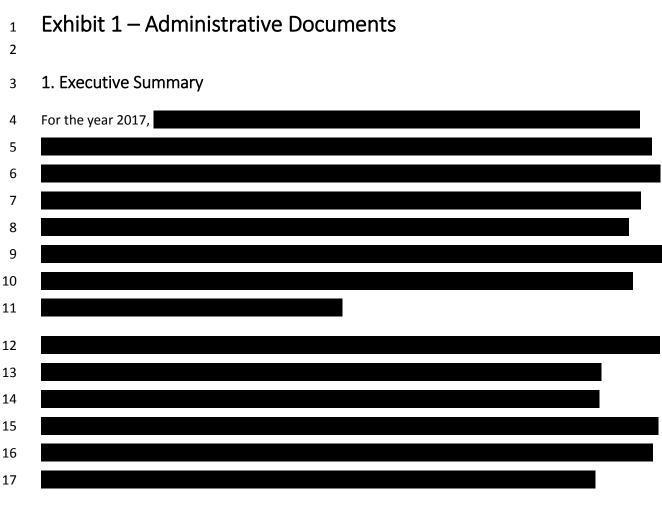
1 2 3 4	
5 6 7 8	Delivered by Email
9 10 11 12 13 14 15	Ontario Energy Board 2300 Yonge Street, Suite 2601 Toronto, ON M4P 1E4 <b>Attention</b> : Kristin Walli, Board Secretary
16 17 18 19	November 15, 2016
20 21 22 23	Dear Ms.Walli, RE: EB-2016-0330 Natural Resource Gas Limited – 2017 Cap-and-Trade Compliance Plan
23 24	Please accept NRG's 2017 Cap and Trade Compliance Plan submission.
25 26 27	This plan is being submitted in confidence as it may contain sensitive material pertaining to file number EB-2016-0236, currently before the Board. In that application, NRG has requested Deferral and Variance Accounts to be established for Cap and Trade.
28 29	NRG respectfully requests that the Board issue a decision approving interim rates no later than December 1, 2016, to allow NRG sufficient time to adjust billing mechanisms for January 1, 2017.
30	If you should have any questions regarding this submission, please contact me at (519)773-5321, Ext. 205
31	Sincerely,
32 33 34 35 36 37	Brian Lippold, General Manager, Natural Resource Gas Ltd.
38	
39 40	
41	

EB-2016-0330 Exhibit 1 <u>Page 2 of 33</u> Filed: November 15, 2016



### 1 2. Administration

- 2 Table of Contents
- 3

4	Exhibit 1 – Administrative Documents2
5	1. Executive Summary2
6	2. Administration3
7	3. Confidentiality6
8	Exhibit 2 – Forecasts
9	1. Forecasting Period7
10	2. Volume Forecasts
11	3. GHG Emissions Forecasts9
12	4. Annual Carbon Price Forecasts11
13	Exhibit 3 – Compliance Plan12
14	1. Overview of Compliance Plan12
15	2. Compliance Option Analysis and Optimization of Decision-making
16	3. Performance Metrics and Cost Information17
17	4. Risk Management19
18	5. Longer Term Investments23
19	6. New Business Activities23
20	Exhibit 4 – Monitoring and Reporting24
21	Exhibit 5 – Customer Outreach25
22	Exhibit 6 – Deferral and Variance Accounts28
23	Exhibit 7 – Cost Recovery
24	
25	APPENDIX A – 2017 Emission Allowance Price Forecast
26	APPENDIX B – 2017 HDD Forecast Factor
27	APPENDIX C – 2017 Emission Allowance Price Forecast
28	APPENDIX D – Estimated Timeline Ontario Offset Protocol Development
29	

#### 1 Impact Statement:

- 2 The Cap and Trade Compliance Plan will affect all rate payers of NRG, including 1 Large Final Emitters
- 3 (LFE) participant (IGPC) that will be responsible for the procurement of its own emission allowances.

4

- 5 **Confirmation of applicant's internet address:**
- 6 http://www.nrgas.ca/

7

- 8 Primary contact for application:
- 9 Brian Lippold

10

- 11 Natural Resource Gas Limited
- 12 39 Beech St. E.,
- 13 Aylmer, Ontario N5H 3J6
- 14
- 15 Telephone: (519) 773-5321
- 16 Facsimile: (519) 773-5335
- 17 Email: brian@nrgas.on.ca

18

#### 19 **Representative:**

- 20 Richard J. King, Partner Regulatory, Environmental, Aboriginal and Land
- 21 Osler, Hoskin & Harcourt LLP
- 22 Box 50, 1 First Canadian Place
- 23 Toronto, Ontario, Canada M5X 1B8
- 24 25 Telephone: (416) 862-6626
- 26 Facsimile: (416) 862-6666
- 27 Email: rking@osler.com
- 28
- 29
- 30
- 31
- 32
- 33
- 34

#### 1 Bill Impact:

- 2 The Cap and Trade compliance plan will have the following bill impact for the calendar year 2017 for:
- 3 Residential Customer: the initial costs will be between 3.3 and 3.6 cents per M3 of natural gas. The
- 4 average home consumes approximately 2000 cubic metres of natural gas per year. Therefore, customers
- 5 should expect to pay between \$70 and \$80 more per year for their natural gas.
- 6 <u>General Service Customer:</u> Commercial and Industrial customers will be impacted. The same volumetric
- 7 charge of 3.3 3.6 cents per cubic metre will be applicable to these rate classes. However, consumption
- 8 will vary considerably in these categories.
- 9

### 10 Legislation and approval requests referenced:

Reference	Description
Bill 172	Climate Change Mitigation and Low-carbon Economy Act, 2016
O. Reg. 452/09	Environmental Protection Act
O. Reg. 144/16	The Cap and Trade program
O. Reg. 143/16	Quantification, Reporting and Verification of greenhouse gas emissions
	Guideline for Quantification, Reporting and Verification of Greenhouse
	Gas Emissions (Effective January 2017)
EB-2015-0363	Report of the Board: Regulatory Framework for the Assessment of Costs
	of Natural Gas Utilities' Cap and Trade Activities
EB-2016-0263	Accounting Orders
EB-2016-0236	Load Forecast and Weather Normalization
RRR Filing Number 2.1.12	NRG Does not have an approved DSM plan

11 Relevant Sections of the legislation and specific approvals request as it relates to this filing is as follows:

12

#### 13 Deviations from the filing guidelines:

- 14 NRG has not included information for Exhibit 4 Monitoring and Reporting in this filing as the
- 15 information required by OEB's regulatory framework will not be available until the beginning of the first
- 16 compliance year (2017).

- 1 NRG has not included information for Exhibit 6 Deferral and Variance Accounts in this filing as the
- 2 information required by OEB's regulatory framework will not be available until the beginning of the first
- 3 compliance year (2017).
- 4

### 5 3. Confidentiality

- 6 This filing contains Auction Confidential and Market Sensitive information as discussed in the OEB
- 7 Report and required by the Climate Change Act. NRG request strict confidential treatment of the
- 8 following information, clearly identified in the filing.
- 9 This information has been disclosed to Kenneth Poon of Blackstone Energy Services Inc and Richard King
- 10 of Osler, Hoskin & Harcourt LLP. Both parties have been contracted to advise on the development of this
- 11 filing.
- 12 Cap and Trade information is discussed in the OEB Report. An applicant that is seeking confidential or
- 13 strictly confidential treatment of any information filed with the OEB regarding the applicant's
- 14 Compliance Plans must file documentation supporting the claim for confidentiality.
- 15 Auction strategy under Section 2 of Exhibit 3
- Auction target price strategy under Section 2 of Exhibit 3
- Outline of compliance and offset credit volume under Section 2 of Exhibit 3

### 1 Exhibit 2 – Forecasts

2

### 3 1. Forecasting Period

NRG will opt to generate one-year forecasts of volume, GHG emissions, and carbon prices for the year
2017. Given policy and regulatory changes expected in 2018 for compliance offsets and linkage to the
wider WCI market with California and Quebec, NRG believes it is prudent to focus the carbon forecasts on
the first year (2017) only.

