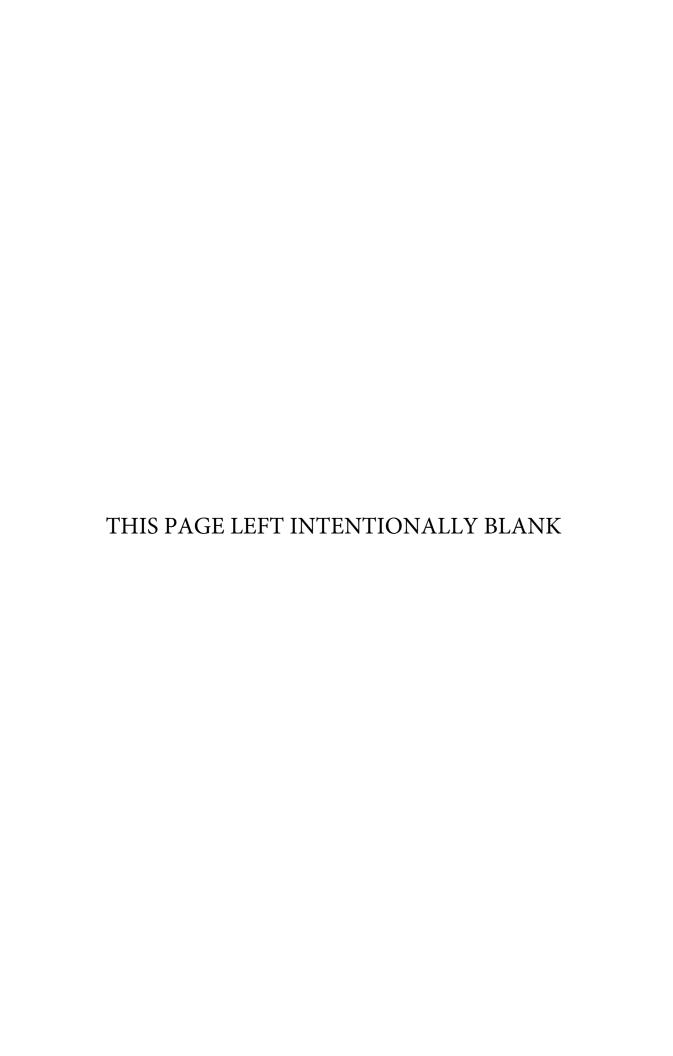
Ontario Energy Board

IN THE MATTER OF the *Ontario Energy Board Act, 1998*, S.O. 1998, c. 15, (Schedule B);

AND IN THE MATTER OF an application by Toronto Hydro-Electric System Limited for an order approving just and reasonable rates and other charges for electricity distribution to be effective May 1, 2015.

VULNERABLE ENERGY CONSUMERS COALITION ("VECC") CROSS-EXAMINATION COMPENDIUM

PANEL 4 FEBRUARY 25, 2015



EB-2014-0116

Exhibit 4A

Tab 1

Schedule 5

Filed: 2014 Jul 31

Corrected: 2014 Nov 24

Page 1 of 1

OEB Appendix 2-L Recoverable OM&A Cost per Customer and per FTE

	Last Rebasing Year (2011 Actuals)	2012 Actuals	2013 Actuals	2014 Bridge Year	2014 Bridge Year	2015 Test Year	
Reporting Basis	CGAAP	USGAAP	USGAAP	USGAAP	MIFRS	MIFRS	/C
Number of Customers (mid-year)	705,756.00	713,093.00	724,144.00	736,974.00	736,974.00	749,679.00	
Total Recoverable OM&A from Appendix 2-JB	\$238.6	\$215.8	\$246.4	\$246.6	\$245.3	\$269.5	/c
OM&A cost per customer	\$ 338.08	\$ 302.63	\$ 340.26	\$ 334.68	\$ 332.91	\$ 359.51	/C
Number of FTEs	1,737	1,601	1,527	1,537	1,537	1,564	/C
Customers/FTEs	406.30	445.46	474.10	479.62	479.62	479.49	/C
OM&A Cost per FTE	137,360.81	134,806.50	161,319.54	160,517.12	159,671.09	172,378.66	/C

Notes:

- 1 If it has been more than three years since the applicant last filed a cost of service application, additional years of historical actuals should be incorporated into the table, as necessary, to go back to the last cost of service application. If the applicant last filed a cost of service application less than three years ago, a minimum of three years of actual information is required.
- 2 The method of calculating the number of customers must be identified.
- 3 The method of calculating the number of FTEs must be identified. See also Appendix 2-K
- 4 The number of customers and the number of FTEs should correspond to mid-year or average of January 1 and December 31 figures.
- 5 Toronto Hydro notes that its OM&A per customer metrics do not account for an estimated 300,000 behind-the-bulk-meter multi-unit dwelling customers.

