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May 31, 2013

# **BY COURIER (2 COPIES) AND EMAIL**

Ms. Kirsten Walli Board Secretary Ontario Energy Board P.O. Box 2319 2300 Yonge Street, Suite 2700 Toronto, Ontario M4P 1E4 Fax: (416) 440-7656 Email: BoardSec@ontarioenergyboard.ca

Dear Ms. Walli:

## Re: Motion for Full and Adequate Interrogatory Responses EB-2013-0053 – Hydro One Networks Inc. ("Hydro One") Guelph Area Transmission Line Project ("Project")

We are writing on behalf of Environmental Defence to request an order that Hydro One provide revised responses to the below interrogatories that are full and adequate. As detailed below, we submit that Hydro One has failed to provide key requested details relating to its proposed project, whether it is needed, and whether other more cost-effective alternatives might be available.

Environmental Defence is providing its Notice of Motion by way of this letter and asks that this motion be heard in writing or orally. If this motion is heard in writing we request the opportunity to provide a reply to Hydro One's submissions.

# **Rules Regarding Interrogatory Responses**

This motion is made under Rule 29.03 of the Board's *Rules of Practice and Procedure*, which states that a party may bring a motion seeking direction from the Board if it is not satisfied with the response provided to an interrogatory.

Rule 29.02 requires that interrogatory responses be "full and adequate," which we submit is not the case for the below-referenced interrogatories.

# Heightened Importance of Full and Adequate Interrogatory Responses Here

Full and adequate interrogatory responses are of heightened importance in this proceeding as there will be no oral cross-examinations. Therefore, after the interrogatory responses are provided there will be no further opportunity to seek information from the applicant.

The core of Environmental Defence's case rests on whether Hydro One or the Ontario Power Authority ("OPA") have adequately explored all cost-effective alternatives and whether their own analysis supports the need for this project. Environmental Defence is not submitting its own evidence on alternatives and need, and instead intends to test whether the applicant has satisfied its burden in this regard. In this context, it is vitally important that Hydro One provide complete answers regarding the analysis that it and the OPA have done with regard to need and alternatives.

Again, full and adequate interrogatory responses are all the more important because there will be no opportunity to test the applicant's case through cross-examinations.

#### Additional Information Requested

Environmental Defence requests that the Board order Hydro One to provide full and adequate responses to the below-listed interrogatories, including the specific information outlined below. Hydro One's responses to those interrogatories are attached for the Board's reference.

#### <u>Interrogatory No. 1</u>

Interrogatory No. 1 requested peak demands (MW) for the relevant six subsystems in the KWCG area from 2000 to 2012. It is unclear from the interrogatory response whether the numbers provided by Hydro One are coincident peaks (i.e. at the time of an entire system peak) or non-coincident peaks. Environmental Defence requests that Hydro One indicate whether the historical total peak demands provided in this response for the six sub-categories are coincidental peaks or are the peak demands for that sub-category.

Environmental Defence also requests the date and hour of the peak for each year. We acknowledge that this was not explicitly requested in the original interrogatory, but submit that this would be part of a full and adequate response. Furthermore, such information could be provided with little effort and could ultimately assist the Board.

#### Interrogatory No. 5 (a)

Interrogatory No. 5 (a) reads as follows:

Approximately when were (i) the OPA and (ii) Hydro One first aware of the need to take steps to ensure compliance with the ORTAC criteria described in section 5 of the OPA KWCG Report?

In the response, Hydro One and the OPA have not specifically indicated **when** they were first aware of the need to take steps to ensure compliance with ORTAC criteria as requested in this interrogatory. To provide a full and adequate response, we request that Hydro One indicate, at a minimum, (i) when it (and the OPA) first forecast that ORTAC criteria would not be met and (ii) when Hydro One first actually failed to meet ORTAC criteria in the KWCG area. This is relevant to whether distributed generation ("DG") and conservation and demand management ("CDM") are potential alternatives to the project. Hydro One states that DG and CDM are not alternatives in part due to the "**immediate nature**" of the need (see Ex. I, Tab 2, Schedules 26 and 44). Therefore, the *timing* of when this need first arose, and the *urgency* or *immediacy* of this need are highly relevant.

If Hydro One and the OPA have known of this potential need related to the ORTAC criteria for an extended period of time without addressing it, that would indicate that the need is *not* as immediate as they suggest it is.

Additionally, the response to this interrogatory may indicate that Hydro One and/or the OPA should have been analyzing CDM and DG as alternatives *far earlier in time*. If that is the case, Environmental Defence will seek directions or an order from the Board to address that failure to assess those alternatives in a timely manner. For example, the Board may wish to indicate to Hydro One and/or the OPA that they should be assessing CDM and DG as alternatives early enough in the planning process so as to provide time to implement those alternatives where it is in the public interest to do so.

## Interrogatory No. 10 (c) and (d)

Parts (c) and (d) of Interrogatory No. 10 requested the following information for the KWCG area and each of the subsystems from 2013 to 2026:

- c) The cumulative total number of potential *peaksaver* and *peaksaver plus* participants; and
- d) The cumulative total potential demand reductions from the total number of potential *peaksaver* and *peaksaver plus* participants.

The response indicated that the OPA does not have an estimate of the total potential demand reduction that could be achieved for *peaksaver* or *peaksaver plus*. The response provided no reason why an estimate could not be developed. We therefore ask that an estimate be provided as requested.

In the alternative, we ask that the OPA provide the information needed for Environmental Defence to produce its own estimate of the *peaksaver* and *peaksaver plus* programs, including:

- (1) The OPA's estimate of the average demand reduction **per customer** for (a) residential and (b) small commercial customers from (i) *peaksaver* and (ii) *peaksaver plus* participants;
- (2) The number of (a) residential and (b) small commercial customers in (i) the KWCG area and (ii) the six subsystems in the KWCG area; and
- (3) The OPA's estimate of the percentage of (a) residential and (b) small commercial customers that are eligible for those programs.

This information is relevant as the *peaksaver* and *peaksaver plus* programs are highly costeffective methods of reducing peak demand. They therefore could play a role in avoiding or deferring costly supply-side projects such as this. Environmental Defence is seeking the above information to assess the degree to which these programs could be expanded to avoid or defer the need for this project.

