EXHIBIT 4 OPERATING EXPENSES

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | Page |
|--|------|
| OVERVIEW | 5 |
| Operating Costs | 5 |
| OM&A TEST YEAR LEVELS | 5 |
| OVERALL TRENDS IN COSTS | 6 |
| OM&A Trend Analysis | 6 |
| Inflation Rate Assumptions | 9 |
| Summary of Operating Costs | |
| Associated Cost Drivers and Significant Changes Depreciation and Amortization | |
| PILs | |
| Business Environment Changes | |
| Property Taxes | |
| Summary of Cost Drivers | |
| SUMMARY AND COST DRIVER TABLES | |
| Summary of Recoverable OM&A Expenses | |
| Operations and Maintenance Costs | |
| Community Relations | |
| Administrative and General | |
| OM&A COST DRIVERS | 21 |
| ANALYSIS OF PRINCIPAL COST DRIVERS | 23 |
| Labour | 23 |
| Benefits | |
| Subcontractors | 23 |
| RECOVERABLE OM&A COSTS PER CUSTOMER AND PER FTE | 24 |
| INCREASE IN OM&A EXPENSE IN RELATION TO A DECREASE IN | |
| CAPITALIZED OVERHEAD | |
| PROGRAM DELIVERY COSTS WITH VARIANCE ANALYSIS | 26 |
| Overview of Program Delivery Costs | |
| OM&A Cost By Program Variance Analysis 2021 Test vs 2019 Actual | 29 |
| | |
| PROGRAM AND FUNCTION OVERVIEW | |
| Operations Management | |
| Engineering Technical Design | |
| Grid Construction & Maintenance | |
| Underground Utility Locates | 38 |

TABLE OF CONTENTS

(continued)

| | Page |
|---|----------------|
| Tree Trimming | 39 40 40 |
| ADDITIONAL DETAILS ON OPERATING COSTS | 42 |
| Overview of Additional Details on Operating Costs | 42 |
| WORKFORCE PLANNING | 43 |
| EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION | 44 |
| Union Executive/Management/Non-Union Benefits FTE's and Costs | 45 45 |
| SHARED SERVICES AND CORPORATE COST ALLOCATION | 51 |
| Variance Analysis - Shared Services and Corporate Cost Allocation | 56 57 |
| ONE-TIME COSTS | 58 |
| PURCHASE OF NON-AFFILIATE SERVICES | 58 |
| REGULATORY COSTS | 65 |
| LOW INCOME ENERGY ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS | 67 |
| CHARITABLE AND POLITICAL DONATIONS | 67 |
| DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION, AND DEPLETION | 68 |
| Overview of Depreciation, Amortization, and Depletion | 68 |
| ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS | 75 |
| DETAILS FOR DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION AND DEPLETION BY ASSET | |
| PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF CORPORATE TAXES CALCULATION AND PROPERTY TAX | 83 |
| NON-RECOVERABLE AND DISALLOWED EXPENSES | 89 |
| CONSERVATION AND DEMAND MANAGEMENT COSTS | 90 |
| CDM CostsLost Revenue Adjustment Mechanism | |

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 4 of 133

TABLE OF CONTENTS

(continued)

| | Page |
|---|------|
| APPENDIX 4-1 – ACTUARIAL REPORT ON POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2019 | 94 |
| APPENDIX 4-2 - CORPORATE PURCHASING POLICY | 103 |
| APPENDIX 4-3 – ASSET DEPRECIATION STUDY | 111 |
| APPENDIX 4-4- INCOME TAX/PILS WORKFORM FOR 2021 FILERS | 112 |
| APPENDIX 4-5 – 2019 CORPORATE TAX RETURNS | 132 |
| APPENDIX 4-6 – RECONCILIATION OF 2019 TAX RETURN TO FINANCIAL | |
| STATEMENTS | 133 |

OVERVIEW

1

21

2 **Operating Costs**

- 3 This Exhibit provides evidence for Operating Costs, which include Operations, 4 Maintenance and Administration ("OM&A") costs; Depreciation and Amortization 5 expenses; Payments in Lieu of Taxes ("PILs"); and Property Taxes. More particularly, 6 OM&A costs in this Exhibit represent OPUCN's integrated set of asset maintenance and 7 customer activity needs to meet public and employee safety objectives; to comply with the Distribution System Code ("DSC"), environmental requirements and government 8 9 direction; and, to maintain distribution business service quality and reliability that meet or 10 exceed regulated performance levels. OM&A costs also include the provision of services 11 to customers connected to OPUCN's distribution system and meeting the requirements 12 of the OEB's Standard Supply Service Code ("SSSC"), DSC and Retail Settlement Code 13 ("RSC"). Operating costs for the 2021 Test Year are \$20.5 million consisting of \$14.1 14 million in OM&A costs, \$0.2 million property taxes, and \$6.2 million in depreciation and 15 amortization expenses.
- 16 Operating costs are provided on a Modified International Financial Reporting Standards
- 17 ("MIFRS") basis, in accordance with the Board's guidelines. OPUCN adopted MIFRS in
- 18 2012, filing a cost of service application for 2012 rates (EB-2011-0073) in compliance with
- 19 the Board's letter dated March 15, 2011 Use of Modified IFRS as a Basis for Filing Cost
- of Service Applications for 2012 Rates.

OM&A TEST YEAR LEVELS

- The proposed OM&A cost for the 2021 Test Year is \$14.1 million, \$1.0 million or 7.7%
- 23 higher than the 2019 expenditures approved by the OEB in OPUCN's latest rebasing
- 24 application (EB-2014-0101), and 9.6% or \$1.2 million higher than the utility's subsequent
- actual 2019 expenditures. Overall, the cost increases from the 2019 Board-Approved to
- 26 2021 Test Year amounts represent an average of 3.8% a year. OPUCN has endeavoured
- 27 to maintain a reasonable balance between necessary investments and customer bill
- impacts in developing its OM&A forecasts for the 2021 Test Year.

OPUCN's previous rebasing application was filed as a Custom IR Application as provided in the Board's Renewed Regulatory Framework for Electricity ("RRFE"), and included five Test Years from 2015 to 2019. Table 4-1 – OM&A Levels 2015-2021 provides a comparison of actual and approved OM&A for the years 2015-2019 along with forecast expenses for the 2020 Bridge Year and 2021 Test Year.

TABLE 4-1 – OM&A LEVELS 2015-2021 (EXCLUDES LEAP & PROPERTY TAXES)

| Year | Board Approved \$ | Actual \$ | Variance | CAGR v 2019 Approved |
|------------------|-------------------------|--------------|----------|----------------------------|
| 2015 | 12,054 | 11,678 | 3.1% | |
| 2016 | 12,533 | 12,374 | 1.3% | |
| 2017 | 12,824 | 12,908 | (0.6)% | |
| 2018 | 13,033 | 13,585 | (4.2)% | |
| 2019 | 13,102 | 12,874 | 1.7% | |
| 2015-2019 | 63,546 | 63,418 | 0.2% | |
| | | | | |
| 2020 Bridge Year | | 13,845 | | 5.7% |
| 2021 Test Year | | 14,108 | | 3.8% |

2019 OM&A is unexpectedly lower by approximately \$350 in 2019 resulting from a \$200 reduction in provision for doubtful debts, \$100 insurance recoveries related to prior year thefts, and unusually low materials and consumables usage.

OVERALL TRENDS IN COSTS

OM&A Trend Analysis

6

7 8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

Table 4-2 - OM&A Trend Analysis provides an analyses of the key OM&A metrics from 2015 Approved and Actual through to the 2021 Test Year.

The analysis shows compound annual growth in total OM&A of 2.3% when compared to the approved OM&A amounts from the 2015 rebasing year, and 3.8% versus the 2019 rebasing year. OM&A per customer of \$231 in the 2021 Test Year shows compound annual growth of 0.9% when compared to the approved OM&A amounts from the 2015 rebasing year, and 2.4% versus the 2019 rebasing year. Using the OEB 2018 Yearbook

- 1 of Electricity Distributors as a guide, OPUCN estimates its projected 2021 OM&A per
- 2 customer of \$231 would rank in the top ten of lowest OM&A per customer expense. In
- 3 addition, OPUCN projected 2021 OM&A per customer is the same as it was in 2018.

TABLE 4-2 OM&A TREND ANALYSIS

| ONAS A Tuesda | 2015 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2040 | 2040 | 2040 | 2020 | 2024 |
|-----------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| OM&A Trends | 2015 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | | 2019 | | |
| \$000's except per customer | Approved | Actual | Actual | Actual | | Approved | Actual | Bridge | Test |
| FTE's | 85 | 79 | 76 | 84 | 90 | 85 | 90 | 92 | 91 |
| Year over Year Change | | (6.8)% | (10.4)% | 11.4% | 6.4% | (5.3)% | 0.6% | 2.3% | (1.0)% |
| Cumulative vs 2015 Approved | | (6.8)% | (10.4)% | (0.2)% | 6.1% | 0.5% | 6.8% | 9.3% | 8.2% |
| Cumulative vs 2019 Approved | | | | | | | | 8.7% | 7.7% |
| Labour | \$7,512 | \$7,149 | \$7,131 | \$7,431 | \$8,536 | \$8,290 | \$8,806 | \$9,159 | \$9,201 |
| Year over Year Change | | (4.8)% | (5.1)% | 4.2% | 14.9% | (2.9)% | 3.2% | 4.0% | 0.5% |
| CAGR vs 2015 Approved | | (4.8)% | (2.6)% | (0.4)% | 3.2% | 2.0% | 3.2% | 3.4% | 2.9% |
| CAGR vs 2019 Approved | | | | | | | | 10.5% | 5.3% |
| Benefits | \$2,334 | \$2,399 | \$2,336 | \$2,444 | \$2,595 | \$2,536 | \$2,628 | \$2,719 | \$2,766 |
| Year over Year Change | | 2.8% | 0.1% | 4.6% | 6.2% | (2.3)% | 1.3% | 3.5% | 1.7% |
| CAGR vs 2015 Approved | | 2.8% | 0.0% | 1.6% | 2.7% | 1.7% | 2.4% | 2.6% | 2.5% |
| CAGR vs 2019 Approved | | | | | | | | 7.2% | 4.4% |
| Other OM&A | \$2,208 | \$2,130 | \$2,908 | \$3,032 | \$2,453 | \$2,277 | \$1,440 | \$1,967 | \$2,141 |
| Year over Year Change | | (3.5)% | 31.7% | 4.3% | (19.1)% | (7.2)% | (41.3)% | 36.6% | 8.8% |
| CAGR vs 2015 Approved | | (3.5)% | 14.8% | 11.2% | 2.7% | 0.6% | (8.2)% | (1.9)% | (0.4)% |
| CAGR vs 2019 Approved | | | | | | | | (13.6)% | (3.0)% |
| Total OM&A | \$12,054 | \$11,678 | \$12,374 | \$12,908 | \$13,585 | \$13,102 | \$12,874 | \$13,845 | \$14,108 |
| Year over Year Change | | (3.1)% | 2.7% | 4.3% | 5.2% | (3.6)% | (5.2)% | 7.5% | 1.9% |
| CAGR vs 2015 Approved | | (3.1)% | 1.3% | 2.3% | 3.0% | 1.7% | 1.3% | 2.3% | 2.3% |
| CAGR vs 2019 Approved | | | | | | | | 5.7% | 3.8% |
| Number of Customers | 55,500 | 55,664 | 56,821 | 57,623 | 58,765 | 59,370 | 59,396 | 60,196 | 61,008 |
| OM&A cost per customer | \$217 | \$210 | \$218 | \$224 | \$231 | \$221 | \$217 | \$230 | \$231 |
| Year over Year Change | | (3.4)% | 0.3% | 2.9% | 3.2% | (4.5)% | (6.2)% | 6.1% | 0.5% |
| CAGR vs 2015 Approved | | (3.4)% | 0.1% | 1.0% | 1.6% | 0.3% | (0.0)% | 1.0% | 0.9% |
| CAGR vs 2019 Approved | | | | | | | | 4.2% | 2.4% |
| Customers per FTE | 657 | 707 | 751 | 683 | 655 | 699 | 658 | 652 | 667 |
| Year over Year Change | | 7.6% | 14.3% | (9.0)% | (4.1)% | 6.7% | 0.5% | (1.0)% | 2.4% |
| CAGR vs 2015 Approved | | 7.6% | 6.9% | 1.3% | (0.1)% | 1.3% | 0.0% | (0.1)% | 0.2% |
| CAGR vs 2019 Approved | | | | | | | | (6.7)% | (2.3)% |
| OM&A cost per FTE | \$143 | \$148 | \$164 | \$153 | \$151 | \$154 | \$143 | \$150 | \$154 |
| Year over Year Change | | 4.0% | 14.6% | (6.4)% | (1.1)% | 1.9% | (5.8)% | 5.1% | 2.9% |
| CAGR vs 2015 Approved | | 4.0% | 7.1% | 2.4% | 1.5% | 1.6% | 0.0% | 0.8% | 1.1% |
| CAGR vs 2019 Approved | | | | | | | | (2.8)% | 0.0% |

The "Number of Customers" excludes streetlight, sentinel light and unmetered scattered load connections as per OEB's *Yearbook* calculations of "OM&A Cost per Customer" metric.

- Table 4-3 OM&A Indexed at IRM Rates illustrates the level of OM&A cost assumed under the Board expectations for productivity and efficiency, given a "steady-state mode"
- 3 of operations; that is, no customer growth.

TABLE 4-3 - OM&A INDEXED AT IRM RATES

| OM&A - at IRM Index Rates | 2019 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|---------------------------|----------|--------|--------|--------|
| \$000's | Approved | Actual | Bridge | Test |
| Total OM&A | 13,102 | 12,874 | | |
| IRM % | | | 1.85% | 1.85% |
| Total OM&A @ IRM Rates | | | 13,345 | 13,591 |
| OM&A Requested | | | · | 14,108 |
| Difference | | | | (516) |

5 6

21

22

23

24

this Exhibit.

- The Stretch Factors used in the index analysis in Table 4-3 correspond to current Board-Approved values for OPUCN.
- The projected OM&A costs of \$14.1 million in 2021 are \$0.5 million higher than would be expected to be approved from 2019 to that year (\$13.6 million), as calculated using IRM based adjustments for inflation less the productivity and stretch factors applicable to
- 12 OPUCN. The drivers behind this request are detailed later in this application.
- The "Empirical Research in Support of Incentive Rate-Setting: 2013 Benchmarking 13 14 Update" report ("Rate Setting Report") provided to the OEB by Pacific Economics Group Research LLC (PEG) in July 2014 notes that, "for the average company, the number of 15 16 customers was found to be a more important cost driver than the other two combined. 17 For each 1% change in number of customers, cost was estimated to change by 0.44%". 18 Applying this to OPUCN, expected OM&A costs for 2021 would be \$13.8 million, or \$0.3 19 million lower than forecast. OPUCN considers the projected OM&A costs of \$14.1 million 20 to be appropriate, and provides fuller explanations of drivers behind this amount later in
 - OPUCN recognizes the expectation of the Board for productivity and is committed to delivering such to its customers to provide them with electricity distribution at a reasonable cost.

Table 4-4 - OM&A by Customer, which is a metric reported by the OEB in its *Annual*Yearbook of Electricity Distributors, illustrates the embedded efficiencies within OPUCN's forecast for 2021. As noted above, OPUCN estimates its projected 2021 OM&A per

and an area of \$000 and the standard of language ONAS A man and area and areas.

4 customer of \$231 will rank in the top ten of lowest OM&A per customer expense.

Table 4-4 - OM&A PER Customer 2015-2021

| OM&A per Customer | 2015 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|-----------------------------|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|--------|--------|--------|
| \$000's except per customer | Approved | Actual | Actual | Actual | Actual | Approved | Actual | Bridge | Test |
| Number of Customers | 55,500 | 55,664 | 56,821 | 57,623 | 58,765 | 59,370 | 59,396 | 60,196 | 61,008 |
| OM&A Costs (\$000s) | 12,054 | 11,678 | 12,374 | 12,908 | 13,585 | 13,102 | 12,874 | 13,845 | 14,108 |
| OM&A per Customer | 217 | 210 | 218 | 224 | 231 | 221 | 217 | 230 | 231 |

7

6

8

10

11

12

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

5

Inflation Rate Assumptions

9 The Board has specified an approach to an inflation factor within the Rate Setting Report.

The Board has adopted a 2-factor input price index ("IPI") that includes a labour and non-

labour component that are weighted based on estimates from a review of the

proportionate cost shares by medium and large distributors (70% Non-Labour and 30%

13 Labour).

14 OPUCN submits that the estimated weightings do not correspond to its actual labour and

non-labour weightings for purposes of analyzing an OM&A price index. The labour

(including benefits) component of OM&A is relatively consistent at 62% of OM&A with the

remainder categorized as non-labour. OPUCN has used its actual historical weightings

for purposes of its forecast.

OPUCN has used the 2.0% inflation rate for labour costs as per its current collective

bargaining agreement, details of which are described in the Employee Compensation

section below, and for other OM&A costs has used the rates from the Ontario

Government's Economic Outlook 2019 fall statement (2.0% 2019, 1.9% 2020).

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 10 of 133

1 Summary of Operating Costs

- 2 Table 4-5 provides a summary of operating costs for the 2019 and 2019 Board-Approved
- 3 Years and the relevant historical years, the 2020 Bridge Year and the 2021 Test Year.

Table 4-5 – Summary of Operating Costs 2015-2021

| | 2015 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|---------------------------------|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|--------|--------|--------|
| \$000's | Approved | Actual | Actual | Actual | Actual | Approved | Actual | Bridge | Test |
| OM&A (excluding Property Taxes) | 12,054 | 11,678 | 12,374 | 12,909 | 13,585 | 13,102 | 12,874 | 13,845 | 14,108 |
| Property Taxes | 158 | 128 | 136 | 136 | 136 | 172 | 136 | 149 | 152 |
| Depreciation & Amortization | 3,841 | 3,798 | 4,437 | 4,362 | 4,982 | 5,393 | 5,703 | 5,964 | 6,217 |
| PILS (income taxes) | 196 | 145 | 339 | 498 | 816 | 471 | 749 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Operating Costs | 16,249 | 15,749 | 17,287 | 17,905 | 19,517 | 19,138 | 19,462 | 19,959 | 20,477 |

Associated Cost Drivers and Significant Changes

- 7 The major drivers that produce significant changes in OM&A levels in the Test Year
- 8 relative to the historical years and the 2020 Bridge Year are as follows:
- 9 Inflation;

4

5 6

10

11

12

13

14

15

19

- Labour costs associated with increased focus on customer engagement, key account management and human resources management;
- IT costs associated with modernising IT infrastructure, including new Disaster Recovery site at MS9 and developing and maintaining a CyberSecurity guidelines;
- Recurring costs associated with grid and data management tools such as OMS,
 GIS, and ODS (Operational Data Store) for SCADA, OMA and AMI.
- 16 In addition to OM&A, Operating Costs include Depreciation and Amortization expenses,
- 17 Payments in Lieu of Taxes ("PILs"), and Property Taxes. These costs are discussed
- 18 below.

Depreciation and Amortization

- 20 OPUCN adheres to Modified International Financial Reporting Standards (MIFRS)
- 21 capitalization accounting treatments for rate making and regulatory reporting purposes.
- 22 OPUCN's 2012 rebasing application (EB-2011-0073) included the transition to MIFRS
- 23 effective January 1, 2012. Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the
- estimated useful life of the item of property, plant and equipment, with six months of

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 11 of 133

- 1 depreciation charged in the year of addition. The depreciable amount of an asset is
- 2 determined after deducting its estimated residual value, if material. OPUCN has no
- 3 property, plant and equipment with residual values.
- 4 Depreciation expense includes depreciation of current and forecast fixed assets. The
- 5 amortization of the Property Plant & Equipment ("PP&E") Deferral Account approved in
- 6 OPUCN's 2012 Cost of Service rate application as a result of the restatement of January
- 7 1, 2012 PP&E balances under MIFRS was fully amortized over four years ending in 2015.
- 8 OPUCN's 2021 Test Year depreciation expense, excluding amortization of the PP&E
- 9 Deferral account, is \$6,150,784, an increase of \$757,463 or 12.3% from the 2019 Board-
- 10 Approved amount.
- 11 The increase in depreciation expense in 2021 is due to significantly higher capital
- 12 expenditures in the period 2015-2019 than in prior years, a trend that is forecast to
- 13 continue in the 2020-2025 period.

14 PILs

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

OPUCN is liable for the payment of PILs on its taxable income computed in accordance with Section 93 of the *Electricity Act 1998* (Ontario) as amended. OPUCN is exempt from paying income taxes under the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) and the *Corporations Tax Act* (Ontario). OPUCN proposed 2021 Test Year PILs are \$0, a decrease of \$359,400 or 100.0% as compared to the 2019 COS Board-Approved allowance for PILs. This reduction is due to increased timing differences between depreciation of assets for accounting purposes and depreciation of assets for income tax purposes (Capital Cost Allowance or "CCA") driven by high levels of capital expenditure, along with the CCA acceleration measures introduced on 8 April 2019 by the Federal Government as part of Canadian Bill C-97. OPUCN follows the guidance as specified in the Board's Accounting Procedures Handbook. Due to significant capital investments in recent years and the disparity between useful asset lives for taxation as compared to accounting, CCA materially exceeds depreciation creating timing differences which reduces the effective amount of PILs payable on taxable income well below the amount otherwise computed

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 12 of 133

- 1 by applying the combined Federal and Ontario rates of PILs to regulatory income before
- 2 PILs.

Business Environment Changes

There are significant changes to our business environment that have driven the operational decisions and requirements outlined in this Application. While the COVID-19 pandemic has current impacts to our business environment, we have prepared this application on the assumption the COVID-19 crisis will have abated by 2021. There is increasing pressure to undertake additional projects and initiatives in our current business operation within the same cost line and labour footprint which has led us to redirect internal resources and absorb downloaded costs to meet the needs and requirements of the changing business environment for our shareholder, regulatory bodies, customers, safety associations, and employees.

We have focused significant effort to further stretch and maximize our operational productivity and performance. We have developed and implemented a People Strategy that is centered on employee engagement and aligning the workforce to business objectives and strategic outcomes. This initiative has been adopted and measured through regular employee engagement surveys, the development of action items to address results and improve drivers of engagement, and implementation of programs to improve workforce engagement, focus, and productivity. To reinforce a performance based culture, we have used new technology to foster regular communication and feedback systems. We have developed our Health & Safety systems to reinforce this productivity model as evidenced by a reduction in average attendance metrics and a continuing of hours without a lost time injury (LTI). These results demonstrate that we have increased the availability and performance of our workforce for productivity and reduced operational cost. We maintain the Certificate of Recognition (COR) accreditation of our health & safety system via the Infrastructure Health & Safety Association (IHSA) which demonstrates the robustness of our program and its effectiveness.

The regulatory business environment has also impacted our business and we have undertaken increased effort to improve our reported performance indicators for the benefit

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 13 of 133

of all of our industry stakeholders. These business improvements and efforts are evidenced by advancements made on our reported results for service quality, customer satisfaction, system reliability, and cost control metrics.

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

Our industry and business is experiencing a demographic shift which requires focus on talent management, recruitment, and succession planning to adapt to the current labour environment. In addition, technology enablement in the business environment now requires a new and enhanced skill set beyond traditional electrical utility competencies including analytical thinking, problem solving, and communication. This shift is requiring us to dedicate increased effort to securing top talent, employee mentorship and training, and development of a resource pipeline for future needs. In some areas of our business, such as trades groups, this exercise is challenging in ensuring that apprenticeship training and mentorship is completed within the staffing ratios required by safety regulations. In working towards a performance based, customer centric business operation and culture, we will need to increasingly enable our workforce with technology and tools aligned with this focus. This need necessitates a significant investment in systems, technology, employee training, and deployment. To support this within our current labour footprint, we have begun job harmonization training programs in our trades' areas to align skill sets, job tasks, and department functions with technology deployment, response times, system reliability, and productivity.

In order to meet the evolving needs of our customers, the business environment is requiring an evolution to a customer centric business model focused on access to timely information and self-service features linked to technology implementation and enhanced service delivery. There is an increased onus to be accessible to customers and seek their input and feedback as a key stakeholder to our business operations. By deploying new technology and customer engagement tools, we are increasing our efforts to build relationships with customers and anticipate their needs. We have increased communications with our customers through our website, creating a space of timely information and updates, 24/7 information availability, and improved response times. We have also introduced a self-service model to our website, changing the way our customers

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 14 of 133

- 1 interact with OPUC regarding their hydro needs. Based on customer needs, expectations,
- and feedback, OPUC is also increasing our overall presence and involvement with our
- 3 customers and community through our upgraded social media presence, customer
- 4 surveys, public safety surveys, as well as town hall and open house events.
- 5 The business environment has also seen an increased need for corporate privacy and
- 6 cybersecurity policies, procedures, and practices to protect our assets, system reliability,
- 7 and customer information. To achieve compliance with Ontario Energy Board
- 8 Cybersecurity Framework, resources have been and will continue to be deployed to
- 9 implement and enhance our systems and processes in these areas.
- 10 In our current location, site security has become an ongoing and increasing concern with
- 11 constant incidents of theft and vandalism to our property. In response, we have needed
- 12 to redeploy resources and efforts to increased security and the development of
- preventative measures to safeguard our assets, people, and property...
- 14 The OEB letter dated March 25, 2020 created certain DVAs for COVID related costs.
- Given the unprecedented nature of the COVID-19 crisis, OPUCN has no ability to forecast
- 16 2021 impacts of COVID-19 on the OM&A budget. There are no COVID-19 related costs
- 17 forecasted for inclusion in rates in this Application on the assumption that those costs will
- be tracked in the DVAs and disposed of by the OEB later.

Property Taxes

- 20 OPUCN pays property taxes to the City of Oshawa on the facilities that it owns. Property
- 21 taxes on the administration facilities are recorded in account 6105 Taxes Other Than
- 22 Income Taxes. All other Property Taxes are allocated to OM&A as an expense to the
- 23 departments occupying those facilities. Table 4-6 below summarizes the Property Taxes
- for all of OPUCN's properties:

TABLE 4-6 - PROPERTY TAXES 2015-2021

| | 2015 | | | | | 2019 | | 2020 | 2021 |
|----------------------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|---------|---------|
| | Board | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | Board | 2019 | Bridge | Test |
| Location | Approved | Actual | Actual | Actual | Actual | Approved | Actual | Year | Year |
| 36 Keewatin | 7,759 | 7,521 | 7,456 | 6,294 | 5,862 | 8,399 | 5,482 | 5,592 | 5,704 |
| 1427 Harmony Rd N | 8,286 | 8,032 | 7,963 | 7,032 | 6,549 | 8,969 | 6,125 | 6,247 | 6,372 |
| S/S 0 Wentworth St E | 8,334 | 8,078 | 8,009 | 7,770 | 7,439 | 9,021 | 7,146 | 7,288 | 7,434 |
| 0 Stevenson Rd S | 8,395 | 8,740 | 9,317 | 9,932 | 10,406 | 9,087 | 10,841 | 11,058 | 11,279 |
| 100 Simcoe St S | 51,951 | 50,405 | 50,305 | 49,672 | 47,411 | 56,233 | 70,778 | 72,193 | 73,637 |
| 25 Taunton Rd E | 7,328 | 7,103 | 7,042 | 5,990 | 5,579 | 7,932 | 5,217 | 5,322 | 5,428 |
| 0 Bloor St W | 9,675 | 9,378 | 9,298 | 9,235 | 9,036 | 10,473 | 8,856 | 9,033 | 9,214 |
| E/S Wilson Rd N | 2,197 | 3,070 | 3,231 | 3,519 | 3,757 | 2,378 | 2,880 | 2,938 | 2,997 |
| 495 Stevenson Rd N | 8,191 | 7,939 | 7,871 | 7,487 | 7,034 | 8,866 | 6,635 | 6,768 | 6,903 |
| 0 Emma St | 9,343 | 9,056 | 8,979 | 8,876 | 9,357 | 10,114 | 9,828 | 10,024 | 10,225 |
| 124 Colborne St W | 6,377 | 6,289 | 6,378 | 6,864 | 7,248 | 6,902 | 7,601 | 7,753 | 7,908 |
| 490 Trick Ave | 6,706 | 6,480 | 6,444 | 5,513 | 5,134 | 7,258 | 4,802 | 4,898 | 4,995 |
| Accrual Adjustment | | (4,481) | 3,366 | 7,477 | 10,849 | | (10,530) | | |
| Total | 134,543 | 127,612 | 135,660 | 135,660 | 135,660 | 145,633 | 135,660 | 149,114 | 152,097 |

3

4

7

2

Summary of Cost Drivers

- Table 4-7 presents OM&A costs for 2015 through 2021. OPUCN has also provided a high-level breakdown of cost drivers for each year.
 - TABLE 4-7 OM&A 2015 2021

| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|-------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| \$000's | Actual |
| Opening Balance | 11,070 | 11,678 | 12,374 | 12,908 | 13,585 | 12,874 | 13,845 |
| Salaries & Wages | 322 | (18) | 301 | 1,105 | 270 | 443 | 44 |
| Benefits | 100 | (63) | 108 | 151 | 33 | 32 | 46 |
| Allocated Expenses | (65) | 197 | (195) | (546) | (527) | 231 | (298) |
| Provision for Bad Debts | (279) | 354 | 157 | (277) | (191) | 195 | 9 |
| Regulatory Fees | | | | | | (244) | 222 |
| Other | 529 | 227 | 162 | 244 | (296) | 314 | 239 |
| Total OM&A | 11,678 | 12,374 | 12,908 | 13,585 | 12,874 | 13,845 | 14,108 |

8

10

11

- 9 The high-level cost drivers are as follows:
 - Salaries and wages include overtime and incentive—based remuneration. The primary determinants of changes in salary and wage costs are annual inflation and changes in staffing levels;

- Benefits include current and post-retirement health benefits, employer payroll taxes and pensions. Changes in Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System ("OMERS") employer contribution rates and other benefit rates, together with actuarial valuation changes to post-retirement benefit obligations, can drive changes in these costs;
- Allocated expenses are primarily labour costs allocated to capital jobs, jobbing work and affiliates. The primary determinants of changes in allocated expenses are annual inflation and changes in staffing levels, as well as changes in levels of service provided to affiliates;
- Other includes third-party costs for existing core business requirements such as: facilities costs; repairs and maintenance on equipment, fleet and buildings; tree trimming; consulting and outside service provider costs; insurance; computer maintenance; software licences; and training and development. The primary determinants of changes in other expenses are price inflation.

SUMMARY AND COST DRIVER TABLES

Summary of Recoverable OM&A Expenses

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

- 18 OPUCN's total recoverable OM&A Expenses, excluding property taxes and LEAP, are
- provided in Table 4-8 below, with 2015 to 2019 Actuals, 2020 Bridge Year and 2021 Test
- Year compared to 2015 Board-Approved, and 2019 Board-Approved.

TABLE 4-8 SUMMARY OF TOTAL RECOVERABLE OM&A EXPENSES 2015 – 2021

| | 2015 Actual | 2016 Actual | 2017 Actual | 2018 Actual | 2019 Actual | 2020 Bridge | 2021 Test |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------|
| Total Recoverable OM&A Expenses | 11,678 | 12,374 | 12,909 | 13,585 | 12,874 | 13,845 | 14,108 |
| Comparison to 2015 Board Approved | 12,054 | | | | | | |
| \$ Change | (376) | 321 | 855 | 1,531 | 820 | 1,792 | 2,054 |
| % Change | -3.1% | 2.7% | 7.1% | 12.7% | 6.8% | 14.9% | 17.0% |
| CAGR | | 2.7% | 3.5% | 4.1% | 1.7% | 2.8% | 2.7% |
| Comparison to 2019 Board Approved | 13,102 | | | | | | |
| \$ Change | | | | | (228) | 743 | 1,005 |
| % Change | | | | | -1.7% | 5.7% | 7.7% |
| CAGR | | | | | | 5.7% | 3.8% |

2

4

5

6

7

1

Tables 4-9 and 4-10 below provide a summary of OPUCN's recoverable OM&A Expenses, excluding property taxes and LEAP, by major functions.

TABLE 4-9 – CHAPTER 2 FILING REQUIREMENT APPENDIX 2-JA - SUMMARY OF RECOVERABLE OM&A Expenses 2015 – 2021

| Appendix 2-JA | | 2015 | | 2015 | | 2016 | | 2017 | | 2018 | | 2019 | 2019 | 2020 | | 2021 |
|---|-------|-----------|----|-----------|----|---------|----|---------|----|---------|----|---------|--------------|--------------|-------|--------|
| Appendix 2-3A | Ą | proved | | Actuals | | Actuals | | Actuals | | Actuals | A | pproved | Actuals | Bridge | | Test |
| Operations | \$ | 1,288 | \$ | 1,591 | \$ | 1,647 | \$ | 1,711 | \$ | 2,070 | \$ | 1,411 | \$ 1,995 | \$ 2,064 | \$ | 1,855 |
| Maintenance | \$ | 1,346 | \$ | 1,205 | \$ | 1,371 | \$ | 1,013 | \$ | 1,084 | \$ | 1,467 | \$ 1,020 | \$ 1,207 | \$ | 1,313 |
| SubTotal | \$ | 2,634 | \$ | 2,797 | \$ | 3,017 | \$ | 2,724 | \$ | 3,154 | \$ | 2,878 | \$ 3,015 | \$ 3,271 | \$ | 3,168 |
| %Change (year over year) | | | | 6.2% | | 7.9% | | (9.7)% | | 15.8% | | (8.8)% | (4.4)% | 8.5% | | (3.1)% |
| %Change (Test Year vs Last Rebasing Year (2019) - Actual) | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5.5% | | | |
| Billing and Collecting | \$ | 2,653 | \$ | 2,170 | \$ | 2,481 | \$ | 2,725 | \$ | 2,478 | \$ | 2,915 | \$ 2,176 | \$ 2,523 | \$ | 2,573 |
| Community Relations | \$ | 1,162 | \$ | 1,192 | \$ | 1,303 | \$ | 1,191 | \$ | 1,268 | \$ | 1,395 | \$ 1,172 | \$ 1,498 | \$ | 1,553 |
| Administrative and General | \$ | 5,605 | \$ | 5,519 | \$ | 5,573 | \$ | 6,269 | \$ | 6,684 | \$ | 5,914 | \$ 6,511 | \$ 6,554 | \$ | 6,813 |
| SubTotal | \$ | 9,420 | \$ | 8,881 | \$ | 9,357 | \$ | 10,185 | \$ | 10,430 | \$ | 10,224 | \$ 9,859 | \$ 10,575 | \$ | 10,939 |
| %Change (year over year) | | | | (5.7)% | | 5.4% | | 8.9% | | 2.4% | | (2.0)% | (5.5)% | 7.3% | | 3.4% |
| %Change (Test Year vs Last Rebasi | ing ' | Year (201 | 9) | - Actual) | | | | | | | | | | | 12.2% | |
| Total | \$ | 12,054 | \$ | 11,678 | \$ | 12,374 | \$ | 12,909 | \$ | 13,585 | \$ | 13,102 | \$ 12,874 | \$ 13,845 | \$ | 14,108 |
| %Change (year over year) | | | | (3.1)% | | 6.0% | | 4.3% | | 5.2% | | (3.6)% | (5.2)% | 7.5% | | 1.9% |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operations | \$ | 1,288 | \$ | 1,591 | \$ | 1,647 | \$ | 1,711 | \$ | 2,070 | \$ | 1,411 | \$ 1,995 | \$ 2,064 | \$ | 1,855 |
| Maintenance | \$ | 1,346 | \$ | 1,205 | \$ | 1,371 | \$ | 1,013 | \$ | 1,084 | \$ | 1,467 | \$ 1,020 | \$ 1,207 | \$ | 1,313 |
| Billing and Collecting | \$ | 2,653 | \$ | 2,170 | \$ | 2,481 | \$ | 2,725 | \$ | 2,478 | \$ | 2,915 | \$ 2,176 | \$ 2,523 | \$ | 2,573 |
| Community Relations | \$ | 1,162 | \$ | 1,192 | \$ | 1,303 | \$ | 1,191 | \$ | 1,268 | \$ | 1,395 | \$ 1,172 | \$ 1,498 | \$ | 1,553 |
| Administrative and General | \$ | 5,605 | \$ | 5,519 | \$ | 5,573 | \$ | 6,269 | \$ | 6,684 | \$ | 5,914 | \$ 6,510 | \$ 6,554 | \$ | 6,813 |
| Total | \$ | 12,054 | \$ | 11,678 | \$ | 12,374 | \$ | 12,909 | \$ | 13,585 | \$ | 13,102 | \$ 12,873 | \$ 13,845 | \$ | 14,108 |
| %Change (year over year) | | | | (3.1)% | | 6.0% | | 4.3% | | 5.2% | | (3.6)% | (5.2)% | 7.6% | | 1.9% |

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 18 of 133

TABLE 4-10 – CHAPTER 2 FILING REQUIREMENT APPENDIX 2-JA - SUMMARY OF RECOVERABLE OM&A EXPENSES 2015 – 2021 VARIANCES

| Appendix 2-JA Variances | 2015 Approved | 2015 Actuals | Variance | 2016 Approved | 2016 Actuals | Variance | 2017 Approved | 2017 Actuals | Variance |
|--|------------------|-----------------|----------|------------------|-----------------|----------|------------------|-----------------|----------|
| Operations | \$1,288 | \$1,591 | \$(303) | \$1,484 | \$1,647 | \$(163) | \$1,593 | \$1,711 | \$(118) |
| Maintenance | \$1,346 | \$1,205 | \$141 | \$1,376 | \$1,371 | \$5 | \$1,405 | \$1,013 | \$393 |
| Billing and Collecting | \$2,653 | \$2,170 | \$483 | \$2,715 | \$2,481 | \$234 | \$2,780 | \$2,725 | \$55 |
| Community Relations | \$1,162 | \$1,192 | \$(30) | \$1,310 | \$1,303 | \$7 | \$1,338 | \$1,191 | \$147 |
| Administrative and General | \$5,605 | \$5,519 | \$86 | \$5,648 | \$5,573 | \$75 | \$5,707 | \$6,269 | \$(562) |
| Total OM&A Expenses | \$12,054 | \$11,678 | \$376 | \$12,533 | \$12,374 | \$158 | \$12,824 | \$12,909 | \$(85) |
| Adjustments for Total non- recoverable items ³ | | | \$0 | | | \$0 | | | \$0 |
| Total Recoverable OM&A Expenses | \$12,054 | \$11,678 | \$376 | \$12,533 | \$12,374 | \$158 | \$12,824 | \$12,909 | \$(85) |
| Variance from previous year | | | | | \$697 | | | \$535 | |
| Percent change (year over year) | | | | | 6.0% | | | 4.3% | |

| | 2018 Approved | 2018 Actuals | Variance | 2019 Approved | 2019 Actuals | Variance | 2020 Bridge | Variance to 2019 Actuals | 2021 Test | Variance to 2020 Bridge |
|--|------------------|-----------------|----------|------------------|-----------------|----------|----------------|--------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------|
| Operations | \$1,579 | \$2,070 | \$(491) | \$1,411 | \$1,995 | \$(585) | \$2,064 | \$69 | \$1,855 | \$(209) |
| Maintenance | \$1,436 | \$1,084 | \$352 | \$1,467 | \$1,020 | \$448 | \$1,207 | \$187 | \$1,313 | \$107 |
| Billing and Collecting | \$2,846 | \$2,478 | \$368 | \$2,915 | \$2,176 | \$738 | \$2,523 | \$347 | \$2,573 | \$50 |
| Community Relations | \$1,366 | \$1,268 | \$98 | \$1,395 | \$1,172 | \$224 | \$1,498 | \$326 | \$1,553 | \$56 |
| Administrative and General | \$5,805 | \$6,684 | \$(879) | \$5,914 | \$6,510 | \$(596) | \$6,554 | \$44 | \$6,813 | \$258 |
| Total OM&A Expenses | \$13,033 | \$13,585 | \$(552) | \$13,102 | \$12,873 | \$229 | \$13,845 | \$972 | \$14,108 | \$262 |
| Adjustments for Total non- recoverable items ³ | | | \$0 | | | \$0 | | \$0 | | \$0 |
| Total Recoverable OM&A Expenses | \$13,033 | \$13,585 | \$(552) | \$13,102 | \$12,873 | \$229 | \$13,845 | \$972 | \$14,108 | \$262 |
| Variance from previous year | | \$675 | | | \$(711) | | \$972 | | \$262 | |
| Percent change (year over year) | | 5.2% | | | (5.2)% | | 7.6% | | 1.9% | |
| Percent Change: Test year vs. Most Current Actual | | | | | | | | | 9.6% | |
| Simple average of % variance for all years | | | | | | | | Ī | 3.3% | |
| Compound Annual Growth Rate for all years | | | | | | | | | 3.2% | |
| Compound Growth Rate (2019 vs. 2015 Actuals) | | | | | 2.5% | | | | | |
| Compound Growth Rate (2021 vs. 2015 Approved) | | | | | | | | | 2.7% | |

1

2

1 Operations and Maintenance Costs

- 2 The increase in Operations and Maintenance costs from 2015 Actual (\$2,796,640) to the
- 3 2021 Test Year (\$3,168,448) is 13.3%, equivalent to a compound annual growth rate of
- 4 2.1%. The increase from 2019 Actual (\$3,014,864) to the 2021 Test Year is 5.1%,
- 5 equivalent to a compound annual growth rate of 2.5%.
- 6 The main drivers of the increase are:
 - Inflation estimated to average approximately 2.0% over the period to 2021;
 - A new position of Maintenance Planner to implement a new Computerized Maintenance Management System (CMMS) and to lead the detailed planning and scheduling of work activities required to maintain, repair, upgrade, expand, and renew the electrical distribution system.

Billing and Collecting

7

8

9

10

11

12

18

24

- 13 The increase in Billing and Collecting costs from 2015 Actual (\$2,169,794) to the 2021
- 14 Test Year (\$2,573,086) is 18.6%, equivalent to a compound annual growth rate of 2.9%.
- 15 The increase from 2019 Actual (\$2,176,290) to the 2021 Test Year is 18.2%, equivalent
- to a compound annual growth rate of 8.7%.
- 17 The main drivers of the increase are:
 - Inflation estimated to average approximately 2.0% over the period to 2019;
- An increase in bad debt expense of \$247,895 in 2021 compared to 2015 Actual.

 The 2015 amount is not representative of actual run rates as it included an adjustment to the 2014 provision for expected increases in bad debts that did not materialize. The 2021 amount is based on the average bad debt expense over the period 2014 to 2019, uplifted to reflect projected customer and energy cost growth.

Community Relations

- 25 The increase in Community Relations costs from 2015 Actual (\$1,192,794) to the 2021
- Test Year (\$1,553,443) is 30.3%, equivalent to a compound annual growth rate of 4.5%.

- 1 The increase from 2019 Actual (\$1,171,525) to the 2021 Test Year is 32.6%, equivalent
- 2 to a compound annual growth rate of 15.2%.
- 3 The main drivers of the increase are:

4

5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

22

- Inflation estimated to average approximately 2.0% over the period to 2019;
 - The addition of 1 FTE to manage website development and maintenance, along with fulfilling additional requirements covering customer engagement and communications in accordance with the Board's guidelines outlined in its RRFE Report'
 - The transfer of 1 FTE from the parent company, previously dedicated solely to CDM, to OPUCN to continue with CDM activities but also lead a key account management initiative to include enhanced customer service, collaboration on opportunities to cost optimise energy use, and greater alignment with the City of Oshawa and Region of Durham on new energy initiatives;
 - Reduced opportunities to offset costs against IESO funded CDM and other projects, partially offset by higher activity levels in affiliate companies.

Administrative and General

- 17 The increase in Administrative and General costs from 2015 Actual (\$5,519,231) to the
- 18 2021 Test Year (\$6,810,525) is 23.4%, equivalent to a compound annual growth rate of
- 19 3.6%. The increase from 2019 Actual (\$6,510,448) to the 2021 Test Year is 4.6%,
- 20 equivalent to a compound annual growth rate of 2.3%.
- 21 The main drivers of the increase are:
 - Inflation estimated to average approximately 2.0% over the period to 2019;
- The addition of 1 FTE to Human Resources to accommodate shift from tactical to strategic resource, necessary due to increased levels of recruitment activity across the company, employee engagement initiatives and development of a strategy to focus efforts on high impact areas to enhance productivity and organizational performance, and assumption of responsibility for Privacy at OPUCN;

- The addition of 1 FTE to purchasing/stores function, adding a trained buyer in order to pursue a modernized and more strategic approach to job planning, buying and securing greater value from the supply base. This position effectively replaced a retired storeperson position not previously forecast to be re-filled;
- The transfer of 1 FTE (the CEO position) from the parent company. Although this
 presents as an FTE increase, the net cost impact is neutralised through
 adjustments to parent company management fees and OPUCN service charges
 to affiliate companies;
- The addition of 0.5 FTE to IT function to help manage increasingly complex IT infrastructure. Also, increased cost pressures associated with modernising IT infrastructure, including new Disaster Recovery site at MS9 and developing and maintaining a CyberSecurity framework;
- Increased security costs associated with security of station buildings and head office in response to increased levels of attempted theft and vandalism.

OM&A COST DRIVERS

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

OPUCN has provided its OM&A Cost Drivers in Table 4-11 (corresponding to the Board's Appendix 2-JB). The closing balance for each year becomes the opening balance for the following year for purposes of assessing incremental cost drivers. The opening balance in the 2015 column reflects the Board approved amount for 2015 Test Year.

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 22 of 133

1 TABLE 4-11 – CHAPTER 2 FILING REQUIREMENT APPENDIX 2-JB – RECOVERABLE OM&A COST DRIVER TABLE 2011 – 2019

| OM&A | Last Rebasing Year (2015 Actuals) | 2016 Actuals | 2017 Actuals | 2018 Actuals | 2019 Actuals | 2020 Bridge Year | 2021 Test Year |
|-------------------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| Opening Balance | 12,081,304 | 11,702,576 | 12,403,144 | 12,937,131 | 13,615,234 | 12,906,153 | 13,879,393 |
| <u>Labour</u> | | | | | | | |
| Inflation | 0 | 139,763 | 142,795 | 145,619 | 159,672 | 173,420 | 179,647 |
| Retirements | (190,289) | (328,548) | (302,423) | (199,282) | (609,115) | (225,402) | 0 |
| Leavers | 0 | (42,186) | (22,339) | (147,614) | (332,920) | (242,973) | (105,096) |
| Replacements | (202,622) | 149,894 | 62,035 | 835,823 | 890,886 | 776,681 | (21,380) |
| New Hires | 18,036 | 40,581 | 203,105 | 299,744 | 39,707 | 54,667 | 27,333 |
| Labour Other (incl overtime) | 11,571 | 22,020 | 217,637 | 170,258 | 122,005 | (183,886) | (38,624) |
| Labour sub-total | (363,303) | (18,476) | 300,810 | 1,104,549 | 270,234 | 352,506 | 41,880 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Benefits | 100,418 | (62,840) | 108,241 | 151,400 | 32,646 | 91,394 | 46,741 |
| Regulatory Fees & Costs | (13,589) | 23,105 | 887 | 18,458 | (8,727) | (250,742) | 262,474 |
| Bad Bebts | (264,007) | 354,127 | 157,206 | (276,987) | (190,648) | 195,266 | 8,932 |
| Pole Testing (2015/16 Polecare Int) | 21,978 | 110,302 | (132,280) | | | | |
| Subcontractors | 88,789 | (49,186) | 174,376 | (46,390) | 94,292 | 194,441 | 94,292 |
| Labour & OH Allocations | 151,471 | 196,786 | (194,828) | (545,919) | (526,648) | 166,380 | (263,663) |
| Communications | 38,266 | 55,534 | (5,934) | 137,351 | (118,548) | 73,459 | 16,109 |
| Inventory Adjustment | | | | | (126,786) | 126,786 | |
| Management Fees | 0 | 9,792 | 10,488 | 10,704 | (159,996) | 7,212 | 7,356 |
| Other | (138,750) | 81,423 | 115,022 | 124,940 | 25,100 | 16,538 | 48,410 |
| Closing Balance | 11,702,576 | 12,403,144 | 12,937,131 | 13,615,234 | 12,906,153 | 13,879,393 | 14,141,923 |

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 23 of 133

ANALYSIS OF PRINCIPAL COST DRIVERS

- 2 The principal cost drivers are further analyzed below, with material variances that are
- 3 outliers to the historical trend explained.

4 Labour

1

- 5 Total labour cost is increasing at a compound annual growth rate of 3.4% (6.9 FTE's) to
- 6 the 2021 Test Year versus 2015 Board-Approved amounts, and at a compound annual
- 7 growth rate of 5.3% (6.5 FTE's) to the 2021 Test Year versus 2019 Approved. Factoring
- 8 in related changes to parent company management fees and affiliate service fees (ref.
- 9 Table 4-2 OM&A Trend Analysis), the net cost is increasing at a compound annual growth
- 10 rate of 1.7% to the 2021 Test Year versus 2015 Board-Approved amounts, and at a
- 11 compound annual growth rate of 1.2% to the 2021 Test Year versus 2019 Approved.

Benefits

12

23

- 13 Projected post-retirement benefits costs and projections used in the Application were
- provided to OPUCN by its independent advisor and actuary, Mondelis Actuarial, a firm of
- 15 consultants and actuaries with considerable experience in the field of pensions and
- benefits. This application includes relatively consistent annual costs related to the post-
- 17 retirement benefits, driven by the latest (2019) actuarial valuation. The 2019 report from
- Mondelis Actuarial is provided in Appendix 4-1 of this Exhibit. Changes to other benefits
- offered by OPUCN to its employees are limited to inflation and increases in the number
- of FTE's. OPUCN marketed its benefits plan in 2018 and ensured that we have secured
- 21 the most competitive rate to support the structure of our benefit obligations to eligible
- 22 current and retired employees.

Subcontractors

- 24 Subcontractors provide a number of critical services to OPUCN and its customers and
- 25 include tree trimming, customer billing, utility locates, building and equipment
- 26 maintenance, metering services, IT support, and security services.

In 2013, OPUCN undertook a review of its security systems and services which determined that a system with an increased number of 24-hour monitored video cameras along with improvements to building access systems would offer more effective security to its buildings, equipment and employees. A one-time capital investment of \$55,000 made in 2013 and projected in OPUCN's last rebasing to yield annual operating savings of \$120,000 effective from July 2013. Recent years have seen increased levels of theft, attempted thefts, and vandalism which has necessitated additional security measures provided by subcontractors to protect the security of station buildings, pole yard, and head office.

RECOVERABLE OM&A COSTS PER CUSTOMER AND PER FTE

Table 4-12 summarizes OM&A costs year-over-year on a per-customer and per-FTE basis.

Table 4-12 – Chapter 2 Filing Requirement Appendix 2-L - OM&A per Customer and

Per FTE 2015 – 2021

| OM&A | Last Rebasing Year (2015 OEB Approved) | Last Rebasing Year (2015 Actuals) | Actuals | 2017 Actuals | | Year (2019 | Actuals | 2020 Bridge Year | 2021 Test Year |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|--------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| OM&A Costs | | | | | | | | | |
| O&M | \$2,634,298 | \$2,796,640 | \$3,017,329 | \$2,724,033 | \$3,154,138 | \$2,877,866 | \$3,014,864 | \$3,270,614 | \$3,168,448 |
| Admin Expenses | \$9,419,547 | \$8,881,248 | \$9,357,121 | \$10,185,304 | \$10,430,478 | \$10,224,346 | \$9,858,264 | \$10,574,863 | \$10,939,101 |
| Total Recoverable OM&A from App. 2-JB | \$12,053,844 | \$11,677,888 | \$12,374,450 | \$12,909,337 | \$13,584,617 | \$13,102,212 | \$12,873,127 | \$13,845,477 | \$14,107,550 |
| Number of Customers | 55,500 | 55,664 | 56,821 | 57,623 | 58,765 | 59,370 | 59,396 | 60,196 | 61,008 |
| Number of FTEs | 85 | 79 | 76 | 84 | 90 | 85 | 90 | 92 | 91 |
| Customers/FTEs | 657 | 707 | 751 | 683 | 655 | 699 | 658 | 652 | 667 |
| OM&A cost per customer | | | | | | | | | |
| O&M per customer | \$47 | \$50 | \$53 | \$47 | \$54 | \$48 | \$51 | \$54 | \$52 |
| Admin per customer | \$170 | \$160 | \$165 | \$177 | \$177 | \$172 | \$166 | \$176 | \$179 |
| Total OM&A per customer | \$217 | \$210 | \$218 | \$224 | \$231 | \$221 | \$217 | \$230 | \$231 |
| OM&A cost per FTE | | | | | | | | | |
| O&M per FTE | \$31,174 | \$35,522 | \$39,872 | \$32,310 | \$35,173 | \$33,889 | \$33,416 | \$35,422 | \$34,659 |
| Admin per FTE | \$111,471 | \$112,805 | \$123,649 | \$120,810 | \$116,314 | \$120,401 | \$109,266 | \$114,529 | \$119,662 |
| Total OM&A per FTE | \$142,645 | \$148,327 | \$163,521 | \$153,121 | \$151,487 | \$154,290 | \$142,682 | \$149,951 | \$154,321 |

Total OM&A per customer in 2015 was \$217 and \$210 for Board-Approved and Actual respectively. This metric is projected to increase in the 2021 Test Year to \$231, representing a compound annual growth of 1.1% compared to 2015 Board-Approved and 1.6% to 2015 Actual. When inflation is factored in (using 2.0% as an annual average), the OM&A per customer is projected to drop significantly to \$205 over the period to 2021.

Table 4-13 below illustrates this in greater detail.

TABLE 4-13 - INFLATION ADJUSTED OM&A PER CUSTOMER 2015 - 2021

| OM&A | Last Rebasing Year (2015 OEB Approved) | Rebasing Year (2015 Actuals) | Actuals | | 2018 Actuals | 2019 Actuals | 2020 Bridge Year | 2021 Test Year |
|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| Number of Customers | 55,500 | 55,664 | 56,821 | 57,623 | 58,765 | 59,396 | 60,196 | 61,008 |
| Total Recoverable OM&A | \$12,053,844 | \$11,677,888 | \$12,374,450 | \$12,909,337 | \$13,584,617 | \$12,873,127 | \$13,845,477 | \$14,107,550 |
| OM&A cost per customer | \$217 | \$210 | \$218 | \$224 | \$231 | \$217 | \$230 | \$231 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| OM&A Adjusted for Inflation 2.0% | \$12,053,844 | \$11,677,888 | \$12,131,814 | \$12,408,051 | \$12,801,088 | \$11,892,780 | \$12,540,275 | \$12,527,101 |
| Inflation adjusted OM&A per customer | \$217 | \$210 | \$214 | \$215 | \$218 | \$200 | \$208 | \$205 |

- 3 The trend in the number of customers per FTE is positive, as illustrated by Table 4-12.
- 4 The projected number of customers per FTE in 2021 forecasts an increase of 1.6%
- 5 compared with 2015 Board-Approved and an increase of 1.4% compared with 2019
- 6 Actuals.

1

2

- 7 The OM&A cost per FTE is projected to increase by \$11,677 in 2021 compared with the
- 8 2015 Board-Approved amount, and by \$5,995 in 2021 compared with 2015 Actual. When
- 9 inflation is factored in (using 2.0% as an annual average), the OM&A per FTE is projected
- 10 to drop significantly over the period to 2021. Table 4-14 below illustrates this in greater
- 11 detail.

12

13

14

15

Table 4-14 – Inflation Adjusted OM&A per FTE 2015 – 2021

| OM&A | | Last Rebasing Year (2015 OEB Approved) | Year (2015 Actuals) | 2016 Actuals | _ | 2018 Actuals | | 2020 Bridge Year | |
|---------------------------------|------|--|------------------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Total Recoverable OM&A | | \$12,053,844 | \$11,677,888 | \$12,374,450 | \$12,909,337 | \$13,584,617 | \$12,873,127 | \$13,845,477 | \$14,107,550 |
| Number of FTE's | | 85 | 79 | 76 | 84 | 90 | 90 | 92 | 91 |
| OM&A cost per FTE | | \$142,644.70 | \$148,327 | \$163,521 | \$153,121 | \$151,487 | \$142,682 | \$149,951 | \$154,321 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| OM&A Adjusted for Inflation | 2.0% | \$12,053,844 | \$11,677,888 | \$12,131,814 | \$12,408,051 | \$12,801,088 | \$11,892,780 | \$12,540,275 | \$12,527,101 |
| Inflation adjusted OM&A per FTE | | \$142,644.70 | \$148,327 | \$160,315 | \$147,175 | \$142,749 | \$131,816 | \$135,815 | \$137,033 |

INCREASE IN OM&A EXPENSE IN RELATION TO A DECREASE IN

CAPITALIZED OVERHEAD

OPUCN's rebasing in 2012 (EB-2011-0073) was completed based on MIFRS and 16 17 included appropriate changes to its capitalization policy to exclude from capital any costs 18

which are not directly attributable to an item of PP&E, as part of the transition to MIFRS.

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 26 of 133

- 1 This application does not include any further changes in OM&A expense related to
- 2 capitalization policies.

3 PROGRAM DELIVERY COSTS WITH VARIANCE ANALYSIS

- 4 Overview of Program Delivery Costs
- 5 This section provides a variance analysis of OPUCN's OM&A cost by major function,
- 6 consistent with section 2.4.3 of the Board's Chapter 2 Filing Requirements. Although
- 7 OPUCN's internal systems are set up to capture OM&A costs primarily by cost centre or
- 8 function, OPUCN has made best efforts to identify OM&A costs by program, and, if not,
- 9 by major functions.
- Table 4-15 below (Appendix 2-JC) summarizes OPUCN's OM&A costs by major function
- and is provided in this Exhibit for the 2015 Actual and Board-Approved Test year through
- the 2021 Test Year, along with variances between the 2021 test year against each of the
- 13 2019 OEB-approved and 2019 actuals . Table 4-16 utilises the data from Appendix 2-JC
- to illustrate the compound annual growth rates by program, with 2015 Board-Approved,
- 15 2015 Actual, 2019 Board-Approved and 2019 Actual all compared to 2021 Test Year.

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 27 of 133

TABLE 4-15 - CHAPTER 2 FILING REQUIREMENT APPENDIX 2-JC - OM&A COST BY PROGRAM 2015-2021

| OM&A | Last Rebasing Year (2015 OEB Approved) | Last Rebasing Year (2015 Actuals) | 2016 Actuals | 2017 Actuals | 2018 Actuals | Last Rebasing Year (2019 OEB Approved) | 2019 Actuals | 2020 Bridge Year | 2021 Test Year | 2021 Test Year vs. 2019 Actuals | 2021 Test Year vs. 2019 OEB- Approved |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--------------|--------------|-----------------|--|-----------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| <u>Corporate</u> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Management Fees | 489,600 | 489,600 | 499,392 | 509,880 | 520,584 | 531,519 | 360,588 | 367,800 | 375,156 | 14,568 | (156,363) |
| Post Retirement Benefits expense | 669,473 | 752,050 | 694,765 | 734,736 | 771,310 | 748,646 | 739,809 | 771,931 | 787,370 | 47,560 | 38,724 |
| Insurance - General & Property | 293,731 | 280,258 | 327,052 | 335,883 | 309,278 | 318,880 | 302,518 | 308,877 | 315,055 | 12,537 | (3,826) |
| Regulatory Costs | 383,166 | 369,577 | 392,682 | 393,569 | 412,027 | 402,359 | 403,300 | 152,558 | 415,032 | 11,732 | 12,673 |
| Audit, Legal & Consulting Fees | 258,175 | 389,822 | 176,097 | 256,548 | 202,175 | 279,951 | 243,041 | 209,602 | 213,795 | (29,247) | (66,156) |
| Allocations & Recoveries | 17,587 | (208,120) | (256,059) | (286,345) | (404,155) | (27,738) | (363,676) | (267,456) | (272,805) | 90,872 | (245,066) |
| Labour & Other Costs | 617,554 | 453,017 | 838,375 | 910,705 | 1,197,502 | 669,325 | 1,373,054 | 1,266,344 | 1,267,675 | (105,378) | 598,351 |
| Sub-Total Corporate | 2,729,288 | 2,526,204 | 2,672,304 | 2,854,976 | 3,008,722 | 2,922,941 | 3,058,634 | 2,809,658 | 3,101,278 | 42,644 | 178,337 |
| General & Administrative | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Finance & Regulatory Affairs | 776,560 | 767,904 | 899,543 | 850,794 | 781,819 | 842,814 | 742,981 | 775,568 | 729,213 | (13,768) | (113,601) |
| IT Operations | 378,817 | 307,555 | 341,108 | 437,426 | 455,054 | 410,328 | 570,367 | 738,530 | 709,601 | 139,235 | 299,274 |
| Community Relations | 141,119 | 147,155 | 100,459 | 84,313 | 203,141 | 206,749 | 175,823 | 227,280 | 230,748 | 54,925 | 23,999 |
| Employee Health & Safety | 231,760 | 192,301 | 189,130 | 158,215 | 178,899 | 250,653 | 148,490 | 148,924 | 189,161 | 40,671 | (61,492) |
| Human Resources | 196,988 | 153,019 | 191,598 | 212,540 | 270,088 | 191,862 | 270,886 | 299,307 | 295,549 | 24,662 | 103,687 |
| Purchasing & Stores | 352,729 | 362,336 | 360,681 | 372,570 | 461,750 | 279,050 | 374,118 | 353,517 | 357,448 | (16,670) | 78,398 |
| Sub-Total General & Administrative | 2,077,973 | 1,930,270 | 2,082,520 | 2,115,858 | 2,350,751 | 2,181,456 | 2,282,665 | 2,543,126 | 2,511,721 | 229,056 | 330,265 |
| Customer Service | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Customer Service Management | 257,189 | 266,276 | 359,421 | 280,742 | 293,981 | 278,485 | 292,461 | 291,795 | 298,763 | 6,301 | 20,278 |
| Customer Service General | 1,085,423 | 973,391 | 1,010,908 | 1,053,968 | 1,041,906 | 1,262,741 | 912,636 | 1,149,612 | 1,172,583 | 259,947 | (90,158) |
| Customer Billing (outsourced) | 464,561 | 473,598 | 376,299 | 485,074 | 542,741 | 502,856 | 552,537 | 614,000 | 625,052 | 72,515 | 122,196 |
| Bad Debts | 426,360 | 374,444 | 459,136 | 718,973 | 441,996 | 462,864 | 233,714 | 422,604 | 431,056 | 197,342 | (31,808) |
| Postage and Printing | 502,487 | 472,750 | 493,468 | 494,914 | 548,178 | 577,855 | 472,848 | 489,921 | 499,719 | 26,871 | (78,136) |
| Collections, Reconnects & Notices | 84,164 | 108,282 | 131,449 | 71,896 | 91,247 | 91,102 | 89,927 | 98,350 | 100,120 | 10,193 | 9,018 |
| LEAP Program | 27,460 | 24,688 | 28,693 | 29,589 | 30,628 | 33,219 | 32,192 | 33,916 | 34,374 | 2,182 | 1,155 |
| Sub-Total Customer Service | 2,847,644 | 2,693,429 | 2,859,375 | 3,135,156 | 2,990,677 | 3,209,122 | 2,586,316 | 3,100,197 | 3,161,667 | 575,351 | (47,455) |

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 28 of 133

1 TABLE 4-15 – CHAPTER 2 FILING REQUIREMENT APPENDIX 2-JC - OM&A COST BY PROGRAM 2015-2021 (CONTINUED)

| TABLE 4-13 - CHAPTE | | , | | · LIVEIX = | | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | O. 1.7 (IV) = 0 | | (00111110 | |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|--------------|--------------|-----------------|--|-----------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| OM&A | Last Rebasing Year (2015 OEB Approved) | Last Rebasing Year (2015 Actuals) | 2016 Actuals | 2017 Actuals | 2018 Actuals | Last Rebasing Year (2019 OEB Approved) | 2019 Actuals | 2020 Bridge Year | 2021 Test Year | 2021 Test Year vs. 2019 Actuals | 2021 Test Year vs. 2019 OEB- Approved |
| <u>Facilities</u> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Facilities Management | 197,627 | 264,637 | 305,113 | 288,133 | 360,973 | 215,051 | 343,187 | 318,432 | 327,396 | (15,791) | 112,345 |
| Rent - Property | 303,406 | 301,864 | 308,430 | 316,015 | 322,770 | 329,383 | 335,185 | 335,259 | 341,964 | 6,779 | 12,581 |
| Vehicles Expenses | 349,314 | 328,348 | 342,437 | 306,511 | 326,122 | 379,221 | 369,949 | 340,640 | 347,452 | (22,496) | (31,769) |
| Utility Costs | 111,149 | 105,835 | 99,975 | 107,045 | 82,635 | 120,666 | 82,636 | 89,840 | 91,637 | 9,000 | (29,029) |
| Maintenance, Janitorial & Security | 242,008 | 183,011 | 202,357 | 274,601 | 301,323 | 173,785 | 345,340 | 350,786 | 357,100 | 11,760 | 183,315 |
| Sub-Total Facilities | 1,203,503 | 1,183,694 | 1,258,311 | 1,292,305 | 1,393,823 | 1,218,106 | 1,476,297 | 1,434,955 | 1,465,549 | (10,748) | 247,442 |
| Operations & Metering | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operations Management | 787,923 | 827,967 | 761,360 | 738,043 | 747,568 | 852,781 | 813,329 | 924,088 | 887,482 | 74,152 | 34,700 |
| Engineering | 314,794 | 280,092 | 206,332 | 284,212 | 396,727 | 429,205 | 436,053 | 402,519 | 408,655 | (27,398) | (20,551) |
| Technical Design | 910,923 | 833,640 | 827,549 | 764,413 | 560,144 | 993,836 | 605,311 | 573,062 | 584,523 | (20,788) | (409,313) |
| Grid Construction and Operations | 3,876,625 | 3,955,777 | 3,993,045 | 3,977,059 | 4,602,045 | 4,252,304 | 4,644,244 | 4,890,233 | 5,087,676 | 443,432 | 835,372 |
| Underground Utility Locates | 297,156 | 358,586 | 338,313 | 333,220 | 309,780 | 321,651 | 333,785 | 315,393 | 321,070 | (12,715) | (581) |
| Tree Trimming | 135,732 | 92,040 | 111,117 | 167,287 | 140,456 | 146,921 | 137,321 | 155,000 | 157,790 | 20,469 | 10,869 |
| Meter Reading & Data Management | 579,843 | 515,971 | 551,814 | 590,439 | 474,698 | 631,051 | 524,417 | 514,048 | 524,144 | (273) | (106,907) |
| Materials, Tools & Consumables | 172,740 | 100,009 | 70,821 | 190,440 | 242,398 | 187,530 | (15,541) | 206,622 | 210,754 | 226,295 | 23,224 |
| Allocations to Capital & Other Jobs | (3,852,839) | (3,595,104) | (3,329,717) | (3,506,280) | (3,602,554) | (4,211,474) | (3,976,677) | (3,989,507) | (4,280,385) | (303,708) | (68,911) |
| Sub-Total Operations & Metering | 3,222,897 | 3,368,979 | 3,530,634 | 3,538,835 | 3,871,261 | 3,603,806 | 3,502,241 | 3,991,458 | 3,901,709 | 399,468 | 297,903 |
| Property Taxes | 158,445 | 127,612 | 135,660 | 135,660 | 135,660 | 172,010 | 135,660 | 149,114 | 152,097 | 16,437 | (19,914) |
| Total | 12,239,749 | 11,830,187 | 12,538,804 | 13,072,791 | 13,750,894 | 13,307,442 | 13,041,813 | 14,028,508 | 14,294,020 | 1,252,207 | 986,578 |

1 OM&A Cost By Program Variance Analysis 2021 Test vs 2019 Actual

- 2 2021 OM&A costs are \$1.25M higher than 2019 actuals, an annualized increase of 4.7%.
- 3 2019 actuals contains approximately \$350K lower than trend costs including a \$200K
- 4 reduction in provision for doubtful debts, \$100K insurance recoveries related to prior year
- 5 thefts, and unusually low materials and consumables usage.
- 6 Corporate
- 7 2021 Corporate costs are \$43K higher than 2019 actuals, an annualized increase of
- 8 0.7%. This variance is within the control of OPUCN. OPUCN does not consider this
- 9 variance to be significant.
- 10 General & Administrative
- 11 2021 General & Administrative costs are \$229K higher than 2019 actuals, equal to an
- 12 annualized increase of 4.9%. The principal drivers behind the higher than normal variance
- 13 are:

14

15

16

17

18

- The addition of 1.0 FTE to IT function to help manage increasingly complex IT infrastructure. Also, increased cost pressures associated with modernising IT infrastructure, including new Disaster Recovery site at MS9 and developing and maintaining a CyberSecurity framework; and
- Safety Training manager position vacant due to maternity leave for all of 2019, external backfill for only a portion year.
- The staffing increase is within the control of OPUCN, but management believe prudent in
- 21 light of the increasingly complex IT infrastructure and, in particular, cybersecurity
- 22 requirements.
- 23 <u>Customer Service</u>
- 24 2021 Customer Service costs are \$575K higher than 2019 actuals, an annualized
- increase of 10.6%. The principal drivers behind the higher than normal variance are:

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 30 of 133

- 2019 included a downward revision in the bad debt provision of \$200K due to
 improvements in collections and ageing profile of outstanding debt. 2021 is
 forecast in line with previous 5-year trend; and
 - 2019 FTE's were 1.5 below 2019 OEB-approved and are forecast to return to this approved level in 2021.
- 6 OPUCN has influence but not full control over collections and the ageing profile of
- 7 outstanding debt, while unplanned vacancies that create short term variances are out of
- 8 the control of OPUCN.
- 9 Facilities

4

- 10 2021 Facilities costs are \$11K lower than 2019 actuals, an annualized decrease of 0.4%.
- 11 Facilities costs are within the control of OPUCN, with the exception of fuel and utility price
- 12 fluctuations. OPUCN does not consider this variance to be significant.
- 13 Operations & Metering
- 14 2021 Customer Service costs are \$399K higher than 2019 actuals, an annualized
- increase of 5.5%. The principal drivers behind the higher than normal variance are:
- 16 2019 actuals included \$100K insurance recoveries related to prior year thefts, and
- 17 unusually low materials and consumables usage.
- 18 The variance related to timing of insurance recoveries was outside the control of OPUC.