Toronto Hydro-Electric System Limited EB-2014-0116 Interrogatory Responses

4A-CCC-33 Filed: 2014 Nov 5 Page 1 of 2

RESPONSES TO CONSUMERS COUNCIL OF CANADA INTERROGATORIES

2	Reference(s):	Exhibit 4A, Tab 1, Schedule 5	
3			
4			
5	Please explain why	Toronto Hydro's OM&A cost per customer and OM&A cost per FT	E
6	have increased signi	ficantly since 2011.	
7			
8			
9	RESPONSE:		
10	Toronto Hydro notes	s that a significant portion of its average OM&A increase over the	
11	2011-2015 timefram	e is driven by the 2015 Test Year amount, which includes a number	
12	of incremental exper	nditures associated with new or evolving operational needs and	
13	functional requireme	ents. From 2011 to 2014, OM&A increased by an average of 1.1%	
	•		
14	per year. According	ly, a significant portion of the average 2011-2015 increase in OM&	A
14 15		r FTE is associated with the incremental Test Year expenditures.	A
			A
15	per customer and pe		A
15 16	per customer and per In addition, the OM	r FTE is associated with the incremental Test Year expenditures.	A
15 16 17	per customer and per In addition, the OMA Appendices 2JA to 2	FTE is associated with the incremental Test Year expenditures. &A per customer and per FTE calculations as provided in the	A
15 16 17 18	per customer and per In addition, the OMo Appendices 2JA to 2 restructuring costs the	**ETE is associated with the incremental Test Year expenditures. &A per customer and per FTE calculations as provided in the CL (Exhibit 4A, Tab 1, Schedule 2) exclude the significant OM&A	A
15 16 17 18 19	per customer and per In addition, the OMA Appendices 2JA to 2 restructuring costs the restructuring costs shows a second cost of the cost	**ETE is associated with the incremental Test Year expenditures. &A per customer and per FTE calculations as provided in the CL (Exhibit 4A, Tab 1, Schedule 2) exclude the significant OM&A nat the utility incurred in 2012. Toronto Hydro believes that the	
15 16 17 18 19 20	per customer and per In addition, the OMA Appendices 2JA to 2 restructuring costs the restructuring costs should but has presented the	&A per customer and per FTE calculations as provided in the La (Exhibit 4A, Tab 1, Schedule 2) exclude the significant OM&A nat the utility incurred in 2012. Toronto Hydro believes that the hould be included in the calculation in the year they were incurred,	
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	per customer and per In addition, the OMo Appendices 2JA to 2 restructuring costs the restructuring costs shout has presented the OEB direction. Who	**ETE is associated with the incremental Test Year expenditures. &A per customer and per FTE calculations as provided in the CL (Exhibit 4A, Tab 1, Schedule 2) exclude the significant OM&A nat the utility incurred in 2012. Toronto Hydro believes that the hould be included in the calculation in the year they were incurred, excepts in the Appendices 2JA to 2L in the manner consistent with the	
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	per customer and per In addition, the OMo Appendices 2JA to 2 restructuring costs the restructuring costs shout has presented the OEB direction. Who customer over the himself.	**FTE is associated with the incremental Test Year expenditures. &A per customer and per FTE calculations as provided in the Laction (Exhibit 4A, Tab 1, Schedule 2) exclude the significant OM&A nat the utility incurred in 2012. Toronto Hydro believes that the hould be included in the calculation in the year they were incurred, a costs in the Appendices 2JA to 2L in the manner consistent with the adjusted for restructuring costs, Toronto Hydro's OM&A per	ne

Panel: Planning and Strategy

INTERROGATORY 33:

Toronto Hydro-Electric System Limited EB-2014-0116 Interrogatory Responses 4A-CCC-33 Filed: 2014 Nov 5

Filed: 2014 Nov 5 Page 2 of 2

RESPONSES TO CONSUMERS COUNCIL OF CANADA INTERROGATORIES

- 1 (approximately 256 FTE) relative to 2011. Please refer to the pre-filed evidence at
- 2 Exhibit 4A, Tab 4, Schedule 3 for more information.

Toronto Hydro-Electric System Limited EB-2014-0116 Interrogatory Responses 4A-CCC-34

Filed: 2014 Nov 5 Page 1 of 1

RESPONSES TO CONSUMERS COUNCIL OF CANADA INTERROGATORIES

1	INTERROGATO	RY 34:
2	Reference(s):	Exhibit 4A, Tab 2, Schedule 13, page 3
3		
4		
5	Has Toronto Hydro	done a business case analysis regarding monthly billing? If so,
6	please provide that	business case analysis. If the Board mandates monthly billing by
7	January 1, 2016, wh	at will be the costs and benefits for Toronto Hydro? How would
8	Toronto Hydro prop	oose that mandated monthly billing be implemented in the context of
9	its five-year plan?	
10		
11		
12	RESPONSE:	
13	Toronto Hydro has	conducted a business case analysis regarding the conversion to
14	monthly billing. Th	is analysis is outlined in Toronto Hydro's recent submission in
15	response to the EB-	2014-0198, Draft Report of the Board: Electricity and Natural Gas
16	Distributor's Reside	ential Customer Billing Practices and Performance, attached as
17	Appendix A to this	response.
18		
19	In terms of the impl	ementation strategy, Toronto Hydro would propose, if mandated, that
20	the lowest cost trans	sition strategy would be to combine this effort with the next planned
21	software version up	grade of Toronto Hydro's Customer Information System, which is
22	tentatively projected	d to be undertaken in the latter years of the this CIR filing period.
23	Toronto Hydro wou	ld nevertheless anticipate that, were the OEB to proceed with
24	mandatory monthly	billing, utilities would be allowed to recover any incremental costs in
25	a timely manner.	

Panel: General Plant Capital, Operations and Administration

Ontario Energy Board P.O. Box 2319 2300 Yonge Street 27th Floor Toronto ON M4P 1E4

Telephone: 416-481-1967 Facsimile: 416-440-7656 Toll free: 1-888-632-6273 Commission de l'énergie de l'Ontario C.P. 2319

C.P. 2319 2300, rue Yonge 27^e étage

Toronto ON M4P 1E4 Téléphone: 416-481-1967 Télécopieur: 416-440-7656

Numéro sans frais: 1-888-632-6273



BY EMAIL AND WEB POSTING

February 5, 2015

NOTICE OF PROPOSAL

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM CODE

BOARD FILE NO.: EB-2014-0198

To: All Electricity and Natural Gas Distributors

All Participants in Consultation Process EB-2014-0198

All Other Interested Parties

The Ontario Energy Board (the "Board") is giving notice under section 70.2 of the *Ontario Energy Board Act, 1998* of proposed amendments to the Distribution System Code (the "DSC") in relation to billing frequency, the use of estimated billing, and billing accuracy.

I. <u>Background</u>

A. Billing Frequency and Estimated Billing

On June 27, 2014, the Board issued a letter announcing the commencement of a policy review of electricity and natural gas distributors' residential customer billing practices and performance with a focus on ensuring that consumers have timely and accurate billing to assist them in better understanding their energy use and controlling their costs.

On September 18, 2014 the Board issued a <u>Draft Report of the Board on Electricity and Natural Gas Distributors' Residential Customer Billing Practices and Performance</u> (the "draft Report") with analysis of the survey results. The draft Report also posed a number of questions related to monthly billing and estimated billing for stakeholder comment. The draft Report provided an analysis of the billing practices, including billing frequency and the use of estimated billing, by natural gas and electricity distributors. In the draft

II. Proposed Amendments to the DSC

A. Introduction

The Board is proposing to amend the DSC to codify rules relating to frequency of billing, estimated billing, and billing accuracy. A summary of the proposed amendments to the DSC is set out below. The full text of the proposed amendments is set out in Attachment A to this Notice.