## Interrogatory No. 22 (b)

Interrogatory No. 22 (b) relates to actual local generation projects that have been submitted to the OPA in the City of Guelph under the FIT and CHPSOP programs. These projects would have a total generation capacity of 60 MW. Table 3 in Hydro One's evidence at Ex. B, Tab 1, Schedule 5, Page 20 provides a demand forecast for each subsystem net of conservation and DG. The information in Table 3 is the basis for Hydro One's contention that the project is needed to address demand growth. This interrogatory requested that a revised version of Table 3 be provided under the assumption that the 60 MW of local generation projects that have applied to the OPA are constructed as soon as possible.

The requested information was not provided in the response on the grounds that:

...connection points for the projects referred to in the City of Guelph Council Report are required in order to provide a revised version of Table 3 ... because the proposed projects could be located within the City of Guelph, but not electrically connected in the South-Central Guelph or Kitchener-Guelph subsystems.<sup>1</sup>

We believe that the requested information can and should be provided by Hydro One and the OPA. The 60 MW of projects have submitted applications to the OPA and are actual proposed projects with specific sites. The connection points therefore are known and can be used to provide an updated version of Table 3 as requested.

This information is highly relevant. The main driver for the proposed transmission line is growth in peak demand in the area served by the South-Central Guelph. On its face, these 60 MW of projects could avoid or defer this project by providing local generation that does not need to be transmitted into Guelph from outside the area. We simply ask that the demand forecast be revised to indicate the potential impact of these projects on the need in this area.

## Interrogatory No. 26 (a) and (b)

Parts (a) and (b) of Interrogatory No. 26 read as follows:

a) Please describe and list all steps taken by the OPA to assess whether increased CDM and/or DG could avoid or defer the need for a new transmission line in the KWCG area as well as the dates that each of these steps were taken. Please include a listing of the dates and subjects of all memos and reports prepared in this regard.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Response to Interrogatory No. 22 (b)

b) Please provide a copy of all documentation (e.g. memos, reports, etc.) prepared by the OPA in relation to an assessment of whether increased CDM and/or DG could avoid or defer the need for a new transmission line in the KWCG area.

The interrogatory response provided only a partial synopsis of the OPA's analysis of CDM and DG as alternatives. The response *did not* provide (i) list the steps taken by the OPA to investigate these alternatives, (ii) the relevant dates, or (iii) the underlying documentation. We ask that this information be provided.

### List of steps and dates:

A list of the steps taken by the OPA, and the key dates, is relevant to whether a sufficient assessment of the alternatives has been undertaken. As discussed above, the core of Environmental Defence's case is whether the applicant (or the OPA) has adequately assessed the alternatives to establish that the project is needed and the most cost-effective option. The focus is therefore on what analysis has been done by the applicant and/or the OPA. We are simply seeking a list of these steps, including the key dates.

The dates of the various steps taken by the OPA are also relevant in relation to the timing issues discussed above. Again, Hydro One states that DG and CDM are not alternatives in part due to the "**immediate nature**" of the need (see Ex. I, Tab 2, Schedules 26 and 44). Hydro One is in effect saying that it is "too late" to implement CDM and DG as alternatives. Therefore, it is relevant to determine when the OPA and Hydro One first started examining CDM and DG as alternatives and whether they should have been examining these options earlier.

Again, if the response to this interrogatory indicates that Hydro One and/or the OPA should have been analyzing CDM and DG as alternatives far earlier in time, Environmental Defence will seek directions or an order from the Board to address that failure to assess those alternatives in a timely manner. For example, the Board may wish to indicate to Hydro One and/or the OPA that they should be assessing CDM and DG as alternatives early enough in the planning process so as to provide time to implement those alternatives where it is in the public interest to do so.

## Documentation underlying DG and CDM analysis:

The key OPA documentation (e.g. reports, memos, etc.) underlying its CDM and DG analysis are relevant as it would presumably contain additional important details regarding the OPA's analysis and assumptions. This information would help Environmental Defence assess and challenge the OPA's conclusion that CDM and DG are not adequate alternatives. All that has been provided thus far is a relatively high-level summary of the OPA's analysis. The underlying internal documentation on this topic would provide additional important details and assumptions.

The underlying OPA reports and memos regarding CDM and DG would also assist in clarifying exactly what analysis was done and when.

We therefore request a considerably revised response to this interrogatory that provides a full and complete answer to Environmental Defence's requests.

#### Interrogatory No. 29 (b)

Interrogatory No. 29 (b) requests copies of the KWCG Working Group's meeting agendas and minutes. That request was refused without providing any justification even though Rule 29.02 requires that an explanation be given where a response is refused. We therefore ask that those materials be provided.

These materials are relevant because Hydro One has pointed to the working group's support of this project as part of its justification for its application. In a March 8, 2012 letter to Hydro One, Amir Shalaby of the OPA states that the KWCG Working Group supports the OPA's recommendations with respect to this project [Exhibit B-1-4, Attachment 1]. However, it is unclear how the working group could have decided to support this project by March 8, 2012 even though one year later the working group has still not finished its report on this matter. It is also unclear whether and to what extent the working group considered DG and CDM as alternatives prior to indicating its support.

The requested materials would likely indicate whether, when, and to what extent the KWCG Working Group examined alternatives to the proposed project. There is nothing to indicate that the agendas and meeting minutes would be overly voluminous or burdensome to produce. However, if that is the case, Environmental Defence would in the alternative request only the documentation that was presented to the Working Group before March 8, 2012 (when Mr. Shalaby noted the working group's support) and the minutes of their meetings before that time.

#### Interrogatory No. 31

Interrogatory No. 31 requests Hydro One's load forecast for the 6 subsystems in the KWCG area as well as the studies and analyses underlying that forecast. Hydro One has not provided the requested information. Its response seems to imply, but does not directly state that it did not produce a load forecast. However, it appears to us that Hydro One must have created its own load forecast as a basis for its long term economic analysis. That is why the reference provided for this interrogatory was to Ex. B, Tab 4, Schedule 3, which contains Hydro One's economic analysis of the project. We request that Hydro One provide the load forecast underlying its economic analysis as requested in this interrogatory.

