

Capital Cost Allowance (CCA)

Corporation's name CHAPLEAU PUBLIC UTILITIES CORPORATION	Business Number 89149 3322 RC0001	Tax year end Year Month Day 2014-12-31
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For more information, see the section called "Capital Cost Allowance" in the *T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide*.Is the corporation electing under *Regulation 1101(5q)*? **101** 1 Yes ☐ 2 No ☒

1 Class number (See Note)	2 Description	3 Undepreciated capital cost at the beginning of the year (amount from column 12 of last year's schedule 8)	4 Cost of acquisitions during the year (new property must be available for use)**	5 Adjustments and transfers**	6 Proceeds of dispositions during the year (amount not to exceed the capital cost)	7 50% rule (1/2 of the amount, if any, by which the net cost of acquisitions exceeds column 5)***	8 Reduced undepreciated capital cost	9 CCA rate %****	10 Recapture of capital cost allowance***** (line 107 of Schedule 1)	11 Terminal loss (line 404 of Schedule 1)	12 Capital cost allowance (for declining balance method, column 7 multiplied by column 8, or a lower amount) (line 403 of Schedule 1)*****	13 Undepreciated capital cost at the end of the year (column 6 plus column 7 minus column 11)
200		201	203	205	207	211	212	213	215	217	220	
1.	BUILDING	766			0		766	4	0	0	31	735
2.	ELECT DIST EQUIPMENT	1,288,757	43,923		0	21,962	1,310,718	4	0	0	52,429	1,280,251
3.	Software	40,000			0		40,000	100	0	0	40,000	
	Totals	1,329,523	43,923			21,962	1,351,484				92,460	1,280,986

Note: Class numbers followed by a letter indicate the basic rate of the class taking into account the additional deduction allowed.

Class 1a: 4% + 6% = 10% (class 1 to 10%), class 1b: 4% + 2% = 6% (class 1 to 6%).

* Include any property acquired in previous years that has now become available for use. This property would have been previously excluded from column 3. List separately any acquisitions that are not subject to the 50% rule, see *Regulation 1100(2)* and (2.2).

** Enter in column 4, "Adjustments and transfers", amounts that increase or reduce the undepreciated capital cost.

Items that **increase** the undepreciated capital cost include amounts transferred under section 85, or transferred on amalgamation or winding-up of a subsidiary. Items that **reduce** the undepreciated capital cost include government assistance received or entitled to be received in the year, or a reduction of capital cost after the application of section 80. See the *T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide* for other examples of adjustments and transfers to include in column 4.*** The net cost of acquisitions is the cost of acquisitions (column 3) **plus** or **minus** certain adjustments and transfers from column 4.For exceptions to the 50% rule, see Interpretation Bulletin IT-285, *Capital Cost Allowance – General Comments*.

**** Enter a rate only if you are using the declining balance method. For any other method (for example the straight-line method, where calculations are always based on the cost of acquisitions), enter N/A. Then enter the amount you are claiming in column 11.

***** For every entry in column 9, the "Recapture of capital cost allowance" there must be a corresponding entry in column 5, "Proceeds of dispositions during the year". The recapture and terminal loss rules do not apply to passenger vehicles in Class 10.1.

***** If the tax year is shorter than 365 days, prorate the CCA claim. Some classes of property do not have to be prorated. See the

T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide for more information.

**RELATED AND ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS**

Name of corporation	Business Number	Tax year end Year Month Day
CHAPLEAU PUBLIC UTILITIES CORPORATION	89149 3322 RC0001	2014-12-31

- Complete this schedule if the corporation is related to or associated with at least one other corporation.
- For more information, see the *T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide*.

Name	Country of residence (other than Canada)	Business number (see note 1)	Relationship code (see note 2)	Number of common shares you own	% of common shares you own	Number of preferred shares you own	% of preferred shares you own	Book value of capital stock
100	200	300	400	500	550	600	650	700
1. Chapeau Energy Services Corporati	CA	86191 8134 RC0001	3					

Note 1: Enter "NR" if the corporation is not registered or does not have a business number.

