# EXHIBIT 9 DEFERRAL AND VARIANCE ACCOUNTS EB-2017-0073

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#### **Exhibit 9: Deferral and Variance Accounts**

- 2 SLHI has included in this Cost of Service ("COS") Application, a request for approval for disposition
- 3 of Group 1 and Group 2 Deferral and Variance Account ("DVAs") balances as at December 31, 2016
- 4 and the forecasted interest through April 30, 2018. SLHI has followed the Board's guidance in the
- 5 Accounting Procedures Handbook and FAQs ("APH") for recording amounts in the deferral and
- 6 variance accounts. Such guidance also includes the Report of the Board on Electricity Distributors'
- 7 Deferral and Variance Account Review Initiative ("EDDVAR Report").
- 8 Table 9-1 contains description of all the outstanding DVAs. These balances are consistent with
- 9 those in the Continuity Schedule in the Board's 2018 DVA Continuity Schedule which is attached as
- Appendix 9A and filed in live Excel format with this application. SLHI confirms that it has used the
- 11 DVAs in the same manner described in the APH, and the account balance in Table 9-1 reconciles
- with the trial balance reported through the Electricity Reporting and Record-keeping Requirements
- 13 E2.1.7, and SLHI's 2016 Audited Financial Statements, with the exception of two accounts which are
- 14 explained below.

#### Table 9-1: December 31, 2016 Audited Balances - DVAs

		Total Principle & Interest (December 31, 2016)	2.1.7 RRR Balances (December 31, 2016)	Variance
Account Description	USoA#	\$	\$	\$
Group 1 Accounts				
LV Variance Account	1550	65,645	65,645	0
Smart Metering Entity Charge Variance Account	1551	1,238	1,238	0
RSVA - Wholesale Market Service Charge	1580	(31,967)	(31,967)	0
RSVA - Retail Transmission Network Charge	1584	(10,531)	(10,531)	0
RSVA - Retail Transmission Connection Charge	1586	8,206	8,206	0
RSVA - Power (excluding Global Adjustment)	1588	(341,649)	(341,649)	0
RSVA - Global Adjustment	1589	(48,738)	(48,739)	(1)
Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balances (2011)	1595	9	9	0
Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balances (2012)	1595	2,222	2,222	0
Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balances (2013)	1595	936	936	0
Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balances (2014)	1595	23,227	23,227	0
Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balances (2015)	1595	5,636	5,636	0
Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balances (2016)	1595	(61,798)	(61,798)	0
Subtotal Group 1 Accounts		(387,565)	(387,566)	(1)
Group 2 Accounts				
Other Regulatory Assets - Sub-Account - Deferred IFRS Transition Costs	1508	45,692	45,692	0
Retail Cost Variance Account - Retail	1518	(7,730)	(7,730)	0
Retail Cost Variance Account - STR	1548	(132)	(132)	0
Subtotal Group 2 Accounts		37,829	37,829	0
Other Accounts				
Smart Meter Capital and Recovery Offset Variance - Sub-Account - Stranded Meter Costs	1555	(64)	(64)	0
LRAM Variance Account	1568	6,030	(1,497)	(7,527)
IFRS-CGAAP Transition PP&E Amounts Balance + Return Component	1575	52,969	47,530	(5,439)
Subtotal Other Accounts		58,935	45,969	(12,966)
Total		(290,801)	(303,767)	(12,967)

#### **Explanation of Variances to 2.1.7 RRR Balances**

#### Account 1568 - LRAM Variance Account

- 6 The variance of \$(7,527) is due to adjustments occurring as a result of completing the Board's
- 7 LRAM Workform released on July 18, 2017 for 2018 COS filers. The LRAMVA is detailed in Exhibit 4,
- 8 Section 4.6.

#### 9 Account 1575 - IFRS-CGAAP Transition PP&E Amounts Balance + Return Component

- 10 The variance of \$(5,439) is due to the forecast difference for the 2017 Bridge year from CGAAP to
- 11 IFRS.

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- 12 SLHI has provided a continuity schedule of the Group 1 and Group 2 DVAs in the live Excel format
- model named "Sioux Lookout\_2018\_DVA\_Continuity\_Schedule\_COS\_20170821". ("EDDVAR model").

- 1 Interest Rates Applied
- 2 The forecasted interest on December 31, 2016 principle balances of the DVAs is calculated using the
- 3 Board's prescribed rate of 1.10% for the period January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017 and January
- 4 1, 2018 to April 30, 2018. The interest rates by quarter for each year are provided in Table 9-2
- 5 below.

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#### **Table 9-2: Interest Rates Applied to Deferral and Variance Accounts**

n. i. i	Later and Barta
Period	Interest Rate
Q1 2011	1.47%
Q2 2011	1.47%
Q3 2011	1.47%
Q4 2011	1.47%
Q1 2012	1.47%
Q2 2012	1.47%
Q3 2012	1.47%
Q4 2012	1.47%
Q1 2013	1.47%
Q2 2013	1.47%
Q3 2013	1.47%
Q4 2013	1.47%
Q1 2014	1.47%
Q2 2014	1.47%
Q3 2014	1.47%
Q4 2014	1.47%
Q1 2015	1.47%
Q2 2015	1.10%
Q3 2015	1.10%
Q4 2015	1.10%
Q1 2016	1.10%
Q2 2016	1.10%
Q3 2016	1.10%
Q4 2016	1.10%
Q1 2017	1.10%
Q2 2017	1.10%
Q3 2017	1.10%
Q4 2017 (Forecast)	1.10%
Q1 2018 (Forecast)	1.10%
Q2 2018 (Forecast)	1.10%
Q3 2018 (Forecast)	1.10%
Q4 2018 (Forecast)	1.10%

- 1 Group 2 Accounts To be Continued or Discontinued on a Go-Forward Basis
- 2 Table 9-3 below lists all Group 2 accounts which SLHI will continue and discontinue on a going-
- 3 forward basis. Explanations for the accounts that will be discontinued are provided in the table.

#### Table 9-3: Group 2 Accounts to be Continued or Discontinued

Account Description	USoA#	Continue/ Discontine	Explanation
Group 2 Accounts - Continue			
Retail Cost Variance Account - Retail	1518	Continue	On-going use
Retail Cost Variance Account - STR	1548	Continue	On-going use
LRAM Variance Account	1568	Continue	On-going use
Group 2 Accounts Discontinue			
Other Regulatory Assets - Sub-Account - Deferred IFRS Transition Costs	1508	Discontinue	No Longer needed as SLHI has fully transitioned to IFRS
Smart Meter Capital and Recovery Offset Variance - Sub-Account - Stranded Meter Costs	1555	Discontinue	Recovery completed and Smart meter implementation complete
IFRS-CGAAP Transition PP&E Amounts Balance + Return Component	1575	Discontinue	No Longer needed as SLHI has fully transitioned to IFRS

- 6 SLHI has not made any adjustments to deferral and variance account balances that were previously
- 7 approved by the OEB on a final basis either a COS or IRM proceeding.
- 8 Breakdown of Energy Sales and Cost of Power
- 9 The sale of energy is a flow through revenue and the cost of power is a flow through expense.
- 10 Energy sales and the cost of power expense by component are presented in Table 9-4 as reported in
- the 2016 Audited Financial Statements and the USoA within the RRR filing 2.1.7.

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#### Table 9-4: 2016 Energy Revenue and Cost of Power Expenses

Account Description	USoA#	2016 Actual
ENERGY REVENUE:		
Residential Energy Sales	4006	-\$3,193,797
Street Lightin Energy Sales	4025	-\$17,826
General Energy Sales	4035	-\$3,979,008
Revenue Adjustment	4050	-\$143,653
Billed - WMS	4062	-\$446,076
Billed NW	4066	-\$467,534
Billed CN	4068	-\$104,252
Billed - LV	4075	-\$250,655
Smart Meter Entity Charge	4076	-\$25,747
TOTAL ENERGY REVENUE		-\$8,628,548
COST OF POWER EXPENSES:		
Power Purchased	4705	\$5,925,064
Charges - Global Adjustment	4707	\$1,391,687
Charges - WMS	4708	\$454,078
Charges - NW	4714	\$475,212
Charges - CN	4716	\$107,176
Charges - LV	4750	\$249,578
Charges - Smart Meter Entity Charge	4751	\$25,754
TOTAL COST OF POWER EXPENSES		\$8,628,548
NET INCOME		\$0

- 3 SLHI confirms that it pro-rates the IESO Global Adjustment Charge, which is charged to SLHI by
- 4 Hydro One our host distributor, into RPP and Non-RPP portions.

#### 5 9.1 One-Time Incremental IFRS Costs

- 6 SLHI is requesting the disposition of Account 1508 Other Regulatory Assets, Sub-account Deferred
- 7 IFRS Transition Costs over a one year disposition period, in the amount of \$46,337, which includes
- 8 interest calculated from January 1, 2017 to April 30, 2018. SLHI confirms that the principle balance
- 9 in this account has not incurred any additional charges since December 31, 2016.
- Table 9-5 below provides a continuity schedule consistent with OEB 2 Appendix 2-YA. The entire
- balance is attributed to professional accounting fees incurred as a result of the transition to IFRS.

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- 1 The value in 2012 was for an evaluation to separate pooled assets, and the 2016 amount relates to
- 2 additional expenses incurred from SLHI's auditors for the 2015 audit when SLHI adopted IFRS.
- 3 SLHI did apply for disposition of this account in the 2013 COS, however in the Board Decision (EB-
- 4 2012-0165, page 18), the Board disallowed the disposition on an interim basis, and directed SLHI to
- 5 request a final disposition once the transition to IFRS was complete.