8 Regulatory changes have shown to significantly impact Cap and Trade markets, given the stability of

9 these markets are largely influenced by the stability of the Cap and Trade system. For example, the

10 Supreme Court stay of the U.S. Clean Power Plan in February 2016 have translated to negative price

11 shocks for multiple Cap and Trade markets. NRG believes future policy changes in Ontario, California, and

12 the U.S. coming in the new year may have significant impact on secondary market prices in 2018. Clearer

13 policy signals are required to generate a clean forecast for 2018.

14 NRG will provide annual forecasts for the remaining three years of the compliance period (2018 – 2020),

15 to be submitted by August 1 of the filing year.

#### 16 2. Volume Forecasts

17 Under the Cap and Trade Regulation, NRG is responsible for the greenhouse gas emissions of its entire

rate-base, with the exception of 1 Large Final Emitter (LFE) – IGPC. 2017 forecasted values are taken from

19 Exhibit 3 of EB 2016-0236, filed August 9, 2016. Given that NRG does not operate its own natural gas

storage facilities, it's facility-related consumption will include only natural gas loss during distribution.

21 Distribution loss is calculated by dividing the volume of gas delivered by the volume of gas purchased, on

22 a cubic metre (m<sup>3</sup>) basis. The 2016 distribution loss is estimated using the same methodology used by

23 Union Gas (average weighted 3/2/1), based on historical year-to-date annual gas loss percentage from

24 2013 to 2015. NRG expects the distribution loss (%) in 2017 will be the same as that calculated for

25 2016. Details of the weighted average calculation is outlined in Appendix A.

Original 2017 Forecasted Volume (m <sup>3</sup> )		25,799,260 m <sup>3</sup>	720,598 m³
Customer-related Volume	F = D - E	25,799,260	-
Facility-related Volume	E = C x D	-	720,598
Measured Distribution Loss %	D	2.7172%	
Total Forecasted Volume without LFE	C = A - B	26,519,858	-
Total Forecasted LFE Volume	В	33,416,616	
Total Forecasted Volume	А	60,008,474	
Forecast Range 1-Jan-17 to 31-Dec-17 (forecasted August 9, 2016)	Row	Annual Customer-related Volume (year-to-date) (m <sup>3</sup> )	Annual Facility-related Volume (m³)

Table 1 – Original Forecast of Customer-related and Facility-related natural gas volumes for 2017, in cubic
 metres, forecasted August 9, 2016

3

4 As outlined in NRG's consumption forecast for 2017 in Exhibit 3 of EB-2016-0236, we expect a 3.5% year-

5 to-year increase in natural gas consumption due to strong growth in the residential sector (already

6 incorporated in the forecast provided in EB-2016-0236). An updated weather forecast estimates an

7 additional 19% increase in natural gas consumption was provided to NRG on September 30, 2016: given

8 NRG's most recent degree day calculations, 2016 was approximately 19% warmer than the average

9 temperature over the past 30 years (30-year normal). Updated forecast suggest 2017 temperatures will

10 be closer to 30-year normal. See Appendix B for the latest HDD forecast values.

11	Table 2 – Updated Customer-related and	Facility-related natural	aas volumes for 2017

	Row	Annual Customer-	Annual Facility-
		related Volume (m <sup>3</sup> )	related Volume (m <sup>3</sup> )
Original 2017 Forecasted Volume (m <sup>3</sup> )	А	25,799,260	720,598
Consumption increase due to updated weather forecast (September 30 <sup>th</sup> , 2016)	В	x 1	.19
Updated 2017 Forecasted Volume (m <sup>3</sup> )	C = A x B	30,701,120	857,511

12

13 Furthermore, NRG has been exempt from providing DSM programs to its rate base (RRR Filing Number

14 2.1.12). NRG has experienced approximately 85% of its growth over the last 15 years, predominately

15 driven by growth in the residential and agricultural sector. Due to the relatively compressed time frame

16 of the growth of NRG's rate base, a majority of the equipment operated by the rate bases is already

17 considered to be energy efficient, leaving little room for a DSM program to contribute to a reduction in

18 demand in a cost-effective manner. NRG is currently considering other ways to reduce emissions of its

- 1 rate base, with a focus on biogas projects. NRG await the OEB-developed Marginal Abatement Cost Curve
- 2 as an additional tool for NRG to assess the feasibility and potential carbon-mitigating impacts of these
- 3 projects.

#### 4 3. GHG Emissions Forecasts

- 5 NRG have used the following factors to convert natural gas consumption volume to emissions, following
- 6 MOECC's Guideline for Quantification, Reporting and Verification of Greenhouse Gas Emissions (sections
- 7 ON.403, ON.404), based on a standardized GJ to emissions conversion, using Higher Heating Value (HHV)
- 8 from Union Gas approved by the Ministry of Energy and Climate Change.
- 9 Along with carbon dioxide emission, methane and nitrous oxide emission must also be reported and
- 10 emission allowances must be purchased for these emissions. Global Warming Potentials convert
- 11 methane and nitrous oxide emissions into carbon dioxide equivalence based on their relatively
- 12 atmospheric impact. Global warming potential of the related methane (CH4) and nitrous oxide (N2O)
- emission is sourced from Schedule 1 of O. Reg. 143/16 Quantification, Reporting and Verification of
- 14 greenhouse gas emissions. Higher Heating Value (HHV) is taken from Union Gas. This value is used for the
- 15 purpose of compliance reporting obligation under O. Reg. 452/09 under the Environmental Protection
- 16 Act. Note that NRG receives natural gas from Union's distribution network.
- 17 Table 3 GHG emission per GJ and per  $m^3$  of natural gas

Column	A	В	C = A x B
GHG released from	Default Emissions	Global Warming	CO2e emissions
natural gas combustion	Factor	Potential	(kg <sub>co2e</sub> per GJ of natural gas)
	(kg per GJ)	(kg <sub>CO2e</sub> per kg <sub>GHG</sub> )	
Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) 49.01 1			49.01
Methane (CH <sub>4</sub> ) 0.000966 21			0.020286
Nitrous Oxide (N <sub>2</sub> O)	Nitrous Oxide (N2O)         0.000913         310		0.28303
Tot	49.33316		
	0.039		
Tota	1.92399324		

- 19
- 20
- 21

- 1 Given the standardized emissions factor provided by MOECC, customer-related and facility-related GHG
- 2 obligations for the calendar year 2017 are calculated to be:

Forecasted Emission	D = (A x B) ÷ 1000	59,068.75 t CO₂e	1,649.85 t CO₂e
Emission Factor	В	3 1.92399324 kg CO₂e per m	
Forecasted 2017 Volume (m <sup>3</sup> )	A	30,701,120	857,511
		Volume	Volume
	Row	Annual Customer-related	Annual Facility-related