1 OM&A Cost By Program Variance Analysis 2021 Test vs 2019 OEB-Approved

- 2 2021 OM&A costs are \$987K higher than 2019 OEB-approved, an annualized increase
- 3 of 3.6%, driven primarily an increase in FTE's of 6.5, higher IT and facilities costs,
- 4 inflation, partially offset by reduced management fees from parent company and
- 5 increased admin fees charged to affiliates.
- 6 Corporate
- 7 2021 Corporate costs are \$178K higher than 2019 OEB-approved, an annualized
- 8 increase of 3.0%. The higher than expected increase is driven by 1.0 FTE, approved in
- 9 last rebasing under Community Relations, moved from Community Relations to
- 10 Corporate. This variance is within the control of OPUCN. OPUCN does not consider this
- 11 variance to be significant.
- 12 General & Administrative
- 13 2021 General & Administrative costs are \$330K higher than 2019 OEB-approved, equal
- to an annualized increase of 7.3%. The principal drivers behind the higher than normal
- 15 variance are:

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

- The addition of 1 FTE to Human Resources to accommodate shift from tactical to strategic resource, necessary due to increased levels of recruitment activity across the company, employee engagement initiatives and development of a strategy to focus efforts on high impact areas to enhance productivity and organizational performance, and assumption of responsibility for Privacy at OPUCN;
- The addition of 1 FTE to purchasing/stores function, adding a trained buyer in order to pursue a modernized and more strategic approach to buying and secure greater value from the supply base. This position effectively replaced a retired storeperson position not previously forecast to be re-filled;
- The addition of 0.5 FTE to IT function to help manage increasingly complex IT infrastructure. Also, increased cost pressures associated with modernising IT infrastructure, including new Disaster Recovery site at MS9 and developing and maintaining a CyberSecurity framework;

- The addition of 1 FTE to manage website development and maintenance, along
 with fulfilling additional requirements covering customer engagement and
 communications in accordance with the Board's guidelines outlined in its RRFE
 Report;
 - Partially offset by 1 FTE, approved in last rebasing under Community Relations, moved from Community Relations to Corporate.
- 7 These variances due to staffing changes are in the control of OPUCN, but management
- 8 believe prudent in light of the changing business environment as outlined above.
- 9 Customer Service
- 10 2021 Customer Service costs are \$47K lower than 2019 OEB-approved, an annualized
- decrease of 0.7%. OPUCN has influence but not full control over postage/printing costs
- and the ageing profile of outstanding debt.
- 13 Facilities

16

17

18

19

20

5

- 14 2021 Facilities costs are \$247K higher than 2019 OEB-approved, an annualized increase
- of 9.7%. The principal drivers behind the higher than normal variance are:
 - Recent years have seen increased levels of theft, attempted thefts, and vandalism
 that has necessitated additional security measures provided by subcontractors to
 protect the security of station buildings, pole yard, and head office;
 - 0.5 FTE, approved in last rebasing under Operations Management, moved from Operations Management to Facilities.
- 21 Facilities costs are generally within the control of OPUCN, with the exception of fuel and
- 22 utility price fluctuations. The security cost variance is not within the control of OPUCN.
- 23 OPUCN does not consider the variance for items within its control to be significant.
- 24 Operations & Metering
- 25 2021 Operations & Metering costs are \$298K higher than 2019 OEB-approved, an
- annualized increase of 4.1%. The principal drivers behind the higher than normal variance
- 27 are:

 The addition of 0.5 FTE, representing the introduction of an ongoing co-op program. This co-op program is critical to develop a resource pipeline for recruitment and secure top talent, support apprenticeship training while maintaining safety ratios of journeyperson and apprentice staff, and executing succession planning strategies.;

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

- The addition of 1.0 FTE, a Maintenance Planner who will be responsible for the implementation of a new Computerized Maintenance Management System (CMMS) and leading the detailed planning and scheduling of work activities required to maintain, repair, upgrade, expand, and renew the electrical distribution system.
- The staffing increase is within the control of OPUCN, but management believe prudent for workforce planning (co-op program) and ongoing efficiency of the electrical distribution system (maintenance planner).

- 1 Table 4-16 illustrates the compound annual growth rates by program, with 2015 Board-
- 2 Approved, 2015 Actual, 2019 Board-Approved and 2019 Actual all compared to 2021
- 3 Test Year.

4

TABLE 4-16 - COMPOUND ANNUAL GROWTH RATES BY PROGRAM

| | CAGR 2015 | CAGR 2015 | CAGR 2019 | CAGR 2019 |
|------------------------------------|-------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| OM&A | Approved to | Actuals to | Approved to | Actuals to |
| OWA | 2021 Test | 2021 Test | 2021 Test | 2021 Test |
| | Year | Year | Year | Year |
| <u>Corporate</u> | | | | |
| Management Fees | (4.3)% | (4.3)% | (16.0)% | 2.0% |
| Post Retirement Benefits expense | 2.7% | 0.8% | 2.6% | 3.2% |
| Insurance - General & Property | 1.2% | 2.0% | (0.6)% | 2.1% |
| Regulatory Costs | 1.3% | 2.0% | 1.6% | 1.4% |
| Audit, Legal & Consulting Fees | (3.1)% | (9.5)% | (12.6)% | (6.2)% |
| Allocations & Recoveries | 0.0% | 4.6% | 213.6% | (13.4)% |
| Labour & Other Costs | 12.7% | 18.7% | 37.6% | (3.9)% |
| Sub Tatal Company | 2.20/ | 2.50/ | 2.00/ | 0.70/ |
| Sub-Total Corporate | 2.2% | 3.5% | 3.0% | 0.7% |
| General & Administrative | | | | |
| Finance & Regulatory Affairs | (1.0)% | (0.9)% | (7.0)% | (0.9)% |
| IT Operations | 11.0% | 15.0% | 31.5% | 11.5% |
| Community Relations | 8.5% | 7.8% | 5.6% | 14.6% |
| Employee Health & Safety | (3.3)% | (0.3)% | (13.1)% | 12.9% |
| Human Resources | 7.0% | 11.6% | 24.1% | 4.5% |
| Purchasing & Stores | 0.2% | (0.2)% | 13.2% | (2.3)% |
| Sub-Total General & Administrative | 3.2% | 4.5% | 7.3% | 4.9% |
| Customer Service | | | | |
| Customer Service Management | 2.5% | 1.9% | 3.6% | 1.1% |
| Customer Service General | 1.3% | 3.2% | (3.6)% | 13.4% |
| Customer Billing (outsourced) | 5.1% | 4.7% | 11.5% | 6.4% |
| Bad Debts | 0.2% | 2.4% | (3.5)% | 35.8% |
| Postage and Printing | (0.1)% | 0.9% | (7.0)% | 2.8% |
| Collections, Reconnects & Notices | 2.9% | (1.3)% | 4.8% | 5.5% |
| LEAP Program | 3.8% | 5.7% | 1.7% | 3.3% |
| Cub Total Customan Coming | 1.8% | 2.7% | (0.7)0/ | 10.50/ |
| Sub-Total Customer Service | 1.8% | 2.1% | (0.7)% | 10.6% |

1 TABLE 4-16 - COMPOUND ANNUAL GROWTH RATES BY PROGRAM (Continued)

| TABLE 4-16 - COMPOUND ANNO | CAGR 2015 | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| ONAS A | Approved to | Actuals to | Approved to | Actuals to |
| OM&A | 2021 Test | 2021 Test | 2021 Test | 2021 Test |
| | Year | Year | Year | Year |
| <u>Facilities</u> | | | | |
| Facilities Management | 8.8% | 3.6% | 23.4% | (2.3)% |
| Rent - Property | 2.0% | 2.1% | 1.9% | 1.0% |
| Vehicles Expenses | (0.1)% | 0.9% | (4.3)% | (3.1)% |
| Utility Costs | (3.2)% | (2.4)% | (12.9)% | 5.3% |
| Maintenance, Janitorial & Security | 6.7% | 11.8% | 43.3% | 1.7% |
| | | | | |
| Sub-Total Facilities | 3.3% | 3.6% | 9.7% | (0.4)% |
| | | | | 1 |
| Operations & Metering | | | | |
| Operations Management | 2.0% | 1.2% | 2.0% | 4.5% |
| Engineering | 4.4% | 6.5% | (2.4)% | (3.2)% |
| Technical Design | (7.1)% | (5.7)% | (23.3)% | (1.7)% |
| Grid Construction and Operations | 4.6% | 4.3% | 9.4% | 4.7% |
| Underground Utility Locates | 1.3% | (1.8)% | (0.1)% | (1.9)% |
| Tree Trimming | 2.5% | 9.4% | 3.6% | 7.2% |
| Meter Reading & Data Management | (1.7)% | 0.3% | (8.9)% | (0.0)% |
| Materials, Tools & Consumables | 3.4% | 13.2% | 6.0% | 0.0% |
| Allocations to Capital & Other Jobs | 1.8% | 3.0% | 0.8% | 3.7% |
| | • | | - | |
| Sub-Total Operations & Metering | 3.2% | 2.5% | 4.1% | 5.5% |
| | | | | |
| Property Taxes | (0.7)% | 3.0% | (6.0)% | 5.9% |
| | | | • • • | |
| Total | 2.6% | 3.2% | 3.6% | 4.7% |

- 1 Table 4-17 below (from Appendix 2-D) illustrates the overall level of increase (decrease)
- 2 in OM&A expense in relation to any decrease (increase) in capitalized overhead.

TABLE 4-17 - OM&A EXPENSE BEFORE AND AFTER CAPITALIZATION

| OMS A Potoro Conitolization | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|---|------------|------------|------------|--------|--------|
| OM&A Before Capitalization (\$000's) | Historical | Historical | Historical | Bridge | Test |
| (4000 3) | Year | Year | Year | Year | Year |
| Corporate | 2,855 | 3,009 | 3,059 | 2,810 | 3,101 |
| General & Administrative | 2,116 | 2,351 | 2,283 | 2,543 | 2,512 |
| Customer Service | 3,135 | 2,991 | 2,586 | 3,100 | 3,162 |
| Facilities | 1,292 | 1,394 | 1,476 | 1,435 | 1,466 |
| Operations & Metering | 7,331 | 8,209 | 7,662 | 8,234 | 8,229 |
| Property Taxes | 136 | 136 | 136 | 149 | 152 |
| | | | | | |
| Total OM&A Before | | | | | |
| Capitalization (B) | 16,865 | 18,089 | 17,201 | 18,271 | 18,621 |
| Increase (Decrease) | | 1,224 | (888) | 1,070 | 350 |
| | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| Capitalized OM&A (\$000's) | Historical | Historical | Historical | Bridge | Test |
| | Year | Year | Year | Year | Year |
| employee benefits | 2,997 | 3,429 | 3,288 | 3,353 | 3,420 |
| initial delivery and handling | , | , | , | , | , |
| costs | 198 | 227 | 217 | 222 | 226 |
| vehicle and related costs | 597 | 683 | 654 | 668 | 681 |
| | | | | | |
| Total Capitalized OM&A (A) | 3,792 | 4,338 | 4,159 | 4,242 | 4,327 |
| | | | | | |
| % of Capitalized OM&A | | | | | |
| (=A/B) | 22% | 24% | 24% | 23% | 23% |
| Total OM9 A Attar | | | | | |
| Total OM&A After Capitalization (B - A) | 13,073 | 13,751 | 13,042 | 14,029 | 14,294 |
| Increase (Decrease) | | 678 | (709) | 987 | 266 |
| | | | | | |

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 37 of 133

1 PROGRAM AND FUNCTION OVERVIEW

- 2 OPUCN has provided Appendix 2-JC OM&A Programs in this Exhibit, on the basis of
- 3 major function/department, in accordance with section 2.7.3 "Program Delivery Costs with
- 4 Variance Analysis" of the Board's Chapter 2 Filing Requirements. This section provides
- 5 a brief overview of OPUCN's major programs and functions along with additional
- 6 background underlying the costs.

Operations Management

7

15

25

- 8 Operations Management is responsible for management and supervision of the grid
- 9 construction & maintenance, technical design, and metering activities. The current
- 10 number of FTE's is 7.0, representing an increase of 1.0 from the previous Board-
- 11 Approved number. The new FTE is a Maintenance Planner and will be responsible for the
- implementation of a new Computerized Maintenance Management System (CMMS) and
- 13 leading the detailed planning and scheduling of work activities required to maintain,
- repair, upgrade, expand, and renew the electrical distribution system.

Engineering

- 16 The Engineering department is responsible for asset management, distribution system
- 17 planning, operating standards, smart grid and green energy initiatives, technical support
- to the design technicians for capital projects, and provision of distribution system asset
- information to many departments within OPUCN.
- The annual cost of the Engineering department approved in the last rebasing application
- 21 for 2019 was \$429,205 and three FTE's. This application proposes a marginally lower
- cost of \$408,689 in 2021 with four FTE's. The change in FTE's is not due to a new
- 23 position but reflects a realignment of internal resources. The lower overall cost reflects a
- change in the seniority mix of staff.

Technical Design

- 26 The Technical Design department is responsible for designs and estimates related to
- 27 capital projects, customer service connections and subdivisions. Customer and city
- growth over the period covered by this application is projected to be relatively modest and

- 1 as a result no significant changes are forecast in this group. Organizational changes show
- 2 this group's FTE drop to 4.0 compared to 2019 Board-Approved 8.4, with the change in
- 3 FTE's offset by an equal change in the Meter Reading & Data Management group.

Grid Construction & Maintenance

The Grid Construction & Maintenance department is responsible for the construction of the capital expansion and enhancement projects, and preventative maintenance programs. Responsibility for the installation, testing, and commissioning of new and existing simple and complex metering installations also falls under this department. They respond to emergency power outages and unplanned events and repair or replace failed or defective equipment to restore services. They also assist with the development, training and enforcement of safe work procedures, through researching various guides and regulations, including: the *Occupational Health & Safety Act* and *Regulations for Construction Projects*; *Electrical and Utilities Safety Association Rule Book* and *Safe Practice Guides*; *Utility Work Protection Code*; *Ministry of Transportation Act* regarding safe work area protection and material transporting; and, *Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System* ("WHMIS").

The Board-Approved FTE's for 2019 was 28.5 and this application proposes 29.0 FTE's for 2021, the increase representing the introduction of an ongoing co-op program. This co-op program is critical to develop a resource pipeline for recruitment and secure top talent, support apprenticeship training while maintaining safety ratios of journeyperson and apprentice staff, and executing succession planning strategies. Proposed costs for 2021 are \$5,040,119, an increase of \$787,814 compared to 2019 Board-Approved amount. This change is a reflection of the harmonization of trades' functions within the overall Operations & Metering group to deploy technology for reliability and response-time enhancement, with total costs for this group \$224,429 or 3.1% higher in 2021 compared to 2019 Board-Approved.

Underground Utility Locates

OPUCN uses its Geographic Information System (GIS) system to deliver underground utility locating services for excavating. The GIS system allows OPUCN to clear a high

- 1 percentage of "dig requests" remotely using Ontario One-Call. The cost of remotely
- 2 clearing a dig request is on average between 10 to 12 times less than dispatching a
- 3 resource to the site to do a visual or physical check.
- 4 The costs associated with this function are closely linked to construction and
- 5 development activity.

6 Tree Trimming

- 7 OPUCN tree trimming is carried out on a three-year cycle, which it believes to be the most
- 8 efficient option in helping reduce the frequency and cause of outages resulting from tree
- 9 contact

10

15

Meter Reading & Data Management

- 11 The OPUCN meter reading department is responsible for the administration and
- management of the Advanced Metering Infrastructure ("AMI") system and other meter
- data related systems. Meter installations and servicing are the responsibility of the Grid
- 14 Construction & Maintenance department.

Facilities

- 16 The facilities function is responsible for general maintenance and security of OPUCN
- 17 facilities and the management of the OPUCN fleet of vehicles. OPUCN's main facility,
- rented from the City of Oshawa, is located in downtown Oshawa and includes office space
- for all employees, a stores/warehouse area, along with a garage and parking lot for all
- 20 company vehicles.
- 21 In 2013, OPUCN undertook a review of its security systems and services which
- determined that a system with an increased number of 24-hour monitored video cameras
- 23 along with improvements to building access systems would offer more effective security
- to its buildings, equipment and employees. A one-time capital investment of \$55,000
- 25 made in 2013 and projected in OPUCN's last rebasing to yield annual operating savings
- of \$120,000 effective from July 2013. Recent years have seen increased levels of theft,
- 27 attempted thefts, and vandalism that has necessitated additional security measures
- provided by subcontractors to protect the security of station buildings, pole yard, and head

- 1 office. This increase, plus cost pressures related to waste disposal and recycling are the
- 2 primary drivers behind the Maintenance, Janitorial & Security compound annual growth
- 3 of 6.7% from 2015 Board-Approved to 2021 Test Year.
- 4 The proposed FTE of 1.0 compared to 2019 Board-Approved of 1.5 reflects some
- 5 realignment of internal positions and not an actual change in FTE's.

6 Customer Service

- 7 The customer service department is responsible for liaising with OPUCN's approximate
- 8 59,500 customers. Activities performed include billing (mostly outsourced to a non-
- 9 affiliated third party), call centre, collections, and other back office functions.
- 10 The number of customers serviced by OPUCN is projected to grow by approximately
- 11 5,000 (7.7%) from actual number at the end of 2015 to 2021. Despite this growth in
- 12 customer numbers of 7.7%, total Customer Service costs are projected to see a
- 13 compound annual growth of just 1.8% from 2015 Board-Approved to 2021 Test Year, and
- negative 0.7% from 2019 Board-Approved to 2021 Test Year.
- 15 OPUCN proposes to maintain FTE at 15.5 in line with 2019 Board-Approved number of
- 16 15.4.

24

- 17 In 2012, OPUCN initiated a concerted effort to migrate as many customers as possible to
- 18 electronic billing with considerable success to date. As of April 2020, 36% of customers
- totalling 22,000 receive their bills electronically, compared to 19% in 2014 and below 8%
- in early 2012. This represents over 18,000 customers since the campaign began, or
- 21 approximately \$140,000 in avoided costs on an annualized basis. This has helped to
- 22 offset rising postage costs which have been rising at an average annual growth rate of
- 23 4% from 2015 to 2019.

General & Administrative

- 25 The General & Administrative function is made up of the following departments: Finance
- 26 & Regulatory Affairs; IT Operations; Community Relations; Employee Health & Safety;
- 27 Human Resources; and Purchasing/Stores.

- 1 The projected compound annual growth of the General & Administrative function is 3.5%
- 2 from 2015 Board-Approved to 2021 Test Year and 8.2% from 2019 Board-Approved to
- 3 2021 Test Year. This increase is driven primarily by increases in FTE's and higher IT
- 4 costs, summarised as follows:

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

- The addition of 1 FTE to Human Resources to accommodate shift from tactical to strategic resource, necessary due to increased levels of recruitment activity across the company, employee engagement initiatives and development of a strategy to focus efforts on high impact areas to enhance productivity and organizational performance, and assumption of responsibility for Privacy at OPUCN;
- The addition of 1 FTE to purchasing/stores function, adding a trained buyer in order to pursue a modernized and more strategic approach to buying and secure greater value from the supply base. This position effectively replaced a retired storeperson position not previously forecast to be re-filled;
- The addition of 0.5 FTE to IT function to help manage increasingly complex IT infrastructure. Also, increased cost pressures associated with modernising IT infrastructure, including new Disaster Recovery site at MS9 and developing and maintaining a CyberSecurity framework;
- The addition of 1 FTE to manage website development and maintenance, along with fulfilling additional requirements covering customer engagement and communications in accordance with the Board's guidelines outlined in its RRFE Report;
- The transfer of 1 FTE from the parent company, previously dedicated solely to CDM, to OPUCN to continue with CDM activities but also lead a key account management initiative to include enhanced customer service, collaboration on opportunities to cost optimise energy use, and greater alignment with the City of Oshawa and Region of Durham on new energy initiatives.

Corporate

The Corporate functions include holding company management fees, executive compensation, postretirement benefit costs as well as insurance, regulatory, legal, audit,

- 1 consulting and other costs. These costs in total are projected to grow at a compound
- 2 annual growth rate of 2.0% from 2015 Board-Approved to 2021 Test Year and 2.6% from
- 3 2019 Board-Approved to 2021 Test Year. OPUCN is proposing 3.0 FTE's compared with
- 4 2019 Board-Approved number of 1.0, the increase explained as follows:
- 1.0 FTE, approved in last rebasing under Community Relations, moved from
 Community Relations to Corporate;
 - The transfer of 1.0 FTE (the CEO position) from the parent company. Although this
 presents as an FTE increase, the net cost impact is neutralized through
 adjustments to parent company management fees and OPUCN service charges
 to affiliate companies.

ADDITIONAL DETAILS ON OPERATING COSTS

- **Overview of Additional Details on Operating Costs**
- 14 As stated in section 2.4.3 of the Chapter 2 Filing Requirements, the Board requires further
- detail on the following items:
- Workforce Planning and Employee Compensation;
- Shared Services and Corporate Cost Allocation;
- Purchase of Non Affiliate Services:
- One-time Costs;
- Regulatory Costs;
- Low Income Energy Assistance Programs ("LEAP"); and
- Charitable and Political Donations.
- Further information on each of these categories of costs are detailed on the following pages.

7

8

9

10

11

12

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 43 of 133

WORKFORCE PLANNING

- 2 OPUCN's 2015-2019 Custom IR application highlighted its aging workforce, particularly
- 3 amongst its skilled trades departments, with many key skilled trades personnel eligible to
- 4 retire or reaching retirement eligibility during the period. Succession planning was
- 5 included to manage the anticipated high level of retirements in the period.
- 6 Actual retirements amongst the skilled trades department totalled 8 FTE's, in line with the
- 7 forecast approved in 2015. Other retirements in the period totalled 11 FTE's, including 6
- 8 management and 5 non-trade staff.
- 9 Other leavers in the period for reasons other than retirement totalled 10, including 6 skilled
- trades personnel. OPUCN had 90 FTE's in 2019 compared with 85 as approved. Details
- of the changes are explained in the OM&A Cost By Program Variance Analysis earlier in
- 12 this exhibit.

19

- 13 As noted in the Business Environment Changes section earlier in this exhibit, our industry
- 14 and business is experiencing a demographic shift which requires focus on talent
- 15 management, recruitment, and succession planning to adapt to the current labour
- 16 environment. The addition of an FTE in the Human Resources department is a key
- 17 component of how OPUCN plans to address these challenges. The key elements
- underpinning OPUCN's workforce planning and compensation strategies are:
 - A People Strategy centered on employee engagement and aligning the workforce
- 20 to business objectives and strategic outcomes has been developed and
- implemented. This initiative is measured through regular employee engagement
- surveys, the development of action items to address results and improve drivers
- of engagement, and implementation of programs to improve workforce
- engagement, focus, and productivity;
- To ensure a performance based culture, new technology to foster regular
- communication and feedback systems has been put in place;
- Continued development of Health & Safety systems to reinforce this productivity
- 28 model. The reduction in average attendance metrics and continuing of hours

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 44 of 133

- without a lost time injury (LTI) demonstrate increased workforce availability and productivity, together with reduced operational cost. OPUCN maintains the Certificate of Recognition (COR) accreditation for our health & safety system via the Infrastructure Health & Safety Association (IHSA) which demonstrates the robustness and effectiveness of our program;
- Continued investment in systems, technology and employee training to ensure employees are able to satisfy the enhanced skill sets required beyond traditional electrical utility competencies. The job harmonization training programs in our trades' areas are an example of this strategy to align skill sets, job tasks, and department functions with changing technology;
- We have focused significant effort to further stretch and maximize our operational productivity and performance.
- Regularly benchmarking compensation planning against relevant industry comparators to ensure best combination of costs and talent.

EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION

Union

OPUCN's unionized employees are represented by the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers ("IBEW"). The current Collective Bargaining Agreement ("CBA") is effective from March 1 2018 and expires February 28 2025. The current agreement, which was entered into in 2018, includes annual wage increases of 2.0% per year for 2018 to 2022, and 2.1% per year for 2023 and 2024. These annual wage increases reflect an indepth analysis of inflationary and industry settlement trends. In securing a 7-year agreement with the IBEW, we have been able to accurately forecast our labour costs for this Application and make strategic business decisions for labour resources. While we have saved costs related to more frequent collective bargaining activities with a longer

- 1 agreement, we have also re-focused internal efforts towards productivity and business
- 2 outcomes without the disruption of renegotiation of terms.

3 Executive/Management/Non-Union

- 4 Executive and management compensation plan consists of salaries and benefits. Each
- 5 position within the Company has been placed on a pay scale which is reviewed annually
- 6 by senior management and the Board of Directors' HR Committee. Each employee's
- 7 position within their respective range is reviewed based on performance and an
- 8 inflationary adjustment and is regularly benchmarked to industry comparators. Changes
- 9 to senior management compensation, if any, are approved by the Board of Directors.
- 10 OPUCN offers a variable incentive plan to management and non-union staff which ranges
- between 5% and 10% of base salary, the final payout being made based on performance
- 12 compared to targets set at the beginning of the year. The OPUCN management at-risk
- 13 compensation plan has been developed to more strategically align corporate and
- individual performance outcomes. The corporate targets are set to align with the OEB
- 15 scorecard.

16

Benefits

- 17 OPUCN utilises the default accrual basis for recovery of pension and OPEB costs and is
- 18 not proposing any change in this application.
- 19 A comprehensive and competitive benefits package exists which includes medical
- 20 insurance, life insurance, long-term disability insurance, vacation, non-pension post-
- 21 retirement benefits, and matching contributions to the OMERS pension plan. OPUCN
- 22 marketed its benefit plan in 2018 to ensure that we have secured the most competitive
- rate available in the market for our benefit obligations.
- 24 OPUCN's employees are members of OMERS. Table 4-18 below details the OMERS
- 25 pension premium information for 2011 Actual through to the 2019 Test Year. OPUCN has
- 26 forecast future premiums using current rates.

TABLE 4-18 —PENSION PREMIUM INFORMATION

| | Last Rebasing Year (2015 Actuals) | Actuals | _ | | | 2020 Bridge Year | 2021 Test Year |
|----------------|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| OMERS Premiums | 691,388 | 700,320 | 721,011 | 791,575 | 837,190 | 885,429 | 895,489 |

OPUCN pays certain health, dental, and life insurance benefits on behalf of its retired employees. Actual premiums and expenses paid, and expenses accrued for 2015 Actual through to the 2021 Test Year are shown in Table 4-19 below. OPUCN has forecast future years expenses based on 2020 estimate plus inflation.

TABLE 4-19 —POST-RETIREMENT BENEFIT INFORMATION

| | Last Rebasing Year (2015 Actuals) | Actuals | | | | 2020 Bridge Year | |
|-----------------------------|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------------------|---------|
| Expenses Paid | 438,212 | 402,484 | 414,235 | 448,108 | 471,076 | 471,673 | 481,106 |
| Premiums Paid | 68,348 | 77,824 | 86,465 | 92,073 | 105,526 | 93,757 | 95,632 |
| Change in Accrued Liability | 211,134 | 174,155 | 192,939 | 194,930 | 132,943 | 202,805 | 206,861 |
| Total | 717,695 | 654,464 | 693,638 | 735,111 | 709,544 | 768,235 | 783,600 |

A breakdown of the pension and other post-employment retirement benefits amounts included in OM&A and capital for the last OEB-approved rebasing application, and for historical, bridge and test years, is provided below:

TABLE 4-20 – PENSION AND POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS - CAPITAL AND OPERATING BREAKDOWN

| | Last | Last | | | | | | |
|---------------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| | Rebasing | Rebasing | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 Bridge | 2021 Test |
| | Year (2015 | Year (2015 | Actuals | Actuals | Actuals | Actuals | Year | Year |
| | Approved) | Actuals) | | | | | | |
| Total Pension | 1,389,324 | 1,409,082 | 1,354,784 | 1,414,649 | 1,526,686 | 1,546,734 | 1,653,664 | 1,679,088 |
| And Post- | | | | | | | | |
| Retirement | | | | | | | | |
| Benefits | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Operating | 699,536 | 790,199 | 791,699 | 761,231 | 843,256 | 825,867 | 923,385 | 916,693 |
| Capital | 689,787 | 618,884 | 563,085 | 653,418 | 683,430 | 720,868 | 730,279 | 762,395 |
| Total | 1,389,324 | 1,409,082 | 1,354,784 | 1,414,649 | 1,526,686 | 1,546,734 | 1,653,664 | 1,679,088 |

FTE's and Costs

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

Information on employee numbers, costs, variances and FTE movements are summarised in the tables below. Employee complement, compensation and benefits are set out in Table 4-21 (from the Board's Appendix 2-K), year over year changes are illustrated in Table 4-22, while Table 4-23 utilises the data from Appendix 2-K to illustrate the compound annual growth rate, with 2015 Board-Approved, 2015 Actual, 2019 Board-Approved and 2019 Actual all compared to 2021 Test Year.

TABLE 4-21 – EMPLOYEE COMPLEMENT AND COMPENSATION (CHAPTER 2 APPENDICES 2-K)

| | Rebas Year (2 | 015 OEB | 2015 Actuals | 20 Actua | 16 als | 2017 Actuals | | 2018 ctuals | Las Rebasin Year (201 OE Approve | g 9 B | 2019 Actuals | | 2020 Bridge Year | | 2021 st Year |
|--|------------------|------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------|-----------------|------|----------------|--|-------------|-----------------|------|------------------------|------|-----------------|
| Number of Employees (FTEs including | Part-Tiı | me) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Management (including executive) | | 19 | 18 | 1 | L8 | 20 | | 27 | 20 |) | 27 | | 28 | | 28 |
| Non-Management (union and non-uni | | 65 | 60 | 5 | 8 | 64 | | 63 | 65 | 5 | 63 | | 64 | | 63 |
| Total | | 85 | 79 | 7 | 76 | 84 | | 90 | 85 | 5 | 90 | | 92 | | 91 |
| Total Salary and Wages including overt | ime an | d in | centive pa | y (\$000 |)'s) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Management (including executive) | \$ 2, | 113 | \$ 1,991 | \$ 1,99 | 94 | \$ 2,240 | \$ 2 | 2,942 | \$ 2,353 | \$ | 3,274 | \$ | 3,295 | \$ | 3,287 |
| Non-Management (union and non-uni | \$ 5,4 | 400 | \$ 5,158 | \$ 5,13 | 36 | \$ 5,192 | \$! | 5,594 | \$ 5,939 | \$ | 5,533 | \$ | 5,864 | \$ | 5,913 |
| Total | \$ 7, | 512 | \$ 7,149 | \$ 7,13 | 31 | \$ 7,431 | \$ 8 | 8,536 | \$ 8,290 |) \$ | 8,806 | \$ | 9,159 | \$ | 9,201 |
| Total Benefits (Current + Accrued) (\$00 | 0's) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Management (including executive) | \$ | 668 | \$ 646 | \$ 62 | 27 | \$ 707 | \$ | 858 | \$ 750 |) \$ | 899 | \$ | 934 | \$ | 945 |
| Non-Management (union and non-uni | \$ 1, | 666 | \$ 1,752 | \$ 1,70 | 9 | \$ 1,737 | \$: | 1,738 | \$ 1,786 | \$ | 1,730 | \$ | 1,786 | \$ | 1,821 |
| Total | \$ 2,3 | 334 | \$ 2,399 | \$ 2,33 | 36 | \$ 2,444 | \$ 2 | 2,595 | \$ 2,536 | \$ | 2,628 | \$ | 2,719 | \$ | 2,766 |
| Total Compensation (Salary, Wages. Be | enefits) | (\$0 | 00's) | | | | | • | • | | | | | | |
| Management (including executive) | \$ 2, | 781 | \$ 2,637 | \$ 2,62 | 21 | \$ 2,947 | \$ 3 | 3,800 | \$ 3,10 | L \$ | 4,172 | \$ | 4,228 | \$ | 4,232 |
| Non-Management (union and non-uni | \$ 7,0 | 065 | \$ 6,910 | \$ 6,84 | 15 | \$ 6,929 | \$ | 7,331 | \$ 7,725 | \$ | 7,262 | \$ | 7,650 | \$ | 7,735 |
| Total | \$ 9,8 | 846 | \$ 9,548 | \$ 9,46 | 66 | \$ 9,875 | \$1: | 1,131 | \$ 10,825 | \$ | 11,434 | \$: | 11,878 | \$: | 11,967 |

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 48 of 133

1 TABLE 4-22 – EMPLOYEE COMPLEMENT AND COMPENSATION YEAR OVER YEAR CHANGE

| | Last Rebasing Year (2015 OEB Approved) | 2015 Actuals Vs 2015 Approve d | 2016 Actuals | 2017 Actuals | 2018 Actuals | 2019 Actuals | 2020 Bridge Year | 2021 Test Year |
|--|--|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| Number of Employees (FTEs including | Part-Time) | | | | | | | |
| Management (including executive) | 19 | (1) | (0) | 2 | 7 | 0 | 1 | (0) |
| Non-Management (union and non-uni | 65 | (5) | (3) | 6 | (1) | (0) | 1 | (1) |
| Total | 85 | (6) | (3) | 8 | 6 | 0 | 2 | (1) |
| Total % | | (6.8)% | (3.9)% | 10.6% | 7.3% | 0.2% | 2.3% | (1.0)% |
| Total Salary and Wages including overt | ime and in | centive pa | y (\$000's) | | | | | |
| Management (including executive) | \$2,113 | \$(122) | \$3 | \$246 | \$702 | \$332 | \$21 | \$(8) |
| Non-Management (union and non-uni | \$5,400 | \$(241) | \$(22) | \$55 | \$402 | \$(61) | \$331 | \$50 |
| Total | \$7,512 | \$(363) | \$(18) | \$301 | \$1,105 | \$270 | \$353 | \$42 |
| Total % | | (4.8)% | (0.3)% | 4.2% | 14.9% | 3.2% | 4.0% | 0.5% |
| Total Benefits (Current + Accrued) (\$00 | 0's) | | | | | | | |
| Management (including executive) | \$668 | \$86 | \$(44) | \$29 | \$0 | \$(8) | \$56 | \$35 |
| Non-Management (union and non-uni | \$1,666 | \$65 | \$(63) | \$108 | \$151 | \$33 | \$91 | \$47 |
| Total | \$2,334 | \$151 | \$(106) | \$137 | \$152 | \$25 | \$148 | \$82 |
| Total % | | 6.5% | (4.4)% | 5.9% | 6.2% | 0.9% | 5.6% | 3.0% |
| Total Compensation (Salary, Wages. Be | enefits) (\$0 | 00's) | | | | | | |
| Management (including executive) | \$2,781 | \$(35) | \$(40) | \$274 | \$703 | \$324 | \$77 | \$28 |
| Non-Management (union and non-uni | \$7,065 | \$(176) | \$(85) | \$163 | \$554 | \$(29) | \$423 | \$96 |
| Total | \$9,846 | \$(212) | \$(125) | \$438 | \$1,256 | \$295 | \$500 | \$124 |
| Total % | | (2.2)% | (1.3)% | 4.6% | 12.7% | 2.6% | 4.4% | 1.0% |

TABLE 4-23 — EMPLOYEE COMPLEMENT AND COMPENSATION CAGR

| | CAGR 2015 Approved to 2021 Test Year | CAGR 2015 Actuals to 2021 Test Year | CAGR 2019 Approved to 2021 Test Year | CAGR 2019 Actuals to 2021 Test Year |
|---|--|--|---|--|
| Number of Employees (FTEs including | Part-Time) | | | |
| Management (including executive) | 6.4% | 7.3% | 18.3% | 1.0% |
| Non-Management (union and non-uni | (0.5)% | 0.8% | (1.2)% | 0.5% |
| Total | 1.3% | 2.5% | 3.8% | 0.7% |
| Total Salary and Wages including overt | ime and inc | entive pa | ıy | |
| Management (including executive) | 7.6% | 8.7% | 18.2% | 0.2% |
| Non-Management (union and non-uni | 1.5% | 2.3% | (0.2)% | 3.4% |
| Total | 3.4% | 4.3% | 5.3% | 2.2% |
| Total Benefits (Current + Accrued) | | | | |
| Management (including executive) | 6.0% | 6.5% | 12.3% | 2.6% |
| Non-Management (union and non-uni | 1.5% | 0.6% | 1.0% | 2.6% |
| Total | 2.9% | 2.4% | 4.4% | 2.6% |
| Total Compensation (Salary, Wages. Be | enefits) | | | |
| Management (including executive) | 7.3% | 8.2% | 16.8% | 0.7% |
| Non-Management (union and non-uni | 1.5% | 1.9% | 0.1% | 3.2% |
| Total | 3.3% | 3.8% | 5.1% | 2.3% |

Table 4-24 adds net Parent company management fees and OPUCN service fees charged to affiliates to the total compensation cost. This analysis shows a compound annual growth rate of 1.9% from 2015 Board-Approved to 2021 Test Year and 1.9% from 2019 Board-Approved to 2021 Test Year.

Table 4-24 – Employee Compensation net of Parent company management fees & Affiliate Charges

| Labour & Benefits Trends | 2015 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|-----------------------------|----------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| \$000's | Approved | Actual | Actual | Actual | Actual | Approved | Actual | Bridge | Test |
| Labour | \$7,512 | \$7,149 | \$7,131 | \$7,431 | \$8,536 | \$8,290 | \$8,806 | \$9,159 | \$9,201 |
| Benefits | \$2,334 | \$2,399 | \$2,336 | \$2,444 | \$2,595 | \$2,536 | \$2,628 | \$2,719 | \$2,766 |
| Parent & Affiliate Fees Net | \$327 | \$292 | \$168 | \$160 | \$(142) | \$354 | \$(344) | \$(349) | \$(356) |
| Total | \$10,173 | \$9,840 | \$9,634 | \$10,035 | \$10,990 | \$11,179 | \$11,090 | \$11,529 | \$11,611 |
| Year over Year Change | | (3.3)% | (5.3)% | 4.2% | 9.5% | 1.7% | 0.9% | 4.0% | 0.7% |
| CAGR vs 2015 Approved | | (3.3)% | (2.7)% | (0.5)% | 1.9% | 1.9% | 1.7% | 2.1% | 1.9% |
| CAGR vs 2019 Approved | | | | | | | | 3.1% | 1.9% |

4

5

6

7

8

9

- 1 The reasoning behind the addition of 6.5 FTE's to the 2019 Board-Approved number are
- 2 explained in the 'Program And Function Overview' section earlier in this chapter. Table 4-
- 3 25 below provides a summary by function of the FTE changes.

TABLE 4-25 – ANALYSIS OF FTE'S 2015 BOARD-APPROVED TO 2021 TEST YEAR

| Program | 2015 OEB Approved | 2015 Actuals | 2016 Actuals | 2017 Actuals | 2018 Actuals | I OFB | 2019 Actuals | 2020 Bridge Year | Test | Year vs. | 2021 Test Year vs. 2019 OEB Approved |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|------------------------|------|----------|---|
| Corporate | 1.0 | 0.3 | 0.9 | 2.3 | 4.1 | 1.0 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 3.0 | (0.3) | 2.0 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General & Administrative | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Finance & Regulatory Affairs | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.6 | 6.8 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 8.3 | 8.0 | 7.3 | (0.9) | 0.0 |
| IT Operations | 2.4 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 0.9 | 0.6 |
| Community Relations | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 3.9 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 2.0 | (0.3) | 0.8 |
| Employee Health & Safety | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 0.4 | (0.2) |
| Human Resources | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 0.0 | 0.8 |
| Purchasing & Stores | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 4.0 | 2.3 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 3.3 | (0.3) | 1.0 |
| Sub-Total General & Administrative | 16.7 | 16.2 | 16.1 | 17.2 | 20.3 | 15.7 | 18.9 | 18.9 | 18.7 | (0.2) | 3.0 |
| Customer Service | 14.4 | 13.0 | 13.0 | 13.3 | 12.2 | 15.4 | 14.0 | 15.5 | 15.5 | 1.5 | 0.1 |
| Facilities | 1.5 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | (0.5) |
| Operations & Metering | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operations Management | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 7.7 | 7.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| Engineering | 2.3 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 2.5 | 4.2 | 3.0 | 5.8 | 4.0 | 4.0 | (1.8) | 1.0 |
| Technical Design | 8.4 | 7.9 | 6.0 | 7.4 | 7.0 | 8.4 | 6.3 | 5.0 | 5.0 | (1.3) | (3.4) |
| Grid Construction and Operations | 29.3 | 27.5 | 25.7 | 27.5 | 26.4 | 28.5 | 26.2 | 29.0 | 29.0 | 2.8 | 0.5 |
| Meter Reading & Data Management | 4.5 | 4.3 | 5.0 | 7.6 | 8.5 | 5.0 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 0.0 | 3.3 |
| Sub-Total Operations & Metering | 51.0 | 48.3 | 44.6 | 50.0 | 52.1 | 51.4 | 53.0 | 53.9 | 53.3 | 0.3 | 1.8 |
| Total | 84.5 | 78.7 | 75.7 | 84.3 | 89.7 | 84.9 | 90.2 | 92.3 | 91.4 | 1.2 | 6.5 |

1 SHARED SERVICES AND CORPORATE COST ALLOCATION

- 2 Oshawa Power & Utility Corporation ("OPUC") is the parent company of OPUCN and
- 3 charges OPUCN a management fee. The management fee for 2019 is \$360,588
- 4 compared to 2019 Board-Approved amount of \$531,519. The change reflects corporate
- 5 realignments including the transfer of the CEO position from the parent company. The
- 6 revised management fee charged, along with adjustments to service fees charged to
- 7 affiliates, have a neutral net impact on the overall cost to OPUCN. This is illustrated above
- 8 in Table 4-24. The proposed 2021 management fee is based on the 2019 rate adjusted
- 9 for inflation.
- 10 OPUCN allocates a share of its administrative costs to it's affiliate companies. These
- allocations are based on the cost of the services provided and are reviewed annually.
- 12 OPUCN charges a contracted market rate for Pole or Duct space rented by OPUCS.
- 13 A summary of charges to affiliates for services provided for each year is provided in
- 14 Tables 4-26 to 4-34, corresponding to the Board's Appendix 2-N. OPUCN has provided
- 15 Appendix 2-N for the 2015 and 2019 Board-Approved Years, historical years 2015 to
- 16 2019; for the 2020 Bridge Year; and for the 2021 Test Year.
- 17 There are no Board of Directors-related costs for affiliates included in OPUCN's own
- 18 costs.

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 52 of 133

1 Table 4-26 – Chapter 2 - Appendix 2-N - Shared Services/Corporate Cost 2 Allocations 2015 Board Approved

Year: 2015 Shared Services

| Name (| of Company | | | Price for the | Cost for the |
|--------|------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| | | Service Offered | Pricing Methodology | Service | Service |
| From | То | | | \$ | \$ |
| OPUCN | OPUCES | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$75,469 | \$70,997 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$87,279 | \$82,106 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Joint Use Pole Rental | Actual Cost | \$27,356 | \$27,356 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Duct Fibre Optic Rental | Actual Cost | \$22,356 | \$22,356 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Miscellaneous work | Actual Cost | \$3,570 | \$3,570 |
| | | | | | |

Corporate Cost Allocation

| Name o | f Company | | | Corporate | Amount |
|----------|-----------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | Service Offered | Pricing Methodology | Costs | Allocated |
| From | То | | | % | \$ |
| OPUC | OPUCN | Management Fees | Cost Based | 55.4% | \$489,600 |
| (Parent) | (LDC) | | | | |

Table 4-27 – Chapter 2 - Appendix 2-N - Shared Services/Corporate Cost Allocations 2015 Actual

Year: 2015 Shared Services

3

4

5

6 7

| Name o | f Company | | | Price for the | Cost for the |
|--------|-------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| | | Service Offered | Pricing Methodology | Service | Service |
| From | То | | | \$ | \$ |
| OPUCN | OPUCES | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$83,161 | \$78,373 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$93,643 | \$88,252 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Joint Use Pole Rental | Actual Cost | \$27,356 | \$27,356 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Duct Fibre Optic Rental | Actual Cost | \$22,952 | \$22,952 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Miscellaneous work | Actual Cost | \$6,006 | \$6,006 |
| OPUCN | 2252112 Inc | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$20,460 | \$19,282 |
| | | | | | |

Corporate Cost Allocation

| Name o | f Company | | | Corporate | Amount |
|----------|-----------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | Service Offered | Pricing Methodology | Costs | Allocated |
| From | То | | | % | \$ |
| OPUC | OPUCN | Management Fees | Cost Based | 51.6% | \$489,600 |
| (Parent) | (LDC) | | | | |

Table 4-28 – Chapter 2 - Appendix 2-N - Shared Services/Corporate Cost Allocations 2016 Actual

Year: 2016 Shared Services

| Name of Company | | | | Price for the | Cost for the |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| | | Service Offered | Pricing Methodology | Service | Service |
| From | То | | | \$ | \$ |
| OPUCN | OPUCES | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$223,588 | \$211,214 |
| OPUCN | OPUCES | Miscellaneous work | Actual Cost | \$75,317 | \$75,317 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$87,425 | \$82,587 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Joint Use Pole Rental | Actual Cost | \$27,356 | \$27,356 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Duct Fibre Optic Rental | Actual Cost | \$23,143 | \$23,143 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Miscellaneous work | Actual Cost | \$3,159 | \$3,159 |
| OPUCN | 2252112 Inc | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$20,777 | \$19,627 |
| | | | | | |

Corporate Cost Allocation

| Name of Company | | | | Corporate | Amount |
|-----------------|-------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | Service Offered | Pricing Methodology | Costs | Allocated |
| From | То | | | % | \$ |
| OPUC | OPUCN | Management Fees | Cost Based | 28.5% | \$499,392 |
| (Parent) | (LDC) | | | | |

Table 4-29 – Chapter 2 - Appendix 2-N - Shared Services/Corporate Cost Allocations 2017 Actual

Year: 2017 Shared Services

| Name of Company | | | | Price for the | Cost for the |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| | | Service Offered | Pricing Methodology | Service | Service |
| From | То | | | \$ | \$ |
| OPUCN | OPUCES | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$271,207 | \$256,120 |
| OPUCN | OPUCES | Miscellaneous work | Actual Cost | \$41,987 | \$41,987 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$49,644 | \$46,882 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Joint Use Pole Rental | Actual Cost | \$27,356 | \$27,356 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Duct Fibre Optic Rental | Actual Cost | \$23,588 | \$23,588 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Miscellaneous work | Actual Cost | \$25,720 | \$25,720 |
| OPUCN | 2252112 Inc | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$29,367 | \$27,733 |
| | | | | | |

Corporate Cost Allocation

| Name of Company | | | | Corporate | Amount |
|-----------------|-------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | Service Offered | Pricing Methodology | Costs | Allocated |
| From | То | | | % | \$ |
| OPUC | OPUCN | Management Fees | Cost Based | 55.6% | \$509,880 |
| (Parent) | (LDC) | | | | |

3

1

4

_

5

Ū

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 54 of 133

TABLE 4-30 - CHAPTER 2 - APPENDIX 2-N - SHARED SERVICES/CORPORATE COST 1 2 **ALLOCATIONS 2018 ACTUAL**

2018 **Shared Services** Year:

| Name of Company | | | | Price for the | Cost for the |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| | | Service Offered | Pricing Methodology | Service | Service |
| From | То | | | \$ | \$ |
| OPUCN | OPUCES | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$463,510 | \$438,100 |
| OPUCN | OPUCES | Miscellaneous work | Actual Cost | \$36,407 | \$34,411 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$129,075 | \$121,999 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Joint Use Pole Rental | Actual Cost | \$29,694 | \$29,694 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Duct Fibre Optic Rental | Actual Cost | \$24,097 | \$24,097 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Miscellaneous work | Actual Cost | \$27,636 | \$27,636 |
| OPUCN | OPUC | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$44,650 | \$42,202 |
| OPUCN | 2252112 Inc | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$25,081 | \$23,706 |

Corporate Cost Allocation

| Name of Company | | | | Corporate | Amount |
|-----------------|-------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | Service Offered | Pricing Methodology | Costs | Allocated |
| From | То | | | % | \$ |
| OPUC | OPUCN | Management Fees | Cost Based | 68.5% | \$520,584 |
| (Parent) | (LDC) | | | | |

TABLE 4-31 - CHAPTER 2 - APPENDIX 2-N - SHARED SERVICES/CORPORATE COST **ALLOCATIONS 2019 BOARD APPROVED**

2019 **Shared Services** Year:

| Name o | f Company | | | Price for the | Cost for the |
|--------|-----------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| | | Service Offered | Pricing Methodology | Service | Service |
| From | То | | | \$ | \$ |
| OPUCN | OPUCES | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$81,690 | \$76,849 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$94,473 | \$88,874 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Joint Use Pole Rental | Actual Cost | \$27,356 | \$27,356 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Duct Fibre Optic Rental | Actual Cost | \$22,356 | \$22,356 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Miscellaneous work | Actual Cost | \$3,864 | \$3,864 |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

Corporate Cost Allocation

| Name of Company | | | | Corporate | Amount |
|-----------------|-------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | Service Offered | Pricing Methodology | Costs | Allocated |
| From | То | | | % | \$ |
| OPUC | OPUCN | Management Fees | Cost Based | 55.4% | \$529,959 |
| (Parent) | (LDC) | | | | |

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 55 of 133

TABLE 4-32 - CHAPTER 2 - APPENDIX 2-N - SHARED SERVICES/CORPORATE COST 1 2 **ALLOCATIONS 2019 ACTUAL**

2019 **Shared Services** Year:

| Name o | f Company | | | Price for the | Cost for the |
|--------|-------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| | | Service Offered | Pricing Methodology | Service | Service |
| From | То | | | \$ | \$ |
| OPUCN | OPUCES | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$442,851 | \$418,534 |
| OPUCN | OPUCES | Miscellaneous work | Actual Cost | \$44,596 | \$42,147 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$182,295 | \$172,285 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Joint Use Pole Rental | Actual Cost | \$53,970 | \$53,970 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Duct Fibre Optic Rental | Actual Cost | \$25,366 | \$25,366 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Miscellaneous work | Actual Cost | \$34,768 | \$34,768 |
| OPUCN | OPUC | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$49,677 | \$46,949 |
| OPUCN | 2252112 Inc | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$29,640 | \$28,012 |

Corporate Cost Allocation

| Name of Company | | | | Corporate | Amount |
|-----------------|-------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | Service Offered | Pricing Methodology | Costs | Allocated |
| From | То | | | % | \$ |
| OPUC | OPUCN | Management Fees | Cost Based | 49.8% | \$360,588 |
| (Parent) | (LDC) | | | | |

TABLE 4-33 - CHAPTER 2 - APPENDIX 2-N - SHARED SERVICES/CORPORATE COST **ALLOCATIONS 2020 BRIDGE YEAR**

2020 **Shared Services** Year:

| Name of Company | | | | Price for the | |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|-----------|
| From | To | Service Offered | Pricing Methodology | Service | Service |
| FIOIII | То | | | Þ | Ą |
| OPUCN | OPUCES | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$451,708 | \$426,905 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$184,420 | \$174,294 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Joint Use Pole Rental | Actual Cost | \$54,780 | \$54,780 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Duct Fibre Optic Rental | Actual Cost | \$25,366 | \$25,366 |
| OPUCN | OPUC | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$50,671 | \$47,888 |
| OPUCN | 2252112 Inc | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$30,233 | \$28,573 |

Corporate Cost Allocation

| Name o | f Company | | | Corporate | Amount |
|----------|-----------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | Service Offered | Pricing Methodology | Costs | Allocated |
| From | То | | | % | \$ |
| OPUC | OPUCN | Management Fees | Cost Based | 51.3% | \$367,800 |
| (Parent) | (LDC) | | | | |

3

4

5

1 TABLE 4-34 – CHAPTER 2 - APPENDIX 2-N - SHARED SERVICES/CORPORATE COST 2 ALLOCATIONS 2021 TEST YEAR

Year: Shared Services

| Name of Company | | | | Price for the | Cost for the |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| | | Service Offered | Pricing Methodology | Service | Service |
| From | То | | | \$ | \$ |
| OPUCN | OPUCES | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$460,742 | \$435,443 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$188,108 | \$177,779 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Joint Use Pole Rental | Actual Cost | \$55,602 | \$55,602 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Duct Fibre Optic Rental | Actual Cost | \$25,366 | \$25,366 |
| OPUCN | OPUC | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$51,684 | \$48,846 |
| OPUCN | 2252112 Inc | Admin Fees | Actual Cost + Approved Rate of Return | \$30,837 | \$29,144 |

Corporate Cost Allocation

| Name of Company | | | | Corporate | Amount |
|-----------------|-------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | Service Offered | Pricing Methodology | Costs | Allocated |
| From | То | | | % | \$ |
| OPUC | OPUCN | Management Fees | Cost Based | 51.3% | \$375,156 |
| (Parent) | (LDC) | | | | |

Variance Analysis - Shared Services and Corporate Cost Allocation

Tables 4-35 and 4-36 below provide comparisons of the 2021 Test Year with 2019 OEBapproved and 2019 Actuals.

TABLE 4-35 – TEST YEAR VS. LAST OEB-APPROVED (2019)

| Name of Company | | Service Offered | | 2019 OEB | |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|
| From | То | | 2021 Test Year | Approved | Variance |
| OPUCN | OPUCES | Admin Fees | \$460,742 | \$81,690 | \$379,052 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Admin Fees | \$188,108 | \$98,337 | \$89,771 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Joint Use Pole Rental | \$55,602 | \$27,356 | \$28,245 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Duct Fibre Optic Rental | \$25,366 | \$22,356 | \$3,009 |
| OPUCN | OPUC | Admin Fees | \$51,684 | \$0 | \$51,684 |
| OPUCN | 2252112 Inc | Admin Fees | \$30,837 | \$0 | \$30,837 |
| OPUC | OPUCN | Management Fees | \$(375,156) | \$(529,959) | \$154,803 |
| (Parent) | (LDC) | | | | |
| | | Net Total | \$437,183 | \$(300,218) | \$737,401 |

4

5

- The 2019 OEB-approved amounts were approved as part of a Custom IR application covering the years 2015 through 2019. The large increase is a due to changes subsequent to the rate filing as follows:
 - A new CEO was appointed in 2016, with the headcount within OPUCN where the previous CEO headcount was in the parent company (OPUC). This is the primary driver in the management fee reduction.
 - Activity has increased significantly within the affiliate companies, particularly OPUCES, and admin fees have been adjusted to reflect this.

TABLE 4-36 – Test year vs. 2019 Actuals

| Name of | Company | Service Offered | | | |
|----------|-------------|-------------------------|----------------|--------------|------------|
| From | То | | 2021 Test Year | 2019 Actuals | Variance |
| OPUCN | OPUCES | Admin Fees | \$460,742 | \$442,851 | \$17,891 |
| OPUCN | OPUCES | Miscellaneous work | | \$44,596 | \$(44,596) |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Admin Fees | \$188,108 | \$182,295 | \$5,813 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Miscellaneous work | | \$34,768 | \$(34,768) |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Joint Use Pole Rental | \$55,602 | \$53,970 | \$1,631 |
| OPUCN | OPUCS | Duct Fibre Optic Rental | \$25,366 | \$25,366 | \$0 |
| OPUCN | OPUC | Admin Fees | \$51,684 | \$49,677 | \$2,007 |
| OPUCN | 2252112 Inc | Admin Fees | \$30,837 | \$29,640 | \$1,197 |
| OPUC | OPUCN | Management Fees | \$(375,156) | \$(360,588) | \$(14,568) |
| (Parent) | (LDC) | | | | |
| • | _ | Net Total | \$437,183 | \$502,575 | \$(65,392) |

The 2021 forecast charges are based on forecast charges in 2020, based on forecast activity, uplifted for inflation. Miscellaneous work is not forecast as this is generally emergency type work that is irregular in nature.

Reconciliation of Revenue in Appendix 2-N

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

The Board's Filing Requirements require applicants to provide a reconciliation of the revenue in Appendix 2-N to the amounts included in Other Revenue in Exhibit 3. Only "Joint Use Pole Rental" and "Duct Fibre Optic Rental" in Tables 4-26 to 4-34 above are

- 1 also included in Other Revenue as reported in Exhibit 3. Both are reported within USA
- 2 Account 4610, Rent from Electric Property. Table 4-34 below reconciles the Other
- 3 Revenue amounts in Tables 4-26 to 4-34 above to the Other Revenue amounts in Exhibit

4 3.

5

6

7

12

13

14

15

16

17

Table 4-35 – Reconciliation to "Other Revenue" in Exhibit 3

| Extrac | et from Exhibit 3 - Other Revenue | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| USA | Description | 2015 OEB Approved | 2015 Actuals | 2016 Actuals | 2017 Actuals | 2018 Actuals | 2019 OEB Approved | 2019 Actuals | 2020 Bridge Year | 2021 Test Year |
| | Rental - OPUCS | 27,356 | 27,356 | 27,356 | 27,356 | 29,694 | 27,356 | 53,970 | 54,780 | 55,602 |
| | Rental - OPUCS Rental - Non-Affiliates | 22,356 126,676 | 22,952 133,277 | 23,143 133,507 | 23,588 132,968 | 24,097 140,906 | 22,356 126,676 | 25,366 214,284 | 25,366 265,180 | 25,366 264,538 |
| 4210 Rent from Electric Property 176,388 183,586 184,007 183,913 194,697 176,388 293,620 345,325 | | | | | | | 345,505 | | | |
| Extract from Exhibit 4 - Appendix 2-N Shared Services Allocations | | | | | | | | | | |
| USA | Description | 2015 OEB Approved | 2015 Actuals | 2016 Actuals | 2017 Actuals | 2018 Actuals | 2019 OEB Approved | 2019 Actuals | 2020 Bridge Year | 2021 Test Year |
| OPLIC | CN - OPUCS : Pole Rental | 27,356 | 27,356 | 27,356 | 27,356 | 29,694 | 27,356 | 53,970 | 54,780 | 55,602 |
| | CN - OPUCS : Duct Rental | 22,356 | 22,952 | 23,143 | 23,588 | 24,097 | 22,356 | 25,366 | 25,366 | 25,366 |

ONE-TIME COSTS

With the exception of costs related to this Application discussed below under Regulatory
Costs, OPUCN is not proposing to recover any other one-time costs in this Application
over a period of time. The estimated cost for completing this Application is being
amortized over a period of five years.

PURCHASE OF NON-AFFILIATE SERVICES

All supplier and contractor expenditures have been sourced and procured using the activities, practices and processes defined within OPUCN's Corporate Procurement and Corporate Expenditure Approval Policies. All procurements of services and materials are supported by an approved Purchase Order ("PO") prior to any commitments, with the exception of services and materials provided for Legal, Consulting, Recruiting, Utilities

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 59 of 133

- 1 (water, gas, hydro and telephone), Regulatory, Financial, and Employee benefits. See
- 2 Appendix 4-2 for OPUCN's Corporate Purchasing Policy.
- 3 OPUCN purchases many services and products from third parties. Tables 4-36 to 4-40
- 4 disclose the expenditures by vendor where the annual amount exceeded \$75,000 per
- 5 year, for the years 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018 and 2019, respectively.
- 6 Purchases for 2020 to 2021 operating and capital works will continue to be based on the
- 7 methodology contained within OPUCN's Procurement Policy, which has been attached
- 8 as Appendix 4-2.

Table 4-36-2015 Non-Affiliate Suppliers

| | 2015 | | Procurement | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|---|--------------|--|
| Vendor | Amount | Product or Service | Method | |
| Westmore Poleline And Electric Inc. | 1,805,470 | Grid Construction Subcontractor | Tender | |
| OMERS | 1,382,776 | Pension Plan for Employees | n/a | |
| Green Shield | 812,219 | Employee/Retiree Benefits | Tender | |
| City Of Oshawa | 536,342 | Property Rental & Taxes | n/a | |
| Sub-Terrain Directional Drilling Ltd. | 499,592 | Directional Boring | Quote | |
| Erth Holdings Inc. | 482,246 | Billing Software & Services | Tender | |
| Intergraph Canada Ltd. | 458,788 | GIS System | RFP | |
| The Mearie Group | 413,956 | Insurance | Quote | |
| G & W Electric Ltd | 386,944 | Grid Construction Subcontractor | Tender/Quote | |
| Canada Post | 371,681 | Postage | n/a | |
| Promark Telecon Inc. | 337,103 | Underground Locates | Tender | |
| Brass Inc. | 332,458 | Vacuum Excavation | Tender | |
| Gowling Lafleur Henderson Llp | 327,689 | Consulting - Rate Application | Quote | |
| NBM Engineering Inc. | 312,829 | Subcontracted Design | Quote | |
| Hydro One Networks Inc. | 296,852 | TS Capital Contribution 2016, CIA's etc | Quote | |
| Riggs Distler | 284,992 | Grid Construction Subcontractor | Tender | |
| Posi-Plus Technologies Inc. | 271,120 | Vehicle Purchases | Quote | |
| M.E.T. Utilities Management Ltd. | 186,470 | Meter Services | Tender | |
| Ernst & Young | 171,885 | Auditing Services | Tender | |
| Eaton Industries (Canada) Company | 138,935 | Breaker Replacement | Quote | |
| CJ Utility Business Consulting Inc | 135,000 | Consulting | Quote | |
| Schneider Electric Canada Inc. | 131,384 | Material | Quote | |
| Lidaco Contracting Ltd | 128,229 | Backhoe Operater | Tender | |
| Harper Detroit Diesel-Allison | 127,630 | Vehicle Repair | RFP | |
| Black & Macdonald | 115,640 | Grid Construction Subcontractor | Tender | |
| Ontario Energy Board | 106,759 | Regulatory Fees | n/a | |
| Hard-Co Construction Ltd. | 105,197 | Grid Construction Subcontractor | Tender | |
| Willis Energy Services (Ont) Ltd. | 105,085 | CDM subcontractor | Quote | |
| Ontario Motor Sales Limited | 100,959 | Vehicle Purchases | Quote | |
| Asplundh Canada Ulc | 100,200 | Tree Trimming | Tender | |
| GHD Ltd. | 96,230 | Grid Construction Subcontractor | Tender | |
| M & J Total Transport & Rigging Inc. | 87,599 | Material | RFI | |
| Pacific Economics Group Res. Llc | 85,353 | Consulting - Rate Application | Quote | |
| Wally's Sealing & Patching Inc | 84,606 | Grid Construction Subcontractor | Tender | |
| EDA | 79,920 | Industry Association Membership | n/a | |

1 TABLE 4-37 – 2016 NON-AFFILIATE SUPPLIERS

| | 2016 | | Procurement |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|---|-------------|
| Vendor | Amount | Product or Service | Method |
| Hydro One Networks Inc. | 4,035,195 | TS Capital Contribution 2016, CIA's etc | Quote |
| OMERS | 1,400,641 | Pension Plan for Employees | n/a |
| Westmore Poleline And Electric Inc. | 1,101,700 | Grid Construction Subcontractor | Tender |
| Green Shield | 753,485 | Employee/Retiree Benefits | Tender |
| Sub-Terrain Directional Drilling Ltd. | 744,334 | Directional Boring | Quote |
| Erth Holdings Inc. | 577,160 | Billing Software & Services | Tender |
| City Of Oshawa | 507,272 | Property Rental & Taxes | n/a |
| The Mearie Group | 479,639 | Insurance | Quote |
| Intergraph Canada Ltd. | 429,114 | GIS System | RFP |
| Burman Energy | 404,113 | CDM subcontractor | Quote |
| Canada Post | 371,681 | Postage | n/a |
| NBM Engineering Inc. | 320,872 | Subcontracted Design | Quote |
| Promark Telecon Inc. | 313,367 | Underground Locates | Tender |
| Ontario Energy Board | 244,351 | Regulatory Fees | n/a |
| Black & Macdonald | 239,476 | Grid Construction Subcontractor | Tender |
| M.E.T. Utilities Management Ltd. | 234,573 | Meter Services | Tender |
| Navigant Consulting | 220,064 | Consulting - Rate Application | Quote |
| Brass Inc. | 220,037 | Vacuum Excavation | Tender |
| Elster Solutions Canada | 209,985 | Metering Equipment | Tender |
| GE Grid Solutions Canada Ulc. | 190,264 | Material | RFI |
| Polecare International Inc. | 166,003 | Pole Testing | RFI |
| Schneider Electric Canada Inc. | 149,913 | Material | Quote |
| Willis Energy Services (Ont) Ltd. | 147,380 | CDM subcontractor | Quote |
| Hard-Co Construction Ltd. | 144,754 | Grid Construction Subcontractor | Tender |
| Lidaco Contracting Ltd | 137,045 | Backhoe Operater | Tender |
| Asplundh Canada Ulc | 130,797 | Tree Trimming | Tender |
| Ernst & Young | 129,210 | Auditing Services | Tender |
| Compucom Canada Co. | 115,242 | IT Equipment | Quote |
| Aird & Berlis LLP | 110,916 | Legal & Consulting Services | Quote |
| BDO Canada | 104,181 | Financial Systems Support & Licensing | Quote |
| Eaton Industries (Canada) Company | 97,100 | Breaker Replacement | Quote |
| Triad Metals Inc. | 94,024 | Material | Quote |
| Guillevin International Inc. | 92,058 | Material | RFI |
| Energy Convergence Consulting Inc. | 86,775 | CDM subcontractor | Quote |
| EDA | 80,839 | Industry Association Membership | n/a |
| Ops Inc. | 78,756 | vehicle storage systems | Quote |
| CDW Canada | 76,168 | IT Equipment | Quote |
| Premier Truck Group | 75,607 | Vehicle Repair/Maintenance | RFP |

TABLE 4-38 – 2017 Non-Affiliate Suppliers

| | 2017 | | Procurement |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| Vendor | Amount | Product or Service | Method |
| Westmore Poleline And Electric Inc. | 1,796,329 | Grid Construction Subcontractor | Tender |
| Black & Macdonald | 1,520,090 | Grid Construction Subcontractor | Tender |
| OMERS | 1,442,021 | Pension Plan for Employees | n/a |
| Sapient Canada Inc. | 1,156,250 | RPP Pilot Project Partner | n/a |
| Green Shield | 774,991 | Employee/Retiree Benefits | Tender |
| The Mearie Group | 758,575 | Insurance | Quote |
| CIMA Canada Inc. | 680,180 | Engineering Services | Quote |
| GE Grid Solutions Canada Ulc. | 556,147 | Material | RFI |
| City Of Oshawa | 504,235 | Property Rental & Taxes | n/a |
| Erth Holdings Inc. | 494,450 | Billing Software & Services | Tender |
| S&C Electric | 483,385 | Material | Quote |
| Sub-Terrain Directional Drilling Ltd. | 451,636 | Directional Boring | Quote |
| Burman Energy | 388,140 | CDM subcontractor | Quote |
| Canada Post | 384,956 | Postage | n/a |
| Posi-Plus Technologies Inc. | 384,291 | Vehicle Purchases | Quote |
| Promark Telecon Inc. | 299,175 | Underground Locates | Tender |
| Brass Inc. | 266,028 | Vacuum Excavation | Tender |
| Ontario Energy Board | 228,843 | Regulatory Fees | n/a |
| NBM Engineering Inc. | 216,572 | Subcontracted Design | Quote |
| Summerhill | 195,955 | CDM subcontractor | Quote |
| Guillevin International Inc. | 191,721 | Material | RFI |
| I-Virtualize International Inc. | 185,175 | IT Backup System | Quote |
| M.E.T. Utilities Management Ltd. | 177,355 | Meter Services | Tender |
| Asplundh Canada Ulc | 177,300 | Tree Trimming | Tender |
| Hard-Co Construction Ltd. | 169,919 | Grid Construction Subcontractor | Tender |
| CDW Canada | 169,340 | IT Equipment | Quote |
| Lidaco Contracting Ltd | 134,343 | Backhoe Operater | Tender |
| PTC Accounting | 129,728 | Temporary Employee Service | Quote |
| Ernst & Young | 126,925 | Auditing Services | Tender |
| BDO Canada | 106,143 | Financial Systems Support & Licensing | Quote |
| Intergraph Canada Ltd. | | GIS System | RFP |
| Premier Truck Group | 103,148 | Vehicle Repair/Maintenance | RFP |
| Wally's Sealing & Patching Inc | 100,712 | Grid Construction Subcontractor | Tender |
| EDA | 86,899 | Industry Association Membership | n/a |
| Utilismart Corporation | 80,720 | Data Management services | Quote |

Table 4-39 – 2018 Non-Affiliate Suppliers

| | 2018 | | Procurement |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| Vendor | Amount | Product or Service | Method |
| Black & Macdonald | 2,730,982 | Grid Construction Subcontractor | Tender |
| City Of Oshawa | 1,707,306 | Property Rental & Taxes | n/a |
| OMERS | 1,583,150 | Pension Plan for Employees | n/a |
| Westmore Poleline And Electric Inc. | 1,293,440 | Grid Construction Subcontractor | Tender |
| Green Shield | 780,331 | Employee/Retiree Benefits | Tender |
| Sub-Terrain Directional Drilling Ltd. | 696,054 | Directional Boring | Quote |
| Erth Holdings Inc. | 646,809 | Billing Software & Services | Tender |
| The Mearie Group | 441,321 | Insurance | Quote |
| Canada Post | 424,779 | Postage | n/a |
| Posi-Plus Technologies Inc. | 394,242 | Vehicle Purchases | Quote |
| Brass Inc. | 374,983 | Vacuum Excavation | Tender |
| Burman Energy | 348,677 | CDM subcontractor | Quote |
| GE Grid Solutions Canada Ulc. | 323,547 | Material | RFI |
| NBM Engineering Inc. | 296,823 | Subcontracted Design | Quote |
| Promark Telecon Inc. | 287,913 | Underground Locates | Tender |
| Hard-Co Construction Ltd. | 249,502 | Grid Construction Subcontractor | Tender |
| CDW Canada | 214,189 | IT Equipment | Quote |
| Ontario Energy Board | 213,821 | Regulatory Fees | n/a |
| Ernst & Young | 201,630 | Auditing Services | Tender |
| S&C Electric | 197,328 | Material | Quote |
| Schneider Electric Canada Inc. | 194,725 | Material | Quote |
| Sapient Canada Inc. | 153,000 | RPP Pilot Project Partner | n/a |
| M.E.T. Utilities Management Ltd. | 140,288 | Meter Services | Tender |
| Guillevin International Inc. | 137,157 | Material | RFI |
| Lidaco Contracting Ltd | 136,606 | Backhoe Operater | Tender |
| Valmount West Coast Engineering | 129,840 | Material | Quote |
| Asplundh Canada Ulc | 126,755 | Tree Trimming | Tender |
| Wally's Sealing & Patching Inc | 119,395 | Grid Construction Subcontractor | Tender |
| Premier Truck Group | 113,521 | Vehicle Repair/Maintenance | RFP |
| Flagman Service Inc. | 102,624 | Subcontractor | Quote |
| BDO Canada | 99,721 | Financial Systems Support & Licensing | Quote |
| Jubb Utility Supply Ltd. | 87,123 | Material | Quote |
| EDA | 86,973 | Industry Association Membership | n/a |
| Summerhill | 81,976 | CDM subcontractor | Quote |

Table 4-40 – 2019 Non-Affiliate Suppliers

| | 2019 | | Procurement |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| Vendor | Amount | Product or Service | Method |
| Black & Macdonald | 4,072,459 | Grid Construction Subcontractor | Tender |
| Westmore Poleline And Electric Inc. | 2,454,956 | Grid Construction Subcontractor | Tender |
| OMERS | 1,674,380 | Pension Plan for Employees | n/a |
| Green Shield | 813,140 | Employee/Retiree Benefits | Tender |
| Erth Holdings Inc. | 757,367 | Billing Software & Services | Tender |
| The Mearie Group | 518,953 | Insurance | Quote |
| City Of Oshawa | 473,419 | Property Rental & Taxes | n/a |
| Northern Transformer | 449,305 | Material | Quote |
| Canada Post | 398,230 | Postage | n/a |
| NBM Engineering Inc. | 368,536 | Subcontracted Design | Quote |
| Brass Inc. | 326,873 | Vacuum Excavation | Tender |
| Promark Telecon Inc. | 297,458 | Underground Locates | Tender |
| Sub-Terrain Directional Drilling Ltd. | 278,926 | Directional Boring | Quote |
| Sabi-Thorne Holdings Inc. | 266,253 | Directional Boring | Quote |
| Kinectrics Inc. | 256,350 | Consulting | Quote |
| Intergraph Canada Ltd. | 234,966 | GIS System | RFP |
| Burman Energy | 222,997 | CDM subcontractor | Quote |
| Ontario Energy Board | 216,101 | Regulatory Fees | n/a |
| Ontario Motor Sales Limited | 211,285 | Vehicle Purchases | Quote |
| CDW Canada | 203,388 | IT Equipment | Quote |
| Posi-Plus Technologies Inc. | 167,152 | Vehicle Purchases | Quote |
| Ernst & Young | 152,661 | Auditing Services | Tender |
| S&C Electric | 151,998 | Material | Quote |
| Asplundh Canada Ulc | 138,921 | Tree Trimming | Tender |
| Lidaco Contracting Ltd | 136,511 | Backhoe Operater | Tender |
| M.E.T. Utilities Management Ltd. | 135,720 | Meter Services | Tender |
| Fraser Ford | 133,565 | Vehicle Purchases | Quote |
| Guillevin International Inc. | 131,787 | Material | RFI |
| Premier Truck Group | 125,245 | Vehicle Repair/Maintenance | RFP |
| Wally's Sealing & Patching Inc | 120,680 | Grid Construction Subcontractor | Tender |
| GE Grid Solutions Canada Ulc. | 116,487 | Material | RFI |
| GHD Ltd. | 109,019 | Grid Construction Subcontractor | Tender |
| Jubb Utility Supply Ltd. | 108,328 | Material | Quote |
| BDO Canada | 95,294 | Financial Systems Support & Licensing | Quote |
| EDA | 91,524 | Industry Association Membership | n/a |

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 65 of 133

1 REGULATORY COSTS

- 2 Regulatory costs include on-going expenses incurred in connection with Decisions and
- 3 Orders on Cost Awards for hearings, proceedings, technical sessions, and other matters
- 4 before the Board or other regulatory bodies. Costs include:
- Annual assessment fees paid to the Board;
 - Board costs pursuant to Section 30 of the Ontario Energy Board Act, 1998;
- Legal and consulting costs for rate applications and other regulatory matters; and
- Intervenor costs.