Note 2: Enter the code number of the relationship that applies from the following order: 1 - Parent 2 - Subsidiary 3 - Associated 4 - Related but not associated

**AGREEMENT AMONG ASSOCIATED CANADIAN-CONTROLLED PRIVATE CORPORATIONS TO
ALLOCATE THE BUSINESS LIMIT**

- For use by a Canadian-controlled private corporation (CCPC) to identify all associated corporations and to assign a percentage for each associated corporation. This percentage will be used to allocate the business limit for purposes of the small business deduction. Information from this schedule will also be used to determine the date the balance of tax is due and to calculate the reduction to the business limit.

- An associated CCPC that has more than one tax year ending in a calendar year, is required to file an agreement for each tax year ending in that calendar year.

Column 1: Enter the legal name of each of the corporations in the associated group. Include non-CCPCs and CCPCs that have filed an election under subsection 256(2) of the *Income Tax Act* (ITA) not to be associated for purposes of the small business deduction.

Column 2: Provide the Business Number for each corporation (if a corporation is not registered, enter "NR").

Column 3: Enter the association code that applies to each corporation:

- 1 – Associated for purposes of allocating the business limit (unless code 5 applies)
- 2 – CCPC that is a "third corporation" that has elected under subsection 256(2) not to be associated for purposes of the small business deduction
- 3 – Non-CCPC that is a "third corporation" as defined in subsection 256(2)
- 4 – Associated non-CCPC
- 5 – Associated CCPC to which code 1 does not apply because of a subsection 256(2) election made by a "third corporation"

Column 4: Enter the business limit for the year of each corporation in the associated group. The business limit is computed at line 4 on page 4 of each respective corporation's T2 return.

Column 5: Assign a percentage to allocate the business limit to each corporation that has an association code 1 in column 3. The total of all percentages in column 5 cannot exceed 100%.

Column 6: Enter the business limit allocated to each corporation by multiplying the amount in column 4 by the percentage in column 5. Add all business limits allocated in column 6 and enter the total at line A. Ensure that the total at line A falls within the range for the calendar year to which the agreement applies:

Calendar year	Acceptable range
2006	maximum \$300,000
2007	\$300,001 to \$400,000

Calendar year	Acceptable range
2008	maximum \$400,000
2009	\$400,001 to \$500,000

If the calendar year to which this agreement applies is after 2009, ensure that the total at line A does not exceed \$500,000.

Allocating the business limit

Date filed (do not use this area)

025

Year Month Day

Enter the calendar year to which the agreement applies

050

Year

2014

Is this an amended agreement for the above-noted calendar year that is intended to replace an agreement previously filed by any of the associated corporations listed below?

075

1 Yes

☐

2 No

☒

	1 Names of associated corporations	2 Business Number of associated corporations	3 Asso- ciation code	4 Business limit for the year (before the allocation) \$	5 Percentage of the business limit %	6 Business limit allocated* \$
	100	200	300		350	400
1	CHAPLEAU PUBLIC UTILITIES CORPORATION	89149 3322 RC0001	1	500,000	100.0000	500,000
2	Chapleau Energy Services Corporation	86191 8134 RC0001	1	500,000		
	Total				100.0000	500,000
						A

Business limit reduction under subsection 125(5.1) of the ITA

The business limit reduction is calculated in the small business deduction area of the T2 return. One of the factors used in this calculation is the "Large corporation amount" at line 415 of the T2 return. If the corporation is a member of an associated group** of corporations in the current tax year, the amount at line 415 of the T2 return is equal to $0.225\% \times (A - \$10,000,000)$ where, "A" is the total of taxable capital employed in Canada*** of each corporation in the associated group for its last tax year ending in the preceding calendar year.