3 Table 4 – Estimated Customer-related and Facility-related annual emission for 2017

### 1 4. Annual Carbon Price Forecasts

2 NRG used the averages of the Intercontinental Exchange (ICE) daily settlement prices of a California

- 3 Carbon Allowance for each day of the forecast period. This was carried through for each month of the
- 4 forecast year, for carbon allowances of the 2017 vintage year at each delivery month in 2017.
- 5 For settlement prices, NRG referenced the 21 trading days between September 26<sup>th</sup>, 2016 to October
- 6 24<sup>th</sup>, 2016. For the exchange rate, NRG used the Canadian Dollar Futures Settlements data posted on the
- 7 Chicago Mercantile Exchange (CME) on October 24<sup>th</sup> to convert the price of each 3-month strip from USD
- 8 to CAD, approximating potential exchange rate risk over the course of 2017. See Appendix C for all
- 9 settlement price data in USD, the conversion factors used for each delivery month, and the settlement
- 10 prices converted to CAD. The average price reported at the bottom of the table is the arithmetic average
- 11 of the settlement price in CAD posted on the table.
- 12 From the analysis, NRG expect the procurement cost of carbon to be approximately \$13.04 USD per
- allowance, or \$17.41 CAD per allowance. Note that the estimated price through the use of the settlement
- 14 prices on the futures market is below the expected auction minimum price of \$18 CAD per allowance
- announced by MOECC. The \$18 CAD auction reserve price also comes close to NRG's calculation of
- 16 \$18.10 CAD using the following assumptions and calculations:
- 17 1. The reserve price of \$12.73 USD per allowance in the 2016 WCI Joint Auctions,
- An expected 6.5% increase in the auction reserve price, based on 5% plus the posted U.S. annual
   inflation rate of 1.5% ending September 2016, and
- 20 3. An average exchange rate of 0.749 CAD per USD over the 2017 calendar year, using the average
- of the Canadian Dollar Futures Settlements data posted on the Chicago Mercantile Exchange CME
   on October 24<sup>th</sup> for twelve months from January to December 2017.
- 23 While NRG expects the auction reserve price in the 2017 Ontario emissions allowances auction to be
- above the \$17.41 CAD estimated using the method required by OEB, this estimated price will be used for
- 25 the basis of cost estimations in Exhibit 3.

EB-2016-0330 Exhibit 3 <u>Page 12 of 33</u> Filed: November 15, 2016

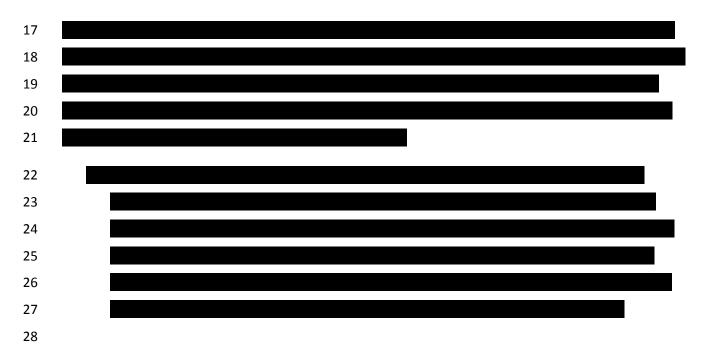
## 1 Exhibit 3 – Compliance Plan

2

### 3 1. Overview of Compliance Plan

In establishing the Cap and Trade Compliance Plan for the calendar year 2017, NRG will follow the
guidelines established by the OEB as it relates to carbon outlined in "Report of the Board: Regulatory
Framework for the Assessment of Costs of Natural Gas Utilities' Cap and Trade Activities" (EB-20150363). To this end, NRG will insure the carbon procurement plan will adhere to the guiding principles
laid out by the OEB: cost-effectiveness, rate predictability, cost recovery, transparency, flexibility, and
continuous improvement.

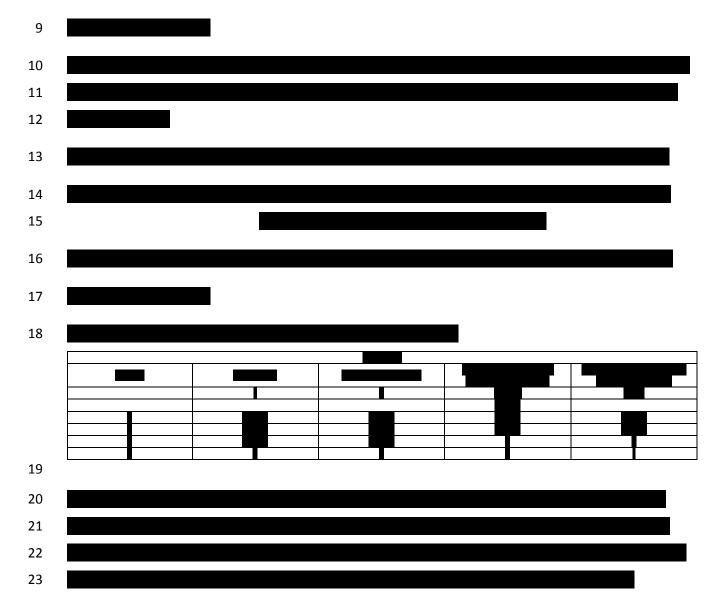
Given NRG's small size and operational constraints as it relates to the nascent carbon market, the Utility have elected to contract consulting services from Blackstone Energy Services Inc. and Osler, Hoskin & Harcourt LLP as it relates to carbon market information, and regulatory compliance. Blackstone Energy is providing market intelligence, compliance options analysis, assistance on CITSS account registration and administration. Starting 2018, Blackstone energy will also provide introductory brokerage services for secondary market emission allowances and offset credits. Osler, Hoskin & Harcourt LLP is providing regulatory and legal counsel, and will act as the oversight body for process validation.



EB-2016-0330 Exhibit 3 <u>Page 13 of 33</u> Filed: November 15, 2016

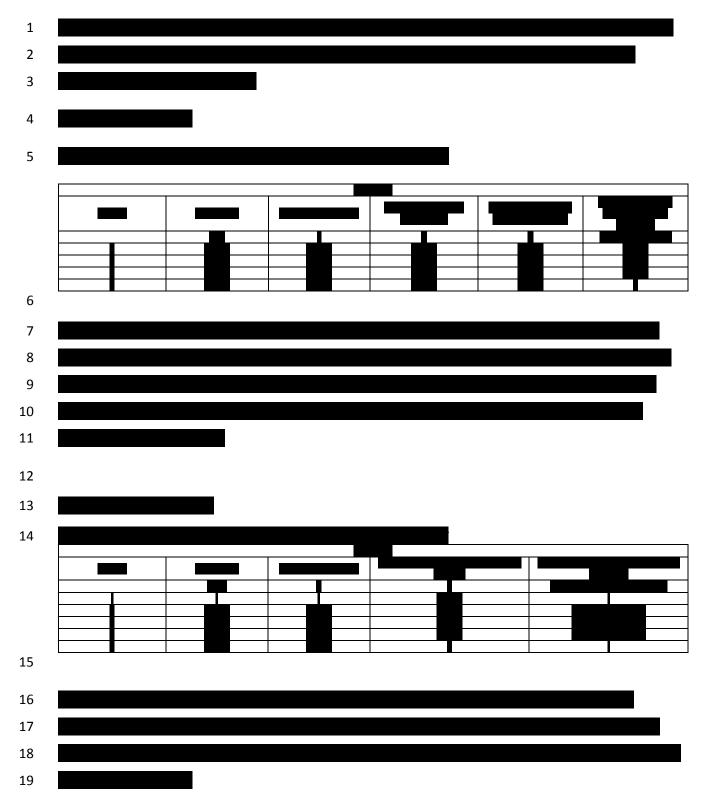
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
-	
7	
8	2. Compliance Option Analysis and Optimization of Decision-making
_	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	