This is relevant because it appears that Hydro One's economic analysis may assume a much lower load growth than the OPA and the LDCs are assuming. Hydro One's economic analysis of this project shows that it has a Profitability Index of only 0.2 [Ex. B, Tab 4, Sch. 3, page 1]. That is, it is uneconomic. Therefore, the economic analysis is presumably based on a forecast load growth that is insufficient to bear the costs of the project. Seeing as the need for this project is based on load growth, any load growth forecasts produced by Hydro One, as a basis for the economic analysis or otherwise, should be provided.

## Interrogatory No. 40 (b)

Interrogatory No. 40 (b) asked for further information relating to "operating measures" used by Hydro One to address summer peak demands. In its response, Hydro One stated that load transfers were used, but that there is "limited availability" of load transfer capability. To provide a more full answer, we ask that Hydro One indicate the amount of load transfer capability that exists between each sub-category of the KWCG area.

In sum, Environmental Defence requests full and adequate responses to the above-noted interrogatories, including the specific information outlined above.

## Issues Raised by Environmental Defence are Within the Board's Jurisdiction

The issues that Environmental Defence wishes to raise (with respect to DG and CDM as alternatives) are within the Board's jurisdiction under section 96(2) of the *Ontario Energy Board Act*. Environmental Defence acknowledges that the Board is limited to considering:

- 1. The interests of consumers with respect to prices and the reliability and quality of electricity service.
- 2. Where applicable and in a manner consistent with the policies of the Government of Ontario, the promotion of the use of renewable energy sources.

Although DG and CDM have obvious environmental benefits, they can also be a more costeffective option vis-à-vis supply-side transmission and distribution options. It is the applicant's burden to establish that the project is needed and cost effective in comparison to the alternatives (including DG and CDM), and most of the above interrogatories relate to whether it has done so. These interrogatories and the issues Environmental Defence wishes to raise fall within the Board's jurisdiction under section 96(2) of the *Ontario Energy Board Act*.

## **Procedure and Timelines**

Before making this motion, we requested the above information and materials from Hydro One (by letter dated March 22, 2013). This request was flatly refused with the statement that "that the level of disclosure in the original interrogatory responses was more than adequate for the purposes of this proceeding."<sup>2</sup> We do not have an indication as to why Hydro One feels that the specific requested information need not be provided.

From a procedural standpoint, it is worthy to note the issue of alternatives to the Guelph transmission line was raised in Hydro One's rates case. In response to various information requests, Hydro One indicated in the rates case that the section 92 leave to construct hearing would be the proper venue to address the merits and need for the project.<sup>3</sup> As this issue is now being addressed in the forum suggested by Hydro One, and seeing as there is no provision for

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Letter from Hydro One to the Board dated May 24, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> EB-2012-0031, Technical Conference Transcript, October 12, 2012, p. 54, ln 19 to p. 55, ln. 2, and p. 50, ln. 28 to p. 51, ln. 5.

cross-examinations in this leave to construct application, we submit that it is incumbent on Hydro One to provide full and adequate interrogatory responses and that this would be the most expeditious method of proceeding.

Argument in Chief is currently scheduled for June 10, 2013. If the Board provides a revised schedule for this proceeding in its next procedural order, we can advise that Environmental Defence does not intend to provide evidence.

## Conclusion

The information requested by Environmental Defence is not burdensome or too voluminous to produce. In some cases Environmental Defence simply requests copies of documents that already exist and are in the possession of Hydro One or the OPA. We see no reason why this relevant information cannot be provided so that this hearing can proceed expeditiously.

More importantly, the requested information goes to the core issue that Environmental Defence wishes to raise in this proceeding – whether Hydro One and the OPA have adequately assessed DG and CDM as possible cost-effective alternatives. We therefore ask that an order be made that Hydro One provide the full and complete responses to the above-noted interrogatories, including the specific information outlined above.

Yours truly Kent Elson

Encl.

cc: Applicant and Intervenors

## Schedule A

## Selected Interrogatory Responses

This schedule includes:

- The interrogatory responses that are the subject of this motion (numbers 1, 5, 10, 22, 26, 29, 31, and 40);
- The response to Interrogatory No. 21, which provides context for the response to Interrogatory No. 22; and
- The response to Interrogatory No. 44, which is referred to in Interrogatory No. 26.

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### Environmental Defence INTERROGATORY #1 List 1

Reference: Ontario Power Authority, *Kitchener-Waterloo-Cambridge-Guelph Area*,
March, 2013 (the "OPA KWCG Report"), Ex. B, Tab 1, Schedule 5, Page 10,
Table 1

### <u>Interrogatory</u>

Please provide the actual total peak demand (MW) for electricity in the KWCG area for
 each year from 2000 to 2012 inclusive. Please also break out these demands according to
 the six sub-categories shown in Table 1.

Please also provide the actual annual MWh demand for electricity in the KWCG area for each year from 2000 to 2012 inclusive. Please also break out these demands according to the six sub-categories shown in Table 1.

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#### 16 **Response**

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Historical annual total peak demand (MW) and energy (MWh) is available from 2004 to 2011. Please refer to Attachment 1 to this exhibit. Filed: May 16, 2013 EB-2013-0053 Exhibit I-2-1 Attachment 1 Page 1 of 1

				<b>Peak Demand</b>	(MM)		
Year	South-Central Guelph	Kitchener-Guelph	Waterloo-Guelph	Cambridge	Kitchener and Cambridge	Other Stations in the KWCG Area	Total
2004	103	227	362	320	376	180	1,248
2005	116	236	422	349	449	187	1,410
2006	116	231	425	349	450	188	1,410
2007	116	233	412	344	442	183	1,386
2008	114	224	397	333	413	181	1,329
2009	104	226	387	327	409	147	1,274
2010*	107	233	430	335	442	184	1,396
2011	117	262	433	351	442	190	1,444
2012	112	254	425	325	401	211	1,403
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as IESO hourly data was not available. IN GATK evidence letered 5