* Each corporation will enter on line 410 of the T2 return, the amount allocated to it in column 6. However, if the corporation's tax year is less than 51 weeks, prorate the amount in column 6 by the number of days in the tax year divided by 365, and enter the result on line 410 of the T2 return.

Special rules apply if a CCPC has more than one tax year ending in a calendar year and is associated in more than one of those years with another CCPC that has a tax year ending in the same calendar year. If the tax year straddles January 1, 2009, the business limit for the second (or subsequent) tax year(s) will be equal to the lesser of the business limit that would have been determined for the first tax year ending in the calendar year, if \$500,000 was used in allocating the amounts among associated corporations and the business limit determined for the second (or subsequent) tax year(s) ending in the same calendar year. Otherwise, the business limit for the second (or subsequent) tax year(s) will be equal to the lesser of the business limit determined for the first tax year ending in the calendar year and the business limit determined for the second (or subsequent) tax year(s) ending in the same calendar year.

** The associated group includes the corporation filing this schedule and each corporation that has an "association code" of 1 or 4 in column 3.

*** "Taxable capital employed in Canada" has the meaning assigned by subsection 181.2(1) or 181.3(1) or section 181.4 of the ITA.

**SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION**

Name of corporation	Business Number	Tax year end Year Month Day
CHAPLEAU PUBLIC UTILITIES CORPORATION	89149 3322 RC0001	2014-12-31

All private corporations must complete this schedule for any shareholder who holds 10% or more of the corporation's common and/or preferred shares.

Provide only one number per shareholder					
Name of shareholder (after name, indicate in brackets if the shareholder is a corporation, partnership, individual, or trust)	Business Number (If a corporation is not registered, enter "NR")	Social insurance number	Trust number	Percentage common shares	Percentage preferred shares
100	200	300	350	400	500
1 CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF CHAPLEAU	10808 9400 RC0001			100.000	
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					



Ontario Corporate Minimum Tax

Corporation's name	Business number	Tax year-end Year Month Day
CHAPLEAU PUBLIC UTILITIES CORPORATION	89149 3322 RC0001	2014-12-31

- File this schedule if the corporation is subject to Ontario corporate minimum tax (CMT). CMT is levied under section 55 of the *Taxation Act, 2007* (Ontario), referred to as the "Ontario Act".
- Complete Part 1 to determine if the corporation is subject to CMT for the tax year.
- A corporation not subject to CMT in the tax year is still required to file this schedule if it is deducting a CMT credit, has a CMT credit carryforward, or has a CMT loss carryforward or a current year CMT loss.
- A corporation that has Ontario special additional tax on life insurance corporations (SAT) payable in the tax year must complete Part 4 of this schedule even if it is not subject to CMT for the tax year.
- A corporation is exempt from CMT if, throughout the tax year, it was one of the following:
 - a corporation exempt from income tax under section 149 of the federal *Income Tax Act*;
 - a mortgage investment corporation under subsection 130.1(6) of the federal Act;
 - a deposit insurance corporation under subsection 137.1(5) of the federal Act;
 - a congregation or business agency to which section 143 of the federal Act applies;
 - an investment corporation as referred to in subsection 130(3) of the federal Act; or
 - a mutual fund corporation under subsection 131(8) of the federal Act.
- File this schedule with the *T2 Corporation Income Tax Return*.

Part 1 – Determination of CMT applicability

Total assets of the corporation at the end of the tax year *	112	3,281,456
Share of total assets from partnership(s) and joint venture(s) *	114	
Total assets of associated corporations (amount from line 450 on Schedule 511)	116	
Total assets (total of lines 112 to 116)		3,281,456
Total revenue of the corporation for the tax year **	142	4,486,318
Share of total revenue from partnership(s) and joint venture(s) **	144	
Total revenue of associated corporations (amount from line 550 on Schedule 511)	146	
Total revenue (total of lines 142 to 146)		4,486,318

The corporation is subject to CMT if:

- for tax years ending before July 1, 2010, the total assets at the end of the year of the corporation or the associated group of corporations are more than \$5,000,000, or the total revenue for the year of the corporation or the associated group of corporations is more than \$10,000,000.
- for tax years ending after June 30, 2010, the total assets at the end of the year of the corporation or the associated group of corporations are equal to or more than \$50,000,000, and the total revenue for the year of the corporation or the associated group of corporations is equal to or more than \$100,000,000.