We believe that given the regulatory constraints in the calendar year 2017, NRG has taken the steps in strategic decision making and risk mitigation that is as cost-effective as possible. In the next compliance plan, NRG will be able to properly assess cost-effective solutions in the short term (1 to 4 years) and long term (5 to 10 years) in reducing its customer-related and facility-related GHG emission using the OEBdeveloped MACC an analytical tool. NRG also believe the compliance plan outlined below is sufficiently flexible to adapt to variability in volume, changes in market prices, market dynamics and other sources of risk given the limited tools available in 2017.

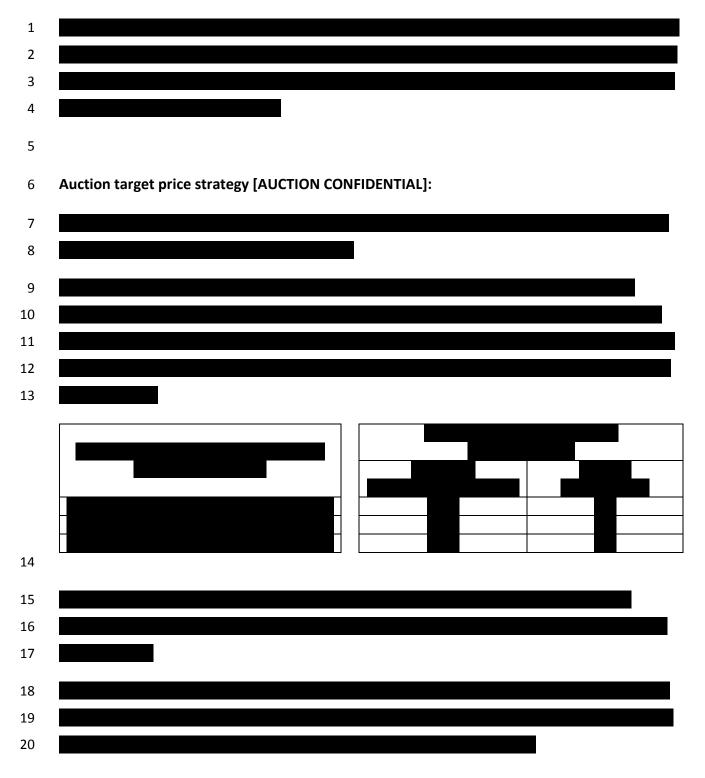


#### 8 Auction Strategy [AUCTION CONFIDENTIAL]:

EB-2016-0330 Exhibit 3 <u>Page 15 of 33</u> Filed: November 15, 2016



EB-2016-0330 Exhibit 3 <u>Page 16 of 33</u> Filed: November 15, 2016



EB-2016-0330 Exhibit 3 <u>Page 17 of 33</u> Filed: November 15, 2016



#### 5 **3. Performance Metrics and Cost Information**

- 6 This section highlights the estimated emissions allowance requirements and associated costs for 2017,
- 7 using ICE average settlement prices (Market Sensitive):
- 8 Table 8 Example of Credit Procurement Scenario with Strategy C

	Annual	Annual
	Customer-related	Facility-related
Forecasted Emission, 2017 (t CO <sub>2</sub> e)	59018.47 t CO₂e	1700.12 t CO <sub>2</sub> e
Allowance Purchase Requirements, 2017	61,	000
Forecasted Allowance Price (\$ CAD per allowance)	\$17	<i>'</i> .41
Cost of Allowance Purchase (\$ CAD)	e (\$ CAD) \$1,062,010	
Administrative Cost (\$ CAD)	dministrative Cost (\$ CAD) \$100,000	
Cost of Total Compliance Plan, 2017 (\$ CAD)	\$1,16	2,010

#### 9 An outline of the utility's compliance options for **2017** is highlighted below:



EB-2016-0330 Exhibit 3 <u>Page 18 of 33</u> Filed: November 15, 2016

2 d. Abatement activities – facility-related: Not applicable for 2017

#### 1 Administrative Costs

2 Administrative Costs for the calendar year 2017 are broken down as follows:

3	Table 9 – Administrative	Costs as it relates to Ontari	o Cap and Trade compliance
---	--------------------------	-------------------------------	----------------------------

Cost item	
Consulting Services	\$ 80,000 CAD per year
Legal Services	\$ 10,000 CAD per year
Auditing Services	\$ 5,000 CAD per year
Communications and Marketing	\$ 5,000 CAD per year
Total Administrative Costs, 2017	\$100,000 CAD per year

4

5 Due to the lack of experience with the carbon market and the small operational footprint of NRG, the

6 Utility contracted Blackstone Energy Services Inc. to advise on the carbon market intelligence, CITSS

7 account management, and general procurement strategies at \$80,000 CAD per year for 2 years. NRG

8 includes \$10,000 CAD per year for legal services, \$5,000 CAD per year for potential auditing costs, and

9 another \$5,000 CAD per year for communication to rate payers via bill inserts (additional printing costs).

10 NRG expects administrative cost to increase slightly in 2018 with access to the secondary market for

11 emissions allowances and offset credits procurement.

#### 12 Financing costs

13 As mentioned in Accounting Order EB-2016-0263 filed August 9, 2016, the cost of carrying related to the

14 acquisition of emissions units for future compliance will be financed by the Cap and Trade related

15 deferral account.

16

#### 17 4. Risk Management

#### 18 Volume variability

19 OEB expects volume may vary within +/- 10% of the estimate provided in Table 2 of Exhibit 2, due to

20 unforeseen changes in winter forecast as well as from volume variability in agricultural output

21 (therefore natural gas for agricultural use). A large portion of NRG's non-residential rate based uses

22 natural gas for grain drying in the fall; therefore, variability in grain production in a particular year can

have major impact on natural gas demand on NRG. The emission volume 66,790 and 54,647 tonnes of

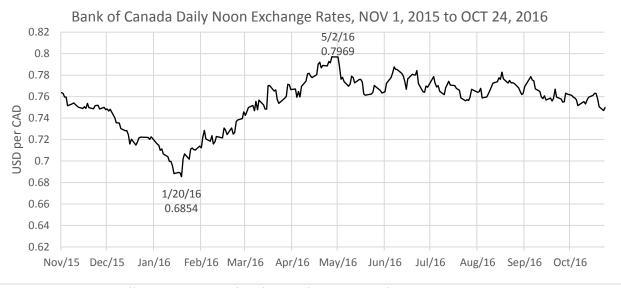
24 CO2e are used in the high risk and low risk scenario respectively in the Risk Mitigation and Scenario

- 1 Analysis, requiring 67,000 and 55,000 emission allowances to be procured to meet compliance
- 2 requirement for the calendar year 2017 under each scenario.