B. Billing Frequency

In the draft Report, the Board indicated that all non-seasonal residential electricity customers in Ontario should be billed on a monthly basis by January 1, 2016.

Based on the comments received, the Board has decided to extend the timeline for the transition to mandatory monthly billing for all electricity distributors for non-seasonal residential customers to December 31, 2016.

The Board has also decided to extend this rule to the general service less than 50 kW rate class. The deadline for issuing monthly bills to this rate class will also be December 31, 2016.

Section 2.6.1A will be added to the DSC to require all distributors to issue monthly bills to non-seasonal residential customers and general service under 50 kW customers. Distributors will not be required to provide monthly billing to seasonal customers.

The Board believes that this is the most effective way to ensure that customers have timely information to gain a better understanding of their electricity consumption so that they can better manage their electricity usage and control their costs.

C. Estimated Billing

To ensure there is transparency on billing estimate practices, the Board is proposing amendments to section 2.4.6 of the DSC to make distributors add descriptions of their estimated billing practices to their Conditions of Service.

Toronto Hydro-Electric System Limited EB-2014-0116 Interrogatory Responses 4A-VECC-44

Filed: 2014 Nov 5 Page 1 of 1

RESPONSES TO VULNERABLE ENERGY CONSUMERS COALITION INTERROGATORIES

1	IN	TERROGATO	RY 44:
2	Re	ference(s):	Exhibit 4A, Tab 2, Schedule 13, page 3
3			
4			
5	a)	Please provide	an estimate of the increase/decrease in billing, collection and custome
6		care costs if TI	HESL were to move all customers to monthly billing.
7	b)	Please explain	what offset in working capital might be expected.
8	c)	If THESL has	not previously undertaken any study of this issue please provide the
9		best estimate a	nd a general or directional explanation.
10			
11			
12	RF	ESPONSE:	
13	a)	Costs are proje	cted to increase incrementally over the current operating budget by a
14		total amount of	approximately \$6.1 million. This can be further categorized as an
15		increase in the	costs of Billing of \$4.3 million, costs of Collections of \$0.9 million
16		and costs of Cu	stomer Care of \$0.9 million. In addition, one-time costs to facilitate
17		the transition a	re forecasted to be \$3.0 million in capital costs and \$2.2 million in
18		operating expe	nditures.
19			
20	b)	Toronto Hydro	estimates the offset in working capital in the amount of approximately
21		\$1.9 million.	
22			
23	c)	Please see the	response to Interrogatory 4A-CCC-34.



Director, Rates & Regulatory Affairs Toronto Hydro-Electric System Limited 14 Carlton Street Toronto, ON M5B 1K5 Telephone: 416.542.2729 Facsimile: 416.542.3024

regulatoryaffairs@torontohydro.com

www.torontohydro.com



EB-2014-0116

Toronto Hydro-Electric System Limited

October 9, 2014

via RESS e-filing – signed original to follow by courier

Ms. Kirsten Walli Board Secretary Ontario Energy Board PO Box 2319 2300 Yonge Street, 27th floor Toronto, ON M4P 1E4

Dear Ms. Walli:

Re: Toronto Hydro-Electric System Limited ("THESL")

Draft Report of the Board: Electricity and Natural Gas Distributors' Residential

Customer Billing Practices and Performance

OEB File No. EB-2014-0198

THESL writes to the Ontario Energy Board ("OEB") in respect of the above-noted matter.

On September 18, 2014 the Ontario Energy Board ("OEB") released a Draft Report of the Board entitled *Electricity and Natural Gas Distributors' Residential Customer Billing Practices and Performance* ("The Draft Report"). In the Draft Report, among other issues, the OEB conveys its intent to mandate the issuance of monthly electricity bills for all residential customers in Ontario starting January 1, 2016. The key considerations cited as driving the contemplated transition are enabling customers to better manage their consumption, control costs and budget for the expenditures associated with their electricity bills. While the Draft Report acknowledges that a mandatory transition to monthly billing would likely result in incremental costs, it expresses its expectation that such costs should be largely offset by the benefits of monthly billing and related activities, including improved cash flow / working capital reductions, reduced arrears and bad debt expenditures and enhanced customer communications. Further cost efficiencies are also expected from the assumed increases in the uptake of e-billing services that provide opportunities for cost reductions in the areas of printing and delivery.

In the Report, the OEB poses two specific questions to the utilities, namely to:

- (1) List the potential barriers and anticipated benefits of the mandatory monthly billing transition as contemplated and;
- (2) Discuss the merits of a similar transition for seasonal customers.

- 1. Rectifying known billing system challenges
- 2. Update configuration, schedules and move customers to monthly cycles
- 3. Volume test to identify bottlenecks in system performance and operational processes
- 4. Rectify issues found through volume testing
- 5. Validate that bill accuracy and timeliness remained unaffected past the transition.

Each step plays a distinct role in facilitating the transition by undertaking the necessary modifications and/or testing of software, hardware and business processes that support monthly billing. Of critical importance are the volume testing activities (Steps 4-5), the associated rectification and subsequent retesting to ensure that the amended processes and infrastructure do not result in errors that can have a major impact on the utility's service quality, customer satisfaction performance and costs of rectifying any unanticipated issues post-transition.

The one-time costs incurred during the project consist of capital (Capitalized IT Labour, IT Hardware) and OM&A expenditures (general labour). The table below provides a summary of the range of potential costs, based on a "Favourable" and a "Conservative" scenario:

Estimated One-Time Costs

Scenario	Business Labour	IT Labour	Hardware	Total (\$M)*
Favourable	\$2.2	\$1.6	\$1.4	\$5.2
Conservative	\$4.0	\$3.0	\$1.4	\$8.3

^{*} numbers may not add up due to rounding

THESL has also evaluated three alternative implementation approaches to the Base Case that vary according to their respective scopes, underlying drivers and associated risks:

Alternative 1:

Merge implementation with suitable major customer care projects planned for in the medium-term.

Pro: Lower costs (40%-50% of the Base Case) and work effort due to shared analysis and testing effort.

