5) Risks are higher on “extreme” days

- Impact of extreme cold weather; impact of flow volatility

6) Not just a question of how much capacity; also a question of who gets the capacity that is available.



Questions?