

## Interaction of Inflation, TFP, Stretch and ICM

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for School Energy Coalition



## **Capital Spending Trends**

- 2012 Data on Capital Additions
  - Industry (weighted average) -
    - $-\,238\%\,\,of\,\,depreciation$
    - \$854 million ICM (130% threshold)
  - Simple Average
    - 244% of depreciation
  - Industry Excl. Hydro One and Toronto
    - 238% of depreciation
- Impact on Rates under Current ICM
  - 2.6% annual rate increase (average)



# **Capital Spending Trends**

- 2005-2011 Data on Capital Additions
  - Industry (weighted average) -
    - 192% of depreciation
  - Industry Excl. Hydro One and Toronto
    - 179% of depreciation



### **Yearbook Data**

Capital Additions vs. Depreciation 2005-2012						
Year	CapAdds	ex. T/H1	Deprec.	ex. T/H1	Industry	ex. T/H1
2005	\$868,648,410	\$426,449,443	\$633,034,870	\$286,418,011	137.22%	148.89%
2006	\$1,074,037,660	\$497,481,291	\$676,385,286	\$301,153,495	158.79%	165.19%
2007	\$1,347,211,657	\$567,590,953	\$710,483,197	\$318,311,816	189.62%	178.31%
2008	\$1,372,884,926	\$603,468,317	\$742,706,093	\$327,195,485	184.85%	184.44%
2009	\$1,457,372,544	\$590,047,382	\$765,251,029	\$342,948,714	190.44%	172.05%
2010	\$1,804,926,943	\$691,548,390	\$804,634,237	\$361,965,537	224.32%	191.05%
2011	\$1,934,710,507	\$733,268,965	\$794,041,531	\$360,623,213	243.65%	203.33%
2012	\$1,864,090,893	\$802,292,406	\$783,141,384	\$336,623,444	238.03%	238.34%



## **Rate Implications**

- **Inflation 1.7%**
- Productivity 0.0%
- Average Stretch 0.3%
- **Average ICM 2.6%**
- Total average IRM increase 4.0%
- Plus incremental Custom IR rates



#### **Issues**

- Overall rate increases unsustainable
  - 4.0% vs. 1.4%
    - \$1.44 billion more over five years
    - Annual revenue +\$500 million in 2018
- Bias against smaller utilities
  - ICM available at high regulatory cost
  - therefore, majority of rate increases only available to larger utilities



## **Solutions**

- Reduce the basic IRM increase
  - Increase productivity factor
  - Increase stretch factor
  - Apply IRM escalator to percentage of costs
- Limit the ICM
  - Increase the threshold to industry average
    - Probably 200% of depreciation, plus growth
  - Limit eligible capital spending
    - e.g. Reinstate the "extraordinary" criterion