Con: Project timing/scheduling significantly outside of the OEB timeline (CC&B upgrade planned for 2018).

Alternative 2:

Full redesign of THESL's customer care business processes related to billing accuracy to optimize the system performance, enhance accuracy and efficiency, and manage the recurring costs.

Estimated Recurring Cost of Monthly Billing (\$M)

Cost Category	Incremental Cost
Postage	\$2.6
Paper	\$0.1
Envelope	\$0.2
Printing	\$0.2
Incremental Billing Enquiries (Call Centre)	\$0.7
Meter Data Management, manual reads and Verification/Edits	\$0.9
Clerical Billing tasks	\$0.5
Payment Processing	\$0.5
Collections Activities	\$0.2
Corporate Communications	\$0.2
TOTAL	\$6.1

^{*} numbers may not add up due to rounding

The estimates presented above reflect reasonable assumptions, including incremental staffing using partially outsourced labour, and lower incremental call volumes per bill issued than what is currently the case, among others. As noted above, THESL prepared these estimates on the basis of its experience with implementing customer care initiatives of large magnitude, the state of its current processes associated with data collection, bill issuance and payment processing, customer contact behaviour, current cost structures and contractual arrangements, and other similar information. Given the information available to support certain assumptions, the forecasted costs, once realized, could vary by up to 20%.

In calculating the incremental costs, THESL took a conservative approach and assumed certain tasks would not simply double in volume. Should the OEB elect to conduct further stakeholdering on this issue, as suggested by THESL in this submission, the utility would welcome the opportunities to work with other distributors that have completed transitions to monthly billing in recent years to confirm these assumptions based on these distributors' experience.

THESL further notes that the above calculations include only the direct costs, specifically attributable to the transition project as proposed in the Draft Report. To obtain the full estimate of costs, further assumptions need to be made for other costs, including lost staff productivity throughout and for at least 6 months following the transition project, the impact (financial, operational and reputational), associated with postponement of other planned projects to divert resources to billing transition, incremental

Toronto Hydro-Electric System Limited EB-2014-0116 Interrogatory Responses 4A-CCC-35

Filed: 2014 Nov 5 Page 1 of 2

RESPONSES TO CONSUMERS COUNCIL OF CANADA INTERROGATORIES

1	INTERROGATO	RY 35:
2	Reference (s):	Exhibit 4A, Tab 2, Schedule 13, page 2
3		
4		
5	Please provide deta	ailed budgets for each of the Customer Care "segments" for each year
6	2011-2015. Please	provide the Board approved amounts for 2011.
7		
8		
9	RESPONSE:	
10	Since OM&A was	settled on an envelope basis in the last rebasing application (EB-2010-
11	0142), the OEB did	I not approve detailed budgets for the 2011 test year. Therefore,
12	Toronto Hydro can	not provide the requested OEB-Approved numbers for each Customer
13	Care segment. Tor	onto Hydro notes that on a total basis, the OEB-Approved and the
14	2011 actual expend	litures only differed by \$0.6 million (\$238 million OEB-Approved vs.
15	\$238.6 million actu	ual expenditures), so actual 2011 expenditures can be used as a proxy
16	for OEB Approved	amounts for that particular year.
17		
18	The table below pro	ovides the 2011-2013 actuals, 2014 year end forecast, and 2015 year
19	forecast for each C	ustomer Care segment.

Interrogatory Responses

4A-CCC-35

Filed: 2014 Nov 5 Page 2 of 2

RESPONSES TO CONSUMERS COUNCIL OF CANADA INTERROGATORIES

Customer Care Program (\$millions)	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Billing, Remittance & Meter Data Management (Segment)					
Internal Labour	6.8	5.9	7.5	8.1	8.4
External Services	3.9	3.4	3.5	3.9	4.9
Materials	0.0	0.0	(0.0)	0.1	0.1
Other	3.7	4.4	3.6	4.3	5.3
Total Billing, Remittance & Meter Data Management (Segment)	14.5	13.7	14.6	16.4	18.7
Collections (Segment)					
Internal Labour	1.9	1.1	1.2	2.8	3.1
External Services	1.5	1.8	2.7	2.5	2.5
Materials	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other	8.9	6.0	7.1	6.9	7.4
Total Total Billing, Remittance & Meter Data Management (Segment)	12.3	8.9	11.1	12.2	13.1
Communications & Public Affairs (Segment)					
Internal Labour	1.9	2.2	3.0	1.9	1.7
External Services	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.9
Materials	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2
Other	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Total Communications & Public Affairs (Segment)	3.0	3.3	4.0	3.1	3.0
Customer Relationship Management (Segment)					
Internal Labour	7.7	5.9	5.3	5.3	5.5
External Services	4.2	5.3	4.6	4.9	5.6
Materials	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.2
Total Customer Relationship Management (Segment)	12.1	11.5	10.1	10.4	11.3
Total Customer Care Program	41.9	37.5	39.7	42.2	46.1

- The "Other" category within the Billing, Remittance & Meter Data Management segment
- 2 is made up of postage and printing costs for customer invoices and the bad debt expense
- 3 related to non-electricity billings.
- 5 The "Other" category within the Collections segment contains bad debt expenses related
- 6 to electricity customer billings.

4

Panel: General Plant Capital, Operations and Administration

Toronto Hydro-Electric System Limited EB-2014-0116 Exhibit 4A

Exhibit 4A Tab 4 Schedule 5 ORIGINAL Page 11 of 15

PAGE 15

1	(4) to clarify the process that applied to employees progressing along wage scales in
2	the Collective Agreement.

3 All of these objectives were achieved during the 2012 negotiations.

4

- For the purpose of these negotiations, Toronto Hydro considered comparable market
- data, which was collected through a review of external surveys and external
- 7 compensation data. Toronto Hydro compared base salary and variable performance pay
- against information from companies within the utility sector (such as Hydro One). As a
- 9 result of these analyses, Toronto Hydro's compensation position was that year-over-year
- increases had to stay relatively close to inflation in order to maintain alignment with the
- market.

12

- Employees who are part of the Society are also eligible for variable performance pay
- based on their achievement of the deliverables outlined in their annual performance
- contract, as well as the achievement of the utility's performance objectives.