#### 3 Emissions Unit Availability and Allowance Price Variability

NRG expect very low variance in emission allowances prices in 2017. For 2017, it is estimated that the
 number of emissions allowances available to compliance entities will be in surplus when compared for

- 6 the number of allowances required for compliance by Cap and Trade participants, based on modeling
- 7 results of supply and demand of Ontario emission allowances. Furthermore, due to uncertainty
- 8 regarding whether 2017 Ontario allowances can we used for California and Quebec participants, NRG
- 9 also expects tepid demand from market participants (entities that purchase and sell allowances for non-
- 10 compliance purposes). As such, we expect ample volume and little price volatility heading into 2017. The
- 11 major price setting mechanism for 2017 in Ontario is expected to be the quarterly auctions.
- 12 USD and CAD exchange rates has also been relatively stable, with exchange rate for the Canadian dollar
- 13 slightly improving since April as oil prices stabilize. Figure 1 shows the Bank of Canada Daily noon
- 14 exchange rate over the last 12 months. Since May 2016, exchange rates between USD and CAD have
- 15 stayed in a relatively tight range. NRG will employ the maximum and minimum noon exchange rate as
- 16 the basis for the exchange rate risks for the Risk Mitigation and Scenario Analysis. The Bank of Canada
- 17 noon exchange rate of 0.7969 USD per CAD is used for the low risk scenario, and 0.6854 USD per CAD is
- 18 used for the high risk scenario.



Source: Bank of Canada; http://www.bankofcanada.ca/rates/exchange/noon-rates-5-day/

1 Figure 1 – Historical Bank of Canada Daily Noon Exchange Rate, November 1, 2015 to October 31, 2016

#### 2 Market risk

- 3 For 2017, NRG identifies market risk to be very low. The emission allowance market will be mainly
- 4 driven by the quarterly auctions and compliance requirements.

#### 5 Non-compliance

- 6 For 2017, the risk of non-compliance is very low. Emission allowances are not required to be
- 7 surrendered to MOECC until the end of the 2020 calendar year. NRG is expected to receive the required
- 8 number of allowances equal to its emissions

#### 9 Other risks identified by the utility

- 10 NRG do not foresee other risk factors in 2017
- 11 Risk Mitigation and Scenario Analysis
- 12 Scenario analysis for the duration of the compliance period that includes high, medium and low risk
- 13 scenarios associated with price risk and volume variability highlighted
- 14 Table 10 Cost Pass-through calculations for medium, high, and low risk scenarios as it pertains to
- 15 NRG's Cap and Trade compliance plan

	Row	Scenarios							
	KOW	MEDIUM RISK	HIGH RISK	LOW RISK					
Allowance Price (USD per allowance)	А	\$13.04	\$13.04	\$13.04					
Exchange Rate (USD per CAD)	В	0.749	0.6854	0.7969					
Allowance Price (CAD per allowance)	C = A ÷ B	\$17.41	\$19.03	\$16.36					
Emission (t CO <sub>2</sub> e): Customer-Related	D	59,069	64,976	53,162					
Emission (t $CO_2e$ ): Facility-Related	E	1,650	1,815	1,485					
Allowances required, Total	F	61,000	67,000	55,000					
Compliance Costs (\$ CAD)									
Cost of allowance, Customer-related	G = C x D	\$1,028,391	\$1,236,493	\$869,730					
Cost of allowance, Facility-related	H = C x E	\$28,727	\$34,539	\$24,295					
Administrative Cost	I	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000					
Facility-Related Natural Gas Consumption (m3)	J	857,511	943,262	771,760					
Customer-Related Natural Gas Consumption (m3)									
without LFE	К	30,701,120	33,771,232	27,631,008					
with LFE	L	64,117,736	70,529,509	57,705,962					
Compliance Costs (cents per m3)									

Allowance Cost pass-through, Customer-related (via Delivery Charge)	M = G ÷ K	3.350	3.661	3.148
Allowance Cost pass-through, Facility-related	N = H ÷ K	0.094	0.102	0.088
(via Delivery Charge)				
Administrative Cost pass-through	0-111	0.150	0.142	0 172
(via Administrative Charge)	0 = I ÷ L	0.156	0.142	0.173

<sup>1</sup> 

2 NRG has filed, in confidence, its 5-year Gas Distribution Rate Application under the file number EB-2016-

3 0236. In that application under Exhibit 1, Paragraph 4 (d) NRG requests the establishment of a deferral

4 account to capture all costs related to GHG emission allowance procurement and all cost associated

5 with the delivery of the Ontario Cap and Trade Program.

6 NRG does not plan to undertake any financial hedging activities in 2017. The secondary market has not

7 been developed for Ontario. Secondary market allowances will be mostly from California Quebec, and

8 until linkage of the Ontario system to the rest of WCl is announced, this carries a risk.

EB-2016-0330 Exhibit 3 <u>Page 23 of 33</u> Filed: November 15, 2016

### 1 5. Longer Term Investments

- 2 NRG is not expected to take long-term investments associated with Cap and Trade for the year 2017.
- 3 NRG will be using the OEB MACC to identify the financial feasibility of future investment opportunities in
- 4 future compliance years.

### 5 6. New Business Activities

6 NRG will not be taking on new business activities in 2017 as a result of the Cap and Trade program.

EB-2016-0330 Exhibit 4 <u>Page 24 of 33</u> Filed: November 15, 2016

## 1 Exhibit 4 – Monitoring and Reporting

- 2
- 3 Monitoring and Reporting will commence starting 2017 calendar year. The appropriate information will
- 4 be reported in this section for the next compliance plan.

EB-2016-0330 Exhibit 5 <u>Page 25 of 33</u> Filed: November 15, 2016

## 1 Exhibit 5 – Customer Outreach

2

#### 3 Key Messaging:

4 Natural Resource Gas Limited is a regulated Utility. We receive direction from the Ontario Energy Board 5 with regard to all rate-setting activities. Under the 2016 Climate Change Act, new Regulations have been 6 issued that pertain to the Cap and Trade Program. This program will affect residential, commercial and 7 industrial consumers in the province of Ontario beginning January 1, 2017. All Natural Gas utilities, 8 including NRG have been directed to purchase GHG allowances on behalf of its customers. The costs to 9 purchase these allowances will be passed on to customers. 10 The cost to customers will vary. However, it has been determined that the initial costs will be between 11 3.3 and 3.6 cents per M3 of natural gas. The average home consumes approximately 2000 cubic metres 12 of natural gas per year. Therefore, customers should expect to pay between \$70 and \$80 more per year 13 for their natural gas. 14 Commercial and Industrial customers will be impacted. The same volumetric charge of 3.3 - 3.6 cents

- per cubic metre will be applicable these rate classes. However, consumption will vary considerably in
  these categories.
- 17

18 Print:

NRG plans to purchase ¼ Page, colour advertisements in local publications such as the Aylmer Express
and the Elgin Weekly. These education ads will run in the first 2 weeks of December 2016 and contain

21 the key messaging.

22

#### 23 Bill Messages and Inserts:

24 December Gas Bills will display an abbreviated message, directing customers to find out more by visiting

25 NRG's website. The specific message will be edited to fit the limitations of our billing software and

26 January 2017 bills will contain a printed insert, containing FAQs as well as an explanation for their

27 increase.