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#### **Table 9-5: One-Time Incremental IFRS Transition Costs**

#### Appendix 2-YA One-Time Incremental IFRS Transition Costs

The following table should be completed based on the information requested below. An explanation should be provided for any blank entries. The entries should include one-time incremental FRS transition costs that are currently included in Account 1568, Other Regulatory Assets, sub-account Deferred FRS Transition

Nature of One-Time Incremental IFRS Transition Costs <sup>1</sup>			Audited Actual Costs Incurred 2013		Costs Incurred	Audited Carrying Charges To December 31, 2016	Forecasted Costs		Carrying Charges January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017 or April 30, 2018 (As appropriate)	Total Costs and Carrying Charges	Reasons why the costs recorded meet the criteria of one-time IFRS administrative incremental costs
Professional accounting fees	s	24,000			\$ 20,000	\$ 1.692			\$ 645	\$ 46,337	Professional services used to convert to IFRS. Evaluation done in 2011 and 2012 to separate out pooled assets. Actual transition occurred in 2015 with expenses incurred during the audit in 2016
Professional legal fees	1 🗀									\$	
Salaries, wages and benefits of staff added to support the transition to IFRS	1 🗀									s -	
Associated staff training and development costs										\$ -	
Costs related to system upgrades, or replacements or changes where IFRS was the major reason for conversion										s -	
										s -	
										s -	
										s -	
										s -	
Amounts, if any, included in previous Board approved rates (amounts should be negative) <sup>2</sup>										s -	
										s -	
Insert description of additional item(s) and new rows if needed.	1 🗀									s -	
Total	ŝ	24.000	s -	s -		\$ 1,692		s -		\$ 46.337	

8 SLHI confirms that there is no one-time administrative incremental IFRS transition costs embedded

in the proposed 2018 revenue requirement. SLHI also confirms that no capital costs, ongoing IFRS

compliance costs, or impacts arising from adopting accounting policy changes are recorded in

11 Account 1508, Sub-account Deferred IFRS Transition Costs.

#### 9.2 Account 1575, IFRS-CGAAP Transitional PP&E Amounts

SLHI is filing this 2018 COS Application on the basis of MIFRS for the first time, and has therefore incurred amounts in account 1575 IFRS-CGAAP Transitional PP&E Amount capturing PP&E accounting changes made on the transition to IFRS, with the exception of those related to capitalization and depreciation that are captured in Account 1576. SLHI proposes to dispose of the amount of \$52,969 plus a rate of return component in the amount of \$9,852 equal to \$62,821 over a five year amortization period as shown in Table 9-7. The five year disposition was chosen to coincide with the Cost of Service term and reduce the impact to customers. SLHI confirms that no carrying charges have been applied to the balance in Account 1575. The balance in Account 1575 in the DVA Continuity Schedule is \$52,969.

- 1 A breakdown of the account Balance that is effective on the transition date of January 1, 2014 is
- 2 shown below in Table 9-6.

#### 3 Table: 9-6: Breakdown of Account 1575

	Ś	
Description	Debit/(Credit)	Explanation of accounting Changes
2014		
Losses on Disposal of Pooled Assets at transition date		Prior to transition to IFRS, SLHI did not perform accounting entries to dispose of
January 1, 2014	\$37,824	pooled asset accounts.
		SLHI revised their capitalization policy effective January 1, 2012, however the
		model used to calculate amortization under IFRS provides more detailed
Small differences as a result of Amoritzation Calculation	-\$2,393	breakdowns than the prior model used resulting in small differences.
Balance as at December 31, 2014	\$35,431	
2015		
Small differences as a result of Amoritzation Calculation	\$7,977	See above
Balance as at December 31, 2015	\$43,408	
2016		
Losses on Disposal of Pooled Assets at transition date		
January 1, 2014	\$5,595	See Above
Small differences as a result of Amoritzation Calculation	-\$1,473	See Above
Balance as at December 31, 2016	\$47,530	

5 The above table is supported by OEB Appendix 2-EA and shown in Table 9-7 below.

#### Table 9-7: Appendix 2-EA - Account 1575 - IFRS-CGAAP Transitional PP&E Amounts

# Appendix 2-EA Account 1575 - IFRS-CGAAP Transitional PP&E Amounts 2015 Adopters of IFRS for Financial Reporting Purposes

For applicants that adopted IFRS on January 1, 2015 for financial reporting purposes

	2014	2015	2016	2017 Bridge Year	2018 Rebasing Year
Reporting Basis	CGAAP	CGAAP	CGAAP	MIFRS	MIFRS
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Forecast	Forecast
			\$	\$	
PP&E Values under CGAAP					
Opening net PP&E - Note 1	4,936,887	4,992,542	4,988,394	5,026,747	
Net Additions - Note 4	276,063	255,121	272,451	425,354	
Net Depreciation (amounts should be negative) - Note 4	-220,408	-259,270	-234,097	-258,997	
Closing net PP&E (1)	4,992,542	4,988,394	5,026,747	5,193,104	
· ·	4,936,887	4,957,111	4,944,984	4,979,216	
year)	4,936,887 183,646	4,957,111 225,089	4,944,984 250,957	4,979,216 405,090	
, ,				405,090	
/ear) Opening net PP&E - Note 1 Net Additions - Note 4	183,646	225,089	250,957	405,090 -244,171	

Effect on Deferral and Variance Account Rate Riders				
Closing balance in Account 1575	•	52,969	WACC	3.72%
Return on Rate Base Associated with Account 1575				
balance at WACC - Note 2		9,852	# of years of rate rider	
Amount included in Deferral and Variance Account Rate Rider Calculation		62,821	disposition period	5

- 3 SLHI confirms that the Fixed Asset Continuity Schedule (Appendix 2-BA) has not been adjusted for
- 4 balances related to the IFRS-CGAAP Transitional PP&E Amount.
- 5 The driver of the change in the closing net PP&E from CGAAP to MIFRS is solely as a result of the
- 6 change in accounting to record disposals of pooled assets.
- 7 A separate rate rider has been calculated for the clearance of Account 1575. The rate rider has been
- 8 calculated on a fixed basis for all rate classes. The allocation to rate classes is calculated in the
- 9 EDDVAR Model Sheet 5. Table 9-8 illustrates the calculation of the proposed rate rider.

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#### Table 9-8: Calculation of Account 1575 Rate Rider

Rate Class	Customers Numbers/ Connections	Allocated Amortized Amount \$	%	Allocated Rate of Return Component \$	Total Amount Included in the Calculation of the Account 1575 Rate Rider \$	Annualized Customers Numbers/ Connections	Disposition Period in Years	Rate Rider for Account 1575 + Rate of Return Component
					(A)	(B)	( C)	(A)/(B)/(C)
Residential	2,386	24,362	45.99%	4,531	28,893	28,632	5	\$0.20
General Service < 50 kW	402	8,828	16.67%	1,642	10,470	4,824	5	\$0.43
General Service > 50 to 4,999 kW	53	19,672	37.14%	3,659	23,331	636	5	\$7.34
Street Lights	531	107	0.20%	20	127	6,372	5	\$0.00
Total		52,969	100%	9,852	62,821			

#### 3 9.3 Account 1576, Accounting Changes under CGAAP

- 4 SLHI reflected changes to their accounting capitalization and depreciation policies in the last COS
- 5 Application in 2013. The amount in account 1576 was approved for disposition in the Board's
- 6 Decision EB-2012-0165 over a four year disposition period. As such, the amount was fully disposed
- 7 of in 2016.

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#### 8 9.4 Retail Service Charges

- 9 The balances in the Retail Service Charge variance accounts consist of amounts recorded in Account
- 10 1518 RCVA Retail and Account 1548 RCVA STR. The balance requested to be disposed for Account
- 11 1518 RCVA Retail is \$(7,840), and the balance requested to be disposed for Account 1548 RCVA
- 12 STR is \$(134). This is consistent with the EDDVAR Model filed with this application.
- 13 All costs recorded in these variance accounts are incremental costs of providing retail services. The
- 14 costs include monthly fees charged by a third party to send electronic business transactions (EBTs)
- related to retail services. The balances in the accounts are a result of the differences of the revenue
- 16 collected by Retailers and the costs of the EBTs.
- 17 Table 9-9 below provides a schedule identifying all revenues and expenses listed by USoA that are
- incorporated into the variances recorded in Account 1518 and 1548.

#### Table 9-9: Schedule of Revenues and Expenses included in Account 1518 and 1548

Description	USoA	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total	Opening Balance Jan 1, 2013	Balance Disposed in Last COS (EB- 2012-0165)	Principle Balance as at December 31, 2016
Account 1518 RCVA Retail									
Revenues									
Retail Charges	4082	-\$3,507	-\$3,912	-\$3,792	-\$3,690				
Expenses									
Monthly EBT fee relating to Retailers	5315	\$2,035	\$2,035	\$1,924	\$2,821				
Account 1518 Variance		-\$1,472	-\$1,877	-\$1,868	-\$869	-\$6,087	\$2,967	-\$4,360	-\$7,480
Account 1548 RCVA STR									
Revenues									
Service Transaction Requests	4084	-\$47	-\$13	-\$17	-\$16				
Expenses			·						
Monthly EBT fee relating to Retailers	5315	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0				
Account 1548 Variance		-\$47	-\$13	-\$17	-\$16	-\$93	\$7,306	-\$7,341	-\$128

- 3 SLHI confirms that it has followed Article 490, Retail Services and Settlement Variances of the APH
- 4 for Account 1518 and Account 1548.

#### **9.5 Disposition of Deferral and Variance Accounts**

- 6 SLHI is requesting a net disposition of \$(151,172) to be refunded to customers based on the 2016
- 7 year end balances less the amount approved through the 2017 IRM process (EB-2016-0103).
- 8 Details of each account disposition request are discussed in detail in the evidence that follows. The
- 9 total of Group 1 and Group 2 Accounts is proposed to be refunded to customers over a one year
- disposition in the amount of \$(220,023).
- 11 The LRAM Variance Account is proposed to be collected from customers over a one year
- disposition. Details of the allocation and determination of the LRAMVA rate riders are found in
- 13 Exhibit 4, Table 4-28, page 34.
- 14 The proposed disposition of Account 1575 IFRS-CGAAP Transition PP&E Amounts is detailed in
- section 9.2 of this Exhibit.