16

17

18

21

22

5. BENEFITS AND PENSIONS

- Toronto Hydro's employee benefit programs provide coverage for full-time employees in the following areas:
 - Medical, including vision care, prescription drugs, and paramedical services;
 - Dental, including major dental and orthodontic services;
- Short term and long term disability income protection;
- Life Insurance and accidental death and dismemberment (AD&D) insurance;
- Leaves of absence, including maternity, adoption and parental leaves; and
 - Refundable expenses, such as the fitness reimbursement program.

2627

1

Toronto Hydro-Electric System Limited EB-2014-0116 Exhibit 4A Tab 4 Schedule 5 ORIGINAL Page 4 of 15

2	Over the 2015 to 2019 period, Toronto Hydro expects to encounter additional constraints
3	on the eligible talent pool and its retention capabilities as a result of a number of factors,
4	including: the aging Canadian population, a declining unemployment rate in the Ontario,
5	and economic growth and ongoing construction activity in the City of Toronto. For more
6	information about these factors, refer to the Conference Board of Canada Report on
7	Labour market and Human Resources Trends for the Canadian Utility Sector (Exhibit
8	4A, Tab 4, Schedule 4).
9	
10	The utility periodically reviews the external competitiveness of its compensation
11	programs, to help ensure that the level, form and mix of compensation offered by Toronto
12	Hydro is competitive with those provided for comparable jobs in the markets where the
13	utility competes for talent. For example, in December 2013, Toronto Hydro engaged an
14	independent human resources consulting firm, Towers Watson, to undertake a detailed
15	compensation and benefits benchmarking study. The results of the study indicate that the
16	utility is generally aligned with the markets in which it competes, in relation to both
17	compensation (base salary and performance pay) and benefits (Exhibit 4A, Tab 4,
18	Schedule 6).
19	
20	Toronto Hydro reviews the market-competitiveness of its compensation packages for
21	non-union employees as part of its annual business planning and budgeting process. This
22	review begins with participating in total compensation salary surveys offered through
23	independent consulting firms, such as Mercer and Towers Watson, which specialize in
24	the compilation of aggregate compensation data. Following receipt of the compiled
25	external compensation survey data, Toronto Hydro compares the available compensation
26	data (i.e., base salary, target performance pay, and target total cash compensation) against
27	aggregate information from companies of similar size, industry, and/or geographic
28	location.

Toronto Hydro-Electric System Limited EB-2014-0116 Exhibit 4A
Tab 4
Schedule 6
ORIGINAL (21 pages)

PAGE 17

Toronto Hydro Electric Systems Limited

Toronto Hydro
Compensation and
Benefits Review

Completed: January 2014



Appendix 1: Peer Group Details

Named energy peer group

Organizations within the Towers Watson 2013 Energy Compensation Survey were selected based on the following criteria:

- Electricity or gas organizations
- Vertically integrated electricity company
- Energy company operating solely in Ontario
- The OPA and IESO

Below is Toronto Hydro's named peer group from Towers Watson 2013 Energy Compensation Survey:

ATCO Electric	Ontario Power Generation
AlttaLink	Saskpower
British Columbia Hydro and Power Authority	Spectra Energy Transmission
Bruce Power	TransCanada
City of Medicine Had (Hydro Division)	Independent Electricity System Operator
Enbridge Inc.	New Brunswick Power Corporation
Enmax Corporation	Newfoundland & Labrador Hydro Electric Corporation
EPCOR Utilities	Nova Scotia Power
Fortis Alberta	Ontario Power Authority
Hydro-Quebec	

Where we observed insufficient data availability from the above peer group, a whole sample energy survey peer group was used (see below).

Whole sample energy peer group

Agrium	Columbia Power	Ontario Power Generation
Alberta Energy Regulator	ConocoPhillips	Pembina Pipeline Corporation
Alliance Pipeline Ltd.	Devon Canada Corporation	Penn West Energy Trust
AltaLink Management	Dow Chemical	Powerex Corp.
Apache Canada Ltd.	Enbridge	Precision Drilling Trust
ARC Resources	Encana Corporation	Saskpower
ATCO Electric	Enmax Corporation	Shell Canada Limited
ATCO Energy Solutions	EPCOR Utilities	Siemens Canada
ATCO Gas	ExxonMobil	Spectra Energy
ATCO Group	ExxonMobil Business Support Centre Canada	Statoil Canada
ATCO Pipelines	FortisAlberta	Suncor Energy
ATCO Power	Gaz Metro	Syncrude Canada Ltd.
Aux Sable Canada	GDF SUEZ Energy North America	Talisman Energy
BP Canada Energy Company	Husky Energy	Tenaris Canada
British Columbia Hydro and Power Authority	Hydro-Québec	Toronto Hydro Electric Systems
Bruce Power	Imperial Oil Limited	TransAlta Corporation
Canadian Natural Resources Limited	INEOS Canada Partnership	TransCanada
Canadian Oil Sands	Irving Oil Commercial G.P	Valero Energy
Canexus Corporation	Kinder Morgan Canada (Pipelines)	Weatherford International
Capital Power Corporation	MEG Energy	Williams Companies
Cenovus Energy	Nexen	Ontario Power Generation
Chevron Canada Limited (Downstream)	NextEra Energy, Inc.	
Chevron Canada Resources (Upstream)	Niko Resources	
City of Medicine Hat (Hydro Division)	NOVA Chemicals Corporation	



Named general industry peer group

Organizations within the Towers Watson 2013 General Industry MMPS Survey were chosen based upon the following criteria:

- Located within the GTA
- Organizations of comparable size ((e.g. revenues between \$1B and \$5B) to THESL; and
- A headcount between of 1000 to 2000 employees

Below is Toronto Hydro's named peer group from Towers Watson's 2013 General Industry MMPS Survey:

Allstate	Fortis Alberta	Ontario Power Generation
AstraZeneca	General Electric Canada	Owens Corning Canada
ATCO Electric	Graham Group Ltd.	PCL Constructors
AlttaLink	Homes by Avi Canada Inc.	Saskpower
British Columbia Hydro and Power Authority	Huskey Injection Molding Systems Ltd.	Siemens Canada Lts.
Bruce Power	Hydro-Quebec	SNC Lavalin Group Inc.
Cadillac Fairview Corporation Limited	Ledcor Group of Companies	Spectra Energy Transmission
Cisco Systems	Lehich Hanson Canada	State Farm Insurance
City of Medicine Had (Hydro Division)	Mattamy Homes Limited	The Shaw Group Ltd
Enbridge Inc.	Microsoft	TransCanada
Enmax Corporation	Northbridge	Unilever
EPCOR Utilities	Omicron Canada Inc.	