				Annual Demand	H (GWh)	30 A	
Year	South-Central Guelph	Kitchener-Guelph	Waterloo-Guelph	Cambridge	Kitchener and Cambridge	Other Stations in the KWCG Area	Total
2004	613	1,413	2,263	1,846	2,209	1,019	7,517
2005	631	1,363	2,389	2,013	2,482	1,025	7,889
2006	629	1,310	2,351	1,973	2,435	982	707,7
2007	655	1,339	2,337	1,983	2,455	986	7.7.7
2008	648	1,306	2,328	1,932	2,409	949	7,639
2009	614	1,252	2,220	1,809	2,292	879	7,258
2010	648	1,266	2,406	1,860	2,353	950	7.623
2011	654	1,323	2,415	1,872	2,280	994	7,666
2012	619	1,309	2,430	1,866	2,234	1,035	7,688

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## Environmental Defence INTERROGATORY #5 List 1

3 **Reference:** Reference: Ex. B, Tab 1, Schedule 5, Section 5

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<u>Interrogatory</u>

a) Approximately when were (i) the OPA and (ii) Hydro One first aware of the need to
 take steps to ensure compliance with the ORTAC criteria described in section 5 of the
 OPA KWCG Report?

b) When did (i) the OPA and (ii) Hydro One first begin to assess options to meet the needs described in section 5 of the OPA KWCG Report?

#### 12 **Response**

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a) The OPA and Hydro One began to assess the needs and options of the KWCG area,
based on the ORTAC criteria, as part of the 2007 Integrated Power System Plan
("IPSP"). While the review of the 2007 IPSP was suspended in late 2008, the OPA
and Hydro One continued to proceed with the implementation of some of the key
recommendations identified in the IPSP, including the implementation of the Guelph
Area Transmission Refurbishment ("GATR") project.

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In 2009, the GATR project was put on hold while the impacts of the economic downturn were monitored. In the summer of 2010, a broader regional planning study of the Kitchener-Waterloo-Cambridge-Guelph area was undertaken which included assessment of options to meet the needs described in Section 5 of the OPA evidence. This study updated demand forecasts for the region, and confirmed the need to proceed with the GATR project.

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b) Please refer to the response to Environmental Defence Interrogatory 5 a) at Exhibit I,
 Tab 2, Schedule 5 a).

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#### Environmental Defence INTERROGATORY #10 List 1 ı 2 Reference: Ex. B, Tab 1, Schedule 5, Page 10, Table 1 3 4 **Interrogatory** 5 6 Please provide for the KWCG area and each of the subsystems shown in Table 1 for each 7 year from 2013 to 2026 inclusive: 8 9 a) The cumulative number of *peaksaver* and *peaksaver plus* participants; 10 b) The cumulative peak demand reductions from the *peaksaver* and *peaksaver plus* 11 participants; 12 c) The cumulative total number of potential *peaksaver* and *peaksaver plus* participants; 13 and 14 d) The cumulative total potential demand reductions from the total number of potential 15 peaksaver and peaksaver plus participants. 16 Response 17 18 a) As of the end 2011, there were a total of 6,542 *peaksaver* participants in the KWCG 19 area, excluding any Hydro One Networks participants in the area (due to the 20 unavailability of location specific information of Hydro One Networks participants). 21 503 of these participants were incremental in 2011. V erified 2012 da ta is not 22 currently available. Conservation program results are not recorded on an electrical 23 connection point basis, and therefore the 2011 peaksaver participant results are not 24 available at the electrical subsystem level. 25 26 Cambridge and North Dumfries Hydro Inc., Guelph Hydro Electric Systems Inc., 27 Kitchener-Wilmot Hydro Inc. and Waterloo North Hydro Inc. are not currently 28 delivering the *peaksaver Plus* initiative. They are expected to deliver this initiative by 29 summer 2013. 30 31 The OPA has not forecast the number of future peaksaver and peaksaver Plus 32 participants for the KWCG area and its subsystems. 33 34 b) As of the end of 2011, the total peak demand reduction from the enrolled *peaksaver* 35 participants in the KWCG area, excluding any Hydro One Networks participants, was 36 3.7 MW. The incremental peak demand reduction in 2011 was 0.4 MW. Verified 37 2012 data is not currently available. Conservation program results are not recorded on 38 an electrical connection point basis, and therefore the 2011 total peak demand 39 reduction from the enrolled *peaksaver* participants is not available at the electrical 40 subsystem level. 41

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The forecast cumulative peak demand reductions from *peaksaver* and *peaksaver* Plus resources for the KWCG area and each of the sub-systems are shown in Attachment 1. These totals are derived from an allocation of the provincial forecast to the KWCG area and subsystems and are incremental to 2010.

c) The OPA does not have an estimate of the cumulative total number of potential *peaksaver* and *peaksaver Plus* participants for the KWCG area. The OPA will investigate opportunities in the KWCG area for additional cost effective conservation, including additional residential and small commercial demand response, to address supply capacity needs of the area over the longer term.

d) The OPA does not have an estimate of the cumulative total potential demand
 reductions from the total number of potential *peaksaver* and *peaksaver Plus* participants for the KWCG area. The OPA will investigate opportunities in the
 KWCG area for additional cost effective conservation, including additional
 residential and small commercial demand response, to address supply capacity needs
 of the area over the longer term.

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Peak reduction (MW, cummulative, peaksaver)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	
South-Central Guelph	0.6	0.9	6.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	11	1.1	11	1.1	
Kitchener-Guelph	1.7	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	
Waterloo-Guelph	2.5	3.7	3.7	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	
Cambridge	2.1	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	
Kitchener-Cambridge	2.7	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	
Other	1.3	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	
Total KWCG area	8.9	12.9	13.2	13.6	14.0	14.4	14.8	15.0	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.2	15.2	15.3	

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## Environmental Defence INTERROGATORY #21 List 1