- 9 Regulatory costs in the 2021 Test Year are estimated to be \$415,032, an increase of
- 10 \$11,732 from 2019 Actual Year and an increase of \$45,455 compared to 2019 Board-
- 11 Approved. Table 4-41, below identifies the incremental costs expected to be incurred for
- this Application. OPUCN proposes to recover these costs evenly over the 2021 2025
- 13 Test Years, as identified in the section on "One Time Costs".
- 14 Table 4-41 below details regulatory costs included within Uniform System of Accounts
- 15 ("USoA") account 5655. OPUCN has not included the costs of regulatory staff or other
- 16 staff working on regulatory applications in Account 5655. These costs are included in
- 17 Accounts 5605, 5610, and 5615.
- 18 OPUCN estimates that it will incur incremental costs of \$687,786 in respect of this
- 19 Application. This estimate includes special studies, reports, preparation, defence and
- 20 adjudication costs, as well as Board and intervenor costs. OPUCN identifies these as
- 21 "one-time" costs under Regulatory. These costs will have been incurred and expensed in
- 22 2019 and 2020 but are excluded from the OM&A amounts reported for those years in this
- 23 Exhibit. OPUCN is requesting recovery of these costs over the five Test Years included
- in this Application (from 2021 through 2025 inclusive). One-fifth (\$137,557) of the total
- amount incurred is included as an expense to OM&A in each of the years 2021 through
- 26 2025 inclusive.

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 66 of 133

1 TABLE 4-41 – EXTRACT FROM APPENDIX 2-M - REGULATORY COST SCHEDULE

| Regi | ulatory Cost Category | USoA Account | USoA Account Balance | Last Rebasing Year (2015 OEB Approved) | l Rehasinal | Most Current Actuals Year 2019 | 2020 Bridge Year | Annual % Change | | Annual % Change |
|------|--|-----------------|----------------------------|--|-------------|---|---------------------|-----------------------|------------|---------------------|
| (A) | | (B) | (C) | (D) | (E) | (F) | (G) | (H)=[(G)- (F)]/(F) | (1) | (J) = [(I)-(G)]/(G) |
| Reg | ulatory Costs (Ongoing) | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | OEB Annual Assessment | 5655 | | 127,330 | 109,832 | 260,646 | 265,859 | 2.00% | 271,176 | 2.00% |
| 2 | OEB Section 30 Costs (OEB-initiated) | | | 4,836 | 10,006 | | 4,902 | | 5,000 | 2.00% |
| 10 | Intervenor costs | | | (739) | | 1,248 | 1,273 | 2.00% | 1,298 | 2.00% |
| 11 | Variance to OEB Fees in Excess of Approved amount in Rates | | | | | (117,133) | (119,476) | 2.00% | | -100.00% |
| 12 | Amortisation of Rate Application costs | | | 249,739 | 249,739 | 249,739 | | -100.00% | | |
| 13 | Advertisement costs - new rates | | | 2,000 | | | | | | |
| Reg | ulatory Costs (One-Time) | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Expert Witness costs | | | 20,000 | | | | | 20,000 | |
| 2 | Legal costs | | | 564,749 | | 8,800 | | -100.00% | 168,653 | |
| 3 | Consultants' costs | | | 364,258 | | | | | 344,133 | |
| 6 | Intervenor costs | | | 210,000 | | | | | 105,000 | |
| 7 | OEB Section 30 Costs (application-related) | | | 42,000 | | | | | 50,000 | |
| 8 | Unamortised 2012 Rate Application costs | | | 47,686 | | | | | | |
| 12 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Sub-total - Ongoing Costs ² | | \$ - | \$ 383,166 | \$ 369,577 | \$ 394,500 | \$ 152,558 | -61.33% | \$ 277,475 | 81.88% |
| 2 | Sub-total - One-time Costs ³ | | \$ - | \$ 1,248,693 | \$ - | \$ 8,800 | \$ - | -100.00% | \$ 687,786 | |
| 3 | Total | | \$ - | \$1,631,859 | \$ 369,577 | \$ 403,300 | \$ 152,558 | -62.17% | \$ 415,032 | 172.05% |

| Application-Related One-Time Costs | | | | |
|---|------------|--|--|--|
| Total One-Time Costs Related to Application to be Amortized over IRM Period | \$ 687,786 | | | |
| 1/5 of Total One-Time Costs | \$ 137,557 | | | |

1 LOW INCOME ENERGY ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

- 2 OPUCN has actively supported LEAP since 2011. Customer Care works closely with the
- 3 lead agencies, namely the United Way. In 2019, OPUCN provided \$32,192 in LEAP
- 4 funding which assisted 71 families in Oshawa by providing financial support.
- 5 As prescribed by the Board, OPUCN contributes 0.12% of the Board-Approved
- 6 distribution revenue requirement annually to LEAP. The contribution for the 2021 Test
- 7 Year is forecast to be \$34,374. The LEAP amount is to be recovered from all rate classes
- 8 based on the respective distribution revenue of each of those rate classes.
- 9 OPUCN submits annual LEAP reporting to the Board in compliance with the 2013 LEAP
- 10 Manual. OPUCN is compliant with the Board's requirements regarding financial
- 11 assistance opportunities in conjunction with social agencies, CDM initiatives, and
- 12 customer service changes specific to low-income sector customers.

CHARITABLE AND POLITICAL DONATIONS

- 14 OPUCN has not included any charitable or political donations in the revenue requirement
- 15 for the Test Years, other than contributions to programs that provide assistance to low
- income consumers as identified in the preceding Schedule of this Exhibit. The following
- 17 Table 4-42 summarizes the LEAP donations from 2015 Actual through the 2021 Test
- 18 Year.

TABLE 4-42 – LEAP DONATIONS 2015 – 2021

| | 2015 Actuals | | | | 2019 Actuals | 2020 Bridge Year | 2021 Test Year |
|------|-----------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| LEAP | \$24,688 | \$28,693 | \$29,589 | \$30,678 | \$32,192 | \$33,916 | \$34,374 |

19

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 68 of 133

1 DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION, AND DEPLETION

2 Overview of Depreciation, Amortization, and Depletion

17

18

19

3 OPUCN adheres to Modified International Financial Reporting Standards ("MIFRS") 4 capitalization accounting treatments for rate making and regulatory reporting purposes. 5 OPUCN's 2012 rebasing application (EB-2011-0073) included the transition to MIFRS 6 effective January 1, 2012. Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the 7 estimated useful life of the item of PP&E, with six months of depreciation charged in the year of addition. The depreciable amount of an asset is determined after deducting its 8 9 estimated residual value, if material. OPUCN has no items of PP&E with residual values. 10 In accordance with MIFRS standards, the components of each item of PP&E are 11 depreciated separately. In its 2012 application, OPUCN adopted, for asset depreciation purposes, the typical 12 13 useful lives recommended by Kinectrics in its Asset Depreciation Study prepared for the 14 OEB. OPUCN retained an independent third party, Metsco, with the objective of 15 establishing the typical useful life (TUL) of major fixed assets employed on OPUCN's 16 distribution system. The resulting report, completed in January 2014, found the typical

distribution system. The resulting report, completed in January 2014, found the typical useful life of the majority of the assets employed on OPUCN's distribution system were accurately reflected in the Kinectrics report, with the exception of six asset classes. A

copy of the Metsco report is included in this application as Appendix 4-3. Table 4-43 below

20 summarizes the asset classes where Metsco recommends a TUL different to Kinectrics.

TABLE 4-43 – OPUCN ASSET DEPRECIATION STUDY CONCLUSIONS

| Asset Class | Typical Useful Life | Typical Useful Life |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|
| | (Kinectrics Conclusion) | (Metsco Conclusion) |
| Power Transformers employed at Distribution | | |
| Stations | 45 years | 40 years |
| Station Independent Circuit breakers | 45 years | 40 years |
| Overhead conductors | 60 years | 45 years |
| Overhead Line switches | 45 years | 40 years |
| SCADA System | 20 years | 8 years |
| Direct Buried Secondary Cables | 35 years | 42.5 years |

3 Power Transformers

- 4 Metsco analysed the actual useful service life for a batch of power transformers that have
- 5 been retired from service at OPCUN during the past five years. The results of this
- 6 analysis indicate the mean useful life of power transformers at OPUCN to be 39 years.

Station Independent Circuit breakers

The Kinectrics report indicates that based on broader industry experience, the typical life expectancy of individual circuit breakers is 40 years. It is also noteworthy that only three of the six utilities surveyed by Kinectrics provided information relevant to this asset and there were extremely large deviations in service age data obtained from them. Kinectrics did not investigate the reasons behind such large deviations, but it is possible the deviations were caused by mixing indoor and outdoor mounted circuit breakers in the same category and not excluding the circuit breakers which might have been completely overhauled. One of the utilities reported typical service life of 70 years for circuit breakers, which was likely achieved through major refurbishment or rehabilitation of original breakers with additional capital expenditure.

In Metsco's opinion, because this asset class is composed of a broad category of different types of circuit breakers, some installed indoors and some installed outdoors, the surveys performed by Kinectrics did not correctly reveal the typical useful life of outdoor circuit breakers. For this asset, the typical useful life based on the overall industry experience, as reported by Kinectrics, more accurately represents the typical useful life of circuit breakers employed on OPUCN system.

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 70 of 133

Overhead conductors

1

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

23

24

25

26

27

28

2 The Kinectrics report, summarizes the typical useful life of overhead line conductors. As

shown, it concludes the typical useful life of overhead line conductors to be 60 years. We

agree the conductors on distribution lines often outlive the poles and are not usually on

the critical path to determine end of life for a line section. But typically, whenever a line

is rebuilt with new poles, the conductors are also replaced at the same time, because it

is economically prudent to do so.

To avail of the hypothetical useful life of 60 years for the line conductors supported on wood poles with typical useful life of 45 years, the line will need to be rebuilt in a piecemeal fashion; i.e. all the wood poles will need be replaced when a majority of them have reached the end of their service life after 45 years and then 15 years later the conductors will need to replaced. Such piece meal construction of medium voltage lines would also require live-line construction techniques. Electric utilities' practical experience indicates that it is more economical to construct the line in a single stage replacing all the

Thus while we agree the conductors often outlive poles in terms of their performance degradation, because it is more economical to reconstruct the overhead lines by changing all the components at the same time rather than reconstructing the line in stages, the effective typical useful life for overhead line conductors is equal to the typical useful life

components at the same time, rather than constructing the line in a piecemeal manner.

of the wood poles. Therefore we believe it is appropriate to employ 45 years to be the

typical useful life for overhead line conductors, because a vast majority of the overhead

22 lines at OPUCN are supported on wood poles.

Overhead Line switches

The Kinectrics report shows that the six utilities responding to their survey reported typical useful life of 30 years (1), 35 years (1), 40 years (2) and 50 years (2), which results in mean useful life of 41 years. Kinectrics has indicated their opinion of the typical useful life for this asset in broader industry to be 50 years, but no evidence is provided in the report to support this belief. Based on the results of the survey gathered by Kinectrics

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 71 of 133

- and based on OPUCN's own operating experience, the correct typical useful life of this
- 2 asset is 40.

3 SCADA System

- 4 Metsco investigations into OPUCN SCADA history reveal that the control room hardware
- 5 and software components were installed in 2008. In late 2013 one of the SCADA
- 6 Workstations failed and was replaced, providing service life of 5 years. OPUCN also
- 7 upgraded the two servers at the same time. While performing the above listed computer
- 8 hardware replacements and upgrades, OPUCN also upgraded the SCADA Software. In
- 9 the substation RTUs, the original analog and control boards are still in service for about
- 10 20 years, but the CPUs required replacement after about 15 years of service.
- 11 To maximize the benefits of major investments into the advanced revenue metering
- 12 systems, many LDCs are implementing major upgrades to their SCADA systems to
- incorporate smart grid functions, i.e. outage management systems. Such advanced
- 14 functions require both hardware and software upgrades prior to these components
- reaching the end of their mechanical life due failure in service.
- 16 In view of the foregoing, in our opinion, the typical useful life of SCADA system is of the
- order of 8 years, rather than 20 years, proposed in Kinectrics report.

18 Direct Buried Secondary Cables

- 19 The Kinectrics report suggests typical useful life of 35 years for direct buried secondary
- 20 cables. The six utilities surveyed by Kinectrics reported typical useful life for secondary
- cables of 20, 40, 40, 45, 50 and 60 years, which yields mean typical mean life of 42.5
- 22 years. Kinectrics report suggests typical service life of 35 years for direct buried
- 23 secondary cables, based on the general industry experience. In our opinion there is no
- evidence to support this assumption and the typical useful life of this asset should be 42.5
- 25 years.
- 26 OPUCN is proposing to adopt the typical useful life recommended by Metsco for the asset
- 27 classes above, resulting in an annual increase in depreciation expense of approximately
- \$60,000. Further explanations are provided in the attached Metsco report (Appendix 4-3)

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 72 of 133

- 1 for useful lives proposed in the application that differ from those contained in the
- 2 Kinectrics Report.
- 3 OPUCN maintains the proposed levels of depreciation/amortization expense are
- 4 appropriately reflective of the useful lives of the assets and the Board's accounting
- 5 policies. There are no changes to OPUCN's depreciation/amortization policy since the
- 6 last cost of service filing.
- 7 The following Table 4-44 and Table 4-45 details the asset class service lives as
- 8 recommended by Kinectrics, and compares with the current and proposed service lives
- 9 adopted by OPUCN.

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 73 of 133

Table 4-44 – Appendix 2-BB – Service Life Comparison (Part I of II)

| | | Ass | et Details | | Usefu | Life | USoA | | Cui | rrent | Prop | osed | Outside Ra | ange of Min, |
|---------|----|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------|--------|--------|-------------------|------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|------|------------------|------------------|
| Parent* | # | Category C | Component Type | MIN | JL TUI | MAX UL | Account Number | USoA Account Description | Years | Rate | Years | Rate | Below Min TUL | Above Max TUL |
| | | | Overall | 35 | 45 | 75 | 1830 | Poles, Towers and Fixtures | 45 | 2% | 45 | 2% | No | No |
| | 1 | Fully Dressed Wood Poles | Cross Arm | ood 20 | 40 | 55 | 1830 | Poles, Towers and Fixtures | 40 | 3% | 40 | 3% | No | No |
| | | | Ste Ste | eel 30 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Overall | 50 | 60 | 80 | 1830 | Poles, Towers and Fixtures | 60 | 2% | 60 | 2% | No | No |
| | 2 | Fully Dressed Concrete Poles | ICross Arm | ood 20 | | | 1830 | Poles, Towers and Fixtures | 40 | 3% | 40 | 3% | No | No |
| | | | St | | _ | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Overall | 60 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 3 | Fully Dressed Steel Poles | IC:ross Arm | ood 20 | | | | | | | | | | |
| ОН | | | Ste | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 4 | OH Line Switch | | 30 | _ | 55 | 1835 | Overhead Conductors and Devices | 40 | 3% | 40 | 3% | No | No |
| | 5 | OH Line Switch Motor | | 15 | _ | _ | | | | | | | | |
| | 6 | OH Line Switch RTU | | 15 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 7 | OH Integral Switches | | 35 | _ | | 1835 | Overhead Conductors and Devices | 45 | 2% | 45 | 2% | No | No |
| | 8 | OH Conductors | | 50 | | | 1835 | Overhead Conductors and Devices | 45 | 2% | 45 | 2% | Yes | No |
| | 9 | OH Transformers & Voltage Reg | ulators | 30 | _ | | 1850 | Line Transformers | 40 | 3% | 40 | 3% | No | No |
| | 10 | OH Shunt Capacitor Banks | | 25 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 11 | Reclosers | _ | 25 | _ | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Overall | 30 | | | 1820 | Distribution Station Equipment | 45 | 2% | 45 | 2% | No | No |
| | 12 | Power Transformers | Bushing | 10 | | 30 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Tap Changer | 20 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 13 | Station Service Transformer | | 30 | _ | | 1820 | Distribution Station Equipment | 40 | 3% | 40 | 3% | No | No |
| | 14 | Station Grounding Transformer | _ | 30 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Overall | 10 | _ | _ | | | | | | | | |
| | 15 | Station DC System | Battery Bank | 10 | _ | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Charger | 20 | | | | | | | | | | |
| TS & MS | 16 | Station Metal Clad Switchgear | Overall | 30 | | _ | 1820 | Distribution Station Equipment | 40 | 3% | 40 | 3% | No | No |
| | | | Removable Breaker | 25 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 17 | Station Independent Breakers | | 35 | _ | | 1820 | Distribution Station Equipment | 40 | 3% | 40 | 3% | No | No |
| | 18 | Station Switch | | 30 | | | 1820 | Distribution Station Equipment | 50 | 2% | 50 | 2% | No | No |
| | 19 | Electromechanical Relays | | 25 | _ | 50 | 1820 | Distribution Station Equipment | 35 | 3% | 35 | 3% | No | No |
| | 20 | Solid State Relays | | 10 | _ | | | | | | | | | |
| | 21 | Digital & Numeric Relays | | 15 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 22 | Rigid Busbars | | 30 | _ | | | | | | | | | |
| | 23 | Steel Structure | | 35 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 24 | Primary Paper Insulated Lead C | | 60 | _ | 75 | | | | | | | | |
| | 25 | Primary Ethylene-Propylene Ru | | 20 | 25 | 25 | | | | | | | | |
| | 26 | Primary Non-Tree Retardant (TF | , | 20 | 25 | 30 | | | | | | | | |
| | | Polyethylene (XLPE) Cables Dir | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 27 | Primary Non-TR XLPE Cables in | n Duct | 20 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 30 | Secondary PILC Cables | | 70 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 31 | Secondary Cables Direct Buried | i | 25 | | | 1845 | Underground Conductors and Devices | 42.5 | 2% | 42.5 | 2% | No | Yes |
| | 32 | Secondary Cables in Duct | 1. | 35 | | | 1845 | Underground Conductors and Devices | 40 | 3% | 40 | 3% | No | No |
| | 33 | Network Tranformers | Overall | 20 | _ | 50 | | | | | | | | |
| UG | | | Protector | 20 | 35 | 40 | | | | | | | | |

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 74 of 133

1 Table 4-45 – Appendix 2-BB – Service Life Comparison (Part II of II)

| | 34 | Pad-Mounted Transformers | | 25 | 40 | 45 | 1850 | Line Transformers | 40 | 3% | 40 | 3% | No | No |
|---|----|--------------------------------|---------|----|----|----|-----------|--|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|
| | 35 | Submersible/Vault Transformers | | 25 | 35 | 45 | 1850 | Line Transformers | 35 | 3% | 35 | 3% | No | No |
| | 36 | UG Foundation | | 35 | 55 | 70 | 1845&1850 | Underground Conductors and Devices | 55 | 2% | 55 | 2% | No | No |
| | 37 | UG Vaults | Overall | 40 | 60 | 80 | 1850 | Line Transformers | 60 | 2% | 60 | 2% | No | No |
| | 31 | og vaulis | Roof | 20 | 30 | 45 | | | | | | | | |
| | 38 | UG Vault Switches | | 20 | 35 | 50 | 1845 | Underground Conductors and Devices | 35 | 3% | 35 | 3% | No | No |
| | 39 | Pad-Mounted Switchgear | | 20 | 30 | 45 | 1845 | Underground Conductors and Devices | 30 | 3% | 30 | 3% | No | No |
| | 40 | Ducts | | 30 | 50 | 85 | 1845 | Underground Conductors and Devices | 50 | 2% | 50 | 2% | No | No |
| | 41 | Concrete Encased Duct Banks | | 35 | 55 | 80 | 1845 | Underground Conductors and Devices | 55 | 2% | 55 | 2% | No | No |
| | 42 | Cable Chambers | | 50 | 60 | 80 | | | | | | | | |
| S | 43 | Remote SCADA | _ | 15 | 20 | 30 | 1975 | Load Management Controls - Utility Premi | 8 | 13% | 8 | 13% | Yes | No |

Table F-2 from Kinetrics Report¹

| | Ass | set Details | | | USoA | | Cur | rent | Prop | osed | Outside Ra | ange of Min, |
|----|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|--------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-----------|-------|------|--------------------|--------------------|
| # | Category 0 | Component Type | Usefu | I Life Range | Account Number | USoA Account Description | Years | Rate | Years | Rate | Below Min Range | Above Max Range |
| 1 | Office Equipment | | 5 | 15 | 1955&1960 | Communication & Misc. Equipment | 10 | 10% | 10 | 10% | No | No |
| | | Trucks & Buckets | 5 | 15 | 1930 | Transportation Equipment | 10 | 10% | 10 | 10% | No | No |
| 2 | Vehicles | Trailers | 5 | 20 | 1930 | Transportation Equipment | 12 | 8% | 12 | 8% | No | No |
| | | Vans | 5 | 10 | 1930 | Transportation Equipment | 8 | 13% | 8 | 13% | No | No |
| 3 | Administrative Buildings | • | 50 | 75 | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Leasehold Improvements | | Leas | e dependent | 1910 | Leasehold Improvements | Le | ase depen | dent | | | |
| | | Station Buildings | 50 | 75 | 1808 | Buildings and Fixtures | 62 | 2% | 62 | 2% | No | No |
| 5 | Station Buildings | Parking | 25 | 30 | 1808 | Buildings and Fixtures | 27.5 | 4% | 27.5 | 4% | No | No |
| 3 | Station Buildings | Fence | 25 | 60 | 1808 | Buildings and Fixtures | 42 | 2% | 42 | 2% | No | No |
| | | Roof | 20 | 30 | 1808 | Buildings and Fixtures | 25 | 4% | 25 | 4% | No | No |
| 6 | Computer Equipment | Hardware | 3 | 5 | 1920 | Computer Equipment - Hardware | 4 | 25% | 4 | 25% | No | No |
| 0 | Computer Equipment | Software | 2 | 5 | 1611 | Computer Software | 3 | 33% | 3 | 33% | No | No |
| | | Power Operated | 5 | 10 | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Equipment | Stores | 5 | 10 | | | | | | | | |
| ′ | Equipment | Tools, Shop, Garage Equipment | 5 | 10 | 1940 | Tools, Shop and Garage Equipment | 7 | 14% | 7 | 14% | No | No |
| | | Measurement & Testing Equipment | 5 | 10 | 1945 | Measurement and Testing Equipment | 7 | 14% | 7 | 14% | No | No |
| 8 | Communication | Towers | 60 | 70 | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | Continuincation | Wireless | 2 | 10 | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Residential Energy Meters | | 25 | 35 | 1860 | Meters | 30 | 3% | 30 | 3% | No | No |
| 10 | Industrial/Commercial Energy M | leters | 25 | 35 | 1860 | Meters | 30 | 3% | 30 | 3% | No | No |
| 11 | Wholesale Energy Meters | | 15 | 30 | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | Current & Potential Transformer | (CT & PT) | 35 | 50 | 1860 | Meters | 42 | 2% | 42 | 2% | No | No |
| 13 | Smart Meters | | 5 | 15 | 1860 | Meters | 10 | 10% | 10 | 10% | No | No |
| 14 | Repeaters - Smart Metering | | 10 | 15 | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | Data Collectors - Smart Metering | g | 15 | 20 | | | | | | | | |

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 75 of 133

4 ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

- 5 OPUCN does not have any Asset Retirement Obligations ("AROs"), or associated
- 6 depreciation or accretion expenses in relation to the AROs, to report as part of this
- 7 Application.

8 DETAILS FOR DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION AND DEPLETION BY

9 **ASSET GROUP**

- 10 OPUCN has provided details for Depreciation, Amortization and Depletion by asset group
- 11 for the Historical, Bridge and Test Years, including asset amount and depreciation rate in
- 12 Appendices 2-CA to 2-CG below (Tables 4-46 to 4-52). These amounts agree to the
- 13 balances in Appendix 2-BA Fixed Asset Continuity Schedules provided in Appendix 2-1
- of Exhibit 2. Appendices 2-CA to 2-CG have been provided in MIFRS for all years.

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 76 of 133

1 TABLE 4-46 – APPENDIX 2-CA - 2015 ACTUAL MIFRS DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION EXPENSE

| | | | | F | Book Values | | | | | Service | l ives | | | Depreciation | Fynense | | | |
|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|---------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|-----------------------|
| | | | | 1 | | | | | | OCI VICE | LIVUS | | | Depreciation | Ехрепас | | Depreciation | |
| Account | Description | Opening Net Book Value of Existing Assets as at Date of Policy Change (Jan. 1) 1 | Less Fully Depreciated ⁷ | Net Amount of Existing Assets Before Policy Change to be Depreciated | Opening Gross Book Value of Assets Acquired After Policy Change ² | Less Fully Depreciated ⁸ | Net Amount of Assets Acquired After Policy Change to be Depreciated | Current Year Additions | Average Remaining Life of Assets Existing Before Policy Change | Depreciation Rate Assets Acquired After Policy Change | Life of Assets Acquired After Policy Change ⁴ | Depreciatio n Rate on New Additions | Depreciation Expense on Assets Existing Before Policy Change | Depreciation Expense on Assets Acquired After Policy Change | Depreciatio n Expense on Current Year Additions ⁵ | Total Current Year Depreciation Expense | Expense per Appendix 2- BA Fixed Assets, Column J | Variance ⁶ |
| | | а | b | c = a-b | d | е | f = d- e | g | h | i = 1/h | j | k = 1/j | l = c/h | m = f/j | n = g*0.5/j | o = l+m+n | р | q = p-o |
| 1609 | Capital Contributions Paid | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | 50.00 | 2.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1611 | Computer Software (Formally known as Account 1925) | 349,811 | 349,811 | 0 | 919,488 | 255,000 | 664,488 | 343,765 | 2.69 | 37.16% | 3.00 | 33.33% | 0 | 221,496 | 57,294 | 278,790 | 277,766 | (1,024) |
| 1612 | Land Rights (Formally known as Account 1906) | 0 | 0 | - | | | 0 | | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1805 | Land | 293,875 | 0 | 293,875 | | | 0 | | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1808 | Buildings | 349,774 | 0 | 349,774 | 47,648 | | 47,648 | | 24.57 | 4.07% | 62.00 | 1.61% | 14,236 | 769 | 0 | 15,004 | 100,057 | 85,053 |
| 1810 | Leasehold Improvements | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1815 | Transformer Station Equipment >50 kV | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1820 | Distribution Station Equipment <50 kV | 7,715,028 | 1,652,137 | 6,062,891 | 6,591,852 | | 6,591,852 | 1,796,637 | 30.27 | 3.30% | 42.50 | 2.35% | 200,321 | 155,102 | 21,137 | 376,561 | 459,317 | 82,756 |
| 1825 | Storage Battery Equipment | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1830 | Poles, Towers & Fixtures | 15,393,255 | 1,500,583 | 13,892,672 | 9,607,025 | | 9,607,025 | 3,884,554 | 39.84 | 2.51% | 45.00 | 2.22% | 348,714 | 213,489 | 43,162 | 605,365 | 632,648 | 27,283 |
| 1835 | Overhead Conductors & Devices | 8,783,977 | 1,896,166 | 6,887,811 | 4,135,310 | | 4,135,310 | 1,411,557 | 43.23 | 2.31% | 45.00 | 2.22% | 159,316 | 91,896 | 15,684 | 266,896 | 389,630 | 122,734 |
| 1840 | Underground Conduit | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1845 | Underground Conductors & Devices | 21,576,736 | 1,095,884 | 20,480,852 | 5,658,829 | | 5,658,829 | 3,488,118 | 32.54 | 3.07% | 40.00 | 2.50% | 629,440 | 141,471 | 43,601 | 814,512 | 717,094 | (97,418) |
| 1850 | Line Transformers | 19,978,411 | 1,125,114 | 18,853,297 | 6,729,909 | | 6,729,909 | 2,470,741 | 31.10 | 3.22% | 40.00 | 2.50% | 606,161 | 168,248 | 30,884 | 805,293 | 842,524 | 37,231 |
| 1855 | Services (Overhead & Underground) | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1860 | Meters | 164,287 | 3,090 | 161,197 | 57,203 | | 57,203 | 433,381 | 20.40 | 4.90% | 30.00 | 3.33% | 7,903 | 1,907 | 7,223 | 17,032 | 789,729 | 772,697 |
| 1860 | Meters (Smart Meters) | 6,971,136 | 0 | 6,971,136 | 1,351,588 | | 1,351,588 | 75,000 | 9.77 | 10.24% | 10.00 | 10.00% | 713,744 | 135,159 | 3,750 | 852,653 | | (852,653) |
| 1905 | Land | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1908 | Buildings & Fixtures | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | - | 0.00% | 75.00 | 1.33% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1910 | Leasehold Improvements | 483,613 | 0 | 483,613 | 245,793 | | 245,793 | 113,225 | 3.21 | 31.14% | 5.00 | 20.00% | 150,610 | 49,159 | 11,323 | 211,091 | 127,539 | (83,552) |
| 1915 | Office Furniture & Equipment (10 years) | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | - | 0.00% | 10.00 | 10.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1915 | Office Furniture & Equipment (5 years) | 40,991 | 0 | 40,991 | 38,042 | | 38,042 | 11,444 | 4.88 | 20.51% | 5.00 | 20.00% | 8,408 | 7,608 | 1,144 | 17,161 | 6,788 | (10,373) |
| 1920 | Computer Equipment - Hardware | 46,413 | 46,413 | (0) | 303,428 | | 303,428 | 56,032 | 2.66 | 37.56% | 4.00 | 25.00% | (0) | 75,857 | 7,004 | 82,861 | 124,182 | 41,321 |
| 1920 | Computer EquipHardware(Post Mar. 22/04) | | 0 | 0 | 129,776 | | 129,776 | | - | 0.00% | 4.00 | 25.00% | 0 | 32,444 | 0 | 32,444 | | (32,444) |
| 1920 | Computer EquipHardware(Post Mar. 19/07) | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | - | 0.00% | 4.00 | 25.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1930 | Transportation Equipment | 932,682 | 392,358 | 540,324 | 1,475,765 | | 1,475,765 | 500,300 | 9.24 | 10.82% | 8.00 | 12.50% | 58,480 | 184,471 | 31,269 | 274,219 | 288,966 | 14,747 |
| 1935 | Stores Equipment | 288 | 0 | 288 | | | 0 | | 1.00 | 99.98% | 7.00 | 14.29% | 288 | 0 | 0 | 288 | | (288) |
| 1940 | Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment | 686,983 | 0 | 686,983 | 203,902 | | 203,902 | 237,357 | 3.26 | 30.71% | 7.00 | 14.29% | 211,007 | 29,129 | 16,954 | 257,090 | 140,176 | (116,914) |
| 1945 | Measurement & Testing Equipment | 155,953 | 0 | 155,953 | 85,744 | | 85,744 | 342,593 | 12.57 | 7.96% | 7.00 | 14.29% | 12,410 | 12,249 | 24,471 | 49,130 | 49,014 | (116) |
| 1950 | Power Operated Equipment | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | - | 0.00% | 10.00 | 10.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1955 | Communications Equipment | 15,187 | 0 | 15,187 | 151,547 | | 151,547 | | 2.83 | 35.30% | 10.00 | 10.00% | 5,361 | 15,155 | 0 | 20,516 | 15,854 | (4,662) |
| 1955 | Communication Equipment (Smart Meters) | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | - | 0.00% | | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1960 | Miscellaneous Equipment | 35,809 | 35,809 | 0 | 66,824 | | 66,824 | 13,909 | 2.20 | 45.38% | 5.00 | 20.00% | 0 | 13,365 | 1,391 | 14,756 | 13,848 | (908) |
| 1970 | Load Management Controls Customer Premises | 70,871 | 0 | 70,871 | | | 0 | | 3.00 | 33.33% | 8.00 | 12.50% | 23,624 | 0 | 0 | 23,624 | | (23,624) |
| 1975 | Load Management Controls Utility Premises | 279,356 | 0 | 279,356 | | | 0 | | 3.00 | 33.33% | 8.00 | 12.50% | 93,119 | 0 | 0 | 93,119 | 218,656 | 125,537 |
| 1980 | System Supervisor Equipment | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1985 | Miscellaneous Fixed Assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1990 | Other Tangible Property | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1995 | Contributions & Grants | (22,390,983) | (152,785) | (22,238,198) | (5,200,821) | | (5,200,821) | (3,323,924) | 40.13 | 2.49% | 45.00 | 2.22% | (554,107) | (115,574) | (36,932) | (706,614) | (800,674) | (94,060) |
| 2005 | Property Under Finance Lease | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| | Total | 61,933,453 | 7,944,580 | 53,988,873 | 32,598,852 | 255,000 | 32,343,852 | 11,854,689 | | | | | 2,689,034 | 1,433,398 | 279,359 | 4,401,791 | 4,393,114 | (8,677) |

1

Table 4-47 - Appendix 2-CB - 2016 Actual MIFRS Depreciation and Amortization Expense

| | | lable 4-4 | 47 – Ap | penaix | 2-CB - | 2016 A | ictuai ivii | FKS D | eprecia | ition ar | ia Amo | ortizat | ıon Exp | oense | | | | |
|--------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|---------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|-----------------------|
| | | | | | Book Values | | | | _ | Service | Lives | | | Depreciation | Expense | | | |
| Account | Description | Opening Net Book Value of Existing Assets as at Date of Policy Change (Jan. 1) ¹ | Less Fully Depreciated ⁷ | Net Amount of Existing Assets Before Policy Change to be Depreciated | Opening Gross Book Value of Assets Acquired After Policy Change ² | Less Fully Depreciated [§] | Net Amount of Assets Acquired After Policy Change to be Depreciated | Current Year Additions | Average Remaining Life of Assets Existing Before Policy Change | Depreciation Rate Assets Acquired After Policy Change | Life of Assets Acquired After Policy Change ⁴ | Depreciatio n Rate on New Additions | Depreciation Expense on Assets Existing Before Policy Change | Depreciation Expense on Assets Acquired After Policy Change | Depreciatio n Expense on Current Year Additions ⁵ | Total Current Year Depreciation Expense | Depreciation Expense per Appendix 2- BA Fixed Assets, Column J | Variance ⁶ |
| | | а | b | c = a-b | d | е | f = d- e | g | h | i = 1/h | j | k = 1/j | l = c/h | m = f/j | n = g*0.5/j | o = l+m+n | р | q = p-o |
| 1609 | Capital Contributions Paid | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | 50.00 | 2.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1611 | Computer Software (Formally known as Account 1925) | 349,811 | 349,811 | 0 | 1,263,253 | 912,723 | 350,530 | 966,353 | 2.69 | 37.16% | 3.00 | 33.33% | 0 | 116,843 | 161,059 | 277,902 | 201,223 | (76,679) |
| 1612 | Land Rights (Formally known as Account 1906) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1805 | Land | 293,875 | 0 | 293,875 | 0 | 0 | | | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1808 | Buildings | 349,774 | 0 | 349,774 | 47,648 | 0 | 11,010 | | 24.57 | 4.07% | 62.00 | 1.61% | 14,236 | 769 | 0 | 15,004 | 12,734 | (2,270) |
| 1810 | Leasehold Improvements | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1815 | Transformer Station Equipment >50 kV | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1820 | Distribution Station Equipment <50 kV | 7,715,028 | 1,820,272 | 5,894,756 | 8,388,489 | 0 | -,, | 793,391 | 30.27 | 3.30% | 42.50 | 2.35% | 194,766 | 197,376 | 9,334 | 401,476 | 528,245 | 126,769 |
| 1825 | Storage Battery Equipment | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1830 | Poles, Towers & Fixtures | 15,393,255 | | 13,056,749 | 13,491,579 | 0 | -, - , | 2,543,106 | 39.84 | 2.51% | 45.00 | 2.22% | 327,732 | 299,813 | 28,257 | 655,801 | 716,971 | 61,170 |
| 1835 | Overhead Conductors & Devices | 8,783,977 | 1,991,562 | 6,792,415 | 5,546,867 | 0 | 5,546,867 | 1,074,435 | 43.23 | 2.31% | 45.00 | 2.22% | 157,109 | 123,264 | 11,938 | 292,311 | 378,472 | 86,161 |
| 1840 | Underground Conduit | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1845 | Underground Conductors & Devices | 21,576,736 | 2,098,284 | 19,478,452 | 9,146,947 | 0 | 0,110,011 | 3,313,949 | 32.54 | 3.07% | 40.00 | 2.50% | 598,633 | 228,674 | 41,424 | 868,731 | 906,245 | 37,514 |
| 1850 | Line Transformers | 19,978,411 | 1,141,888 | 18,836,523 | 9,200,650 | 0 | 0,200,000 | 514,361 | 31.10 | 3.22% | 40.00 | 2.50% | 605,622 | 230,016 | 6,430 | 842,067 | 934,239 | 92,172 |
| 1855 | Services (Overhead & Underground) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1860 | Meters | 164,287 | 3,090 | 161,197 | 490,584 | 0 | , | 693,829 | 20.40 | 4.90% | 30.00 | 3.33% | 7,903 | 16,353 | 11,564 | 35,819 | 845,844 | 810,025 |
| 1860 | Meters (Smart Meters) | 6,971,136 | 0 | 6,971,136 | 1,426,588 | 0 | , -, | 75,000 | 9.77 | 10.24% | 10.00 | 10.00% | 713,744 | 142,659 | 3,750 | 860,153 | | (860,153) |
| 1905 | Land | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1908 | Buildings & Fixtures | 100.010 | 100.010 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 50.004 | - | 0.00% | 75.00 | 1.33% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 04.007 | 0 |
| 1910 | Leasehold Improvements | 483,613 0 | 483,613 | 0 | 359,018 | 0 | 000,0.0 | 50,601 | 3.21 | 31.14% | 5.00 | 20.00% | 0 | 71,804 | 5,060 | 76,864 | 91,907 | 15,043 |
| 1915 | Office Furniture & Equipment (10 years) | | 0 | | 10,400 | 0 | | 45.750 | | 0.00% | 10.00 | 10.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7.750 | 0 |
| 1915 | Office Furniture & Equipment (5 years) | 40,991 | 0 | 40,991 | 49,486 | | , | 15,756 74,704 | 4.88 2.66 | 20.51% | 5.00 | 20.00% | 8,408 | 9,897 | 1,576 | 19,881 | 7,753 68.580 | (12,128) |
| 1920 | Computer Equipment - Hardware | 46,413 | 46,413 0 | (0) | 359,460 | 0 | , | 74,704 | 2.66 | 37.56% | 4.00 | 25.00% | (0) | 89,865 | 9,338 | 99,203 | 68,580 | (30,623) |
| 1920 | Computer EquipHardware(Post Mar. 22/04) | 0 | ŭ | 0 | 129,776 | 0 | -, - | | | 0.00% | 4.00 4.00 | 25.00% 25.00% | 0 | 32,444 | 0 | 32,444 | | (32,444) |
| 1920 | Computer EquipHardware(Post Mar. 19/07) | 932,682 | 392,358 | 540,324 | 1,976,065 | 0 | | (50,342) | 9.24 | 10.82% | 8.00 | 12.50% | | 0 47 000 | | · | 173,451 | (400,004) |
| 1930 | Transportation Equipment | 932,062 | 392,336 | 288 | 1,970,005 | 0 | 1,976,005 | (50,542) | 1.00 | 99.98% | 7.00 | 14.29% | 58,480 288 | 247,008 | (3,146) | 302,342 288 | 173,431 | (128,891) |
| 1935 1940 | Stores Equipment | 686.983 | 150.024 | 536.959 | 441.259 | 0 | 441.259 | 15.129 | 3.26 | 30.71% | 7.00 | 14.29% | 164.927 | 63,037 | 1.081 | 229,045 | 83,450 | (288) |
| 1940 | Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment Measurement & Testing Equipment | 155,953 | 150,024 | 155,953 | 428,337 | 0 | , | 67.250 | 12.57 | 7.96% | 7.00 | 14.29% | 12,410 | 61,191 | 4,804 | 78,405 | 39,361 | (39,044) |
| 1945 | Power Operated Equipment | 133,933 | 0 | 155,955 | 420,337 | 0 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 07,230 | 12.37 | 0.00% | 10.00 | 10.00% | 12,410 | 61,191 | 4,804 | 78,405 | 39,301 | (39,044) |
| 1955 | Communications Equipment | 15,187 | 15,187 | 0 | 151,547 | 0 | | 133,787 | 2.83 | 35.30% | 10.00 | 10.00% | 0 | 15,155 | 6,689 | 21.844 | 22,545 | 701 |
| 1955 | Communication Equipment (Smart Meters) | 13,107 | 13,107 | 0 | 131,347 | 0 | | 155,767 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 13,133 | 0,009 | 21,044 | 22,040 | 701 |
| 1960 | Miscellaneous Equipment | 35,809 | 35,809 | 0 | 80,733 | 0 | | | 2.20 | 45.38% | 5.00 | 20.00% | 0 | 16,147 | 0 | 16,147 | 13,031 | (3,116) |
| 1970 | Load Management Controls Customer Premises | 70,871 | 00,000 | 70,871 | 00,700 | 0 | | | 3.00 | 33.33% | 8.00 | 12.50% | 23,624 | 0 | 0 | 23,624 | 10,001 | (23,624) |
| 1975 | Load Management Controls Utility Premises | 279,356 | 0 | 279,356 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 12.00 | 8.33% | 8.00 | 12.50% | 23,024 | 0 | 0 | 23,280 | 17,494 | (5,786) |
| 1980 | System Supervisor Equipment | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 25,260 | 0 | <u> </u> | 23,200 | , | (3,780) |
| 1985 | Miscellaneous Fixed Assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | _ | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 1990 | Other Tangible Property | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | _ | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 1995 | Contributions & Grants | (22,390,983) | (152,785) | (22,238,198) | (8,524,745) | 0 | (8.524.745) | (1.084.162) | 40.13 | 2.49% | 45.00 | 2.22% | (554,107) | (189,439) | (12.046) | (755,592) | (721,945) | 33,647 |
| 2005 | Property Under Finance Lease | 0 | 0 | 0 | (=,==:,7:10) | İ | 0 | (1,001,702) | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 00.,107) | 0 | 0 | 0 | (121,210) | 00,077 |
| | Total | 61,933,453 | 10,712,033 | 51,221,420 | 44.453.541 | 912.723 | 43.540.818 | 9,197,147 | | | | , , , | 2,357,054 | 1,772,875 | 287.110 | 4,417,038 | 4,319,600 | (97.438) |
| | . •••• | 01,000,400 | 10,712,000 | 01,221,420 | 77,700,071 | 0.2,720 | +0,0+0,010 | 0,101,171 | 1 | | | | 2,001,007 | 1,772,073 | 201,110 | 7,711,000 | 7,010,000 | (01,700) |

TABLE 4-48 – APPENDIX 2-CC - 2017 ACTUAL MIFRS DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION EXPENSE

| | | Pook Values | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|---------------------------|--|----------------------|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|-----------------------|
| | | | | В | Book Values | | | | | Service | Lives | | | Depreciation | Expense | | | |
| Account | Description | Opening Net Book Value of Existing Assets as at Date of Policy Change (Jan. 1) 1 | Less Fully Depreciated ⁷ | Net Amount of Existing Assets Before Policy Change to be Depreciated | Opening Gross Book Value of Assets Acquired After Policy Change ² | Less Fully Depreciated ⁸ | Net Amount of Assets Acquired After Policy Change to be Depreciated | Current Year Additions | Average Remaining Life of Assets Existing Before Policy Change | Rate Assets Acquired | Life of Assets Acquired After Policy Change ⁴ | Depreciatio n Rate on New Additions | Depreciation Expense on Assets Existing Before Policy Change | Depreciation Expense on Assets Acquired After Policy Change | Depreciatio n Expense on Current Year Additions ⁵ | Total Current Year Depreciation Expense | Depreciation Expense per Appendix 2- BA Fixed Assets, Column J | Variance ⁶ |
| | | а | b | c = a-b | d | е | f = d- e | g | h | i = 1/h | j | k = 1/j | I = c/h | m = f/j | n = g*0.5/j | o = l+m+n | р | q = p-o |
| 1609 | Capital Contributions Paid | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | 50.00 | 2.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1611 | Computer Software (Formally known as Account 1925) | 349,811 | 349,811 | 0 | 2,229,606 | 2,166,723 | 62,883 | (911,725) | 2.69 | 37.16% | 3.00 | 33.33% | 0 | 20,961 | (151,954) | (130,993) | (301,599) | (170,606) |
| 1612 | Land Rights (Formally known as Account 1906) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1805 | Land | 293,875 | 0 | 293,875 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1808 | Buildings | 349,774 | 0 | 349,774 | 47,648 | 0 | 47,648 | 0 | 24.57 | 4.07% | 62.00 | 1.61% | 14,236 | 769 | 0 | 15,004 | 12,701 | (2,303) |
| 1810 | Leasehold Improvements | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1815 | Transformer Station Equipment >50 kV | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1820 | Distribution Station Equipment <50 kV | 7,715,028 | 1,820,272 | 5,894,756 | 9,181,880 | 0 | 9,181,880 | 1,147,096 | 30.27 | 3.30% | 42.50 | 2.35% | 194,766 | 216,044 | 13,495 | 424,306 | 563,973 | 139,667 |
| 1825 | Storage Battery Equipment | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1830 | Poles, Towers & Fixtures | 15,393,255 | 2,540,020 | 12,853,235 | 16,034,685 | 0 | 16,034,685 | 2,255,915 | | | 45.00 | 2.22% | 322,623 | 356,326 | 25,066 | 704,015 | 698,107 | (5,908) |
| 1835 | Overhead Conductors & Devices | 8,783,977 | 2,379,906 | 6,404,071 | 6,621,302 | 0 | 6,621,302 | 842,336 | 43.23 | | 45.00 | 2.22% | 148,127 | 147,140 | 9,359 | 304,626 | 304,921 | 295 |
| 1840 | Underground Conduit | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1845 | Underground Conductors & Devices | 21,576,736 | 2,501,640 | 19,075,096 | 12,460,896 | 0 | 12,460,896 | 1,557,248 | 32.54 | 3.07% | 40.00 | 2.50% | 586,237 | 311,522 | 19,466 | 917,225 | 927,665 | 10,440 |
| 1850 | Line Transformers | 19,978,411 | 1,141,888 | 18,836,523 | 9,715,011 | 0 | 9,715,011 | 1,537,958 | 31.10 | | 40.00 | 2.50% | 605,622 | 242,875 | 19,224 | 867,721 | 852,663 | (15,058) |
| 1855 | Services (Overhead & Underground) | 164.287 | 3.090 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23,729 | 20.40 | 0.00% 4.90% | 30.00 | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 980.489 | 0 |
| 1860 | Meters | . , . | -, | 161,197 | 1,184,413 | 0 | 1,184,413 1,501,588 | 355.000 | 9.77 | 10.24% | | 3.33% | 7,903 | 39,480 | 395 | 47,779 | 980,489 | 932,710 |
| 1860 | Meters (Smart Meters) | 6,971,136 | 0 | -,- , | 1,501,588 0 | 0 | 1,501,588 | 355,000 | 9.77 | 0.00% | 10.00 | 10.00% | 713,744 | 150,159 | 17,750 | 881,653 | | (881,653) |
| 1905 | Land | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | 75.00 | 1.33% | 0 | · | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1908 1910 | Buildings & Fixtures Leasehold Improvements | 483.613 | 483.613 | 0 | 409.619 | 0 | 409.619 | U | 3.21 | 31.14% | 5.00 | 20.00% | 0 | | 0 | 81.924 | 110.530 | 28.606 |
| 1910 | | 403,013 | 463,613 | 0 | 409,619 | 0 | 409,619 | | 3.21 | 0.00% | 10.00 | 10.00% | 0 | 0.,02. | 0 | 81,924 | 110,530 | 28,606 |
| 1915 | Office Furniture & Equipment (10 years) Office Furniture & Equipment (5 years) | 40,991 | 40,991 | 0 | 65,242 | 0 | 65.242 | 9,267 | 4.88 | 20.51% | 5.00 | 20.00% | 0 | | 927 | 13.975 | 7.702 | (6,273) |
| 1915 | Computer Equipment - Hardware | 46,413 | 46,413 | (0) | 434.164 | 55,100 | 379,064 | 76.501 | 2.66 | 37.56% | 4.00 | 25.00% | (0) | 94,766 | 9,563 | 104.329 | 89.325 | (15,004) |
| 1920 | Computer EquipHardware(Post Mar. 22/04) | 40,410 | 0 | 0 | 129.776 | 51,111 | 78.665 | 70,501 | 2.00 | 0.00% | 4.00 | 25.00% | 0 | , , , , , , | 9,303 | 19,666 | 00,020 | (19,666) |
| 1920 | Computer EquipHardware(Post Mar. 19/07) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 70,003 | | - | 0.00% | 4.00 | 25.00% | 0 | , | 0 | 19,000 | | (19,000) |
| 1930 | Transportation Equipment | 932.682 | 392.358 | 540.324 | 1.925.723 | 0 | 1.925.723 | 503.173 | | 10.82% | 8.00 | 12.50% | 58.480 | 240.715 | 31.448 | 330.644 | 343.394 | 12.750 |
| 1935 | Stores Equipment | 288 | 0 | 288 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.00 | 99.98% | 7.00 | 14.29% | 288 | 0 | 01,440 | 288 | 0.10,00. | (288) |
| 1940 | Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment | 686,983 | 150,024 | 536,959 | 456,388 | 46,222 | 410,166 | 30,794 | 3.26 | | 7.00 | 14.29% | 164,927 | 58.595 | 2,200 | 225,722 | 222.820 | (2.902) |
| 1945 | Measurement & Testing Equipment | 155,953 | 0 | 155,953 | 495,587 | 0 | 495,587 | 135,884 | 12.57 | 7.96% | 7.00 | 14.29% | 12.410 | 70.798 | 9,706 | 92.914 | 112,901 | 19,987 |
| 1950 | Power Operated Equipment | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | 10.00 | 10.00% | 0 | -, | 0,100 | 0_,0.1 | , | 0 |
| 1955 | Communications Equipment | 15,187 | 15,187 | 0 | 285,334 | 0 | 285,334 | 42,570 | 2.83 | 35.30% | 10.00 | 10.00% | 0 | | 2,129 | 30.662 | 31,362 | 700 |
| 1955 | Communication Equipment (Smart Meters) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ,,,,, | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | -, | 0 | 0 | ,,,,,, | 0 |
| 1960 | Miscellaneous Equipment | 35,809 | 35,809 | 0 | 80,733 | 0 | 80,733 | 0 | 2.20 | 45.38% | 5.00 | 20.00% | 0 | 16,147 | 0 | 16,147 | 22,503 | 6,356 |
| 1970 | Load Management Controls Customer Premises | 70,871 | 70,871 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3.00 | 33.33% | 8.00 | 12.50% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1975 | Load Management Controls Utility Premises | 279,356 | 0 | 279,356 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,254,834 | 12.00 | 8.33% | 8.00 | 12.50% | 23,280 | 0 | 78,427 | 101,707 | 205,671 | 103,964 |
| 1980 | System Supervisor Equipment | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1985 | Miscellaneous Fixed Assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1990 | Other Tangible Property | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1995 | Contributions & Grants | (22,390,983) | (152,785) | (22,238,198) | (9,608,907) | 0 | (9,608,907) | (1,112,263) | 40.13 | 2.49% | 45.00 | 2.22% | (554,107) | (213,531) | (12,358) | (779,997) | (821,397) | (41,400) |
| 2005 | Property Under Finance Lease | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| | Total | 61.933.453 | 11,819,109 | 50.114.344 | 53,650,688 | 2.319.156 | 51.331.532 | 7.748.317 | | | | | 2,298,535 | 1.895.939 | 74,842 | 4.269.316 | 4.363.731 | 94,415 |

TABLE 4-49 – APPENDIX 2-CD – 2018 ACTUAL MIFRS DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION EXPENSE

| | | | | | Book Values | | | | | Service | Lives | | | Depreciation | Expense | | | |
|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|---------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|-----------------------|
| Account | Description | Opening Net Book Value of Existing Assets as at Date of Policy Change (Jan. 1) 1 | Less Fully Depreciated ⁷ | Net Amount of Existing Assets Before Policy Change to be Depreciated | Opening Gross Book Value of Assets Acquired After Policy Change ² | Less Fully Depreciated ⁸ | Net Amount of Assets Acquired After Policy Change to be Depreciated | Current Year Additions | Average Remaining Life of Assets Existing Before Policy Change | Depreciation Rate Assets Acquired After Policy Change | Life of Assets Acquired After Policy Change ⁴ | Depreciatio n Rate on New Additions | Depreciation Expense on Assets Existing Before Policy Change | Depreciation Expense on Assets Acquired After Policy Change | Depreciatio n Expense on Current Year Additions ⁵ | Total Current Year Depreciation Expense | Depreciation Expense per Appendix 2- BA Fixed Assets, Column J | Variance ⁶ |
| | | а | b | c = a-b | d | е | f = d- e | g | h | i = 1/h | j | k = 1/j | l = c/h | m = f/j | n = g*0.5/j | o = l+m+n | р | q = p-o |
| 1609 | Capital Contributions Paid | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | 50.00 | 2.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1611 | Computer Software (Formally known as Account 1925) | 349,811 | 349,811 | 0 | 1,317,881 | 912,723 | 405,158 | 349,450 | 2.69 | 37.16% | 3.00 | 33.33% | 0 | 135,053 | 58,242 | 193,294 | 210,550 | 17,256 |
| 1612 | Land Rights (Formally known as Account 1906) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1805 | Land | 293,875 | 0 | 293,875 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1808 | Buildings | 349,774 | 0 | 349,774 | 47,648 | 0 | , | 4,557,190 | 24.57 | 4.07% | 62.00 | 1.61% | 14,236 | 769 | 36,752 | 51,756 | 54,043 | 2,287 |
| 1810 | Leasehold Improvements | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1815 | Transformer Station Equipment >50 kV | 0 | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1820 | Distribution Station Equipment <50 kV | 7,715,028 | 1,944,580 | 5,770,448 | 10,328,976 | 0 | 10,328,976 | 3,562,026 | 30.27 | 3.30% | 42.50 | 2.35% | 190,659 | 243,035 | 41,906 | 475,600 | 558,702 | 83,102 |
| 1825 | Storage Battery Equipment | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1830 | Poles, Towers & Fixtures | 15,393,255 | 3,366,780 | 12,026,475 | 18,290,600 | 0 | -,, | 236,454 | 39.84 | 2.51% | 45.00 | 2.22% | 301,871 | 406,458 | 2,627 | 710,956 | 806,817 | 95,861 |
| 1835 | Overhead Conductors & Devices | 8,783,977 | 2,667,020 | 6,116,957 | 7,463,638 | 0 | , , | 769,824 | 43.23 | 2.31% | 45.00 | 2.22% | 141,486 | 165,859 | 8,554 | 315,898 | 351,046 | 35,148 |
| 1840 | Underground Conduit | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 700 100 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 010 701 | 0 |
| 1845 | Underground Conductors & Devices | 21,576,736 | 4,321,881 | 17,254,855 | 14,018,144 | | 14,018,144 | 3,788,129 | 32.54 | 3.07% | 40.00 | 2.50% | 530,295 | 350,454 | 47,352 | 928,100 | 1,310,794 | 382,694 |
| 1850 | Line Transformers | 19,978,411 | 1,141,888 | 18,836,523 | 11,252,969 | 0 | 11,252,969 | 1,897,603 | 31.10 | 3.22% | 40.00 | 2.50% | 605,622 | 281,324 | 23,720 | 910,666 | 1,014,368 | 103,702 |
| 1855 | Services (Overhead & Underground) | 404.007 | 3.090 | 0 | 0 | ů | 4 000 4 40 | 00.004 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 050.004 | 0 |
| 1860 | Meters (Operat Materia) | 164,287 6,971,136 | 3,090 | 161,197 6,971,136 | 1,208,142 1,856,588 | 0 | 1,208,142 1,856,588 | 90,231 575,000 | 20.40 9.77 | 4.90% 10.24% | 30.00 10.00 | 3.33% 10.00% | 7,903 | 40,271 | 1,504 | 49,678 | 958,291 | 908,613 |
| 1860 | Meters (Smart Meters) | 0,971,136 | , and the second | 0,971,130 | 1,000,000 | 0 | , , | 0/0,000 | 9.77 | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 713,744 | 185,659 | 28,750 0 | 928,153 0 | | (928,153) 0 |
| 1905 | Land | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0.00% | 75.00 | 1.33% | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | <u> </u> |
| 1908 | Buildings & Fixtures Leasehold Improvements | 483.613 | 483.613 | 0 | 409.619 | 0 | | 0 | | 31.14% | 5.00 | 20.00% | 0 | | 0 | 81.924 | 39.812 | (42,112) |
| 1910 1915 | Office Furniture & Equipment (10 years) | 403,013 | 463,613 | 0 | 409,619 | 0 | , | 24.843 | 3.21 | 0.00% | 10.00 | 10.00% | 0 | , | 1,242 | 1,242 | 39,612 | (1.242) |
| 1915 | Office Furniture & Equipment (10 years) Office Furniture & Equipment (5 years) | 40,991 | 40.991 | 0 | 74.509 | 0 | 74,509 | 24,043 | 4.88 | 20.51% | 5.00 | 20.00% | 0 | 14,902 | 1,242 | 1,242 | 10,375 | (4,527) |
| 1920 | Computer Equipment - Hardware | 46,413 | 46,413 | (0) | 510.665 | 55,100 | 455,565 | 425,227 | 2.66 | 37.56% | 4.00 | 25.00% | (0) | 113,891 | 53,153 | 167,045 | 160.864 | (6,181) |
| 1920 | Computer Equipment - Hardware Computer EquipHardware(Post Mar. 22/04) | 40,413 | 40,413 | 0 | 129,776 | 51,111 | 78,665 | 425,221 | 2.00 | 0.00% | 4.00 | 25.00% | 0 | | 33,133 | 19,666 | 100,004 | (19.666) |
| 1920 | Computer EquipHardware(Post Mar. 19/07) | 0 | , , | 0 | 123,770 | 0 | 70,000 | | _ | 0.00% | 4.00 | 25.00% | 0 | 19,000 | 0 | 19,000 | | (19,000) |
| 1930 | Transportation Equipment | 932.682 | 698.126 | 234.556 | 2.428.896 | 0 | 2,428,896 | 368.394 | 9.24 | 10.82% | 8.00 | 12.50% | 25.386 | 303.612 | 23.025 | 352.023 | 349.996 | (2.027) |
| 1935 | Stores Equipment | 288 | 000,120 | 288 | 0 | 0 | | 000,004 | 1.00 | 99.98% | 7.00 | 14.29% | 288 | 000,012 | 0 | 288 | 040,000 | (288) |
| 1940 | Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment | 686,983 | 150,024 | 536,959 | 487,182 | 169,555 | 317,627 | 63,786 | 3.26 | 30.71% | 7.00 | 14.29% | 164.927 | 45,375 | 4,556 | 214,858 | 86,339 | (128,519) |
| 1945 | Measurement & Testing Equipment | 155,953 | 0 | 155,953 | 631,471 | 0 | | 98,920 | 12.57 | 7.96% | 7.00 | 14.29% | 12,410 | 90.210 | 7.066 | 109,686 | 112,433 | 2,747 |
| 1950 | Power Operated Equipment | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | 10.00 | 10.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | _, .50 | 2, |
| 1955 | Communications Equipment | 15,187 | 15,187 | 0 | 327,904 | 0 | 327,904 | 16,798 | 2.83 | 35.30% | 10.00 | 10.00% | 0 | 32,790 | 840 | 33,630 | 34,330 | 700 |
| 1955 | Communication Equipment (Smart Meters) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | , | -, | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - , | 0 |
| 1960 | Miscellaneous Equipment | 35,809 | 35,809 | 0 | 80,733 | 0 | 80,733 | 11,384 | 2.20 | 45.38% | 5.00 | 20.00% | 0 | 16,147 | 1,138 | 17,285 | 8,886 | (8,399) |
| 1970 | Load Management Controls Customer Premises | 70,871 | 70,871 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3.00 | 33.33% | 8.00 | 12.50% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1975 | Load Management Controls Utility Premises | 279,356 | 0 | 279,356 | 1,254,834 | 0 | 1,254,834 | 30,343 | 12.00 | 8.33% | 8.00 | 12.50% | 23,280 | 156,854 | 1,896 | 182,030 | 155,947 | (26,083) |
| 1980 | System Supervisor Equipment | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1985 | Miscellaneous Fixed Assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1990 | Other Tangible Property | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1995 | Contributions & Grants | (22,390,983) | (652,785) | (21,738,198) | (10,721,170) | (61,000) | (10,660,170) | (3,908,248) | 40.13 | 2.49% | 45.00 | 2.22% | (541,649) | (236,893) | (43,425) | (821,967) | (1,242,006) | (420,039) |
| 2005 | Property Under Finance Lease | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| | Total | 61,933,453 | 14,683,298 | 47,250,155 | 61.399.005 | 1.127.489 | 60,271,516 | 12.957.354 | | | | | 2,190,458 | 2,447,359 | 298.898 | 4.936.714 | 4.981.587 | 44.873 |

TABLE 4-50 – APPENDIX 2-CE – 2019 ACTUAL MIFRS DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION EXPENSE

| | Pank Values | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|---|---------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|-----------------------|
| | | | | E | Book Values | | | | | Service | Lives | | | Depreciation | Expense | | | |
| Account | Description | Opening Net Book Value of Existing Assets as at Date of Policy Change (Jan. 1) 1 | Less Fully Depreciated ⁷ | Net Amount of Existing Assets Before Policy Change to be Depreciated | Opening Gross Book Value of Assets Acquired After Policy Change ² | Less Fully Depreciated ⁸ | Net Amount of Assets Acquired After Policy Change to be Depreciated | Current Year Additions | Average Remaining Life of Assets Existing Before Policy Change | Depreciation Rate Assets Acquired After Policy Change | Life of Assets Acquired After Policy Change ⁴ | Depreciatio n Rate on New Additions | Depreciation Expense on Assets Existing Before Policy Change | Depreciation Expense on Assets Acquired After Policy Change | Depreciatio n Expense on Current Year Additions ⁵ | Total Current Year Depreciation Expense | Depreciation Expense per Appendix 2- BA Fixed Assets, Column J | Variance ⁶ |
| | | а | b | c = a-b | d | е | f = d- e | g | h | i = 1/h | j | k = 1/j | I = c/h | m = f/j | n = g*0.5/j | o = l+m+n | р | q = p-o |
| 1609 | Capital Contributions Paid | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 4,136,705 | - | 0.00% | 50.00 | 2.00% | 0 | 0 | 41,367 | 41,367 | 82,734 | 41,367 |
| 1611 | Computer Software (Formally known as Account 1925) | 349,811 | 349,811 | 0 | 1,667,331 | 912,723 | 754,608 | 175,658 | 2.69 | 37.16% | 3.00 | 33.33% | 0 | 251,536 | 29,276 | 280,812 | 200,199 | (80,613) |
| 1612 | Land Rights (Formally known as Account 1906) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1805 | Land | 293,875 | 0 | 293,875 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1808 | Buildings | 349,774 | 0 | 349,774 | 4,604,838 | 0 | 4,604,838 | 396,754 | 24.57 | 4.07% | 62.00 | 1.61% | 14,236 | 74,272 | 3,200 | 91,707 | 69,905 | (21,802) |
| 1810 | Leasehold Improvements | 0 | 0 | ŭ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1815 | Transformer Station Equipment >50 kV | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1820 | Distribution Station Equipment <50 kV | 7,715,028 | 2,053,482 | 5,661,546 | 13,891,002 | 0 | 13,891,002 | (52,040) | 30.27 | 3.30% | 42.50 | 2.35% | 187,061 | 326,847 | (612) | 513,296 | 572,635 | 59,339 |
| 1825 | Storage Battery Equipment | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1830 | Poles, Towers & Fixtures | 15,393,255 | 3,578,691 | 11,814,564 | 18,527,054 | 0 | 18,527,054 | 7,579,626 | 39.84 | 2.51% | 45.00 | 2.22% | 296,552 | 411,712 | 84,218 | 792,483 | 866,269 | 73,786 |
| 1835 | Overhead Conductors & Devices | 8,783,977 | 2,918,554 | 5,865,423 | 8,233,462 | 0 | 8,233,462 | 2,494,435 | | 2.31% | 45.00 | 2.22% | 135,668 | 182,966 | 27,716 | 346,350 | 324,491 | (21,859) |
| 1840 | Underground Conduit | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1845 | Underground Conductors & Devices | 21,576,736 | 4,522,315 | 17,054,421 | 17,806,273 | 0 | 17,806,273 | 8,146,716 | 32.54 | 3.07% | 40.00 | 2.50% | 524,135 | 445,157 | 101,834 | 1,071,126 | 1,389,602 | 318,476 |
| 1850 | Line Transformers | 19,978,411 | 1,141,888 | 18,836,523 | 13,150,572 | 0 | 13,150,572 | 4,594,038 | 31.10 | 3.22% | 40.00 | 2.50% | 605,622 | 328,764 | 57,425 | 991,811 | 1,152,831 | 161,020 |
| 1855 | Services (Overhead & Underground) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1860 | Meters | 164,287 | 3,090 | 161,197 | 1,298,373 | 0 | 1,298,373 | 196,723 | 20.40 | 4.90% | 30.00 | 3.33% | 7,903 | 43,279 | 3,279 | 54,460 | 1,003,435 | 948,975 |
| 1860 | Meters (Smart Meters) | 6,971,136 | 0 | 6,971,136 | 2,431,588 | 0 | 2,431,588 | 875,000 | 9.77 | 10.24% | 10.00 | 10.00% | 713,744 | 243,159 | 43,750 | 1,000,653 | | (1,000,653) |
| 1905 | Land | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1908 | Buildings & Fixtures | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0.00% | 75.00 | 1.33% | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 07.004 | 0 |
| 1910 | Leasehold Improvements | 483,613 | 483,613 | 0 | 409,619 24.843 | 150,000 | 259,619 24.843 | 0 | 3.21 | 31.14% | 3.00 10.00 | 33.33% | 0 | 55,5.5 | 0 | 86,540 | 37,631 | (48,909) |
| 1915 | Office Furniture & Equipment (10 years) | 0 | 10.001 | | = -, | 0 | , | | - | 0.00% | | 10.00% | 0 | _, | 0 | 2,484 | 10.057 | (2,484) |
| 1915 | Office Furniture & Equipment (5 years) | 40,991 | 40,991 46,413 | 0 | 74,509 935.892 | 55.100 | 74,509 880,792 | 17.506 | 4.88 | 20.51% | 5.00 | 20.00% | 0 | ,00= | 0 | 14,902 | 12,057 | (2,845) |
| 1920 | Computer Equipment - Hardware | 46,413 | 46,413 | (0) | , | , | 78,665 | 17,506 | 2.66 | 37.56% 0.00% | 4.00 4.00 | 25.00% 25.00% | (0) | | 2,188 | 222,386 | 192,826 | (29,560) |
| 1920 | Computer EquipHardware(Post Mar. 22/04) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 129,776 | 51,111 0 | 78,005 | 148,154 | | 0.00% | 4.00 | 25.00% | 0 | -, | 18,519 | 38,186 0 | | (38,186) |
| 1920 | Computer EquipHardware(Post Mar. 19/07) | 932.682 | 932.533 | 149 | 2.797.290 | 0 | 2.797.290 | 340.672 | 9.24 | 10.82% | 8.00 | 12.50% | 16 | | 21,292 | 370.969 | 382.527 | 11,558 |
| 1930 | Transportation Equipment | 288 | 932,533 | 288 | 2,797,290 | 0 | 2,797,290 | 6.251 | 1.00 | 99.98% | 7.00 | 14.29% | 288 | 349,001 | 446 | 734 | 302,527 | |
| 1935 1940 | Stores Equipment | 686,983 | 450,024 | 236,959 | 550,968 | 169,555 | 381,413 | 105,949 | 3.26 | 30.71% | 7.00 | 14.29% | 72,782 | 54,488 | 7,568 | 134,837 | 155,002 | (288) 20,165 |
| 1940 | Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment Measurement & Testing Equipment | 155,953 | 450,024 | 155,953 | 730,391 | 0 | 730,391 | 158,594 | 12.57 | 7.96% | 7.00 | 14.29% | 12,782 | . , | 11,328 | 134,837 | 133,621 | 5,541 |
| 1945 | Power Operated Equipment | 155,955 | 0 | 155,955 | 7 30,331 | 0 | 730,331 | 130,394 | 12.57 | 0.00% | 10.00 | 10.00% | 12,410 | 104,342 | 11,328 | 120,000 | 100,021 | 3,341 |
| 1950 | Communications Equipment | 15,187 | 15.187 | 0 | 344.702 | 0 | 344.702 | 0 | 2.83 | 35.30% | 10.00 | 10.00% | 0 | 34,470 | 0 | 34,470 | 35.170 | 700 |
| 1955 | Communications Equipment (Smart Meters) | 15,167 | 15,167 | 0 | 044,702 | 0 | 044,702 | 0 | 2.03 | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | . , . | 0 | 34,470 | 33,170 | - 100 |
| 1960 | Miscellaneous Equipment | 35.809 | 35.809 | 0 | 92.117 | 0 | 92.117 | 55.314 | 2.20 | 45.38% | 5.00 | 20.00% | 0 | | 5.531 | 23.955 | 40.977 | 17.022 |
| 1970 | Load Management Controls Customer Premises | 70,871 | 70,871 | 0 | 0_,111 | 0 | 02,117 | 00,014 | 3.00 | 33.33% | 8.00 | 12.50% | 0 | -, - | 0,001 | 20,555 | .0,077 | , ,,,,, |
| 1975 | Load Management Controls Utility Premises | 279.356 | 0 | ŭ | 1.285.177 | 0 | 1,285,177 | 59.364 | 12.00 | 8.33% | 8.00 | 12.50% | 23,280 | | 3,710 | 187,637 | 183,189 | (4,448) |
| 1980 | System Supervisor Equipment | 0 | 0 | -, | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | | 0,710 | 0 | , | 0 |
| 1985 | Miscellaneous Fixed Assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1990 | Other Tangible Property | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1995 | Contributions & Grants | (22,390,983) | (1,652,785) | (20,738,198) | (14,629,418) | (61,000) | (14,568,418) | (6,198,919) | 40.13 | 2.49% | 45.00 | 2.22% | (516,732) | (323,743) | (68,877) | (909,352) | (1,228,234) | (318,882) |
| 2005 | Property Under Finance Lease | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | , , , , , , | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | , , , , , , | 0 |
| | Total | 61.933.453 | 14,990,487 | 46.942.966 | 74,356,359 | 1,277,489 | 73.078.870 | 23,236,500 | | | | | 2.076.964 | 3.049.770 | 393,160 | 5.519.894 | 5.607.313 | 87,419 |