Where we observed insufficient data availability from the above peer group, a whole sample General Industry survey peer group was used (a full listing of over 300 organizations can be provided separately if required).

Named Hay Group peer group

Organizations within the Hay Group 2013 Energy Industry Compensation Survey were selected based on the following criteria:

• Utility Sector Organizations with revenue above 205 million

Below is Toronto Hydro's peer group form the Hay Group Survey:

Bruce Power L.P.	Hydro One Brampton
Capital Power Corporation	Hydro One Inc.
Enersource Hydro Mississauga Inc	Hydro Ottawa Limited
Fortis Inc.	NB Power Holding Corporation
FortisAlberta Inc.	Newfoundland Power Inc.
FortisBC Energy Inc.	Ontario Power Generation Inc.
FortisBC Inc.	SaskEnergy Incorporated
GDF SUEZ Energy North America, Inc.	SaskPower



Benefits peer group criteria

Organizations within the Towers Watson 2013 Benefits Data Source were selected based on the following criteria:

- Electricity or gas organizations
- Vertically integrated electricity company
- Energy company operating solely in Ontario

Below is Toronto Hydro's named peer group from Towers Watson's 2013 Benefits Data Source:

Alberta Electric System Operator	Fortis Alberta
AltaLink Management Ltd.	Hydro One
ATCO Group	Hydro-Quebec
British Columbia Hydro and Power Authority	Independent Electricity System Operator
Bruce Power	Manitoba Hydro
Capital Power Generation	Newfoundland Power Inc.
City of Medicine Hat	Ontario Power Generation Inc.
Emera Inc.	Saskpower
Enbridge Pipelines Inc.	TransAlta Corporation
ENMAX Corporation	TransCanada Pipelines Limited
EPCOR Utitlities Inc.	

Interrogatory Responses

4A-SEC-46

Filed: 2014 Nov 5 Page 1 of 1

RESPONSES TO SCHOOL ENERGY COALITION INTERROGATORIES

1 **INTERROGATORY 46:**

2 Reference(s): Exhibit 4A, Tab 4, Schedule 2, Appendix 2K

3

5 For each year, please provide the total compensation costs that are capitalized.

6 7

RESPONSE:

9 Please see table below:

	2011 Actual	2012 Actual	2013 Actual	2014 Bridge	2015 Test
Total Compensation	\$95.2M	\$77.7M	\$83.4M	\$83.0M	\$84.3M
Costs Capitalized	Ψ33.21	Ψ77.7101	ΨΟΟ.+ΙΝΙ	ψου.σινι	Ψ0+.5ΙνΙ

Interrogatory Responses

1B-SEC-5

Filed: 2014 Nov 5 Page 1 of 1

RESPONSES TO SCHOOL ENERGY COALITION INTERROGATORIES

INTERROGATORY 5:

2 Reference(s): Exhibit 1B, Tab 2, Schedule 4, p.6

3

1

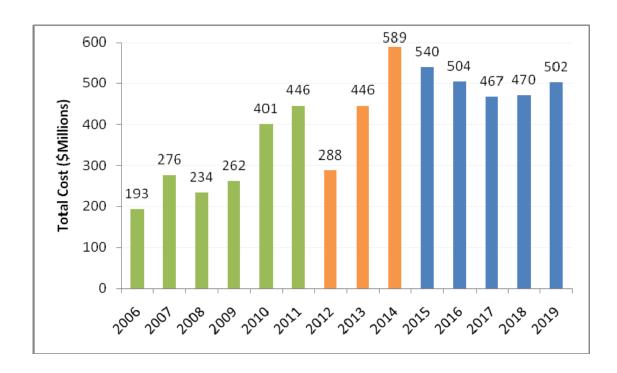
- 5 Please revise Figure 1 to show 2012 and 2013 actual, and 2014 current forecast, as
- 6 separate bars.

7

9

RESPONSE:

Figure 1 has been revised to include 2012 and 2013 actual, and 2014 current forecast.



Interrogatory Responses

4A-Society-4Filed: 2014 Nov 5
Page 1 of 1

RESPONSES TO SOCIETY OF ENERGY PROFESSIONALS INTERROGATORIES

1	INTERROGATORY 4:	
2	Reference(s): Exhibit 4A, Schedule 2, OEB Appendix 2-K, "Employee	Costs
3	Compensation Table"	
4		
5		
6	a) Please breakdown all numbers for "Non-Management (union and non-union)"	into
7	non-union, CUPE represented, and Society represented.	
8	b) Please provide the annual Total Compensation per FTE for the categories prov	ided in
9	a) above as well as Management.	
10	c) For Total Compensation, please provide the subcategories for costs expensed a	nd
11	costs capitalized.	
12	d) Does this table include and "Temporary" staff? These would be staff who are	hired
13	on a short term basis to fill in for staff on leave of absence or to deal with temp	orary
14	peaks in work etc.	
15	i) If it does include temporary staff, please separate them out in the table as p	er a),
16	b) and c) above.	
17	ii) If it does NOT include temporary staff, please include a temporary staff car	egory
18	in the table as per a), b) and c) above.	
19		
20		
21	RESPONSE:	
22	a), b) and c) Please see Appendix A to this response.	
23		
24	d) Yes, the table includes employees hired on contract for a defined term (i.e.,	
25	"temporary staff"). Please see Appendix A to this response.	