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2 Reference: Guelph City Council Report No. FIN-CE-12-03 re: Guelph Area 3 Transmission Refurbishment Project and the Community Energy Initiative (December 3, 4 2012).1 5 6 **Interrogatory** 7 8 According to the above captioned report (enclosed for your reference), generation 9 projects totalling approximately 60 MW in the City of Guelph have been submitted to the 10 OPA pursuant to its Feed-in-Tariff (FIT) Program and the Combined Heat and Power 11 Standard Offer Program (CHPSOP). The report states as follows: 12 13 Across the community it is estimated that there are projects before the Ontario 14 Power Authority with a total generation capacity of 60 Mega-Watts (MW). 60 15 MW represents approximately 25% of the average community-wide load 16 electrical load of 240 MW and 20% of the approximate maximum peak summer 17 load of 300 MW. 18 19 The 60 M W being proposed across the community roughly break down as 20 follows: 21 22 30 MW Solar PV, including: 23 o 1 MW City-owned Facilities 24 8 MW Eastview closed landfill (Cooperative model) 25 o 7.5 privately held land (Cooperative Model) 26 28 MW Combined Heat and Power (CHP), including: 27 o Downtown 28 • Hanlon Creek Business Park 29 2 MW Biogas 30 a) Please provide the OPA's best estimate of the amount of solar PV, CHP and biogas 31 generation that it will contract for in the City of Guelph during each year from 2013 32 to 2026 inclusive. 33 b) Has the OPA estimated the cost-effectiveness of each of these projects in terms of 34 deferring the need for an upgrade of the Guelph transmission line and new or re-built 35 electricity generation capacity in the rest of Ontario? If yes, please provide the OPA's 36 analysis and estimates. 37 38

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> http://guelph.ca/wp-content/uploads/council\_agenda\_120312.pdf#page=132 (see pg. 132)

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### 1 <u>Response</u>

a) Over the past year, the OPA and the Ministry of Energy have been reviewing a number of initiatives, including the Feed-in-Tariff ("FIT") Program and the Combined Heat and Power Standard Offer Program ("CHPSOP"), in the context of rising electricity prices and the current needs of the Ontario electricity system.

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7Review of the FIT Program was completed in 2012, and based on the April 20128directive from the Minister of Energy, the OPA is currently in the process of9reviewing smallFIT ( $\leq 500$  kW) applications to support the award of up to 200 MW10of smallFIT contracts. The renewable generation projects referenced in the Guelph11City Council report are for facilities >500 kW in size, and therefore are not eligible12for the smallFIT procurement.

The review of CHPSOP is nearing completion. Subject to the outcome of the program review, only those applications that are eligible and complete will receive a contract offer under CHPSOP. There are numerous requirements that applications must meet, and the OPA does not expect that all applications received will be offered a contract.

Accordingly, at this time, the OPA cannot reasonably estimate the amount of
additional solar PV, CHP or biogas generation, if any, that may be contracted in the
City of Guelph during each year from 2013 to 2026 inclusive.

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26 27 b) The OPA has not estimated the cost-effectiveness of the proposed projects in the City of Guelph to the Feed-in-Tariff Program and Combined Heat and Power Standard Offer Program. These proposed projects even if contracted, in total, are not sufficient to defer the need for the recommended transmission reinforcements.

As noted in the response to Environmental Defence Interrogatory 8 at Exhibit I, Tab 2, Schedule 8, the OPA considered additional potential distributed generation in the KWCG area as an alternative to the recommended transmission reinforcements. As described in the response to Environmental Defence Interrogatory 26 a) at Exhibit I, Tab 2, Schedule 26 a), it is the OPA's view that additional distributed generation is not a feasible or cost-effective option for meeting the area's near- and medium-term needs.

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## Environmental Defence INTERROGATORY #22 List 1

Reference: Ex. B, Tab 1, Schedule 5, Page 20, Table 3; Guelph City Council Report No.
 FIN-CE-12-03 re: Guelph Area Transmission Refurbishment Project and the Community
 Energy Initiative (December 3, 2012)

- **Interrogatory**
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a) Please explain whether, and to what extent, the 60 MW of projects referred to in the enclosed and above-referenced Council Report are accounted for and netted out of the demand forecast numbers listed in Table 3 of the OPA KWCG Report (re demand forecast by subsystem net of conservation and DG).

b) Please provide a revised version of Table 3 based on the assumption that those 60
 MW of projects are all issued contracts by the OPA and constructed as soon as
 possible.

c) For each of the above referenced projects (totalling 60 MW), please explain why the
 OPA has not issued a contract for the specific project, whether the OPA intends to
 issue a contract in the near-term for each specific project, and if not, why not? Please
 also indicate in your answer the MW generation capacity for each project as well the
 resulting MW reduction in peak supply capacity need that can reliably be assumed
 will result from the project.

d) Please describe and list all steps taken by the OPA and Hydro One to determine
 whether the CDM and/or DG measures outlined in the City of Guelph Community
 Energy Plan could feasibly avoid or defer the need for a new transmission line in the
 KWCG area. Please provide all documentation (e.g. memos, reports, etc.) prepared by
 the OPA and Hydro One in this regard.

- 27 <u>Response</u>
- 28

a) The net summer peak demand in the KWCG area, as shown in Table 3,
Exhibit B, Tab 1, Schedule 5, includes the existing and committed (i.e., contracted)
distributed generation; it does not include un-contracted facilities such as the projects
referred to in the City of Guelph Council Report. Please refer to the response to
Environmental Defence Interrogatory 21 a) at Exhibit I, Tab 2, Schedule 21 a) for the
status of these procurement programs.

35

b) Connection points for the projects referred to in the City of Guelph Council Report
are required in order to provide a revised version of Table 3,
Exhibit B, Tab 1, Schedule 5. That is because the proposed projects could be located
within the City of Guelph, but not electrically connected in the South-Central Guelph
or Kitchener-Guelph subsystems. For example, a project that proposes to connect at
Campbell TS in Guelph would have no impact on the capacity needs of the South-

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Central Guelph or Kitchener-Guelph subsystems without additional transmission reinforcements.

c) Please refer to the response to Environmental Defence Interrogatory 21 a) for the status of the Feed-in-Tariff ("FIT") Program and the Combined Heat and Power Standard Offer Program ("CHPSOP").