If the corporation is not subject to CMT, do not complete the remaining parts unless the corporation is deducting a CMT credit, or has a CMT credit carryforward, a CMT loss carryforward, a current year CMT loss, or SAT payable in the year.

* Rules for total assets

- Report total assets according to generally accepted accounting principles, adjusted so that consolidation and equity methods are not used.
- Do not include unrealized gains and losses on assets and foreign currency gains and losses on assets that are included in net income for accounting purposes but not in income for corporate income tax purposes.
- The amount on line 114 is determined at the end of the last fiscal period of the partnership or joint venture that ends in the tax year of the corporation. Add the proportionate share of the assets of the partnership(s) and joint venture(s), and deduct the recorded asset(s) for the investment in partnerships and joint ventures.
- A corporation's share in a partnership or joint venture is determined under paragraph 54(5)(b) of the Ontario Act and, if the partnership or joint venture had no income or loss, is calculated as if the partnership's or joint venture's income were \$1 million. For a corporation with an indirect interest in a partnership or joint venture, determine the corporation's share according to paragraph 54(5)(c) of the Ontario Act.

** Rules for total revenue

- Report total revenue in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, adjusted so that consolidation and equity methods are not used.
- If the tax year is less than 51 weeks, **multiply** the total revenue of the corporation or the partnership, whichever applies, by 365 and **divide** by the number of days in the tax year.
- The amount on line 144 is determined for the partnership or joint venture fiscal period that ends in the tax year of the corporation. If the partnership or joint venture has 2 or more fiscal periods ending in the filing corporation's tax year, **multiply** the sum of the total revenue for each of the fiscal periods by 365 and **divide** by the total number of days in all the fiscal periods.
- A corporation's share in a partnership or joint venture is determined under paragraph 54(5)(b) of the Ontario Act and, if the partnership or joint venture had no income or loss, is calculated as if the partnership's or joint venture's income were \$1 million. For a corporation with an indirect interest in a partnership or joint venture, determine the corporation's share according to paragraph 54(5)(c) of the Ontario Act.

Part 2 – Adjusted net income/loss for CMT purposes

Net income/loss per financial statements *	210	148,485
Add (to the extent reflected in income/loss):		
Provision for current income taxes/cost of current income taxes	220	
Provision for deferred income taxes (debits)/cost of future income taxes	222	
Equity losses from corporations	224	
Financial statement loss from partnerships and joint ventures	226	
Dividends deducted on financial statements (subsection 57(2) of the Ontario Act), excluding dividends paid by credit unions under subsection 137(4.1) of the federal Act	230	
Other additions (see note below):		
Share of adjusted net income of partnerships and joint ventures **	228	
Total patronage dividends received, not already included in net income/loss	232	
281	282	
283	284	
	Subtotal	A
Deduct (to the extent reflected in income/loss):		
Provision for recovery of current income taxes/benefit of current income taxes	320	
Provision for deferred income taxes (credits)/benefit of future income taxes	322	
Equity income from corporations	324	
Financial statement income from partnerships and joint ventures	326	
Dividends deductible under section 112, section 113, or subsection 138(6) of the federal Act	330	
Dividends not taxable under section 83 of the federal Act (from Schedule 3)	332	
Gain on donation of listed security or ecological gift	340	
Accounting gain on transfer of property to a corporation under section 85 or 85.1 of the federal Act ***	342	
Accounting gain on transfer of property to/from a partnership under section 85 or 97 of the federal Act ****	344	
Accounting gain on disposition of property under subsection 13(4), subsection 14(6), or section 44 of the federal Act *****	346	
Accounting gain on a windup under subsection 88(1) of the federal Act or an amalgamation under section 87 of the federal Act	348	
Other deductions (see note below):		
Share of adjusted net loss of partnerships and joint ventures **	328	
Tax payable on dividends under subsection 191.1(1) of the federal Act multiplied by 3	334	
Interest deducted/deductible under paragraph 20(1)(c) or (d) of the federal Act, not already included in net income/loss	336	
Patronage dividends paid (from Schedule 16) not already included in net income/loss	338	
381	382	
383	384	
385	386	
387	388	
389	390	
	Subtotal	B
Adjusted net income/loss for CMT purposes (line 210 plus amount A minus amount B)	490	148,485