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#### **Table 9-10: Proposed Disposition of Deferral and Variance Accounts**

Account Description	USoA#	Total Principle & Interest (Dec 31, 2016)	2017 Disposition (Principle & Interest)	Projected Interest from January 1, 2017 to April 30, 2018	Total Claim
Group 1 Accounts					
LV Variance Account	1550	\$65,645	\$22,807	\$621	\$43,459
Smart Metering Entity Charge Variance Account	1551	\$1,238	\$1,180	\$1	\$59
RSVA - Wholesale Market Service Charge	1580	-\$31,967	-\$15,727	-\$229	-\$16,469
RSVA - Retail Transmission Network Charge	1584	-\$10,531	-\$19,182	\$125	\$8,776
RSVA - Retail Transmission Connection Charge	1586	\$8,206	-\$698	\$131	\$9,035
RSVA - Power (excluding Global Adjustment)	1588	-\$341,649	-\$92,500	-\$3,628	-\$252,777
RSVA - Global Adjustment	1589	-\$48,738	\$28,881	-\$1,135	-\$78,754
Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balances (2011)	1595	\$9	\$9		
Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balances (2012)	1595	\$2,222	\$2,220		
Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balances (2013)	1595	\$936	\$732		
Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balances (2014)	1595	\$23,227		\$392	\$23,619
Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balances (2015)	1595	\$5,636		-\$971	\$4,665
Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balances (2016)	1595	-\$61,798		-\$1,680	
Subtotal Group 1 Accounts(Including Account 1589 - Global Adjustment		-\$387,565	-\$72,278	-\$6,373	-\$258,387
Subtotal Group 1 Accounts(Excluding Account 1589 - Global Adjustment					-\$179,633
RSVA - Global Adjustment					-\$78,754
Group 2 Accounts					
Other Regulatory Assets - Sub-Account - Deferred IFRS Transition Costs	1508	\$45,692		\$645	\$46,337
Retail Cost Variance Account - Retail	1518	-\$7,730		-\$109	-\$7,839
Retail Cost Variance Account - STR	1548	-\$132		-\$1	-\$133
Subtotal Group 2 Accounts		\$37,829	\$0	\$535	\$38,364
Other Accounts					
Smart Meter Capital and Recovery Offset Variance - Sub-Account - Stranded Meter Costs	1555	-\$64			
LRAM Variance Account	1568	\$6,030			\$6,030
IFRS-CGAAP Transition PP&E Amounts Balance + Return Component	1575	\$62,821			\$62,821
Subtotal Other Accounts		\$68,851	\$0	\$0	\$68,851
Total		-\$280,885			-\$151,172

#### 3 SLHI is not proposing to dispose of the following accounts:

- Account 1595 Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balance (2012);
- Account 1595 Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balance (2013);
  - Account 1555 Smart Meter Capital and Recover Offset Variance Sub-Account Stranded Meter Costs.
- 8 The above accounts were disposed of in a prior year application, and the balances are immaterial
- 9 residual balances.
- 10 SLHI is also not requesting to dispose of Account 1595 Disposition and Recovery/Refund of
- Regulatory Balances (2016) at this time, since the recovery period extends to April 30, 2017.
- 12 The balances proposed for disposition, before forecasted interest, are consistent with the most
- 13 current Audited Financial Statements (2016) with the exception of Account 1568 and Account
- 14 1575. The explanations for these variances are provided at the beginning of this Exhibit.

- 1 Calculation of Rate Riders for Group 1 and Group 2 Accounts
- 2 For the calculation of the proposed rate riders, SLHI has utilized the billing determinants arising
- 3 from the 2018 Load Forecast inclusive of CDM Adjustments, as presented in Table 9-11 below. For
- 4 more details regarding the Load Forecast and billing determinants please see Exhibit 3.

#### **Table 9-11: Total Billing Determinants**

Rate Class	Customers Numbers/ Connections	KWh	kW
Residential	2,386	32,918,746	-
General Service < 50 kW	402	11,931,508	-
General Service > 50 to 4,999 kW	53	27,063,250	72,183
Street Lights	531	150,597	420
Total		72,064,101	72,603

7 In accordance with the OEB's Filing Requirements it is stated that:

"... distributors must establish separate rate riders to recover the balances in the RSVAs from Market Participants ("MPs") who must not be allocated the RSVA account balances related to charges for which the MPs settle directly with the IESO"; and,

"Distributors who serve Class A customers per O. Ref 429/04 (i.e. customers greater than 5 MW) must propose an appropriate allocation for the recovery of the global adjustment variance balance based on their settlement process with the IESO."

As of December 31, 2016, SLHI did not have any customers who were Market Participants, or any Class A customers that would be affected by these requirements.

To develop the 2018 Non-RPP billing determinants to be applied to calculate the proposed GA rate riders, SLHI first calculated the relationship by rate class of the 2016 Non-RPP results as a percentage of the 2016 total rate class kWh consumption. SLHI then applied the rate class specific percentage to the 2018 Load Forecast results presented in Table 9-11. The results are presented in Table 9-12 below.

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Table 9-12: Billing Determinants for the GA Rate Rider

Rate Class	2016 % Non- RPP	Total 2018 kWh	2018 kWH Non-RPP
Residential	2%	32,918,746	658,375
General Service < 50 kW	9%	11,931,508	1,073,836
General Service > 50 to 4,999 kW	88%	27,063,250	23,815,660
Street Lights	93%	150,597	140,055
Total		72,064,101	25,687,926

3 The billing determinants used to develop the various rate riders are presented in Table 9-13 below.

#### 4 Table 9-13: Detailed Load Forecast Billing Determinants for Disposition Calculations

Rate Class	Customers Numbers/ Connections	KWh	kW	2018 kWH Non-RPP
Residential	2,386	32,918,746	-	658,375
General Service < 50 kW	402	11,931,508	-	1,073,836
General Service > 50 to 4,999 kW	53	27,063,250	72,183	23,815,660
Street Lights	531	150,597	420	140,055
Total		72,064,101	72,603	25,687,926

#### **6** Proposed Rate Riders

- 7 Consistent with the EDDVAR model provided by the OEB, SLHI has calculated the following rate
- 8 riders:

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- Rate Rider for Disposition of Deferral/Variance Accounts Group 1
- Rate Rider for Disposition of Global Adjustment Account Applicable only for Non-RPP

  Customers
  - Rate Rider for Disposition of Deferral/Variance Accounts Group 2
- Rate Rider for Disposition of Account 1575 IFRS-CGAAP Transitional PP&E Amounts
- Rate Rider for Disposition of Account 1568 LRAMVA

- 1 With the exception of Account 1568 LRAMVA (calculated in Exhibit 4, page 34) and Account 1575
- 2 IFRS-CGAPP Transitional PP&E Amounts (calculated in section 9.3 above), each calculation and
- 3 results are discussed below.
- 4 Rate Rider Calculation for Group 1 Deferral/Variance Accounts Balances (excluding Global
- 5 Adjustment)

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- Account 1550 allocated based on total kWh
- Account 1551 allocated based on number of customers in the Residential and General Service < 50 kw classes</li>
- Account 1580 allocated based on kWh
- Account 1584 allocated based on kWh
- Account 1586 allocated based on kWh
- Account 1588 allocated based on kWh

# Table 9-14: Rate Rider Calculation for Group 1 Deferral/Variance Accounts Balances (Excluding Global Adjustment)

Rate Class	Units	kW/kWh	Allocated Balance (excluding GA) \$	Rate Rider for Deferral/Variance Accounts
Residential	kWh	32,918,746	(81,470)	-0.0025
General Service < 50 kW	kWh	11,931,508	(28,772)	-0.0024
General Service > 50 to 4,999	kW	72,183	(68,767)	-0.9527
Street Lights	kW	420	(624)	-1.4861
Total			(179,633)	

#### Rate Rider Calculation for RSVA – Power - Global Adjustment

Account 1589 – allocated based on kWH

#### Table 9-15: Rate Rider Calculation for RSVA - Power - Global Adjustment

Rate Class	Units	kW/kWh	Allocated Balance (GA only) \$	Rate Rider for Deferral/Variance Accounts
Residential	kWh	658,375	(2,018)	-0.0031
General Service < 50 kW	kWh	1,073,836	(3,292)	-0.0031
General Service > 50 to 4,999	kWh	23,815,660	(73,015)	-0.0031
Street Lights	kWh	140,055	(429)	-0.0031
Total			(78,754)	

- 1 Rate Rider Calculation for Group 2 Deferral/Variance Accounts
  - Account 1508 allocated based on kWh
  - Account 1518 allocated based on kWh
- Account 1548 allocated based on kWh

#### **Table 9-16: Rate Rider Calculation for Group 2 Deferral/Variance Accounts**

Rate Class	Units	kW/kWh	Allocated Balance	Rate Rider for Deferral/Variance Accounts
Residential	# of customers	2,386	17,524	0.61
General Service < 50 kW	kWh	12,395,871	6,352	0.0005
General Service > 50 to 4,999	kWh	73,671	14,407	0.1996
Street Lights	kWh	420	80	0.1909
Total			38,363	

- As per the Board's letter dated July 16, 2015, residential rates for Group 2 accounts are to be on a
- 8 per customer basis.

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- 9 Account 1580, Sub-Account CBR Class B
- 10 SLHI is a fully embedded distributor to Hydro One and are not charged the CBR and therefore have
- no amount recorded in Account 1580, Sub-Account CBR Class B.
- 12 9.5.1 Disposition of Global Adjustment Variance
- 13 Class B and A Customers
- As indicated in the Board's DVA Continuity Schedule, SLHI does not have any Class A Customers.
- 15 Therefore there is no portion of Account 1589 that will be allocated to customers transitioning
- 16 between Class A and Class B.
- 17 RPP Settlement True-Up
- 18 SLHI confirms that it reconciles estimates of RPP and Non-RPP consumption to actuals on a
- monthly basis.

#### 1 <u>GA Analysis Workform</u>

- 2 As per the OEB filing guidelines, SLHI has completed the GA Analysis Workform in the 2018 DVA
- 3 Continuity Schedule Workform, and is filed in live Excel format with this application and attached
- 4 as Appendix 9A.
- 5 The difference between the actual and expected balance was calculated to be \$(48,116). The
- 6 discrepancy is due to an adjustment resulting from the December 2016 RPP Settlement true-up
- booked in January of 2017 in the amount of \$41,892. Once this reconciling item is applied the
- 8 difference between actual and expected balance is \$(6,224) which less than +/- 1% of the total
- 9 annual IESO GA Charges.

#### 10 <u>Description of Settlement Process</u>

- 11 SLHI's customers are all class B customers. These customers pay the global adjustment (GA) charge
- based on the amount of electricity they consume in a month (kWh). Within the Class B group, there
- are two categories of customers, RPP customers who pay an RPP rate which has a built in GA
- 14 adjustment component and the remaining Non-RPP customers who pay the Hourly Ontario
- 15 Electricity Price (HOEP), and a monthly GA price separately on their bills.
- 16 For Class B customers, RSVA 1589 GA captures the difference between the amounts billed (or
- estimated to be billed) to Non-RPP customers and the actual amount paid by SLHI to the host
- distributor for those customers. This is the variance between the final rate for the GA and what is
- billed to the customers. For Non-RPP customers, this variance is recorded in the USoA account 1589
- 20 RSVA GA. For RPP customers, this variance is built into the RPP rates for the following RPP term.
- 21 Only Non-RPP customers have contributed to the balance in the RSVA 1589 GA variance account.
- The balance in this account has been allocated based on Non-RPP consumption in 2015, for which a
- separate rate rider is used to dispose of the balance.
- 24 A description of SLHI's GA settlement process with, in our case, the host distributor is outlined
- 25 below.