Refer to the response to Environmental Defence Interrogatory 45, at
Exhibit I, Tab 2, S chedule 45 for a description of the methodology used for
determining the effective capacity of distributed generation resources.

d) The City of Guelph Community Energy Plan ("CEP") outlines the long-term vision and recommended conservation and distributed generation targets for the City of Guelph by 2031. The CEP does not outline specific CDM and distributed generation resources in the near- and medium-term. The GATR project is needed to address the near- and medium-term needs of the KWCG area, and as discussed in Exhibit B, Tab
6, Schedule 2, Attachment 3 is fully supported by the City of Guelph.

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1		Environmental Defence INTERROGATORY #26 List 1
2	De	forences Ev. P. Tak I. Schodulo 5. Pages 17.21
3 4	Re	nerence: Ex. B, 1ab 1, Schedule 5, Fages 17-21
5	In	terrogatory
6		
7 8	a)	Please describe and list all steps taken by the OPA to assess whether increased CDM and/or DG could avoid or defer the need for a new transmission line in the KWCG
9 10		area as well as the dates that each of these steps were taken. Please include a listing of the dates and subjects of all memos and reports prepared in this regard.
11		
12 13	b)	Please provide a copy of all documentation (e.g. memos, reports, etc.) prepared by the OPA in relation to an assessment of whether increased CDM and/or DG could avoid
14 15		or defer the need for a new transmission line in the KWCG area.
16	c)	Please describe and list all steps taken by Hydro One to assess whether increased
17	,	CDM and/or DG could avoid or defer the need for a new transmission line in the
18		KWCG area as well as the dates that each of these steps were taken. Please include a
19		listing of the dates and subjects of all memos and reports prepared in this regard.
20		
21	d)	Please provide a copy of all documentation (e.g. memos, reports, etc.) prepared by
22		Hydro One in relation to an assessment of whether increased CDM and/or DG could
23		avoid or defer the need for a new transmission line in the KWCG area.
24		
25	<u>Re</u>	sponse
26		
27 28	a)	Please refer to the response to Exhibit I, Tab 2, Schedule 44 for a description of the assessment of the feasibility of CDM in the KWCG area.
29		
30		Over the course of the KWCG study, the OPA on be half of the working group
31		evaluated additional distributed generation as a potential alternative to the
32		recommended transmission reinforcements to address the near- and medium-term
33		supply capacity needs in the area. While additional distributed generation is
34		technically capable of meeting the supply capacity needs in the KWCG area, it is the
35		OPA's view that additional distributed generation is not a feasible means of fully
36		addressing these needs due to the immediate nature and magnitude of the needs, the
37		uncertainty associated with the development of further facilities, as well as siting and
38		connection of facilities at the specific locations at which they are needed.
39		In addition, and the second
40		in addition, analysis was conducted to compare the cost of additional distributed
41		generation to that of the recommended transmission reinforcements, it was concluded
42		as the result of this analysis that authorial distributed generation is not cost-effective
43		compared to the recommended transmission remotechents.

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This analysis included the value that the distributed generation resources could 1 provide by concurrently contributing to both the local area peak capacity needs, 2 which exist today, and those of the broader system, which are anticipated to emerge 3 in 2018, thereby reducing the need for generation elsewhere in the Province. It is 4 anticipated that the system will have sufficient generation output from the existing 5 fleet of supply resources to meet energy needs at non-peak times. Accordingly, the 6 7 analysis took into account the energy displacement and excess energy that could occur through the operation of additional distributed generation alternatives. 8

A summary of the cost assessment, using typical examples of distributed generation, is shown in Attachment 1 to this Exhibit. The inputs to the cost assessment are estimates and based on generic facilities and planning assumptions. It is recognized that each generation project is unique and costs for actual projects can differ from those described in Attachment 1. This approach is appropriate for planning purposes and for relative comparison of the different alternatives.

17 It is the OPA's view that this analysis is sufficient to explain why the OPA and the 18 working group determined that additional CDM and/or DG was not feasible or cost-19 effective for addressing the KWCG area's needs; and production of underlying 20 documents is not necessary.

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b) Please see part a) above.

c) Hydro One depends on the OPA to conduct integrated planning including CDM, DG
 and transmission to meet the needs of the area. H ydro One therefore did not
 undertake any such steps and does not have such documents.

27 אר

d) Please see part c) above.

	EB-2013-0053 Exhibit 1-2-26 Attachment 1
	Page 1 of 3
Step 1: Estimate the All-In Annualized Cost of Typical DG Alternatives and the Recommended Transmission Al	Aternative
All-in annualized costs represent the annual portion of the total cost of building and operating a particular as allocating the total costs over the asset's useful life. The all-in annualized costs of typical DG alternatives and reinforcements are shown below in Table 1 in 2012 \$/MW-month; the assumptions underpinning these costs	isset; they are determined by nd the recommended transmission s are described below.
a) All-in annualized costs include capital, fixed, variable and fuel costs of the distributed generation alternatives the recommended transmission reinforcements. Input costs for the distributed generation alternatives is inforr program parameters (e.g. from CHPSOP and FIT 2.0), publically available capital and operating cost information include annual capacity factors, heat rates and fuel commodity costs. The cost of the recommended transmissi by Hydro One.	es, and capital and fixed costs of rrmed by a combination of: OPA in and planning assumptions that sion reinforcements were provide
b) All-in annualized costs are derived using a useful life of 20 years for generation assets, and 45 years for trans	ismission assets.
c) The all-In costs do not include costs of land or additional transmission reinforcements that may be required t facilities, or to address any remaining supply capacity needs that could arise from generation facilities being situ a transmission perspective).	l to connect distributed generation ited in non-optimal locations (from
d) All-in annualized costs are converted from 2012 \$/MW-yr to 2012 \$/MW-month by dividing by 12.	