1

#### 2 Call-Handling; Scripting:

On or before January 1, NRG will change their IVR message on the phone system to include a basic
message about Climate Change Initiatives. This message will be followed by a prompt directing
customers with questions about increased bills related to Cap and Trade to a mores detailed message. In
this message, callers will be directed to NRG's Website and/or to the applicable Government of Ontario
site or phone number for more information.

#### 8 Website:

9 Natural Resource Gas Limited is a regulated Utility. We receive direction from the Ontario Energy Board

10 with regard to all rate-setting activities. Under the 2016 Climate Change Act, new Regulations have been

11 issued that pertain to the Cap and Trade Program. This program will affect residential, commercial and

12 industrial consumers in the province of Ontario beginning January 1, 2017. All Natural Gas utilities,

13 including NRG have been directed to purchase GHG allowances on behalf of its customers. The costs to

14 purchase these allowances will be passed on to customers.

15 The cost to customers will vary over time, dependent on the actual allowance costs at auction. However,

16 it has been determined that the initial costs will be between 3.3 and 3.6 cents per M3 of natural gas. The

17 average home consumes approximately 2000 cubic metres of natural gas per year. Therefore, residential

18 customers should expect to pay between \$70 and \$80 more per year for their natural gas.

19 The above message will be accompanied by helpful tips on conservation. Links will also be on the

20 website, directing customers to incentive programs that are currently in development.

21

#### 22 Front Desk FAQ/Bill Inserts:

23 In January of 2017, bill inserts will be available at the front desk if customers should come to NRG in

24 person and have questions pertaining to the Cap and Trade Program.

25

EB-2016-0330 Exhibit 5 <u>Page 27 of 33</u> Filed: November 15, 2016

#### **1** Union Gas Messaging Market Penetration:

- 2 In addition to marketing initiatives planned by NRG, proximity to Union's franchise ensures popular
- 3 publications and radio in the London, St. Thomas and Tillsonburg areas will ensure similar messages will
- 4 reach the entire NRG customer base with multiple touch-points.

## 1 Exhibit 6 – Deferral and Variance Accounts

- 2
- 3 In its current rate application filing (EB-2016-0263), NRG has made a request to establish a deferral
- 4 account for purposes of recording and tracking its Cap and Trade costs. The appropriate information will
- 5 be reported in this section for the next compliance plan.

## 1 Exhibit 7 – Cost Recovery

2	
3	NRG will apply the following cap-and-trade related charges to customers starting January 1, 2017. The
4	unit charges and total costs reported are based on the medium risk scenario provided in Table 10 of
5	Exhibit 3.
6	1. For customer-related obligations:
7	• Total Cost: \$1,028,391
8	• Unit charge by rate class: 3.350 cents per cubic metre will be passed through uniformly to all
9	rate classes, excluding one LFE customer (IGPC)
10	
11	2. For facility-related obligations:
12	Total costs: \$28,727
13	• Unit charge by rate class: 0.094 cents per cubic metre will be passed through uniformly to all
14	rate classes, excluding one LFE customer (IGPC)
15	
16	3. For administrative costs:
17	Total costs \$100,000
18	Adjustment to delivery rate by rate class: 0.156 cents per cubic metre will be passed through
19	uniformly to all rate classes, excluding one LFE customer (IGPC)
20	The bill impact on all NRG rate payers will be the same, with the exception of one LFE (IGPC) in NRG's
21	distribution system. All rate payers except IGPC will see an increase of 3.443 cents per cubic metre in
22	their delivery cost, and an increase of 0.156 cents per cubic metre in their administrative charges. IGPC's
23	delivery charges will not be impacted by Cap and Trade, and will see an increase of 0.156 cents per cubic
24	metre in their administrative charges.
25	Customer-related and facility-related deferral and variance account balances are not provided in this
26	filing.

## 1 APPENDIX A – 2017 Emission Allowance Price Forecast

2

3 Forecasted distribution loss (in %) is calculated as the weighted average of the distribution loss (in %)

4 over the last three years, with the distribution loss of the most recent year assigned a weighting of 3,

5 the year before that assigned a weighting of 2, and the year before that assigned a weighting of 1. The

- 6 percentage loss of each year is taken as the difference in the volume of natural gas consumed and the
- 7 volume of natural gas delivered, divided by the total of natural gas consumed. See the table below for

8 the measured volumes and the weighted loss used in calculating the weighted loss for 2016.

	Volume	Weighting	<b>Weighted Loss (%)</b> (YTD % x Weighting)
FYE 09/30/13			
Gas Consumption	24,288,293 m <sup>3</sup>		
Gas Deliveries	25,285,340 m <sup>3</sup>	1	4 10/
Gas Gain (Loss)	Image: Second State           as Consumption         24,288,293 m <sup>3</sup> Gas Deliveries         25,285,340 m <sup>3</sup> Gas Gain (Loss)         (997,047) m <sup>3</sup> YTD %         -4.1%           A         -4.1%           as Consumption         28,097,184 m <sup>3</sup> Gas Deliveries         28,978,088 m <sup>3</sup> Gas Gain (Loss)         (880,904) m <sup>3</sup> YTD %         -3.1%           S         -           as Consumption         28,231,239 m <sup>3</sup> Gas Deliveries         28,789,077 m <sup>3</sup> Gas Gain (Loss)         (557,838) m <sup>3</sup> YTD %         -2.0%           YTD %         -2.0%		-4.1%
YTD %	-4.1%		
FYE 09/30/14			
Gas Consumption	28,097,184 m <sup>3</sup>		
Gas Deliveries	28,978,088 m <sup>3</sup>	2	6 20/
Gas Gain (Loss)	(880,904) m <sup>3</sup>	2	-0.3%
YTD %	-3.1%		-4.1% -6.3% -5.9% -2.7172%
FYE 09/30/15			
Gas Consumption	28,231,239 m <sup>3</sup>		
Gas Deliveries	28,789,077 m <sup>3</sup>	3	F 00/
Gas Gain (Loss)	(557,838) m <sup>3</sup>	3	-5.9%
YTD %	-2.0%		
2016 Unaccounted for gas c	alculated at:		-2,7172%
Sum of Weighted Loss (%)	÷ Sum of Weighting		