Toronto Hydro-Electric System Limited EB-2014-0116

Interrogatory Responses 4A-Society-4 Appendix A

Filed: 2014 Nov 5 Corrected: 2014 Nov 14

Page 1 of 1

	2	2011 Actuals	2012 Actuals	2013 Actuals	2	2014 BRIDGE	2015 TEST
Number of Employees (FTEs including Part-Time) ¹							
Management (including executive)		61.8	53.0	55.2		55	55
Non-Management (Non-Union)		424.8	407.2	416.4		449	457
CUPE		1,159.3	1,048.1	962.7		921	925
Society		53.4	56.8	51.0		52	50
Contract for a Defined Term ¹		37.6	35.8	42.1		60	77
Total		1,737.0	1,600.8	1,527.4		1,537	1,564
Total Salary and Wages (including overtime and incentive	e pay)						
Management (including executive)	\$	11,503,925	\$ 10,484,857	\$ 10,916,952	\$	11,357,809	\$ 11,676,362
Non-Management (Non-Union)	\$	45,413,893	\$ 44,676,572	\$ 45,870,826	\$	50,081,111	\$ 52,190,093
CUPE	\$	111,838,939	\$ 96,489,851	\$ 93,579,854	\$	91,767,199	\$ 93,499,770
Society	\$	5,757,843	\$ 6,010,237	\$ 5,729,052	\$	6,219,276	\$ 6,102,405
Contract for a Defined Term ¹	\$	2,591,089	\$ 2,546,373	\$ 2,790,818	\$	4,464,343	\$ 5,962,522
Total	\$	177,105,689	\$ 160,207,891	\$ 158,887,502	\$	163,889,738	\$ 169,431,152
Total Benefits (Current + Accrued)							
Management (including executive)	\$	3,700,705	\$ 3,207,397	\$ 3,497,371		3,622,390	3,586,525
Non-Management (Non-Union)	\$	15,180,254	\$ 15,312,116	\$ 16,894,431		18,059,014	18,087,618
CUPE	\$	36,431,653	\$ 34,506,022	\$ 35,171,649		32,500,903	31,769,774
Society	\$	1,966,724	\$ 2,145,710	\$ 2,128,201		2,150,794	2,024,985
Contract for a Defined Term ¹	\$	192,730	\$ 194,587	\$ 238,837		341,244	397,414
Total	\$	57,472,066	\$ 55,365,832	\$ 57,930,489	\$	56,674,344	\$ 55,866,316
Total Compensation (Salary, Wages, & Benefits)							
Management (including executive)	\$	15,204,630	\$ 13,692,253	\$ 14,414,323	\$	14,980,199	\$ 15,262,887
Non-Management (Non-Union)	\$	60,594,147	\$ 59,988,688	\$ 62,765,258	\$	68,140,125	\$ 70,277,712
CUPE	\$	148,270,591	\$ 130,995,873	\$ 128,751,502	\$	124,268,102	\$ 125,269,544
Society	\$	7,724,567	\$ 8,155,947	\$ 7,857,254	\$	8,370,070	\$ 8,127,390
Contract for a Defined Term ¹	\$	2,783,820	\$ 2,740,961	\$ 3,029,655	\$	4,805,587	\$ 6,359,935
Total	\$	234,577,755	\$ 215,573,723	\$ 216,817,992	\$	220,564,082	\$ 225,297,468
Average Total Compensation (Salary, Wages, & Benefits))						
Management (including executive)	\$	245,866	\$ 258,425	\$ 261,082	\$	274,866	\$ 277,507
Non-Management (Non-Union)	\$	142,638	\$ 147,326	\$ 150,722	\$	151,760	\$ 153,949
CUPE	\$	127,892	\$ 124,981	\$ 133,740	\$	134,883	\$ 135,427
Society	\$	144,547	\$ 143,667	\$ 154,130	\$	162,526	\$ 162,548
Contract for a Defined Term ¹	\$	74,071	\$ 76,670	\$ 71,992	\$	79,695	\$ 82,597
Total	\$	135,047	\$ 134,665	\$ 141,952	\$	143,540	\$ 144,098
Total Compensation Expensed	\$	139,376,030	\$ 137,907,417	\$ 133,422,085	\$	137,588,178	\$ 140,947,660
Total Compensation Capitalized	\$	95,201,725	\$ 77,666,306	\$ 83,395,907	\$	82,975,905	\$ 84,349,808

¹Contract for a Defined Term refers to "Temporary staff"

Toronto Hydro-Electric System Limited EB-2014-0116 Interrogatory Responses 4A-Society-6

Filed: 2014 Nov 5 Page 1 of 3

RESPONSES TO SOCIETY OF ENERGY PROFESSIONALS INTERROGATORIES

1	IN	TERROGATORY 6:
2	Re	ference(s): Exhibit 4A, Tab 4, "Workforce Staffing and Compensation"
3		
4		
5	Wi	th regards [sic] to temporary staff:
6	a)	Please provide the basis/criteria for hiring temporary staff.
7	b)	Further to a), if the criteria is viewed to be cost efficiency [sic], please provide the
8		total annual cost savings for 2007 to 2019 and the annual savings per temporary FTE.
9	c)	What is the average and longest duration that a temporary staffer is employed by
10		Toronto Hydro?
11	d)	What is the retention strategy for temporary staff?
12	e)	For 2007 to 2019, please provide the number of temporary staff who are then hired as
13		permanent staff on the Toronto Hydro payroll.
14	f)	Please provide the estimated annual negative impact on productivity of employing
15		temporary staff for 2007 to 2019. This would include time required to train
16		temporary staff (both temporary staff time and internal staff time required to train
17		them), the "burn in" time as new temps become more skilled in their assigned work,
18		the loss of corporate memory when they leave, etc.
19		
20		
21	RE	CSPONSE:
22	a)	Hiring employees on contract for a defined term (i.e., "temporary staff") allows the
23		utility to cost-effectively resource peak demands and maintain flexibility to support
24		operations. The hiring criteria are specific to each role, and consider both the

technical and behavioral competencies that are required to perform the job.

Panel: Planning and Strategy

2526

8

11

12

13

14

15

16

Interrogatory Responses

4A-Society-6

Filed: 2014 Nov 5 Page 2 of 3

RESPONSES TO SOCIETY OF ENERGY PROFESSIONALS INTERROGATORIES

- b) The estimated annual savings per year and per average FTE, from 2011 to 2013, are
- outlined in the table below. Toronto Hydro objects, on the basis of relevance, to
- estimating pre-2011 cost savings, as this information predates the utility's last
- 4 rebasing application (EB-2010-0142), and has no probative value to deciding the
- 5 issues in this Application.