TABLE 4-51 – APPENDIX 2-CF – 2020 BRIDGE YEAR MIFRS DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION EXPENSE

| | | Book Values | | | | | | | | | | | | | _ | | 1 | |
|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|---------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|-----------------------|
| | | 1 | | | BOOK Values | | | | | Service | Lives | | | Depreciation | Expense | ı | | 1 |
| Account | Description | Opening Net Book Value of Existing Assets as at Date of Policy Change (Jan. 1) 1 | Less Fully Depreciated ⁷ | Net Amount of Existing Assets Before Policy Change to be Depreciated | Opening Gross Book Value of Assets Acquired After Policy Change ² | Less Fully Depreciated ⁸ | Net Amount of Assets Acquired After Policy Change to be Depreciated | Current Year Additions | Average Remaining Life of Assets Existing Before Policy Change | Depreciation Rate Assets Acquired After Policy Change | Life of Assets Acquired After Policy Change ⁴ | Depreciatio n Rate on New Additions | Depreciation Expense on Assets Existing Before Policy Change | Depreciation Expense on Assets Acquired After Policy Change | Depreciatio n Expense on Current Year Additions ⁵ | Total Current Year Depreciation Expense | Depreciation Expense per Appendix 2- BA Fixed Assets, Column J | Variance ⁶ |
| | | а | b | c = a-b | d | е | f = d- e | g | h | i = 1/h | j | k = 1/j | I = c/h | m = f/j | n = g*0.5/j | o = l+m+n | р | q = p-o |
| 1609 | Capital Contributions Paid | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,136,705 | 0 | 4,136,705 | | - | 0.00% | 50.00 | 2.00% | 0 | 82,734 | 0 | 82,734 | 82,734 | (0) |
| 1611 | Computer Software (Formally known as Account 1925) | 349,811 | 349,811 | 0 | 1,842,989 | 1,017,723 | 825,266 | 300,000 | 2.69 | 37.16% | 3.00 | 33.33% | 0 | 275,089 | 50,000 | 325,089 | 367,627 | 42,538 |
| 1612 | Land Rights (Formally known as Account 1906) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | - | 0.00% | ı | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1805 | Land | 293,875 | 0 | 293,875 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1808 | Buildings | 349,774 | 0 | 349,774 | 5,001,592 | 0 | 5,001,592 | 325,000 | 24.57 | 4.07% | 62.00 | 1.61% | 14,236 | 80,671 | 2,621 | 97,528 | 106,628 | 9,100 |
| 1810 | Leasehold Improvements | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | į | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1815 | Transformer Station Equipment >50 kV | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1820 | Distribution Station Equipment <50 kV | 7,715,028 | 2,075,822 | 5,639,206 | 13,838,962 | 0 | 13,838,962 | 139,600 | 30.27 | 3.30% | 42.50 | 2.35% | 186,323 | 325,623 | 1,642 | 513,588 | 604,774 | 91,186 |
| 1825 | Storage Battery Equipment | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1830 | Poles, Towers & Fixtures | 15,393,255 | 4,245,239 | 11,148,016 | 26,106,680 | 0 | 26,106,680 | 3,969,164 | 39.84 | 2.51% | 45.00 | 2.22% | 279,821 | 580,148 | 44,102 | 904,072 | 934,581 | 30,509 |
| 1835 | Overhead Conductors & Devices | 8,783,977 | 2,970,151 | 5,813,826 | 10,727,897 | 0 | 10,727,897 | 2,426,871 | 43.23 | 2.31% | 45.00 | 2.22% | 134,474 | 238,398 | 26,965 | 399,837 | 460,170 | 60,333 |
| 1840 | Underground Conduit | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1845 | Underground Conductors & Devices | 21,576,736 | 4,768,562 | 16,808,174 | 25,952,989 | 0 | 25,952,989 | 4,162,075 | 32.54 | 3.07% | 40.00 | 2.50% | 516,567 | 648,825 | 52,026 | 1,217,418 | 1,319,592 | 102,174 |
| 1850 | Line Transformers | 19,978,411 | 2,754,279 | 17,224,132 | 17,744,610 | 0 | 17,744,610 | 4,228,100 | 31.10 | 3.22% | 40.00 | 2.50% | 553,781 | 443,615 | 52,851 | 1,050,247 | 1,134,921 | 84,674 |
| 1855 | Services (Overhead & Underground) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1860 | Meters | 164,287 | 3,090 | 161,197 | 1,495,096 | 0 | 1,495,096 | 612,500 | 20.40 | 4.90% | 30.00 | 3.33% | 7,903 | 49,837 | 10,208 | 67,948 | 860,581 | 792,633 |
| 1860 | Meters (Smart Meters) | 6,971,136 | 2,079,183 | 4,891,953 | 3,306,588 | 0 | 3,306,588 | 280,900 | 9.77 | 10.24% | 10.00 | 10.00% | 500,866 | 330,659 | 14,045 | 845,570 | | (845,570) |
| 1905 | Land | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1908 | Buildings & Fixtures | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | - | 0.00% | 75.00 | 1.33% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1910 | Leasehold Improvements | 483,613 | 483,613 | 0 | 409,619 | 150,000 | 259,619 | 280,000 | 3.21 | 31.14% | 3.00 | 33.33% | 0 | 86,540 | 46,667 | 133,206 | 76,925 | (56,281) |
| 1915 | Office Furniture & Equipment (10 years) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 24,843 | 0 | 24,843 | 0 | - | 0.00% | 10.00 | 10.00% | 0 | 2,484 | 0 | 2,484 | | (2,484) |
| 1915 | Office Furniture & Equipment (5 years) | 40,991 | 40,991 | 0 | 74,509 | 3,007 | 71,502 | | 4.88 | 20.51% | 5.00 | 20.00% | 0 | 14,300 | 0 | 14,300 | | (14,300) |
| 1920 | Computer Equipment - Hardware | 46,413 | 46,413 | 0 | 953,398 | 205,100 | 748,298 | 971,500 | 2.66 | 37.56% | 4.00 | 25.00% | 0 | 187,075 | 121,438 | 308,512 | 342,132 | 33,620 |
| 1920 | Computer EquipHardware(Post Mar. 22/04) | | 0 | 0 | 277,930 | 151,111 | 126,819 | | - | 0.00% | 4.00 | 25.00% | 0 | 31,705 | 0 | 31,705 | | (31,705) |
| 1920 | Computer EquipHardware(Post Mar. 19/07) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | - | 0.00% | 4.00 | 25.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1930 | Transportation Equipment | 932,682 | 932,682 | 0 | 3,137,962 | 203,694 | 2,934,268 | 545,000 | 9.24 | 10.82% | 8.00 | 12.50% | 0 | 366,784 | 34,063 | 400,846 | 416,998 | 16,152 |
| | Stores Equipment | 288 | 288 | 0 | 6,251 | 0 | 6,251 | 60,000 | 1.00 | 99.98% | 7.00 | 14.29% | 0 | 893 | 4,286 | 5,179 | 20,887 | 15,708 |
| 1940 | Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment | 686,983 | 686,983 | 0 | 656,917 | 319,555 | 337,362 | 0 | 3.26 | 30.71% | 7.00 | 14.29% | 0 | 48,195 | 0 | 48,195 | 85,858 | 37,663 |
| | Measurement & Testing Equipment | 155,953 | 155,953 | 0 | 888,985 | 535,600 | 353,385 | 0 | | 7.96% | 7.00 | 14.29% | 0 | 50,484 | 0 | 50,484 | 51,078 | 594 |
| | Power Operated Equipment | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0.00% | 10.00 | 10.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1955 | Communications Equipment | 15,187 | 15,187 | 0 | 344,702 | 0 | 344,702 | 250,000 | 2.83 | 35.30% | 10.00 | 10.00% | 0 | 34,470 | 12,500 | 46,970 | 47,170 | 200 |
| 1955 | Communication Equipment (Smart Meters) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1960 | Miscellaneous Equipment | 35,809 | 35,809 | 0 | 147,431 | 0 | 147,431 | 0 | | 45.38% | 5.00 | 20.00% | 0 | 29,486 | 0 | 29,486 | | (29,486) |
| 1970 | Load Management Controls Customer Premises | 70,871 | 70,871 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 33.33% | 8.00 | 12.50% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 404704 | 0 |
| 1975 | Load Management Controls Utility Premises | 279,356 | 279,356 | 0 | 1,344,541 | 0 | 1,344,541 | Ū | 12.00 | 8.33% 0.00% | 8.00 | 12.50% 0.00% | 0 | 168,068 | 0 | 168,068 | 164,721 | (3,347) |
| | System Supervisor Equipment | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0.00% | - | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1985 | Miscellaneous Fixed Assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1990 1995 | Other Tangible Property | (22.390.983) | (6,274,230) | (16.116.753) | (20.828.337) | (61,000) | (20.767.337) | 0 | | 2.49% | 45.00 | 2.22% | (401.580) | | 0 | (000,070) | (1.113.271) | (250.405) |
| | Contributions & Grants | (22,390,983) | (0,274,230) | (10,110,753) | (-// / | (000,10) | (20,707,337) | | 40.13 | | 45.00 | | (401,580) | (461,496) | 0 | (863,076) | (1,113,2/1) | (250,195) |
| | Property Under Finance Lease | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ^ | Λ . | 0 | _ | 0.00% | _ | 0.00% | ^ | 0 | 0 | _ | | |

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 82 of 133

Table 4-52 – Appendix 2-CG – 2021 Test Year MIFRS Depreciation and Amortization Expense

| | | | | E | Book Values | | | | | Service | Lives | | | Depreciation | Expense | | | |
|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|---------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|-----------------------|
| Account | Description | Opening Net Book Value of Existing Assets as at Date of Policy Change (Jan. 1) 1 | Less Fully Depreciated ⁷ | Net Amount of Existing Assets Before Policy Change to be Depreciated | Opening Gross Book Value of Assets Acquired After Policy Change ² | Less Fully Depreciated ⁸ | Net Amount of Assets Acquired After Policy Change to be Depreciated | Current Year Additions | Average Remaining Life of Assets Existing Before Policy Change | Depreciation Rate Assets Acquired After Policy Change | Life of Assets Acquired After Policy Change ⁴ | Depreciatio n Rate on New Additions | Depreciation Expense on Assets Existing Before Policy Change | Depreciation Expense on Assets Acquired After Policy Change | Depreciatio n Expense on Current Year Additions ⁵ | Total Current Year Depreciation Expense | Depreciation Expense per Appendix 2- BA Fixed Assets, Column J | Variance ⁶ |
| | | а | b | c = a-b | d | е | f = d- e | g | h | i = 1/h | j | k = 1/j | I = c/h | m = f/j | n = g*0.5/j | o = l+m+n | р | q = p-o |
| 1609 | Capital Contributions Paid | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,136,705 | 0 | 4,136,705 | | - | 0.00% | 50.00 | 2.00% | 0 | 82,734 | 0 | 82,734 | 82,734 | (0) |
| 1611 | Computer Software (Formally known as Account 1925) | 349,811 | 349,811 | 0 | 2,142,989 | 1,517,723 | 625,266 | 200,000 | | 37.16% | 3.00 | 33.33% | 0 | 208,422 | 33,333 | 241,755 | 232,891 | (8,864) |
| 1612 | Land Rights (Formally known as Account 1906) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0 |
| 1805 | Land | 293,875 | 0 | 293,875 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | | - | | 0 |
| 1808 | Buildings | 349,774 | 0 | 349,774 | 5,326,592 | 0 | 0,000,000 | 100,000 | 24.57 | 4.07% | 62.00 | 1.61% | 14,236 | 85,913 | | 100,955 | 109,429 | 8,474 |
| 1810 | Leasehold Improvements | 0 | 0 | ŭ | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 |
| 1815 | Transformer Station Equipment >50 kV | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | | | | | 0 |
| 1820 | Distribution Station Equipment <50 kV | 7,715,028 | 2,100,822 | 5,614,206 | 13,978,562 | 0 | ,, | 1,880,300 | | 3.30% | 42.50 | 2.35% | 185,497 | 328,907 | 22,121 | 536,525 | 628,741 | 92,216 |
| 1825 | Storage Battery Equipment | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0 |
| 1830 | Poles, Towers & Fixtures | 15,393,255 | 4,995,239 | 10,398,016 | 30,075,844 | 0 | 30,075,844 | 2,709,830 | 39.84 | 2.51% | 45.00 | 2.22% | 260,996 | 668,352 | 30,109 | 959,457 | 1,007,784 | 48,327 |
| 1835 | Overhead Conductors & Devices | 8,783,977 | 3,170,151 | 5,613,826 | 13,154,768 | 0 | | 2,274,548 | 43.23 | 2.31% | 45.00 | 2.22% | 129,848 | 292,328 | 25,273 | 447,449 | 509,195 | 61,746 |
| 1840 | Underground Conduit | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0 |
| 1845 | Underground Conductors & Devices | 21,576,736 | 5,218,562 | 16,358,174 | 30,115,064 | 0 | , -, | 4,028,875 | | 3.07% | 40.00 | 2.50% | 502,737 | 752,877 | 50,361 | 1,305,975 | 1,327,104 | 21,129 |
| 1850 | Line Transformers | 19,978,411 | 2,854,279 | 17,124,132 | 21,972,710 | 0 | ,, | 2,431,968 | 31.10 | 3.22% | 40.00 | 2.50% | 550,566 | 549,318 | 30,400 | 1,130,283 | 1,220,213 | 89,930 |
| 1855 | Services (Overhead & Underground) | 0 | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0 |
| 1860 | Meters | 164,287 | 3,090 | 161,197 | 2,107,596 | 0 | , - , | 175,000 | | 4.90% | 30.00 | 3.33% | 7,903 | 70,253 | 2,917 | 81,073 | 707,907 | 626,834 |
| 1860 | Meters (Smart Meters) | 6,971,136 | 4,529,183 | 2,441,953 | 3,587,488 | 0 | 3,587,488 | 500,000 | 9.77 | 10.24% | 10.00 | 10.00% | 250,021 | 358,749 | 25,000 | 633,770 | | (633,770) |
| 1905 | Land | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1908 | Buildings & Fixtures | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | - | 0.00% | 75.00 | 1.33% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1910 | Leasehold Improvements | 483,613 | 483,613 | 0 | 689,619 | 311,000 | 378,619 | 100,000 | 3.21 | 31.14% | 3.00 | 33.33% | 0 | 126,206 | 16,667 | 142,873 | 132,360 | (10,513) |
| 1915 | Office Furniture & Equipment (10 years) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 24,843 | 0 | , | 0 | | 0.00% | 10.00 | 10.00% | 0 | 2,484 | 0 | 2,484 | | (2,484) |
| 1915 | Office Furniture & Equipment (5 years) | 40,991 | 40,991 | 0 | 74,509 | 3,007 | 71,502 | 0 | 4.88 | 20.51% | 5.00 | 20.00% | 0 | 14,300 | 0 | 14,300 | | (14,300) |
| 1920 | Computer Equipment - Hardware | 46,413 | 46,413 | 0 | 1,924,898 | 503,278 | 1,421,620 | 1,412,000 | 2.66 | 37.56% | 4.00 | 25.00% | 0 | 355,405 | 176,500 | 531,905 | 576,275 | 44,370 |
| 1920 | Computer EquipHardware(Post Mar. 22/04) | | 0 | 0 | 277,930 | 151,111 | 126,819 | | - | 0.00% | 4.00 | 25.00% | 0 | 31,705 | 0 | 31,705 | | (31,705) |
| 1920 | Computer EquipHardware(Post Mar. 19/07) | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | - | 0.00% | 4.00 | 25.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1930 | Transportation Equipment | 932,682 | 932,682 | 0 | 3,682,962 | 457,388 | 3,225,574 | 530,000 | 9.24 | 10.82% | 8.00 | 12.50% | 0 | 403,197 | 33,125 | 436,322 | 419,194 | (17,128) |
| 1935 | Stores Equipment | 288 | 288 | 0 | 66,251 | 0 | 66,251 | | 1.00 | 99.98% | 7.00 | 14.29% | 0 | 9,464 | 0 | 9,464 | 26,887 | 17,423 |
| 1940 | Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment | 686,983 | 686,983 | 0 | 656,917 | 319,555 | 337,362 | 0 | | 30.71% | 7.00 | 14.29% | 0 | 48,195 | 0 | 48,195 | 73,011 | 24,816 |
| 1945 | Measurement & Testing Equipment | 155,953 | 155,953 | 0 | 888,985 | 535,600 | 353,385 | 0 | 12.57 | 7.96% | 7.00 | 14.29% | 0 | 50,484 | 0 | 50,484 | 42,872 | (7,612) |
| 1950 | Power Operated Equipment | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0.00% | 10.00 | 10.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1955 | Communications Equipment | 15,187 | 15,187 | 0 | 594,702 | 0 | 594,702 | 150,000 | 2.83 | 35.30% | 10.00 | 10.00% | 0 | 59,470 | 7,500 | 66,970 | 67,070 | 100 |
| 1955 | Communication Equipment (Smart Meters) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1960 | Miscellaneous Equipment | 35,809 | 35,809 | 0 | 147,431 | 0 | 147,431 | 0 | | 45.38% | 5.00 | 20.00% | 0 | 29,486 | 0 | 29,486 | | (29,486) |
| 1970 | Load Management Controls Customer Premises | 70,871 | 70,871 | 0 | 0 | 0 | · · | 0 | | 33.33% | 8.00 | 12.50% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1975 | Load Management Controls Utility Premises | 279,356 | 279,356 | 0 | 1,344,541 | 0 | 1,011,011 | 0 | | 8.33% | 8.00 | 12.50% | 0 | 168,068 | 0 | , | 169,674 | 1,606 |
| 1980 | System Supervisor Equipment | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1985 | Miscellaneous Fixed Assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1990 | Other Tangible Property | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 1995 | Contributions & Grants | (22,390,983) | (5,424,230) | (16,966,753) | (20,828,337) | (61,000) | (20,767,337) | 0 | 40.13 | 2.49% | 45.00 | 2.22% | (422,759) | (461,496) | 0 | (884,256) | (1,116,345) | (232,089) |
| 2005 | Property Under Finance Lease | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.00% | - | 0.00% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| | Total | 61,933,453 | 20,545,052 | 41,388,401 | 116,143,569 | 3,737,662 | 112,405,907 | 16,492,521 | | | | | 1,479,044 | 4,234,821 | 454,112 | 6,167,977 | 6,216,996 | 49,019 |

1 PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF CORPORATE TAXES CALCULATION AND

2 **PROPERTY TAX**

23

24

of the application.

3 OPUCN is liable for the payment of PILs on its taxable income computed in accordance 4 with Section 93 of the *Electricity Act* 1998 (Ontario) as amended. OPUCN is exempt from 5 paying income taxes under the Income Tax Act (Canada) and the Corporations Tax Act 6 (Ontario). OPUCN proposed 2021 Test Year PILs are \$0, a decrease of \$359,400 or 7 100.0% as compared to the 2019 COS Board-Approved allowance for PILs. This 8 reduction is due to increased timing differences between depreciation of assets for 9 accounting purposes and depreciation of assets for income tax purposes (Capital Cost 10 Allowance or "CCA") driven by high levels of capital expenditure, along with the the CCA 11 acceleration measures introduced on 8 April 2019 by the federal government as part of 12 Canadian Bill C-97. OPUCN follows the guidance as specified in the Board's Accounting 13 Procedures Handbook. Due to significant capital investments in recent years and the 14 disparity between useful asset lives for taxation as compared to accounting, CCA 15 materially exceeds depreciation creating timing differences which reduces the effective 16 amount of PILs payable on taxable income well below the amount otherwise computed 17 by applying the combined federal and Ontario rates of PILs to regulatory income before 18 PILs. 19 A complete copy of the excel model "Income Tax/PILs Workform for 2021 Filers" is 20 included in this exhibit as Appendix 4-4. Copies of the 2019 Federal and Provincial tax 21 returns are included as Appendix 4-5, with a reconciliation to 2019 Financial Statements 22 tax expense included as Appendix 4-6.

Table 4-53 below provides a summary by year of PILs payable for the years 2015 to 2021.

The financial statements included with tax returns are the same as those filed in support

1

TABLE 4-53 - PILS PAYABLE 2015 - 2021

| Year | PILS |
|----------------------------|-----------|
| 2015 Actuals | \$93,702 |
| 2016 Actuals | \$315,293 |
| 2017 Actuals | \$602,173 |
| 2018 Actuals | \$886,653 |
| 2019 Board Approved | \$359,404 |
| 2019 Actuals (Provisional) | \$750,209 |
| 2020 Bridge Year | \$0 |
| 2021 Test Year | \$0 |

- 3 Tables 4-54 and 4-55 below provide summary details behind the PILs calculations,
- 4 including adjustments to taxable income, for the years 2015 to 2021.
- 5 The Filing Requirements note that distributors must bring forward the balance tracked in
- 6 'Account 1592 PILs and Tax Variances CCA Changes' for review and disposition in
- 7 its current cost-based rate application, as well as future cost-based rate applications.
- 8 OPUCN confirms there is no balance in this account at the end of 2019. The calculation
- 9 of the 2019 amount was done on filing of 2019 tax return, which was after financial
- 10 statements for 2019 and related audit were finalised. OPUCN will bring forward the
- balance for review and disposition in future cost-based rate applications.

Table 4-54 – Tax Calculations 2015 – 2018

| Description | | 2015 Actuals | 2016 Actuals | 2017 Actuals | 2018 Actuals |
|--|-------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Net Income Before Taxes (Return on Equity) Tax Adjustments to Accounting Income | | 3,443 (3,179) | 5,026 (2,954) | 4,856 (1,900) | 5,984 (2,267) |
| Regulatory Taxable Income | Α | \$265 | \$2,072 | \$2,956 | \$3,718 |
| Ontario Income Taxes Income tax payable | B | 11.50% | 11.50% | 11.50% | 11.50% |
| | C = A * B | \$30 | \$238 | \$340 | \$428 |
| Ontario Small Business Threshold | D | \$500 | \$500 | \$500 | \$500 |
| Rate reduction | E | -7.00% | -7.00% | -7.00% | -7.00% |
| Ontario Small business credit | F = D * E | \$(35) | \$(35) | \$(35) | \$(35) |
| CMT & Other Adjustments | G $J = C + F + G$ | \$111 | \$(68) | \$(52) | \$33 |
| Ontario Income tax | | \$106 | \$135 | \$253 | \$426 |
| Combined Tax Rate and PILs Effective Ontario Tax Rate Federal tax rate Combined tax rate | K = J / A | 40.03% | 6.53% | 8.57% | 11.46% |
| | L | 15.00% | 15.00% | 15.00% | 15.00% |
| | M = L + L | 55.03% | 21.53% | 23.57% | 26.46% |
| Total Income Taxes | N = A * M | \$146 | \$446 | \$697 | \$984 |
| Investment Tax Credits Miscellaneous Tax Credits Total Tax Credits | O | \$43 | \$101 | \$64 | \$56 |
| | P | \$9 | \$29 | \$31 | \$41 |
| | Q = O + P | \$52 | \$131 | \$95 | \$97 |
| Corporate PILs/Income Tax Expense for Year | R = N - Q | \$94 | \$315 | \$602 | \$887 |

Tax Adjustments to Accounting Income

| Additions: | | | | |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Amortization of tangible assets | 4,393 | 4,437 | 4,362 | 4,982 |
| Amortization of MIFRS PP&E Deferral Account | (595) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 30 | 30 | 30 | 0 |
| Loss on disposal of assets | 106 | 422 | 514 | 353 |
| Charitable donations | 13 | 7 | 5 | 5 |
| Scientific research expenditures deducted | 116 | 105 | 260 | 297 |
| Non-deductible meals and entertainment exp | 12 | 15 | 16 | 14 |
| Reserves from FS - balance at end of year | 11,941 | 12,086 | 12,473 | 12,851 |
| ITC's recorded for accounting (PY Reversal) | 36 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Non-deductible penalties | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| ITC's and other | 57 | 14 | 39 | 42 |
| Total Additions | 16,109 | 17,122 | 17,700 | 18,543 |
| Deductions: | | | | |
| Capital cost allowance from Schedule 8 | 6,895 | 7,379 | 7,093 | 7,701 |
| Scientific research expenses claimed in year | 90 | 540 | 158 | 230 |
| Reserves from FS - Bal at beginning of year | 12,192 | 11,941 | 12,086 | 12,473 |
| Interest capitalized for accounting deducted for tax | 110 | 216 | 264 | 405 |
| Total Deductions | 19,287 | 20,076 | 19,600 | 20,810 |
| Tax Adjustments to Accounting Income | (3,179) | (2,954) | (1,900) | (2,267) |

Table 4-55 – Tax Calculations 2019 – 2021

| Description | | 2019 Board Approved | 2019 Actuals ¹ | 2020 Bridge Year | 2021 Test Year |
|--|---------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| Net Income Before Taxes (Return on Equity) Tax Adjustments to Accounting Income | | 4,754 (3,153) | 5,963 (3,257) | 4,682 (5,352) | 5,026 (5,687) |
| Regulatory Taxable Income | Α | \$1,602 | \$2,706 | \$(670) | \$(661) |
| Ontario Income Taxes Income tax payable | B | 11.50% | 11.50% | 11.50% | 11.50% |
| | C = A * B | \$184 | \$311 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Ontario Small Business Threshold | D | \$500 | \$500 | \$500 | \$500 |
| Rate reduction | E | -7.00% | -7.00% | -7.00% | -7.00% |
| Ontario Small business credit | F = D * E | \$(35) | \$(35) | \$0 | \$0 |
| CMT & Other Adjustments | G | \$149 | \$97 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Ontario Income tax | J = C + F + G | | \$373 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Combined Tax Rate and PILs Effective Ontario Tax Rate Federal tax rate Combined tax rate | K = J / A | 9.31% | 13.79% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| | L | 15.00% | 15.00% | 15.00% | 15.00% |
| | M = L + L | 24.31% | 28.79% | 15.00% | 15.00% |
| Total Income Taxes | N = A * M | \$389 | \$779 | \$(100) | \$(99) |
| Investment Tax Credits Miscellaneous Tax Credits Total Tax Credits | O | \$14 | \$29 | \$60 | \$60 |
| | P | \$16 | \$0 | \$36 | \$36 |
| | Q = O + P | \$30 | \$29 | \$96 | \$96 |
| Corporate PILs/Income Tax Expense for Year | R = N - Q | \$359 | \$750 | \$0 | \$0 |

| Tax Adjustments to Accounting Income | (3,153) | (3,257) | (5,352) | (5,687) |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Total Deductions | 22,053 | 21,775 | 24,866 | 25,410 |
| Interest capitalized for accounting deducted for tax | 73 | 357 | 303 | 303 |
| Reserves from FS - Bal at beginning of year | 12,890 | 12,851 | 12,995 | 12,995 |
| Scientific research expenses claimed in year | 0 | 0 | 194 | 194 |
| Capital cost allowance from Schedule 8 | 9,089 | 8,567 | 11,374 | 11,918 |
| Deductions: | | | | |
| Total Additions | 18,900 | 18,518 | 19,514 | 19,723 |
| ITC's and other | 16 | 0 | (0) | 5 |
| Non-deductible penalties | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ITC's recorded for accounting (PY Reversal) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Reserves from FS - balance at end of year | 13,096 | 12,995 | 12,995 | 12,995 |
| Non-deductible meals and entertainment exp | 13 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| Scientific research expenditures deducted | 0 | 0 | 279 | 279 |
| Charitable donations | 0 | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Loss on disposal of assets | 381 | (200) | 278 | 278 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 0 | 83 | 83 | 83 |
| Amortization of MIFRS PP&E Deferral Account | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Amortization of tangible assets | 5,393 | 5,620 | 5,860 | 6,068 |
| Additions: | | | | |

- 1 Tables 4-56 to 4-58 provide details behind the calculation of Capital Cost Allowance
- 2 ("CCA") for each of the years 2015 through to 2021.

TABLE 4-56 – CCA CALCULATIONS 2015 – 2017 ACTUAL

2015 Actuals

3

| | | UCC | | | | | Adj for | Adjusted UCC for | | | |
|-------|---|------------|------------|-------------|--------------|--------|-------------|---------------------|--------|-----------|-------------|
| CCA | | Opening | | | Proceeds of | AIIP | 50% Rule | CCA | | | UCC Closing |
| Class | Description | Balance | Additions | Adjustments | Dispositions | Factor | or AIIP | Calculation | CCA % | CCA | Balance |
| 1 | Buildings, distr equipment | 37,045,639 | 0 | | | | 0 | 37,045,639 | 4.0% | 1,481,826 | 35,563,814 |
| 8 | Office Equip, other machinery & Eqiup., leasehold | 797,974 | 605,304 | | | | (302,652) | 1,100,626 | 20.0% | 220,125 | 1,183,153 |
| 10 | Rolling stock, computer hardware | 925,753 | 500,300 | | | | (250, 150) | 1,175,902 | 30.0% | 352,771 | 1,073,282 |
| 10.1 | Chevrolet Volt | 9,184 | 0 | | | | 0 | 9,184 | 30.0% | 2,755 | 6,429 |
| 12 | Computer software | 41,499 | 289,870 | | | | (144,935) | 186,434 | 100.0% | 186,436 | 144,933 |
| 13 | Leasehold Improvements | 330,305 | 113,225 | | | | (8,088) | 435,442 | | 89,271 | 354,259 |
| 42 | Fibre optics | 23,190 | 0 | | | | 0 | 23,190 | 12.0% | 2,783 | 20,408 |
| 45 | Computer hardware- accelerated | 1,908 | 0 | | | | 0 | 1,908 | 45.0% | 859 | 1,049 |
| 45.1 | Computers-1921 | 892 | 0 | | | | 0 | 892 | 55.0% | 401 | 491 |
| 47 | Transmission/distribution Equip. | 50,728,145 | 10,342,599 | (216,641) | | | (5,062,979) | 55,791,124 | 8.0% | 4,463,290 | 56,390,813 |
| 50 | Gen. Purpose DP equip/sw | 143,257 | 56,032 | | | | (28,016) | 171,273 | 55.0% | 94,200 | 105,089 |
| Total | | 90,047,747 | 11,907,329 | (216,641) | 0 | | (5,796,820) | 95,941,615 | | 6,894,717 | 94,843,718 |

2016 Actuals

| CCA | | UCC | | | December of | AIIP | Adj for 50% Rule | Adjusted UCC for | | | UCC Closing |
|-------|---|--------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------------------------|------|---------------------|---------------------|--------|-----------|-------------|
| Class | Description | Opening Balance | Additions | Adjustments | Proceeds of Dispositions | | or AIIP | CCA Calculation | CCA % | CCA | Balance |
| 1 | Buildings, distr equipment | 35,563,814 | 0 | - | | | 0 | 35,563,814 | 4.0% | 1,422,553 | 34,141,262 |
| 8 | Office Equip, other machinery & Eqiup., leasehold | 1,183,153 | 231,923 | | | | (115,961) | 1,299,114 | 20.0% | 259,823 | 1,155,253 |
| 10 | Rolling stock, computer hardware | 1,073,282 | 92,691 | | | | (46,346) | 1,119,627 | 30.0% | 335,888 | 830,084 |
| 10.1 | Chevrolet Volt | 6,429 | 0 | | | | 0 | 6,429 | 30.0% | 1,929 | 4,500 |
| 12 | Computer software | 144,933 | 476,569 | | | | (238,285) | 383,218 | 100.0% | 383,218 | 238,285 |
| 13 | Leasehold Improvements | 354,259 | | | | | 0 | 354,259 | | 97,358 | 256,901 |
| 42 | Fibre optics | 20,408 | 0 | | | | 0 | 20,408 | 12.0% | 2,449 | 17,959 |
| 45 | Computer hardware- accelerated | 1,049 | 0 | | | | 0 | 1,049 | 45.0% | 472 | 577 |
| 45.1 | Computers-1921 | 491 | 0 | | | | 0 | 491 | 55.0% | 221 | 270 |
| 47 | Transmission/distribution Equip. | 56,390,813 | 7,020,610 | | 7,875 | | (3,506,368) | 59,897,181 | 8.0% | 4,791,774 | 58,611,774 |
| 50 | Gen. Purpose DP equip/sw | 105,089 | 74,704 | | | | (37,352) | 142,441 | 55.0% | 78,342 | 101,450 |
| 13.1 | | 0 | 50,601 | | | | (5,060) | 45,541 | | 5,060 | 45,541 |
| Total | | 94,843,718 | 7,947,097 | 0 | 7,875 | | (3,949,371) | 98,833,570 | | 7,379,087 | 95,403,854 |

2017 Actuals

| 2017 A | J. G. | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|---|------------|------------|-------------|--------------|--------|-------------|----------------|--------|-----------|-------------|
| | | UCC | | | | | Adj for | Adjusted | | | |
| CCA | | Opening | | | Proceeds of | AIIP | 50% Rule | UCC for CCA | | | UCC Closing |
| | S | | A .1 .100 | A -1: | | | | | 004.0/ | | - |
| Class | Description | Balance | Additions | Adjustments | Dispositions | Factor | or AIIP | Calculation | CCA % | CCA | Balance |
| 1 | Buildings, distr equipment | 34,141,262 | | | | | 0 | 34,141,262 | 4.0% | 1,365,650 | 32,775,611 |
| 8 | Office Equip, other machinery & Eqiup., leasehold | 1,155,253 | 219,897 | | | | (109,949) | 1,265,201 | 20.0% | 253,040 | 1,122,109 |
| 10 | Rolling stock, computer hardware | 830,084 | 503,173 | | 35,891 | | (233,641) | 1,063,725 | 30.0% | 319,118 | 978,249 |
| 10.1 | Chevrolet Volt | 4,500 | 0 | | | | 0 | 4,500 | 30.0% | 1,350 | 3,150 |
| 12 | Computer software | 238,285 | 272,237 | (238, 285) | | | (136,119) | 136,118 | 100.0% | 136,118 | 136,119 |
| 13 | Leasehold Improvements | 256,901 | | (1,382) | | | 0 | 255,519 | | 69,502 | 186,017 |
| 42 | Fibre optics | 17,959 | | | | | 0 | 17,959 | 12.0% | 2,155 | 15,804 |
| 45 | Computer hardware- accelerated | 577 | | | | | 0 | 577 | 45.0% | 260 | 317 |
| 45.1 | Computers-1921 | 270 | | | | | 0 | 270 | 55.0% | 122 | 148 |
| 47 | Transmission/distribution Equip. | 58,611,774 | 9,248,535 | 238,285 | | | (4,624,268) | 63,474,326 | 8.0% | 4,858,724 | 63,239,870 |
| 50 | Gen. Purpose DP equip/sw | 101,450 | 76,501 | | | | (38,251) | 139,701 | 55.0% | 76,835 | 101,116 |
| 13.1 | | 45,541 | | | | | 0 | 45,541 | | 10,120 | 35,421 |
| Total | | 95,403,854 | 10,320,343 | (1,382) | 35,891 | | (5,142,226) | 100,544,698 | | 7,092,995 | 98,593,930 |

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 88 of 133

TABLE 4-57 – CCA CALCULATIONS 2018 – 2019 ACTUAL

2018 Actuals

1

| | | | | | | | | A discrete d | | | |
|-------|---|------------|------------|-------------|--------------|--------|-------------|---------------------|--------|-----------|-------------|
| | | UCC | | | | | Adj for | Adjusted UCC for | | | |
| CCA | | Opening | | | Proceeds of | AIIP | 50% Rule | CCA | | | UCC Closing |
| Class | Description | Balance | Additions | Adjustments | Dispositions | Factor | or AIIP | Calculation | CCA % | CCA | Balance |
| 1 | Buildings, distr equipment | 32,775,611 | 0 | | | | 0 | 32,775,611 | 4.0% | 1,311,024 | 31,464,587 |
| 8 | Office Equip, other machinery & Eqiup., leasehold | 1,122,109 | 215,730 | | | | (107,865) | 1,229,974 | 20.0% | 245,995 | 1,091,845 |
| 10 | Rolling stock, computer hardware | 978,249 | 368,394 | | 33,661 | | (167,367) | 1,145,615 | 30.0% | 343,685 | 969,297 |
| 10.1 | Chevrolet Volt | 3,150 | 0 | | | | 0 | 3,150 | 30.0% | 945 | 2,205 |
| 12 | Computer software | 136,119 | 349,450 | | | | (174,725) | 310,843 | 100.0% | 310,843 | 174,725 |
| 13 | Leasehold Improvements | 186,017 | 0 | | | | 0 | 186,017 | | 41,644 | 144,373 |
| 42 | Fibre optics | 15,804 | 0 | | | | 0 | 15,804 | 12.0% | 1,896 | 13,907 |
| 45 | Computer hardware- accelerated | 317 | 0 | | | | 0 | 317 | 45.0% | 143 | 175 |
| 45.1 | Computers-1921 | 148 | 0 | | | | 0 | 148 | 55.0% | 67 | 81 |
| 47 | Transmission/distribution Equip. | 63,239,870 | 11,193,411 | (2,037,910) | | | (5,596,706) | 66,798,665 | 8.0% | 5,262,377 | 67,132,994 |
| 50 | Gen. Purpose DP equip/sw | 101,116 | 425,227 | | | | (212,613) | 313,729 | 55.0% | 172,551 | 353,792 |
| 13.1 | | 35,421 | | | | | 0 | 35,421 | | 10,120 | 25,301 |
| Total | | 98,593,930 | 12,552,212 | (2,037,910) | 33,661 | | (6,259,275) | 102,815,295 | | 7,701,291 | 101,373,279 |

2019 Actuals

| 2013 A | naaio | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|---|-------------|------------|-------------|--------------|--------|---------------------|---------------------|--------|------------|-------------|
| CCA | | UCC | | | B | AIIP | Adj for 50% Rule | Adjusted UCC for | | | UCC Closing |
| | | Opening | | | Proceeds of | | | CCA | | | - |
| Class | Description | Balance | Additions | Adjustments | Dispositions | Factor | or AIIP | Calculation | CCA % | CCA | Balance |
| 1 | Buildings, distr equipment | 31,464,587 | 0 | | | | 0 | 31,464,587 | 4.0% | 1,258,583 | 30,206,003 |
| 8 | Office Equip, other machinery & Eqiup., leasehold | 1,091,845 | 343,614 | | | 50.0% | 171,807 | 1,607,266 | 20.0% | 321,453 | 1,114,005 |
| 10 | Rolling stock, computer hardware | 969,297 | 340,672 | | 14,400 | 50.0% | 163,136 | 1,458,706 | 30.0% | 437,612 | 857,958 |
| 10.1 | Chevrolet Volt | 2,205 | 0 | | | | 0 | 2,205 | 30.0% | 662 | 1,544 |
| 12 | Computer software | 174,725 | 175,658 | | | | (87,829) | 262,554 | 100.0% | 262,554 | 87,829 |
| 13 | Leasehold Improvements | 144,373 | 0 | | | 0.0% | 0 | 144,373 | | 41,644 | 102,729 |
| 42 | Fibre optics | 13,907 | 0 | | | | 0 | 13,907 | 12.0% | 1,669 | 12,238 |
| 45 | Computer hardware- accelerated | 175 | 0 | | | | 0 | 175 | 45.0% | 78 | 97 |
| 45.1 | Computers-1921 | 81 | 0 | | | | 0 | 81 | 55.0% | 67 | 14 |
| 47 | Transmission/distribution Equip. | 67,132,994 | 22,228,401 | (356,953) | | 50.0% | 10,935,724 | 99,940,167 | 8.0% | 7,913,697 | 81,090,745 |
| 50 | Gen. Purpose DP equip/sw | 353,792 | 148,154 | | | 50.0% | 74,077 | 576,022 | 55.0% | 316,812 | 185,133 |
| 13.1 | | 25,301 | 0 | | | | 0 | 25,301 | | 10,120 | 15,181 |
| Total | | 101,373,279 | 23,236,499 | (356,953) | 14,400 | | 11,256,915 | 135,495,341 | | 10,564,951 | 113,673,475 |

TABLE 4-58 -CCA CALCULATIONS 2020 BRIDGE & 2021 TEST YEARS

2020 Bridge Year

1 2

3 4

5

| | | UCC | | | | | Adj for | Adjusted UCC for | | | |
|-------|---|-------------|------------|-------------|--------------|--------|-----------|---------------------|--------|------------|-------------|
| CCA | | Opening | | | Proceeds of | AIIP | 50% Rule | CCA | | | UCC Closing |
| Class | Description | Balance | Additions | Adjustments | Dispositions | Factor | or AIIP | Calculation | CCA % | CCA | Balance |
| 1 | Buildings, distr equipment | 30,206,003 | 0 | | | | 0 | 30,206,003 | 4.0% | 1,208,240 | 28,997,763 |
| 8 | Office Equip, other machinery & Eqiup., leasehold | 1,114,005 | 310,000 | | | 50.0% | 155,000 | 1,579,005 | 20.0% | 315,801 | 1,108,204 |
| 10 | Rolling stock, computer hardware | 857,958 | 545,000 | | | 50.0% | 272,500 | 1,675,458 | 30.0% | 502,637 | 900,320 |
| 10.1 | Chevrolet Volt | 1,544 | 0 | | | | 0 | 1,544 | 30.0% | 463 | 1,080 |
| 12 | Computer software | 87,829 | 300,000 | | | | (150,000) | 237,829 | 100.0% | 237,829 | 150,000 |
| 13 | Leasehold Improvements | 102,729 | 280,000 | | | 0.0% | (140,000) | 242,729 | | 40,455 | 342,274 |
| 42 | Fibre optics | 12,238 | 0 | | | | 0 | 12,238 | 12.0% | 1,469 | 10,770 |
| 45 | Computer hardware- accelerated | 97 | 0 | | | | 0 | 97 | 45.0% | 43 | 53 |
| 45.1 | Computers-1921 | 14 | 0 | | | | 0 | 14 | 55.0% | 6 | 8 |
| 47 | Transmission/distribution Equip. | 81,090,745 | 14,186,154 | (302,683) | | 50.0% | 6,941,736 | 101,915,953 | 8.0% | 8,153,276 | 86,820,941 |
| 50 | Gen. Purpose DP equip/sw | 185,133 | 971,500 | | | 50.0% | 485,750 | 1,642,383 | 55.0% | 903,311 | 253,322 |
| 13.1 | | 15,181 | 0 | | | | 0 | 15,181 | | 10,120 | 5,061 |
| Total | | 113,673,475 | 16,592,654 | (302,683) | 0 | | 7,564,986 | 137,528,433 | | 11,373,651 | 118,589,796 |

2021 Test Year

| CCA Class | Description | UCC Opening Balance | Additions | Adjustments | Proceeds of Dispositions | | Adj for 50% Rule or AIIP | Adjusted UCC for CCA Calculation | CCA % | CCA | UCC Closing Balance |
|--------------|---|---------------------------|------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------------|---|--------|------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Buildings, distr equipment | 28,997,763 | 0 | | | | 0 | 28,997,763 | 4.0% | 1,159,911 | 27,837,853 |
| 8 | Office Equip, other machinery & Eqiup., leasehold | 1,108,204 | 150,000 | | | 50.0% | 75,000 | 1,333,204 | 20.0% | 266,641 | 991,563 |
| 10 | Rolling stock, computer hardware | 900,320 | 530,000 | | | 50.0% | 265,000 | 1,695,320 | 30.0% | 508,596 | 921,724 |
| 10.1 | Chevrolet Volt | 1,080 | 0 | | | | 0 | 1,080 | 30.0% | 324 | 756 |
| 12 | Computer software | 150,000 | 200,000 | | | | (100,000) | 250,000 | 100.0% | 250,000 | 100,000 |
| 13 | Leasehold Improvements | 342,274 | 100,000 | | | 0.0% | (50,000) | 392,274 | | 65,379 | 376,895 |
| 42 | Fibre optics | 10,770 | 0 | | | | 0 | 10,770 | 12.0% | 1,292 | 9,477 |
| 45 | Computer hardware- accelerated | 53 | 0 | | | | 0 | 53 | 45.0% | 24 | 29 |
| 45.1 | Computers-1921 | 8 | 0 | | | | 0 | 8 | 55.0% | 4 | 3 |
| 47 | Transmission/distribution Equip. | 86,820,941 | 12,057,464 | (302,683) | | 50.0% | 5,877,391 | 104,453,113 | 8.0% | 8,356,249 | 90,219,473 |
| 50 | Gen. Purpose DP equip/sw | 253,322 | 1,412,000 | | | 50.0% | 706,000 | 2,371,322 | 55.0% | 1,304,227 | 361,095 |
| 13.1 | | 5,061 | 0 | | | | 0 | 5,061 | | 5,061 | (0) |
| Total | | 118,589,796 | 14,449,464 | (302,683) | 0 | | 6,773,391 | 139,509,969 | | 11,917,708 | 120,818,870 |

NON-RECOVERABLE AND DISALLOWED EXPENSES

There are no distribution-only expenses incurred by OPUCN that are deductible for general tax purposes, but for which recovery in 2021 distribution rates is partially or fully disallowed.

1 CONSERVATION AND DEMAND MANAGEMENT COSTS

2 CDM Costs

5

- 3 Funding for OPUCN's CDM activities is provided through the IESO. OPUCN is not
- 4 applying for a Board-Approved CDM program in this Application.

Lost Revenue Adjustment Mechanism

- 6 On March 21, 2019, the Minister of Energy directed the IESO to immediately discontinue
- 7 the 2015-2020 Conservation First Framework. The IESO has since notified LDCs that
- 8 they will no longer be providing verified results reporting. As such, OPUCN used
- 9 unverified results for the purposes of calculating the lost revenues associated with the
- 10 2018 and 2019 program implementation years. For clarity, both net savings and
- 11 persistence of said savings were calculated using assumptions provided by the IESO, via
- the 2018 Participation & Cost Report which included full year 2018 programs and 2019
- programs up to March 2019. The IESO report was filed with this Application.
- 14 OPUCN calculated the Account 1568 LRAMVA balance for the 2018 & 2019 program
- implementation years in accordance with the requirements set out and issued by the
- 16 Board.
- 17 The Guideline for Electricity Distributor Conservation and Demand Management (EB-
- 18 2012-0003) requires that the LRAMVA capture, at a customer rate-class level, the
- 19 difference between the following:
- i. The results of actual, verified impacts of authorized CDM activities undertaken by
- 21 electricity distributors for both Board-Approved CDM program and OPA-
- 22 Contracted Province-Wide CDM programs in relation to activities undertaken by
- the distributor and/or delivered for the distributor by a third party under contract (in
- the distributor's franchise area); and
- 25 ii. The level of CDM program activities included in the distributor's load forecast (i.e.
- the level embedded into rates).

- 1 The LRAM amount is determined by applying, by customer class, the distributor's Board
- 2 approved variable distribution charge applicable to that class to the volumetric variance
- 3 (positive or negative) described above.
- 4 Since its last Cost of Service rate application, OPUCN has once received Board approval
- 5 to recover LRAM amounts as part of its 2020 IRM rate application (EB-2019-0062). As
- 6 part of this application, OPUCN had a net payable in the amount of \$50,225. This amount
- 7 represented lost revenues associated with the 2015 to 2017 programs, including their
- 8 persistence up to the end of 2017.
- 9 OPUCN has used the most recent input assumptions when calculating LRAM amounts
- and has utilized the most recent information made available by the IESO.
- 11 The amount requested for recovery in this application includes lost revenue that is
- 12 attributable to the 2018-2019 program implementation years, as well as, their persistent
- savings in 2018 and 2019. Also included in this application are the applicable carrying
- charges up to December 31, 2019. For clarity, only the carrying charges for the 2018-
- 15 2019 implementation years have been included. All carrying charges were calculated
- 16 using simple interest applied to the monthly opening principle balance using the
- 17 prescribed interest rates approved by the Board. LRAMVA balance was calculated using
- the Program Participation & Cost Report from the IESO for savings in the period of
- January 1, 2018 to April 15, 2019. As well as, Final Verified Annual Report for 2017 for
- the persistence savings from prior years to the end of December 31, 2019. Both reports
- 21 from the IESO are filed in excel format with this application. OPUCN has relied on the
- 22 most recent input assumptions available at the time of program evaluation.
- 23 As outlined in Table 4-59 below, the balance of Account 1568 LRAMVA is \$159,248 and
- 24 it is being requested for recovery via rate riders over a 12 month period. The impacts to
- each rate class are detailed in Table 4-60.

TABLE 4-59 – USOA 1568 – LRAMVA ACCOUNT BALANCE

| Customer Class | Billing Unit | Principal (\$) | Carrying Charges (\$) | Total LRAMVA (\$) |
|---------------------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Residential | kWh | \$113,083 | -\$3,790 | \$109,293 |
| GS<50 kW | kWh | \$13,553 | -\$684 | \$12,869 |
| GS 50 to 999 kW (I1 & I4) | kW | -\$195,370 | -\$1,838 | -\$197,208 |
| GS 1,000 to 4,999 kW (I2) | kW | \$16,728 | -\$2,054 | \$14,674 |
| Large Use (I3) | kW | -\$16,072 | -\$145 | -\$16,217 |
| Street Lighting | kW | \$217,365 | \$22,834 | \$240,199 |
| USL | kWh | -\$4,252 | -\$51 | -\$4,303 |
| Sentinel Lights | kW | -\$59 | -\$1 | -\$60 |
| Total | | \$144,976 | \$14,271 | \$159,248 |

12

\$ \$

159,248

TABLE 4-60 - USOA 1568 - LRAMVA RATE RIDER

Rate Rider Calculation for Accounts 1568

Please indicate the Rate Rider Recovery Period (in months)

| Rate Class (Enter Rate Classes in cells below) | Units | kW / kWh / # of Customers | Account 1568 Balance | | Rate Rider for Account 1568 |
|---|----------------|------------------------------|----------------------|---------|--------------------------------|
| RESIDENTIAL SERVICE CLASSIFICATION | # of Customers | 56,190 | \$ | 109,293 | 0.1621 |
| GENERAL SERVICE LESS THAN 50 KW SE | kWh | 128,706,195 | \$ | 12,869 | 0.0001 |
| GENERAL SERVICE 50 TO 999 KW SERVI | kW | 825,711 | -\$ | 197,208 | - 0.2388 |
| GENERAL SERVICE 1,000 TO 4,999 KW S | kW | 182,480 | \$ | 14,674 | 0.0804 |
| LARGE USE SERVICE CLASSIFICATION | kW | 86,319 | -\$ | 16,217 | - 0.1879 |
| UNMETERED SCATTERED LOAD SERVICE | kWh | 2,506,367 | -\$ | 4,303 | - 0.0017 |
| SENTINEL LIGHTING SERVICE CLASSIFIC | kW | 81 | -\$ | 60 | - 0.7409 |
| STREET LIGHTING SERVICE CLASSIFICA | kW | 12,698 | \$ | 240,199 | 18.9166 |
| | | - | \$ | - | - |
| | | - | \$ | - | - |
| | | - | \$ | - | - |
| | | - | \$ | - | - |
| | | - | \$ | - | - |
| | | - | \$ | - | - |
| | | - | \$ | - | - |
| | | I | ۱ 🗻 | | |

The LRAMVA calculation accounts for, at a customer rate class level the difference between actual verified (or unverified for 2018 and 2019 years) savings received via the IESO's results report to the level of savings (CDM Adjustments) included in the distributor's approved load forecast. OPUCN is requesting disposition of the LRAMVA over a one year period beginning January 1, 2021. Disposition of the LRAMVA balance is requested in order to dispose of all CFF-related LRAMVA balances as part of this 2021 rate application. As part of OPUCN's last COS rate application (EB-2014-0101), the

1

2

4 5

6

7

8

Total

9 10

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 93 of 133

- 1 effects of CDM activities were adjusted for and included in the load forecast. For more
- 2 information on the rate rider, please refer to Exhibit 9 of this Application.
- 3 As previously mentioned in the absence of verified results reporting for the 2018 program
- 4 implementation year, OPUCN has calculated the lost revenue for 2018 and 2019 using
- 5 unverified results and persistence values provided by the IESO, via their Participation &
- 6 Cost Report. OPUCN applied a KWH to KW factor to determine the demand savings. The
- 7 factor was based on historical KWH to KW conversation rates calculated from verified
- 8 IESO reports. Forecasted CDM savings from the 2015-2019 load forecast were approved
- 9 by the OEB in OPUCN's last COS rate application (EB-2014-0101).
- 10 When allocating savings from individual CDM programs to various rate classes, there are
- 11 two situations that exist. The first involves CDM programs that are only available to
- 12 customers who reside in a particular rate class; the second involves CDM programs
- where eligibility spans multiple rate classes. In instances where CDM programs are only
- 14 available to customers who reside in a particular rate class, OPUCN allocated all savings
- which resulted from said programs to the individual classes. Where CDM program
- eligibility spans multiple rate classes, OPUCN reviews a list of all completed applications
- by program and determines which rate class each application belongs to, by verifying
- 18 customer name and address to the Customer Information System. The application's rate
- 19 class is noted and, a pivot table is created from the data which summarizes the rate
- 20 classes. The savings (kW or kWh, based on rate class) are then allocated to each rate
- 21 class based on the percentage of the total savings for the program.
- 22 OPUCN can determine the revenue lost by rate class by applying these rates against the
- 23 persistent savings which have been allocated by class. A live excel version of the 2021
- 24 Generic LRAMVA Workform has been filed with this Application.

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 94 of 133

sent by email only

Phone: (519) 579-1255

APPENDIX 4-1 – ACTUARIAL REPORT ON POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2019



January 23, 2020

Oshawa ON L1H 7M7

Phil Martin
Vice President, Finance and Regulatory Compliance
Oshawa Power and Utilities Commission
100 Simcoe Street South

Dear Phil:

Re: 2019 Report for Accounting Purposes for Oshawa Power and Utilities

As requested, we have prepared extrapolations for 2019 expense purposes with respect to the Oshawa Power and Utilities Commission's (OPUC) post-employment benefits plan. A full valuation has been completed effective December 31, 2019. The previous valuation was completed effective December 31, 2018 and has been used for extrapolation during 2019.

We are pleased to confirm the following:

- We are aware that OPUC intends to use this work as audit evidence.
- I am a Fellow in good standing with the Canadian Institute of Actuaries (the CIA).
- c) We have been engaged by OPUC's management to prepare the disclosure information.
- d) Our work (the valuation and extrapolation) has been performed in accordance with the standards of the CIA and our understanding of IAS19R. Two columns are shown in the attached table: 2018 and 2019.
- e) The extrapolation includes all employee future benefit plans for which we have been retained.
- f) A materiality level of no higher than \$100,000 has been applied.
- g) No matters have come to our attention between the extrapolation date and the date of this report that would have a material effect on the results.
- We have included the effect of all known substantive commitments in our calculations.
- i) To the best of our knowledge, there were no events subsequent to the fiscal year end date and prior to the date of the report which would have a material impact on the results of the year-end disclosures
- j) We are not aware of any settlements or curtailments during the fiscal period;

- k) The following information outlines the plans and methods used to value them:
 - (i) The valuation performed on the plan was based on membership as summarized in the following tables:

| Age | | Active Employe | es | Average | Average |
|---------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|---------|-----------|
| Group | Male | Female | Total | Service | Life Ins. |
| Up to 25 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0.8 | 100,000 |
| 25 to 30 | 8 | 1 | 9 | 2.5 | 125,556 |
| 30 to 35 | 9 | 1 | 10 | 3.5 | 136,000 |
| 35 to 40 | 5 | 3 | 8 | 5.3 | 149,875 |
| 40 to 45 | 4 | 1 | 5 | 11.9 | 142,200 |
| 45 to 50 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 11.9 | 152,833 |
| 50 to 55 | 16 | 9 | 25 | 17.4 | 151,960 |
| 55 to 60 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 21.5 | 184,143 |
| 60 to 65 | <u>3</u> | 2 | <u>5</u> | 16.9 | 184,200 |
| Totals | 51 | 26 | 77 | 11.7 | 149,688 |
| | | | | | |
| Category 1 | 11 | 11 | 22 | 25.7 | |
| Category 2 | 5 | 3 | 8 | 14.3 | |
| Category 3 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 12.3 | |
| Category 4 | 24 | 7 | 31 | 3.7 | |
| Category 5 | <u>9</u> | <u>5</u> | <u>14</u> | 5.9 | |
| Totals | 51 | 26 | 77 | 11.7 | |
| | | | | | |
| Life Option 1 | 30 | 12 | 42 | | |
| Life Option 2 | 3 | 1 | 4 | | |
| Life Option 3 | 0 | 2 | 2 | | |
| Life Option 4 | <u>18</u> | <u>11</u> | 29 | | |
| Totals | 51 | 26 | 77 | | |



OPUC - January 23, 2020

| Age | Re | etired Employe | es | Average |
|------------|----------|----------------|----------|-----------|
| Group | Male | Female | Total | Life Ins. |
| 55 to 60 | 7 | 1 | 8 | 48,973 |
| 60 to 65 | 6 | 2 | 8 | 36,515 |
| 65 to 70 | 16 | 9 | 25 | 27,399 |
| 70 to 75 | 10 | 11 | 21 | 30,141 |
| 75 to 80 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 28,674 |
| 80 to 85 | 5 | 1 | 6 | 36,519 |
| 85 to 90 | 4 | 1 | 5 | 57,260 |
| 90 to 100 | 4 | <u>o</u> | 4 | 53,725 |
| Totals | 56 | 29 | 85 | 34,724 |
| Single | 2 | 5 | 7 | |
| Family | 54 | 24 | 78 | |
| Age | | Survivors | | |
| Group | Male | Female | Total | |
| 70 to 75 | 0 | 2 | 2 | |
| 75 to 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 80 to 85 | 0 | 4 | 4 | |
| 85 to 90 | 0 | 5 | 5 | |
| 90 to 95 | 0 | 4 | 4 | |
| 95 to 100 | 0 | 5 | 5 | |
| 100 to 105 | <u>0</u> | <u>1</u> | <u>1</u> | |
| Totals | 0 | 21 | 21 | |

(ii) Health and dental claims for the retirees for three years (October 1, 2016-September 30, 2017; January 1, 2018-December 31, 2018; January 1, 2019-December 31, 2019) (prior to loads) were used to establish anticipated claims for valuation purposes; January 1, 2019 to December 31, 2019 (current claims) (prior to loads) were \$325,479. Claims were trended to the valuation date with most recent claims receiving the highest weighting. Current claims were divided by the retiree exposures, and administration and tax loads were added, and adjusted relative to the anticipated claims, to establish the following projected monthly claims costs for 2019. (Administration and tax loads for 2020 total 23.1%.)

| | Single | Family |
|-----------------|--------|--------|
| Health under 65 | 115.68 | 231.36 |
| Health 65 + | 121.64 | 243.28 |
| Dental under 65 | 71.84 | 143.68 |
| Dental 65+ | 45.56 | 91.12 |



- (iii) Plan Provisions summary (we are not aware of any changes since our prior report):
 - Life insurance benefits are provided to employees who retire under the following circumstances:
 - Employees who retire under Plan Option 1 receive an insurance benefit
 of \$2,000 payable on the retiree's death. If they retire with more than
 10 years of service, the insurance benefit would be equal to 50% of final
 annual earnings.
 - Employees who retire under Plan Option 2, 3, or 4 receive an insurance benefit equal to 50% of final annual earnings, reducing by 2.5% per year to an ultimate benefit of 25% of final earnings.
 - Supplemental health (drugs, vision, semi-private hospital, and extended health services), and dental benefits are provided to retirees under the following circumstances:
 - Category 1 employees are provided lifetime health and dental benefits;
 surviving spouses are covered for the survivor's lifetime.
 - Category 2 employees who retire with a minimum of 20 years of continuous service receive lifetime health benefits and dental benefits to age 65; surviving spouses receive lifetime health benefits and dental benefits payable to the employee's age 65.
 - Category 3 employees who retire with a minimum of 25 years of continuous service receive lifetime health benefits and dental benefits to age 65; surviving spouses receive lifetime health benefits and dental benefits to the employee's age 65.
 - Category 4 employees who retire with at least 25 years of continuous service receive health benefits and dental benefits to age 65; surviving spouses receive health and dental benefits for two years. Benefits are 80% paid by OPUC and 20% paid by the retiree.
 - Category 5 employees are not eligible for post-employment health and dental benefits.
 - Dispensing fee payments are assumed limited to \$12.99.



(iv) The following summarizes the assumptions used:

- A discount rate of 3.10% per year is used to value benefits as at December 31, 2019. A discount rate 3.90% per year is used for the extrapolation from January 1, 2019 to December 31, 2019. The single discount rate is the rate, rounded to the nearest 0.05%, that duplicates the plan's obligations determined using the Fiera Capital/CIA yield curve as at December 31, 2019.
- Returns on invested funds are moot as the plan is not funded.
- Salary growth rate 3.0% per year.
- Inflation 2.0% per year.
- Mortality is on the basis of the CIA Public Sector Mortality Table (CPM2014Publ) projected on a generational basis using CPM Improvement Scale B; no size band adjustments are included.
- Termination of employment is assumed using the Ontario Light termination rates with no termination after the attainment of age 55.
- Age nearest birthday for current age.
- Retirement is assumed to occur at the later of age 60 and current age plus one year.
- Non-retired members are assumed to be 85% married at retirement with male spouses 3-years older than female spouses. Retired member's actual spousal status is used.
- Health care costs are presumed to increase 7% in the year following the
 valuation, this rate decreasing each year to an ultimate rate of 4% after 6 years.
 Dental costs are presumed to increase at 4% per year, beginning in the year
 following the valuation. The dispensing fee portion of these costs is limited to
 the current assumed \$12.99 maximum.
- No provision for disability is included.
- The cost method is the accrued benefit method with projected benefits prorated by service.
- Attribution age is the age at which benefits could, with continued future service, become available (i.e. attainment of age 55 and service requirements).



· The following table shows a sample of the mortality and termination rates:

| | CPM20 | Light | |
|-----|---------|-------------|-------|
| | Mortali | Termination | |
| Age | Male | Female | Rate |
| 25 | 0.00100 | 0.00024 | 0.100 |
| 30 | 0.00111 | 0.00030 | 0.056 |
| 35 | 0.00111 | 0.00042 | 0.032 |
| 40 | 0.00126 | 0.00060 | 0.022 |
| 45 | 0.00176 | 0.00086 | 0.017 |
| 50 | 0.00246 | 0.00128 | 0.012 |
| 55 | 0.00363 | 0.00206 | |
| 60 | 0.00531 | 0.00348 | |
| 65 | 0.00762 | 0.00558 | |
| 70 | 0.01169 | 0.00880 | |
| 75 | 0.01999 | 0.01459 | |
| 80 | 0.03735 | 0.02711 | |
| 85 | 0.07217 | 0.05316 | |

The attached table provides details of the 2019 disclosure; 2018 amounts are included for comparison purposes.

Should you require additional information or additional calculations, please contact us.

Sincerely,

Harish Pawagi

Fellow, Society of Actuaries

Fellow, Canadian Institute of Actuaries

harish.pawagi@mondelis.com

Direct: 519-804-2896

Att.



| Oshawa PUC | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Fiscal Year | 2018 | 2019 |
| Discount rate at start of period | 3.40% | 3.90% |
| Discount rate at end of period | 3.90% | 3.10% |
| Interest rate on assets | N/A | N/A |
| EARSL Period | N/A | N/A |
| Reconcile Obligation | | |
| Obligation at start of year | 13,861,823 | 12,927,639 |
| Revaluation | 0 | 0 |
| Transfer | 0 | 0 |
| Plan amendments in year | 0 | 0 |
| Employer current service cost | 179,555 | 136,849 |
| Member contributions | 0 | 0 |
| Benefit payments | (451,307) | (500,983) |
| Interest on obligation | 466,682 | 497,077 |
| Obligation at end of year | 14,056,753 | 13,060,582 |
| Actual obligations at end of year | 12,927,639 | 13,120,829 |
| (Gain)/Loss recognized at end of year | (1,129,114) | 60,247 |
| Reconcile Plan Funds | | |
| Asset at start of period | 0 | 0 |
| Employer contributions | 451,307 | 500,983 |
| Benefit payments | (451,307) | (500,983) |
| Fund earnings | <u>o</u> | <u>o</u> |
| Asset at end of period | 0 | 0 |
| Expense | | |
| Current service cost | 179,555 | 136,849 |
| Interest on obligation | 466,682 | 497,077 |
| Interest on assets | 0 | 0 |
| Amortize transition amount | 0 | 0 |
| Amortize plan improvements | 0 | 0 |
| Amortize gains and losses | <u>0</u> | <u>0</u> |
| Expense | 646,237 | 633,926 |
| Transition obligation (asset) | | |
| Transition amount at start of period | 0 | 0 |
| Amortization during period | <u>o</u> | <u>o</u> |
| Transition amount at end of period | 0 | 0 |



| Oshawa PUC | | |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Fiscal Year | 2018 | 2019 |
| Prior service costs | | |
| Unamortized amount at start if period | 0 | 0 |
| Past service in period | 0 | 0 |
| Amortization during period | <u>0</u> | <u>0</u> |
| Unamortized amount at end of period | 0 | 0 |
| Actuarial (gains) & losses | | |
| Unamortized amount at start | 0 | 0 |
| 10% Window | N/A | N/A |
| Amount subject to amortization | N/A | N/A |
| (Gain) or Loss in period | (1,129,114) | 60,247 |
| Amortization during period | (1,129,114) | 60,247 |
| Unamortized (gain)/loss at end | 0 | 0 |
| Balance sheet asset (liability) | | |
| Amount at start of period | (13,861,823) | (12,927,639) |
| Expense in period | (646,237) | (633,926) |
| Employer contribution | 451,307 | 500,983 |
| Recognize gains/(losses) | 1,129,114 | (60,247) |
| Amount at end of period | (12,927,639) | (13,120,829) |
| Reconcile funded status | | |
| Benefit obligation at end of period | 12,927,639 | 13,120,829 |
| Asset value at end of period | <u>0</u> | <u>0</u> |
| Funded status - surplus (deficit) | (12,927,639) | (13,120,829) |
| Unamortized transition obligation (asset) | 0 | 0 |
| Unamortized prior service costs | 0 | 0 |
| Unamortized (gains) & losses | <u>0</u> | <u>0</u> |
| Balance sheet asset (liability) | (12,927,639) | (13,120,829) |



| Oshawa PUC Fiscal Year | 2018 | 2019 |
|--|------|--------------------------|
| Sensitivity Testing: Obligation at end of fiscal year: | | 13,120,829 |
| Change with 1.0% lower discount rate Change with 1.0% higher discount rate | | 2,337,000 (1,828,000) |
| Change with 1.0% lower trend rate Change with 1.0% higher trend rate | | (1,390,000) 1,724,000 |
| Change with 1 yr greater life expectancy Change with 1 yr lower life expectancy | | 443,000 (381,000) |
| Projected Benefit Payments | | |
| In 1st year following fiscal year | | 484,000 |
| In 2nd year following fiscal year | | 517,000 |
| In 3rd year following fiscal year | | 527,000 |
| In 4th year following fiscal year | | 538,000 |
| In 5th year following fiscal year In 6th through 10th year following fiscal | | 552,000 |
| year | | 2,966,000 |



Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 103 of 133

APPENDIX 4-2 - CORPORATE PURCHASING POLICY



| Title | Purchasing Policy |
|------------------|---|
| Policy # | PU-1101 |
| Policy Area | Finance and Administration |
| Date | March 31, 2017 |
| Previous Date | May 6, 2006 |
| Related Policies | Signing Authority Policy/Credit Card Policy/Travel Policy |



Contents

| Purchasing Policy | 3 |
|---|---|
| Purpose | 3 |
| Scope | 3 |
| Procedures & Responsibilities for all OPUC Departments | 4 |
| Method of Purchase Requirements & Approval Authority Levels | 4 |
| Single Source | 4 |
| Purchase Orders | 5 |
| Waiver of Purchase Orders | 5 |
| Budget | 5 |
| Non-Budgeted Purchases | 6 |
| Delegation of Approval Limits | 6 |
| Exceptions to Approval Levels | 7 |
| Use of Annual or Blanket Purchase Orders | 7 |
| Consulting and Service Agreements | 8 |
| Exceptions | |

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 105 of 133



Purchasing Policy

Finance and Administration is responsible for the acquisition of quality goods and services in support of the operations of Oshawa Power and Utilities and its subsidiaries ("OPUC" or the "Company"). Unless otherwise delegated by the Board of Directors or the President and CEO, the purchasing process, as outlined here, is administered in accordance with the Company's Mission Statement, Corporate Objectives, this directive, the Company's Professional Image and and Conduct Policy (CO-0109), and other related policies.

Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to:

- Promote OPUC's accountability in its use of funds for the acquisition of goods and services;
- Establish guidelines to which all OPUC departments must adhere in acquiring goods and services;
- Outline the role and responsibility of the Purchasing and Supply Chain Management
 Department, reporting under Finance and Administration, in assisting departments to
 acquire, appropriate, high quality goods and services that meet OPUC's immediate and
 long-term needs at the best overall value;
- Define the responsibility of all OPUC employees involved in the purchasing process; and
- Endorse sustainable and environmentally responsible procurement practices, wherever feasible.

Scope

All purchasing documents prepared by, or on behalf of OPUC, are subject to the conditions and terms outlined in this policy and all related policies. These policies apply to all purchases made by OPUC, with the following exceptions (unless otherwise noted by law or agreement):

- Utilities (electricity, gas, water, etc.);
- Insurance, legal and audit fees;
- Investment services;
- Personnel services (benefits, wage and salary administration);
- Consulting services; and
- Others, as approved by the President & CEO.