If the amount on line 490 is positive and the corporation is subject to CMT as determined in Part 1, enter the amount on line 515 in Part 3.

If the amount on line 490 is negative, enter the amount on line 760 in Part 7 (enter as a positive amount).

Note

In accordance with *Ontario Regulation 37/09*, when calculating net income for CMT purposes, accounting income should be adjusted to:

- exclude unrealized gains and losses due to mark-to-market changes or foreign currency changes on specified mark-to-market property (assets only);
- include realized gains and losses on the disposition of specified mark-to-market property not already included in the accounting income, if the property is not a capital property or is a capital property disposed in the year or in a previous tax year ended after March 22, 2007.

"Specified mark-to-market property" is defined in subsection 54(1) of the Ontario Act.

These rules also apply to partnerships. A corporate partner's share of a partnership's adjusted income flows through on a proportionate basis to the corporate partner.

*** Rules for net income/loss**

- Banks must report net income/loss as per the report accepted by the Superintendent of Financial Institutions under the federal *Bank Act*, adjusted so consolidation and equity methods are not used.

Part 2 – Calculation of adjusted net income/loss for CMT purposes (continued)

- Life insurance corporations must report net income/loss as per the report accepted by the federal Superintendent of Financial Institutions or equivalent provincial insurance regulator, before SAT and adjusted so consolidation and equity methods are not used. If the life insurance corporation is resident in Canada and carries on business in and outside of Canada, **multiply** the net income/loss by the ratio of the Canadian reserve liabilities **divided** by the total reserve liability. The reserve liabilities are calculated in accordance with Regulation 2405(3) of the federal Act.
- Other corporations must report net income/loss in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, except that consolidation and equity methods must not be used. When the equity method has been used for accounting purposes, equity losses and equity income are removed from book income/loss on lines 224 and 324 respectively.
- Corporations, other than insurance corporations, should report net income from line 9999 of the GIF1 (Schedule 125) on line 210.
 - ** The share of the adjusted net income of a partnership or joint venture is calculated as if the partnership or joint venture were a corporation and the tax year of the partnership or joint venture were its fiscal period. For a corporation with an indirect interest in a partnership through one or more partnerships, determine the corporation's share according to clause 54(5)(c) of the Ontario Act.
 - *** A joint election will be considered made under subsection 60(1) of the Ontario Act if there is an entry on line 342, and an election has been made for transfer of property to a corporation under subsection 85(1) of the federal Act.
 - **** A joint election will be considered made under subsection 60(2) of the Ontario Act if there is an entry on line 344, and an election has been made under subsection 85(2) or 97(2) of the federal Act.
 - ***** A joint election will be considered made under subsection 61(1) of the Ontario Act if there is an entry on line 346, and an election has been made under subsection 13(4) or 14(6) and/or section 44 of the federal Act.

For more information on how to complete this part, see the *T2 Corporation – Income Tax Guide*.