EB-2016-0330 Appendices <u>Page 31 of 33</u> Filed: November 15, 2016

## 1 APPENDIX B – 2017 HDD Forecast Factor

	M O N							<	<b>mSin</b> Y E A R	TO D	ATE	FI	GURE	S	>
	GAS VOLUME AUG/15	IN M3 CHANGE	> % /	<- NUMB AUG/16	ER OF C AUG/15	USTOMERS CHANGE	5 -> %	< CURRENT	GAS VOLUME LAST					JSTOMERS CHANGE	
							SALES								
258637	273034	14397-	5-	7932	7708	224	3 RESIDENTIA	13363402	15737963	2374561-	15-	7932	7708	224	3
41303	38908	2395	6	61	59	2	3 IND-RATE 1	1403177	1691989	288812-	17-	61	58	3	5
4677	6649	1972-	30-	34	33	1	3 IND-RATE 4	833668	1369819	536151-	39-	34	33	1	3
93002	103624	10622-	10-	412	408	4	1 COMMERCIAL	3926327	4589909	663582-	14-	412	406	6	1
272104	276753	4649-	2-	55	61	6-	10- SEASONAL	672485	800761	128276-	16-	55	60	5-	8-
30512	46853	16341-	35-	3	3	0	0 CON-RATE 3	1491306	1690918	199612-	12-	3	3	0	0
3240	16848	13608-	81-	3	3	0	O CON-RATE 5	627688	1178067	550379-	47-	3	3	0	0
703475	762669	59194-	8-	8500	8275	225	3 TOTAL SALE	22318053	27059426	4741373-	18-	8500	8271	229	3
				% THIS	% LAST		DELIVERIES	INTO SYST	ΈM			% THIS	% LAST		
581455	640057	58602-	9-	82	81		WEST GAS	21713722	25673238	3959516-	15-	95	93		
0	0	0	0				HEMLOCK	0	257848	257848-	100-		1		
123684	152957	29273-	19-	18	19		NORFOLK	1235880	1732306	496426-	29-	5	6		
705139	793014	87875-	11-	100	100		TOTAL PURCHAS	22949602	27663392	4713790-	17-	100	100		
1664 .2 %	30345 3.9 %	28681-	724			GA	S LOSS (GAIN)	631549 2.8 %		27583	4				
370342	2938068	432274	18	0	0	1	0 ethanol	35928486	30919433	5009053	16	0	Kenoi	they "	N
						D	EGREE D	A Y S		-				Y,	M
.3	14.0 13	.7 98%	WARME	R THIS	YEAR		ACTUAL	3344.7	4119.0 7	4.3 19	9% war	MER THI	S YEAR	J:V	
47.2	19.6						NORMAL	3982.6	3955.0		_		_		ŚW

Definition of rates:

Rate 1 - Customer das use vear round broken out into Residential. Industrial. and Commercial which is determined by volume