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 106 of 133



Procedures & Responsibilities for all OPUC Departments

Method of Purchase Requirements & Approval Authority Levels

As outlined below, the dollar value of a purchase determines the payment/procurement method and approval authority levels.

| Goods, Construction and Non-Consul | Iting Services |
|--|---|
| Goods, Construction and Non-Consu | |
| Total Value before taxes (CDN dollars) Means of Procurement | Minimum Approval Required |
| Up to \$2,000 Single source. Purchase Card if required. | Reporting Supervisor |
| > \$2,000 up to \$20,000 Single source. PO for capital items | s. Reporting Manager |
| > \$20,000 up to \$50,000 Requisition, Two (2) quotes by Purchasing Manager. PO required. Single source approval required. | Department d. Manager/Director |
| > \$50,000 up to \$100,000 Requisition. Three (3) quotes by Purchasing Manager. PO required Single source approval required, | Vice President (VP) plus d. Department Manager/Director |
| > \$100,000 up to EOI¹. Three (3) quotes by \$250,000 Purchasing Manager, PO required Single source approval required. | Two (2) VP's |
| > \$250,000 RFP ² , Signed Agreement, PO required. | President plus VP |

Single Source

Single source purchases up to \$2,000 are at the discretion of the reporting Supervisor responsible for the acquisition.

Single source purchases greater than \$2,000 and up to \$20,000 are at the discretion of the reporting Manager responsible for the acquisition.

All other single source purchases are considered an exception to the Purchasing Policy and require an approved Single Source Request Form (Exhibit ??), Single Source Request Forms are to be submitted by a reporting Manager and approved in accordance with the minimum approval requirements outlined in the Table above.

¹ Expression of Interest.

² Request for Proposal and other forms of tenders; Request for Quotation, Request for Tender, etc.

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 107 of 133



Approved Single Source Request Forms are submitted to the Purchasing and Supply Chain Management Department.

Purchase Orders

Purchase Orders (PO) are recommended at all times subject to the minimum approval requirements included in the Table above.

A PO is required for capital expenditures greater than \$2,000 and purchases for other goods and services greater than \$20,000,

PO's are obtained from the Purchasing and Supply Chain Management Department, PO's are prepared by the Purchasing and Supply Chain Management Department and distributed for minimum approval requirements included in the Table above,

For purchases up to \$20,000, formal quotes, although recommended, are not required,

Purchasing and Supply Chain Management Department are required to obtain: two (2) formal quotes for purchases greater than \$20,000 and up to \$50,000; and three (3) formal quotes for purchases greater than \$50,000 and up to \$250,000.

Purchasing and Supply Chain Management Department will work with other departments to develop and manage an EOI and obtain three (3) formal quotes for purchases greater than \$250,000 and up to \$750,000.

The EOI is used to seek industry input for scoping requirements and to assist the Purchasing and Supply Chain Management Department with going to market for formal quotes,

Purchasing and Supply Chain Management Department will work with other departments to develop and manage a formal RFP for purchases greater than \$750,000.

In addition to pricing, the RFP is a process set out to obtain proposals that may include designs for solutions in addition to deliverables of products or services. The RFP may also require information about organizational capability and resources, financial viability, sustainability principles and value adding opportunities for qualifying candidates,

Approved PO's are submitted to the Purchasing and Supply Chain Management Department who is responsible for executing the purchase, under the terms and conditions outlined in the Purchasing Policy, and expediting the goods and services accordingly on behalf of the requisitioning department,

The Purchasing Manager can delegate authority to execute and expedite a purchase at his/her discretion.

Copies of approved PO's will accompany invoices and other required documents specified in the Purchasing Policy for payment processing,

Waiver of Purchase Orders

The requirement for a PO or competitive bid may be waived in the event of an emergency; a single/sole source waiver to follow normal purchasing procedures in such an emergency must be completed and forwarded to the Purchasing and Supply Chain Management Department.

Budget

PU-1101

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 108 of 133



Annual capital and operating budgets are approved by the Board of Directors.

It is the responsibility of all OPUC employees who requisition or approve purchases on behalf of the Company to ensure that adequate funds are available within their department capital and operating budgets prior to commencing the purchasing process.

A PO is to be considered a legal contract and is generated in accordance with the Purchasing Policy for properly approved purchase of goods or services. The Purchasing and Supply Chain Management Department is the only authorized channel for issuing or cancelling a PO,

Prior to requisitioning or approving a purchase, employees should complete a comparison of suppliers taking into consideration such things as price, quality, specification compliance, date of delivery, other terms, conditions, experience and reputation of a supplier etc., where applicable,

Non-Budgeted Purchases

Non-budgeted purchases are defined as expenditures that exceed budget by a dollar or percent limit, Capital expenditure limits are evaluated on a project basis and operating expenses are based upon budgeted line items for each department.

Department Managers and Directors are required to approve expenditures that increase the total committed cost of a capital project or an operating expense line by up to 110% or \$20,000 above the total budget.

Vice Presidents are required to approve expenditures that increase the total committed cost of a capital project or an operating expense line by more than 110% or \$20,000 above the total budget up to 120% or \$50,000 above the total budget,

The President & CEO is required to approve expenditures that increase the total committed cost of a capital project or an operating expense line by more than 120% or \$50,000 above the total budget up to \$500,000 above the total budget.

Expenditures that increase the total committed cost of a capital project or an operating expense line by more than \$500,000 above the total budget require the approval of the Board of Directors.

Delegation of Approval Limits

Reporting Managers, Department Managers and Directors, VP's, and the President & CEO may delegate the position's approval limit to the minimum approval requirement below them, as per the Table above, for periods of planned absence or unavailability. Reporting Supervisors are not authorized to delegate their approval level. In the event Reporting Supervisors are absent, Reporting Managers assume their minimum approval requirement.

All instances of delegated authority as described above must be documented and approved through the use of the 'Approval for Delegation of Expenditure Authority' Form (Exhibit ??),

Approved forms shall be submitted to and maintained by the Purchasing and Supply Chain Management Department.

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 109 of 133



Exceptions to Approval Levels

Regular recurring amounts that the Company is obligated to remit on a periodic basis may be approved for payment by the President & CEO, VP Finance & Regulatory Compliance or Corporate Controller even though these amounts may be more than the approval limit set out in this policy for these positions.

They include:

- Wholesale power purchase remittances to the Independent Electricity System Operator ("IESO");
- Debt Retirement Charge remittances to the Ministry of Finance;
- Interest and principal payments on debt that match payment schedules contained within loan agreements that have been approved by the Board of Directors; and
- Payments in lieu of income taxes, payments in lieu of property taxes, employee payroll remittances and sales tax remittances.

Use of Annual or Blanket Purchase Orders

Blanket Purchase Orders are issued to specific vendors to address recurring low dollar purchases of supplies or services, for a specific period of time.

A Blanket Purchase Order is authorized when the ordering department will:

- Purchase repetitive, specified services or items, or categories of items from the same supplier; which are purchased and paid in a predictable manner during a certain time period, usually one (1) year;
- Purchase standard materials or maintenance supplies which require numerous shipments;
 or
- Enable the buyer to obtain more favorable pricing through volume commitments,

Blanket Purchase Orders are not to be used when:

- The primary purpose is, to provide an open line of credit with a supplier;
- Prices are unknown at ordering time, or subject to change later without notice;
- · Quality of the supplier and/or services are questionable; or
- Control over expenditures could be weakened.

Blanket Purchase Orders shall include the following information:

- The period to be covered by the blanket agreement (not to exceed one year);
- A cancellation clause:
- Items and/or categories of items to be covered by the Blanket Purchase Orders;
- Maximum quantities, if applicable;
- Prices and pricing arrangements, if applicable; and
- Terms and billing arrangements.

Blanket Purchase Orders are to be approved by the Purchasing Manager and supporting Vice President, or President & CEO.

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 110 of 133



Blanket Purchase Orders should not be changed. In the event terms and conditions change prior to the expiration date of a Blanket Purchase Order, the original order should be cancelled and a new Blanket Purchase Order prepared and approved accordingly.

Consulting and Service Agreements

Consulting and Service Contracts (Contracts) are required to further set out the mutual covenants and obligations that are not normally contained in a Purchase Order.

Contracts must be written so as to guarantee the performance of the contractor and to establish sufficient protection in the event the contractor defaults in the performance of the Contract.

Contracts generally include services to be provided, pricing and term.

Minimum approval requirements for all Contracts are as follows:

Contracts up to \$200,000 with a contract term of no more than one (1) year require the approval of any Vice President,

Contracts exceeding \$200,000 or a contract term of one (1) year and up to \$1,000,000 with a contract term of no more than three (3) years require the approval of the President & CEO.

Contracts exceeding \$1,000,000 or a contract term of three (3) years require the approval of the Board of Directors.

Exceptions

All purchasing documents prepared by, or on behalf of OPUC, are subject to the conditions and terms outlined in this policy and all related policies, These policies apply to all purchases made by OPUC, with the following exceptions (unless otherwise noted by law or agreement):

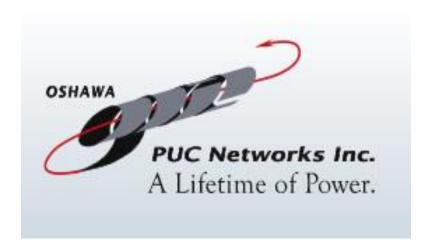
- Utilities (electricity, gas, water, etc.);
- Insurance, legal and audit fees;
- Investment services;
- Personnel services (benefits, wage and salary administration);
- Consulting services; and
- Wholesale power purchase remittances to the IESO;
- Debt Retirement Charge remittances to the Ministry of Finance;
- Interest and principal payments on debt that match payment schedules contained within loan agreements that have been approved by the Board of Directors;
- Payments in lieu of income taxes, payments in lieu of property taxes, employee payroll remittances and sales tax remittances; and
- Others, as approved by the President & CEO.

For expenditures noted above and other cost items that do not conform to the policies included above, invoices received for these expenditures require signatures as evidence that the minimum approval requirements listed in the Table above have been applied accordingly and that the positions noted have duly reviewed and accepted the charges.

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 111 of 133

APPENDIX 4-3 – ASSET DEPRECIATION STUDY

See attached.



ASSET DEPRECIATION STUDY

Prepared by:



January, 2014



OPUCN Asset Depreciation Study

| | Dotal |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| Prepared by: | |
| | Shawn Otal, MBA, P.Eng. |
| | |
| | |
| | And Can |
| | |
| Peer Review by: | |
| • | Thor Hjartarson, M.A.Sc., P.Eng. |

January, 2014

CONTENTS

| D | ISCLA | AIMER | iv |
|---|---------|--|----|
| C | REDE | NTIALS OF THE CONSULTANT | V |
| E | xecutiv | ve Summary | vi |
| 1 | Intr | roduction | 1 |
| 2 | Dis | stribution Station Assets | 2 |
| | 2.1. | Power Transformers | 2 |
| | 2.2. | Metal Clad Switchgear and Circuit Breakers | 4 |
| | 2.3. | Station Independent Breakers | 7 |
| | 2.4. | Microprocessor Relays | 8 |
| | 2.5. | Remote Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition System (SCADA) | 9 |
| | 2.6. | Other Assets Employed in Distribution Stations | 11 |
| 3 | Ove | erhead Distribution System Assets | 12 |
| | 3.1. | Fully Dressed Wood Poles | 12 |
| | 3.2. | Overhead Line Conductors | 14 |
| | 3.3. | Overhead Line Switches | 17 |
| | 3.4. | Other Assets Employed on Overhead Distribution System | 19 |
| 4 | Un | derground Distribution System Assets | 20 |
| | 4.1. | Underground Vault Switches | 20 |
| | 4.2. | Underground Vaults | 21 |
| | 4.3. | Cable Chambers | 22 |
| | 4.4. | Concrete Encased Duct Banks | 24 |
| | 4.5. | Direct Buried Primary Cable | 25 |
| | 4.6. | Primary Cable in Duct | 27 |
| | 4.7. | Secondary Cable Direct Buried | 28 |
| | 4.8. | Other Assets Employed on Underground Distribution System | 29 |
| 5 | Au | xiliary Assets | 30 |

DISCLAIMER

This report was prepared by METSCO Energy Solutions Inc. (METSCO) for the sole benefit of – Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. (OPCUN) - (the Client), in accordance with the terms of METSCO proposal and the Client's Purchase Order.

Neither the Client nor METSCO, nor any other person acting on their behalf makes any warranty, expressed or implied, or assumes any legal responsibility for the accuracy of any information or for the completeness or usefulness of any apparatus, product or process disclosed, or accept liability for the use, or damages resulting from the use, thereof. Neither do they represent that their use would not infringe upon privately owned rights.

Furthermore, the Client and METSCO HEREBY DISCLAIM ANY AND ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHETHER ARISING BY LAW, CUSTOM, OR CONDUCT, WITH RESPECT TO ANY OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS REPORT. In no event shall the Client or METSCO be liable for incidental or consequential damages because of use or any information contained in this report.

© METSCO Inc., 2014.

CREDENTIALS OF THE CONSULTANT

This report has been prepared by METSCO Energy Solutions Inc. (METSCO), a Canadian corporation engaged in the business of providing consulting services to electricity generating transmission and distribution companies. The firm routinely provides consulting services aimed at improving the operating efficiency and financial performance of power systems, covering a broad area, including asset condition assessment, asset management and investment planning into transmission and distribution (T&D) systems' asset sustainment. These report has been prepared by Mr. Shawn Otal and Mr. Thor Hjartarson.

Mr. Shawn Otal is a professional electrical engineer with MBA from Schulich School of Business, specializing in Economics. Mr. Otal has over 35 years of experience in the power sector, spanning a broad area including power system planning, design, operations, research and development. He is the CEO and President of METSCO Energy Solutions Inc., and has previously served in senior professional roles with Kinectrics Inc., Acres International Inc., Westinghouse Canada and ENMAX Power Corporation. Over the recent years, Mr. Otal has worked extensively on consulting assignments aimed at improving the financial and operating performance of power delivery systems in Canada and around the world. His clients include provincial and municipal electric utilities in Canada, electrical equipment manufacturers, electrical safety authorities, Canadian Electricity Association (CEA and CEATI), the World Bank, Asian Development Bank and Ontario Energy Board. He is a member of Professional Engineers Ontario (PEO) and Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of Alberta (APEGA) and is a Senior Member of IEEE. Mr. Otal has authored sixteen major R&D publications.

Mr. Thor Hjartarson is a professional electrical engineer with over 20 years of experience in electrical and power engineering. He graduated from the University of Iceland, Reykjavik, and received a M.A.Sc degree in Electrical Engineering from the University of British Columbia, Vancouver, BC, Canada. In former role at Toronto Hydro he lead a large asset management division with responsibilities for planning, engineering, reliability analysis, system studies, record management, data quality, mobility and GIS improvements where he was recognized for transforming an existing older culture of engineering practice to a dynamic powerhouse of technical innovation and knowledge. He has strong technical background in transmission and distribution engineering leadership in innovation of asset management principles. One of the founders of Health Index methodology in utility asset condition assessment and has lead comprehensive implementations of a risk based investment planning methodologies. In his previous consulting career, he has had experience with over 30 well known electrical power companies around the world. He has authored several technical papers focusing on T&D asset management.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report summarizes the results of an Asset Depreciation Study, completed by METSCO in January 2014 on behalf of OPUCN with the objective establishing the typical useful life of major fixed assets employed on OPUCN's distribution system.

In 2010 Ontario Energy Board retained an independent contractor - Kinectrics Inc. to perform a detailed depreciation study covering all fixed assets employed on Ontario's distribution systems, to assist the LDCs in making the transition from GAAP to IFRS. In determining the typical useful life of various assets employed by OPUCN, rather than duplicating the work effort previously spent by Kinectrics in carrying out additional surveys, we have used the Kinectrics report as a reference in preparing this depreciation study.

The assets covered by the report have been grouped into the following four sections:

- a) Distribution station assets;
- b) Overhead distribution system assets;
- c) Underground distribution system assets; and
- d) Auxiliary assets.

Our conclusions, duly supported by the facts, arguments and analysis provided in this report, differ from the Kinectrics' conclusions for the assets tabulated below:

| Asset Class | Typical Useful Life (Kinectrics Conclusion) | Typical Useful Life (Our Conclusion) |
|--|--|---|
| Power Transformers employed at Distribution Stations | 45 years | 40 years |
| Station Independent Circuit breakers | 45 years | 40 years |
| Overhead conductors | 60 years | 45 years |
| Overhead Line switches | 45 years | 40 years |
| SCADA System | 20 years | 8 years |
| Direct Buried Secondary Cables | 35 years | 42 years |

For all of the remaining assets employed on OPUCN's distribution system, including the solid state relays and all of the auxiliary assets, in our opinion the estimates of typical useful life provided in the Kienctrics report accurately represent the typical useful life for each of those assets. It is also noted that all of the protection and control relays employed at OPUCN substations are microprocessor/solid state type.

1 Introduction

This report summarizes the results of an Asset Depreciation Study, completed by METSCO in January 2014 on behalf of OPUCN with the objective establishing the typical useful life of major fixed assets employed on OPUCN's distribution system.

Effective January 1, 2011, Ontario Energy Board (OEB) mandated all local distribution companies (LDCs) in Ontario to adopt International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). Under IFRS rules, business entities are required to amortize the cost of fixed assets, including property, plant, and equipment used in business, over the period of time that they provide useful service, with the depreciation rates determined through assets' service life studies. Prior to adoption of IFRS, asset service lives were arbitrarily specified by the regulator and up until 2010, all electricity distributors in Ontario including OPUCN; used the amortization rates for fixed assets prescribed by Ontario Hydro (the regulator prior to restructuring of the electricity business in Ontario).

In 2010 Ontario Energy Board retained an independent contractor - Kinectrics Inc. to perform a detailed depreciation study covering all fixed assets employed on Ontario's distribution systems, to assist the LDCs in making the transition from GAAP to IFRS. This approach was chosen to minimize the need and cost to Ontario consumers of a myriad of detailed studies by individual distributors. Therefore, in determining the typical useful life of various assets, rather than duplicating the work effort previously spent by Kinectrics in carrying out additional surveys, we have used the Kinectrics report as a reference in preparing this depreciation study. To allow an easy comparison of this report with the reference, we have used the same terms and definitions in this report as were used in the Kinectrics report.

The assets covered by the report have been grouped into the following four sections:

- a) Distribution station assets;
- b) Overhead distribution system assets;
- c) Underground distribution system assets; and
- d) Auxiliary assets.

2 DISTRIBUTION STATION ASSETS

2.1. Power Transformers

The key role of station transformers is to step down transmission or sub-transmission voltage to distribution voltage. In case of OPUCN, a total of 16 station transformers employed in 8 municipal stations step down from 44 kV sub-transmission voltages to 13.2 kV.

The main components of power transformers employed at municipal stations are:

- > primary and secondary coils, made of copper or aluminium conductors
- > magnetic core made of iron laminations
- insulation system, commonly consisting of cellulose paper and mineral oil
- ransformer tank, either sealed or breather type, and
- > primary and secondary bushings and auxiliary devices.

The most critical component in transformer aging and eventual end of life consideration is the insulation system, consisting of mineral oil and cellulose paper. Transformer oil consists of hydrocarbon compounds that degrade with time due to oxidation, resulting in formation of moisture, organic acids and sludge. The oil oxidation rate is a function of operating temperature. Increased acidity and moisture content in insulating oil causes accelerated degradation of insulation paper. Formation of sludge adversely impacts the cooling efficiency of transformer, resulting in higher operating temperatures and further increasing the rate of oxidation of both the oil and the paper. Condition assessment of transformer oil, therefore, provides extremely useful information in assessing the health and condition of a transformer.

The paper insulation consists of long cellulose chains, that break as the paper ages (oxidizes). Tensile strength and ductility of insulation paper are important properties that are determined by the average length of the cellulose chains. As the paper oxidizes, its mechanical strength is gradually reduced, making it weak and brittle. This can lead to insulation failure if the transformer is subjected to mechanical shocks that are common in normal operating conditions. Insulation degradation and failure can also result from electrical activity inside insulation, such as partial discharge activity, which is initiated if the level of moisture in oil builds up or if other minor defects develop within the insulation. Partial discharge and other electrical and thermal faults in the transformer can be detected and monitored by measurement of hydrocarbon gases in the oil through Dissolved Gas Analysis (DGA).

Because the failure of a power transformer in service has serious impacts on reliability and can also lead to catastrophic tank failures, power transformers are generally retired from service when the results of lab tests, visual inspections combined with service age indicate high probability of failure in service.

Transformer operating temperature (determined by typical load levels), environmental factors (ambient temperature, pollution levels and exposure to rain/snow/ice), operating practices (short time overloading of transformers) and preventative maintenance (drying and reconditioning of insulation system) impact the useful service life of power transformers. For example a lightly

loaded transformer typically provides a significantly longer service life in comparison to a heavily loaded transformer. Similarly, transformer service life can be extended beyond its typical life through rehabilitation of the insulation system, i.e. periodic removal of moisture from insulation system replacement of winding coils, but such programs are not always an economic option for power transformers with small and medium ratings.

Exhibit 1, reproduced below from the Kinectrics report, summarizes their report's conclusions and documents the results of surveys performed by Kinectrics:

| ASSET | USE FUL LIFE | | |
|------------------|--------------|-----|-------|
| COMPONENTIZATION | MIN UL | TUL | MAXUL |
| Overall | 30 | 45 | 60 |
| Bushing | 10 | 20 | 30 |
| Tap Changer | 20 | 30 | 60 |

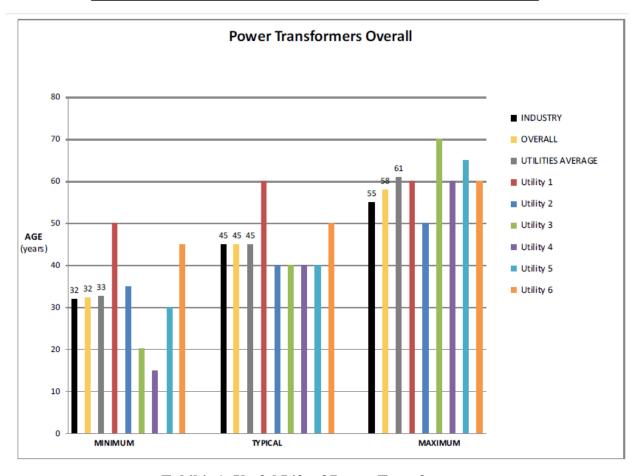


Exhibit 1: Useful Life of Power Transformers

As shown in Exhibit 1, Kinectrics report concludes typical useful life of power transformers to be 45 years. In case of on-load tap changers the typical useful life is concluded to be 30 years,

which is significantly less due to the faster degradation of their condition caused by the presence of electrical arcing during tap changer operation.

As shown in Exhibit 1, Utility 1 reported minimum useful life of 50 years, maximum useful life of 60 years and the typical useful life also equal to 60 years for this asset. There appears to be an error in Utility 1's response, because the typical life expectancy is expected to lie in between the maximum and minimum useful life values. Four of the remaining five LDCs surveyed by Kinectrics, reported typical useful life of 40 years for this asset. Since the transformer loading, operating and maintenance practices as well as environmental conditions within the service territory of OPUCN are similar to all other LDCs operating in Southern Ontario, the typical useful life of power transformers at OPUCN is also expected to be the same as reported by the vast majority of surveyed LDCs, i.e. 40 years. All of the power transformers employed at OPUCN are equipped with on-load tap changers and the OLTC operation results in faster degradation of the insulation system.

We have independently analysed the actual useful service life for a batch of power transformers that have been retired from service at OPCUN during the past five years. The results of this analysis are summarized in Exhibit 2 and indicate the mean useful life of power transformers at OPUCN to be 39 years.

| Station | Transformer | Installed Date | Removal Date | Age (years) |
|---------|-------------|----------------|--------------|-------------|
| MS 2 | T1 | 1975 | 2012 | 37 |
| | T2 | 1968 | 2012 | 44 |
| MS 11 | T1 | 1971 | 2011 | 40 |
| | T2 | 1979 | 2011 | 32 |
| MS 13 | T1 | 1968 | 2011 | 43 |
| | T2 | 1968 | 2013 | 45 |
| MS 15 | T1 | 1976 | 2012 | 36 |
| | T2 | 1967 | 2012 | 36 |
| | | | | Average:39 |

Exhibit 2: Actual Service Life Provided by Power Transformers at OPUCN

In view of the foregoing, in our opinion, 40 years is a more accurate value for the typical useful life of power transformers at OPUCN, rather than the 45 year estimate proposed in Kinectrics report.

2.2. Metal Clad Switchgear and Circuit Breakers

OPUCN employs 15kV class medium voltage metal-clad switchgear in indoor applications at each of the eight municipal substations. The original switchgear employed magnetic-air circuit breakers with arc-chutes, which are being replaced by OPCUN with vacuum circuit breakers in the original switchgear cells, as they reach the end of their useful service life.

A number of factors influence the overall rate of wear and severity of degradation of circuit breakers, including type of the insulating medium, design of the contacts, operating environment, and the duty cycle of the circuit breaker. Load current switching or fault current interruption seldom lead to sudden failure of circuit breakers, but repeated operations result in overall wear and tear which lead to eventual end of life.

Air magnetic breakers employ the magnetic effect of the current in their design, by forcing the electric arc produced during opening on the contacts into an arc chute. The arc chute causes elongation of the arc path and allows cooling, splitting and eventual extinction of the arc. In some designs, an auxiliary puffer is employed to blast air into the arc, which allows successful interruption of low-level currents with weaker magnetic fields. Air magnetic breakers represent the second oldest technology in circuit breaker design, next to OCBs. They are no longer in manufacture and have been superseded by SF6 and vacuum technologies since the late 1970s.

When a circuit breaker interrupts current, an electrical arc is produced in the ionized insulation medium. In order for the circuit breaker action to succeed, the large amount of energy contained in the arc must be successfully extinguished by the breaker's interrupting medium. Depending on the type of arc interrupting medium employed, circuit breakers are classified as oil circuit breakers, magnetic air circuit breakers, SF-6 circuit breakers or vacuum circuit breakers. In order to deliver the desired functions, circuit breakers are required to possess the following properties and characteristics:

- a) Highly conductive contact material, capable of withstanding repeated arcs;
- b) High quality of contact make with extremely low resistance;
- c) High quality contact mating, capable of retaining high conductivity over time;
- d) Adequate contacts parting distance in open position for the rated voltage;
- e) Adequate line to ground insulation for the rated voltage;
- f) Stable insulating medium, capable of withstanding repeated arcs;
- g) Fast speed during opening and closing of contacts;
- h) Appropriate arc blowing techniques to extinguish arcs;
- i) Adequate energy imparting mechanisms for making or breaking of short circuit currents.

The operating mechanism of circuit breakers consists of numerous moving parts that are subject to wear and tear during breaker operation. Because circuit breakers are required to frequently "make" and "break" heavy currents, the contacts are subjected to arcing that accompanies such operations. Each time a circuit breaker opens or closes the contact surfaces undergo some degradation and degraded contacts produces higher degree of arcing in subsequent operations. Heat produced during contact arcing also decomposes the metal surface from the contacts as well as the insulation medium and the by-products so decomposed are deposited in surrounding insulation materials. The mechanical energy required to generate high contact velocities also results in wear and tear of the mechanical parts in operating mechanism.

The findings and conclusions of the Kinectrics' report are summarized in Exhibit 3. As shown, their report concludes 40 years to be the typical useful life for metal clad switchgear and removable breakers used in metal clad switchgear. During the utility surveys, four of the six

surveyed LDC indicated 40 years to be the typical useful life of metal clad switchgear on their systems.

| ASSET | USEFUL LIFE | | |
|-------------------|-------------|-----|-------|
| COMPONENTIZATION | MIN UL | TUL | MAXUL |
| Overall | 30 | 40 | 60 |
| Removable Breaker | 25 | 40 | 60 |

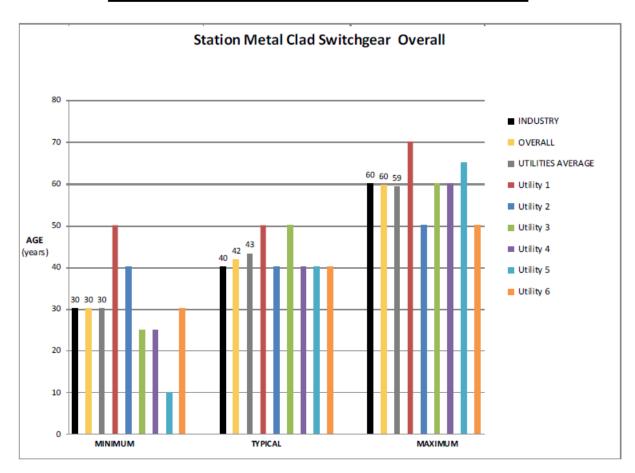


Exhibit 3: Typical Useful Life of Metal Clad Switchgear (Kinectrics Report)

Based on OPUCN's own experience, circuit breakers in metal clad switchgear, employed at MS-9, MS-7, MS-11, MS-13, and MS-14 have been replaced after mean useful service life of approximately 40 years. In view of the above, we concur with Kinectrics recommendation for the typical useful life of metal clad switchgear and circuit breakers in metal-clad switchgear to be 40 years.

2.3. Station Independent Breakers

The asset class covers both outdoor and indoor mounted circuit breakers, not in metal clad enclosures. In accordance with the definitions provided in the Kinectrics report, the 44 kV outdoor circuit breakers employed at OPUCN stations fall within this category. OPUCN has a total of sixteen (16) circuit breakers in service that fall in this category. The mean service life of these circuit breakers is currently 38 years and most of these circuit breakers are intended to be replaced during the next five years, which would yield an average service life of approximately 40 years.

Generally speaking, in relation to the indoor mounted circuit breakers, the outdoor mounted circuit breakers experience more adverse and hostile environmental conditions, that increase the rate and severity of circuit breaker condition degradation. The following factors represent additional environmental degradation of outdoor mounted circuit breakers:

- Corrosion of enclosures and metal parts;
- > Potential ingress of moisture into operating parts and insulating system;
- ➤ Bushing/insulator deterioration under the influence of moisture, fog, ice; and
- ➤ Deterioration of mechanical parts and linkages in operating mechanism.

On the other hand, the 44 kV breakers are less frequently called upon to operate and break short circuit current and therefore, the wear and tear from operational use is expected to be less than those experienced by 13.8 kV circuit breakers in indoor metal clad switchgear.

Exhibit 4 summarizes Kinectrics findings for this asset class. As shown, the Kinectrics report indicates that based on broader industry experience, the typical life expectancy of individual circuit breakers is 40 years. It is also noteworthy that only three of the six utilities surveyed by Kinectrics provided information relevant to this asset and there were extremely large deviations in service age data obtained from them. Kinectrics did not investigate the reasons behind such large deviations, but it is possible the deviations were caused by mixing indoor and outdoor mounted circuit breakers in the same category and not excluding the circuit breakers which might have been completely overhauled. One of the utilities reported typical service life of 70 years for circuit breakers, which was likely achieved through major refurbishment or rehabilitation of original breakers with additional capital expenditure.

In our opinion, because this asset class is composed of a broad category of different types of circuit breakers, some installed indoors and some installed outdoors, the surveys performed by Kinectrics did not correctly reveal the typical useful life of outdoor circuit breakers. For this asset, the typical useful life based on the overall industry experience, as reported by Kinectrics, more accurately represents the typical useful life of circuit breakers employed on OPUCN system. We recommend OPUCN to adopt 40 years to be the typical useful life for this asset, to match the broader industry experience reported by Kinectrics.

| ASSET | USEFUL LIFE | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-----|--------|
| COMPONENTIZATION | MIN UL | TUL | MAX UL |
| Station Independent Breakers 🛽 | 35 | 45 | 65 |

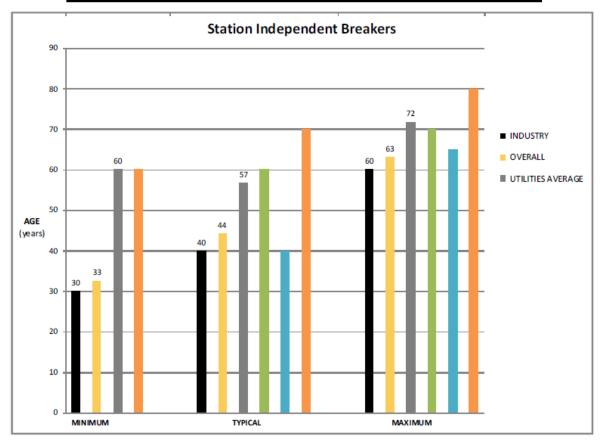


Exhibit 4: Typical Useful Life of Independent Circuit Breakers (Kinectrics Report)

2.4. Microprocessor Relays

The function of protection relays on distribution systems is to detect and annunciate abnormal operating conditions and initiate circuit breaker or recloser trip to isolate faulty circuits from healthy circuits. Protection relays obtain their input from instrument transformers, process the information and automatically take corrective action with adequate speed and selectivity. Electro-mechanical designs of protection relays have been in use in the industry for several decades, but the industry best practice has been to replace these relays with solid state and microprocessor relays. The micro-processor and the solid state relays do not require frequent calibrations, but they are vulnerable to damage from voltage and current surges.

All of the protection and control relays employed at OPUCN substations are microprocessor type. As shown in Exhibit 5, the Kinectrics report recommends 20 years to be the typical useful life for this asset and we agree this is an accurate estimate of the typical useful life for this asset.

| ASSET | USEFUL LIFE | | |
|--------------------------|-------------|-----|--------|
| COMPONENTIZATION | MIN UL | TUL | MAX UL |
| Digital & Numeric Relays | 15 | 20 | 20 |

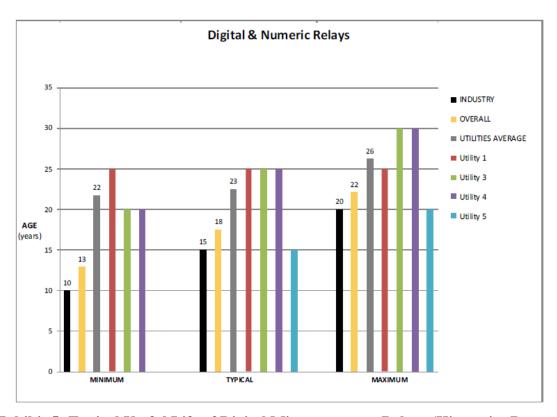


Exhibit 5: Typical Useful Life of Digital Microprocessor Relays (Kinectrics Report)

2.5. Remote Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition System (SCADA)

SCADA systems on power distribution systems are used for data acquisition related to status and condition of field mounted equipment as well as for remote control of field mounted equipment. While SCADA systems have traditionally been employed by local distribution companies for remote control of substation equipment, however modern SCADA systems can provide much more advanced functions, i.e. automated isolation of feeder sections through operation of line mounted switches, automated outage management, automated demand control etc.

As shown in Exhibit 6, the Kinectrics report recommends 20 years to be the typical useful life for this asset.

| ASSET | USEFUL LIFE | | |
|------------------|-------------|-----|-------|
| COMPONENTIZATION | MIN UL | TUL | MAXUL |
| Remote SCADA | 15 | 20 | 30 |

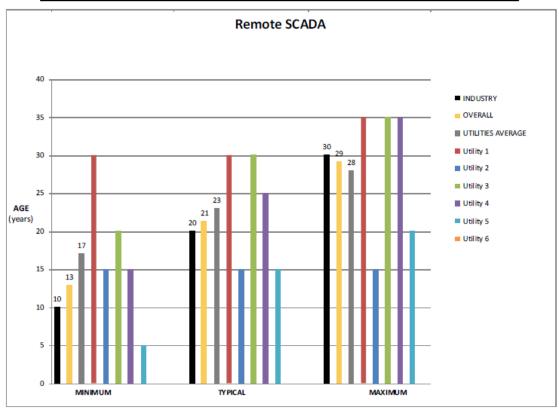


Exhibit 6: Typical Useful Life of Remote SCADA System (Kinectrics Report)

SCADA systems consist of multiple sub-systems, as listed below:

- (a) Remote terminal units (RTUs) that connect to sensors and convert sensor signals to digital data. They have telemetry hardware capable of sending digital data to the supervisory system, as well as receiving digital commands from the supervisory system. RTUs have embedded control capabilities such as ladder logic to accomplish boolean logic operations.
- (b) Telemetry system which connects RTUs with control centers. Telemetry systems include both wired communications media such as leased telephone lines and WAN circuits and wireless telemetry media, such as satellite, licensed and unlicensed radio, cellular and microwave.

- (c) Data acquisition server –the software service that allows clients to access data from the field devices using standard protocols. It uses industrial protocols to connect software services, via telemetry, with field devices such as RTUs.
- (d) A human–machine interface or HMI is the apparatus or device which presents processed data to a human operator, and through this, the human operator monitors and interacts with the process. The HMI is a client that requests data from a data acquisition server.

Components employed on the above described SCADA subsystems can be categorized into three main groups: (i) computer hardware, (ii) computer software, and (iii) the communications architecture. The typical useful life of SCADA system is a function of the typical useful life of these components. While the SCADA components may provide a service life of 20 years without component failures, as proposed in the Kinectrics report, the end of life for the SCADA systems is typically caused much earlier, due to hardware failures or the software becoming obsolete. The hardware and software components in most cases require upgrades after service life of approximately 5 years, while the communications infrastructure components may provide a service life of 10 to 20 years.

Our investigations into OPUCN SCADA history reveal that the control room hardware and software components were installed in 2008. In late 2013 one of the SCADA Workstation failed and was replaced, providing service life of 5 years. OPUCN also upgraded the two servers at the same time. While performing the above listed computer hardware replacements and upgrades, OPUCN also upgraded the SCADA Software. In the substation RTUs, the original analog and control boards are still in service for about 20 years, but the CPUs required replacement after about 15 years of service.

To maximize the benefits of major investments into the advanced revenue metering systems, many LDCs are implementing major upgrades to their SCADA systems to incorporate smart grid functions, i.e. outage management systems. Such advanced functions require both hardware and software upgrades prior to these components reaching the end of their mechanical life due failure in service.

In view of the foregoing, in our opinion, the typical useful life of SCADA system is of the order of 8 years, rather than 20 years, proposed in Kinectrics report.

2.6. Other Assets Employed in Distribution Stations

For all of the remaining assets employed in Distribution Stations, in our opinion the estimates of typical useful life provided in the Kinectrics report accurately represent the typical useful life for each of those assets.

3 Overhead Distribution System Assets

3.1. Fully Dressed Wood Poles

This asset class includes the wood pole, cross arm, bracket, insulator, cutouts, arresters, anchors and guys. The most significant component of this asset is the wood pole itself, commonly utilizing Red Pine, Jack Pine, and Western Red Cedar (WRC) species. The poles are either butt treated or full length treated with preservatives.

The most critical degradation process for wood poles involves biological and environmental mechanisms such as fungal decay, wildlife damage and effects of weather. Fungi attack both external surfaces and the internal heartwood of wood poles. The process of fungal decay requires the presence of fungus spores in the presence of water and oxygen. For this reason, the area of the pole most susceptible to fungal decay is at and around the ground line, although pole rot is also known to begin at the top of the pole. To prevent the decay of wood poles, utilities treat them with preservatives before installation. Wood preservatives have two basic functions:

- keep out moisture that supports fungi by sealing the surfaces, and
- kill off the fungal spores.

The following factors represent some of the more critical factors affecting wood pole strength as poles age:

- Original type and class of wood pole;
- Original defects in wood (e.g. knots, cracks or rot);
- Rate of decay in service life which depends on type of treatment and environmental conditions;
- Pole damage by woodpeckers, insects, and other wildlife; and
- Wood burns.

Several types of damage can also deform bolt holes in poles. Generally, such deformities do not present immediate problems. However, in some cases deformed holes can result in both failure of the structure and failure of other components attached to the pole. Bolts also can become loose, elongated, bent, cracked, sheared/broken and lost.

The types of insulators and configurations typically used in distribution systems include deadend, suspension, post and pin types. The insulating portion may consist of porcelain or polymer. The metallic parts usually are made from zinc coated ductile or malleable iron. Both electrical and mechanical stresses may affect insulators. Degradation and eventual failure generally result from the loss of either dielectric or mechanical strength. Mechanical loading on suspension and line post insulators consists of a combination of tensile, torsional, cantilever, vibration and compression forces resulting from factors such as conductor vibration and galloping, accumulation of high density snow or ice, and sudden ice shedding. Line post, strut and pin type insulators are unique since they may experience a combination of cantilever, transverse and tensile forces simultaneously. Impact or contact induced damage also may occur.

Contamination of insulator surface with road salt, freezing rain, and snow accumulation may induce flashovers resulting in dielectric failure of insulators. Electrical flashovers can cause both external and internal damage to porcelain and composite insulators.

Degradation or reduction in strength of insulator hardware may occur due to the following:

- Loss of galvanization and corrosion of steel members;
- Loss in strength due to fatigue;
- Loosening of hardware due to conductor vibrations; or
- Hardware failure during major storm events.

| ASSET COMPONENTIZATION | | USEFUL LIFE (years) | | |
|------------------------|-------|------------------------|-----|--------|
| | | MINUL | TUL | MAX UL |
| Overall | | 35 45 75 | | 75 |
| Cross Arm | Wood | 20 | 40 | 55 |
| CIUSS AIIII | Steel | 30 | 70 | 95 |

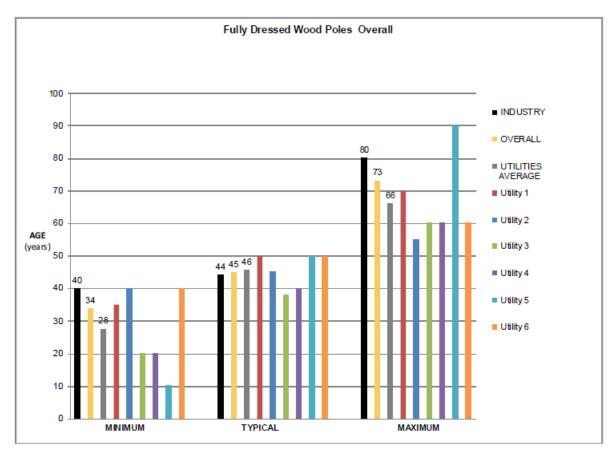


Exhibit 7: Typical Useful Life of Fully Dressed Wood Poles (Kinectrics Report)

Exhibit 7 documents the results of utility surveys performed by Kinectrics and summarizes their conclusions of the typical useful of this asset class. The Kinectrics report recommends a typical useful life of 45 years for this asset.

We analysed relevant data from the OPUCN records. The number of poles removed from service on various line rebuild projects, completed during the recent years, and their useful service life are indicated in Exhibit 8 below. The data indicate mean service life of approximately 45 years was achieved for the wood poles. Therefore, we conclude 45 years to an accurate estimate of the typical useful life of wood poles at OPUCN.

| | Useful |
|--------------|--------------|
| Number of | Service Life |
| Poles | (years) |
| 21 | 40 |
| 22 | 45 |
| 3 | 30 |
| 27 | 40 |
| 24 | 40 |
| 2 | 45 |
| 15 | 45 |
| 3 | 40 |
| 3 | 50 |
| 18 | 40 |
| 37 | 50 |
| 77 | 40 |
| 70 | 50 |
| 42 | 45 |
| 109 | 50 |
| Mean | |
| Service Life | |
| (Years) | 45.22 |

Exhibit 8: Actual Service Life of Wood Poles on OPCUN Distribution System

3.2. Overhead Line Conductors

Line conductors allow flow of current through them facilitating the movement of power from substations to customers' premises. Overhead line conductors are typically supported on wood pole structures to which they are attached by insulators suitable for the voltage at which the lines operate. The conductors on a line are sized by taking into account the amount of current to be carried. The maximum current carrying capacity of conductors is determined by their thermal rating. However distribution line conductors are commonly sized to provide the right balance between energy loss in conductors (copper loss) and the capital cost of conductors. As a result

the distribution lines often operate under loads significantly below the thermal rating of the conductors.

Overhead line conductors must have adequate tensile strength, enabling them to be stretched between poles. Distribution lines typically have span length of 40 m to 60 m. Three different types of conductors are commonly used on distribution lines:

- ➤ Aluminium Conductors Steel Reinforced (ACSR),
- ➤ Aluminium Stranded Conductors (ASC),
- > Aluminium Alloy Conductors (AAC).

Steel reinforced aluminium conductors have galvanized steel core strands that supply most of their tensile strength. The steel core has both tensile and ductile properties, allowing the core to withstand both longitudinal forces and bending movements without failure. AAC conductors cost less in relation to ACSR conductors, but their tensile strength is significantly lower than those of the ACSR conductors. Both the price and tensile strength of AAC conductors lie in between those of ASC and ACSR conductors.

Because of the relatively short span lengths employed on distribution lines in relation to transmission lines, the tensile strength of conductors on distribution lines is not as critical as it is on transmission lines. Most distribution utilities these days, therefore, employ all aluminium conductors on distribution lines. Aluminium alloy conductors are sometimes used on distribution lines with longer span lengths.

As current passes through the conductors, the resistance causes its temperature to rise, the temperature change is proportional to the square of the load current passing through the conductor. The rise in temperature causes the conductor to lengthen and sag between points of support, reducing the height of the conductor above ground. Although it seldom happens on distribution lines, line operation at loads beyond conductors' thermal rating of approximately 90° C may lead to annealing of conductors, resulting in permanent loss of its tensile strength.

To provide their intended functions on distribution lines, conductors must retain both their conductive properties and mechanical (i.e., tensile) strength. Aluminium conductors have three primary modes of degradation, corrosion, fatigue and creep. The rate of each degradation mode depends on several factors, including the size and construction of the conductor as well as environmental and operating conditions.

Generally, corrosion represents the most critical life-limiting factor for ACSR conductors. Environmental conditions affect degradation rates from corrosion. Both aluminium and zinc-coated steel core conductors are susceptible to corrosion from chlorine-based pollutants, even in low concentrations, but the rate of corrosion of steel core is significantly greater than that of aluminium. While fatigue degradation is a serious concern for transmission lines that are strung with significantly higher tension, it is commonly not a serious issue for distribution lines.

Overloaded lines operating beyond their thermal capacity can suffer from a loss of tensile strength due to annealing at elevated operating temperatures. Each elevated temperature event

adds cumulative damage to the conductors. After loss of 10% of a conductor's rated tensile strength, significant sag occurs, requiring either re-sagging or replacement of the conductor. ACSR conductors can withstand greater annealing degradation compared to ASC.

Phase to phase power arcs can result from conductor galloping during severe storm events. This can cause localized burning and melting of a conductor's aluminium strands, reducing strength at those sites and potentially leading to conductor failures.

Other forms of conductor damage include:

- Broken strands (i.e., outer and inners)
- > Strand abrasion
- Elongation (i.e., change in sags and tensions)
- Burn damage (i.e., power arc/clashing)
- Bird-caging.

Exhibit 9, reproduced below from the Kinectrics report, summarizes the typical useful life of overhead line conductors. As shown, it concludes the typical useful life of overhead line conductors to be 60 years. We agree the conductors on distribution lines often outlive the poles and are not usually on the critical path to determine end of life for a line section. But typically, whenever a line is rebuilt with new poles, the conductors are also replaced at the same time, because it is economically prudent to do so.

To avail of the hypothetical useful life of 60 years for the line conductors supported on wood poles with typical useful life of 45 years, the line will need to be rebuild in a piecemeal fashion; i.e. all the wood poles will need be replaced when a majority of them have reached the end of their service life after 45 years and then 15 years later the conductors will need to replaced. Such piece meal construction of medium voltage lines would also require live-line construction techniques. Electric utilities' practical experience indicates that it is more economical to construct the line in a single stage replacing all the components at the same time, rather than constructing the line in a piece meal manner.

Thus while we agree the conductors often outlive poles in terms of their performance degradation, because it is more economical to reconstruct the overhead lines by changing all the components at the same time rather than reconstructing the line in stages, the effective typical useful life for overhead line conductors is equal to the typical useful life of the wood poles. Therefore we recommend OPUCN to employ 45 years to be the typical useful life for overhead line conductors, because a vast majority of the overhead lines at OPUCN are supported on wood poles.

| ASSET | USE FUL LIFE | | |
|------------------|--------------|-----|--------|
| COMPONENTIZATION | MIN UL | TUL | MAX UL |
| OH Conductors | 50 | 60 | 75 |

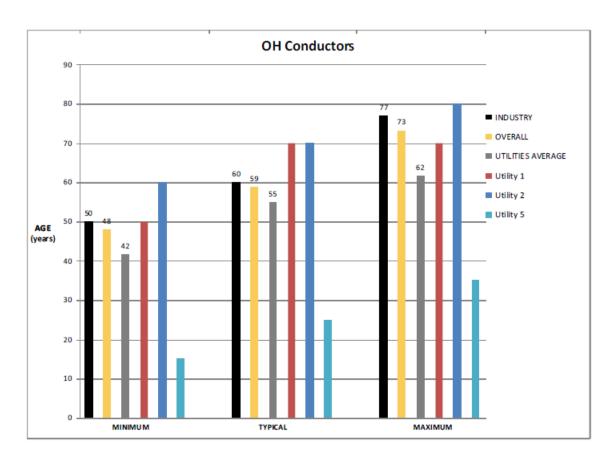


Exhibit 9: Typical Useful Life of OH Conductors (Kinectrics Report)

3.3. Overhead Line Switches

This asset class consists of overhead line switches, focusing primarily on 3-phase outdoor pole-mounted switches but also includes in-line switches. The primary function of switches is to allow for isolation of line sections or equipment for maintenance, safety or other operating requirements. The operating mechanism can be either a manual gang operating linkage or a simple hook stick.

The performance degradation modes associated with overhead line switches include corrosion of hardware, mechanical deterioration of linkages in operating mechanism, switch blades falling out of alignment, switch blade contacts burn out due to arcing, loose connections or cracked insulators. The rate and severity of these degradation processes depends on the operating duties

and environment in which the equipment is installed. In most cases, corrosion or rust represents a critical degradation process. The rate of deterioration depends heavily on environmental conditions in which the equipment operates. Corrosion typically occurs around the mechanical linkages of these switches. Corrosion can cause seizing. When lubrication dries out, the switch operating mechanism may seize making the disconnect switch inoperable. In addition, when blades fall out of alignment, excessive arcing may result. In heavy industrial areas, chemical pollution or road salt spray can also result in faster degradation.

| ASSET | USEFUL LIFE | | |
|------------------|-------------|-----|-------|
| COMPONENTIZATION | MIN UL | TUL | MAXUL |
| OH Line Switch | 30 | 45 | 55 |

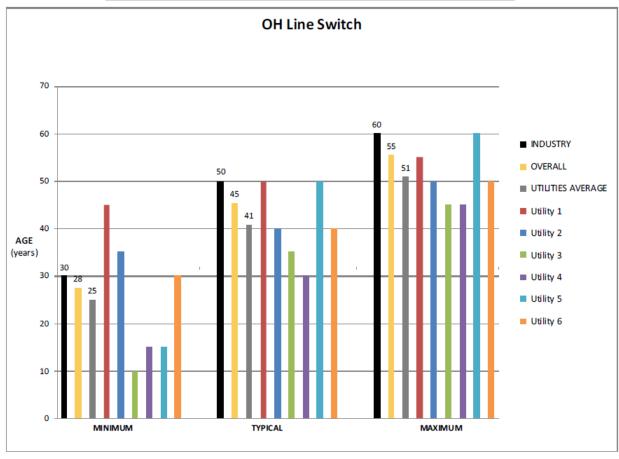


Exhibit 10: Typical Useful Life of Overhead Line Switches (Kinectrics Report)

Exhibit 10, reproduced from the Kinectrics' report, summarizes the survey results and conclusions of the Kinectrics report. As shown, the six utilities responding the Kinectrics survey reported typical useful life of 30 years (1), 35 years (1), 40 years (2) and 50 years (2), which results in mean useful life of 41 years. Kinectrics has indicated their opinion of the typical useful life for this asset in broader industry to be 50 years, but no evidence is provided in the report to support this belief. Based on the results of the survey gathered by Kinectrics and based on

OPUCN's own operating experience, the correct typical useful life of this asset is 40 years and we recommend OPUCN adopt 40 years TUL for this asset.

3.4. Other Assets Employed on Overhead Distribution System

For all of the remaining assets employed on overhead lines, including distribution transformers, voltage regulators and reclosers, in our opinion the estimates of typical useful life provided in the Kinectrics report accurately represent the typical useful life for each of those assets.

4 Underground Distribution System Assets

4.1. Underground Vault Switches

Underground vault switches are used to switch underground feeders or sub-loops are rated to make and break load current. Due to space constraints in underground vaults air-insulated switches are rarely used. Oil insulated switches were commonly used in the past in this application, however SF-6 insulated switches are more commonly used these days.

The health degradation modes for underground vault switches include mechanical failures due to corrosion of operating mechanism, rusting of enclosure and contamination of insulating oil with moisture. The SF6 switch failure modes include degradation of seals and gaskets that result in gas leak.

As summarized in Exhibit 11, the Kinectrics report concludes 35 years to the typical useful life for this asset and we agree with their conclusion.

| ASSET | USEFUL LIFE | | |
|-------------------|-------------|-----|--------|
| COMPONENTIZATION | MIN UL | TUL | MAX UL |
| UG Vault Switches | 20 | 35 | 50 |

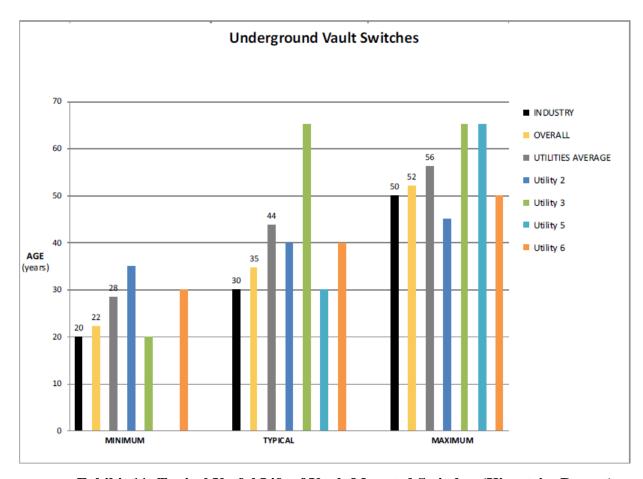


Exhibit 11: Typical Useful Life of Vault Mounted Switches (Kinectrics Report)

4.2. Underground Vaults

Underground vaults permit installation of transformers, switchgear or other equipment and are used when it is not practical to install such equipment on above grade pads. The vaults are typically built of reinforced concrete, using poured in place techniques. In locations subject to flooding floor drains and sump pumps are provided. Vaults where heat generating equipment such as distribution transformers are installed are also equipped with ventilation grates. Man access is provided through the top. When vaults are located in road ways, sidewalks, parking lots or other areas open to vehicular traffic, the structures must be designed by a structural engineer. Since vaults are confined spaces, they must be adequately sized to rescue trapped workers during a fire or explosion inside the vault or manhole.

The common degradation mode vaults is the deterioration of concrete structures due to concrete spalling and corrosion of rebar, sinking of the roof top surfaces allowing rain water to collect and flood the vaults. Functional obsolescence, where the size of the vault no longer meets the space requirements can also lead to end of life of a structure.

As summarized in Exhibit 12, the Kinectrics report concludes 60 years to the typical useful life for this asset and we agree with their conclusion.

| ASSET | USEFUL LIFE | | |
|------------------|-------------|-----|-------|
| COMPONENTIZATION | MIN UL | TUL | MAXUL |
| Overall | 40 | 60 | 80 |
| Roof | 20 | 30 | 45 |

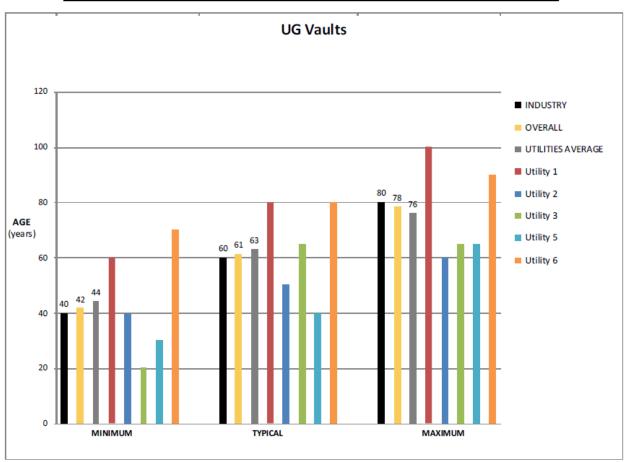


Exhibit 12: Typical Useful Life of Equipment Vaults (Kinectrics Report)

4.3. Cable Chambers

Cable Chambers or manholes permit cable pulling into underground ducts and provide access to splices for periodic inspections or maintenance. Cable chambers of many different styles, shapes

and sizes are in use. Pre-cast cable chambers are typically installed in boulevards and road allowances, outside of the travelled pavement portion of the road. Poured in place cable chambers are used under the travelled portion of the road to meet the required structural strength.

The common degradation mode for cable chambers is the deterioration of concrete structures due to concrete spalling and corrosion of rebar, sinking of the roof top surfaces allowing rain water to collect and flood the cable chamber. Functional obsolescence, where the size of the manhole no longer meets the space requirements can also lead to end of life of a structure.

| ASSET | USEFUL LIFE | | |
|------------------|-------------|-----|--------|
| COMPONENTIZATION | MIN UL | TUL | MAX UL |
| Cable Chambers | 50 | 60 | 80 |

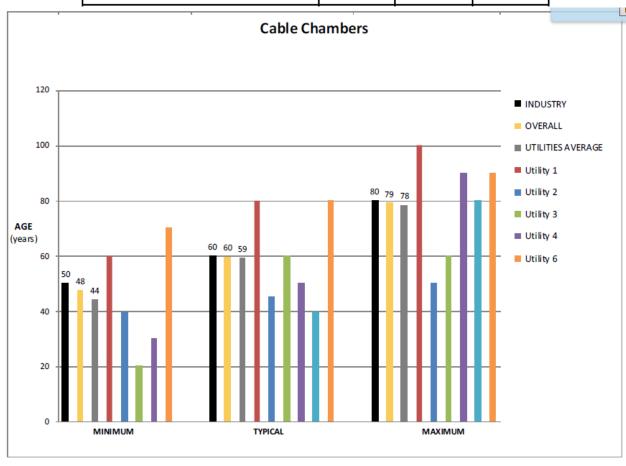


Exhibit 13: Typical Useful Life of Cable Chambers (Kinectrics Report)

As summarized in Exhibit 13, the Kinectrics report concludes 60 years to the typical useful life for this asset and we agree with their conclusion.

4.4. Concrete Encased Duct Banks

Concrete encased duct banks are commonly used for installation of underground cables in downtown city centers. The ducts connecting cable chambers and equipment vaults provide convenient means of pulling cables to serve new loads or replace older cables at the end of their useful life.

| ASSET | USE FUL LIFE | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|-----|--------|
| COMPONENTIZATION | MIN UL | TUL | MAX UL |
| Concrete Encased Duct Banks | 35 | 55 | 80 |

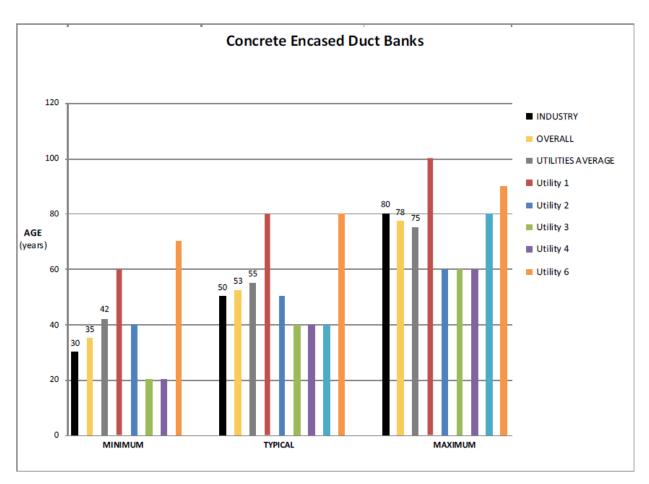


Exhibit 14: Typical Useful Life of Concrete Encased Duct Banks (Kinectrics Report)

As summarized in Exhibit 14, the Kinectrics report concludes 55 years to the typical useful life for this asset and we agree with their conclusion.

4.5. Direct Buried Primary Cable

Medium voltage cables may employ either copper or aluminum conductors. They may be constructed in either single phase or three phase configurations. Two major types of cables are in common use in Ontario: paper insulated lead covered (PILC) and cross linked polyethylene (XLPE).

The original designs of medium voltage cables were constructed out of oil impregnated layers of paper covered with a lead jacket and these cables are commonly referred to as paper insulated lead covered (PILC) cables. For these cables, the two significant long-term degradation processes are corrosion of the lead sheath and dielectric degradation of the oil impregnated paper insulation. Isolated sites of corrosion resulting in moisture penetration or isolated sites of dielectric deterioration resulting in insulation breakdown can result in localized failures. However, if either of these conditions becomes widespread there will be frequent cable failures and the cable can be deemed to be at effective end-of-life.

Polymer insulations for cables were introduced as an economic alternative to PILC cables in 1970's. The insulation system in these cables consists of a semi-conducting sheath over the conductor, the insulation, another semi-conducting layer over the insulation, a metallic shield tape or concentric neutral and a jacket. For the early generation of these cables, manufactured in the 1970's, two unexpected factors entered into the failure mechanism: presence of impurities in the insulation system and ingress of moisture that made these cables susceptible to premature failures due to water treeing. Water treeing in XLPE cables of 1970's vintage are the major cause of excessive cable failures on distribution system. Corrosion of concentric neutral conductors is another potential mode of failure.

Water treeing is the most significant degradation process for polymeric cables. The original design of cables with polymeric sheaths allowed water to penetrate and come into contact with the insulation. In the presence of electric fields water migration can result in treeing and ultimately breakdown. The rate of growth of water trees is dependent on the quality of the polymeric insulation and the manufacturing process. Any contamination voids or discontinuities will accelerate degradation. This has been the reason for poor reliability and relatively short lifetimes of early polymeric cables. As manufacturing processes have improved the performance and ultimate life of this type of cable has also improved. In addition to manufacturing improvements, development of tree retardant XLPE cables and designs to incorporate metal foil barriers and water migration control have further reduced the rate of deterioration due to treeing.

Distribution underground cables are one of the more challenging assets on electricity systems from a condition assessment and asset management viewpoint. Underground cables are relatively expensive and have long effective lifetimes. However, it is very difficult and therefore very expensive to obtain meaningful condition information for buried cables. Furthermore, cable systems have a good reliability record and when failures do occur they can be repaired at much lower cost than replacement. For all these reasons, the standard approach to managing cable systems has been monitoring of cable failure rates and the impacts of in service failures on

reliability and operating costs. Since it takes significantly longer to locate and repair cable faults to restore power following a failure in case of direct buried cables, the consequences of failures are significantly higher in case of direct buried cables in relation of cables installed in duct and manhole system. This results in typical useful life of direct buried cables to be significantly less than the cables installed in duct/manhole systems.

| ASSET | USEFUL LIFE | | |
|---|-------------|-----|--------|
| COMPONENTIZATION | MIN UL | TUL | MAX UL |
| Primary TR XLPE Cables - Direct Buried | 25 | 30 | 35 |

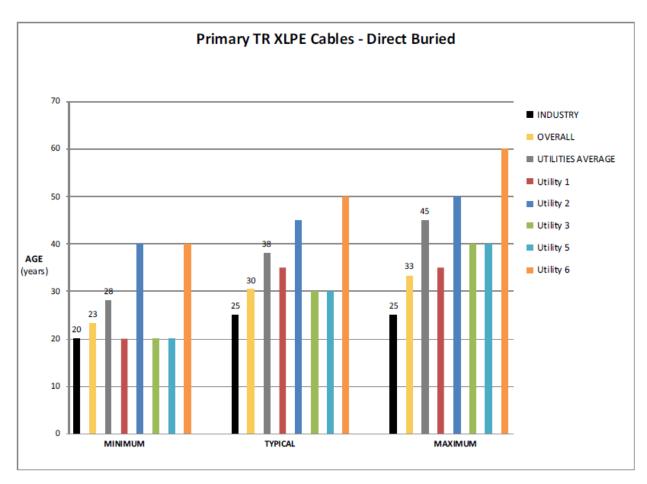


Exhibit 15: Typical Useful Life of Direct Buried Cables (Kinectrics Report)

As summarized in Exhibit 15, the Kinectrics report concludes 30 years to the typical useful life for this asset and we agree with their conclusion.

4.6. Primary Cable in Duct

This asset experiences the same degradation modes as described above for direct buried cables. The key difference is following an outage, the cable faults can be located and cables repairs with significantly greater speed, in relation to direct buried cables. The cost of repairs is also less because there is no resurfacing required after cable replacement. As a result primary cables in duct typically provide a longer service life in relation to direct buried cables.

| ASSET | ı | USEFUL LIFE | |
|-------------------------------------|--------|-------------|-------|
| COMPONENTIZATION | MIN UL | TUL | MAXUL |
| Primary TR XLPE Cables - In Duct | 35 | 40 | 55 |

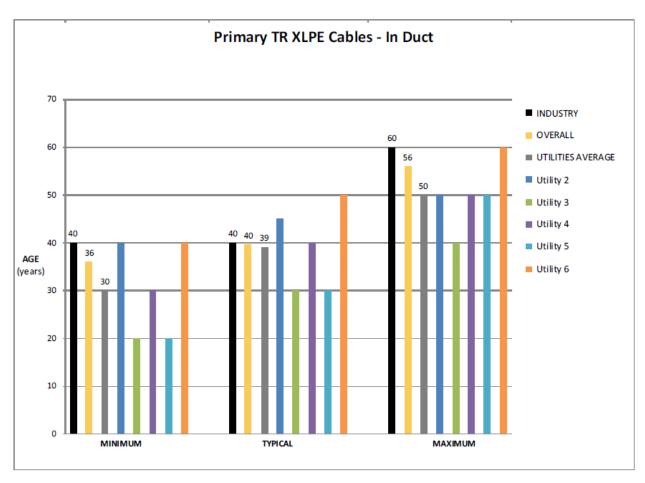


Exhibit 16: Typical Useful Life of Direct Buried Cables (Kinectrics Report)

As summarized in Exhibit 16, Kinectrics report concludes 40 years to the typical useful life for this asset and we agree with their conclusion.

4.7. Secondary Cable Direct Buried

Secondary cables or low voltage cables may employ either copper or aluminium conductors and often used cross linked polyethylene (XLPE) insulation. The minimum thickness of insulation in LV cables is dictated by the risk of mechanical damage during installation rather than by insulation degradation from electrical stress. The end of useful service life commonly occurs due to mechanical damage or overloading.

| ASSET | ١ | JSEFUL LIFE | |
|-------------------------------------|--------|-------------|-------|
| COMPONENTIZATION | MIN UL | TUL | MAXUL |
| Secondary Cables - Direct Buried | 25 | 35 | 40 |

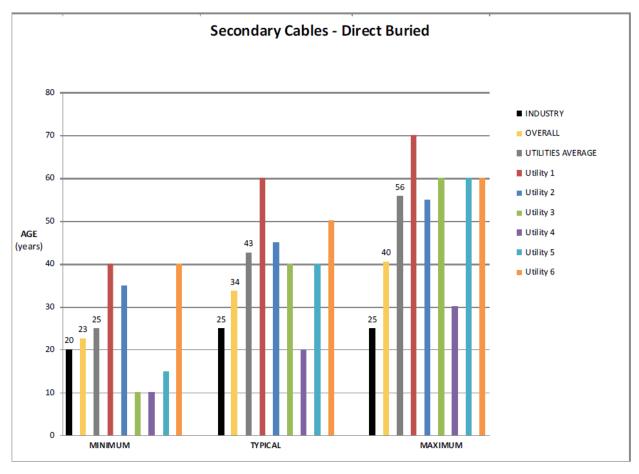


Exhibit 17: Typical Useful Life of Secondary Direct Buried Cables (Kinectrics Report)

Exhibit 17, reproduced above from the Kinectrics report, suggests typical useful life of 35 years for direct buried secondary cables. The six utilities surveyed by Kienctrics reported typical useful life for secondary cables of 20, 40, 40, 45, 50 and 60 years, which yields mean typical mean life of 42 years. Kinectrics report suggests typical service life of 20 years for direct buried secondary cables, based on the general industry experience. In our opinion there is no evidence to support the assumed industry wide service life of 20 years for low voltage cables.

We recommend based on the average of six utilities responding to Kinectrics survey, the typical useful life of this asset should be 42 years.

4.8. Other Assets Employed on Underground Distribution System

For all of the remaining assets employed on the underground distribution system, in our opinion the estimates of the typical useful life provided in the Kinectrics report accurately represent the typical useful life for each of those assets.

Auxiliary Assets

We have reviewed the methodology for determining the typical useful life as well as the recommended typical useful life of various auxiliary assets provided in the Kinectrics report, including buildings, office equipment, motor vehicles, computer hardware and software and concur with the findings and conclusions documented in the Kinectrics reports for each of the assets in this category.

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 112 of 133

APPENDIX 4-4- INCOME TAX/PILS WORKFORM FOR 2021 FILERS

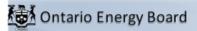


Income Tax/PILs Workform for 2021 Filers

Version 1.20

| Utility Name | Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| | | |
| Assigned EB Number | EB-2020-0048 | |
| | | |
| Name and Title | David Savage, Corporate Controller | |
| | | |
| Phone Number | 905 743-5219 | |
| | | |
| Email Address | dsavage@opuc.on.ca | |
| | | |
| Date | 2021 | |
| | 2015 | |
| Last COS Re-based Year | 2015 | |

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 113 of 133



Income Tax/PILs Workform for 2021 Filers

Info

S. Summary

A. Data Input Sheet

B. Tax Rates & Exemptions

Historical Year H0 - PILs, Tax Provision Historical Year

H1 - Adj. Taxable Income Historical Year

H4 - Schedule 4 Loss Carry Forward Historical Year

H8 - Schedule 8 Historical

H13 - Schedule 13 Tax Reserves Historical

Bridge Year B0 - PILs.Tax Provision Bridge Year

B1 - Adj. Taxable Income Bridge Year

B4 - Schedule 4 Loss Carry Forward Bridge Year

B8 - Schedule 8 CCA Bridge Year

B13 - Schedule 13 Tax Reserves Bridge Year

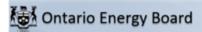
Test Year TO PILs, Tax Provision Test Year

T1 Taxable Income Test Year

T4 Schedule 4 Loss Carry Forward Test Year

T8 Schedule 8 CCA Test Year
T13 Schedule 13 Reserve Test Year

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 114 of 133



Income Tax/PILs Workform for 2021 Filers

No inputs required on this worksheet.