#### 1 *GA rate used*

- 2 SLHI uses the first estimate to bill its customers. This treatment is applicable for all customer
- 3 classes.
- 4 Process for providing consumption estimates to the Host Distributor
- 5 SLHI settles with our host distributor (Hydro One) for the estimated difference between spot and
- 6 RPP pricing for RPP customers within 2 business days of month end (IESO form 1598).
- 7 Conventional meters (Designated customers on Tier 1/Tier 2 pricing) The total estimated
- 8 consumption (kWh) is determined by multiplying the current number of active customers
- 9 (excluding those with retailers) by the same month of the previous year's average consumption for
- that group. This estimated consumption is then split between Tier 1 and Tier 2 pricing based on
- 11 historical trending.
- 12 Time-of-Use meters The total estimated consumption (kWh) is determined by multiplying the
- 13 current number of active customers (excluding those with retailers) by the same month of the
- 14 previous year's average consumption for that group. This estimated consumption is then split
- between on-peak, off-peak and mid-peak, based on historical trending.
- 16 The Total RPP consumption is then calculated by adding the consumption of customers on
- 17 conventional meters to the TOU consumption.
- 18 *True-Up Process*
- 19 SLHI performs monthly true-ups with each submission to provide timely adjustments for any
- variances from the initial estimates.
- 21 The actual billed consumption for RPP customers is extracted from the billing system for the
- 22 previous month and netted against the estimate used at the time the settlement was sent to the host
- distributor. The resulting consumption is applied to the new estimate for the current month.
- 24 <u>Certification of Evidence</u>
- 25 Attached as Appendix 9B is a letter of certification of SLHI's processes and internal controls in place
- 26 for the account balances being disposed.

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- **9.6 Establishment of New Deferral and Variance Accounts**
- 2 SLHI is not applying to establish any new Deferral and Variance Accounts.

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Appendix 9A – 2018 DVA Continuity Schedule



# 2018 Deferral/Variance Account Workform

Utility Name Sioux Lookout Hydro Inc.

Service Territory	Municipality of Sioux Lookout
Assigned EB Number	EB-2017-0073
Name of Contact and Title	Deanne Kulchyski, President/CEO
Phone Number	807-737-3800
Email Address	dkulchyski@tbaytel.net
General Notes	
Pale green cells represent input	cells.
Pale blue cells represent drop-do	own lists. The applicant should select the appropriate item
M/Lita calla cantaia fivrad valvas	automatically, and automorphism of farmer lan

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#### Instructions for Tabs 2 to 7

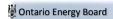
Tab	Tab Details	Step	Instructions
1 4.10		1	Complete the DVA continuity schedule.
			For all accounts, except for Account 1595, start inputting data from the year in which the GL balance was last disposed. For example, if in the 2017 rate application, DVA balances as at December 31, 2015 were approved for disposition, start the continuity schedule from 2015 by entering the closing 2014 balances in the Adjustments column under 2014.  For all Account 1595 sub-accounts, complete the DVA continuity schedule for each Account 1595 vintage year that has a GL balance as at December 31, 2016 regardless of whether the account is being requested for disposition in the current application. For each Account 1595 sub-account, start inputting data from the year the sub-account started to accumulate a balance (i.e. the vintage year). For example, Account 1595 (2014) would have information starting in 2014, when the relevant balances approved for disposition were first transferred into Account 1595 (2014). The DVA continuity schedule currently starts from 2011, if a utility has an Account 1595 with a vintage year prior to 2011, then a separate schedule should be provided starting from the vintage year.
2 - Continuity Schedule	This tab is the continuity schedule that shows all the accounts and the accumulation of the balances a utility has.	2a	If you had any Class A customers at any point during the period that the Account 1589 GA balance accumulated (e.g. last disposition was for 2014 balances in the 2016 rate application, current balance requested for disposition accumulated from 2015 to 2016), check off the checkbox in cell BS13.  If the checkbox is not checked off, then proceed to tabs 4 to 7 and complete the tabs accordingly.  If the checkbox is checked off, tab 5.1 relating to Class A customer consumption will be generated, see step 7 to 10 below for further details.
		2b	If the checkbox in step 2a is checked off, another checkbox will pop up to the right of the checkbox. If you had any Class A customers at any point during the period that the Account 1580, sub-account CBR Class B balance accumulated (i.e. 2015 and 2016 or 2016), check off the checkbox.  If the checkbox is not checked off, then the balance in the Account 1580, sub-account CBR Class B will be allocated and disposed with Account 1580 WMS, as a part of the general DVA rate rider.  If the checkbox is checked off, then tab 5.3 will be generated. This tab will calculate the billing determinants applicable to Account 1580 sub-account CBR Class B, using information inputted in tab 5.1. See step 12 below for further details. The CBR Class B balance will be allocated in tab 5 and the rate rider will be calculated in tab 6.
		3	Enter the number of utility specific 1508 sub-accounts that are approved for the utility in the textbox in cell B50. The DVA continuity schedule will generate the number of utility specific 1508 sub-accounts starting in row 51. Input the name and the balances of the sub-account(s) starting in row 51. If a utility does not have utility specific 1508 sub-accounts, the generic 1508 sub-account Other will still be listed in the DVA continuity schedule. Check off the "check to dispose of account" checkbox in column BT for sub-accounts requested for disposition.
3. Appendix A	This tab shows the year end balance variances between the continuity schedule and that reported in the RRR.	4	Provide an explanation for the variances identified.
4 - Billing Determinant	This tab shows the billing determinants that will be used to allocate account balances and calculate rate riders.	5	Complete the billing determinant table. Note that columns O and P are generated when a utility indicates they have Class A customers in tab 2. Information in these columns are populated based on data from tab 5.1.
5 - Allocating Def-Var Balances	r This tab allocates the DVA balance (except for CBR Class B if Class A customers exist).	6	Review the allocated balances to ensure the allocation is appropriate. Note that the allocations for Account 1589, Account 1580, sub-account CBR Class B will be determined after tabs 5.1 to 5.3a have been completed.
		7	This tab is generated when the utility checks in tab 2 that they have Class A customers during the period that the GA balance accumulated.  Under #1, enter the year the Account 1589 GA balance was last disposed.
		8	Under #2a, indicate whether you had any customers that transitioned between Class A and B during the period the Account 1589 GA balance accumulated. If no, proceed to #3b in step 10.  If yes, #2b and tab 5.2 will be generated. Proceed to #2b.
	This is a new tab that is to be completed if there were any Class A customers at any point during the period the GA balance accumulated. The tab also		Under #2b, indicate whether you had any customers that transitioned between Class A and B during the period the Account 1580, sub-account CBR Class B balance accumulated.  If no, proceed to #3a in step 9.  If yes, tab 5.3a will be generated. Proceed to #3a in step 9.

Consumption	considers Class A/B transition customers. The data on this tab is used for the purposes of determining the GA rate rider, CBR Class B rate rider (if applicable), as well as customer specific GA and CBR Class B charges for transition customers (if applicable).	9	Under #3a, enter the number of transition customers during the period the Account 1589 GA balance accumulated. A table will be generated based on the number of customers. Complete the table accordingly for each transition customer identified (i.e. kWh/kW for half year periods, and the customer class during the half year). This data will automatically be used in the GA balance and CBR Class B balance allocation to transition customers in tabs 5.2 and 5.3a, respectively. Each transition customer identified in tab 5.1, table 3a will be assigned a customer number and the number will correspond to the same transition customers populated in tabs 5.2 and 5.3a. The data in tab 5.1 will also be used in the calculation of billing determinants in the allocation of GA and CBR Class B balances to the rate classes, as applicable.  Under #3b, enter the number of customers who were Class A customers during the entire period since the year the Account 1589 GA balance accumulated (i.e. did not transition between Class A and B during the period). A table will be generated based on the number of customers. Complete the table accordingly for each Class A customer identified. This data will be used in the calculation of billing determinants in the allocation of GA and CBR Class B balances to the rate classes, as applicable.
5.2 - GA Allocation	This tab has been revised. It allocates the GA balance to each transition customer for the period in which these customers were Class B customers and contributed to the GA balance (i.e. former Class B customers who contributed to the GA balance but are now Class A customers and former Class A customers who are now Class B customers contributing to the GA balance).		This tab is generated when the utility indicates that they have transition customers in tab 5.1, #2a during the period where the GA balance accumulated.  In row 20, enter the total Class B consumption which equals to Non-RPP consumption less WMP consumption and consumption for Class A customers (who were Class A for partial and full year).  The rest of the information in this tab will be auto-populated and will calculate the customer specific allocation of the GA balance to transition customers in the bottom table. All transition customers who are allocated a specific GA amount are not to be charged the general Non-RPP Class B GA rate rider as calculated in tab 6.
5.3 - CBR	This is a new tab that calculates the CBR Class B rate rider if there were Class A customers at any point during the period that the CBR Class B balance accumulated.	12	This tab is generated when the utility checks in tab 2 that they have Class A customers during the period that Account 1580, sub-account CBR Class B balance accumulated. Select one of two options pertaining to the years in which the CBR Class B balance accumulated, either 2015 and 2016, or 2016 only in cell B13. The rest of the information in the tab is auto-populated and will be used in the calculation of the CBR Class B rate rider calculated in tab 6.
Allocation	This is a new tab that allocates the CBR Class B balance to each transition customer for the period in which these customers were Class B customers and contributed to the CBR Class B balance (i.e. former Class B customers who contributed to the balance but are now Class A customers and former Class A customers who are now Class B contributing to the balance).		This tab is generated when the utility indicates that they have transition customers in tab 5.1, #2b during the period where the CBR Class B balance accumulated.  In row 20, enter the total Class B consumption which equals to total consumption less WMP consumption and consumption for Class A customers (who were Class A for partial and full year).  The rest of the information in this tab will be auto-populated and will calculate the customer specific allocation of the CBR Class B balance to transition customers in the bottom table. Note that the transition customers for the GA may be different than the transition customers for CBR Class B as this would depend on the period in which the GA and CBR Class B balances accumulated. All transition customers who are allocated a specific CBR Class B amount is not to be charged the general CBR Class B rate rider.
6 - Calculation of Def- Var RR	This tab calculates all the applicable DVA ate riders.	14	Enter the proposed rate rider recovery period if different than the default 12 month period. For each rate class of each rate rider, select whether the rate rider is to be calculated on a kWh/kW or number of customers basis. The rest of the information in the tab is auto-populated and the rate riders are calculated accordingly.
7 + 7.a GA Analysis	This is a new GA Analysis Workform that is to be completed.	15	Complete tab 7.a according to the instructions in tab 7.

This continuity schedule must be completed for each account and sub-account that the inputting data from the year in which the QL bullence was last disposed, for example, if a 2014 balance in the Adjustment column under 2014. For each Account 1505 sub-account, recommendation of the provided standard provided provided standard provided standard schedule should be provided stanting from the vintage year. For any new accounts that it If you had any Class A customers at any point during the period that the Account 1589 GA balance accumulated (i.e. from the yeld with the balance was last disposed to 2016), chuck of the chalchor.