Part 3 – CMT payable

Adjusted net income for CMT purposes (line 490 in Part 2, if positive) **515**

Deduct:

CMT loss available (amount R from Part 7) 298,665

Minus: Adjustment for an acquisition of control * **518**

Adjusted CMT loss available 298,665 ▶ 298,665 C

Net income subject to CMT calculation (if negative, enter "0") **520**

Amount from line 520	x	Number of days in the tax year before July 1, 2010	x	4 % =	1
		Number of days in the tax year	365		

Amount from line 520	x	Number of days in the tax year after June 30, 2010	x	2.7 % =	2
		Number of days in the tax year	365		

Subtotal (amount 1 plus amount 2) 3

Gross CMT: amount on line 3 above x OAF ** **540**

Deduct:

Foreign tax credit for CMT purposes *** **550**

CMT after foreign tax credit deduction (line 540 minus line 550) (if negative, enter "0") D

Deduct:

Ontario corporate income tax payable before CMT credit (amount F6 from Schedule 5) E

Net CMT payable (if negative, enter "0") E

Enter amount E on line 278 of Schedule 5, *Tax Calculation Supplementary – Corporations*, and complete Part 4.

* Enter the portion of CMT loss available that exceeds the adjusted net income for the tax year from carrying on a business before the acquisition of control. See subsection 58(3) of the Ontario Act.

*** Enter "0" on line 550 for life insurance corporations as they are not eligible for this deduction. For all other corporations, enter the cumulative total of amount J for the province of Ontario from Part 9 of Schedule 21 on line 550.

**** Calculation of the Ontario allocation factor (OAF):**

If the provincial or territorial jurisdiction entered on line 750 of the T2 return is "Ontario," enter "1" on line F.

If the provincial or territorial jurisdiction entered on line 750 of the T2 return is "multiple," complete the following calculation, and enter the result on line F:

Ontario taxable income ****	=	
Taxable income *****		

Ontario allocation factor 1.00000 F

**** Enter the amount allocated to Ontario from column F in Part 1 of Schedule 5. If the taxable income is nil, calculate the amount in column F as if the taxable income were \$1,000.

***** Enter the taxable income amount from line 360 or amount Z of the T2 return, whichever applies. If the taxable income is nil, enter "1,000".

Part 4 – Calculation of CMT credit carryforward

CMT credit carryforward at the end of the previous tax year * G

Deduct:

CMT credit expired * **600**

CMT credit carryforward at the beginning of the current tax year * (see note below) **620**

Add:

CMT credit carryforward balances transferred on an amalgamation or the windup of a subsidiary (see note below) **650**

CMT credit available for the tax year (amount on line 620 **plus** amount on line 650) H

Deduct:

CMT credit deducted in the current tax year (amount P from Part 5) I

Subtotal (amount H **minus** amount I) J

Add:

Net CMT payable (amount E from Part 3)

SAT payable (amount O from Part 6 of Schedule 512)

Subtotal K

CMT credit carryforward at the end of the tax year (amount J **plus** amount K) **670** L

* For the first harmonized T2 return filed with a tax year that includes days in 2009:

- do not enter an amount on line G or line 600;
- for line 620, enter the amount from line 2336 of Ontario CT23 Schedule 101, *Corporate Minimum Tax (CMT)*, for the last tax year that ended in 2008.

For other tax years, enter on line G the amount from line 670 of Schedule 510 from the previous tax year.

Note: If you entered an amount on line 620 or line 650, complete Part 6.

Part 5 – Calculation of CMT credit deducted from Ontario corporate income tax payable

CMT credit available for the tax year (amount H from Part 4) M

Ontario corporate income tax payable before CMT credit (amount F6 from Schedule 5) 1

For a corporation that is not a life insurance corporation:

CMT after foreign tax credit deduction (amount D from Part 3) 2

For a life insurance corporation:

Gross CMT (line 540 from Part 3) 3

Gross SAT (line 460 from Part 6 of Schedule 512) 4

The **greater** of amounts 3 and 4 5

Deduct: line 2 or line 5, whichever applies: 6

Subtotal (if negative, enter "0") N

Ontario corporate income tax payable before CMT credit (amount F6 from Schedule 5)

Deduct:

Total refundable tax credits excluding Ontario qualifying environmental trust tax credit
(amount J6 **minus** line 450 from Schedule 5)

Subtotal (if negative, enter "0") O

CMT credit deducted in the current tax year (least of amounts M, N, and O) P

Enter amount P on line 418 of Schedule 5 and on line I in Part 4 of this schedule.