Inputs on Service Revenue Requirement Worksheet

The Service Revenue Requirement is in the 'Revenue Requirement Workform' - Tab 3.

| Item | Working Paper Reference | |
|---|----------------------------|---------------------|
| iteiii | Kelefelice | |
| Adjustments required to arrive at taxable income | as below | -5,687,145 |
| Test Year - Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILs) | <u>T0</u> | |
| Test Year - Grossed-up PILs | <u>T0</u> | - |
| Effective Federal Tax Rate | <u>T0</u> | 15.0% |
| Effective Ontario Tax Rate | <u>T0</u> | 11.5% |
| Calculation of Adjustments required to arrive at Taxable Income | | |
| Regulatory Income (before income taxes) | <u>T1</u> | 5,025,821 |
| Taxable Income | <u>T1</u> | -661,324 |
| Difference | calculated | -5,687,145 as above |

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 115 of 133

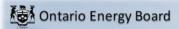
Income Tax/PILs Workform for 2021 Filers

Integrity Checks

The applicant must ensure the following integrity checks have been completed and confirm this is the case in the table below, or provide an explanation if this is not the case:

| | Item | Utility Confirmation (Y/N) | Notes |
|---|--|----------------------------|-------|
| 1 | The depreciation and amortization added back in the application's PILs model agree with the numbers disclosed in the rate base section of the application | Υ | |
| 2 | The capital additions and deductions in the CCA Schedule 8 agree with the rate base section for historical, bridge and test years | Y | |
| 3 | Schedule 8 of the most recent federal T2 tax return filed with the application has a closing December 31 historical year UCC that agrees with the opening (January 1) bridge year UCC. If the amounts do not agree, then the applicant must provide a reconciliation with explanations. Distributors must segregate non-distribution tax amounts on Schedule 8. | Y | |
| 4 | The CCA deductions in the application's PILs tax model for historical, bridge and test years (as applicable) agree with the numbers in the CCA Schedule 8 for the same years filed in the application | Υ | |
| 5 | Loss carry-forwards, if any, from prior year tax returns' Schedule 4 agree with those disc | Y | |
| 6 | A discussion is included in the application as to when the loss carry-forwards, if any, will | Y | |
| 7 | CCA is maximized even if there are tax loss carry-forwards | Y | |
| | Other post-employment benefits and pension expenses that are added back on Schedule 1 to reconcile accounting income to net income for tax purposes agree with the OM&A analysis for compensation. The amounts deducted are reasonable when compared with the notes to the audited financial statements, Financial Services Commission of Ontario reports, and actuarial valuations. | Y | |
| _ | The income tax rate used to calculate the tax expense is consistent with the utility's actual | Y | |

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 116 of 133



Income Tax/PILs Workform for 2021 Filers

| | | | Test Year | Bridge Year |
|--------------------------------------|--------|----|-------------------|-------------------|
| Rate Base | | s | \$ 147,471,271 | \$ 140,562,092 |
| Return on Ratebase | | | | |
| Deemed ShortTerm Debt % | 4.00% | Т | \$ 5,898,851 | W = S * T |
| Deemed Long Term Debt % | 56.00% | U | \$ 82,583,912 | X = S * U |
| Deemed Equity % | 40.00% | ٧ | \$ 58,988,508 | Y = S * V |
| | | | | |
| Short Term Interest Rate | 2.75% | Z | \$ 162,218 | $AC = W \cdot Z$ |
| Long Term Interest | 3.57% | AA | \$ 2,951,006 | AD = X * AA |
| Return on Equity (Regulatory Income) | 8.52% | AB | \$ 5,025,821 | AE = Y * AB T1 |
| Return on Rate Base | | | \$ 8,139,046 | AF = AC + AD + AE |

| Questions that must be answered | Historical Year | Bridge Year | Test Year |
|---|-----------------|-------------|-----------|
| 1. Does the applicant have any Investment Tax Credits (ITC)? | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 2. Does the applicant have any SRED Expenditures? | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 3. Does the applicant have any Capital Gains or Losses for tax purposes? | No | No | No |
| 4. Does the applicant have any Capital Leases? | No | No | No |
| 5. Does the applicant have any Loss Carry-Forwards (non-capital or net capital)? | No | No | No |
| 6. Since 1999, has the applicant acquired another regulated applicant's assets? | No | No | No |
| Did the applicant pay dividends? If Yes, please describe the tax treatment in the manager's summary. | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 8. Did the applicant elect to capitalize interest incurred on CWIP for tax purposes? | Yes | Yes | Yes |

Income Tax/PILs Workform for 2021 Filers

| Tax Rates Federal & Provincial As of MMM XX, 2019 | Effective January 1, 2015 | Effective January 1, 2016 | Effective January 1, 2017 | Effective January 1, 2018 | Effective January 1, 2019 | Effective January 1, 2020 | Effective January 1, 2021 |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Federal income tax | | | | | | | |
| General Corporate Rate | 38.00% | 38.00% | 38.00% | 38.00% | 38.00% | 38.00% | 38.00% |
| Federal Tax Abatement | -10.00% | -10.00% | -10.00% | -10.00% | -10.00% | -10.00% | -10.00% |
| Adjusted Federal Rate | 28.00% | 28.00% | 28.00% | 28.00% | 28.00% | 28.00% | 28.00% |
| Rate Reduction | -13.00% | -13.00% | -13.00% | -13.00% | -13.00% | -13.00% | -13.00% |
| Federal Income Tax | 15.00% | 15.00% | 15.00% | 15.00% | 15.00% | 15.00% | 15.00% |
| Ontario Income Tax | 11.50% | 11.50% | 11.50% | 11.50% | 11.50% | 11.50% | 11.50% |
| Combined Federal and Ontario | 26.50% | 26.50% | 26.50% | 26.50% | 26.50% | 26.50% | 26.50% |
| Federal & Ontario Small Business | | | | | | | |
| Federal Small Business Limit | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 |
| Ontario Small Business Limit | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 |
| Federal Small Business Rate | 11.00% | 10.50% | 10.50% | 10.00% | 9.00% | 9.00% | 9.00% |
| Ontario Small Business Rate | 4.50% | 4.50% | 4.50% | 3.50% | 3.50% | 3.20% | 3.20% |

- Notes

 1. The Ontario Energy Board's proxy for taxable capital is rate base.

 2. Regarding the small business deduction, if applicable,
 a. If taxable capital exceeds \$15 million, the small business rate will not be applicable.
 b. If taxable capital is below \$10 million, the small business rate would be applicable.

 - c. If taxable capital is between \$10 million and \$15 million, the appropriate small business rate will be calculated.



Income Tax/PILs Workform for 2021 Filers

PILs Tax Provision - Historical Year

| historical year. | | | | W | ires Only | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|-----------|----|-----------|------------|
| Regulatory Taxable Income | | | <u>H1</u> | \$ | 3,067,925 | A |
| Combined Tax Rate and PILs | Ontario Tax Rate (Maximum 11.5%) | 10.36% | В | | | |
| | Federal tax rate (Maximum 15%) | 15.00% | С | | | |
| | Combined tax rate (Maximum 26.5%) | | | | 25.36% | D = B+C |
| Total Income Taxes | | | | \$ | 778,000 |]E = A * D |
| Investment Tax Credits | | | | \$ | 29,000 | F |
| Miscellaneous Tax Credits | | | | | | G |
| Total Tax Credits | | | | \$ | 29,000 | H = F + G |
| Corporate PILs/Income Tax P | rovision for Historical Year | | | \$ | 749,000 |] = E - H |

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 118 of 133

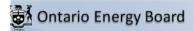


Income Tax/PILs Workform for 2021 Filers

Adjusted Taxable Income - Historical Year

| | T2S1 line # | Total for Legal Entity | Non-Distribution Eliminations | Historic Wires Only |
|---|----------------|--|----------------------------------|---|
| Income before PILs/Taxes | (A+ 101 + 102) | 5,963,173 | | 5,963,173 |
| Additions: | | | | |
| Interest and penalties on taxes | 103 | | | 0 |
| Amortization of tangible assets | 104 | 5,620,153 | | 5,620,153 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 106 | 82,734 | | 82,734 |
| Charitable donations and gifts from Schedule 2 | 112 | 5,000 | | 5,000 |
| Non-deductible meals and entertainment expense | 121 | 15,000 | | 15,000 |
| Reserves from financial statements – balance at the end of the year | 126 | 12,995,170 | | 12,995,170 |
| Other additions | | , | | |
| Prior Year Adjustments | | 366,476 | | 366,476 |
| | | | | 0 |
| Total Additions | | 19,084,533 | 0 | 19,084,533 |
| Deductions: Gain on disposal of assets per financial statements | 401 | 199,883 | | |
| Capital cost allowance from Schedule 8 | | 199,003 | | 199,883 |
| | 403 | 8,567,147 | | 199,883 8,567,147 |
| Reserves from financial statements - balance at beginning of year | 403 414 | | | |
| Reserves from financial statements - balance at beginning of year Other deductions | | 8,567,147 | | 8,567,147 |
| | | 8,567,147 | | 8,567,147 |
| Other deductions | 414 | 8,567,147 12,850,799 | 0 | 8,567,147 12,850,799 |
| Other deductions Interest capitalized for accounting deducted for tax | 414 | 8,567,147 12,850,799 356,953 | 0 | 8,567,147 12,850,799 356,953 |
| Other deductions Interest capitalized for accounting deducted for tax Total Deductions | 414 | 8,567,147 12,850,799 356,953 21,974,781 | | 8,567,147 12,850,799 356,953 0 21,974,781 |
| Other deductions Interest capitalized for accounting deducted for tax Total Deductions | 414 | 8,567,147 12,850,799 356,953 21,974,781 | | 8,567,147 12,850,799 356,953 0 21,974,781 |

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 119 of 133

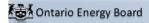


Income Tax/PILs Workform for 2021 Filers

Schedule 4 Loss Carry Forward - Historical

Corporation Loss Continuity and Application

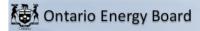
| Non-Capital Loss Carry Forward Deduction | Non- Total Distribution Portion | Utility Balance | |
|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Actual Historical | 0 | 0 | |
| Net Capital Loss Carry Forward Deduction | Total Non- Portion | Utility Balance | |
| Actual Historical | 0 | 0 | |



Income Tax/PILs Workform for 2021 Filers

Schedule 8 - Historical Year

| Class | Class Description Buildings, Distribution System (acq'd post 1987) Non-Residential Buildings (Reg. 1100(1)(a.1) election] | | | End of Year al per tax returns | Less: Non-Distribution Portion | UCC Regulated Historical Year | Re |
|-------|---|---|----|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----|
| 1 | | | s | 30,206,002 | | \$ 30,206,002 | |
| 1b | | | | | | \$ - | |
| 2 | Distribution System (acq'd pre 1988) | Only if election under | | | | \$ - | |
| 3 | Buildings (acq'd pre 1988) | ONTARIO REGULATION | | | | \$ - | |
| 6 | Certain Buildings; Fences | 162/01 ss. 5 or 7 filed in 2001 to have ITR 1102(14) | | | | \$ - | |
| 8 | General Office Equipment, Furniture, Fixtures | apply | \$ | 1,114,006 | | \$ 1,114,006 | |
| 10 | Motor Vehicles, Fleet | | \$ | 857,958 | | \$ 857,958 | |
| 10.1 | Certain Automobiles | | \$ | 1,544 | | \$ 1,544 | |
| 12 | Computer Application Software (Non-Systems) | | \$ | 87,829 | | \$ 87,829 | |
| 13 , | Lease #1 | | \$ | 102,729 | | \$ 102,729 | |
| 13 2 | Lease #2 | | | | | \$ - | 1 |
| 13 3 | Lease #3 | | | | | \$ - | 7 |
| 134 | Lease #4 | | | | | \$ - | 1 |
| 14 | Limited Period Patents, Franchises, Concessions or Licences | | | | | \$ - | 7 |
| 14.1 | Eligible Capital Property (acq'd pre 2017) | | | | | \$ - | 7 |
| 14.1 | Eligible Capital Property (acq'd post 2016) | | | | | \$ - | 7 |
| 17 | Elec. Generation Equip. (Non-Bidng, acg'd post Fet | Elec. Generation Equip. (Non-Bidng, acq'd post Feb 27/00); Roads, Lots, Storage | | | | s - | 1 |
| 42 | Fibre Optic Cable | - | \$ | 12,238 | | \$ 12,238 | |
| 43.1 | Certain Clean Energy/Energy-Efficient Generation I | quipment | | | | \$ - | 1 |
| 43.2 | Certain Clean Energy/Energy-Efficient Generation I | quipment | | | | \$ - | 1 |
| 45 | Computers & System Software (acq'd post Mar 22/0 | 4 and pre Mar 19/07) | s | 110 | | \$ 110 | |
| 46 | Data Network Infrastructure Equipment (acq'd post | Mar 22/04) | | | | \$ - | 7 |
| 47 | Distribution System (acq'd post Feb 22/05) | | \$ | 81,090,745 | | \$ 81,090,745 | |
| 50 | General Purpose Computer Hardware & Software (| acq'd post Mar 18/07) | \$ | 185,133 | | \$ 185,133 | |
| 95 | CWP | | | | | \$ - | 7 |
| 13.1 | | | \$ | 15,181 | | \$ 15,181 | 1 |
| | | | | | | \$ - | 1 |
| | | | | | | \$ - | |
| | | | | | | \$ - | |
| | | | | | | \$ - | |
| | | | | | | \$ - | |
| | | | | | | \$ - | |
| | | | | | | \$ - | |
| | SUB-TOTAL - UCC | | | 113,673,475 | | 0 113,673,475 | 5 |



Income Tax/PILs Workform for 2021 Filers

Schedule 13 Tax Reserves - Historical

Continuity of Reserves

| Description | Historical Balance as per tax returns | Non-Distribution Eliminations | Utility Only |
|--|--|----------------------------------|--------------|
| | | | |
| Capital gains reserves ss.40(1) | | | 0 |
| Tax reserves not deducted for accounting p | urposes | | |
| Reserve for doubtful accounts ss. 20(1)(I) | 194,511 | | 194,511 |
| Reserve for undelivered goods and services not rendered ss. 20(1)(m) | | | 0 |
| Reserve for unpaid amounts ss. 20(1)(n) | | | 0 |
| Debt & share issue expenses ss. 20(1)(e) | | | 0 |
| Other tax reserves | | | 0 |
| Other tax reserves | | | 0 |
| | | | 0 |
| | | | 0 |
| | | | 0 |
| | | | 0 |
| | | | 0 |
| Total | 194,511 | 0 | 194,511 |
| | | | |
| Financial Statement Reserves (not deductible | e for Tax Purposes) | | |
| General reserve for inventory obsolescence (nor | 1 | | 0 |
| specific) | | | |
| General reserve for bad debts | | | 0 |
| Accrued Employee Future Benefits: | | | 0 |
| - Medical and Life Insurance | 12,801,170 | | 12,801,170 |
| -Short & Long-term Disability | | | 0 |
| -Accmulated Sick Leave | | | 0 |
| - Termination Cost | | | 0 |
| - Other Post-Employment Benefits | | | 0 |
| Provision for Environmental Costs | | | 0 |
| Restructuring Costs | | | 0 |
| Accrued Contingent Litigation Costs | | | 0 |
| Accrued Self-Insurance Costs | | | 0 |
| Other Contingent Liabilities | | | 0 |
| Bonuses Accrued and Not Paid Within 180 Days | | | 0 |
| of Year-End ss. 78(4) | | | 0 |
| Unpaid Amounts to Related Person and Not Paid | | | |
| Within 3 Taxation Years ss. 78(1) | | | 0 |
| Other | | | 0 |
| Offset of provision change (OPEB) 319,659 | | | |
| netted with Mediacl & Life Ins above | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | 0 |
| | | | 0 |
| | | | U |
| Total | 12,801,170 | 0 | 12,801,170 |

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 122 of 133

Ontario Energy Board

Income Tax/PILs Workform for 2021 Filers

PILS Tax Provision - Bridge Year

| | | | | | | | Wir | es Only |
|--|-------------------|--|------------------|--------------------|---|-----------------|-----|------------------------------------|
| Regulatory Taxable Income | | | | | | Reference B1 | -\$ | 664,795 A |
| | Tax Rate | Small Business Rate (If Applicable) | Taxes Payable | Effective Tax Rate | | | | |
| Ontario (Max 11.5%) | 11.5% | 11.5% | -\$ 76,451 | 11.5% | В | | | |
| Federal (Max 15%) | 15.0% | 15.0% | -\$ 99,719 | 15.0% | C | | | |
| Combined effective tax rate (Max 26. | 5%) | | | | | | | 26.50% D = B + C |
| Total Income Taxes | | | | | | | \$ | - E = A * D |
| Investment Tax Credits Miscellaneous Tax Credits | | | | | | | \$ | 59,636 F 36,226 G |
| Total Tax Credits | | | | | | | \$ | 95,862 H = F + G |
| Corporate PILs/Income Tax Provision | n for Bridge Year | | | | | | \$ | - I = E - H |

Note:

1. This is for the derivation of Bridge year PILs income tax expense and should not be used for Test year revenue requirement calculations.

Ontario Energy Board

Income Tax/PILs Workform for 2021 Filers

Adjusted Taxable Income - Bridge Year

| | T2S1 line # | Working Paper Reference | Total for Regulated Utility |
|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Income before PILs/Taxes | (A + 101 + 102) | | 4,681,725 |

| Additions: | | | |
|---|-----|------------|------------|
| | | | |
| Interest and penalties on taxes | 103 | | |
| Amortization of tangible assets | 104 | | 5,859,618 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 106 | | 82,734 |
| Loss on disposal of assets | 111 | | 277,875 |
| Charitable donations and gifts from Schedule 2 | 112 | | 5,000 |
| Scientific research expenditures deducted on financial statements | 118 | | 278,696 |
| Non-deductible meals and entertainment expense | 121 | | 15,000 |
| Other Additions | | - ' | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Total Additions | | | 6,518,923 |
| Deductions: | | | |
| Capital cost allowance from Schedule 8 | 403 | B8 | 11,373,650 |
| Scientific research expenses claimed in year | 411 | | 194,110 |
| Other deductions | | | |
| Interest capitalized for accounting deducted for tax | 395 | | 302,683 |
| | | | |
| Total Deductions | | calculated | 11,870,443 |
| Net Income for Tax Purposes | | calculated | -669,795 |
| Charitable donations | 311 | | 5,000 |
| | | | |
| TAXABLE INCOME | | calculated | -664,795 |

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 124 of 133



Income Tax/PILs Workform for 2021 Filers

Corporation Loss Continuity and Application

Schedule 4 Loss Carry Forward - Bridge Year

| Non-Capital Loss Carry Forward Deduction | | Total |
|--|------------|---------|
| Actual Historical | <u>H4</u> | 0 |
| Amount to be used in Bridge Year | <u>B1</u> | 0 |
| Loss Carry Forward Generated in Bridge Year (if any) | <u>B1</u> | 669,795 |
| Other Adjustments | | |
| Balance available for use post Bridge Year | calculated | 669,795 |

<u>T4</u>

| Net Capital Loss Carry Forward Deduction | | Total |
|--|------------|-------|
| Actual Historical | <u>H4</u> | 0 |
| Amount to be used in Bridge Year | | |
| Loss Carry Forward Generated in Bridge Year (if any) | <u>B1</u> | |
| Other Adjustments | | |
| Balance available for use post Bridge Year | calculated | 0 |

T4

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 125 of 133

Ontario Energy Board

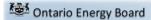
Income Tax/PILs Workform for 2021 Filers

Schedule 8 CCA - Bridge Year

| (1) Class | Class Description | Working Paper Reference | (2) Undepreciated capital cost (UCC) at the beginning of the bridge year | (3) Cost of acquisitions during the year (new property must be available for use, except CWIP) | (4) Cost of acquisitions from column 3 that are accelerated investment incentive property (AIIP) | (9) UCC (column 2 plus column 3 plus or minus column 5 minus column 8) | column 10) (if negative, enter "0") | Relevant factor | (12) UCC adjustment for AIIP acquired during the year (column 11 multiplied by the relevant factor) | (13) UCC adjustment for non-AIIP acquired during the year (0.5 multiplied by the result of column 3 minus column 6 plus column 81 (8 nogative, enter "0") | (14) CCA Rate % | (17) CCA (for declining trainance method, the result of column 9 plus column 12 minus column 13, multiplied by column 14) | 10 | (18) C at the end of e tridge year olumn 9 minus column 17) | Pape |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|---|--|--|---|---|--------------------|---|---|--------------------|---|------|---|------|
| 1 | Buildings, Distribution System (acq'd post 1987) | H8 | \$ 30,206,002 | | | \$ 30,206,002 | | 0.50 | | \$. | 4% | \$ 1,208,240 | S | 28,997,762 | |
| 1b | Non-Residential Buildings [Reg. 1100(1)(a.1) election] | HB | 5 - | | | \$ - | 5 - | 0.50 | 5 - | 5 - | 6% | 5 - | 5 | 4.1 | TB |
| 2 | Distribution System (acq'd pre 1988) | HB | \$ - | | | 5 - | \$ - | | \$ - | \$ - | 6% | \$ - | 5 | - | 13 |
| 3 | Buildings (acq'd pre 1988) | HB | 5 - | | | 5 - | 5 - | | 5 - | 5 - | 5% | 5 - | 5 | - | Te |
| 6 | Certain Buildings; Fences | HB | 5 . | | | 5 - | 5 - | 0.50 | 5 . | 5 - | 10% | \$ - | 5 | - | Te |
| 8 | General Office Equipment, Furniture, Fixtures | HB | \$ 1,114,006 | \$ 310,000 | \$ 310,000 | \$ 1,424,006 | 5 310,000 | 0.50 | \$ 155,000 | 5 - | 20% | \$ 315,801 | 5 | 1,108,205 | TB |
| 10 | Motor Vehicles, Fleet | HB | \$ 857,968 | \$ 545,000 | \$ 545,000 | \$ 1,402,958 | \$ 545,000 | 0.50 | \$ 272,500 | \$ - | 30% | \$ 502,637 | S | 900,321 | 13 |
| 10.1 | Certain Automobiles | HB | 5 1,544 | | | 5 1,544 | 5 - | 0.50 | 5 - | 5 - | 30% | 5 463 | 5 | 1,080 | Te |
| 12 | Computer Application Software (Non-Systems) | HB | 5 87,629 | 5 300,000 | | \$ 387,829 | 5 - | 0.00 | 5 - | \$ 150,000 | 100% | 5 237,829 | 5 | 150,000 | Te |
| 13.1 | Lease #1 | HB | \$ 102,720 | \$ 280,000 | | 5 382,729 | 5 - | 0.00 | 5 - | \$ 140,000 | NA. | \$ 40,455 | 5 | 342,274 | Té |
| 13.2 | Lease #2 | HB | 5 - | | | 5 - | 5 - | 0.00 | 5 - | 5 - | NA. | | 5 | - | TB |
| 13.3 | Lease #3 | HB | s - | | | \$ - | \$ - | 0.00 | \$ - | \$ - | NA. | | 5 | - | Ta |
| 13-4 | Lease #4 | HB | 5 - | | | 5 - | 5 - | 0.00 | 3 . | 5 - | NA. | | 5 | | Te |
| 14 | Limited Period Patents, Franchises, Concessions or Lice | HB | 5 . | | | 5 - | 5 - | 0.00 | 5 . | 5 - | NA. | | 5 | | Té |
| 14.1 | Eligible Capital Property (acq'd pre Jan 1, 2017) | HB | 5 . | | | \$ - | 5 - | | 5 . | 5 - | 7% | \$ - | S | | TE |
| 14.1 | Eligible Capital Property (acq'd post Jan 1, 2017) | HB | 5 - | | | \$ - | 5 - | 0.50 | 5 - | 5 - | 5% | \$ - | S | 1 | Ta |
| 17 | Elec. Generation Equip. (Non-Bidng, acq'd post Feb 27/0 | HB | 5 - | | | 5 - | 5 - | 0.50 | 5 - | 5 - | 8% | 5 | 5 | - | Te |
| 42 | Fibre Optic Cable | HB | 5 12.236 | | | 5 12,238 | 5 - | 0.50 | 3 - | 5 - | 12% | 5 1,469 | 5 | 10,769 | Te |
| 43.1 | Certain Clean Energy/Energy-Efficient Generation Equip | HB | \$. | | | 5 - | 5 - | 233 | 5 . | 5 - | 30% | \$. | \$ | - | TE |
| 43.2 | Certain Clean Energy/Energy-Efficient Generation Equip | HB- | 5 - | | | s - | 5 - | 1.00 | 5 - | 5 - | 50% | 5 - | 5 | - | Te |
| 45 | Computers & System Software (acq'd post Mar 2204 and | HB | \$ 110 | | | \$ 110 | \$ - | | \$ - | \$ - | 45% | \$ 50 | S | 61 | |
| 45 | Data Network Infrastructure Equipment (acg'd post Mar 2 | HB | 5 - | | | 5 . | 5 . | 0.50 | 3 - | 5 - | 30% | 5 . | 5 | - | Te |
| 47 | Distribution System (acq'd post Feb 22/05) | HB | \$ 81,090,745 | \$ 13,083,471 | \$ 13,863,471 | 5 94,974,217 | \$ 13,883,471 | 0.50 | \$ 6,941,736 | 5 - | 8% | \$ 8,153,276 | 5 | 86,820,940 | Té |
| 50 | General Purpose Computer Hardware & Software (acq'd | HB | \$ 185,133 | \$ 971,500 | \$ 971,500 | \$ 1,156,633 | \$ 971,500 | 0.50 | \$ 485,750 | 5 - | 55% | \$ 903:311 | 5 | 253.322 | TB |
| 95 | CMP | HB | \$ - | | | \$ - | \$ - | 0.00 | \$ - | 5 - | 0% | \$ - | S | _ | Te |
| 13.1 | | HB | \$ 15,181 | | | \$ 15,181 | \$ | | 5 - | \$ - | | \$ 10,120 | 5 | 5,061 | Te |
| 47 | Capitalized Interest 302,683 netted against Class 47 | HB | 5 . | | | 5 . | 5 . | | 3 . | 5 - | 8% | 5 . | 5 | - | Te |
| | | HB | 5 . | | | 5 . | 5 . | | 5 - | 5 - | | | 5 | | TB |
| | | HB | 5 - | | | S - | 5 - | | 5 - | 5 - | | | 5 | - | TB |
| | | HB | s - | | | 5 - | 5 - | | 5 - | 5 - | | | 5 | | Ta |
| | | HB | 5 . | | | 5 . | 5 . | | 5 - | 5 - | | | 5 | - | Te |
| | | HB | 5 . | | | 5 . | 5 . | | 5 - | 5 - | | | 5 | - | TE |
| | | HE | 5 . | | | s - | 5 - | - | 5 . | 5 - | | | 5 | | TB |
| | TOTALS | | \$ 113,673,475 | £ 15 380 071 | \$ 15,709,971 | £120 063 446 | £ 45 700 071 | _ | \$ 7.854.986 | | | \$ 11,373,650 | D+ 6 | 118,589,796 | - |

For additional datails and guidance on calculating amounts in Schedule 8, refer to the notes to the Canada Revenue Agency published Schedule 8 - Capital Cost Allowance (CCA) (2018 and later tax years) https://www.canada.ca/content/dam/cra-arc/formspubs/pbg/t2sch8/t2sch8-19a.pdf

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 126 of 133



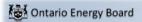
Income Tax/PILs Workform for 2021 Filers

Schedule 13 Tax Reserves - Bridge Year

Continuity of Reserves

| | | Bridge Year Adjustments | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|----|-----------|-----------|----------------------------|------------|------------------------------|------------------------|
| Description | Reference | Historical Utility Only | Eliminate Amounts Not Relevant for Bridge Year | Adjusted Utility Balance | | Additions | Disposals | Balance for Bridge Year | | Change During the Year | Disallowed Expenses |
| Capital gains reserves ss.40(1) | H13 | 0 | | 1 0 | | | | 0 | T13 | 0 | |
| Tax Reserves Not Deducted for Accounting Purposes | 1110 | 9 | | | _ | | | · • | 110 | | |
| Reserve for doubtful accounts ss. 20(1)(I) | H13 | 194.511 | | 194.511 | | | | 194,511 | T13 | 0 | |
| Reserve for goods and services not delivered ss. 20(1)(m) | H13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | | T13 | 0 | |
| Reserve for unpaid amounts ss. 20(1)(n) | H13 | 0 | | 1 | | | | | T13 | 0 | |
| Debt & share issue expenses ss. 20(1)(e) | H13 | 0 | | 1 | | | | 0 | _ | 0 | |
| Other tax reserves | H13 | 0 | | | | | | 0 | T13 | 0 | |
| - 1101 total 100 | 1110 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | 110 | 0 | |
| | | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 | |
| Total | | 194,511 | | 194,511 | B1 | 0 | 0 | 194,511 | B1 | 0 | |
| Total | | 101,011 | | 10.1,011 | 51 | _ | | 10-1,011 | | - | |
| Financial statement reserves (not deductible for tax purposes |) | | | 1 | _ | | | | | | |
| General Reserve for Inventory Obsolescence (non-specific) | H13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | T13 | 0 | |
| General Reserve for Bad Debts | H13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | T13 | 0 | |
| Accrued Employee Future Benefits: | H13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 | |
| - Medical and Life Insurance | H13 | 12,801,170 | | 12,801,170 | | | | 12,801,170 | T13 | 0 | |
| - Short & Long-term Disability | H13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | T13 | 0 | |
| - Accumulated Sick Leave | H13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | T13 | 0 | |
| - Termination Cost | H13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | T13 | 0 | |
| - Other Post-Employment Benefits | H13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | T13 | 0 | |
| Provision for Environmental Costs | H13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | T13 | 0 | |
| Restructuring Costs | H13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | T13 | 0 | |
| Accrued Contingent Litigation Costs | H13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | T13 | 0 | |
| Accrued Self-Insurance Costs | H13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | T13 | 0 | |
| Other Contingent Liabilities | H13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | T13 | 0 | |
| Bonuses Accirued and Not Paid Within 180 Days of Year-End ss. | H13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | T13 | 0 | |
| Unpaid Amounts to Related Person and Not Paid Within 3 Taxation Years ss. 78(1) | H13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | <u>T13</u> | 0 | |
| Other | H13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | T13 | 0 | |
| | | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 | |
| | | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 | |
| Total | | 12.801.170 | (| 12,801,170 | B1 | 0 | 0 | 12,801,170 | B1 | 0 | |

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 127 of 133



Income Tax/PILs Workform for 2021 Filers

PILs Tax Provision - Test Year

| | | | | | | | | | Wire | es Only | |
|---|-----------------------|--|-------|---------|--------------------|---|--------|-----------|------|----------------------|------------|
| Regulatory Taxable Income | | | | | | | | <u>I1</u> | -\$ | 661,324 A | |
| | Tax Rate | Small Business Rate (If Applicable) | Taxes | Payable | Effective Tax Rate | | | | | | |
| Ontario (Max 11.5%) | 11.5% | 11.5% | -\$ | 76,052 | 11.5% | В | | | | | |
| Federal (Max 15%) | 15.0% | 15.0% | -\$ | 99,199 | 15.0% | C | | | | | |
| Combined effective tax rate (Max 2 | 26.5%) | | | | | | | | | 26.50% D = B + C | |
| Total Income Taxes | | | | | | | | | -\$ | 175,251 E = A * D | |
| Investment Tax Credits Miscellaneous Tax Credits | | | | | | | | | \$ | 59,636 F 36,226 G | |
| Total Tax Credits | | | | | | | | | \$ | 95,862 H = F + G | |
| Corporate PILs/Income Tax Provision | on for Test | Year | | | | | | | \$ | - I = E - H | S. Summary |
| Corporate PILs/Income Tax Provision | Gross Up ¹ | | | | | | 73.50% | J = 1-D | \$ | - K = I/J-I | |
| Income Tax (grossed-up) | | | | | | | | | \$ | - L = K + I | S. Summary |

Note

^{1.} This is for the derivation of revenue requirement and should not be used for sufficiency/deficiency calculations.



Income Tax/PILs Workform for 2021 Filers

Taxable Income - Test Year

| | Working Paper Reference | Test Year Taxable Income |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Net Income Before Taxes | <u>A.</u> | 5,025,821 |

| | T2 S1 line # | | |
|---|--------------|------------|------------|
| Additions: | | | |
| Amortization of tangible assets 2-4 ADJUSTED ACCOUNTING DATA P489 | 104 | | 6,068,050 |
| Amortization of intangible assets 2-4 ADJUSTED ACCOUNTING DATA P490 | 106 | | 82,734 |
| Loss on disposal of assets | 111 | | 277,875 |
| Charitable donations | 112 | | 5,000 |
| Scientific research expenditures deducted on financial statements | 118 | | 278,696 |
| Non-deductible meals and entertainment expense | 121 | | 15,000 |
| Tax reserves beginning of year | 125 | <u>T13</u> | 194,511 |
| Reserves from financial statements- balance at end of year | 126 | <u>T13</u> | 12,801,170 |
| Other Additions | | | |
| Total Additions | | | 19,723,036 |
| Deductions: | | | |
| Capital cost allowance from Schedule 8 | 403 | <u>T8</u> | 11,917,708 |
| Scientific research expenses claimed in year | 411 | | 194,110 |
| Tax reserves end of year | 413 | <u>T13</u> | 194,511 |
| Reserves from financial statements - balance at beginning of year | 414 | <u>T13</u> | 12,801,170 |
| Other deductions | | | |
| Interest capitalized for accounting deducted for tax | 395 | | 302,683 |
| Total Deductions | | calculated | 25,410,181 |
| NET INCOME FOR TAX PURPOSES | | calculated | -661,324 |
| Charitable donations | 311 | | |
| REGULATORY TAXABLE INCOME | | calculated | -661,324 |

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 129 of 133



Income Tax/PILs Workform for 2021 Filers

Schedule 4 Loss Carry Forward - Test Year

Corporation Loss Continuity and Application

| Non-Capital Loss Carry Forward Deduction | Working Paper Reference | Total | Non- Distribution Portion | Utility Balance |
|--|----------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Actual/Estimated Bridge Year Carried Forward | <u>B4</u> | 669,795 | | 669,795 |
| Amount to be used in Test Year and Price Cap Years | <u>I1</u> | 0 | | 0 |
| Number of years loss until next cost of service (i.e. years the loss is to be spread over) | | | | |
| Amount to be used in Test Year | calculated | 0 | | 0 |
| Loss Carry Forward Generated in Test Year (if any) | I1 | 661,324 | | 661,324 |
| Other Adjustments | | | | 0 |
| Balance available for use in Future Years | calculated | 1,331,118 | | 1.331,118 |

| Net Capital Loss Carry Forward Deduction | | Total | Non- Distribution Portion | Utility Balance |
|--|-----------|-------|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Actual/Estimated Bridge Year Carried Forward | B4 | 0 | | 0 |
| Amount to be used in Test Year and Price Cap Years | | | | 0 |
| Number of years loss until next cost of service (i.e. years the loss is to be spread over) | | | | |
| Amount to be used in Test Year | <u>T1</u> | 0 | | 0 |
| Loss Carry Forward Generated in Test Year (if any) | | | | 0 |
| Other Adjustments | | | | 0 |
| Balance available for use in Future Years | | 0 | | 0 |

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 130 of 133

Ontario Energy Board

Income Tax/PILs Workform for 2021 Filers

Schedule 8 CCA - Test Year

| (1) Class | Class Description | Working Paper Reference | (2) Undepreciated capital cost (UCC) at the beginning of the test year | (3) Cost of acquisitions during the year (new property must be available for use, except own) | (4) Cost of acquisitions from column 3 that are accelerated investment incentive property (AIIP) | (9) UCC (column 2 plus column 3 plus or minus column 8 minus column 8) | (11) Net capital cost additions of AllP acquired during the year (column 4 minus column 10) (if negative, enter | Relevant factor | (12) UCC adjustment for AIIP acquired during the year (column 11 multiplied by the relevant factor) | (13) UCC adjustment for non-AIIP acquired during the year (0.5 multiplied by the result of column 3 minus column 4 minus column 6 plus column 7 minus column 7 | (14) CCA Rate % | (17) CCA (for declini balance metric the result of column 19 plu column 12, multiplied by column 14) | d, s us | (18) UCC at the end of the test year (column 9 minus column 17) |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------|---|---|--|---|---|--------------------|---|--|--------------------|--|---------------|---|
| 1 | Buildings, Distribution System (acg'd post 1987) | 88 | \$ 28,997,762 | | | 5 28,997,762 | 5 - | 0.50 | 5 - | 5 . | 4% | 5 1,150.9 | 10 | \$ 27,837,852 |
| 1b | Non-Residential Buildings [Reg. 1100(1)(a.1) election] | 88 | 5 - | | | 5 - | \$ - | 0.50 | s . | 5 - | 6% | 5 - | | s - |
| 2 | Distribution System (acq'd pre 1988) | B8 | S - | | | 3 . | 5 - | | 5 - | 5 . | 6% | 5 - | | 5 - |
| 3 | Buildings (acq'd pre 1988) | 88 | 5 - | | | 5 . | 5 - | | 5 . | 5 . | 5% | 5 - | | 5 - |
| 6 | Certain Buildings; Fences | B8 | 5 . | | | 5 - | \$ - | 0.50 | \$ - | 5 - | 10% | 5 - | | s - |
| 8 | General Office Equipment, Furniture, Fixtures | 88 | \$ 1,108,205 | 150,000 | 150,000 | \$ 1,258,205 | \$ 150,000 | 0.50 | \$ 75,000 | S - | 20% | \$ 266,6 | 41 (| \$ 991,564 |
| 10 | Motor Vehicles, Fleet | B8 | \$ 900,321 | 530,000 | 530,000 | \$ 1,430,321 | 5 530,000 | 0.50 | 5 265,000 | 5 . | 30% | \$ 506,5 | 36 | 5 921,724 |
| 10.1 | Certain Automobiles | 88 | \$ 1,080 | | | \$ 1,080 | 5 - | 0.50 | 5 - | 5 . | 30% | 5 3 | 24 5 | 5 756 |
| 12 | Computer Application Software (Non-Systems) | B8 | \$ 150,000 | 200,000 | | \$ 350,000 | \$ - | 0.00 | \$. | \$ 100,000 | 100% | \$ 250,0 | 00 : | \$ 100,000 |
| 13 1 | Lease #1 | B8 | \$ 342,274 | 100,000 | | 5 442,274 | 5 - | 0.00 | 5 - | \$ 50,000 | NA. | \$ 65,3 | /9 / | \$ 376,895 |
| 13 2 | Lease #2 | 88 | 5 - | | | \$. | 5 . | 0.00 | 5 - | 5 . | NA. | | | 5 - |
| 13 3 | Lease #3 | B8 | 5 . | | | 5 - | \$ - | 0.00 | \$ - | 5 - | NA. | | | s - |
| 13.4 | Lease #4 | B8 | S - | | | \$ - | 5 - | 0.00 | \$ - | S - | NA. | | | s - |
| 14 | Limited Period Patents, Franchises, Concessions or Licence | B8 | 5 - | | | 5 . | 5 - | 0.00 | 5 - | 5 . | NA | | | 5 - |
| 14.1 | Eligible Capital Property (acq'd pre Jan 1, 2017) | 88 | 5 . | | | 5 - | \$. | | s . | 5 - | 7% | 5 . | | s . |
| 14.1 | Eligible Capital Property (acq'd post Jan 1, 2017) | B8 | \$ - | | | \$ - | \$ - | 0.50 | \$ - | S - | 5% | S - | 1 | S - |
| 17 | Elec, Generation Equip. (Non-Bidng, acq'd post Feb 27/00); F | B8 | 5 - | | | 5 . | 5 - | 0.50 | 5 - | 5 . | 8% | 5 - | | 5 - |
| 42 | Fibre Optic Cable | 88 | \$ 10,769 | | | 5 10,769 | \$. | 0.50 | 5 - | 5 . | 12% | 5 12 | 12 ! | 5 9,477 |
| 43.1 | Certain Clean Energy/Energy-Efficient Generation Equipmen | B8 | 5 - | | | 5 - | \$ - | 2.33 | \$ - | 5 - | 30% | 5 - | 1 | 5 - |
| 43.2 | Certain Clean Energy/Energy-Efficient Generation Equipmen | B8 | \$ - | | | 5 - | \$ - | 1.00 | \$ - | S - | 50% | \$ - | 1 | S - |
| 45 | Computers & System Software (acq'd post Mar 22/04 and pre | 88 | \$ 61 | | | 5 61 | 5 - | | 5 - | 5 . | 45% | 5 | 27 : | 5 33 |
| 46 | Data Network Infrastructure Equipment (acq"d post Mar 22/0 | 88 | 5 - | | | 5 - | \$ - | 0.50 | \$ - | 5 - | 30% | 5 - | | 5 - |
| 47 | Distribution System (acq'd post Feb 22/05) | B8 | \$ 86,820,940 | 11,754,782 | 11,754,782 | \$ 98,575,722 | \$ 11,754,782 | 0.50 | \$ 5,877,391 | S - | 8% | \$ 8,350,2 | 49. | \$ 90,219,473 |
| 50 | General Purpose Computer Hardware & Software (acq'd pos | B8 | 5 253,322 | 1,412,000 | 1,412,000 | \$ 1,665,322 | 5 1,412,000 | 0.50 | 5 706,000 | 5 . | 55% | 5 1,304,2 | 27 3 | \$ 361,095 |
| 95 | CWIP | 88 | 5 - | | | 5 . | 5 - | 0.00 | 5 - | 5 - | 0% | 5 - | | 5 - |
| 13.1 | | B8 | \$ 5,081 | | | \$ 5,061 | \$ - | | \$ - | S - | | \$ 5,0 | 61 : | s - |
| 47 | Capitalized Interest 302,683 netted against Class 47 | B8 | 5 - | | | 5 . | 5 - | | 5 - | 5 - | | | | 5 . |
| | | 88 | 5 - | | | 5 . | \$ - | | 5 - | 5 - | | | | 5 - |
| | | B8 | 5 - | | | 5 - | \$ - | | \$. | 5 - | | | | 5 - |
| | | B8 | \$ - | | | 5 | 5 | | \$ - | S - | | | | \$ - |
| | | B8 | 5 - | | | 5 . | 5 - | | \$. | 5 - | | | | 5 - |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | B8 | 5 . | | | 5 - | \$ - | | s . | 5 - | | | | 5 - |

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 131 of 133



Income Tax/PILs Workform for 2021 Filers

Schedule 13 Tax Reserves - Test Year

Continuity of Reserves

| | | | | | | Test Year Adjustments | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------|--|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|-----------|--------------------------|-----------|------------------------------|------------------------|
| Description | Working Paper Reference | Bridge Year | Eliminate Amounts Not Relevant for Test Year | Adjusted Utility Balance | | Additions | Disposals | Balance for Test Year | | Change During the Year | Disallowed Expenses |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Capital Gains Reserves ss.40(1) | B13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 | 1 |
| Tax Reserves Not Deducted for accounting purposes | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reserve for doubtful accounts ss. 20(1)(I) | B13 | 194,511 | | 194,511 | | | | 194,511 | | 0 | |
| Reserve for goods and services not delivered ss. 20(1)(m) | B13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 | |
| Reserve for unpaid amounts ss. 20(1)(n) | B13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 | 1 |
| Debt & Share Issue Expenses ss. 20(1)(e) | B13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 | 1 |
| Other tax reserves | B13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 | 1 |
| | | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | C |) |
| | | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 | |
| Total | | 194,511 | 0 | 194,511 | <u>T1</u> | 0 | 0 | 194,511 | <u>T1</u> | 0 | |
| Financial Statement Reserves (not deductible for Tax Purposes) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Reserve for Inventory Obsolescence (non-specific) | B13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | | |
| General reserve for bad debts | B13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 | |
| Accrued Employee Future Benefits: | B13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 | |
| - Medical and Life Insurance | B13 | 12,801,170 | | 12,801,170 | | | | 12,801,170 | | 0 | |
| -Short & Long-term Disability | B13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 | |
| -Accmulated Sick Leave | B13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 | |
| - Termination Cost | B13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | C | |
| - Other Post-Employment Benefits | B13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | | |
| Provision for Environmental Costs | B13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 | |
| Restructuring Costs | B13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 |) |
| Accrued Contingent Litigation Costs | B13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 | |
| Accrued Self-Insurance Costs | B13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 | |
| Other Contingent Liabilities | B13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 | |
| Bonuses Accrued and Not Paid Within 180 Days of Year-End ss. 78(4) | B13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | C |) |
| Unpaid Amounts to Related Person and Not Paid Within 3 Taxation Years ss. 78(1) | <u>B13</u> | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | C | |
| Other | B13 | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | C | 1 |
| | | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | C | 1 |
| | | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 |) |
| Total | | 12,801,170 | 0 | 12,801,170 | T1 | 0 | 0 | 12,801,170 | T1 | 0 | |

Filed: 2020-08-12 EB-2020-0048 Exhibit 4 Page 132 of 133

APPENDIX 4-5 – 2019 CORPORATE TAX RETURNS

See attached.



KPMG LLP Bay Adelaide Centre 333 Bay Street, Suite 4600 Toronto ON M5H 2S5 Canada Telephone (416) 777-8500 Fax (416) 777-8818

PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL

DAVID SAVAGE
AUTHORIZED SIGING OFFICER
Oshawa PUC Networks Inc.
100 Simcoe Street South
Oshawa ON L1H 7M7

June 29, 2020

Dear DAVID:

CORPORATE INCOME TAX RETURNS

We have prepared and enclose the corporate income tax return(s) (the "Returns") of Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. (the Company) for the period ended December 31, 2019 and the related Corporate Income Tax Filing Instructions (the "Filing Instructions").

We have prepared these Returns based on our understanding of and reliance upon the facts, data, materials, assumptions and other information (collectively, the Information) provided to us by the Company and/or its representatives, and we have not independently investigated or verified the accuracy or completeness of such Information. We accept no responsibility or liability for any errors attributable to our reliance upon inaccurate or incomplete Information. We recommend that you carefully review the Returns in their entirety to ensure that all of the relevant Information is correctly and completely disclosed.

Please review the enclosed Filing Instructions. When you are satisfied that the Returns are in order they must be filed (electronically or in paper format) with the respective taxing authorities by the due date (as set out in the Filing Instructions) if late filing penalties are to be avoided or minimized, or if losses are carried back to a prior taxation year.

CRA has extended the deadline for businesses to pay any income tax amounts that become owing or due after March 18, 2020 and before September 1, 2020 to September 1, 2020. Businesses will not be assessed any penalties or interest if the balance due is paid by September 1, 2020.

KEY TAX ATTRIBUTES SUMMARY

We are pleased to provide you with select key tax information on the *Corporate Tax Return - Key Tax Attributes Summary*. This document lists key amounts and carryforward balances from the Returns and may assist in identifying future potential tax planning opportunities.

FOREIGN PROPERTY

The information return, which reports the Company's specified foreign property, is Form T1135 - *Foreign Income Verification Statement*. Form T1135 should be completed if at any time during 2019 the total cost of all specified foreign property the Company owned or held a beneficial interest in was more than Cdn\$100,000.

According to the information you have provided to us, the Company did not hold specified foreign property at any time in 2019 with a total cost of more than Cdn\$100,000. As such, we have **not** marked an X in box 259 on page 3 of your return and **we have not completed the Form T1135**. If the information on specified foreign property is incorrect, please let us know immediately.

The Form T1135 is due by **September 1, 2020**. The implications of late filing and/or failure to properly report specified foreign property on the Form T1135 and failure to report income from a specified foreign property on your income tax return are substantial. They include significant penalties and an increase to the normal reassessment period by an additional 3 years. Further, the reassessment period extension would impact otherwise statute-barred tax years and would impact the entire income tax return, not just the foreign income and reporting sections.

SUMMARY OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH & EXPERIMENTAL DEVELOPMENT ("SR&ED") CLAIM

We have prepared the SR&ED claim based on our understanding of the information provided to us by the Company and we recommend that you review the claim to ensure that all of the relevant facts are properly disclosed.

The nature of our service is to assist the Company in filing claims for SR&ED investment tax credits. We cannot guarantee CRA will accept the Companys research and development activities as qualifying SR&ED activities or that CRA will approve all the Companys research and development expenditures as qualifying SR&ED expenditures. However, the SR&ED claim was prepared based on our professional judgment that the identified activities constitute qualifying SR&ED and all of the appropriate expenditures relating to those activities have been identified. Much of the success of the submission will depend on the integrity and validity of the data collected.

To mitigate the risk of penalties, Part 9 (Claim preparer information) of Form T661 Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED) Expenditures Claim must be fully completed (except where the Company has chosen to separately file under CRAs administrative measure). If any of the prescribed claim preparer information is missing, incomplete, or inaccurate, a penalty of \$1,000 may be assessed and the processing of your SR&ED claim may be delayed.

GENERAL RATE INCOME POOL ("GRIP")

Shareholders receiving eligible dividends as compared to non-eligible dividends, are subject to a reduced rate of income tax. Eligible dividends are paid out of the Companys GRIP balance, which at December 31, 2019 is estimated to be \$22,126,872. The supporting calculation is summarized in Schedule 53 of the federal corporate tax return.

In addition, designation of eligible dividends is required, with each shareholder recipient being formally notified in writing at time of payment.

During the year, the Company paid eligible dividends of \$2,500,000 which is outlined on Schedule 55 of the federal corporate tax return. This dividend reduces the GRIP balance indicated above.

CRS AND FATCA REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Canadian entities are required to report to the Canada Revenue Agency annually on any account holders determined to be Specified US persons under *Part XVIII* - *Enhanced International Information Reporting* of the Canadian *Income Tax Act* (the Canadian implementation of the US *Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act*, commonly referred to as FATCA).

Certain Canadian entities are also required to report to the Canada Revenue Agency annually on any account holders determined to be tax residents of countries other than Canada or the United States under *Part XIX - Common Reporting Standard* of the Canadian *Income Tax Act* (commonly referred to as the CRS).

The CRA has extended the deadline for filing information returns under Part XVIII and Part XIX of the Income Tax Act, to September 1, 2020. In addition, for accounts opened before January 1, 2021, no penalties will be applied for failure to obtain a self-certification under the FATCA and CRS rules.

Please contact us if you have any questions about responding to a request from a financial institution to certify your FATCA or CRS status, or determining whether you are subject to the due diligence and reporting requirements under the CRS or FATCA.

PROPOSED TAX CHANGES

The Company's tax Returns have been prepared taking into account certain proposals to amend the federal and provincial tax statutes which have been publicly announced to date in budgets and other government releases as being applicable to the Company's current taxation year, even though the proposals may not yet be enacted. If the proposed amendments are not enacted as announced, these tax returns could be reassessed and may result in an underpayment of tax, and possible interest and penalties. If you receive an assessment or reassessment for these tax returns that does not agree with the returns filed, it is important that you notify us so that we can determine if any action needs to be taken.

INSTALMENTS

We have prepared and enclose an estimate of tax instalments as applicable for the Company for the taxation year ending on December 31, 2020. These include instalments for federal income tax and for provincial income and capital taxes. The

amounts were computed with reference to the Companys taxable income, taxable capital and income taxes payable for prior years. If during the year it is evident that the taxable income or taxable capital for the current year will be substantially less than for the previous taxation year, the Company may wish to reduce its cash tax payments by recalculating its instalment payments. Overpaid instalments may, in certain circumstances, be transferred to other accounts or applied to other liabilities such as payroll withholdings. If either of these cases apply, please call your KPMG advisor in order that we may assist you in determining what course of action should be taken.

In order to avoid interest charges, the tax authorities must receive the instalment payments no later than the date indicated on the attached schedule.

NOTICES OF ASSESSMENT

If your Company receives a Notice of Assessment which does not agree with a return as prepared by us, please contact us so that we can determine whether any action should be taken. The Company has only a limited number of days (90 days in the case of federal, Ontario) from the date of mailing of the Assessment in which to object. Failure to respond within the prescribed time limit will cause the Company to lose its right to object to the Assessment.

If you have any questions concerning these Returns, or if we may be of any further assistance, please feel free to contact the undersigned.

Yours truly,

KPMG LLP

Enclosures

Oshawa PUC Networks Inc.

Corporate Tax Return - Key Tax Attributes Summary 2019 Taxation Year

The following is a summary of a few select Key Tax Attributes for the income tax returns of Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. for the period ended December 31, 2019.

| Description | Current year 2019 | Prior year 2018 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| Net income for accounting purposes (Sch 140, line 9999) | \$5,214,000 | \$5,167,000 |
| Net income for tax purposes (T2, line 300) | \$2,444,620 | \$3,716,880 |
| Taxable income (T2, line Z) | \$2,440,620 | \$NIL |
| Total SR&ED Expenditures (T661, line 511) | \$640,715 | |
| Total Qualified SR&ED Expenditures | . | |
| for Federal ITC purposes (T661, line 570) | \$567,158 | |
| Federal and Provincial Taxes | | |
| Part I (T2, line 700) | \$273,893 | \$NIL |
| Investment tax credit against Part I (T2, line 652) | \$92,200 | \$NIL |
| Ontario taxes (T2, line 760) | \$260,101 | \$NIL |
| Carryforward Closing Balances | | |
| Undepreciated Capital Cost (Sch 8, line 220) | \$119,559,086 | \$115,090,624 |
| General Rate Income Pool (Sch 53, line 590) | \$22,126,872 | \$20,369,626 |
| | | |
| Scientific Research & Experimental Development (SR&ED) | | |
| Description | | Current year 2019 |
| Investment Tax Credit Attributes | | |
| Federal Investment Tax Credit (Sch 31, line 540) | | \$85,074 |
| Ontario Research & Development Tax Credit (Sch 31, line 540) | | \$20,570 |
| oritatio (18888) ori a Bovolopinoni Tax orodii (801101, 11110 040) | | Ψ20,010 |

Federal and Provincial SR&ED Carryforward Balances

Pursuing any potential opportunities that may be identified through a review of the Key Tax Attributes Summary is outside the scope of any existing engagement letter with KPMG. Should you wish to pursue any potential opportunities we would be pleased to meet with you to discuss your needs and then provide you with a new tax advisory engagement letter detailing the scope of services and fees agreed upon in further pursuing such potential opportunities. KPMG will take no further action with respect to any potential opportunities, except as specifically engaged to do so by you pursuant to a tax advisory engagement letter.

All of the amounts included on this schedule are based on what the Company has reported in its current income tax return. Before any planning is undertaken certain amounts will need to be confirmed with the relevant tax authorities.

Oshawa PUC Networks Inc.

Corporate Income Tax Filing Instructions

2019 Taxation Year

We enclose the following income tax returns of Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. (the Company) for the period ended December 31, 2019:

- ✓ T2 Bar Code Return (Federal)
- Form Authorization request signature page (to authorize KPMG access to your CRA account information) (Federal)
- One copy of the federal, any applicable provincial return(s) and Form *T661 Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED) Expenditures Claim (Federal)* for your files. For filing purposes, Form T661 information is included in the T2 Bar Code and as a result the traditional federal form does not need to be filed with the Canada Revenue Agency.
- ✓ Instalment Schedules

We have prepared these returns based on our understanding of and reliance upon the facts, data, materials, assumptions and other information (collectively, the Information) provided to us by the Company and/or its representatives, and we have not independently investigated or verified the accuracy or completeness of such Information. We accept no responsibility or liability for any errors attributable to our reliance upon inaccurate or incomplete Information. We recommend that you carefully review the returns in their entirety to ensure that all of the relevant Information is correctly and completely disclosed.

When you are satisfied that the returns are in order, one copy of each return should be retained for your records (the Client Copy) and the remaining copies should be completed by an authorized signing officer of the Company and filed as described below.

We suggest that any paper filed returns be sent by you by registered mail and that the receipt be kept on file in order to have evidence of the date of filing.

T2 - CORPORATION INCOME TAX RETURN (FEDERAL)

The T2 Bar Code Return contains all of the corporation's identification information and financial data.

Signature

- The certification section of the T2 Bar Code Return should be completed and signed.
- Form Authorization request signature page (to authorize KPMG access to your CRA account information), should be completed and signed.

Refund

A refund of \$984,736 is claimed and therefore no amount is payable for the 2019 taxation year. This refund will be transferred to the instalment account for the following taxation year. Please adjust your tax instalments to allow for this amount.

Mailing

- One copy of the *T2 Bar Code Return* along with a copy of the notes to the financial statements (and of any required federal form) should be sent to the CRA Tax Services Office, P.O. Box 20000, Station A, 1050 Notre Dame Avenue, Sudbury ON P3A 5C1 in the pre-addressed envelope provided no later than September 1, 2020. For greater certainty, KPMG will not be submitting these documents on your behalf.
- Form Authorization request signature page to be returned to KPMG by email, or by fax at (416) 777-8818, as soon as possible. Alternatively, you can return the Authorization request to us in the self-addressed envelope. We will not electronically file the Authorization request until we receive a copy of the signed Authorization request. This form must not be sent to the CRA.

Authorization request – signature page

- 1. Print this page and have it signed and dated by **the** authorized person of the business.
- 2. Retain a copy of the signed and dated authorization request in your files for six years from the date that this information is transmitted to the CRA. Do not send us the authorization request by mail or fax unless requested to do so.

| Representative ID OR Group ID OR Firm BN: | BN: 122363153 | |
|---|---|--|
| Representative name : | | |
| Representative phone number: | Extension: | |
| Business number: | 891725210 | |
| Business name: | Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | |
| Level of authorization: | View only (level 1) authorization applied to all program accounts and all fiscal years. | |
| Expiry date: | | |
| List of authorization(s): | | |
| Certified: | DAVID SAVAGE | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Certification | | |
| By signing and dating this page, you authorize the Canada | Revenue Agency to interact with the representative mentioned above. | |
| First name: DAVID | Last name: SAVAGE | |
| Signature: | Date signed: 2020-06-29 | |
| Telephone number: (905) 743-5219 Extension: | | |

Code 1501

Canada Revenue Agency

Agence du revenu du Canada

Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED) Expenditures Claim

Use this form:

- to provide technical information on your SR&ED projects;
- to calculate your SR&ED expenditures; and
- to calculate your qualified SR&ED expenditures for investment tax credits (ITC).

To claim an ITC, use either:

- Schedule T2SCH31, Investment Tax Credit Corporations, or
- Form T2038(IND), Investment Tax Credit (Individuals).

The information requested in this form and documents supporting your expenditures and project information (Part 2) are prescribed information.

Your SR&ED claim must be filed within 12 months of the filing due date of your income tax return.

To help you fill out this form, use the T4088, *Guide to Form T661*, which is available on our Web site: www.cra.gc.ca/sred.

Part 1 – General information

| Enter one of the following: |
|---|
| 89172 5210 RC0001 Business number (BN) |
| Social insurance number (SIN) |
| 105 Telephone number/extension 110 Fax number |
| (905) 743-5219 |
| 120 Telephone number/extension 125 Fax number |
| (905) 723-4626 |
| 1 Yes 2 No |
| |
| 156 % 157 BN or SIN |
| |
| |
| |
| |

Part 2 - Project information

CRA internal form identifier 060 Code 1501

Complete a separate Part 2 for each project claimed this year.

Section A - Project identification

200 Project title (and identification code if applicable)

See schedule

Canadä

Part 3 – Calculation of SR&ED expenditures

What did you spend on your SR&ED projects?

| Section A – Select the method to calculate the SR&ED expenditures |
|--|
| I elect (choose) to use the following method to calculate my SR&ED expenditures and related investment tax credits (ITC) for this tax year. I understand that my election is irrevocable (cannot be changed) for this tax year. |
| 160 1 X I elect to use the proxy method (Enter "0" on line 360 and complete Part 5.) |
| 162 1 Choose to use the traditional method (Enter "0" on lines 355 and 502. Complete line 360.) |