If you had Class A customerity during the partic, Tab 5.1 will be generated and applicance must complete the information pertaining to Class A customers.

Property of the property of		Г					2015										2016							20	017			Projected Intere	est on Dec-31-16 Ba	lances		2.1.7 RRR	
Part			Occales					Oscales				-	Occarion					Onvelor						Interest	Closing Principal Cl	ssing Interest Proj	cted Interest from Jan I,	, Projected Interest from	St on Dec 31 10 bu	idireco	_	2.1.7 1444	
Part	Account Descriptions	Account	Principal				Principal	Interest 1	nterest Jan-1 to	Disposition	Interest Closing	ginnerest	Principal				Principal	Interest In	sterest Jan-1 to OE	B-Approved In Supposition Adjust	sterest Closic streamts(2) Amo	ing Interest							Total Interest	Total Claim		As of Day 31-16	
Sept 1	Account Descriptions			during 2015	2005	during 2015			Dec-31-15	during 2015	during 2015 Dec			during 2016	2016	during 2016	Balance as of Dec-21-16	Amounts as of	Dec-31-16 d	uring 2016 duri	ing 2016 De	wc-31-16	instructed by In	netructed by	Dispositions I	Xispositions for	disposition during 2017	adjusted for disposition					(Principal + Interest)
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**************************************	LV Variance Account						\$88,043	\$0		\$1,358	\$2,196						\$64,365	\$2,319				\$1,280		\$834		\$445	\$460	\$155					-50
The state of the s																						541				-54	51						50
The state of the s	Variance WMS – Sub-account CBR Class A*			1910,230	9110,000	-923-(000		50	192,301	-90,023	190,104	60		913,004	19130,000				-90.00	194,146		50	-913,230	-9480		60	411	0 50				1921,000	50
**************************************	Variance WMS - Sub-account CBR Class B <sup>9</sup>	1580	\$0				\$0	\$0				\$0					\$0	50				50			\$0	50	5	0 50	\$0		\$0.00		50
The state of the s		1584						\$0				\$33										\$110				\$114							-50
**************************************			50					\$0										-\$177				\$53				\$19	\$50	533					50
Second Continue of Continue			50					\$0									-9340,494	-54,077				91,150				-51,000	94,741	1 -9907					-90
Second Continue of Continue				200,000	1979,000		\$101,369	50	42,313	97,121		\$0		-9381,330	\$120,200	4314,140	\$1	\$4,160	4141	42,000		50	920,200	3000	50	80	tr.	0 50		In Please of Account		- Great Contract	50
The secretary of the property	Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balances (2010)		\$0			\$0	\$0	\$0			\$0	\$0	\$0				\$0	50				50			\$0	50	5	0 50					50
The second product of the product of	Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balances (2011) <sup>7</sup>		\$0		\$1,551	\$1,551	-\$0	\$0	\$9	-\$91	-\$926	-\$826	-\$0				-\$0	-\$826		-\$835		\$9		\$9	-\$0	50	-80	-\$0	\$0 🖸 Oma	to Dispose of Account	\$0.00	\$9	-50
The property of the control of the c	Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balances (2012) <sup>7</sup>				-\$59,730			\$0		\$63,836		\$7										-\$283				\$2	\$2	50					50
The properties of the properti	Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balances (2013) <sup>7</sup>													-\$0	\$45,218					\$58,123		\$98	\$838	-\$106		\$204	\$0	50					-50
The property of the control of the c																										-\$3,455							50
*** The state of t	Disposition and Barrown/Return of Rensistant Relations (2015)*				-\$40,924	\$0	-917,519	\$0	\$153	-972,258	\$0	372,411			****					fer ere													50
1			90				\$0	\$0				90	30	ar1,016	#165,593		-9/14/5/5	30	-91,001			aua,///			-9114,575	auc. 1777	-91,200	-5420	\$21,097 <b>(1</b> Omis	m segme is excised	\$0.00	-301,790	50
The secretary of the control of the		1																															
Mark Age	Group 1 Sub-Total (including Account 1589 - Global Adjustment) Group 1 Sub-Total (excluding Account 1589 - Global Adjustment)	1	\$0 \$0			-\$162,812 -\$241,208	-\$250,269 -\$411,858	\$0 \$0	-\$39 -\$7.554		\$124,974	\$124,934	-\$250,269 -\$431,858						-\$4,309 -\$4,500				-\$73,632 -\$101,834	\$1,355		\$119,273		0 -\$1,593	\$112,899		-\$258,388.04 -\$179,632.80		-\$1
See The See Th	RSVA - Global Adjustment 12	1589																	\$191							-\$223							-\$0
The state of the s																																	
The second contract of	Group 2 Accounts																																
The second contract of	Other Regulatory Assets - Sub-Account - Deferred IFRS Transition Costs	1506	\$24,000				\$24,000	\$1.013	\$286			\$1,299	\$24,000	\$20,000			\$44,000	\$1,299	\$392			\$1,592			\$44,000	\$1,692	\$464	4 \$161	\$2,337		\$46,336,92	\$45,692	. 50
The state of the s	Other Regulatory Assets - Sub-Account - Incremental Capital Charges	1506	\$0				\$0	\$0				\$0	\$0				\$0	\$0				\$0			\$0	50			\$0				50
The Property of the Control of the C																																	
## Company Notices Assessed From Processes Assessed Fr	Other Regulatory Assets - Sub-Account - Other		50				50					\$0	50				\$0					\$0			50 50	50			50				50
14   15   15   15   15   15   15   15	Retail Cost Variance Account - Retail	1518	-\$4,755	-\$1,676			-\$6,633		-\$71			-\$175	-\$6,633	-\$846			-\$7,479	-\$175	-\$76			-\$251			-\$7,479	-\$251	-\$80	2 527	-\$360			-\$7,730	50
The set Approach Columns (197) 197   197		1525					\$0	\$0				\$0	\$0				\$0					\$0			\$0	\$0			\$0 🗖 Oma	to Dispose of Account			50
The Contract of Contract Contr	Reset-Agreement CDM Variance Account	1546		-910			-9111	50	-91			50	-9111	-917			-9120 to		-94			50				50	-91	1 -90	50		50.00	-9132	-90
10   10   10   10   10   10   10   10	Extra-Ordinary Event Costs	1572	\$0				\$0					\$0					\$0					\$0			\$0	\$0			\$0		\$0.00		50
The Charles of Charles (1974)	Deferred Rate Impact Amounts						\$0					\$0					\$0					\$0			\$0	\$0			\$0				50
10   10   10   10   10   10   10   10	Other Deferred Credits	2425					\$0					\$0					\$0					\$0			\$0	\$0			\$0 🗖 Oma	to Dispose of Account			50
10   10   10   10   10   10   10   10												. "																	_				
10   10   10   10   10   10   10   10	Group 2 Sub-Total		\$19,150	-\$1,894	\$0	\$0	\$17,256	\$908	\$214	\$0	\$0	\$1,122	\$17,256	\$19,137	\$0	\$0	\$36,393	\$1,122	\$314	\$0	\$0	\$1,437	\$0	\$0	\$36,393	\$1,437	\$400	0 \$133	\$1,970		\$38,363.13	\$37,829	-50
10   10   10   10   10   10   10   10	PILs and Tax Variance for 2006 and Subsequent Years	4400																															
The control of the co			\$0				\$0	\$0				\$0	\$0				\$0	\$0				\$0			\$0	50			\$0		\$0.00		50
M Vertical Anterior 150	Pills and Tax variance for 2006 and Subsequent Years - Sub-Account HST/CVAT input Tax Credits (ITCs)	1592	\$0				\$0	\$0				\$0	\$0				\$0	50				\$0			\$0	50			so		\$0.00		50
M Vertical Antenness**  150																																	
He Heading Assert 158  113.10  103.00  10 10	Total of Group 1 and Group 2 Accounts (including 1592)		\$19,150	-\$89,351	\$0	-\$162,812	-\$233,013	\$908	\$175	\$0	\$124,974	\$126,057	-\$233,013	-\$238,784	\$2	\$0	-\$471,799	\$126,057	-\$3,995	-52	\$0	\$122,064	-\$73,632	\$1,355	-\$398,167	\$120,709	-\$4,380	91,460	\$114,870		-\$220,024.91	-\$349,736	-61
He Heading Assert 158  113.10  103.00  10 10																																	
The second disconnection Communic Capital Delateral Answer?  133	LRAM Variance Account	1568	\$0	-\$11,035		\$9,545	-\$1,389	\$0	-\$216		\$109	-\$107	-\$1,389			\$7,466	\$6,077	-\$107	\$0		\$50	-\$47			\$6,077	-\$47			-\$47		\$6,029.07	-\$1,497	-\$7,526
The second disconnection Communic Capital Delateral Answer?  133																																	
See Control C	Total including Account 1568		\$19,150	-\$100,386	\$0	-\$153,166	-\$234,403	\$908	-\$41	\$0	\$125,082	\$125,949	-\$234,403	-\$238,784	\$2	\$7,466	-\$465,723	\$125,949	-\$3,995	-\$2	\$60	\$122,016	-\$73,632	\$1,355	-\$392,091	\$120,662	-\$4,380	0 -\$1,460	\$114,822		-\$213,995.84	-\$351,233	-\$7,527
See Control C	Research Committee Committee Control Defend Security	1871	en.				to.	fo.				en.	en.				ėn.	- to				to			to.	***			an an		F0.00		
See an Exposition Community Control Proteins Proteins Community Control Proteins Proteins Community Control Proteins Control		1537	\$0				50					\$0					\$0					50			50	50			50				50
## CONTINUE AND PRODUCTION OF THE PRODUCTION OF	Renewable Generation Connection Funding Adder Deferral Account	1533	\$0				\$0	\$0				\$0	\$0				\$0	\$0				\$0			\$0	50			\$0		\$0.00		50
150   150	Smart Grid Capital Deferral Account	1534					\$0					\$0					\$0					\$0			\$0	\$0			\$0				50
150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150			\$0 \$0				\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0				\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0				\$0 \$1	\$0 \$0				50			50 50	50			50 50				50
## New Confidence Agency (Phas Visions & 150 to 15	Smart Meter Capital and Recovery Offset Variance - Sub-Account - Capital <sup>4</sup>		\$0				\$0	\$0				50	\$0				\$0	50				50			50	50			50				50
and these CAMA Nationary*  1006  50  100  50  50  50  50  50  50  50  5	Smart Meter Capital and Recovery Offset Variance - Sub-Account - Recoveries <sup>4</sup>	1555	\$0				\$0					\$0					\$0					\$0			\$0	\$0			\$0		\$0.00		50
10 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Smart Meter Capital and Recovery Offset Variance - Sub-Account - Stranded Meter Costs <sup>4</sup>			-\$50,666			-\$54		\$0			\$0					-\$64					\$0				\$0			\$0			-\$54	-50
15.00 Transfer PFE Person Subres - Flast Corpored* 157 50 50.00 5	Smart Meter CMSA Variance <sup>4</sup>						\$0	\$0				\$0					\$0	\$0				\$0			\$0	50			\$0				50
	Meter Cost Defensi Account (MIST Meters)**	1557	\$0				\$0	\$0				\$0	\$0				\$0	\$0				\$0			\$0	\$0			\$0		\$0.00		50
	ERS-CGAAP Transition PPSE Amounts Balance + Return Componen <sup>a</sup>	1575	\$0				\$n						50			\$52 969	\$52,000								\$52.969				■ Oma	to Dispose of Associat	\$52,969,00	\$47.530	.55.410
	Accounting Changes Under CGAAP Balance + Return Component <sup>6</sup>						\$0																		\$0				0 000	to Dispose of Associat		4,330	50
																									-								



Accounts that produced a variance on the continuity schedule are listed below Please provide a detailed explanation for each variance below.