Is the corporation claiming a CMT credit earned before an acquisition of control? **675** 1 Yes ☐ 2 No ☒

If you answered **yes** to the question at line 675, the CMT credit deducted in the current tax year may be restricted. For information on how the deduction may be restricted, see subsections 53(6) and (7) of the Ontario Act.

Part 6 – Analysis of CMT credit available for carryforward by year of origin

Complete this part if:

- the tax year includes January 1, 2009; or
- the previous tax year-end is deemed to be December 31, 2008, under subsection 249(3) of the federal Act.

Year of origin	CMT credit balance *
10th previous tax year	680
9th previous tax year	681
8th previous tax year	682
7th previous tax year	683
6th previous tax year	684
5th previous tax year	685
4th previous tax year	686
3rd previous tax year	687
2nd previous tax year	688
1st previous tax year	689
Total **	

* CMT credit that was earned (by the corporation, predecessors of the corporation, and subsidiaries wound up into the corporation) in each of the previous 10 tax years and has not been deducted.

** Must equal the total of the amounts entered on lines 620 and 650 in Part 4.

Part 7 – Calculation of CMT loss carryforward

CMT loss carryforward at the end of the previous tax year *	298,665	Q
Deduct:		
CMT loss expired *	700	
CMT loss carryforward at the beginning of the tax year * (see note below)	298,665	720 298,665
Add:		
CMT loss transferred on an amalgamation under section 87 of the federal Act ** (see note below)	750	
CMT loss available (line 720 plus line 750)		298,665 R
Deduct:		
CMT loss deducted against adjusted net income for the tax year (lesser of line 490 (if positive) and line C in Part 3)		148,485
	Subtotal (if negative, enter "0")	150,180 S
Add:		
Adjusted net loss for CMT purposes (amount from line 490 in Part 2, if negative) (enter as a positive amount)	760	
CMT loss carryforward balance at the end of the tax year (amount S plus line 760)	770	150,180 T

* For the first harmonized T2 return filed with a tax year that includes days in 2009:

- do not enter an amount on line Q or line 700;
- for line 720, enter the amount from line 2214 of Ontario CT23 Schedule 101, *Corporate Minimum Tax (CMT)*, for the last tax year that ended in 2008.

For other tax years, enter on line Q the amount from line 770 of Schedule 510 from the previous tax year.

** Do not include an amount from a predecessor corporation if it was controlled at any time before the amalgamation by any of the other predecessor corporations.

Note: If you entered an amount on line 720 or line 750, complete Part 8.

Part 8 – Analysis of CMT loss available for carryforward by year of origin

Complete this part if:

- the tax year includes January 1, 2009; or
- the previous tax year-end is deemed to be December 31, 2008, under subsection 249(3) of the federal Act.

Year of origin	Balance earned in a tax year ending before March 23, 2007 *	Balance earned in a tax year ending after March 22, 2007 **
10th previous tax year	810	820
9th previous tax year	811	821
8th previous tax year	812	822
7th previous tax year	813	823
6th previous tax year	814	824
5th previous tax year	815	825
4th previous tax year	816	826
3rd previous tax year	817	827
2nd previous tax year	818	828
1st previous tax year		829
Total ***		

* Adjusted net loss for CMT purposes that was earned (by the corporation, by subsidiaries wound up into or amalgamated with the corporation before March 22, 2007, and by other predecessors of the corporation) in each of the previous 10 tax years that ended before March 23, 2007, and has not been deducted.

** Adjusted net loss for CMT purposes that was earned (by the corporation and its predecessors, but not by a subsidiary predecessor) in each of the previous 20 tax years that ended after March 22, 2007, and has not been deducted.

*** The total of these two columns must equal the total of the amounts entered on lines 720 and 750.