## <sup>1</sup> APPENDIX C – 2017 Emission Allowance Price Forecast

	Trading Strips												
Trade	Jan-17	Feb-17	Mar-17	Apr-17	May-17	Jun-17	Jul-17	Aug-17	Sep-17	Oct-17	Nov-17	Dec-17	
Date				s	ECONDARY I	MARKET PRIC	E IN USD pei	ALLOWANC	E				
26-Sep	\$ 12.98	\$ 13.01	\$ 13.03	\$ 13.06	\$ 13.08	\$ 13.11	\$ 13.13	\$ 13.15	\$ 13.18	\$ 13.20	\$ 13.23	\$ 13.25	
27-Sep	\$ 12.97	\$ 13.00	\$ 13.02	\$ 13.05	\$ 13.07	\$ 13.10	\$ 13.12	\$ 13.14	\$ 13.17	\$ 13.19	\$ 13.22	\$ 13.24	
28-Sep	\$ 12.95	\$ 12.98	\$ 13.00	\$ 13.03	\$ 13.05	\$ 13.08	\$ 13.10	\$ 13.12	\$ 13.15	\$ 13.17	\$ 13.20	\$ 13.22	
29-Sep	\$ 12.95	\$ 12.98	\$ 13.00	\$ 13.03	\$ 13.05	\$ 13.08	\$ 13.10	\$ 13.12	\$ 13.15	\$ 13.17	\$ 13.20	\$ 13.22	
30-Sep	\$ 12.94	\$ 12.97	\$ 12.99	\$ 13.02	\$ 13.04	\$ 13.07	\$ 13.09	\$ 13.11	\$ 13.14	\$ 13.16	\$ 13.19	\$ 13.21	
3-Oct	\$ 12.91	\$ 12.94	\$ 12.96	\$ 12.99	\$ 13.01	\$ 13.04	\$ 13.06	\$ 13.08	\$ 13.11	\$ 13.13	\$ 13.16	\$ 13.18	
4-Oct	\$ 12.89	\$ 12.92	\$ 12.94	\$ 12.97	\$ 12.99	\$ 13.02	\$ 13.04	\$ 13.06	\$ 13.09	\$ 13.11	\$ 13.14	\$ 13.16	
5-Oct	\$ 12.89	\$ 12.92	\$ 12.94	\$ 12.97	\$ 12.99	\$ 13.02	\$ 13.04	\$ 13.06	\$ 13.09	\$ 13.11	\$ 13.14	\$ 13.16	
6-Oct	\$ 12.87	\$ 12.90	\$ 12.92	\$ 12.95	\$ 12.97	\$ 13.00	\$ 13.02	\$ 13.04	\$ 13.07	\$ 13.09	\$ 13.12	\$ 13.14	
7-Oct	\$ 12.86	\$ 12.89	\$ 12.91	\$ 12.94	\$ 12.96	\$ 12.99	\$ 13.01	\$ 13.03	\$ 13.06	\$ 13.08	\$ 13.11	\$ 13.13	
10-Oct	\$ 12.87	\$ 12.90	\$ 12.92	\$ 12.95	\$ 12.97	\$ 13.00	\$ 13.02	\$ 13.04	\$ 13.07	\$ 13.09	\$ 13.12	\$ 13.14	
10 Oct	\$ 12.88	\$ 12.91	\$ 12.93	\$ 12.96	\$ 12.98	\$ 13.00	\$ 13.03	\$ 13.05	\$ 13.08	\$ 13.10	\$ 13.12	\$ 13.15	
11 Oct 12-Oct	\$ 12.88	\$ 12.91	\$ 12.93	\$ 12.96	\$ 12.98	\$ 13.01	\$ 13.03	\$ 13.05	\$ 13.08	\$ 13.10	\$ 13.13	\$ 13.15	
	\$ 12.88		\$ 12.93 \$ 12.93	\$ 12.90 \$ 12.96	\$ 12.98 \$ 12.98	\$ 13.01	\$ 13.03	\$ 13.05 \$ 13.05	\$ 13.08 \$ 13.08	\$ 13.10 \$ 13.10	\$ 13.13	\$ 13.15	
13-Oct	\$ 12.88 \$ 12.86	\$ 12.91 \$ 12.89		\$ 12.96									
14-Oct 17-Oct	\$ 12.86 \$ 12.86	\$ 12.89 \$ 12.89	\$ 12.91 \$ 12.91	\$ 12.93 \$ 12.93		\$ 12.98 \$ 12.98	\$ 13.00 \$ 13.00	\$ 13.03 \$ 13.03	\$ 13.05 \$ 13.05	\$ 13.07 \$ 13.07	\$ 13.10 \$ 13.10		
	\$ 12.80	\$ 12.89	\$ 12.91	\$ 12.93	\$ 12.96 \$ 12.99		\$ 13.00	\$ 13.03		\$ 13.07	\$ 13.10		
18-Oct	\$ 12.89	\$ 12.92	\$ 12.94	\$ 12.96	\$ 12.99	\$ 13.01 \$ 12.99	\$ 13.03	\$ 13.06		\$ 13.10	\$ 13.13	\$ 13.15 \$ 13.13	
19-Oct 20-Oct	\$ 12.87	\$ 12.90	\$ 12.92	\$ 12.94	\$ 12.97	\$ 13.00	\$ 13.01	\$ 13.04	\$ 13.06 \$ 13.07	\$ 13.08	\$ 13.12	\$ 13.13	
20-Oct 21-Oct	\$ 12.89	\$ 12.91	\$ 12.93	\$ 12.95	\$ 12.98	\$ 13.00	\$ 13.01	\$ 13.05	\$ 13.07	\$ 13.03	\$ 13.12	\$ 13.14	
24 000	24-Oct       \$ 12.99       \$ 13.01       \$ 13.04       \$ 13.06       \$ 13.09       \$ 13.01       \$ 13.13       \$ 13.16       \$ 13.18       \$ 13.21       \$ 13.23         Exchange Rate Futures (USD per CAD)												
	r	DEC 16		MAR 17	LACIIA	-			SEP 17		DEC 1	7	
24-Oct	DEC 16 MAR 17 0.7479 0.7485												
24-001	,										0.750	5	
	Jan-17	Feb-17	Mar-17	Apr-17	May-17	Jun-17	Jul-17		Sep-17	Oct-17	Nov-17	Dec-17	
26-Sep	\$ 17.36	\$ 17.40	\$ 17.41	\$ 17.45	\$ 17.47	\$ 17.50	\$ 17.53	Aug-17 \$ 17.55	\$ 17.58	\$ 17.61	\$ 17.65	\$ 17.65	
20-3ep 27-Sep	\$ 17.30	\$ 17.40	\$ 17.41	\$ 17.43	\$ 17.47	\$ 17.30	\$ 17.51	\$ 17.55	\$ 17.57	\$ 17.59	\$ 17.63	\$ 17.64	
27-Sep 28-Sep	\$ 17.34	\$ 17.36	\$ 17.33	\$ 17.43	\$ 17.40	\$ 17.49	\$ 17.49	\$ 17.54	\$ 17.54	\$ 17.53	\$ 17.61	\$ 17.61	
	\$ 17.32	\$ 17.36	\$ 17.37	\$ 17.41	\$ 17.43	\$ 17.46	\$ 17.49	\$ 17.51	\$ 17.54	\$ 17.57	\$ 17.61	\$ 17.61	
29-Sep 30-Sep	\$ 17.32 \$ 17.30	\$ 17.30	\$ 17.37	\$ 17.41	\$ 17.43 \$ 17.42	\$ 17.40	\$ 17.49	\$ 17.51	\$ 17.54	\$ 17.55	\$ 17.51	\$ 17.60 \$ 17.60	
30-3ep 3-Oct	\$ 17.26	\$ 17.34	\$ 17.33	\$ 17.35	\$ 17.38	\$ 17.43	\$ 17.43	\$ 17.46	\$ 17.33	\$ 17.55	\$ 17.55	\$ 17.56	
4-Oct	\$ 17.23	\$ 17.30	\$ 17.31	\$ 17.33	\$ 17.35	\$ 17.41	\$ 17.43	\$ 17.40	\$ 17.49	\$ 17.31	\$ 17.53	\$ 17.53	
4-0ct 5-0ct	\$ 17.23	\$ 17.28	\$ 17.29	\$ 17.33	\$ 17.35	\$ 17.38	\$ 17.41	\$ 17.43	\$ 17.46	\$ 17.49	\$ 17.53	\$ 17.53	
		\$ 17.25				\$ 17.35			\$ 17.40				
6-Oct	\$ 17.21 \$ 17.19	\$ 17.25	\$ 17.26 \$ 17.25	\$ 17.30 \$ 17.29	\$ 17.33 \$ 17.31	\$ 17.35 \$ 17.34	\$ 17.38 \$ 17.37	\$ 17.41 \$ 17.20	\$ 17.43 \$ 17.42	\$ 17.46 \$ 17.45	\$ 17.50 \$ 17.49	\$ 17.51 \$ 17.50	
7-Oct								\$ 17.39		•			
10-Oct	\$ 17.21	\$ 17.25	\$ 17.26	\$ 17.30	\$ 17.33	\$ 17.35	\$ 17.38	\$ 17.41	\$ 17.43	\$ 17.46	\$ 17.50	\$ 17.51	
11-Oct	\$ 17.22	\$ 17.26	\$ 17.27	\$ 17.31	\$ 17.34	\$ 17.37	\$ 17.39	\$ 17.42	\$ 17.45	\$ 17.47	\$ 17.51	\$ 17.52	
12-Oct	\$ 17.22	\$ 17.26	\$ 17.27	\$ 17.31	\$ 17.34	\$ 17.37	\$ 17.39	\$ 17.42	\$ 17.45	\$ 17.47	\$ 17.51	\$ 17.52	
13-Oct	\$ 17.22	\$ 17.26	\$ 17.27	\$ 17.31	\$ 17.34	\$ 17.37	\$ 17.39	\$ 17.42	\$ 17.45	\$ 17.47	\$ 17.51	\$ 17.52	
14-Oct	\$ 17.19	\$ 17.23	\$ 17.25	\$ 17.27	\$ 17.31	\$ 17.33	\$ 17.35	\$ 17.39	\$ 17.41	\$ 17.43	\$ 17.47	\$ 17.48	
17-Oct	\$ 17.19	\$ 17.23	\$ 17.25	\$ 17.27	\$ 17.31	\$ 17.33	\$ 17.35	\$ 17.39	\$ 17.41	\$ 17.43	\$ 17.47	\$ 17.48	
18-Oct	\$ 17.23	\$ 17.28	\$ 17.29	\$ 17.31	\$ 17.35	\$ 17.37	\$ 17.39	\$ 17.43	\$ 17.45	\$ 17.47	\$ 17.51	\$ 17.52	
19-Oct	\$ 17.21	\$ 17.25	\$ 17.26	\$ 17.29	\$ 17.33	\$ 17.34	\$ 17.37	\$ 17.41	\$ 17.42	\$ 17.45	\$ 17.49	\$ 17.50	
20-Oct	\$ 17.22	\$ 17.26	\$ 17.27	\$ 17.30	\$ 17.34	\$ 17.35	\$ 17.38	\$ 17.42	\$ 17.43	\$ 17.46	\$ 17.50	\$ 17.51	
21-Oct	\$ 17.23	\$ 17.28	\$ 17.29	\$ 17.33	\$ 17.35	\$ 17.38	\$ 17.41	\$ 17.43	\$ 17.46	\$ 17.49	\$ 17.53	\$ 17.53	
24-Oct	\$ 17.33	\$ 17.37	\$ 17.38	\$ 17.42	\$ 17.45	\$ 17.47	\$ 17.50	\$ 17.53	\$ 17.55	\$ 17.58	\$ 17.62	\$ 17.63	
						А	VERAGE PRI	CE OVER 21-I	DAY PERIOD	(CAD per ALI	OWANCE):	\$ 17.41	

# 1 APPENDIX D – Estimated Timeline Ontario Offset Protocol

## 2 Development

- 3
- 4 Climate Action Reserve (CAR) have been contracted by MOECC to evaluate and develop a set of
- 5 compliance offset protocol for the Ontario Cap and Trade system. CAR released their development
- 6 schedule on October 14<sup>th</sup>, 2016. Please see the posted development schedule below:

# **Protocols and Initial Schedule**



Month	0	Ν	D	J	F	М	А	М	J	J	A	S
Mine Methane Protocol												
Ozone Depleting Substances Protocol												
Landfill Gas Protocol												
Conservation Cropping Protocol												
Organic Waste Digestion Protocol												
Forestry Protocol												
Afforestation Protocol												
Refrigeration Systems Protocol												
Fertilizer Management Protocol												
Grasslands Protocol												
Emission Reductions from Livestock Protocol												
Organic Waste Management												
Urban Forestry Protocol												

7 8

Source: http://californiacarbon.info/wp-content/uploads/Presentations/CAR-OntarioOffsetProtocolAdaptation.pdf