Account Descriptions	Account Number	Variance RRR vs. 2016 Balance (Principal + Interest)	Explanation
LV Variance Account	1550	\$ (0.02)	Rounding difference
RSVA - Wholesale Market Service Charge9	1580	\$ (0.46)	Rounding difference
RSVA - Retail Transmission Network Charge	1584	\$ (0.19)	Rounding difference
RSVA - Retail Transmission Connection Charge	1586	\$ 0.49	Rounding difference
RSVA - Power (excluding Global Adjustment)12	1588	\$ (0.01)	Rounding difference
RSVA - Global Adjustment 12	1589	\$ (0.49)	Rounding difference
Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balances (2011)7	1595	\$ (0.08)	Rounding difference
Retail Cost Variance Account - Retail	1518	\$ 0.02	Rounding difference
Retail Cost Variance Account - STR	1548	\$ (0.15)	Rounding difference
LRAM Variance Account11	1568	\$ (7,526.01)	Difference resulting from the completion of the new LRAMVA Workform
IFRS-CGAAP Transition PP&E Amounts Balance + Return Component5	1575	\$ (5,438.96)	Includes the forecast difference for the 2017 Bridge year from CGAAP to IFRS (\$5,439)



In the green shaded cells, enter the data related to the **proposed** load forecast. Do not enter data for the MicroFit class.

(Enter Rate Classes in cells below as they spear on your current tariff of rates and charges)  Units of Customers As Custo					A		В			С	D=	A-C	F =B-C-E (deduct E if applicable)										
SEMERAL SERVICE LESS THAN 30 KW Wh 402 11,931,508 1973,858 343,955 11,931,508 1 1,973,638 1 2,984 295 1974 295	(Enter Rate Classes in cells below as they appear on your current tariff of	Units # of	Customers			for Non-RPP	for Non-RPP	Bevenue	Wholesale Market	Wholesale Market	less WMP consumption	less WMP consumption	Consumption for Current Class B Customers (Non-RPP Consumption excluding WMP, Class A and Transition						1595 Recovery Share Proportion (2014) <sup>1</sup>	1595 Recovery Shar Proportion (2015) <sup>1</sup>		Variance Account Class Allocation <sup>3</sup>	
SEMERIAL SERVICE 50 TO 4999 KW MV 53 72.083.250 72.183 23.815.660 6 5.21 33.5105 72.083.250 72.183 23.815.660 8 72.083.250 72.183 23.815.660 8 72.083.250 72.183 23.815.660 8 72.083.250 72.183 23.815.660 8 72.083.250 72.183 23.815.660 8 72.083.250 72.183 23.815.660 8 72.083.250 72.183 23.815.660 8 72.083.250			2,386														47%	52%	489	% 4	% 44	% (3,645	5) 2,
STREET LIGHTING  WY 531 150.597 420 140,055 29 29.451 150.597 420 140,055		kWh	402														22%	19%	199	% 25	% 16	1% 2,59	94
Total  3,372 72,064,101 72,803 25,887,926 63,50 \$ 2,054,958 72,064,101 72,603 25,687,956 0% 0% 0% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 5 6,035		kW	53		72,183		63,521					72,183					30%	28%	349	% 21	% 40	(3,483	3)
Total  One State S	TREET LIGHTING	kW	531	150,597	420	140,055	29	29,451			150,597	420	140,055				1%	1%	-19	%	% 1	% 10,569	69
Votal 3,372 72,064,101 72,603 25,687,926 63,55 \$ 2,054,956 · · · 72,064,101 72,603 25,687,926 0% 0% 0% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100%													-										
fotal 3,372 72,664,101 72,603 25,687,926 63,55) \$ 2,054,958 72,064,101 72,603 25,687,926 0% 0% 0% 100% 100% 100% 100% \$ 6,035											-		-										
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Total 3,372 72,064,101 72,603 25,687,26 63,550 \$ 2,054,958 72,064,101 72,603 25,687,926 0% 0% 0% 0% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 5 6,035											-		-										
Total    1											-		-										
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											-	-	-										
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													-										
	otal		3,372	/2,064,101	72,60	3 25,687,926	63,550	\$ 2,054,958			/2,064,101	72,603	25,687,926	0'	% O%	6 O%	100%	100%	6 100°	% 10			

Account 1595 sub-accounts are to be allocated to rate classes in proportion to the recovery share as established when rate riders were implemented

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The proportion of customers for the Residential and GS<50 Classes will be used to allocate Account 1551.



		Amounts from Sheet 2	Allocator	RESIDENTIAL	GENERAL SERVICE LESS THAN 50 KW	GENERAL SERVICE 50 TO 4,999 KW	STREET LIGHTING
LV Variance Account	1550	43,460	kWh	19,852	7,196	16,321	91
Smart Metering Entity Charge Variance Account	1551	58	# of Customers	49	8	0	0
RSVA - Wholesale Market Service Charge	1580	(16,468)	kWh	(7,523)	(2,727)	(6,185)	(34)
RSVA - Retail Transmission Network Charge	1584	8,777	kWh	4,009	1.453	3,296	18
RSVA - Retail Transmission Connection Charge	1586	9,034	kWh	4,127	1,496	3,393	19
RSVA - Power (excluding Global Adjustment)	1588	(252,777)	kWh	(115,468)	(41,852)	(94,929)	(528)
RSVA - Global Adjustment	1589	(78,755)	Non-RPP kWh	(2.018)	(3.292)	(73.015)	(429)
Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balances (2009)	1595	0	%	0	0	0	0
Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balances (2010)	1595	0	%	0	0	0	0
Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balances (2011)	1595	0	%	0	0	0	0
Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balances (2012)	1595	0	%	0	0	0	0
Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balances (2013)	1595	0	%	0	0	0	0
Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balances (2014)	1595	23,618	%	11,337	4,487	8,030	(236)
Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balances (2014)	1595	4.665	%	2.146	1.166	1.306	47
Disposition and Recovery/Refund of Regulatory Balances (2016)	1595	0	%	0	0	0	0
Total of Group 1 Accounts (excluding 1589)	1090		70			(68.767)	(624)
Total of Group 1 Accounts (excluding 1989)		(179,633)		(81,470)	(28,772)	(08,707)	(024)
Other Regulatory Assets - Sub-Account - Deferred IFRS Transition Costs	1508	46.337	kWh	21.167	7.672	17.402	97
Other Regulatory Assets - Sub-Account - Incremental Capital Charges	1508	0	kWh	0	0	0	0
Other Regulatory Assets - Sub-Account - Financial Assistance Payment and		· ·				-	-
Recovery Variance - Ontario Clean Energy Benefit Act	1508	0	kWh	0	0	0	0
Other Regulatory Assets - Sub-Account - Other	1508	0	kWh	0	0	0	0
Retail Cost Variance Account - Retail	1518	(7.840)	kWh	(3.581)	(1,298)	(2.944)	(16)
Misc. Deferred Debits	1525	0	kWh	(3,361)	(1,296)	0	0
Retail Cost Variance Account - STR	1548	(134)	kWh	(61)	(22)	(50)	( <u>0</u> )
Board-Approved CDM Variance Account	1567	(134)	kWh	0	0	(50)	( <del>0)</del> 0
Extra-Ordinary Event Costs	1572	0	kWh	0	0	0	0
Deferred Rate Impact Amounts	1574			•			
		0	kWh	00	0	0	0
RSVA - One-time	1582	0	kWh	0	0	0	0
Other Deferred Credits	2425	0	kWh	0	0	0	0
Total of Group 2 Accounts		38,363		17,524	6,352	14,407	80
		,			_		
PILs and Tax Variance for 2006 and Subsequent Years	1592	0	kWh	0	0	0	0
(excludes sub-account and contra account)	1002	Ü				ŭ	
PILs and Tax Variance for 2006 and Subsequent Years -	1592	0	kWh	0	0	0	0
Sub-Account HST/OVAT Input Tax Credits (ITCs)	1002		KVVII	0	-	ŭ	
Total of Account 1592		0		0	0	0	0
LRAM Variance Account (Enter dollar amount for each class)	1568	6,029		(3,645)	2,594	(3,483)	10,569
(Account 1568 - total amount allocated to		6,035					
	Variance	(6)					
Renewable Generation Connection OM&A Deferral Account	1532	0	kWh	0	0	0	0
T. 1. 1.0	1.4505\						
Total of Group 1 Accounts (1550, 1551, 1584, 1586 a		89,612		41,521	15,807	32,346	(61)
Total of Account 1580 and 1588 (not allocated t		(269,245)		(122,991)	(44,578)	(101,113)	(563)
Balance of Account 1589 Allocated to No	n-wMPs	(78,755)		(2,018)	(3,292)	(73,015)	(429)
Group 2 Accounts (including 15	92, 1532)	38,363		17,524	6,352	14,407	80
IFRS-CGAAP Transition PP&E Amounts Balance + Return Component	1575	52.969	kWh	24.196	8,770	19.892	111
Accounting Changes Under CGAAP Balance + Return Component	1576		kWh	0	0	0	0
	.570	52.969	KVVII	v		v	111

Account 1589 reference calculation by customer and consumption					
Account 1589 / Number of Customers	(\$23.36)				
1589/total kwh	(\$0.0011)				