| SRAED portion of salary or wages of employees directly engaged in the SRAED: a) Employees other than specified employees for work performed in Canada b) Specified employees for work performed in Canada C) Employees other than specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations – see guide) d) Specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations – see guide) d) Specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations – see guide) d) Specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations – see guide) 307 + 308 | 0 (* D 0 1 (* 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 | | |
|--|---|-----------|---------|
| a) Employees other than specified employees for work performed in Canada b) Specified employees for work performed in Canada c) Employees other than specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations — see guide) d) Specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations — see guide) d) Specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations — see guide) d) Specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations — see guide) d) Specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations — see guide) d) Specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations — see guide) d) Specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations — see guide) d) Specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations — see guide) d) Specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations — see guide) d) Specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations — see guide) d) Specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations — see guide) d) Specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations — see guide) d) Specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations — see guide) d) Specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations — see guide) d) Specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations — see guide) d) Specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations — see guide) d) Specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations — see guide) d) Specified employees for work performed on work performed on the Ato Outside Specified employees for work performed on the Ato Outside Specified performed on the Ato Outside Canada (subject to limitations — see guide) d) Specified employees for work performed on the Ato Outside Specified performed o | Section B – Calculation of allowable SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) | | |
| b) Specified employees for work performed in Canada Subtotal (add lines 300 and 305) 244,32 c) Employees other than specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations – see guide) 309 + 309 + 310 + Salary or wages incurred in the year but not paid within 180 days of the tax year 310 + Salary or wages incurred in the year but not paid within 180 days of the tax year and the year but not paid within 180 days of the tax year and the year but not paid within 180 days of the tax year and the year but not paid within 180 days of the tax year and the year but not paid within 180 days of the tax year and the year but not paid within 180 days of the tax year and the year but not paid within 180 days of the tax year and the year but not paid within 180 days of the tax year and the year but not paid within 180 days of the tax year and the year but not year the year but not paid within 180 days of the tax year and the year and the year year and y | | 000 | 244 224 |
| Subtotal (add lines 300 and 305) 305 = 244,32 | | | 244,321 |
| Employees other than specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations – see guide) 307 + d) Specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations – see guide) 309 + 309 + 309 + 309 + 309 + 300 + 300 + 300 + 301 + 301 + 302 + 303 + 303 + 303 + 303 + 303 + 304 + 305 + 305 + 305 + 307 + 308 + 308 + 308 + 309 + 309 + 309 + 309 + 300 + | , | | 244 224 |
| d) Specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations – see guide) Salary or wages identified on line 315 in prior years that were paid in this tax year Salary or wages incurred in the year but not paid within 180 days of the tax year end Salary or wages incurred in the year but not paid within 180 days of the tax year end Salary or wages incurred in the year but not paid within 180 days of the tax year end Salary or wages incurred in the year but not paid within 180 days of the tax year end Salary or wages incurred in the year but not paid within 180 days of the tax year end Salary or wages incurred in the year but not paid within 180 days of the tax year end Salary or wages incurred in the year but not paid within 180 days of the tax year end Salary or wages incurred in the year (Loss of materials transformed in performing SR&ED | | | 244,321 |
| Salary or wages identified on line 315 in prior years that were paid in this tax year Salary or wages incurred in the year but not paid within 180 days of the tax year end Cost of materials consumed in performing SR&ED Cost of materials transformed in performing SR&ED S25 + Contract expenditures for SR&ED performed on your behalf: a) Arm's length contracts (see note 1) b) Non-arm's length contracts (see note 1) Lease costs of equipment used before 2014: a) All or substantially all (90% of the time or more) for SR&ED All or substantially all (90% of the time or more) for SR&ED (Enter 50% of lease costs if you use the proxy method or enter "0" if you use the traditional method) Overhead and other expenditures (enter "0" if you use the proxy method) Third-party payments (see note 2) (complete Form T1283") Third-party payments (see note 2) (complete Form T1283") Third-party payments (see note 2) (complete Form T1283") Salad current SR&ED expenditures (add lines 306 to 370; do not add line 315) Salad current SR&ED expenditures (add lines 306 to 370; do not add line 315) Copital expenditures for depreciable property available for use before 2014 (Do not include these capital expenditures on schedule T2SCH1) Capital expenditures for depreciable property available for use before 2014 (Do not include these capital expenditures included on line 400 420 509,25 exticor C - Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) mount from line 400 420 509,25 exticor C - Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) mount from line 400 421 509,25 exticor C - Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) mount from line 400 422 538,65 T15,96 546,32 536 T15,96 546,32 546,32 546,32 547 548 549 540 540 540 540 540 540 540 | | | |
| Salary or wages incurred in the year but not paid within 180 days of the tax year end Cost of materials consumed in performing SR&ED Cost of materials consumed in performing SR&ED 225 + Contract expenditures for SR&ED performed on your behalf: a) Arm's length contracts (see note 1) b) Non-arm's length contracts (see note 1) Lease costs of equipment used before 2014: a) All or substantially all (90% of the time or more) for SR&ED b) Primarily (more than 50% of the time or more) for SR&ED b) Primarily (more than 50% of the time or more) for SR&ED b) Primarily (more than 50% of the time or more) for SR&ED Coverhead and other expenditures (enter "0" if you use the proxy method) Third-party payments (see note 2) (complete Form T1263") Asta current SR&ED expenditures (add lines 306 to 370; do not add line 315) Capital expenditures for depreciable property available for use before 2014 (Corporations may need to adjust line 118 of schedule T2SCH1) Capital expenditures for depreciable property available for use before 2014 (Corporations may need to adjust line 118 of schedule T2SCH2) cother government assistance for expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) 200 = 509,25 cotion C — Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) mount from line 400 420 509,25 cotion C — Calculation of pool of deductible of initial and the 400 and a special expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) 420 509,25 cotion C — Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) mount from line 400 420 509,25 cotion C — Calculation of pool of deductible of the second line 400 431 — consequent may be a second line 400 and a second li | d) Specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations – see guide) | 309 + | |
| Cost of materials consumed in performing SR&ED Cost of materials transformed in performing SR&ED Contract expenditures (see note 1) 264,93 340 + 264,93 345 + 264,93 345 + 264,93 345 + 264,93 345 + 264,93 345 + 264,93 345 + 264,93 345 + 264,93 345 + 264,93 345 + 264,93 345 + 264,93 345 + 264,93 345 + 264,93 346 + 264,93 347 + 264,93 348 + 264,93 348 + 264,93 348 + 264,93 348 + 264,93 348 + 264,93 348 + 264,93 348 + 264,93 349 + 264,93 340 | | 310 + | |
| Cost of materials transformed in performing SR&ED contract expenditures for SR&ED performed on your behalf: 264,93 A mm's length contracts (see note 1) Lease costs of equipment used before 2014: 29 | , | - <u></u> | |
| Contract expenditures for SR&ED performed on your behalf: a) Arm's length contracts (see note 1) b) Non-arm's length contracts (see note 1) case costs of equipment used before 2014: a) All or substantially all (90% of the time or more) for SR&ED b) Primarily (more than 50% of the time but less than 90%) for SR&ED. b) Primarily (more than 50% of the time but less than 90%) for SR&ED. (Center 50% of lease costs if you use the proxy method or enter *10** if you use the traditional method) Overhead and other expenditures (netter *0* if you use the proxy method or enter *10** if you use the proxy method or enter *10** if you use the proxy method or enter *10** if you use the proxy method or enter *10** if you use the proxy method or enter *10** if you use the proxy method or enter *10** if you use the proxy method or enter *10** if you use the proxy method or enter *10** if you use the proxy method or enter *10** if you use the proxy method or enter *10** if you use the proxy method or enter *10** if you use the proxy method or enter *10** if you use the proxy method or enter *10** if you use the proxy method or enter *10** if you use the proxy method or enter *10** if you use the proxy method or enter *10** if you use the proxy method or enter *10** if you use the proxy method or enter *10** if you use the proxy method or *10** if you use the proxy method of *10** if you use the traditional method or *10** if you use the proxy available for use the proxy available for use before 2014 (Do not include these capital expenditures (add lines 306 to 370; do not add line 400 if you use the proxy available for use before 2014 (Do not include these capital expenditures (add lines 308 to 370; do not add line 400 420 | • Cost of materials consumed in performing SR&ED | 320 + | |
| a) Arm's length contracts (see note 1) b) Non-arm's length contracts (see note 1) classe costs of equipment used before 2014: a) All or substantially all (90% of the time or more) for SR&ED b) Primarily (more than 50% of the time but less than 90%) for SR&ED. (Enter 50% of lease costs if you use the proxy method or neitr "0" if you use the traditional method) Overhead and other expenditures (enter "0" if you use the proxy method or enter "0" if you use the proxy method or enter "0" if you use the proxy method or enter "0" if you use the proxy method or enter "0" if you use the proxy method or enter "0" if you use the proxy method or some of the proxy payments (see note 2) (complete Form T1263*) Third-party payments (see note 2) (complete Form T1263*) Sagon = 509,25* (Corporations may need to adjust line 118 of schedule T2SCH1) Capital expenditures for depreciable property available for use before 2014 (Corporations may need to adjust line 118 of schedule T2SCH8) Stal allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) **Coption of the proxy may be added to state of the proxy method or schedule T2SCH8) Stal allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) **Coption of C - Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) **Coption of the government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 **Coption of the government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 **SR&ED ITCs applied and/or refunded in the prior year (see guide) **SR&ED ITCs applied and/or refunded in the prior year (see guide) **SR&ED location and of the schedule T2SCH8 (see guide) **SR&ED expenditures pool transfer from amalgamation or wind-up **Proxy may be a schedule to the prior year (see guide) **SR&ED expenditure pool transfer from amalgamation or wind-up **SR&ED expenditure pool transfer from amalgamation or wind-up **TRANS TABLE Expenditure in the prior year (some unit only, include negative amount in income) **Deduction claimed in the year (Corporations should enter this amoun | • Cost of materials transformed in performing SR&ED | 325 + | |
| b) Non-arm's length contracts (see note 1) Lease costs of equipment used before 2014: Lease costs of equipment used before 2014: b) Primarily (more than 50% of the time or more) for SR&ED b) Primarily (more than 50% of the time but less than 90%) for SR&ED. (Enter 50% of lease costs if you use the proxy method or enter "0" if you use the traditional method) Achieved and other expenditures (enter "0" if you use the proxy method) Third-party payments (see note 2) (complete Form T1263") That current SR&ED expenditures (acid lines 306 to 370; do not add line 315) Coprogrations may need to adjust line 118 of schedule T2SCH1) Capital expenditures for depreciable property available for use before 2014 (Do not include these capital expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) **Cotton C - Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) **Cotton C - Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) **Cotton C - Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) **Cotton C - Calculation of pool of deductible on line 400 **Cotton C - Calculation of pool of deductible on line 400 **Cotton C - Calculation of pool of deductible on line 400 **Cotton C - Calculation of pool of deductible on line 400 **Cotton C - Calculation of pool of deductible on line 400 **Cotton C - Calculation of pool of deductible on line 400 **Cotton C - Calculation of pool of deductible on line 400 **Cotton C - Calculation of pool of deductible on line 400 **Cotton C - Calculation of pool of deductible on line 400 **Cotton C - Calculation of pool of deductible on line 400 **Cotton C - Calculation of pool of deductible on line 400 **Cotton C - Calculation of pool of deductible on line 400 **Cotton C - Calculation of pool of deductible on line 400 **Cotton C - Calculation of pool of deductible on line 400 **Cotton C - Calculation of pool of deductible on line 400 **Cotton C - Calculation of pool of deductible on line 400 **Cotton C - Calculation of pool | Contract expenditures for SR&ED performed on your behalf: | | |
| Lease costs of equipment used before 2014: a) All or substantially all (90% of the time to more) for SR&ED b) Primarily (more than 50% of the time but less than 90%) for SR&ED. (Enter 50% of lease costs if you use the proxy method or enter "0" if you use the traditional method) Overhead and other expenditures (enter "0" if you use the proxy method) Third-party payments (see note 2) (complete Form T1263") State current SR&ED expenditures (add lines 306 to 370; do not add line 315) Capital expenditures for depreciable property available for use before 2014 (Con to include these capital expenditures on schedule T2SCH8) Statiallowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) Statiallowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 400 SR&ED ITCs applied and/or refunded in the prior year (see guide) SR&ED Expenditure (add lines 380 and 390) SR&ED Expenditure (add lines 400 and 440 and 44 | a) Arm's length contracts (see note 1) | 340 + | 264,937 |
| a) All or substantially all (90% of the time or more) for SR&ED b) Primarily (more than 50% of the time but less than 90%) for SR&ED. (Enter 50% of lease costs if you use the proxy method or nether "0" if you use the the proxy method or enter "0" if you use the the proxy method or enter "0" if you use the proxy method) Overhead and other expenditures (enter "0" if you use the proxy method) Third-party payments (see note 2) (complete Form T1263") State durrent SR&ED expenditures (add lines 306 to 370; do not add line 315) Capital expenditures (add lines 306 to 370; do not add line 315) Capital expenditures (or depreciable property available for use before 2014 (Con not include these capital expenditures on schedule T2SCH8) State allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) **Control of C - Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) mount from line 400 **State of the proxy of th | b) Non-arm's length contracts (see note 1) | 345 + | |
| b) Primarily (more than 50% of the time but less than 90%) for SR&ED. (Enter 50% of lease costs if you use the proxy method or enter "0" if you use the traditional method) Overhead and other expenditures (enter "0" if you use the proxy method) Third-party payments (see note 2) (complete Form T1263") Third-party payment (see note 2) (complete Form T1263") Third-part | • Lease costs of equipment used before 2014 : | | |
| method or enter "0" if you use the traditional method) Overhead and other expenditures (enter "0" if you use the proxy method) Third-party payments (see note 2) (complete Form T1263") State current SR&ED expenditures (add lines 306 to 370; do not add line 315) State current SR&ED expenditures (add lines 306 to 370; do not add line 315) Corporations may need to adjust line 118 of schedule T2SCH1) Capital expenditures for depreciable property available for use before 2014 (Do not include these capital expenditures on schedule T2SCH8) State allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) State allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) Section C - Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) mount from line 400 Section C - Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) mount from line 400 Section C - Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) mount from line 400 Section C - Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) mount from line 400 Section C - Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) Section C - Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) Section C - Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) Section C - Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) Section C - Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures included on line 400 Section C - Calculation of pool of deduction of the prior year (see guide) Section C - Calculation of pool of deduction of the 400 Section C - Calculation of pool of deduction of the 400 Section C - Calculation of pool of deduction of the 400 Section C - Calculation of pool of deduction of the 400 Section C - Calculation of pool of deduction of the 400 Section C - Calculation of pool of deduction of the 400 Section C - Calculation of pool of deduction of the 400 Section C - Calculation o | a) All or substantially all (90% of the time or more) for SR&ED | 350 + | |
| Overhead and other expenditures (enter "0" if you use the proxy method) Third-party payments (see note 2) (complete Form T1263") (Corporations may need to adjust line 118 of schedule T2SCH1) Capital expenditures (add lines 306 to 370; do not add line 315) (Corporations may need to adjust line 118 of schedule T2SCH3) Capital expenditures for depreciable property available for use before 2014 (Do not include these capital expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) and allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) and allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) and allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) and allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) and allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) and allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) and allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) and allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) and allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) and allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) and allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) and allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) and allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) and allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) and allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) and allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 400 and allowable sR&ED expenditure (add lines 400 and add lines 400 and allowable sR&ED expenditures (add lines 400 and add lines 400 an | | | |
| Third-party payments (see note 2) (complete Form T1263*) that current SR&ED expenditures (add lines 306 to 370; do not add line 315) (Corporations may need to adjust line 118 of schedule T2SCH1) (Corporations may need to adjust line 118 of schedule T2SCH1) (Do not include these capital expenditures on schedule T2SCH8) (Do not include these capital expenditures on schedule T2SCH8) (Do not include these capital expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) (Do not include these capital expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) (Do not include these capital expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) (Do not include these capital expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) (Do not include these capital expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) (Do not include these capital expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) (Do not include these capital expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) (Do not include these capital expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) (Do not include these capital expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) (Do not include these capital expenditures (included on line 400 (Do not include these capital expenditures included on line 400 (Do not include these capital expenditures included on line 400 (Do not include the 400 (Do not include these capital expenditures included on line 400 (Do not include these capital expenditures included on line 400 (Do not include these capital expenditures included on line 400 (Do not include the sex and other deduction (add on line 400 (Do not include the sex and other deduction (add on line 400 (Do not include the sex and other deduction (add on line 400 (Do not include the sex and other deduction (add on line 400 (Do not include the sex and other deduction (add on line 400 (Do not include the sex and other deduction (add line 400 (Do not include the sex and other deduction (add line 400 (Do not include the sex and other deduction (add line 400 (Do not include the sex and other deduction (add line 400 (Do not include the sex and other deduction (add line 400 (Do not include the sex | · | | |
| tala current SR&ED expenditures (add lines 306 to 370; do not add line 315) (Corporations may need to adjust line 118 of schedule T2SCH1) Capital expenditures for depreciable property available for use before 2014 (Do not include these capital expenditures on schedule T2SCH8) total allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) dection C - Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) mount from line 400 doubted provincial government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 other government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 sale of SR&ED location assistance for expenditures included on line 400 SR&ED location assistance for expenditures included on line 400 sale of SR&ED capital assets and other deductions ubtotal (line 420 minus lines 429 to 440) drepayments of government and non-government assistance that previously reduced the SR&ED expenditure pool transfer from amalgamation or wind-up sale of SR&ED locatical assets and other deductions defined and one-government assistance that previously reduced the SR&ED expenditure pool transfer from amalgamation or wind-up sale of SR&ED expenditure pool transfer from amalgamation or wind-up amount of SR&ED locatical assets and other deductions defined and the spenditures (from line 470 of prior year T661) SR&ED expenditure pool transfer from amalgamation or wind-up amount of SR&ED locatical interpretation and provided | | | |
| Corporations may need to adjust line 118 of schedule T2SCH1) Capital expenditures for depreciable property available for use before 2014 (Do not include these capital expenditures on schedule T2SCH8) stal allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) action C - Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) mount from line 400 action C - Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) mount from line 400 action C - Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) action C - Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) action C - Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) action C - Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) action C - Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) action C - Calculation of pool of deduction line 400 420 509,25 action C - Calculation of pool of deduction line 400 421 509,25 action C - Calculation of pool of deduction line 400 422 509,25 action C - Calculation of pool of deduction line 400 423 509,25 action C - Calculation of pool of deduction line 400 429 509,25 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 6 | | | |
| (Do not include these capital expenditures on schedule T2SCH8) chal allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) action C - Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) mount from line 400 duct provincial government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 other government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 annon-government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 sR&ED ITCs applied and/or refunded in the prior year (see guide) sale of SR&ED capital assets and other deductions dubtotal (line 420 minus lines 429 to 440) dat repayments of government and non-government assistance that previously reduced the SR&ED expenditure pool transfer from amalgamation or wind-up amount of SR&ED ITC recaptured in the prior year mount available for deduction (add lines 442 to 453) Deduction claimed in the year (Corporations should enter this amount on line 411 of schedule T2SCH1) | | 380 = | 509,258 |
| ection C – Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) mount from line 400 | | 390 + | |
| mount from line 400 420 509,25 educt provincial government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 429 - 15,966 other government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 431 - non-government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 432 - SR&ED ITCs applied and/or refunded in the prior year (see guide) 435 - 46,32 sale of SR&ED capital assets and other deductions 440 - ubtotal (line 420 minus lines 429 to 440) 442 = 446,966 dd repayments of government and non-government assistance that previously reduced the SR&ED expenditure pool 445 + prior year's pool balance of deductible SR&ED expenditures (from line 470 of prior year T661) 450 + SR&ED expenditure pool transfer from amalgamation or wind-up 452 + mount available for deduction (add lines 442 to 453) 455 = 446,966 (enter positive amount only, include negative amount in income) Deduction claimed in the year 460 - 446,966 (Corporations should enter this amount on line 411 of schedule T2SCH1) | Total allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) | 400 = | 509,258 |
| mount from line 400 420 509,25 educt provincial government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 429 - 15,966 other government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 431 - non-government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 432 - SR&ED ITCs applied and/or refunded in the prior year (see guide) 435 - 46,32 sale of SR&ED capital assets and other deductions 440 - ubtotal (line 420 minus lines 429 to 440) 442 = 446,966 dd repayments of government and non-government assistance that previously reduced the SR&ED expenditure pool 445 + prior year's pool balance of deductible SR&ED expenditures (from line 470 of prior year T661) 450 + SR&ED expenditure pool transfer from amalgamation or wind-up 452 + mount available for deduction (add lines 442 to 453) 455 = 446,966 (enter positive amount only, include negative amount in income) Deduction claimed in the year 460 - 446,966 (Corporations should enter this amount on line 411 of schedule T2SCH1) | | | |
| provincial government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 429 - 15,960 other government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 431 - 10,000 other government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 432 - 10,000 other government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 432 - 10,000 other government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 432 - 10,000 other government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 432 - 10,000 other government assistance for expenditures (see guide) 435 - 46,320 other government assistance that prior year (see guide) 440 - 10,000 other government and one-government assistance that previously reduced the SR&ED expenditure pool 445 - 10,000 other government assistance that previously reduced the SR&ED expenditure pool 445 - 10,000 other government governmen | Section C – Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) | | |
| provincial government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 other government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 onon-government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 SR&ED ITCs applied and/or refunded in the prior year (see guide) sale of SR&ED capital assets and other deductions abtotal (line 420 minus lines 429 to 440) repayments of government and non-government assistance that previously reduced the SR&ED expenditure pool prior year's pool balance of deductible SR&ED expenditures (from line 470 of prior year T661) SR&ED expenditure pool transfer from amalgamation or wind-up amount of SR&ED ITC recaptured in the prior year mount available for deduction (add lines 442 to 453) (enter positive amount only, include negative amount in income) Deduction claimed in the year (Corporations should enter this amount on line 411 of schedule T2SCH1) | Amount from line 400 | 420 | 509,258 |
| other government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 non-government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 SR&ED ITCs applied and/or refunded in the prior year (see guide) sale of SR&ED capital assets and other deductions abtotal (line 420 minus lines 429 to 440) repayments of government and non-government assistance that previously reduced the SR&ED expenditure pool repayments of government and non-government assistance that previously reduced the SR&ED expenditure pool sR&ED expenditure pool transfer from amalgamation or wind-up amount of SR&ED ITC recaptured in the prior year mount available for deduction (add lines 442 to 453) (enter positive amount only, include negative amount in income) Deduction claimed in the year (Corporations should enter this amount on line 411 of schedule T2SCH1) | Deduct | | |
| other government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 non-government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 SR&ED ITCs applied and/or refunded in the prior year (see guide) sale of SR&ED capital assets and other deductions albotal (line 420 minus lines 429 to 440) determinant of government and non-government assistance that previously reduced the SR&ED expenditure pool repayments of government and non-government assistance that previously reduced the SR&ED expenditure pool sR&ED expenditure pool transfer from amalgamation or wind-up amount of SR&ED ITC recaptured in the prior year mount available for deduction (add lines 442 to 453) (enter positive amount only, include negative amount in income) Deduction claimed in the year (Corporations should enter this amount on line 411 of schedule T2SCH1) | • provincial government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 | 429 - | 15,969 |
| non-government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 SR&ED ITCs applied and/or refunded in the prior year (see guide) sale of SR&ED capital assets and other deductions sale of SR&ED capital assets and other deductions subtotal (line 420 minus lines 429 to 440) dd repayments of government and non-government assistance that previously reduced the SR&ED expenditure pool prior year's pool balance of deductible SR&ED expenditures (from line 470 of prior year T661) SR&ED expenditure pool transfer from amalgamation or wind-up amount of SR&ED ITC recaptured in the prior year mount available for deduction (add lines 442 to 453) (enter positive amount only, include negative amount in income) Deduction claimed in the year (Corporations should enter this amount on line 411 of schedule T2SCH1) | | 431 - | • |
| SR&ED ITCs applied and/or refunded in the prior year (see guide) sale of SR&ED capital assets and other deductions abtotal (line 420 minus lines 429 to 440) repayments of government and non-government assistance that previously reduced the SR&ED expenditure pool repayments of government and non-government assistance that previously reduced the SR&ED expenditure pool SR&ED expenditure pool transfer from amalgamation or wind-up amount of SR&ED ITC recaptured in the prior year mount available for deduction (add lines 442 to 453) (enter positive amount only, include negative amount in income) Deduction claimed in the year (Corporations should enter this amount on line 411 of schedule T2SCH1) | | 432 - | |
| sale of SR&ED capital assets and other deductions ubtotal (line 420 minus lines 429 to 440) repayments of government and non-government assistance that previously reduced the SR&ED expenditure pool prior year's pool balance of deductible SR&ED expenditures (from line 470 of prior year T661) SR&ED expenditure pool transfer from amalgamation or wind-up amount of SR&ED ITC recaptured in the prior year mount available for deduction (add lines 442 to 453) (enter positive amount only, include negative amount in income) Deduction claimed in the year (Corporations should enter this amount on line 411 of schedule T2SCH1) | · | 435 - | 46,320 |
| repayments of government and non-government assistance that previously reduced the SR&ED expenditure pool 445 + prior year's pool balance of deductible SR&ED expenditures (from line 470 of prior year T661) 450 + sR&ED expenditure pool transfer from amalgamation or wind-up 452 + amount of SR&ED ITC recaptured in the prior year 453 + mount available for deduction (add lines 442 to 453) 455 = 446,960 (Corporations should enter this amount on line 411 of schedule T2SCH1) | | | - 7 |
| repayments of government and non-government assistance that previously reduced the SR&ED expenditure pool 445 + 450 + 45 | · | 442 = | 446,969 |
| repayments of government and non-government assistance that previously reduced the SR&ED expenditure pool prior year's pool balance of deductible SR&ED expenditures (from line 470 of prior year T661) SR&ED expenditure pool transfer from amalgamation or wind-up amount of SR&ED ITC recaptured in the prior year mount available for deduction (add lines 442 to 453) (enter positive amount only, include negative amount in income) Deduction claimed in the year (Corporations should enter this amount on line 411 of schedule T2SCH1) | Add | | , |
| prior year's pool balance of deductible SR&ED expenditures (from line 470 of prior year T661) SR&ED expenditure pool transfer from amalgamation or wind-up amount of SR&ED ITC recaptured in the prior year mount available for deduction (add lines 442 to 453) (enter positive amount only, include negative amount in income) Deduction claimed in the year (Corporations should enter this amount on line 411 of schedule T2SCH1) | | 445 + | |
| SR&ED expenditure pool transfer from amalgamation or wind-up amount of SR&ED ITC recaptured in the prior year mount available for deduction (add lines 442 to 453) (enter positive amount only, include negative amount in income) Deduction claimed in the year (Corporations should enter this amount on line 411 of schedule T2SCH1) | | | |
| amount of SR&ED ITC recaptured in the prior year mount available for deduction (add lines 442 to 453) (enter positive amount only, include negative amount in income) Deduction claimed in the year (Corporations should enter this amount on line 411 of schedule T2SCH1) 453 + 455 = 446,96 | | - | |
| mount available for deduction (add lines 442 to 453) (enter positive amount only, include negative amount in income) Deduction claimed in the year (Corporations should enter this amount on line 411 of schedule T2SCH1) | · | | |
| (enter positive amount only, include negative amount in income) Deduction claimed in the year | | | 446 060 |
| (Corporations should enter this amount on line 411 of schedule T2SCH1) | , | | |
| | · | 460 – | 446,969 |
| pol balance of deductible SR&ED expenditures to be carried forward to future years (line 455 minus 460) 470 = | | 470 = | |

^{*} Form T1263, Third-Party Payments for Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED)

Note 1 – For contract expenditures made after 2013, no amounts for purchasing or leasing capital property can be included.

Note 2 – For third-party payments made after 2013, no amounts for purchasing or leasing capital property can be included.

Part 4 – Calculation of qualified SR&ED expenditures for investment tax credit (ITC) purposes

The resulting amount is used to calculate your refundable and/or non refundable ITC.

| Enter the breakdown between current and capital expenditures (to the nearest dollar) Curren Expenditu | | Capital Expenditures |
|---|--------------------|-------------------------|
| · | 509,258 496 | |
| Add | | |
| • payment of prior years' unpaid amounts (other than salary or wages) (see note 5) | | |
| • prescribed proxy amount (complete Part 5) | | |
| (Enter "0" if you use the traditional method) | 31,457 | |
| • expenditures on shared-use equipment for property acquired before 2014 | 504 | + <u> </u> |
| • qualified expenditures transferred to you (see note 3) (complete Form T1146**) 508 + | 510 | + |
| Subtotal (add lines 492 to 508, and add lines 496 to 510) | 540,715 512 | = |
| Deduct (see note 4) | | |
| • provincial government assistance | 20,570 514 | - <u> </u> |
| • other government assistance | 516 | - <u> </u> |
| • non-government assistance and contract payments 517 - | 518 - | - <u> </u> |
| • current expenditures (other than salary or wages) not paid within 180 days of the tax year end (see note 5) | | |
| amounts paid in respect of an SR&ED contract to a person or partnership that is not a taxable supplier | | |
| • 20% of expenditures included on lines 340 and 370 529 – | 52,987 | |
| • prescribed expenditures not allowed by regulations (see guide) | 532 | - <u> </u> |
| • other deductions (see guide) 533 - | 535 | _ |
| • non-arm's length transactions | | |
| - assistance allocated to you (complete Form T1145*) 538 - | 540 | _ |
| - expenditures for non-arm's length SR&ED contracts (from line 345) | | |
| - adjustments to purchases (limited to costs) of goods and services from | | |
| non-arm's length suppliers (see guide) | 543 | |
| - qualified expenditures you transferred (complete Form T1146**) 544 - | 546 | - |
| Subtotal (line 511 minus lines 513 to 544 and line 512 minus lines 514 to 546) | 667,158 558 | = |
| Qualified SR&ED expenditures (add lines 557 and 558) | 559 | = 567,158 |
| Add | | |
| repayments of assistance and contract payments made in the year | 560 | + |
| Total qualified SR&ED expenditures for ITC purposes (add lines 559 and 560) | 570 | = 567,158 |

^{*} Form T1145, Agreement to Allocate Assistance for SR&ED Between Persons Not Dealing at Arm's Length

^{**} Form T1146, Agreement to Transfer Qualified Expenditures Incurred in Respect of SR&ED Contracts Between Persons Not Dealing at Arm's Length

Note 3 - On line 510 (capital) - Only include expenditures made before 2014 by the transferor (performer). Complete the latest version of Form T1146.

 $Note\ 4-On\ lines\ 514,\ 516,\ 518,\ 532,\ 535,\ 540,\ 543\ and\ 546-Only\ include\ amounts\ related\ to\ expenditures\ of\ a\ capital\ nature\ made\ before\ 2014.$

Note 5 – For arm's length contracts, only include 80% of the contract amount.

816 +

Part 5 – Calculation of prescribed proxy amount (PPA)

A notional amount representing your overhead and other expenditures.

This part calculates the PPA to enter on line 502 in Part 4. Do not complete this part if you have chosen to use the traditional method in Part 3 (line 162). You can only claim a PPA if you elected to use the proxy method for the year in Part 3 (line 160).

Special rules apply for specified employees. Calculate your salary base in Section A and the PPA in Section B.

| Section A – Salary base | | |
|---|--------------|---------|
| Salary or wages of employees other than specified employees (from lines 300 and 307) |) + | 244,321 |
| Deduct | _ | |
| Bonuses, remuneration based on profits, and taxable benefits that were included on line 810 | 1 – . | 5,309 |
| Subtotal (line 810 minus 812) | | 239,012 |
| | | |

Salary or wages of specified employees

| Column 1 Column 2 Column 3 Column 4 Column 5 Column 5 Column 6 Total salary or wages for the year (SR&ED and non-SR&ED) excluding bonuses, remuneration based on profits, and taxable benefits (to the nearest dollar) Amount in column 2 Amount in column 2 Amount in column 2 Amount in column 3 Amount in column 2 multiplied by percentage in column 3 B = Number of days employed in tax year Amount in column 2 Amount in column 3 Amount in column 3 Amount in column 4 or 5, whichever amount is less | 850 | 852 | 854 | 856 | 858 | 860 |
|--|----------|---|------------------------------------|---|--|----------------|
| Name of specified employee Na | Column 1 | Column 2 | Column 3 | Column 4 | Column 5 | Column 6 |
| | • | wages for the year (SR&ED and non-SR&ED) excluding bonuses, remuneration based on profits, and taxable benefits (to the nearest | time spent on SR&ED (maximum | in column 2 multiplied by percentage in | A = Year's maximum pensionable earnings B = Number of days employed | column 4 or 5, |

(Enter total of column 6 on line 816)

Section B – Prescribed proxy amount (PPA)

Enter the amount from line 820 on line 502 in Part 4 unless the overall cap on PPA applies to you.

(See the guide for explanation and example of the overall cap on PPA)

Part 6 - Project costs

Information requested in this part must be provided for **all** SR&ED projects claimed in the year. Expenditures should be recorded and allocated on a project basis.

| 750 | 752 | 754 | 756 |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Project title or identification code | Salary or wages in the tax year | Cost of materials in the tax year | Contract expenditures for SR&ED performed on your behalf in the tax year |
| | (Total of lines 306 to 309) | (Total of lines 320 and 325) | (Total of lines 340 and 345) |
| 1. 19-01 Electrical Grid Intelligence | 244,321 | | 264,937 |
| Total | 244,321 | | 264,937 |

Part 7 – Additional information

| Expenditures for SR&ED performed by you in Canada (line 400 minus lines 307, 309, 340, 345, and 370) | | 605 244,321 |
|---|---------------------------|-------------------|
| From the total you entered on line 605, estimate the percentage of distribution of the sources of funds for SR&ED performed within your organization. | Canadian (%) | Foreign (%) |
| Internal 600 Parent companies, subsidiaries, and affiliated companies 602 Federal grants (do not include funds or tax credits from SR&ED tax incentives) 606 Federal contracts 608 Provincial funding 610 SR&ED contract work performed for other companies on their behalf 612 Other funding (e.g., universities, foreign governments) 616 | | 604 614 618 |
| For statistical purposes indicate whether the work you performed falls within the realm of Basic or Applied researce Experimental development (to achieve a technological advancement): 620 1 Basic or Applied research 622 1 X Experimental description of SR&ED personnel in full-time equivalents (FTE): | ch (to advance scientific | |
| Scientists and engineers | | 6341 |

Part 8 - Claim checklist

| To ensure your claim is complete, make sure you have: 1. used the current version of this form |
|--|
| 2. entered the method you have chosen for reporting your SR&ED expenditures in Section A of Part 3 |
| 3. completed Part 2 for each project X |
| 4. filed a completed Schedule T2SCH31 or Form T2038(IND) to claim ITCs on your qualified SR&ED expenditures |
| 5. filed a completed Form T1145*, T1146**, T1174*** and/or T1263**** including any required attachments, if applicable |
| To expedite the processing of your claim, make sure you have: 1. completed Form T2, Corporation Income Tax Return or Form T1, Income Tax and Benefit Return |
| 2. filed the appropriate provincial and/or territorial tax credit forms, if applicable |
| 3. retained documents to support the SR&ED work performed and SR&ED expenditures you claimed |
| 4. checked boxes 231 and 232 on page 2 of your T2 return to indicate attachment of Form T661 and Schedule T2SCH31 |

^{*} Form T1145, Agreement to Allocate Assistance for SR&ED Between Persons Not Dealing at Arm's Length

^{**} Form T1146, Agreement to Transfer Qualified Expenditures Incurred in Respect of SR&ED Contracts Between Persons Not Dealing at Arm's Length

^{***} Form T1174, Agreement Between Associated Corporations to Allocate Salary or Wages of Specified Employees for Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED)

^{****} Form T1263, Third-Party Payments for Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED)

Part 9 - Claim preparer information

Information requested in this part must be provided for each claim preparer that has accepted consideration to prepare or assist in the preparation of this SR&ED claim. Certification is required on lines 935, 970, and 975.

A \$1000 penalty may be assessed if the information requested below about the claim preparer(s) and billing arrangement(s), is missing, incomplete, or inaccurate. Where a claim preparer has prepared or assisted in the preparation of this SR&ED form, the claimant and the claim preparer will be jointly and severally, or solidarily, liable for the penalty.

| 935 | Was a claim prepare | r engaged in any | aspect of the | preparation of t | his SR&ED claim? |
|-----|---------------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|
| | | | | | |

1 | X | Yes (complete the claim preparer information table and lines 970 and 975 below)

2 No (complete lines 970 and 975)

Claim preparer information table

| | 940 | 945 | 950 | 955 | 960 | 965 |
|---------------|--|---------------------------------|--|---|---|---|
| | Name of claim preparer (company or individual) | Business number | Billing arrangement code (see codes*) | Billing rate (percentage, hourly/daily rate or flat fee) | Other billing arrangement(s) (Maximum 10 words) | Total fee paid, payable, or expected to pay |
| 1. KF | MG LLP | 12236 3153 RC0001 | 1 | 20.00 | | 21,129 |
| | | | | | Total | 21,129 |
| * Billing | arrangement codes | | | | | |
| Code | Type of billing arrangement | | | | | |
| 1 | Contingency fee arrangement – where the fe | ee is based on a percenta | ge of the investm | ent tax credit earned | | |
| 2 | Hourly rate | | | | | |
| 3 | Daily rate | | | | | |
| 4 | Flat fee arrangement (lump sum) | | | | | |
| 5 | Other arrangements – describe the arranger | ment in box 960 in 10 wor | ds or less | | | |
| 970 l, | DAVID SAVAGE Name of authorized signing officer of the con- | rporation, or individual (print | | certify that the informa | tion provided in this part is c | omplete |
| an | d accurate. | | | | | |
| | | | | | 975 | 2020-06-29 |

PREPARED SOLELY FOR INCOME TAX PURPOSES WITHOUT AUDIT OR REVIEW FROM INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE TAXPAYER.

Part 10 - Certification

| - u | | |
|---|--|----------------------------|
| I certify that I have examined the information provided on this form and on the attachments a | and it is true, correct, and complete. | |
| DAVID SAVAGE Name of authorized signing officer of the corporation, or individual | Signature | 170 2020-06-29 Date |
| 175 KPMG LLP Name of person/firm who completed this form | - | |

Privacy Notice

Personal information is collected pursuant to subsections 37(1), 37(11), and 162(5.1) of the *Income Tax Act* (the Act) and is used for verification of compliance, administration and enforcement of the Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED) program requirements.

Information may also be used for the administration and enforcement of other provisions of the Act, including assessment, audit, enforcement, collections, and appeals, and may be disclosed under information-sharing agreements in accordance with the Act. Incomplete or inaccurate information may result in assessment of monetary penalties and delays in processing SR&ED claims.

The social insurance number is collected pursuant to section 237 of the Act and is used for identification purposes.

Information is described in personal information bank CRA PPU 441 "Scientific Research and Experimental Development" in the Canada Revenue Agency (CRA) chapter of *Info Source*. Personal information is protected under the *Privacy Act*, and individuals have a right of access to, correction, and protection of their personal information. Further details regarding requests for personal information at the CRA and our *Info Source* chapter can be found at www.cra.gc.ca/atip.

Part 2 – Project information (continued)

Project number 1
CRA internal form identifier 060

Complete a separate Part 2 for each project claimed this year. Code 1501 Section A - Project identification 200 Project title (and identification code if applicable) 19-01 Electrical Grid Intelligence 204 Completion or expected completion date 206 Field of science or technology code 202 Project start date (See guide for list of codes) 2019-01 2020-06 Month 2.02.09 Software engineering and technology Month Project claim history 208 Continuation of a previously claimed project 210 1 X First claim for the project 2 X No Was any of the work done jointly or in collaboration with other businesses? If you answered ves to line 218, complete lines 220 and 221. 220 221 Names of the businesses BN 3 Section B - Project descriptions 242 What scientific or technological uncertainties did you attempt to overcome? (Maximum 50 lines) The objective was to develop the technological knowledge to automate various engineering, monitoring, and control aspects to develop an intelligent or 2. smart electrical grid. The state of the technology of electrical assets 4. deployed on the grid is considered to be relatively standalone with limited intelligence. There have been recent advancements made to make some of these 5. 6. assets intelligent with the ability to be interconnected. There are also some products on the markets which can be integrated for additional monitoring and control; however, all these available technologies are still 8. 9. limited. In the example of fault indicator devices, they are not intelligent 10. enough to pin point where the fault on a feeder line may be. Similarly 11. voltage and power factor compensation devices are standalone limited to a 12. customer's transformer and do not communicate with other assets on the 13. utility to optimize compensation on the line. We hypothesized developing the intelligence for our utility grid using both 14. 15. hardware and software approaches. From the hardware perspective, we will attempt to extend or enhance the limited automation and control ability of 16. 17. the aforementioned devices by connecting them using either cellular or radio 18. networks, so that we can collect their data in real time. Then, using 19. software, we will develop the various analysis algorithms to monitor and 20. process this data in real-time to provide for more reliable, optimized, and 21. efficient operational management of our utility grid. 22. We decided to use an off the shelf product for our data warehousing called 23. We would use PI to collect data from all our IT subsystems that are 24. connected to the various assets deployed on the grid. A significant 25. uncertainty was whether we could build the intelligent monitoring and analysis algorithms in PI connecting and pulling data from all the different 26. sub systems. These subsystems were designed for specific functions. For 27. 28. example the Outage Management System (OMS) was developed to detect and alert 29. if an outage occurred at the meter level, and the SCADA was developed to 30. monitor and control the primary grid assets such as substation transformer, 31. breakers, etc. We needed to centralize the data from all these systems in 32. one location, PI, to perform the analysis. We were uncertain whether we 33. could reliably collect and store all the historical data from the disparate

Furthermore, it was not known whether the data points that

34.

What scientific or technological uncertainties did you attempt to overcome? (Maximum 50 lines)

- 35. were available would enable us to develop the intelligence to truly develop a
- 36. smart grid that can safely and reliably recover from faults, or send
- 37. intelligent alerts to enable field crews to quickly resolve grid faults and
- 38. rapidly restore service.

What work did you perform in the tax year to overcome the scientific or technological uncertainties described in line 242? (Summarize the systematic investigation or search) (Maximum 100 lines)

- We began by iteratively developing the link between PI and Customer
- 2. Information System (CIS) to pull in electrical meter data. We then designed
- 3. and developed the grid connectivity model to represent the relationship
- 4. between the electrical meter, the transformer, and the feeder right back to
- 5. the breaker in the transformer station.
- 6. Next, we began the integration with our SCADA, so we are able to get feeder
- 7. data such as amps, volts, kWh, kVA, reactive power (KVAR), etc., for each
- 8. feeder into the PI system. This was done to build the historical record of
- 9. the required electrical assets for trending and anomaly detection. Once, we
- 10. had developed the connectivity model and started populating PI with data, we
- 11. began developing automatic alerts based upon set thresholds. The PI system
- 12. would automatically send out an email signal on transformer overload.
- 13. We also developed the methods to perform standardized calculation for the
- 14. transformer asset life, based on the amps, volts, manufacturer's data,
- 15. weather conditions, etc. This required us to build the APIs needed to get in
- 16. twenty weather related attributes into PI.
- 17. Finally, we began developing the intelligence to locate faults on the feeder
- 18. line by extracting Fault Indicator data. We iteratively developed the
- 19. analysis algorithm in PI to trigger execution when the real-time status of
- 20. the fault indicator devices signaled a trip, and then calculated the location
- 21. of the fault by following the path of the line and data from other devices
- 22. along the path to calculate the location.
- 23. An issue we encountered in the design of our connectivity model was that our
- 24. analysis algorithms computed erroneous results when the physical electric
- 25. meter was replaced. Upon investigation, we determined that the PI system
- 26. lost visibility to all the historical information at the transformer level.
- 27. We systematically investigated and modified our connectivity model to create
- 28. an additional layer, with the Service Delivery Point (SDP) object, between
- 29. the transformer and the meters. We developed an external API to connect to
- 30. PI using java script to automate the rerouting of our 60,000+ electrical
- 31. meter nodes in PI. This was accomplished by first extracting all the SDP
- 32. numbers in GIS sub-system into PI, and then rerouting the meter object in the
- 33. connectivity model from the root location at the transformer level now to the
- 34. SDP object level. Next, all the historical meter data was pulled into the
- 35. SDP object. During testing, we confirmed that when the physical meter was
- 36. now replaced, all its historical information was retained in the SDP.
- 37. Also during development, we started encountering performance issues with PI.
- 38. We had upwards of 550K analysis running in PI each day. To address, we
- 39. systematically investigated re-architecting the PI system to minimize our
- 40. data point tags, by converting them to attributes types. This resulted in
- 41. the PI system minimizing the historical retention of certain data points and
- 42. only capturing the current value. While this resulted in some performance
- 43. improvements, we additionally developed methods to perform the analysis
- 44. external to PI. APIs were developed for external calculators to pull data
- 45. from PI, perform the analysis and then relay the results back into PI for
- 46. additional processing.

What scientific or technological advancements did you achieve or attempt to achieve as a result of the work described in line 244? (Maximum 50 lines)

- 1. During this fiscal period we made some significant advancements towards our
- 2. goal of developing an intelligent grid. We achieved some significant data
- 3. architecture learning for the PI system when working with large volumes of

| 4. | data points where there is a high requirement : | for retention of historical | | | | | |
|-----------------|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| 5. | | | | | | | |
| 6. | | | | | | | |
| 7. | efficiently. | | | | | | |
| 8. | We have made significant advancements in our al | bility to determine transform | er | | | | |
| 9. | loading, and transformer asset life analysis. | For asset life calculation, | we | | | | |
| 10. | gained learning by using not only equipment met | trics, but also input upwards | | | | | |
| 11. | of twenty weather and environment related data | points to improve our | | | | | |
| 12. | predictions. | | | | | | |
| 13. | Also, we have developed reliable and automated | | | | | | |
| 14. | predict an overhead line fault along long brand | | a | | | | |
| 15. | significant improvement over the traditional me | | | | | | |
| 16. | analysis. Our solution now automatically sends | | | | | | |
| 17. | location information to the Fault Indicator imm | | | | | | |
| 19. | fault location. This significantly improved the crews and our recovery times from overhead line | - | | | | | |
| 19. | crews and our recovery times from overnead fine | e laults. | | | | | |
| Secti | on C – Additional project information | | | | | | |
| Whop | repared the responses for Section B? | | | | | | |
| 253 | 1 Employee directly involved in the project Name | | | | | | |
| 255 | 1 Other employee of the company | | | | | | |
| 257 | 1 X External consultant 258 Name KPMG LLP | 259 Firm KPMG L | LP | | | | |
| List the | e key individuals directly involved in the project and indicate their qualifications | | | | | | |
| 260 | Names | Qualifications/experience | e and position title | | | | |
| 1 Ro | oger Ersil | Manager of Operational Technology 30 + | yrs exp | | | | |
| 2 M | athias Ng | Senior Protection & Control Engineer 10+ | yrs exp | | | | |
| ₃ Er | ic Andres | Asset Manager Project Lead 10+ yrs exp | | | | | |
| 266 A | are you claiming any salary or wages for SR&ED performed outside Canada? Are you claiming expenditures for SR&ED carried out on behalf of another parare you claiming expenditures for SR&ED performed by people other than you | rty? | 1 Yes 2 X No 1 Yes 2 X No 1 Yes 2 No 1 X Yes 2 No | | | | |
| If you | answered yes to line 267, complete lines 268 and 269. | | | | | | |
| 268 | Names of individuals or companies | | 269 BN | | | | |
| 1 | SEL Schweitzer Laboratories Inc. | | 86376 0286 RT0001 | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | evidence do you have to support your claim? (Check any that apply) onot need to submit these items with the claim. However, you are required to | retain them in the event of a review. | | | | | |
| 270 | X Project planning documents 276 1 X | Progress reports, minutes of project meetings | S | | | | |
| | | Test protection test data analysis of test requ | | | | | |
| 271 | time sheets conclusions | | | | | | |
| 272 | Design of experiments 278 1 | Photographs and videos | | | | | |
| 273 | | Samples, prototypes, scrap or other artefacts | | | | | |
| 274 | | Contracts | | | | | |
| 275 | Records of trial runs 281 1 | Others, specify 282 | | | | | |

Federal Tax Instalments

| Federa | I tav | inetal | Imante |
|---------|-------|--------|-----------|
| ı eucıa | ı Lax | птыа | 111161112 |

For the taxation year ended 2020-12-31

Business number 89172 5210 RC0001

The following is a list of instalments payable for the current taxation year, and the last column indicates the instalments payable to the Canada Revenue Agency (CRA). The instalments must be paid on each of the dates indicated below, otherwise non-deductible interest might be charged.

Instalment payments can be made using one of the following methods:

- electronically, using your online or telephone banking services;
- online, using the CRA's My Payment service, at canada.ca/cra-my-payment;
- by setting up a pre-authorized debit agreement, in My Business Account, at canada.ca/my-cra-business-account;
- in person, at a Canadian financial institution, by presenting the appropriate remittance voucher with your payment.

You can also mail a cheque or a money order payable to the Receiver General of Canada, accompanied by the appropriate remittance voucher, to Canada Revenue Agency, P.O. Box 3800, Station A, Sudbury ON P3A 0C3.

Do you want to calculate the instalments according to the extended payment date (COVID-19)?*

| | X | Yes | | No |
|--|---|-----|--|----|
|--|---|-----|--|----|

* The answer to this question is **Yes** when at least one of the dates entered in the **Monthly instalments workchart** or the **Quarterly instalments workchart** sections is after March 17, 2020, and before September 1, 2020.

Monthly instalment workchart

| Date | Monthly tax instalments | Refund transferred to instalments | Instalments paid | Cumulative difference | Instalments payable |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| 2020-01-31 | 42,083 | 42,083 | paid | dillerence | payable |
| 2020-02-29 | 42,083 | 42,083 | | | |
| 2020-03-31 | /555 | | | | |
| 2020-04-30 | | | | | |
| 2020-05-31 | | | | | |
| 2020-06-30 | | | | | |
| 2020-07-31 | | | | | |
| 2020-08-31 | | | | | |
| 2020-09-30 | 42,083 | 42,083 | | | |
| 2020-10-31 | 42,083 | 42,083 | | | |
| 2020-11-30 | 42,083 | 42,083 | | | |
| 2020-12-31 | 42,072 | 42,072 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Instalment (COVID-19) | | | | | |
| 2020-09-01 | 252,498 | 252,498 | | | |
| Totals _ | 504,985 | 504,985 | | | |



Canada Revenue Agency Agence du revenu du Canada

T2 Corporation Income Tax Return

200

This form serves as a federal, provincial, and territorial corporation income tax return, unless the corporation is located in Quebec or Alberta. If the corporation is located in one of these provinces, you have to file a separate provincial corporation return.

All legislative references on this return are to the federal Income Tax Act and Income Tax Regulations. This return may contain changes that had not yet become law at the time of publication.

Send one completed copy of this return, including schedules and the General Index of Financial Information (GIFI), to your tax centre. You have to file the return within six months after the end of the corporation's tax year.

For more information see **canada.ca/taxes** or Guide T4012, T2 Corporation – Income Tax Guide.

| 055 | Do not use this area |
|-----|----------------------|
| 000 | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| 1 | |

| ┌ Identification ───── | |
|--|---|
| Business number (BN) 001 89172 5210 RC0001 | |
| Corporation's name OO2 Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. Address of head office | To which tax year does this return apply? Tax year start Year Month Day 2019-01-01 Tax year-end Year Month Day 2019-12-31 |
| Has this address changed since the last time we were notified? | Has there been an acquisition of control resulting in the application of subsection 249(4) since the tax year start on line 060? |
| 017 018 L1H 7M7 Mailing address (if different from head office address) Has this address changed since the last | tax year-end according to subsection 249(3.1)? |
| time we were notified? | corporation that is a member of a partnership? |
| Country (other than Canada) Country (other than Canada) Postal or ZIP code 028 Location of books and records (if different from head office address) Has this address changed since the | Has there been a wind-up of a subsidiary under section 88 during the current tax year? |
| last time we were notified? | Is this the final return up to dissolution? |
| City Province, territory, or state 035 | Is the corporation a resident of Canada? If no, give the country of residence on line 081 and complete and attach Schedule 97. |
| X 1 Canadian-controlled private corporation (CCPC) 2 Other private corporation 3 Public corporation | Is the non-resident corporation claiming an exemption under an income tax treaty? |
| 4 Corporation controlled by a public corporation 5 Other corporation (specify) If the type of corporation changed during the tax year, provide the effective date of the change | If the corporation is exempt from tax under section 149, tick one of the following boxes: 1 Exempt under paragraph 149(1)(e) or (I) 2 Exempt under paragraph 149(1)(j) 3 Exempt under paragraph 149(1)(t) (for tax years starting before 2019) 4 Exempt under other paragraphs of section 149 |
| Do not use 095 | e this area 898 |
| 090 | 050 |

| ┌ Attachments ────────── | | |
|---|-------|----------|
| Financial statement information: Use GIFI schedules 100, 125, and 141. | | |
| Schedules – Answer the following questions. For each yes response, attach the schedule to the T2 return, unless otherwise instructed. | V | Schedule |
| | | 1 |
| Is the corporation related to any other corporations? | 150 X | 9 |
| Is the corporation an associated CCPC? | 160 X | 23 |
| Is the corporation an associated CCPC that is claiming the expenditure limit? | 161 | 49 |
| Does the corporation have any non-resident shareholders who own voting shares? | 151 | 19 |
| Has the corporation had any transactions, including section 85 transfers, with its shareholders, officers, or employees, other than transactions in the ordinary course of business? Exclude non-arm's length transactions with non-residents | 162 | 11 |
| If you answered yes to the above question, and the transaction was between corporations not dealing at arm's length, | 163 | 1 |
| were all or substantially all of the assets of the transferor disposed of to the transferee? | 164 X | 44 |
| Has the corporation paid any royalties, management fees, or other similar payments to residents of Canada? | 165 X | 14 |
| Is the corporation claiming a deduction for payments to a type of employee benefit plan? | | 15 |
| Is the corporation claiming a loss or deduction from a tax shelter? | 166 | T5004 |
| Is the corporation a member of a partnership for which a partnership account number has been assigned? | 167 | T5013 |
| Did the corporation, a foreign affiliate controlled by the corporation, or any other corporation or trust that did not deal at arm's length with the corporation have a beneficial interest in a non-resident discretionary trust (without reference to section 94)? | 168 | 22 |
| Did the corporation own any shares in one or more foreign affiliates in the tax year? | 169 | 25 |
| Has the corporation made any payments to non-residents of Canada under subsections 202(1) and/or 105(1) of | | |
| the Income Tax Regulations? | 170 | 29 |
| Did the corporation have a total amount over CAN\$1 million of reportable transactions with non-arm's length non-residents? | 171 | T106 |
| For private corporations: Does the corporation have any shareholders who own 10% or more of the corporation's | | 1 |
| common and/or preferred shares? | 173 X | 50 |
| Has the corporation made payments to, or received amounts from, a retirement compensation plan arrangement during the year? | 172 | |
| Does the corporation earn income from one or more Internet web pages or websites? | 180 | 88 |
| Is the net income/loss shown on the financial statements different from the net income/loss for income tax purposes? | 201 X | 1 |
| Has the corporation made any charitable donations; gifts of cultural or ecological property; or gifts of medicine? | 202 X | 2 |
| Has the corporation received any dividends or paid any taxable dividends for purposes of the dividend refund? | 203 X | 3 |
| Is the corporation claiming any type of losses? | 204 | 4 |
| Is the corporation claiming a provincial or territorial tax credit or does it have a permanent establishment | | 1 |
| in more than one jurisdiction? | 205 X | 5 |
| Has the corporation realized any capital gains or incurred any capital losses during the tax year? | 206 | 6 |
| i) Is the corporation a CCPC and reporting a) income or loss from property (other than dividends deductible on line 320 of the T2 return), b) income from a partnership, c) income from a foreign business, d) income from a personal services business, e) income referred to in clause 125(1)(a)(i)(C) or 125(1)(a)(i)(B), f) aggregate investment income as defined in subsection 129(4), or g) an amount assigned to it under subsection 125(3.2) or 125(8); or ii) Is the corporation a member of a partnership and assigning its specified partnership business limit to a designated member under subsection 125(8)? | 207 | 7 |
| Does the corporation have any property that is eligible for capital cost allowance? | 208 X | 8 |
| | 212 | 12 |
| | 213 | 1 |
| Is the corporation claiming deductible reserves? | 216 | 13 |
| Is the corporation claiming a patronage dividend deduction? | | 16 |
| Is the corporation a credit union claiming a deduction for allocations in proportion to borrowing or a provincial credit union tax reduction? | 217 | 17 |
| Is the corporation an investment corporation or a mutual fund corporation? | 218 | 18 |
| Is the corporation carrying on business in Canada as a non-resident corporation? | 220 | 20 |
| Is the corporation claiming any federal, provincial, or territorial foreign tax credits, or any federal logging tax credits? | 221 | 21 |
| Does the corporation have any Canadian manufacturing and processing profits? | 227 | 27 |
| Is the corporation claiming an investment tax credit? | 231 X | 31 |
| Is the corporation claiming any scientific research and experimental development (SR&ED) expenditures? | | T661 |
| Is the total taxable capital employed in Canada of the corporation and its related corporations over \$10,000,000? | 233 X | 33/34/35 |
| Is the total taxable capital employed in Canada of the corporation and its associated corporations over \$10,000,000? | 234 X | |
| Is the corporation subject to gross Part VI tax on capital of financial institutions? | 238 | 38 |
| Is the corporation claiming a Part I tax credit? | 242 | 42 |
| Is the corporation subject to Part IV.1 tax on dividends received on taxable preferred shares or Part VI.1 tax on dividends paid? | 243 | 43 |
| Is the corporation agreeing to a transfer of the liability for Part VI.1 tax? | 244 | 45 |
| | 249 | 1 |
| | | 46 |
| For financial institutions: Is the corporation a member of a related group of financial institutions with one or more members subject to gross Part VI tax? | 250 | 39 |
| Is the corporation claiming a Canadian film or video production tax credit? | 253 | T1131 |
| Is the corporation claiming a film or video production services tax credit? | 254 | T1177 |
| Is the corporation subject to Part XIII.1 tax? (Show your calculations on a sheet that you identify as Schedule 92.) | 255 | 92 |
| | | |

| - Attachments (continued) | dule |
|--|------------|
| Did the corporation have any foreign affiliates in the tax year? | 34 |
| Did the corporation own or hold specified foreign property where the total cost amount of all such property, at any time in the year, was | |
| more than CAN\$100,000? | 35 |
| Did the corporation transfer or loan property to a non-resident trust? | 41 |
| Did the corporation receive a distribution from or was it indebted to a non-resident trust in the year? | 42 |
| Has the corporation entered into an agreement to allocate assistance for SR&ED carried out in Canada? | 45 |
| Has the corporation entered into an agreement to transfer qualified expenditures incurred in respect of SR&ED contracts? | 46 |
| Has the corporation entered into an agreement with other associated corporations for salary or wages of specified employees for SR&ED? | 74 |
| Did the corporation pay taxable dividends (other than capital gains dividends) in the tax year? | 5 |
| Has the corporation made an election under subsection 89(11) not to be a CCPC? | 02 |
| Has the corporation revoked any previous election made under subsection 89(11)? | 02 |
| Did the corporation (CCPC or deposit insurance corporation (DIC)) pay eligible dividends, or did its general rate income pool (GRIP) change in the tax year? | , |
| | |
| Did the corporation (other than a CCPC or DIC) pay eligible dividends, or did its low rate income pool (LRIP) change in the tax year? | , |
| Additional information — | |
| Did the corporation use the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) when it prepared its financial statements? 270 Yes X No | |
| Is the corporation inactive? | X |
| What is the corporation's main | |
| revenue-generating business activity? 418990 All other merchant wholesalers | |
| Specify the principal products mined, manufactured, 284 Utility Distribution 285 100.000 9 | % |
| sold, constructed, or services provided, giving the | % |
| approximate dercentage of the total revenue that each | % |
| | |
| | X |
| and the corporation formigration form outland during the tax year. | X |
| Do you want to be considered as a quarterly instalment remitter if you are eligible? | _ |
| If the corporation was eligible to remit instalments on a quarterly basis for part of the tax year, provide the date the corporation ceased to be eligible | |
| If the corporation's major business activity is construction, did you have any subcontractors during the tax year? 295 Yes No | |
| − Taxable income | |
| Net income or (loss) for income tax purposes from Schedule 1, financial statements, or GIFI | А |
| Deduct: | - |
| Charitable donations from Schedule 2 | |
| Cultural gifts from Schedule 2 | |
| Ecological gifts from Schedule 2 | |
| Gifts of medicine made before March 22, 2017, from Schedule 2 315 | |
| Taxable dividends deductible under section 112 or 113, or subsection 138(6) from Schedule 3 | |
| Part VI.1 tax deduction* | |
| Non-capital losses of previous tax years from Schedule 4 | |
| Net capital losses of previous tax years from Schedule 4 | |
| Restricted farm losses of previous tax years from Schedule 4 | |
| Farm losses of previous tax years from Schedule 4 | |
| Limited partnership losses of previous tax years from Schedule 4 | |
| Prospector's and grubstaker's shares | |
| Employer deduction for non-qualified securities under an employee stock options | |
| agreement a | |
| Subtotal 4,000 ► 4,000 | |
| Subtotal (amount A minus amount B) (if negative, enter "0") 2,440,620 | _ |
| Section 110.5 additions or subparagraph 115(1)(a)(vii) additions | _ D |
| Taxable income (amount C plus amount D) 2,440,620 | _ |
| Income exempt under paragraph 149(1)(t) (for tax years starting before 2019) | - - |
| Taxable income for a corporation with exempt income under paragraph 149(1)(t) (line 360 minus line 370) | = |
| Taxable income for the year from a personal services business | =Z.1 |
| * This amount is equal to 3.5 times the Part VI.1 tax payable at line 724 on page 9. | |

| - Small business de | eduction ———————————————————————————————————— | throughout the tay year | | | | | _ |
|--|--|--|--|-----------------|--------------|----------------------|-------------|
| | all business deduction from S | | | | 400 | 2,444,620 | Α |
| Taxable income from line 3 | 360 on page 3, minus 100/26 unt on line 636** on page 8, ı Part I tax | B (3.57143) of the amoun and minus any amount that, | t on line 632* on page 8 because of | 3, | 405 | 2,440,620 500,000 | В |
| Notes: | | | | | | | |
| 1. For CCPCs that are no | | 00 on line 410. However, if n the tax year divided by 365 | | | | | |
| 2. For associated CCPCs | , use Schedule 23 to calcula | ite the amount to be entered o | on line 410. | | | | |
| Business limit reduction Taxable capital busin | | | | | | | |
| Amount C | 500,000 × 415 | *** 301,796 11,250 | <u>D</u> = | | | 13,413,156 | Ε |
| Passive income busing | ness limit reduction | | | | | | |
| Adjusted aggregate inv | estment income from Sched | ule 7**** . 417 | | 50, | = 000 | | F |
| Amount C | 500,000 × Amour 100,000 | nt F | = | | ······ | | G |
| | | S | Subtotal (the greater of a | amount E and am | nount G) 422 | 13,413,156 | Н |
| Reduced business limit for | tax years starting after 2018 | 19 (amount C minus amount 3 (amount C minus amount H 5(3.2) (from line 515 on page | I) (if negative, enter "0") | * | 400 | | I J K |
| Reduced business limit | after assignment for tax ye | ears starting before 2019 (a | mount I minus amount | K) | 427 | | L |
| Reduced business limit | after assignment for tax ye | ears starting after 2018 (am | ount J minus amount k | ζ) | 428 | | М |
| Small business deduction | n | | | | | _ | |
| Tax years starting before | e 2019 | | | | | | |
| Amount A, B, C, or L, whichever is the least | x | Number of days in before January | 1, 2018 | x | 17.5 % = | | 1 |
| | | Number of days in | • | 365 | | | |
| Amount A, B, C, or L, whichever is the least | x | Number of days in the December 31, 2017, and be | fore January 1, 2019 | x | 18 % = | | 2 |
| | | Number of days in | • | 365 | | | |
| Amount A, B, C, or L, whichever is the least | x | Number of days in the December 31 | , 2018 | <u>365</u> × | 19 % = | | 3 |
| - | 2040 | Number of days in | tne tax year | 365 | | | |
| Tax years starting after 2 | | | | v | 19 % = | | , |
| | | · | | ^ | | | 4 |
| Small business deduction Enter amount N at amount | | | | | 430 | | N |

* Calculate the amount of foreign non-business income tax credit deductible on line 632 without reference to the refundable tax on the CCPC's investment income (line 604) and without reference to the corporate tax reductions under section 123.4.

** Calculate the amount of foreign business income tax credit deductible on line 636 without reference to the corporation tax reductions under section 123.4.

*** Large corporations

- If the corporation is not associated with any corporations in both the current and previous tax years, the amount to be entered on line 415 is: (total taxable capital employed in Canada for the **prior** year **minus** \$10,000,000) x 0.225%.
- If the corporation is not associated with any corporations in the current tax year, but was associated in the previous tax year, the amount to be entered on line 415 is: (total taxable capital employed in Canada for the **current** year **minus** \$10,000,000) x 0.225%.
- For corporations associated in the current tax year, see Schedule 23 for the special rules that apply.

**** Enter the total adjusted aggregate investment income of the corporation and all associated corporations. Each corporation with such income has to file a Schedule 7, which includes a line 744 and a line 745. For the first tax year starting after 2018, use the total of lines 744. Otherwise, use the total of lines 745 of the preceding tax year.

| - Small business deduction (continued) — | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Specified corporate income and assignment under sub | osection 125(3.2) | | |
| O1 Name of corporation receiving the income and assigned amount | O Business number of the corporation receiving the assigned amount | P Income paid under clause 125(1)(a)(i)(B) to the corporation identified in column O ³ | Q Business limit assigned to corporation identified in column O ⁴ |
| | 490 | 500 | 505 |
| 1. | | | |
| | Т | otal 510 | otal 515 |
| Notes: 3. This amount is [as defined in subsection 125(7) specification | | | |
| business of the corporation for the year from the provision (A) at any time in the year, the corporation (or one of its shareholders) holds a direct or indirect interest in the principal (B) it is not the case that all or substantially all of the corporation (I) persons (other than the private corporation) with what (II) partnerships with which the corporation deals at an with the corporation holds a direct or indirect interest. | on of services or property to a private shareholders) or a person who does vate corporation, and poration's income for the year from a sich the corporation deals at arm's less than the corporation deals at a corporation deals at arm's less than the corporation deals at a corporation | e corporation (directly or indirectly, in not deal at arm's length with the co an active business is from the provise ength, or | n any manner whatever) if rporation (or one of its sion of services or |
| 4. The amount of the business limit you assign to a CCPC income referred to in column P in respect of that CCPC amount of income referred to in clauses 125(1)(a)(i)(A) of for tax years starting after 2018). | and B is the portion of the amount of | lescribed in A that is deductible by y | ou in respect of the |
| - General tax reduction for Canadian-contro | olled private corporations | <u> </u> | |
| Canadian-controlled private corporations throughout t | • | | |
| Taxable income from page 3 (line 360 or amount Z, whichever | ver applies) | | <u>2,440,620</u> A |
| Lesser of amounts 9B and 9H from Part 9 of Schedule 27 | | | |
| Amount 13K from Part 13 of Schedule 27 | | | |
| Amount from line 400, 405, 410, or 427 (428 instead of 427 | for tax years starting after 2018) | | D F |
| | | | |
| | Subtotal (add amo | ounts B to F) | > |
| | | | 2 440 620 |
| Amount A minus amount G (if negative, enter "0") | | | <u>2,440,620</u> ⊢ |
| General tax reduction for Canadian-controlled private of Enter amount I on line 638 on page 8. | corporations – Amount H multipli | ed by 13 % | <u>317,281</u> ı |
| * Except for a corporation that is, throughout the year, a co | operative corporation (within the me | aning assigned by subsection 136(2 | 2)) or a credit union. |
| General tax reduction Do not complete this area if you are a Canadian-contro a mutual fund corporation, or any corporation with tax | | | |
| Taxable income from page 3 (line 360 or amount Z, whichever | ver applies) | | J |
| Lesser of amounts 9B and 9H from Part 9 of Schedule 27 | | | |
| Amount 13K from Part 13 of Schedule 27 | | 434 | L |
| Personal services business income | | | |
| | | unts K to M) | |
| Amount J minus amount N (if negative, enter "0") | | | C |
| General tax reduction – Amount O multiplied by 13 % Enter amount P on line 639 on page 8. | 6 | | <u> </u> |

| Refundable portion of Part I tax |
|---|
| Canadian-controlled private corporations throughout the tax year |
| Aggregate investment income from Schedule 7 |
| from Schedule 7 |
| Foreign non-business income tax credit from line 632 on page 8 B |
| Foreign investment income from Schedule 7 |
| Subtotal (amount B minus amount C) (if negative, enter "0") D |
| Amount A minus amount D (if negative, enter "0") |
| Taxable income from line 360 on page 3 |
| Amount from line 400, 405, 410, or 427 (428 instead |
| of 427 for tax years starting after 2018) on page 4, |
| whichever is the least G |
| Foreign non- |
| business income tax |
| credit from |
| line 632 on page 8 |
| · · · ——— |
| Foreign business |
| income |
| tax credit from |
| line 636 on page 8 |
| Subtotal (add amounts G to I) ▶ J |
| Subtotal (amount F minus amount J) (if negative, enter "0") 2,440,620 K × 30 2 / 3 % = 748,457 L |
| |
| Part I tax payable minus investment tax credit refund (line 700 minus line 780 from page 9) |
| Refundable portion of Part I tax – Amount E, L, or M, whichever is the least |
| Refundable dividend tax on hand (for tax years starting before 2019) |
| Refundable dividend tax on hand at the end of the previous tax year |
| 165 |
| Dividend refund for the previous tax year |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Refundable portion of Part I tax from line 450 above P |
| Total Part IV tax payable from Schedule 3 |
| of a subsidiary |
| Subtotal (amount P plus amount Q plus line 480) P |
| Refundable dividend tax on hand at the end of the tax year – Amount O plus amount R |
| Returnable dividend tax of financial tine end of the tax year – Amount o plus amount N |
| - Dividend refund (for tax years starting before 2019) ———————————————————————————————————— |
| Private and subject corporations at the time taxable dividends were paid in the tax year |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Taxable dividends paid in the tax year from line 460 on page 3 of Schedule 3 x 38 1 / 3 % = S |
| |

Enter amount U on line 784 on page 9.

| Refundable dividend tax on hand (for tax years starting after 2018) | |
|---|----------------------|
| Refundable dividend tax on hand (RDTOH) at the end of the previous tax year 460 | |
| Dividend refund for the previous tax year | |
| Net RDTOH transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary | |
| Subtotal (line 460 minus line 465 plus line 480) | A |
| General rate income pool (GRIP) at the end of the previous tax year (from line 100 of schedule 53) | <u> 20,369,626</u> в |
| Total eligible dividends paid in the previous tax year (from line 300 of schedule 53) | |
| Total excessive eligible dividend designation in the previous tax year (from line 310 of Schedule 53) D | |
| Subtotal (amount C minus amount D) (if negative, enter "0") | E |
| Net GRIP at the end of the previous tax year (amount B minus amount E) (if negative, enter "0") | |
| Subtotal (amount F plus amount G) | 20,369,626 н |
| Amount H multiplied by 38 1 / 3 % | 7,808,357 |
| Eligible refundable dividend tax on hand (ERDTOH) at the end of the previous tax year (for the first tax year starting after 2018, | 1/555/551 |
| amount A or I, whichever is less, otherwise, use line 530 of the preceding tax year) | |
| | J |
| Non-eligible refundable dividend tax on hand (NERDTOH) at the end of the previous tax year (for the first tax year starting after 2018, amount A minus amount I, otherwise, use line 545 of the preceding tax year) (if negative, enter "0") | к |
| Part IV tax payable on taxable dividends from connected corporations (amount 2G from Schedule 3) L | |
| Part IV tax payable on eligible dividends from non-connected corporations (amount 2J from Schedule 3) | |
| Subtotal (amount L plus amount M) | N |
| | |
| Net ERDTOH transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary | O P |
| ERDTOH dividend refund for the previous tax year | · |
| Refundable portion of Part I tax (from line 450 on page 6) | Q |
| Part IV tax before deductions (amount 2A from Schedule 3) | |
| Part IV tax allocated to ERDTOH (amount N) | |
| Part IV tax reduction due to Part IV.1 tax payable (amount 4D of Schedule 43) | |
| Subtotal (amount R minus total of amounts S and T) | U |
| Net NERDTOH transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary | V |
| NERDTOH dividend refund for the previous tax year | W |
| 38 1/3% of the total losses applied against Part IV tax (amount 2D from Schedule 3) | X |
| Part IV tax payable allocated to NERDTOH, net of losses claimed (amount U minus amount X) (if negative enter "0") | Y |
| NERDTOH at the end of the tax year* (total of amounts K, Q, V, and Y minus amount W) (if negative, enter "0") | |
| ERDTOH at the end of the tax year* (total of amounts J, O, and Z minus amount P) (if negative, enter "0") | |
| * For more information, consult the Help (F1). | |
| Dividend refund (for tax years starting after 2018) | |
| 38 1/3% of total eligible dividends paid in the tax year (amount 3A from Schedule 3) | 958,333 AA |
| ERDTOH balance at the end of the tax year (line 530) | |
| Eligible dividend refund (amount AA or BB, whichever is less) | |
| 38 1/3% of total non-eligible taxable dividends paid in the tax year (amount 3B from Schedule 3) | |
| | |
| NERDTOH balance at the end of the tax year (line 545) | <u> </u> |
| Non-eligible dividend refund (amount DD or EE, whichever is less) | |
| Amount DD minus amount EE (if negative, enter "0") | |
| Amount BB minus amount CC (if negative, enter "0") | |
| Additional non-eligible dividend refund (amount GG or HH, whichever is less) | II |
| Dividend refund* – Amount CC plus amount FF plus amount II | JJ |
| Enter amount JJ on line 784 on page 9. | |
| * For more information, consult the Help (F1). | |

| - Part I tax - | - | | |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Base amount Part I tax – Taxable income from page 3 (line 360 or amount Z, whichever applies) | multiplied by | 38 % 550 | 927,436 A |
| Additional tax on personal services business income (section 123.5) | | | |
| Taxable income from a personal services business | 5 | x 5 % = 560 | В |
| Recapture of investment tax credit from Schedule 31 | | 602 | C |
| Calculation for the refundable tax on the Canadian-controlled private corporation's (CCF (if it was a CCPC throughout the tax year) | PC) investment i | ncome | |
| Aggregate investment income from line 440 on page 6 | | D | |
| Taxable income from line 360 on page 3 | 40,620 E | | |
| Deduct: Amount from line 400, 405, 410, or 427 (428 instead of 427 for tax years starting after 2018) on page 4, whichever is the least | F | | |
| | <u>40,620</u> ► | 2,440,620 _G | |
| Refundable tax on CCPC's investment income – 10 2 / 3 % of whichever is less: amount | t D or omount C | 604 | 11 |
| Refundable tax on CCPC's investment income = 10 2 / 3 70 of whichever is less; amount | | | H |
| | Subtotal (add a | amounts A, B, C, and H) | 927,436 ı |
| Deduct: | | | |
| Small business deduction from line 430 on page 4 | | J | |
| Federal tax abatement | | 244,062 | |
| Manufacturing and processing profits deduction from Schedule 27 | | | |
| Investment corporation deduction | 620 | | |
| Taxed capital gains 624 | - | | |
| Federal foreign non-business income tax credit from Schedule 21 | 632 | | |
| Federal foreign business income tax credit from Schedule 21 | | | |
| General tax reduction for CCPCs from amount I on page 5 | | 317,281 | |
| General tax reduction from amount P on page 5 | | | |
| Federal logging tax credit from Schedule 21 | | | |
| Eligible Canadian bank deduction under section 125.21 | | | |
| Federal qualifying environmental trust tax credit | | | |
| Investment tax credit from Schedule 31 | | 92,200 | 652.542 |
| | Subtotal | 653,543 | 653,543 K |
| Part I tax payable – Amount I minus amount K | | | 273,893 L |
| Enter amount L on line 700 on page 9. | | | |

- Privacy statement -

Personal information (including the SIN) is collected for the purposes of the administration or enforcement of the Income Tax Act and related programs and activities such as administering tax and benefits, audit, compliance, and collection. Personal information may be shared for purposes of other federal acts that provide for the imposition and collection of a tax or duty. Personal information may also be shared with other federal, provincial, territorial or foreign government institutions to the extent authorized by law. Failure to provide this information may result in interest payable, penalties or other actions. Under the Privacy Act, individuals have the right to access their personal information, request correction, or file a complaint to the Privacy Commissioner of Canada regarding the handling of the individual's personal information. Refer to Personal Information Bank CRA PPU 047 at canada.ca/cra-info-source.

| Summary of tax and credits —— | | |
|--|--|--|
| Federal tax | | |
| Part I tax payable from amount L on page 8 | | |
| Part II surcharge payable from Schedule 46 | | |
| Part III.1 tax payable from Schedule 55 | | |
| Part IV tax payable from Schedule 3 | | |
| Part IV.1 tax payable from Schedule 43 | | |
| Part VI tax payable from Schedule 38 | | |
| Part VI.1 tax payable from Schedule 43 | | |
| Part XIII.1 tax payable from Schedule 92 | | |
| Part XIV tax payable from Schedule 20 | | |
| Add provincial or territorial tax: | | Total federal tax 273,893 |
| Provincial or territorial jurisdiction (if more than one jurisdiction, enter "multiple" | 750 ON | |
| | | |
| Net provincial or territorial tax payable (except | Quebec and Alberta) | Total tax payable 770 504,985 A |
| Deduct other credits: | | |
| Investment tax credit refund from Schedule 3 | 1 | |
| Dividend refund from amount U on page 6 or | JJ on page 7 | |
| Federal capital gains refund from Schedule 1 | 8 | |
| Federal qualifying environmental trust tax cred | dit refund | 792 |
| Canadian film or video production tax credit (F | Form T1131) | |
| Film or video production services tax credit (F | Form T1177) | |
| Canadian journalism labour tax credit from So | chedule 58 | 798 |
| Tax withheld at source | <u></u> | |
| Total payments on which tax has been with | held 801 | |
| Provincial and territorial capital gains refund f | rom Schedule 18 | |
| Provincial and territorial refundable tax credits | s from Schedule 5 | |
| Tax instalments paid | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| | | Total credits 8901,489,721 ▶1,489,721 E |
| | | Balance (amount A minus amount B) |
| Refund code 894 2 | Refund 984,736 ← | If the result is negative, you have a refund . |
| | | If the result is positive, you have a balance owing . |
| Direct deposit request | and the interthene and another the and | Enter the amount on whichever line applies. |
| To have the corporation's refund deposited di account at a financial institution in Canada, or | | Generally, we do not charge or refund a difference of \$2 or less. |
| already gave us, complete the information bel | , | |
| Start Change information | 910 | Balance owing |
| l | Branch number | For information on how to make your payment, go to canada.ca/payments. |
| 914 | 918 | <u>sunudata paj monto</u> . |
| Institution number | Account number | |
| If the corporation is a Canadian-controlled pri | vate corporation throughout the tax year, | |
| does it qualify for the one-month extension of | the date the balance of tax is due? $\hspace{1cm}$. | |
| If this return was prepared by a tax preparer f | or a fee, provide their EFILE number | 920 |
| PREPAREI | D SOLELY FOR INCOME TAX PURPOSES WITHOUT AUDIT OR R | EVIEW FROM INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE TAXPAYER. |
| - Certification —————— | | |
| I, 950 SAVAGE | 951 DAVID | 954 AUTHORIZED SIGING OFFICER |
| Last name | First na | |
| | | urn, including accompanying schedules and statements, and that e. I also certify that the method of calculating income for this tax |
| year is consistent with that of the previous tax | | |
| 955 2020-06-29 | | 956 (905) 743-5219 |
| Date (yyyy/mm/dd) | Signature of the authorized signing office | |
| Is the contact person the same as the authoriz | • | |
| 958 | | 959 |
| | ne of other authorized person | Telephone number |
| | · | |
| Language of correspondence – Indicate your language of correspondence by | | 000 |

Indiquez votre langue de correspondance en inscrivant 1 pour anglais ou 2 pour français.

990

1



Canada Revenue Agence du revenu du Canada

GENERAL INDEX OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION - GIFI

SCHEDULE 100

| Form identifier 100 | GENERAL INDEX OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION – GIFI | | | |
|--------------------------|---|-------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Corporation's name | | Business number | Tax year end Year Month Day | |
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 | |

Balance sheet information

| Account | Description | GIFI | Current year | Prior year |
|------------|---|----------|--------------|-------------|
| Assets – | | | | |
| | Total current assets | 1599 + | 28,327,000 | 29,342,000 |
| | Total tangible capital assets | 2008 + | 165,732,000 | 153,046,000 |
| | Total accumulated amortization of tangible capital assets | 2009 - | | |
| | Total intangible capital assets | 2178 + | 2,954,000 | 2,988,000 |
| | Total accumulated amortization of intangible capital assets | 2179 – | 2,363,000 | 2,243,000 |
| | Total long-term assets | 2589 + | 2,892,000 | 10,685,000 |
| | * Assets held in trust | 2590 + | | |
| | Total assets (mandatory field) | 2599 = _ | 197,542,000 | 193,818,000 |
| Liabilitie | S | | | |
| | Total current liabilities | 3139 + | 22,296,000 | 29,886,000 |
| | Total long-term liabilities | 3450 + | 122,987,000 | 114,387,000 |
| | * Subordinated debt | 3460 + | | |
| | *Amounts held in trust | 3470 + _ | | |
| | Total liabilities (mandatory field) | 3499 = _ | 145,283,000 | 144,273,000 |
| Sharehol | der equity — | | | |
| | Total shareholder equity (mandatory field) | 3620 + | 52,259,000 | 49,545,000 |
| | _ Total liabilities and shareholder equity | 3640 = _ | 197,542,000 | 193,818,000 |
| Retained | earnings — | | | |
| | Retained earnings/deficit – end (mandatory field) | 3849 = | 29,195,000 | 26,481,00 |

^{*} Generic item

PREPARED SOLELY FOR INCOME TAX PURPOSES WITHOUT AUDIT OR REVIEW FROM INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE TAXPAYER.

Tax year-end

Business number



Form identifier 125
Corporation's name

Canada Revenue Agency

Agence du revenu du Canada

GENERAL INDEX OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION – GIFI

SCHEDULE 125

| Corporation's name | | siness number | Year Month Day |
|---|----------|---------------|----------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 8917 | 2 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |
| Income statement information | | | |
| Description GIFI | | | |
| Operating name | | | |
| Description of the operation | | | |
| Sequence number 0003 | | | |
| Account Description | GIFI | Current year | Prior year |
| ☐ Income statement information | | | |
| Total sales of goods and services | 8089 + | 129,434,000 | 119,918,000 |
| Cost of sales | 8518 – | 126,234,000 | 121,842,000 |
| Gross profit/loss | 8519 = _ | 3,200,000 | -1,924,000 |
| Cost of sales | 8518 + | 126,234,000 | 121,842,000 |
| Cost of sales Total operating expenses Total operating expenses | 9367 + | 25,692,000 | 19,321,000 |
| Total expenses (mandatory field) | 9368 = | 151,926,000 | 141,163,000 |
| | | | |
| Total revenue (mandatory field) | 8299 + _ | 157,889,000 | 147,146,000 |
| Total expenses (mandatory field) | 9368 | 151,926,000 | 141,163,000 |
| Net non-farming income | 9369 = | 5,963,000 | 5,983,000 |
| ┌ Farming income statement information ────── | | | |
| Total farm revenue (mandatory field) | 9659 + | | |
| Total farm expenses (mandatory field) | 9898 – | | |
| Net farm income | 9899 = | | |
| Net income/loss before taxes and extraordinary items | 9970 = | 5,963,000 | 5,983,000 |
| | | , , | |
| Total other comprehensive income | 9998 = | | |
| ┌ Extraordinary items and income (linked to Schedule 140) ──── | | | |
| Extraordinary item(s) | 9975 - | | |
| Legal settlements | 9976 – | | |
| Unrealized gains/losses | 9980 + | | |
| Unusual items | 9985 – | | |
| Current income taxes | 9990 – _ | 749,000 | 816,000 |
| Future (deferred) income tax provision | 9995 – _ | | |
| Total – Other comprehensive income | 9998 + _ | | |
| Net income/loss after taxes and extraordinary items (mandatory field) | 9999 = _ | 5,214,000 | 5,167,000 |

PREPARED SOLELY FOR INCOME TAX PURPOSES WITHOUT AUDIT OR REVIEW FROM INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE TAXPAYER.