Filed: May 16, 2013

Table 1

Estimated All-In Annualized Costs of Typical DG Alternatives and the Recommended Transmission Reinforcements	2012 \$/MW-month
Combined Heat and Power (CHP) on Natural Gas	40,000
Peaking Natural Gas	13,000
Solar - Ground Mount	29,000
Solar - Rooftop (10-250 kW)	45,000
Recommended Transmission Reinforcements	2,200

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Step 2: Estimate the Present Value Total Cost of Each of the Alternatives

the distributed generation in meeting broader system peak capacity needs (that are expected to emerge in 2018) as well as the energy distributed generation alternatives and recommended transmission reinforcements (refer to Step 1 above), and to reflect the value of estimated present value of the alternatives is presented below in Table 3 in 2012\$; the assumptions underpinning these costs are The purpose of this step is to estimate the present value of the annual cash flows associated with building and operating the that would be displaced in the system through the operation of the distributed generation alternative in the local area. The described below.

and Cambridge was calculated using the magnitude of the area's need by 2023 and the capacity contribution of each of the distributed a) The installed amount of distributed generation required to meet the peak capacity need in South-Central Guelph, Kitchener-Guelph generation alternatives. Refer to Table 2 below.

Table 2	
Peak Capacity Needs (MW) by 2023 in: South-Central Guelph Kitchener-Guelph Cambridge	186
DG Alternative	Installed Capacity (MW) Required to Meet Peak Capacity Needs
Combined Heat and Power (CHP) on Natural Gas	190
Peaking Natural Gas	190
Solar - Ground Mount	620
Solar - Rooftop (10-250 kW)	620

b) The required installed capacity for each of the distributed generation alternatives was multiplied by its corresponding all-in annualized cost to represent the annual cash flow associated with building and operating the facility in 2012 \$. For the recommended transmission reinforcements, the all-in annualized cost was multiplied by 186 MW - the peak needs in 2023 in South-Central Guelph, Kitchener-Guelph and Cambridge.

distributed generation alternatives (based on planning assumptions). The annual value of displaced energy was subtracted from the multiplying an estimate of the system marginal cost by an estimate of the amount of energy that would be produced by each of the c) The annual value of displaced system energy that would occur through distributed generation operation was determined by

				Filed: May 16, 2013 EB-2013-0053 Exhibit 1-2-26 Attachment 1 Page 3 of 3
annual cost described in step b) above; the preser	nt value of the resultant c	ash flows to 2023 is shown in COLUN	MN A of Table 3, b	jelow.
d) The value that distributed generation can provi including the cost of building and operating a peal recommended transmission reinforcements, start of technical and cost considerations, a peaking na peak capacity needs. This cost is represented in C	ide to the broader system king natural gas facility (s ting in 2018 (the time frar itural gas facility is assum COLUMN B of Table 3, bel	n in contributing to peak capacity nee ized at 190 MW as per Table 2) to th me in which peaking needs are expec ed to be the most appropriate resou ow.	eds was factored i le cost of the cted to emerge). I irce to meet the sy	n by In terms ystem's
e) The total estimated present value cost of each relative performance of the alternatives, compare below.	alternative is determined ed to the recommended t	I by adding COLUMN A and COLUMN ransmission reinforcements, is show	l B of Table 3, belc /n in COLUMN C o	ow. The if Table 3
f) A social discount rate of 4 percent was used to	estimate the present valu	Je costs.		
Table 3 (2012 \$ in Millions)	COLUMN A	COLUMN B	COLUMN A+B	COLUMN C
Typical DG Alternatives and the Recommended Transmission Reinforcements	Estimated PV of All-In Costs & Energy Displacement to 2023	Estimated PV of All-In Cost for Additional Generation (@ peaking natural gas) Required in the Rest of the Province Starting in 2018	Total Estimated PV Cost	Delta from Recommended Transmission Reinforcements
Combined Heat and Power (CHP) on Natural Gas	395		395	250
Peaking Natural Gas	160	ı	160	15
Solar - Ground Mount	1,245	ı	1,245	1,100
Solar - Rooftop (10-250 kW)	2,045	I	2,045	1,900
Recommended Transmission Reinforcements	45	100	145	ı

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### Environmental Defence INTERROGATORY #29 List 1

2 Reference: Ex. B, Tab 1, Schedule 4, Page 1 3 4 **Interrogatory** 5 6 a) Did any members of the KWCG Working Group request that the OPA implement 7 additional CDM programs and/or procure more DG in the KWCG area relative to 8 what the OPA's evidence in this proceeding states that it is proposing to do? If "yes", 9 please identify all the members that made such a request and fully describe their 10 requests and the OPA's responses. 11 b) Please provide copies of all of the KWCG Working Group's meeting agendas and 12 minutes and reports. 13 **Response** 14 15 a) No members of the KWCG working group requested that the OPA implement 16 additional CDM programs and/or procure more distributed generation in the KWCG 17

area relative to what the OPA is proposing in its evidence.

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b) The KWCG Working Group's report is not finalized; however, to assist the Board
and intervenors, the OPA is providing a copy of the draft report at Exhibit I, Tab 2,
Schedule 30, Attachment 1. The OPA is not providing copies of all Working Group
documentation.

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#### Environmental Defence INTERROGATORY #31 List 1

**Reference:** Ex. B, Tab 1, Schedule 5, Page 10, Table 1; and Ex B, Tab 4, Schedule 3, Pages 5 and 6.

Interrogatory

a) Please provide Hydro One's forecast of the peak day demands of the KWCG area and each of the subsystems listed in Ex. B, Tab 1, Schedule 5, Page 10, Table 1 for each year from 2013 to 2040 inclusive.

b) Please provide the studies and analyses that support Hydro One's load forecasts.

#### Response

a) Each Local Distribution Company provided a load forecast for each of their stations.
 These forecasts were sent to the OPA where they were merged to produce the area and subsystem forecasts. Hydro One did not provide the area or subsystems load forecasts.

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b) Please see response to 31 a).