	Е	stimated Annual	Av	erage Per FTE on
		Cost Savings	í	a Defined Term
2011	\$	827,733.07	\$	22,023.94
2012	\$	805,673.17	\$	22,536.31
2013	\$	971,997.14	\$	23,096.96

- c) The average duration is approximately one year and the longest duration is
 approximately eight years.
- d) There is no explicit retention strategy. However, these employees are encouraged to apply for full-time vacancies when they become available.
 - e) The table below provides the number of temporary employees that have been hired into a full-time positions from 2011 to 2014. Toronto Hydro objects, on the basis of relevance, to providing pre-2011 information as it predates the utility's last rebasing application (EB-2010-0142) and has no probative value to deciding the issues in this Application.

<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>
13	3	17	4

Toronto Hydro-Electric System Limited EB-2014-0116
Technical Conference Schedule J2.7
Filed: 2014 Nov 24
Page 1 of 1

TECHNICAL CONFERENCE UNDERTAKING RESPONSE TO SOCIETY OF ENERGY PROFESSIONALS

1	UNDERTAKING NO. J2.7:
2	Reference(s):
3	
4	
5	With reference to IR Society 6 part b, to provide data for the year 2014 and 2015.
6	
7	

9 Please see the table below.

RESPONSE:

Year	Benefit Savings	Average	e Savings per FTE
2014	\$ 1,562,520.02	\$	25,898.12
2015	\$ 1,811,414.10	\$	23,524.86

Toronto Hydro-Electric System Limited EB-2014-0116 Interrogatory Responses 4A-SIA-32 Filed: 2014 Nov 5 Page 1 of 1

RESPONSES TO SUSTAINABLE INFRASTRUCTURE ALLIANCE OF ONTARIO INTERROGATORIES

1	INTERROGATORY 32:	
2	Reference(s): Exh	nibit 4A, Tab 1, Schedule 2
3		
4		
5	Please reproduce Appendi	x 2K by breaking out the "Non-management" category into
6	"Union" and "Non-Union"	'sub-categories separately. In addition, please provide average
7	per-employee values for a	ll compensation categories (e.g. "Average Total Salary and
8	Wages" per Management/	Union/Non-Union, etc).
9		
10		
11	RESPONSE:	
12	Please refer to Appendix A	A to this response.

Interrogatory Responses

4A-SIA-32 Appendix A

Filed: 2014 Nov 5

Corrected: 2014 Nov 14

Page 1 of 1

	2	2011 Actuals	2012 Actuals	2013 Actuals	:	2014 BRIDGE	2015 TEST
Number of Employees (FTEs including Part-Time) ¹							
Management (including executive)		61.8	53.0	55.2		55	55
Non-Management (Non-Union)		462.4	442.9	458.5		509	534
Non-Management (Union)		1,212.8	1,104.9	1,013.7		973	975
Total		1,737.0	1,600.8	1,527.4		1,537	1,564
Total Salary and Wages (including overtime and incentive p	ay)						
Management (including executive)	\$	11,503,925	\$ 10,484,857	\$ 10,916,952	\$	11,357,809	\$ 11,676,362
Non-Management (Non-Union)	\$	48,004,982	\$ 47,222,946	\$ 48,661,644	\$	54,545,454	\$ 58,152,615
Non-Management (Union)	\$	117,596,782	\$ 102,500,089	\$ 99,308,906	\$	97,986,475	\$ 99,602,175
Total	\$	177,105,689	\$ 160,207,891	\$ 158,887,502	\$	163,889,738	\$ 169,431,152
Average Total Salary and Wages (including overtime and in	centive	pay)					
Management (including executive)	\$	186,024	\$ 197,889	\$ 197,735	\$	208,400	\$ 212,297
Non-Management (Non-Union)	\$	103,815	\$ 106,614	\$ 106,129	\$	107,099	\$ 109,002
Non-Management (Union)	\$	96,965	\$ 92,769	\$ 97,969	\$	100,726	\$ 102,156
Total	\$	101,959	\$ 100,079	\$ 104,025	\$	106,659	\$ 108,367
Total Benefits (Current + Accrued)							
Management (including executive)	\$	3,700,705	\$ 3,207,397	\$ 3,497,371	\$	3,622,390	\$ 3,586,525
Non-Management (Non-Union)	\$	15,372,984	\$ 15,506,703	\$ 17,144,667	\$	18,400,258	\$ 18,485,032
Non-Management (Union)	\$	38,398,376	\$ 36,651,732	\$ 37,288,451	\$	34,651,697	\$ 33,794,760
Total	\$	57,472,066	\$ 55,365,832	\$ 57,930,489	\$	56,674,344	\$ 55,866,316
Average Total Benefits (Current + Accrued)							
Management (including executive)	\$	59,842	\$ 60,536	\$ 63,347	\$	66,466	\$ 65,210
Non-Management (Non-Union)	\$	33,245	\$ 35,009	\$ 37,392	\$	36,129	\$ 34,649
Non-Management (Union)	\$	31,661	\$ 33,172	\$ 36,785	\$	35,621	\$ 34,661
Total	\$	33,086	\$ 34,586	\$ 37,927	\$	36,883	\$ 35,732
Total Compensation (Salary, Wages, & Benefits)							
Management (including executive)	\$	15,204,630	\$ 13,692,253	\$ 14,414,323	\$	14,980,199	\$ 15,262,887
Non-Management (Non-Union)	\$	63,377,966	\$ 62,729,649	\$ 65,806,311	\$	72,945,712	\$ 76,637,647
Non-Management (Union)	\$	155,995,158	\$ 139,151,820	\$ 136,597,357	\$	132,638,172	\$ 133,396,935
Total	\$	234,577,755	\$ 215,573,723	\$ 216,817,992	\$	220,564,082	\$ 225,297,468
Average Total Compensation (Salary, Wages, & Benefits)							
Management (including executive)	\$	245,866	\$ 258,425	\$ 261,082	\$	274,866	\$ 277,507
Non-Management (Non-Union)	\$	137,060	\$ 141,623	\$ 143,521	\$	143,227	\$ 143,651
Non-Management (Union)	\$	128,626	\$ 125,941	\$ 134,754	\$	136,347	\$ 136,817
Total	\$	135,045	\$ 134,665	\$ 141,952	\$	143,542	\$ 144,098