Please indicate the Rate Rider Recovery Period (in years)	1

#### Rate Rider Calculation for Group 1 Deferral / Variance Accounts Balances (excluding Global Adj.)

1550 1551 1584 1586 1596

D OI		kW / kWh / # of	Allocated Group 1	Rate Rider for	1
Rate Class (Enter Rate Classes in cells below)	Units	Customers	Balance (excluding	Deferral/Variance	
(Enter Rate Classes in cells below)	1	Customers	1589)	Accounts	
RESIDENTIAL	kWh	32,918,746	-\$ 81,470	- 0.0025	\$/kW
GENERAL SERVICE LESS THAN 50 KW	kWh	11,931,508	-\$ 28,772	- 0.0024	\$/kV\
GENERAL SERVICE 50 TO 4,999 KW	kW	72,183	-\$ 68,767	- 0.9527	\$/kV
STREET LIGHTING	kW	420	-\$ 624		\$/kV
	kW	-	\$ -	-	\$/kV
	kWh	-	\$ -	-	\$/kV
	kW	-	\$ -		\$/kV
	kW	-	\$ -	-	\$/kV
		-	\$ -	-	
		-	\$ -	-	
		-	\$ -	-	
		-	\$ -	-	
		-	\$ -	-	
		-	\$ -	-	
		-	\$ -	-	
		-	\$ -	-	
		-	\$ -	-	
			\$ -	-	
			\$ -	-	
		-	\$ -	-	
Total			-\$ 179,633		

#### Rate Rider Calculation for Group 1 Deferral / Variance Accounts Balances (excluding Global Adj.) - NON-WMP

1580 and 1588

Rate Class (Enter Rate Classes in cells below)	Units	kW / kWh / # of Customers	Allocated Group 1 Balance - Non-WMP	Rate Rider for Deferral/Variance Accounts	
RESIDENTIAL	kWh	32,918,746	\$ -	-	\$/kW
GENERAL SERVICE LESS THAN 50 KW	kWh	11,931,508	\$ -	-	\$/kW
GENERAL SERVICE 50 TO 4,999 KW	kW	72,183	\$ -	-	\$/kW
STREET LIGHTING	kW	420	\$ -	-	\$/kW
	kW	-	\$ -	-	\$/kW
	kWh	-	\$ -	-	\$/kW
	kW	-	\$ -	-	\$/kW
	kW	-	\$ -	-	\$/kW
		-	\$ -	-	
		-	\$ -	-	
		-	\$ -	-	
		-	\$ -	-	
		-	\$ -	-	
		-	\$ -	-	
		-	\$ -	-	
			\$ -	-	
			\$ -	-	
		-	\$ -	-	
		-	\$ -	-	
			\$ -	-	
Total			\$ -		

Only for rate classes with WMP customers are the Deferral/Variance Account Rate Riders for Non-WMP calculated separately in the table above. For all rate classes without WMP customers, balances in Accounts 1580 and 1588 are included in Deferral/Variance Account Rate Riders calculated in the first table above and disposed through a combined Deferral/Variance Account and Rate Rider.

#### Rate Rider Calculation for RSVA - Power - Global Adjustment

Balance of Account 1589 Allocated to Non-WMPs

Rate Class (Enter Rate Classes in cells below)	Units	kWh	Allocated Global Adjustment Balance	Rate Rider for RSVA - Power - Global Adjustment	
RESIDENTIAL	kWh	658,375	-\$ 2,018	- 0.0031	
GENERAL SERVICE LESS THAN 50 KW	kWh	1,073,836	-\$ 3,292	- 0.0031	
GENERAL SERVICE 50 TO 4,999 KW	kWh	23,815,660	-\$ 73,015	- 0.0031	
STREET LIGHTING	kWh	140,055	-\$ 429	- 0.0031	
	kWh		\$ -	-	
	kWh	-	\$ -	-	
	kWh	-	\$ -	-	
	kWh		\$ -	-	
	kWh	-	\$ -	-	
	kWh		\$ -	-	
		-	\$ -	-	
		-	\$ -	-	
			\$ -	-	
		-	\$ -	-	
			\$ -	-	
		-	\$ -	-	
		-	\$ -	-	
		-	\$ -	•	

		\$	-	-
	٠	\$	-	•
Total		-\$	78,755	

#### Rate Rider Calculation for Group 2 Accounts

Rate Class (Enter Rate Classes in cells below)	Units	# of Customers	A	Illocated Group 2 Balance	Gr	Rate Rider for oup 2 Accounts
RESIDENTIAL	# of Customers	2,386	\$	17,524	\$	0.61 per customer per month
GENERAL SERVICE LESS THAN 50 KW	kWh	11,931,508	\$	6,352	\$	0.0005 \$/kWh
GENERAL SERVICE 50 TO 4,999 KW	kW	72,183	\$	14,407	\$	0.1996 \$/kW
STREET LIGHTING	kW	420	\$	80	\$	0.1909 <mark>\$/kW</mark>
	# of Customers		\$	-	\$	<ul> <li>per customer per month</li> </ul>
	# of Customers		\$	-	\$	<ul> <li>per customer per month</li> </ul>
	# of Customers	-	\$	-	\$	<ul> <li>per customer per month</li> </ul>
	# of Customers		\$	-	\$	<ul> <li>per customer per month</li> </ul>
			\$	-	\$	-
		-	\$	-	\$	-
			\$	-	\$	-
		-	\$	-	\$	-
		-	\$	-	\$	-
			\$	-	\$	-
			\$	-	\$	-
		-	\$	-	\$	-
		-	\$	-	\$	-
		-	\$	-	\$	-
			\$	-	\$	-
		-	\$	-	\$	-
Total			\$	38,363		

#### Rate Rider Calculation for Accounts 1575 and 1576

Please indicate the Rate Rider Recovery Period (in years) 5

Rate Class			ΑI	located Accounts	Rate Rider for	
(Enter Rate Classes in cells below)	Units	# of Customers		1575 and 1576	Accounts 1575	
(Eitter Rate Classes III cells below)				Balances	and 1576	
RESIDENTIAL	# of Customers	2,386	\$	24,196		per customer per month
GENERAL SERVICE LESS THAN 50 KW	# of Customers	402	\$	8,770	0.3636	per customer per month
GENERAL SERVICE 50 TO 4,999 KW	# of Customers	53	\$	19,892		per customer per month
STREET LIGHTING	# of Customers	531	\$	111	0.0035	per customer per month
	# of Customers	-	\$	-	-	per customer per month
	# of Customers	-	\$	-	-	per customer per month
	# of Customers	-	\$	-	-	per customer per month
	# of Customers	-	\$	-	-	per customer per month
		-	\$	-	-	
		-	\$	-	-	
		-	\$	-	-	
		-	\$	-	-	
		-	\$	-	-	
		-	\$	-	-	
		-	\$	-	-	
		-	\$	-	-	
		-	\$	-		
_		-	\$	-	-	
		-	\$	-	-	
		-	\$	-	-	1
Total			\$	52,969		

#### Rate Rider Calculation for Accounts 1568

Please indicate the Rate Rider Recovery Period (in years)

Rate Class (Enter Rate Classes in cells below)	Units	kW / kWh / # of Customers		Allocated Account 1568 Balance	Rate Rider for Account 1568	
RESIDENTIAL	kWh	32,918,746	-\$	3,645	- 0.0001	\$/
GENERAL SERVICE LESS THAN 50 KW	kWh	11,931,508	\$	2,594	0.0002	\$/
GENERAL SERVICE 50 TO 4,999 KW	kWh	27,063,250	-\$	3,483	- 0.0001	\$/
STREET LIGHTING	kWh	150,597	\$	10,569	0.0702	\$/
		-	\$	-	-	1
		-	\$	-	-	
		-	\$	-	-	1
		-	\$	-	-	
		-	\$	-	-	
		-	\$	-	-	
		-	\$	-	-	
		-	\$	-	-	
		-	\$	-	-	
		-	\$	-	-	
		-	\$	-	-	1
		-	\$	-	-	
		-	\$	-	-	1
		-	\$	-	-	1
		-	\$	-	-	1
		-	\$	-	-	1
Total			\$	6,035		



### **GA Analysis Workform**

#### Purpose:

To calculate an approximate expected balance in Account 1589 RSVA - GA and compare the expected amount to the amount in the general ledger. Material differences between the two need to

#### Notes to GA Analysis:

Refer to the GA Analysis Tab to complete the below steps.

Note that this is a generic analysis template, utilities may need to alter the analysis as needed for their specific circumstances. Any alternations to the analysis must be clearly disclosed and

- 1 Indicate which years the balance requested for disposition pertains to (e.g. 2016, or 2016 and 2015)
- 2 Complete the Consumption Data Table for consumption (unadjusted for the loss factor) for each year that is being requested for disposition. The data should agree to the RRR data

#### 3 GA Billing Rate

- Indicate the GA rate that is used to bill customers (also used for unbilled revenue) in the drop down box. Note that the "Other" rate is to represent a combination of the first estimate, second estimate and/or actual rate.
- In the GA Billing Rate Description textbox, provide a description of the GA billing rate that is used, i.e. first estimate, second estimate, or actual. Explain how the GA billing rate is determined for billing cycles that span more than one load month. Confirm that the GA rate that is used is applied consistently for all billing and unbilled revenue transactions for non-RPP Class B customers in each customer class.\* In addition, where the same GA rate is not used for non-RPP Class B customers in all customer classes, explain what GA rate is applied to each customer class.
- Where a distributor does not apply the same GA rate to all non-RPP Class B customers, the distributor must adapt the GA Analysis for this and breakdown the monthly non-RPP Class B volumes for each GA rate that was applied.
- \*O.Reg 429/04, section 16(3)

Note: Distributors should create a copy of the Analysis of Expected GA Amount table in a separate tab for each year that is being requested for disposition, calculate the net change in expected GA balance in the year, determine the reconciliation adjustments (see note 6) and assess materiality for each year requested for disposition.

#### 4 Analysis of Expected GA Amount

- The analysis calculates a balance in Account 1589 RSVA- GA that can be reasonably expected. Distributors are charged by the IESO on a calendar/load month basis at the actual GA rate for relevant volumes each month. The methodology used in the GA Analysis is based on the calendar/load month consumption from revenue amounts (derived from billed and unbilled consumption). This is done by taking the billed kWh volumes (which would not be expected to align with the calendar/load month) and deducting the unbilled kWh consumption from the prior month and adding the unbilled kWh consumption of the current month. This approach to calculating monthly kWh volumes is used to represent calendar/load month consumption.
- Once calendar/load month kWh volumes are determined, the monthly GA rate(s) used to bill non-RPP Class B customers for each month as posted by the IESO can be multiplied by the consumption to determine expected GA revenue amounts. Therefore, a blended GA rate will not be required as the kWh volumes for revenues have been approximated on a calendar/load month basis as well. The expected GA revenues can then be compared to the actual GA rate charged by the IESO for each month multiplied by the consumption to determine a balance that can be expected in Account 1589 RSVA-GA.
- This methodology expects volume differences would not be significant. However, if unbilled consumption is not estimated with adequate precision by a distributor, this could impact the expected balance in Account 1589 RSVA-GA, which may have to be considered in the analysis by the distributor.
- Note that distributors who have more precise monthly kWh volume data available based on allocation of billing data by calendar/load month may propose to use this data in the GA Analysis to calculate the expected GA balance. However, any such methodology that differs from the one described above must be disclosed and explained.