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#### Environmental Defence INTERROGATORY #40 List 1 1 2 Reference: Ex. B, Tab 1, Schedule 5, Section 5 3 4 **Interrogatory** 5 6 On page 13, the OPA KWCG Report states as follows: 7 8 Today, the double-circuit 115 kV transmission line (B5G/B6G) supplying 9 South-Central Guelph from Burlington TS has a load meeting capability of 10 approximately 100 MW. ... Based on the summer peak demand in the 11 South-Central Guelph area, this supply capacity was exceeded in 2012 and 12 is expected to remain beyond capacity over the next decade. Additional 13 capacity is therefore required to meet current and growing electricity 14 demand in the area. Until additional capacity is provided, operating 15 measures (such as opening bus-tie breakers) will be required, resulting in a 16 degradation of the level of supply security to the area. 17 18 a) Describe how the operating measures (such as "opening bus-tie breakers") in the 19 South-Guelph 115kV subsystem have assisted in meeting the subsystem's supply 20 needs until now. Please describe all operating measures used, including "opening bus-21 tie breakers." 22 23 b) What other operating measures were investigated? 24 25 c) The OPA states that these operating measures degrade the level of system security to 26 the area. Please describe how these operating measures degrade the level of system 27 security to the area? 28 29 Response 30 31 a) The load meeting capability of 100 MW on B5G/B6G is derived based on the 32 conditions and testing set out by the ORTAC. The transmission system is designed 33 such that no load is interrupted and all equipment ratings are respected following 34 single element outages. 35 36 Under actual operations the IESO and Ontario Grid Control Centre ("OGCC") must 37 ensure safe and reliable operation of the system at all times. As such, the IESO and 38 the OGCC have been required to implement temporary operational measures 39 whenever the 100 MW threshold is expected to be exceeded on the South-Central 40 Guelph 115 kV system. Opening the bus-tie breakers at each of the transformer 41 stations in the area so that the load is supplied solely from one circuit or the other is 42 one of the primary operational measures used by the IESO and the OGCC. Because 43 these loads are no longer supplied from two sources, a contingency involving either 44

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of these circuits will automatically result in load being interrupted. In the event of a single element outage on the South-Central Guelph 115 kV subsystem, half of the load in South-Central Guelph will be interrupted. This effectively results in a degradation of the level of supply security to the area.

b) In addition to opening bus-ties breakers, other operational measures such as load rejection (if available) and load transfers (limited availability) may be used to ensure safe and reliable operation of the South-Central Guelph 115 kV subsystem.

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c) Please see part a) above.

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I	Environmental Defence INTERROGATORY #44 List 1
2	D. C. J. D. Tab. 1. Cabadala 5. Casting 6. Daga 19
3	Reference: Ex. B, Tab T, Schedule 5, Section 6, Page 18
4	Interrogutory
6	Incrogutory
7	On page 18, the OPA states that it is the view of the OPA that additional conservation is
8	not a feasible means of addressing the KWCG area's near- and medium-term needs.
9	Please describe the background to the OPA's experience with conservation programs on
10	why additional conservation is not feasible. Please cite examples in other regions of the
11	provinces.
12	D
13	<u>Kesponse</u>
14	The KWCG area has both a supply capacity need and a restoration need in the near- to
16	medium- term.
17	
18	Conservation is not a resource that can be used to restore power to customers following a
19	transmission outage and thus cannot resolve the KWCG area's restoration needs.
20	
21	Conservation can be an effective resource for addressing capacity needs. The planned
22	conservation of nearly 2/0 MW by 2023 for the KWCG area will contribute to deterring the KWCG area's conscitut needs as shown in Exhibit B. Tab 1. Schedule 5, page 22
23	the Kwee area's capacity needs as shown in Exhibit D, 1ab 1, Schedule 5, page 22.
2 <del>4</del> 25	The OPA's view that additional conservation is not a feasible means of addressing the
26	KWCG area's near and medium-term needs is based on the OPA's experience
27	coordinating province-wide conservation efforts. Since 2006 the OPA has worked
28	closely with industry partners including LDCs and a broad range of stakeholders to
29	design and deliver energy saving initiatives for homes and businesses. The amount of
30	additional conservation that would be required to fully address the KWCG area's near-
31	conservation especially for the South-Central Guelph and Cambridge subsystems
33	conservation, especially for the South-Central Ouelph and Camoridge subsystems.
34	As shown in the table below, by 2016, this would mean achieving more than four times
35	the amount of conservation as a percentage of load for South-Central Guelph and more
36	than twice the amount of conservation as a percentage of load for the Cambridge
37	subsystem relative to the planned conservation amounts. Due to this immediate nature
38	and magnitude of the capacity needs in the KWCG area, it is not feasible for conservation
39	to fully address the region's hear- and medium-term needs.
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	2016 Gross Demand (MW)	2016 Planned Conservation	Planned CDM as % of Load	2016 Incremental Conservation	Planned & Incremental CDM as %
South-Central	150	(MW) 12	8%	37	33%
Cambridge	443	37	8%	31	15%

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The amount of planned conservation savings for the KWCG area was allocated from the OPA's Provincial conservation forecast, which is in line with the conservation targets described in the Long-Term Energy Plan ("LTEP") and prescribed in the Supply Mix Directive. These targets are aggressive and will require a significant level of effort to achieve.

On November 12, 2010, the OEB established two mandatory CDM targets for each LDC:
a 2014 net annual peak demand savings target and a 2011-2014 net cumulative energy
savings target. These LDC targets are included as part of the planned conservation
savings for the KWCG region.

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The table below shows the KWCG LDC's progress towards their peak demand savings target. The KWCG LDCs are among the top performing LDCs, performing well compared to the provincial average. However, there is still a significant amount of work remaining for them to achieve the 2014 target.

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	2011 Net Annual Peak Demand Savings (MW)	Net Annual Peak Demand Savings Persisting in 2014 (MW)	2014 Annual CDM Capacity Target (MW)	% of Target Achieved
Cambridge and North	-			
Dumfries Hydro Inc.	3.21	2.45	17.68	14%
Guelph Hydro Electric				
Systems Inc.	3.42	2.93	16.71	18%
Kitchener-Wilmot			15	
Hydro Inc.	4.63	2.49	21.56	12%
Waterloo North Hydro				
Inc.	2.10	1.45	15.79	9%
Hydro One Networks				
Inc.*	35.05	17.42	213.66	8%
Provincial LDC Total	215.7	128.9	1330.0	10%

19 \*Note: Hydro One serves a significant number of customers outside of the KWCG area, and as such only a

20 portion of their savings will have taken place in the KWCG area

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It may be possible in the longer term to achieve more conservation in the KWCG area above currently planned amounts. As such, the OPA will continue to monitor conservation results in the KWCG area and look for opportunities for further cost effective conservation to address supply capacity needs of the area over the longer term.