Column F: The consumption column is for monthly non-RPP Class B (loss adjusted) consumption billed. Total annual consumption is expected to differ from the Consumption Data

Table (note 2) by the loss factor. Utilities are expected to ensure that the difference in consumption between that in column F and the Consumption Data Table are

reasonable.

Column G, H: Prior month unbilled consumption is to be deducted and current month unbilled consumption is to be added. Note that monthly non-RPP Class B unbilled consumption may

not be readily available and may require estimates or allocations to be done.

Column J: Fill in the GA rate billed by linking the cells to the applicable cells in the GA Rates Per IESO Website Table.

Column L: Fill in the actual GA rate paid by linking the cells to the applicable cells in the GA Rates Per IESO Website Table.

#### 5 Reconciling Items

Enter the net change in principal balance in the GL. This will equal to the transactions recorded in the account for the year. If multiple years are requested for disposition, the sum of the net changes in principal balance will equal the cumulative principal balance requested for disposition.

The purpose of this section is to ensure that reconciling items have been appropriately factored into the GA Analysis. Reconciling items must be considered for each year requested for disposition.

For each reconciling item, indicate whether the item is a reconciling item to the utility's specific circumstances using the column "Applicability of Reconciling Item". Explain how each item applies or does not apply as a reconciling item. Assess if each reconciling item is significant, if so they must be quantified.

#### Reconciling items may include:

1) Impacts to GA from RPP settlement true up amounts

Note that effective May 23, 2017, per the OEB's letter titled *Guidance on Disposition of Accounts 1588 and 1589*, applicants must reflect RPP Settlement true-up claims pertaining to the period that is being requested for disposition in Account 1588 and Account 1589. This would include true ups to the pro-ration of the GA charge based on RPP vs. non-RPP volumes, true up of GA accrual expense to the actual expense per invoice.

- a. Prior year impacts should be removed,
- b. Current year impacts should be added.
- 2) Unbilled revenue differences between the unbilled and actual billed amounts, which could relate to rate used or consumption volumes

Analyses may have to be performed to identify the portion of the billed amounts that corresponded to the amount that was unbilled and recorded in the general ledger.

- a. Prior year end unbilled revenue differences should be removed,
- b. Current year end unbilled revenue differences should be added.
- 3) Accrual to actual differences in long term load transfers

Amounts pertaining to load transfers may be unknown at the end of the year and therefore, are accrued based on an estimate. A true-up to actuals would then be done in the following year. Note that per the December 21, 2015 Distribution System Code Amendment, all load transfer arrangements shall be eliminated by transferring the load transfer customers to the physical distributor by June 21, 2017.

- a. Prior year end differences should be removed
- b. Current year end differences should be added.
- 4) GA balances pertaining to Class A customers must be excluded from the GA balance as the GA balance should only relate to Class B.

Transactions pertaining to Class A customers are recorded in Account 1589 RSVA-GA and should net to zero. However, there may be balances pertaining to Class A included in the account at the end of the year due to timing issues. For example, a balance pertaining to Class A customers may exist if revenues are not accrued on the same basis as expenses.

If any such balances pertaining to Class A exist, the distributor must also ensure that these amounts are excluded from the Account 1589 RSVA-GA balance requested for disposition.

- 5) Significant prior period billing adjustments
  - Cancel and rebills for billing adjustments may be recorded in the current year revenue GL balance but would not be included in the current year consumption charged by the IESO.
- 6) Differences in GA IESO posted rate and rate charged on IESO invoice
  - If there are any differences between the GA IESO posted rate used in the Analysis of Expected GA Amount table above (note 4) and the GA rate that is actually charged per a distributor's invoice for non-RPP volumes Class B, the impact of this may need to be quantified. The monthly difference in rate should be multiplied by non-RPP Class B volumes.
- 7-10) Any other items that cause differences between the expected GA amount and the GA recorded in the general ledger.

Any remaining unreconciled balance that is greater than +/- 1% of the GA payments to the IESO annually must be analyzed and investigated to identify any additional reconciling items or to identify corrections to the balance requested for disposition.

#### 6 Materiaility Threshold

The net change in principal balance in the GL should be summed with the reconciling items to determine the adjusted net change in principal balance in the GL. This amount will be compared to the expected net change in the principal balance as calculated in the Analysis of Expected GA Amount table (note 4). The difference between the two will be compared to the annual GA payments to the IESO. If the difference is greater than +/-1%, then distributors may reassess the reconciling items to determine if there are additional reconciling items that could impact the difference.



Update from July 20th DVA workform version:
-Cells C87,D87,E87, H87 - name of cells updated for cell reference
-Cells F88 to F91 and G88 to G91 - formula of cells updated

 4500	Clabal	 	(CA)	A	:.	Workform

	Input cells Drop down cells	
Note 1	Year(s) Requested for Disposition	2016

Note 2 Consumption Data Excluding for Loss Factor (Data to agree with RRR as applicable)

Year	2016						
Total Metered excluding WMP	C = A+B	71,064,242	kWh	100%			
RPP	A	46,053,730	kWh	64.8%			
Non RPP	B = D+E	25,010,512	kWh	35.2%			
Non-RPP Class A	D		kWh	0.0%			
Non-RPP Class B*	E	25.010.512	kWh	35.2%			

The difference should be equal to the loss factor.

The difference should be equal to the loss factor.

#### Note 3 GA Billing Rate

1st Estimate

GA Billing Rate Description

SLHI uses the 1st Estimate to bill all of its Non-RPP customers. The GA rate used is applied consistently for all billing and unbilled revenue transactions for Non-RPP Class B customers in each customer class.

#### Note 4 Analysis of Expected GA Amount

Year	2016								
Calendar Month	Non-RPP Class B Including Loss Factor Billed Consumption (kWh)	Deduct Previous Month Unbilled Loss Adjusted Consumption (kWh)	Add Current Month Unbilled Loss Adjusted Consumption (kWh)	Non-RPP Class B Including Loss Adjusted Consumption, Adjusted for Unbilled (kWh)	GA Rate Billed (\$/kWh)	\$ Consumption at GA Rate Billed	GA Actual Rate Paid (\$/kWh)	\$ Consumption at Actual Rate Paid	Expected GA Variance (\$)
	F	G	н	I = F-G+H	J	K = I*J	L	M = I*L	=M-K
January	2,893,085	2,893,085	3,126,950	3,126,950	0.08423	\$ 263,383	0.09179	\$ 287,023	\$ 23,640
February	3,126,950	3,126,950	3,177,463	3,177,463	0.10384	\$ 329,948	0.09851	\$ 313,012	-\$ 16,936
March	3,177,463	3,177,463	2,667,665	2,667,665	0.09022		0.10610	\$ 283,039	\$ 42,363
April	2,667,665	2,667,665	2,168,423	2,168,423	0.12115	\$ 262,704	0.11132	\$ 241,389	-\$ 21,316
May	2,168,423	2,168,423	1,944,209	1,944,209	0.10405		0.10749		
June	1,944,209	1,944,209	1,747,136	1,747,136	0.11650		0.09545		
July	1,747,136	1,747,136	1,772,283	1,772,283	0.07667	\$ 135,881	0.08306	\$ 147,206	\$ 11,325
August	1,772,283	1,772,283	2,001,288	2,001,288	0.08569	\$ 171,490	0.07103	\$ 142,151	-\$ 29,339
September	2,001,288	2,001,288	1,809,236	1,809,236	0.07060	\$ 127,732	0.09531	\$ 172,438	\$ 44,706
October	1,809,236	1,809,236	2,018,914	2,018,914	0.09720	\$ 196,238	0.11226		
November	2,018,914	2,018,914	2,244,859	2,244,859	0.12271	\$ 275,467	0.11109	\$ 249,381	-\$ 26,085
December	2,244,859	2,244,859	3,113,349	3,113,349	0.10594	\$ 329,828	0.08708	\$ 271,110	-\$ 58,718
Net Change in Expected GA Balance in the Year (i.e. Transactions in the Year)	27,571,510	27,571,510	27,791,774	27,791,774		\$ 2,739,185		\$ 2,709,140	-\$ 30,044

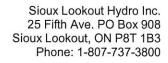
#### Note 5 Reconciling Items

		Applicability of Reconciling	Amount (Quantify if it is a significant reconciling	
	Item	Item (Y/N)	item)	Explanation
Net Chan	et Change in Principal Balance in the GL (i.e. Transactions in the Year)		-\$ 78,160	
1a	Remove impacts to GA from prior year RPP Settlement true up process that are booked in current year			
1b	Add impacts to GA from current year RPP Settlement true up process that are booked in subsequent year		\$ 41,892	Adjustment to Unbilled Non-RPP Billed to customers for December in January
28	Remove prior year end unbilled to actual revenue differences			
2b	Add current year end unbilled to actual revenue differences			
3a	Remove difference between prior year accrual to forecast from long term load transfers			
3b	Add difference between current year accrual to forecast from long term load transfers			
4	Remove GA balances pertaining to Class A customers			
5	Significant prior period billing adjustments included in current year GL balance but would not be included in the billing consumption used in the GA Analysis			
6	Differences in GA IESO posted rate and rate charged on IESO invoice			
7 8				
9				
Vote 6	Adjusted Net Change in Principal Balance in the GL		-\$ 36.268	

Adjusted Net Change in Principal Balance in the GL		-\$	36,268
Net Change in Expected GA Balance in the Year Per Analyst	sis	-\$	30,044
Unresolved Difference		-\$	6,224
Unresolved Difference as % of Expected GA Payments to II	FSO.		-0.2%

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**Appendix 9B – Letter of Certification** 





# RE: Certification of Account Balances being disposed – Accounts 1588 RSVA power and 1589 RSVA GA

I, Deanne Kulchyski, President/CEO of Sioux Lookout Hydro Inc., hereby certify that Sioux Lookout Hydro Inc. has robust processes and internal controls in place for the preparation, review, verification and oversight of the account balances being disposed.

Date: August 17, 2017

Deanne Kulchyski, CPA, CGA, BComm(Hons)

President/CEO