Tax Year End

Business number

Canada Revenue Agency

Corporation's name

Agence du revenu du Canada Schedule 141

Notes Checklist

| | | Year Month Day | | | |
|---|---|----------------|--|--|--|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 | | | |
| Parts 1, 2, and 3 of this schedule must be completed from the perspective of the person (referred to in thes reported on the financial statements. If the person preparing the tax return is not the accountant referred to and 4, as applicable. | | | | | |
| • For more information, see Guide RC4088, General Index of Financial Information (GIFI) and T4012, T2 Co | • For more information, see Guide RC4088, General Index of Financial Information (GIFI) and T4012, T2 Corporation – Income Tax Guide. | | | | |
| • Complete this schedule and include it with your T2 return along with the other GIFI schedules. | | | | | |
| Part 1 – Information on the accountant who prepared or reported on the finar | ncial statements —— | | | | |
| Does the accountant have a professional designation? | | = = = | | | |
| Is the accountant connected* with the corporation? | <u>0</u> 9 | 7 Yes No X | | | |
| Note If the accountant does not have a professional designation or is connected to the corporation, you do not have to complete Parts 2 and 3 of this schedule. However, you do have to complete Part 4, as applicable. | | | | | |
| *A person connected with a corporation can be: (i) a shareholder of the corporation who owns more than 10% of the common shares; (ii) a director, an officer, or an employee of the corporation; or (iii) a person not dealing at arm's length with the corporation. | | | | | |
| Part 2 – Type of involvement with the financial statements | | | | | |
| Choose the option that represents the highest level of involvement of the accountant: | | 198 | | | |
| Completed an auditor's report | | 1 X | | | |
| Completed a review engagement report | | | | | |
| Conducted a compilation engagement | | 3 | | | |
| ┌ Part 3 – Reservations | | | | | |
| If you selected option 1 or 2 under Type of involvement with the financial statements above, answer the f | ollowing question: | | | | |
| Has the accountant expressed a reservation? | 09 | 9 Yes No X | | | |
| - Part 4 - Other information | | | | | |

| Prepared the tax return (financial statements prepared by client) | 1 X |
|---|------|
| Prepared the tax return and the financial information contained therein (financial statements have not been prepared) | 2 |
| Were notes to the financial statements prepared? Yes X | No [|
| If ves complete lines 104 to 107 below: | |

If you have a professional designation and are not the accountant associated with the financial statements in Part 1 above, choose one of the

Are subsequent events mentioned in the notes?

Is re-evaluation of asset information mentioned in the notes?

Is contingent liability information mentioned in the notes?

In the notes information mentioned in the notes?

In the notes information mentioned in the notes?

In the notes information mentioned in the notes information mention mentioned in the notes in the notes information mentioned in t

Is information regarding commitments mentioned in the notes?

Does the corporation have investments in joint venture(s) or partnership(s)?

No X

110

following options:

| − Part 4 − Other information (continued) ─── | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|------|
| Impairment and fair value changes | | | | |
| In any of the following assets, was an amount recognized in net incomresult of an impairment loss in the tax year, a reversal of an impairment change in fair value during the tax year? | | tax year, or a | 200 Yes | No X |
| If yes , enter the amount recognized: | In net income Increase (decrease) | In OCI Increase (decrease) | | |
| Property, plant, and equipment 210 | | 211 | _ | |
| Intangible assets | | 216 | _ | |
| Investment property 220 | | | | |
| Biological assets 225 | | | | |
| Financial instruments | | 231 | _ | |
| Other 235 | | 236 | _ | |
| Financial instruments | | | | |
| Did the corporation derecognize any financial instrument(s) during the | e tax year (other than trade recei | vables)? | 250 Yes | No X |
| Did the corporation apply hedge accounting during the tax year? | | | 255 Yes X | No 🗌 |
| Did the corporation discontinue hedge accounting during the tax year? | ? | | 260 Yes | No X |
| Adjustments to opening equity | | | | |
| Was an amount included in the opening balance of retained earnings recognize a change in accounting policy, or to adopt a new accounting | 1 3 | * | 265 Yes | No X |
| If ves you have to maintain a senarate reconciliation | | | | |

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

1. INCORPORATION

Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. [the "Corporation"] was incorporated under the Business Corporations Act (Ontario) on October 18, 2000. The incorporation was required in accordance with the provincial government's Electricity Act, 1998. The Corporation is a local distribution company ["LDC"] that provides electricity distribution services to businesses and residences in the service area of Oshawa, Ontario.

The Corporation is a wholly owned subsidiary of Oshawa Power and Utilities Corporation, which is wholly owned by the Corporation of the City of Oshawa [the "City"].

The Corporation has evaluated the events and transactions after the balance sheet date through to April 30, 2020, when the Corporation's Board of Directors approved and authorized the financial statements.

- 2. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES
- A) Changes in accounting policies

IFRS 16 Leases ("IFRS 16")

In January 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16, Leases ["IFRS 16"], which replaces IAS 17, Leases ["IAS 17"]. IFRS 16 provides a single lessee accounting model, requiring the recognition of assets and liabilities for all leases, unless the lease term is 12 months or less, or the underlying asset has a low value. Lessor accounting remains largely unchanged from IAS 17 and the distinction between operating and finance leases is retained. Under the new standard, a lessee recognizes a right of use asset and a lease liability. The right of use asset is subsequently depreciated, similar to other non-financial assets and the liability accrues interest. The lease liability is initially measured as the present value of the lease payments over the lease term, discounted at the rate implicit in the lease. The Corporation applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach, under which the cumulative effect of initial application is recognized in retained earnings at January 1, 2019. Accordingly, the comparative information presented for 2018 is not restated and continues to be presented under IAS 17. The impact of changes is disclosed in notes 2 (B) and 14.

B) Significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements have been applied consistently to all periods presented herein, except for the new standard IFRS 16, which was adopted effective January 1, 2019. The Balance Sheets and the Statements of Comprehensive Income have been modified from the adoption of the new standard. Basis of presentation

The Corporation's financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ["IFRS"] as adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board ["IASB"] and interpretations as issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ["IFRIC"] of the IASB, and reflects the significant accounting policies summarized below.

December 31, 2019 and 2018 Rate setting and regulation

The OEB has regulatory oversight of electricity matters in the Province of Ontario. The Ontario Energy Board Act, 1998, sets out the OEB's powers, including the issuance of distribution licenses that must be obtained by any person owning or operating a distribution system under the Ontario Energy Board Act, 1998. The OEB is charged with the responsibility of approving or setting rates for the transmission and distribution of electricity and for ensuring that LDCs fulfil their obligations to connect and service customers. On October 18, 2012, the OEB released its report, Renewed Regulatory

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

Framework for Electricity Distributors: A Performance-Based Approach ["RRFE"]. The OEB established three rate-setting methods under RRFE: 4th Generation Incentive Rate, Custom Incentive Rate and Annual Incentive Rate Index. Each LDC has the option to select the method that best meets its needs and circumstances, and apply to the OEB to have its rates set on that basis. 4th Generation Incentive Rate-setting ["4th Generation IR"] is most appropriate for distributors that anticipate some incremental investment needs will arise during the plan term. The OEB expects that this method will be appropriate for most LDCs. LDCs with relatively steady state investment needs (i.e., primarily sustainment), may opt for the Annual Incentive Rate-setting Index ["Annual IR Index"]. The Custom Incentive Rate-setting ["Custom IR"] method may be appropriate for LDCs with significantly large multi-year or highly variable investment commitments with relatively certain timing and level of associated expenditures.

In January 2015, the Corporation filed its Custom IR application with the OEB seeking approval to change rates that it charges for electricity delivery, retail services, allowances, loss factor and specific services charges for a period of five years, to be effective January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2019. This application requested a revenue requirement to recover costs, and provides a rate of return on a deemed capital structure applied to rate base assets.

The OEB issued its decision and rate order on December 22, 2015 approving final 2016 and 2017 rates and charges, and interim rates and charges for subsequent years, 2018 and 2019. On July 4, 2017, the Corporation filed an application with the OEB to seek OEB approval of final rates for 2018 and 2019. OEB final approval of 2018 and 2019 rates and charges was confirmed on February 1, 2018, to be effective January 1, 2018. In addition, the Corporation may introduce new rate riders depending on the timing of the clearance of variance and deferral accounts.

The OEB has the general authority to include or exclude costs and revenue in the rates of a specific period, resulting in a change in the timing of accounting recognition from that which would have applied in an unregulated company under IFRS.

Amendments to the Ontario Rebate for Electricity Consumers Act, 2016 and Associated Regulations

The Ministry of Energy, Northern Development, & Mines has amended portions of the Ontario Rebate for Electricity Consumers Act, 2016 ("OREC") and associated Regulations as part of its effort to improve the transparency of electricity costs for consumers. Beginning November 1, 2019, the following changes were mandated:

- 1. The subsidies from the Fair Hydro Plan were removed from the Regulated Price Plan ("RPP");
- 2. The 8% Ontario Rebate for Electricity Consumers, otherwise known as the 'Provincial Rebate' was removed and replaced with a credit of 31.8% called the Ontario Electricity Rebate ["OER"];

December 31, 2019 and 2018

3. An additional line item, entitled the Total Ontario Electricity Support, was added, comprising all other forms of support provided to customers, previously identified separately as each of the Ontario Electricity Support Program; Rural or Remote Rate Protection; Distribution Rate Protection; and First Nations Delivery Credit.

These changes are generally applicable to low volume customers. However, the

These changes are generally applicable to low volume customers. However, the amendments to the regulations also amend the eligibility criteria for customers. Certain groups of customers will now be excluded from the rebate altogether.

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

The following regulatory practices relating to regulatory balances, and payments in lieu of corporate income taxes, have resulted in accounting treatments that differ from IFRS for enterprises operating in a non-regulated environment.

Regulatory Deferral Accounts

IFRS 14, Regulatory Deferral Accounts, allows the Corporation to utilize pre-IFRS Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ["IFRS 14"] with respect to the recognition of Regulatory Balances that address the deferral of specific non-income related cash inflows and outflows.

Regulatory debits primarily represent costs that have been deferred because it is probable that they will be recovered in future rates. Similarly, regulatory credits can arise from differences in amounts billed to customers for electricity services and the costs that the Corporation incurs to purchase and deliver these services. Certain costs and variance account balances are deemed to be regulatory debits or regulatory credits and are reflected in the LDC's balance sheets until the manner and timing of disposition is determined by the OEB.

Payments in lieu of corporate income taxes ["PILs"]

The Corporation provides for PILs using the deferred income taxes method for its regulated activities as permitted by the IASB and the OEB. Inventory

Inventory, which consists of parts and supplies acquired for internal maintenance or construction, is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value, with cost being determined on a weighted average basis. Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment ["PP&E"] are measured at cost or deemed cost on transition date, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labour, and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to a working condition for its intended use. Borrowing costs on qualifying assets are capitalized as part of the cost of the asset and are based on OEB prescribed rates.

When parts of an item of PP&E have different useful lives, they are separately depreciated as components of PP&E.

December 31, 2019 and 2018

Subsequent expenditures are included in an asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, where appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Corporation and the cost can be reliably measured.

Under IFRS, an asset is derecognized at its carrying value when it is disposed of or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of PP&E is determined as the difference between the proceeds from sale and the carrying amount of the asset, and is recognized in the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Depreciation of PP&E is recorded in the statements of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the components of PP&E. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimates being accounted for on a prospective basis. Depreciation rates representing estimated useful lives for the main categories of PP&E are shown in the table below:

Buildings 1.61% - 2.38%

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

Transmission, distribution system and meters 1.67% - 10%

Equipment and furniture 5% - 20%

Computer hardware 25%

Vehicle fleet 8.33% - 12.50%

Construction in progress comprises capital assets under construction, capital assets not yet placed into service and pre-construction activities related to specific projects expected to be constructed. These assets are not depreciated until they are in the location and condition necessary for them to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Corporation. In the absence of rate regulation, overhead costs that are not directly attributable to construction activity are not capitalized.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are assets that lack physical substance, other than financial assets. Intangible assets, which consist of computer software, deferred indefeasible right of use ["IRU"] leases, and payments made to Hydro One Networks Inc. ["HONI"] for dedicated infrastructure in order to receive connections to transmission facilities, are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization of intangible assets is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the related asset, or over the term of the IRU, and recorded in the statements of comprehensive income. Amortization rates representing estimated useful lives for intangible assets are shown below:

Computer software 33.33%

Deferred indefeasible right of use lease 20 years

December 31, 2019 and 2018

Asset retirement obligations

The need to estimate the cost of decommissioning or asset retirement obligations ["AROs"] at the end of the useful lives of certain assets, is reviewed periodically. A provision is recorded, if required, for the fair value of the future expenditures required to settle legal obligations associated with asset retirements. As at December 31, 2019, the Corporation has determined that there are no material AROs associated with transmission, distribution and generation systems.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Corporation's non-financial assets, other than inventory and deferred payments in lieu of corporate income taxes, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated.

For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generate cash inflows from continuing use and are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets [the "cash-generating unit"]. The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in net income.

Pension and other post-employment benefits

The Corporation provides pension benefits for its employees through the Ontario Municipal Employees' Retirement System ["OMERS"] Fund [the "OMERS Fund"], a multi-employer public sector pension fund. The OMERS Fund is a

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

defined benefit pension plan, which is financed by equal contributions from participating employers and employees and by the investment earnings of the OMERS Fund. Although the plan is a defined benefit plan, sufficient information is not available to the Corporation to account for it as such because it is not possible to attribute the fund assets and liabilities between the various employers who contribute to the fund. Accordingly, contributions payable as a result of employee service are expensed when incurred as part of operating costs.

Employee future benefits, other than pensions provided by the Corporation, include supplemental health, dental and life insurance. These plans provide defined benefits to retired employees, their spouses and surviving spouses when the employees are no longer providing active service. Retiree benefits expense is recognized in the period during which the employees render services.

The liability for post-employment non-pension retirement benefits is recorded on an accrual basis. The Corporation actuarially determines the cost of post-employment benefits offered to employees and retirees, including their spouses and surviving spouses, using the projected benefit method, prorated on service and based on management's best estimates. Under this method, the projected post-retirement benefits are deemed to be earned on a pro rata basis over the employee's years of service in the attribution period commencing at the date of hire, and ending at the earliest age the employee could retire and qualify for benefits.

December 31, 2019 and 2018

The current service cost for a period is equal to the actuarial present value of benefits attributed to employees' services rendered during the period. Past service costs from plan amendments are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average remaining service period of employees active at the date of amendment.

Current service costs are recognized in the statements of comprehensive income under operations, maintenance and administrative expenses. The Corporation applies IFRS 14, Regulatory Deferral Accounts, to recognize all cumulative actuarial gains or losses in a deferral account as at January 1, 2014. Remeasurements arising from defined benefit plans are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income ("OCI") and reported in accumulated other comprehensive income. Amounts recorded in OCI are not recycled to the Consolidated Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income. The Corporation, as permitted by the OEB, created a deferral account to capture all actuarial gains and losses going forward. The disposition of this new deferral account will occur sometime in the future in accordance with OEB guidelines in effect at that appropriate time.

Customer advance deposits

Customer advance deposits represent cash collections from customers that are available to offset the payment of energy bills or other services. Customers may be required to post security to obtain electricity or other services. Where the security posted is in the form of cash or cash equivalents, these amounts are recorded in the accounts as securities held in respect of customer deposits. Interest is paid on customer balances at rates established by the Corporation in accordance with OEB guidelines.

Customer advance payments

Customer advance payments consist of both the Equal Payment Plan and customer advance payments.

Deferred contributions

Certain assets may be acquired or constructed with financial assistance in the form of contributions from customers when the estimated revenue is less

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

than the cost of providing service or where special equipment is needed to supply the customers' specific requirements.

Capital contributions received in advance from electricity customers and developers to construct or acquire PP&E for the purpose of connecting a customer to a network are recorded as deferred revenue and amortized into other revenue at an equivalent rate to that used for the depreciation of the related PP&E. Capital contributions received from developers to construct or acquire PP&E for the purpose of connecting future customers to the distribution network are considered out of scope of IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

Financial instruments

Initial and subsequent measurement

At initial recognition, all financial instruments are measured at fair value plus or minus transaction costs, with the exception of accounts receivable which are initially recognized at the transaction price and financial instruments fair value through profit or loss which are initially recognized at fair value.

December 31, 2019 and 2018

Financial assets are subsequently measured at either amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"), or fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") based on the cash flow characteristics of the assets and the business models under which they are managed. All of the Corporation's financial assets are held for collection of contractual cash flows that represent payments of principal and interest and, accordingly, are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. These include cash, restricted cash, and accounts receivables. Financial liabilities are either subsequently measured at FVTPL or amortized cost, except for interest rate swaps used in hedge accounting. The Corporation's financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable for power - IESO, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, long-term debt, and customer advance deposits.

Impairment

The Corporation recognizes an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECL") for all financial assets not held at FVTPL. The Corporation applies the simplified approach to its accounts receivable which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognized from initial recognition of the receivables and on an ongoing basis. The measurement of ECLs for accounts receivable is based on management's judgment. This is determined using a provision matrix based on historical observed default rates, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment. For financial assets other than accounts receivable, ECLs are recognized in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months. For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default. The Corporation considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Corporation may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Corporation is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Corporation. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the asset. All impairment losses are recognized in net income.

Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

Derivative financial instruments in the form of interest rate swap contracts are used to manage exposure to fluctuations in interest rates on the Corporation's long-term debt, which are designated as cash flow hedges as it is hedging the exposure to variability in cash flows that is attributable to interest rate risk associated with the long-term debt. The Corporation does not enter into derivative agreements for speculative purposes.

At the inception of a hedging relationship, the Corporation designates and formally documents the relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item, the risk management objective, and its strategy for undertaking the hedge. The Corporation also assesses on an on-going basis whether the hedge continues to be effective, including that the hedge ratio remains appropriate.

The interest rate swaps are measured at their fair value upon initial recognition and on each subsequent reporting date. When the cash flow hedge meets all the qualifying criteria for hedge accounting, the effective portion of the gain

December 31, 2019 and 2018

or loss on the hedging instrument is recognized in other comprehensive income ("OCI"), while any ineffective portion is recognized immediately in net income. The amount accumulated in OCI is reclassified to net income as a reclassification adjustment in the same period or periods during which the hedged cash flows affect net income, and recorded within interest expense. If cash flow hedge accounting is discontinued, the amount that has been accumulated in OCI must remain in accumulated OCI if the hedged future cash flows are still expected to occur. Otherwise, the amount will be immediately reclassified to net income as a reclassification adjustment.

Leases

The Corporation applied IFRS 16 Leases from January 1, 2019 using the modified retrospective approach, under which the cumulative effect of initial application is recognized in retained earnings as January 1, 2019. Accordingly, the comparative information presented for 2018 is not restated. It is presented as previously reported under IAS 17 and related interpretations. Additionally, the disclosure requirements in IFRS 16 have not generally been applied to comparative information.

On transition to IFRS 16, the Corporation elected to apply the practical expedient to grandfather the assessment of which transactions are leases. The Corporation applied IFRS 16 only to contracts that were previously identified as leases. Contracts that were not identified as leases under IAS 17 and IFRIC 4 were not reassessed for whether there is a lease under IFRS 16. Therefore, the definition of lease under IFRS 16 was applied only to contracts entered into or changed on or after January 1, 2019.

As a lessee, the Corporation leases its office premises with the Corporation of the City of Oshawa. The Corporation leases IT office equipment, and the rooftops of various premises from the City for the installation of solar panels.

Under IFRS 16, the Corporation recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all of these leases. On transition, lease liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at the Corporation's incremental borrowing rate as at January 1, 2019. The Corporation has tested its right-of-use assets for impairment on the date of transition and has concluded that there is no indication that the right-of-

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

use assets are impaired.

The Corporation previously classified leases as operating or finance leases based on its assessment of whether the lease transferred significantly all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset to the Corporation. Comparative lease information is reported under IAS 17. Leases in terms of which the Corporation assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases in comparative periods. Upon initial recognition, the leased asset is measured at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset. Revenue recognition

The Corporation has identified that its material performance obligation is the distribution and provision of electricity to customers. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding any discounts, rebates and sales taxes. The Corporation has determined that it acts as a principal in all of its revenue arrangements.

December 31, 2019 and 2018

The Corporation is licensed by the OEB to distribute electricity. As a licensed distributor, the Corporation is responsible for billing customers for electricity generated by third parties and the related costs of providing electricity services, such as transmission services and other services provided by third parties. The Corporation is required, pursuant to the regulation, to remit such amounts to these third parties, irrespective of whether the Corporation ultimately collects these amounts from customers. The Corporation has determined that they are acting as a principal for the distribution of electricity and, therefore, have presented the sale of electrical energy revenue on a gross basis.

Distribution revenue for the Corporation is recognized at approved rates, as electricity is delivered to customers and is recorded on the basis of regular meter readings and estimated customer usage since the last meter reading date to the end of the year. The related cost of power is recorded on the basis of power used.

Distribution revenue attributable to the delivery of electricity is based upon OEB-approved distribution tariff rates and includes the amounts billed to customers for electricity, including the cost of electricity supplied, distribution charges and any regulatory charges. Revenue is recognized as electricity is delivered and consumed by customers. Revenue includes an estimate of unbilled revenue. Unbilled revenue represents an estimate of electricity consumed by customers since the date of each customer's last meter reading. Actual electricity usage could differ from those estimates. Regulated service revenue represents charges to energy customers for services such as late payments, collection fees, account set-up fees, pole attachment charges, and reconnect and disconnect charges. Regulated service revenue is recognized as services are rendered.

Combined heat and power revenue is derived from selling electricity, the provision of capacity and thermal energy. Revenue is recognized upon delivery of the metered electricity and thermal energy.

Service revenue primarily includes duct rental revenue that is recognized as services are rendered and time expires.

Capital contributions received from electricity customers to construct or acquire PP&E for the purpose of connecting a customer to a network, are recorded as a deferred contribution on the balance sheet and amortization is presented as revenue from deferred contributions on the statement of comprehensive income at an equivalent rate to that used for the depreciation

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

of the related PP&E.

Other revenue and interest are recognized as services are rendered, projects completed or when interest is earned. Revenue and costs associated with Conservation and Demand Management ["CDM"] programs are presented using the net basis of accounting within other revenue. Performance incentive payments under CDM programs are recognized by the Corporation when there is reasonable assurance that the program conditions have been satisfied and the incentive payments will be received.

PILs

Under the Electricity Act, 1998, and effective October 1, 2001, the Corporation incurs PILs that are remitted to the Ministry of Finance. These payments are calculated in accordance with the rules for computing income and taxable

December 31, 2019 and 2018

capital, and other relevant amounts contained in the Income Tax Act (Canada) and the Corporations Tax Act (Ontario) as modified by the Electricity Act, 1998 and related regulations. Payments remitted to Ontario Electricity Financial Corporation are designated to be applied against the stranded debt of Ontario Power Generation, formerly Ontario Hydro.

The Corporation recognizes deferred income taxes using the balance sheet method. Under this method, provisions are made for deferred income taxes as a result of temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for accounting purposes. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted or substantively enacted tax rates, at the reporting date, expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. When deferred income taxes become payable, it is expected that they will be included in the rates approved by the OEB and recovered from the customers of the Corporation at that time. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset since they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

A deferred income tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred income tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

The OEB's Electricity Distribution Rate Handbook provides for the recovery of PILs by LDCs through annual distribution rate adjustments as permitted by the OEB.

The method that has been used to set the PILs portion of the Corporation's rates for 2018 is consistent with the approach used in past periods. Current income taxes are based on taxable profit or loss for the year, which differ from profit or loss as reported in the statements of comprehensive income because it excludes items that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are neither taxable nor deductible.

Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Certain estimates are necessary since the regulatory environment in which the Corporation operates requires amounts to be recorded at estimated values until finalization and adjustment pursuant to subsequent regulatory decisions or other regulatory proceedings. Due to inherent uncertainty involved in making such estimates,

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year end |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | Year Month Day |
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

actual results could differ from those estimates, including changes as a result of future decisions made by the OEB, the Ministry of Energy and Infrastructure or the Ministry of Finance. Future accounting policies At the date of authorization of these financial statements, certain new standards and amendments to existing standards have been published but are not yet effective, and have not been early adopted by the Corporation. Information on new standards and amendments that are expected to be relevant to the Corporation's financial statements is provided below. December 31, 2019 and 2018 . Interbank Offered Rate reform and its effects on financial reporting -Amendments to references to conception framework in IFRS Definition of a business (amendments to IFRS 3) Definition of material (amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8) IFRS 17 - Insurance Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture (Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28). December 31, 2019 and 2018 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Property, plant and equipment consist of the following as at December 31, 2019: January 1, 2019 Additions/transfers/ depreciation Disposals/ retirements December 31, 2019 \$ \$ \$ \$ Cost Transmission and distribution Transformers 61,208 4,594 (1,612) 64,190 Underground distribution 54,955 8,009 (2,290) 60**,**674 Poles, towers and fixtures 45,900 7,580 (3,159) 50,321 Station equipment 27,522 - (476) 27,046 Overhead distribution 24,176 2,494 (979) 25,691 Meters 13,316 1,072 (626) 13,762 227,077 23,749 (9,142) 241,684 Construction in progress 11,443 (4,976) 6,470 Other property, plant and equipment Vehicle fleet 4,969 341 (204) 5,106 Equipment and furniture 9,315 403 (61) 9,656 Computer hardware 3,234 148 (298) 3,084 Buildings 5,314 397 - 5,711 Land 294 - - 294 294 1,289 (563) 261,647 20 1 23,127 23,851 20,062 (9**,**705) 272,005 Total cost Accumulated depreciation Transmission and distribution Transformers (33,661) (1,153) 1,580 (33,234) Underground distribution (21,860) (1,485) 2,167 (21,178) Poles, towers and fixtures (16,593) (866) 2,419 Station equipment (9,285) (573) 403 (9,455) 2,419 (15,040)Overhead distribution (9,485) (324) 719 (9,090) Meters (8,113) (1,003) 504 (8,612)

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year end |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | Year Month Day |
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

```
(98,997)
                      (5,404)
                                       7,792
                                                    (96,609)
Other property, plant and equipment
Vehicle fleet (3,014) (383) 204 (3,193) Equipment and furniture (7,328) (498) 72 (7,754)
Computer hardware (2,732) (193) 298 (2,627)
Buildings (582) (70) - (652)
(13,656) (1,144) 574 (14,226)
Total accumulated depreciation (112,653) (6,548) 8,366
(110,835)
Carrying amount 148,995 13,514 (1,339) 161,170
December 31, 2019 and 2018
Property, plant and equipment consist of the following as at December 31,
2018:
     January 1,
2018 Additions/
depreciation Disposals/
retirements Reclass December 31,
2018
 $ $ $ $
Cost
Transmission and distribution
Transformers 59,310 1,898 - - 61,208
Underground distribution 49,651 3,791
                                                               (295) 1,808 54,955
Poles, towers and fixtures 45,157 236 (30) 537 45,900 Station equipment 23,551 3,562 (15) 424 27,522 Overhead distribution 21,893 770 (3) 1,516 24,176
Meters 12,495 665 (43) 199 13,316
212,057 10,922 (386) 4,484 227,07
212,057 10,922 (386) 4,484 227,077
Construction in progress 9,597 3,103 - (1,254) 11,446
Other property, plant and equipment
Vehicle fleet 4,835 335 (201) - 4,969
Equipment and furniture 9,068 246 - 9,314
Computer hardware 2,804 426 - 4 3,234
Buildings 757 4,557 - 5,314
Land 294 - - 294
17,758 5,564 (201) 4
Total cost 239,412 19,589 (
                                             4 23,125
                                 19,589 (587) 3,234 261,648
Accumulated depreciation
Transmission and distribution
Transformers (32,648) (1,014) - 1 (33,661) Underground distribution (19,204) (1,311) - (1,311)
                                                                    - (1,345)
(21,860)
Poles, towers and fixtures (15,672) (807) - (114) (16,593)
Station equipment (8,389) (559) - (337) (9,285)

Overhead distribution (7,783) (351) - (1,351) (9,485)

Meters (7,067) (958) - (88) (8,113)

(90,763) (5,000) - (3,234) (98,997)
Other property, plant and equipment
Vehicle fleet (2,899) (350) 234 1 (3,014)
Equipment and furniture (6,955) (373) - (7,328)
Computer hardware (2,571) (161) - (2,732)
Computer hardware (2,571) (161) - - (2,732)

Buildings (527) (54) - (1) (582)

(12,952) (938) 234 (13,656)

Total accumulated depreciation (103,715) (5,938) 234 (3,234)
 (112,653)
```

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year end |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | Year Month Day |
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

```
Carrying amount 135,697
                                          (353)
                               13,651
                                                         148,995
Certain comparative information presented for the year ended 2018 has been
reclassified.
For the year ended December 31, 2019, ascribed interest capitalized to
property, plant and equipment as prescribed by the OEB amounted to $357 [2018
- $405]. In the absence of rate regulation, additions to property, plant and
equipment would have been $357 lower [2018 - $405 lower] and interest expense
would have been $357 higher [2018 - $405 higher].
December 31, 2019 and 2018
4. INTANGIBLE ASSETS
Intangible assets consist of deferred IRU lease charges, computer software,
and Hydro One Networks Inc. ["HONI"] contribution.
  January 1,
2019 Additions/
depreciation Disposals/
retirements December 31,
2019
   $ $ $ $
Cost
Deferred IRU lease 606
                              - - 606
Computer software 2,383 176
HONI Contribution 4,051 84
                                     210 2,348
                              84 - 4,135
    7,040 260 210
                             7,089
Accumulated depreciation
Deferred IRU lease (312) (30) - (343)
Computer software (1,931) (300) (210)
HONI Contribution - (83) - (83)
(2,243) (413) (210) (2,445)
                                         (210) (2,020)
Carrying amount 4,797 (154) - 4,643
 January 1,
2018 Additions/
depreciation Disposals/
retirements December 31,
   $ $ $ $
Cost
Deferred IRU lease 606
                                  - 606
Computer software 2,033 349 - 2,383

HONI Contribution 3,902 149 - 4,051

6,541 498 - 7,040
Accumulated depreciation
Deferred IRU lease (282) (30) -
Computer software (1,645) (286) (1,927) (316) - (2,243)
                                              (1,931)
Carrying amount 4,614 182 - 4,797
December 31, 2019 and 2018
5. REGULATORY BALANCES
Regulatory debits balances consist of the following:
 January 1,
2019 Balances arising
in the period Recovery/
reversal December 31,
2019
   $ $ $ $
```

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year end |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | Year Month Day |
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

```
Regulatory debit balances
Retail settlement variance - power 679 (679) -
Retail settlement variance - global adjustment 5,306
                                                     (5,306)
                                                   320
Post-employment benefits deferral 259 60
Regulatory debit balances - other 321
                                        111
Regulatory Asset Recovery Account ["RARA"] 630 (630) - Total regulatory debit balances 7,195 (5,814) (630) 752
                                         630
  January 1,
2018 Balances arising
in the period Recovery/
reversal December 31,
2018
  $ $ $
Regulatory debits
Retail settlement variance - power 1,244 (565) - 679
Retail settlement variance - global adjustment
                                            2,567
                                                      2,739
5,306
Post-employment benefits deferral 1,388 (1,129) - 259
Regulatory debits - other 213 108 - 321
Regulatory Asset Recovery Account ["RARA"]
                                         40
                                               590 - 630
Total regulatory debits 5,452 1,743 - 7,195
Regulatory credit balances consist of the following:
  January 1,
2019 Balances arising
in the period Recovery/
reversal December 31,
2019
  $ $ $ $
Regulatory credit balances
Retail Settlement Variance - Power - 2,123 - 2,123
Retail Settlement Variance - global adjustment - 2,273
Retail settlement variances - other 2,426 (514) -
                                                  2,273 -
                                                                2,273
                                                          1,910
                                                    198
Regulatory Asset Recovery Account ["RARA"] -
Deferred income taxes [note 8] 3,218 (1,146) - 2,072
Smart meter variance 54 - - 54
Regulatory credit balances - other 59 22 - 81
Total regulatory credit balances 5,757 2,758 198 8,712
December 31, 2019 and 2018
 January 1,
2018 Balances arising
in the period Recovery/
reversal December 31,
2018
  $ $ $
Regulatory credits
Retail settlement variances - other 2,220 206
                                                        2,426
Deferred income taxes [note 8] 4,756 (1,538) - 3,218
Smart meter variance 54 - -
                                      54
Regulatory credits - other 22 37 - Total regulatory credits 7,052 (1,295)
                                 37 -
                                             59
                                            - 5,757
Net movements in regulatory balances, net of tax, total $3,260 [2018 -
$2,043]. The regulatory balances of the Corporation consist of the following:
Retail settlement variances
The retail settlement variances relate to charges the Corporation has
```

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

incurred for transmission services, generation and wholesale market operations from the IESO that were not settled with customers during the period through approved rates. The nature of the settlement variances is such that the balance can fluctuate between assets and liabilities over time and are reported at period-end dates in accordance with rules prescribed by the OEB. Under rate regulation, the variances that would be recorded as revenue or expense when incurred under IFRS are deferred until collected or repaid through future rates. The Corporation has accrued interest on the regulatory balances, as directed by the OEB. Management has not yet sought disposal of the regulatory balances but intends to do so as part of the 2021 rate application.

Retail settlement variance - power

The retail settlement variance - power account is established for the purpose of recording the net difference in energy cost only. Net difference refers to the difference between the amount charged by the IESO on the settlement invoice for the energy cost and the amount billed to customers for the energy cost.

Retail settlement variance - global adjustment

The global adjustment variance account is established for the purpose of recording the net difference in the global adjustment attributable to customers. Net difference refers to the difference between the amount charged or credited by the IESO for the global adjustment and the amount billed to customers for the global adjustment.

The global adjustment arises mainly due to a difference between the spot price charged by the IESO to market participants and the blended price paid by the IESO under the various contracts with electricity generators and suppliers.

Retail settlement variances - other

This item refers to a set of accounts that will separately capture information relating to wholesale market service charges, non-recurring wholesale market service charges, retail transmission network service charges and retail transmission connection service charges. Retail settlement variances - other, is used to record the net difference

December 31, 2019 and 2018

between the amount paid in the month to the IESO for the services listed above and the amount billed to customers and retailers in the month based on OEB approved rates.

Smart meter variance

The provincial government mandated the installation of smart meters for all residential and small business customers in Ontario by December 31, 2010. The smart meter variance account is used to record expenditures made by the Corporation under the smart meter program; the carrying value of meters replaced and stranded by the installation of smart meters; and amounts received from customers under approved OEB rates, for advances used to fund the installation of smart meters.

On January 10, 2012, the Corporation received approval of the costs incurred under the program and was granted a rate rider to recover the balance in the smart meter variance account which is the excess of costs incurred (including the carrying value of stranded meters) less amounts previously received from customers.

RARA

Effective May 2006, the RARA was approved by the OEB. This account is used to record the disposition of deferral and variance account balances, by means of a rate rider, for which approval to recover (or refund) has been granted by the OEB as part of the regulatory process. The balance remaining as at

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year end |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | Year Month Day |
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

```
December 31, 2019 represents the opening balance approved for recovery,
amounts collected during the year, and the deferral and variance account
balances approved for disposition by the OEB on February 1, 2019 as part of
the Corporation's cost of service application for rates effective January 1,
2018.
Deferred income taxes to be paid to customers
An offset to future income tax assets relating to the regulated business has
been recorded in the accounts as a regulatory credit. As deferred income tax
assets are realized, the liability for deferred income taxes to be paid to
customers will be settled through OEB approved rates.
Post-employment benefits deferral
This regulatory balance accumulates the actuarial gains and losses arising
from changes in actuarial assumptions and experience adjustments. The balance
arising during the years ended December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018
primarily related to the actuarial gain and loss recorded for each year,
respectively.
Regulatory accrued interest
Interest is earned or charged on regulatory balances at OEB prescribed rates
and are recorded to the related regulatory account.
December 31, 2019 and 2018
      CURRENT PORTION OF LONG-TERM LIABILITIES
The current portion of long-term liabilities consists of the following:
    2019
$
     2018
Customer advance deposits
                            916
                                    915
Upstream capital improvement liability
Current portion of long-term liabilities 916 2,931
      DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS
The continuity of deferred contributions is as follows:
    2019
     2018
$
Ś
Deferred contributions, net, beginning of year 33,746
Deferred contributions received
                                  4,218
                                            1,863
Reclass of deferred contribution
                                    2,016
Deferred contributions recognized as revenue (1,654)
                                                            (1,241)
Deferred contributions, net, end of year 38,326
                                                     33,746
Less: current portion
                        (1,958)
                                   (1,654)
Deferred contributions long-term portion
                                            36,367
                                                      32,092
      PILs
The provision for PILs differs from the amount that would have been recorded
using the combined Canadian federal and Ontario statutory income tax rates.
The reconciliation between the statutory and effective tax rates is provided
as follows:
     2019
            2018
          $
                     9,163
Income before PILs
                                4,060
Net movements in regulatory balances
                                      (3,200)
Net income after net movements in regulatory balances, before PILs 5,963
   5,984
Combined Canadian federal and Ontario statutory income tax rate
                                                                  26.50%
Expected provision for PILs at statutory tax rates
                                                     1,580
                                                               1,586
Property, plant and equipment (812) (625)
```

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year end |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | Year Month Day |
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

```
Post-employment non-pension benefits
Other 38 (88)
                          (107)
Cost allocations (95)
Provision for PILs 749
                           815
Effective tax rates
                    12.57% 13.63%
December 31, 2019 and 2018
Income tax expense as presented in the statements of comprehensive income is
as follows:
    2019
           2018
    $ $
Current tax expense
Current PILs charge
                    772 816
Deferred tax expense
Origination and reversal of temporary differences 1,125
Deferred taxes transferred to regulatory credits [note 5] (1,148)
Income tax expense charged to net income for the year
                                                   749
                                                           816
    2019 2018
    $ $
Deferred income taxes related to items recognized in OCI during the year
Net loss (gain) on revaluation of cash flow hedges - 22
Unrealized loss on derivatives designated as cash flow hedges
Deferred income taxes charged to OCI
                                  _
                                          (28)
As at December 31, 2019, the Corporation has recognized $2,071 in regulatory
credit balance and a corresponding offset to deferred income tax assets [2018
- $3,218].
Deferred income tax assets
Deferred income taxes reflect the net effects of temporary differences
between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial
reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. The net
deferred income tax asset consists of the following:
Net balance, January 1,
2019 Recognized in
regulatory balance
                  Net balance,
December 31, 2019
       $ $
    $
Components of deferred income tax assets
Property, plant and equipment (1,348) (24) (1,372)
Employee post-employment non-pension benefits 4,567 (1,090)
                                                                 3,477
Other taxable temporary differences - (33)
                           3,219 (1,148) 2,072
Deferred income tax assets
    Net balance, January 1,
2018
      Recognized in
regulatory balance
Recognized in
OCI Net balance, December 31,
2018
        $
             $
Components of deferred income tax assets
Property, plant and equipment (241) (1,107) -
                                                       (1,348)
Employee post-employment non-pension benefits 4,998
                                                      (431)
4,567
                                   (28)
Other taxable temporary differences
Deferred income tax assets 4,729
                                    (1,538)
                                              28
                                                      3,219
```

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year end |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | Year Month Day |
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

December 31, 2019 and 2018 The Corporation has no tax loss carry forwards available for use in future periods. 9. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS The Corporation makes contributions to OMERS, which is a multi-employer plan. The plan is a defined benefit plan that specifies the amount of retirement benefits to be received by the employees based on length of service and rates of pay. Current and future contributions are dependent upon the results of the OMERS plan as actuarially determined from time to time. OMERS reported that its funded status as at December 31, 2019, was 97% [2018 - 96%]. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Corporation's OMERS current service pension costs were \$843 [2018 -\$803]. OMERS contribution rates were 9.0% up to the year's maximum pensionable earnings [?YMPE?] and 14.6% over the YMPE for normal retirement age [?NRA?] of 65 [2018 - 9.0% up to YMPE and 14.6% over YMPE for NRA of 65]. The expected payment for 2020 is \$847. Post-employment non-pension retirement benefits The Corporation provides post-employment benefits, principally supplemental health and dental coverage, for employees who retire from active employment. Accrued benefit obligations The Corporation measures its accrued benefit obligations as at December 31 of each year. The latest actuarial valuation was performed as at December 31, 2019. 2019 2018 Accrued benefit obligations, beginning of year 12,928 13,862 Employer current service cost 137 Interest on obligation 497 466 Benefits paid (500) (451)Actuarial (gain) loss recognized at the end of the year 60 (1, 129)Accrued benefit obligations, end of year 13,122 12,928 December 31, 2019 and 2018 Changes in post-employment non-pension retirement benefits 2019 2018 Post-employment non-pension retirement benefits, beginning of year 12,927 13,862 Net periodic benefits cost accrued 633 Benefits paid (500) (451) 60 Recognized (gains) losses (1,129)Post-employment non-pension retirement benefits, end of year 13,120 12,928 Components for net periodic benefit costs 2019 2018 Ś 137 Current service cost 497 Imputed interest cost 466 Net periodic benefit cost accrual for the year 634 Significant actuarial assumptions 2019 2018 Discount rate applied to the calculation of future benefits 3.90

Rate of compound compensation increase used in determining future costs

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

3.0 3.0

The current service cost for a period is equal to the actuarial present value of benefits attributed to employees' services rendered during the period. Past service costs from plan amendments are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average remaining service period of employees active at the date of amendment.

The actuarial valuation as at December 31, 2019 assumed health care costs would increase 7% [2018 - 7%] in the year following the valuation. This rate of increase is then reduced annually to a rate of 4% six years following the valuation [2018 - 4% after six years].

Dental costs are assumed to increase by 4% [2018 - 4%] in the year following the valuation. This rate of increase is then reduced annually to a rate of 4% six years following the valuation [2018 - 4% after six years].

The dispensing fee portion of health care costs is limited to twelve dollars and ninety-nine cents; the current maximum allowed under the benefits plan.

December 31, 2019 and 2018

Sensitivity analysis

The main actuarial assumptions underlying the valuation are as follows:

a) Interest (discount) rate

Assumed interest rates have a significant effect on the amounts reported for the total accrued benefit obligations and expense. A 1% change in assumed interest rates would have the following effects for 2019:

Increase Decrease

\$ \$

Accrued benefit obligations, as at December 31, 2019 (1,828) 2,337

b) Health care cost trend rate

The health care cost trend is estimated to increase at a declining rate from 7% to 4% over six years following the valuation. Other medical and dental expenses are assumed to increase by 4% after one year, down to 4% after six years following the valuation. The approximate effect on the accrued benefit obligations if the health care cost trend rate assumption was increased or decreased by 1% is as follows:

Increase Decrease

\$ \$

Accrued benefit obligations, as at December 31, 2019 1,724 (1,390)

10. NOTE PAYABLE TO SHAREHOLDER

The note payable to the shareholder of 60,064 [2018 - 60,064] has an interest rate of 4.54% [2018 - 4.54%] per annum and is due on demand. The Corporation does not anticipate that the note will be called upon within one year and, accordingly, the note remains classified as a long-term liability.

In 2019, the Corporation made interest payments of \$2,187 [2018 - \$1,091] to the shareholder.

11. DEBT

The Corporation's long-term and short-term borrowing facilities are as follows:

Long-term facilities

The Corporation's term loans totalling \$22,000 with Toronto-Dominion Commercial Bank [the "Bank"] were terminated on October 22, 2018. Net of interest capitalized on construction-in-progress, interest expense charged to the statements of comprehensive income amounted to \$1,873 during the year [2018 - \$1,215].

December 31, 2019 and 2018 Short-term facilities

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

The Corporation has an operating line of credit for a maximum amount of \$20,000 to assist with its working capital requirements. As of December 31, 2019, there were no outstanding balances on this line of credit [2018 - nil]. Interest on short-term debt was \$49 [2018 - \$81] at an effective interest rate of 3.76%. The above borrowing facilities are subject to financial tests and other covenants. These financial covenants are to be tested quarterly. In addition, these facilities are subject to other customary covenants and events of default, including an event of cross-default [for non-payment of other debts] of amounts in excess of \$5,000. Non-compliance with such covenants could result in accelerated payments of amounts due under the facilities and their termination. The Corporation was in compliance with the above-mentioned covenants as at December 31, 2019. CAPITAL STOCK Capital stock consists of the following: 2019 2018 Authorized Unlimited common shares Tssued 23,064 1,000 common shares 23,064 During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Corporation declared and paid dividends on common share aggregating \$2,500 (2018 - \$2,300). December 31, 2019 and 2018 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 13. The Corporation transacts business with the City and its affiliates in the normal course of business at commercial rates. These transactions are summarized below: 2019 2018 \$ Ś City facilities [from electricity distribution] 3,516 3,358 Streetlights [from electricity distribution] 1,520 1,424 5,036 4,782 34 Streetlight maintenance and construction services 64 Net rent - 100 Simcoe Street South 330 323 Property taxes 136 136 466 459 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE Facilities and streetlights 348 153 Construction services 30 378 1.5.3 [ii] During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Corporation has undertaken transactions with related parties, which are entities under common control. These transactions are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties. Related party transactions are summarized as follows: 2018 2019 \$ Oshawa PUC Energy Services Inc. Sale of electricity, administration and maintenance services 514 529

86

Purchase of electricity 56

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

```
Oshawa PUC Services Inc.
Sale of administration and maintenance services
                                                    270
                                                            217
Purchase of fibre optic services
                                   67
                                           56
2252112 Ontario Inc.
Sale of electricity, administration and maintenance services 30
                                                                        26
Purchase of electricity
                            523
                                    538
The Corporation receives management support from its parent, Oshawa Power and
Utilities Corporation. During the year, the Corporation paid $360 [2018 -
$521] to its parent.
December 31, 2019 and 2018
As at December 31, 2019, the amounts owed to the Corporation from affiliated
companies consists of $27 from Oshawa PUC Energy Services Inc. [2018 - $218],
$2 from Oshawa PUC Services Inc. [2018 - $52] and $2 from 2252112 Ontario
Inc. [2018 - $421]. Amounts owed to affiliated companies by the Corporation
consists of $5,797 to Oshawa Power and Utilities Corporation [2018 - $6,378].
       LEASES
The Corporation leases its premises under a net operating lease with the
Corporation of the City of Oshawa. The Corporation entered into a new lease
in 2017, which expires May 31, 2021.
The Corporation has a contractual agreement to lease office equipment over a
period of 74 months. The lease begins June 1, 2017 and expires July 31, 2023.
On transition to IFRS 16, the Company recognized additional right-of-use
assets and additional lease liabilities. Lease liabilities were measured at
the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at the
Corporation's incremental borrowing rate of 3.7%. The impact on transition is
summarized below.
     Ś
Balance at 1 January, 2019
Right-of-use assets presented as property, plant and equipment
                                                                   838
Lease liabilities
                    838
Operating lease commitments at December 31, 2018
Discounted using the borrowing rate / contractual interest rates
                                                                     (22)
Lease liabilities recognized at January 1, 2019
Leases as lessee (IFRS16)
      Right-of-use Assets
i.
Right-of-use assets related to leased properties that do not meet the
definition of investment property are presented as property, plant and
equipment.
    Building
                IT Equipment
                                   Total
        $
                 $
2019
Balance at 1 January
                         780
                                 58
Depreciation charge for the year
                                               (13)
                                                      (329)
                                   (316)
Additions to right -of-use assets
Balance at 31 December
                         464
                                  45
                                          509
December 31, 2019 and 2018
       Amounts recognized in profit or loss
ii.
                                                 2019
     Ś
2019 - Leases under IFRS 16
Interest on lease liabilities
2018 - Operating leases under IAS17
Lease Expense
                  342
iii.
        Amounts recognized in statement of cash flows
```

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

Total cash outflow for leases 358

Repayment of lease liabilities is shown under financing activities on the statement of cash flows.

15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES Insurance claims

The Corporation is a member of the Municipal Electric Association Reciprocal Insurance Exchange ["MEARIE"], which was created on January 1, 1987. A reciprocal insurance exchange is an Ontario group formed for the purpose of exchanging reciprocal contracts of indemnity of inter-insurance with each other. MEARIE provides general liability insurance to its member utilities. Insurance premiums charged to each Municipal Electrical Utility consist of a levy per thousand dollars of service revenue subject to a credit or surcharge based on each electric utility's claims experience.

The Corporation refers any claims received to MEARIE under the provisions of this plan. No provision has been recorded in these financial statements in respect of these matters as the Corporation has not received any claim that is not adequately covered by its insurance.

Income taxes

The tax returns filed by the Corporation are subject to review and reassessment by the Ministry of Finance for a period of up to five years from the date of filing. Any reassessment may result in a revision to previously determined tax obligations.

Energy Conservation Agreement

On December 31, 2014, the Corporation entered into an Energy Conservation Agreement with the IESO for the period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2020 to deliver Energy Conservation and Demand Management ["CDM"] programs. The agreement provides terms under which the Corporation may engage the IESO to design and pay for province-wide CDM programs in support of the Corporation meeting its CDM targets.

December 31, 2019 and 2018

Subject to the terms of the agreement, all IESO CDM program costs are paid by the IESO. The Corporation effectively acts as a delivery agent for those programs that it participates in under the agreement. The Corporation will be entitled to receive all of its estimated administration costs associated with each program. Any administration costs incurred by the Corporation in excess of the pre-approved estimate would not be recoverable. All other program costs incurred by the Corporation (such as customer incentives and goods and services delivered under the programs) are recoverable from the IESO on an invoiced basis in accordance with the agreement.

Under the terms of the Energy Conservation Agreement with the IESO, income incentives are available in the event the Corporation outperforms its expected target. Alternatively, financial penalties are possible if the Corporation does not meet minimum requirements outlined in the Energy Conservation Agreement with the IESO. The Corporation estimates it is meeting its obligations outlined in the Energy Conservation Agreement with the IESO and has not recorded a provision in these financial statements for neither financial incentives nor penalties in respect of these matters.

On March 21, 2019, the Minister of Energy, Northern Development and Mines, with the approval of the Lieutenant Governor in Council, issued a directive to the IESO pursuant to the statutory authority under sections 25. 32(5) and (11) of the Electricity Act, 1998. On the same date, the Minister issued a directive to the Ontario Energy Board (the "Board") revoking the main provisions of the March 26, 2014 directive to the Board and providing the Board with the authority to amend or remove license conditions of electricity distributors in respect of electricity CDM that were established pursuant to the March 26, 2014 directive. These directives, which took effect on the date

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

they were issued, have resulted in a change in the laws and regulations that is fundamentally inconsistent with the ECA by requiring the IESO to take all steps necessary to immediately discontinue the 2015-2020 Conservation First Framework ["CFF"] and by revoking, among others, the CFF Direction and authorizing the Board to remove license conditions of electricity distributors in respect of electricity CDM. As a result, the IESO has provided the Corporation with notice that the IESO is terminating the ECA effective June 20, 2019.

Security with IESO

Purchasers of electricity in Ontario, through the IESO, are required to provide security to mitigate the risk of default based on their expected activity in the market. The IESO could draw on this security if the Corporation fails to make the payment required on a default notice issued by the IESO. An Irrevocable Standby Letter of Credit in the amount of \$7,000 was issued in October 2012, and renewed in October 2014, in favour of the IESO as collateral support for energy amounts as determined by and payable to the

Guarantee for obligations of shareholder

The Corporation guarantees an amount recoverable that shall not exceed \$68 million to Toronto-Dominion Bank for its shareholder, Oshawa Power and Utilities Corporation, related to the note payable in Note 10.

December 31, 2019 and 2018

16. FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments recorded at fair value are classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the nature of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Level 1 - valuation based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - valuation techniques based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices). Level 3 - valuation techniques using inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

As at December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Corporation did not have transfers between levels.

The carrying values of cash, restricted cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable for power - IESO, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values due to the short period to maturity of these financial instruments.

The Corporation has designated its financial instruments as follows: 2019 2018

Carrying value Fair value Carrying value Level Fair value Non-current financial liabilities Customer advance deposits 1 2,284 2,284 1,892 1,892 Note payable to shareholder 3 60,064 60,064 60,064 The Corporation has determined the estimated fair values of its financial instruments based on appropriate valuation methodologies. Considerable judgment is required to develop these estimates. Accordingly, these estimated fair values are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Corporation could realize in a current market exchange. The estimated fair value amounts can be materially affected by the use of different assumptions or methodologies. The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments as well as related interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk are described below. Note payable to shareholder

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

The fair value of the note payable to shareholder is indeterminable. Credit risk Certain of the Corporation's financial assets are exposed to credit risk. Cash consists of deposits with major commercial banks. The Corporation, in the normal course of business, is exposed to credit risk from its customers. These accounts receivable are subject to normal industry credit risks. The Corporation provides for an allowance for doubtful accounts to absorb its credit losses. Unbilled revenue of \$10,734 [2018 - \$12,458] is collectible from customers and is December 31, 2019 and 2018 considered current with no related credit losses recorded. The Corporation also has insurance in support of certain receivables. Accounts receivable consists of the following: 2019 2018 \$ Ś 8,953 Receivables from customers 7,968 Receivables from other trade and projects 5,318 2,462 Less allowance for doubtful accounts (564)(688)Total accounts receivable 13,707 9,742 Credit risk associated with accounts receivable is as follows: 2018 2019 Ś Ś Outstanding for not more than 30 days 12,722 9,302 Outstanding for more than 30 days and not more than 90 days 942 721 Outstanding for more than 90 days 607 Less allowance for doubtful accounts (564) (688)Total accounts receivable 13,707 9,742 The Corporation is also exposed to credit risk from the potential default of any of its counterparties on its interest rate swap agreements. The Corporation mitigates this credit risk by dealing with counterparties who are major financial institutions and which the Corporation anticipates will satisfy their obligations under the contracts. During the year, the Corporation incurred bad debt expense of \$251 [2018 - \$442] which is included in operations, maintenance, and administrative expense. Interest rate risk Long-term debt is at fixed interest rates thereby minimizing cash flow and interest rate fluctuation exposure. Liquidity risk The Corporation monitors and manages its liquidity risk to ensure access to sufficient funds to meet operational and investing requirements. The Corporation's objective is to ensure that sufficient liquidity is on hand to meet obligations as they fall due while minimizing interest expense. The Corporation monitors cash balances to ensure that sufficient levels of liquidity are on hand to meet financial commitments as they come due. December 31, 2019 and 2018 Due within 1 vear Due between 1 Ś and 5 years \$ Due past 5 years

Total

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

```
$
Accounts Payable for power - IESO
                                  5,694
                                                       5,694
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities
                                        9,077
                                                              9,077
Due to affiliates 5,765 - -
                                        5,765
Customer advance payments
                          844
                                      481
Lease liability 357 124 -
               - -
                         60,064
                                     60,064
Long-term debt
Customer advance deposits
                          916 2,284 -
                                                  3,200
                  2018
    Due within 1
year
    Due between 1
$
and 5 years
Due past 5 years
$
Total
                                                       10,042
Accounts Payable for power - IESO
                                 10,042
                                            _
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 10,316
                                                             10,316
Due to affiliates 5,687 - -
                                       5,687
                          528
Customer advance payments
Payments in lieu of corporate income taxes 382
                                                              382
Long-term debt
               - - 60,064 60,064
Customer advance deposits
                          915
                                  1,892
                                                  2,807
     COLLATERAL
As part of its electricity purchase agreement with the IESO, an Irrevocable
Standby Letter of Credit in the amount of
$7,000 was issued in October 2012, and renewed in October 2014, in favour of
the IESO, as collateral support for energy amounts as determined by and
payable to the IESO.
18.
      CAPITAL MANAGEMENT
The Corporation defines capital as shareholder's equity. The Corporation's
objectives when managing capital are to ensure sufficient liquidity to
support its financial obligations and execute its operating and strategic
plans; maintain financial capacity and access to capital to support future
development of the business while taking into consideration current and
future industry, market and economic risks and conditions; and utilize short-
term funding sources to manage its working capital requirements.
December 31, 2019 and 2018
19.
     SUBSEQUENT EVENT
```

Subsequent to December 31, 2019, the COVID-19 outbreak was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization. The situation is dynamic and the ultimate duration and magnitude of the impact on the economy and the Corporation's business are not known at this time. These impacts potentially include an impact on the Corporation's ability to access and obtain capital financing, impairment of investments, reduction to operational cash flow as a result of the inability of the Corporation to fully recover on its customer accounts and potential future decreases in revenue or the profitability of the Corporation's ongoing operations.

Agency

Canada Revenue Agence du revenu du Canada

Net Income (Loss) for Income Tax Purposes

Schedule 1

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | Year Month Day |
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

- Use this schedule to reconcile the corporation's net income (loss) as reported on the financial statements and its net income (loss) for tax purposes. For more information, see the T2 Corporation – Income Tax Guide.
- All legislative references are to the Income Tax Act.

| Net in | come (loss) after taxes and extraordinary items from line 9999 of Sc | hedule 125 | | 5,214,000 A |
|--------|--|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| Add: | : | | | |
| Provi | ision for income taxes – current | 1 | 749,000 | |
| Amo | rtization of tangible assets | 5,703,000 | | |
| Char | itable donations and gifts from Schedule 2 | 1 | 4,000 | |
| Scie | ntific research expenditures deducted per financial statements . | 1 | 509,258 | |
| Non- | deductible meals and entertainment expenses | 1 | 15,000 | |
| Rese | erves from financial statements – balance at the end of the year | 1 | 12,995,681 | |
| | | Subtotal of additions | 19,975,939 | 19,975,939 |
| Othe | er additions: | | | |
| Misc | ellaneous other additions: | | | |
| | 1 | 2 | | |
| | Description | Amount | | |
| | 605 | 295 | | |
| 1 | Inducement under 12(1)(x) ITA | 6,237,159 | | |
| 2 | PY ITC claimed - 12(1)(t) | 55,712 | | |
| | Total of column 2 | 6,292,871 | | |
| | | Subtotal of other additions 1 | | 6,292,871 |
| | | Total additions 5 | 26,268,810 | 26,268,810 |
| 4moui | nt A plus line 500 | | · · · · · · · · _ | 31,482,810 E |
| Dedu | uct: | | <u></u> | |
| Gain | on disposal of assets per financial statements | 4 | 200,000 | |
| Capi | tal cost allowance from Schedule 8 | 4 | 8,984,550 | |
| SR& | ED expenditures claimed in the year on line 460 from Form T661 | 4 | 446,969 | |
| Rese | erves from financial statements – balance at the beginning of the year | ar 4 | 12,850,799 | |
| | | Subtotal of deductio | ns 22,482,318 ► | 22,482,318 |
| Othe | er deductions: | | | |
| Misc | ellaneous other deductions: | | | |
| | 1 | 2 | | |
| | Description | Amount | | |

| | 1 | 2 | | | |
|---------|---|-----------------------------|---------------|------------|-------------|
| | Description | Amount | | | |
| | 705 | 395 | | | |
| 1 | Interest expense capitalized for accounting purposes | 356,953 | | | |
| 2 | 13(7.4) election | 6,198,919 | | | |
| | Total of column 2 | 6,555,872 | ▶ 396 | 6,555,872 | |
| | S | Subtotal of other deduction | ns 499 | 6,555,872 | 6,555,872 E |
| | | Total deduction | ns 510 | 29,038,190 | 29,038,190 |
| Net inc | come (loss) for income tax purposes (amount B minus line 510) |) | | | 2,444,620 C |
| Enter a | amount C on line 300 of the T2 return. | | | | |

T2 SCH 1 E (19)

Canadä

Inducement

This form is used to calculate inducements that a corporation must add to its income under paragraph 12(1)(x) ITA. If an amount reduces the capital cost of a property, this amount will be indicated in Part "Tax credits whose amount should reduce the capital cost of property."

If you want to transfer an amount to Schedule 1 and include it in the corporation's income for tax purposes, select the corresponding check box in column A. You can also select the option **Select this check box to add all the amounts to income calculated in Schedule 1** to transfer all the amounts to Schedule 1. In either case, the column A check box will be selected for that amount and it will therefore be updated to Schedule 1.

Tax credits whose amount should be added to income

| Fede | eral eral | |
|------|---|---------------------------------------|
| Α | | |
| X | Investment tax credit from apprenticeship job creation expenditures | 7,126 |
| X | Investment tax credit from child care spaces expenditures | |
| | Canadian film or video production tax credit* | |
| | * Please verify if the credit amount relates to depreciable property. For more information, consult the Help (F1). | |
| | Film or video production services tax credit* | |
| | * Please verify if the credit amount relates to depreciable property. | |
| | For more information, consult the Help (F1). | |
| | Investment tax credit claimed on contributions made to SR&ED farming organizations | |
| | Canadian journalism labour tax credit | |
| Onta | rio | |
| Α | | |
| X | Portion of the Ontario research and development tax credit that relates to the prescribed proxy amount (PPA) and portion of the Ontario investment tax credit that relates to contributions made to SR&ED farming organizations | 2,105 |
| X | 3.3 | |
| | Ontario co-operative education tax credit | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| X | Ontario apprenticeship training tax credit | - |
| | Ontario computer animation and special effects tax credit* | |
| | * Please verify if the credit amount relates to depreciable property. For more information, consult the Help (F1). | |
| | Ontario film and television tax credit* | |
| | * Please verify if the credit amount relates to depreciable property. For more information, consult the Help (F1). | |
| | Ontario production services tax credit* | |
| | * Please verify if the credit amount relates to depreciable property. For more information, consult the Help (F1). | |
| | Ontario interactive digital media tax credit* | |
| | * Please verify if the credit amount relates to depreciable property. For more information, consult the Help (F1). | |
| | Ontario sound recording tax credit* | |
| | * Please verify if the credit amount relates to depreciable property. For more information, consult the Help (F1). | |
| | Ontario book publishing tax credit | |
| | Portion of the Ontario innovation tax credit that relates to the prescribed proxy amount (PPA) and portion of the | |
| | Ontario investment tax credit that relates to contributions made to SR&ED farming organizations | |
| | Ontario business-research institute tax credit | |
| Ш | Ontario community food program donation tax credit for farmers | |
| | er amounts | |
| X | | |
| | ital contribution | 6,198,919 |
| | Total | 6,198,919 |

Tax credits whose amount should reduce the capital cost of property



Agence du revenu du Canada

Charitable Donations and Gifts

Schedule 2

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | Year Month Day |
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

- For use by corporations to claim any of the following:
 - the eligible amount of charitable donations to qualified donees
 - the Ontario, Nova Scotia, and British Columbia food donation tax credits for farmers
 - the eligible amount of gifts of certified cultural property
 - the eligible amount of gifts of certified ecologically sensitive land or
 - the additional deduction for gifts of medicine made before March 22, 2017
- All legislative references are to the federal Income Tax Act, unless stated otherwise.
- The eligible amount of a gift is the amount by which the fair market value of the gifted property exceeds the amount of an advantage, if any, for the gift.
- The donations and gifts can be carried forward for 5 years except for gifts of certified ecologically sensitive land made after February 10, 2014, which can be carried forward for 10 years. Provincial food donation tax credits must be applied in the current tax year.
- Use this schedule to show a transfer of unused amounts from previous years following an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary as described under subsections 87(1) and 88(1).
- Subsection 110.1(1.2) provides as follows:
 - Where a particular corporation has undergone an acquisition of control, for tax years that end on or after the acquisition of control, no corporation can claim a deduction for a gift made by the particular corporation to a qualified donee before the acquisition of control.
 - If a particular corporation makes a gift to a qualified donee pursuant to an arrangement under which both the gift and the acquisition of control is
 expected, no corporation can claim a deduction for the gift unless the person acquiring control of the particular corporation is the qualified donee.
- An eligible medical gift made before March 22, 2017, to a qualifying organization for activities outside of Canada may be eligible for an additional deduction. Calculate the additional deduction in Part 5.
- File this schedule with your T2 Corporation Income Tax Return.
- For more information, see the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide.

| ┌ Part 1 – Charitable donations — | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| Charity/Recipient | Ar | mount (\$100 or more only) |
| YOUTH FUSION | | 1,500 |
| HEART & STROKE FOUNDATION | | 1,500 |
| BOYS AND GIRLS CLUB OF DURHAM | | 500 |
| CANADAHELPS CANADON | | 300 |
| THE OSHAWA HISTORICAL SOCIETY | | 200 |
| | Subtotal | 4,000 |
| | Add: Total donations of less than \$100 each | |
| | Total donations in current tax year | 4,000 |

| Part 1 – Charitable donations | | | | |
|--|---------|---|--------|------------------|
| | Federal | | Québec | Alberta |
| Charitable donations at the end of the previous tax year | | Α | | |
| Charitable donations expired after 5 tax years* | | | | |
| (amount A minus line 239) | | | | |
| | 4,000 | | 4,000 | 4,000 |
| Total charitable donations made in the current year | 4,000 | | 4,000 | 1,000 |
| Subtotal (line 250 plus line 210) | 4,000 | в | 4,000 | 4,000 |
| Subtotal (line 240 plus amount B) | 4,000 | | 4,000 | 4,000 |
| Adjustment for an acquisition of control | | | | |
| Total charitable donations available (amount C minus line 255) | 4,000 | D | 4,000 | 4,000 |
| Amount applied in the current year against taxable income (cannot be more than amount L in Part 2) | 4,000 | | 4,000 | 4,000 |
| (enter this amount on line 311 of the T2 return) | | | | |
| Charitable donations closing balance (amount D minus line 260) | | | | |
| The amount of qualifying donations for the Ontario community food program donation tax credit for farmers included in the amount on line 260 (for donations made after December 31, 2013) | | | | |
| Ontario community food program donation tax credit for farmers (amount on line 262 multiplied by 25 %) | | 1 | | |
| Enter amount 1 on line 420 of Schedule 5, Tax Calculation Supplementary – Corporation is less: the Ontario income tax otherwise payable or amount 1. For more information, see | | | | ichever |
| The amount of qualifying donations for the Nova Scotia food bank tax credit for farmers included in the amount on line 260 (for donations made after December 31, 2015) | | | | |
| Nova Scotia food bank tax credit for farmers (amount on line 263 multiplied by 25 %) | | 2 | | |
| Enter amount 2 on line 570 of Schedule 5, Tax Calculation Supplementary – Corporation is less: the Nova Scotia income tax otherwise payable or amount 2. For more information | | | | ichever |
| The amount of qualifying gifts for the British Columbia farmers' food donation tax credit included in the amount on line 260 (for donations made after February 16, 2016 and before January 1, 2021) | | | | |
| British Columbia farmers' food donation tax credit (amount on line 265 multiplied by 25 %) | | 3 | | |
| Enter amount 3 on line 683 of Schedule 5, Tax Calculation Supplementary – Corporation is less: the British Columbia income tax otherwise payable or amount 3. For more inform | | | | |
| * For federal and Alberta tax purposes, donations and gifts expire after five tax years. For that ended before March 24, 2006, expire after five tax years; otherwise, donations and | | | | x year |

CORPORATE TAXPREP / TAXPREP DES SOCIÉTÉS - GE03 VERSION 2020 V1.0

Year of origin:

1st prior year

- Amounts carried forward - Charitable donations -

2018-12-31

Federal

Québec

Alberta

| 2 nd prior year | | 2017-12-31 | |
|---|--|---|-------------|
| 3 rd prior year | | 2016-12-31 | |
| 4 th prior year | | 2015-12-31 | |
| 5 th prior year | | 2014-12-31 | |
| 6 th prior year* | | 2013-12-31 | |
| 7 th prior year | | 2012-12-31 | |
| 8 th prior year | | 2011-12-31 | |
| 9 th prior year | | 2010-12-31 | |
| 10 th prior year | | 2009-12-31 | |
| 11 th prior year | | 2008-12-31 | |
| 12 th prior year | | 2007-12-31 | |
| 13 th prior year | | 2006-12-31 | |
| 14 th prior year | | 2005-12-31 | |
| 15 th prior year | | 2004-12-31 | |
| 16 th prior year | | 2003-12-31 | |
| 17 th prior year | | 2002-12-31 | |
| 18 th prior year | | | |
| 19 th prior year | | 2000-12-31 | |
| 20 th prior year | | | |
| 21st prior year* | | | |
| Total (to line A | ۸) | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| , | nrior year expire automatically in the current tax year. Iaximum allowable deduction for c | | |
| | tax purposes Note 1 multiplied by 75 % . | | 1,833,465 E |
| Taxable capita under subsect The amount of allowance in Proceeds of o | I gains arising in respect of gifts of capital proper I gain in respect of a disposition of a non-qualifyir ion 40(1.01) | ing security | |
| Capital cost N | | G | |
| Amount F or | G, whichever is less | 235 | |
| | e 230 or 235, whichever is less | | |
| | | Subtotal (add line 225, 227, and amount H) | |
| | | Amount I multiplied by 25 % | J |
| | | Subtotal (amount E plus amount J) | 1,833,465 K |
| | owable deduction for charitable donations D from Part 1, amount K, or net income for tax pu | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 4,000 L |
| | edit unions, subsection 137(2) states that this amount of and bonus interest. | nount is before the deduction of payments pursuant to allocations in proportion | |
| | | ion: eligible amount of the gift divided by the proceeds of disposition of the gift. | |

| Part 3 – Gifts of certified cultural property | F. J J | 0.71 | Alleria |
|--|---------|--------|-------------------|
| | Federal | Québec | Alberta |
| Sifts of certified cultural property at the end of the previous tax year | | | |
| Sifts of certified cultural property expired after 5 tax years* | | | |
| Sifts of certified cultural property at the beginning | | | |
| f the current tax year (amount M minus line 439) | | _ | |
| Gifts of certified cultural property transferred on an amalgamation | | | |
| or the wind-up of a subsidiary | | _ | |
| otal gifts of certified cultural property in the current year | | | |
| nclude this amount on line 112 of Schedule 1) | | | |
| Subtotal (line 450 plus line 410) | | _ N | |
| Subtotal (line 440 plus amount N) | | | |
| Adjustment for an acquisition of control | | | |
| mount applied in the current year against taxable income | | | |
| enter this amount on line 313 of the T2 return) | | | |
| Subtotal (line 455 plus line 460) | | _ P | |
| sifts of certified cultural property closing balance amount O minus amount P) | | _ | |
| For federal and Alberta tax purposes, donations and gifts expire after five tax years. For ended before March 24, 2006, expire after five tax years; otherwise, donations and gift | | | n a tax year that |

| - Amount ca | arried forward – Gifts of certified o | ultural proper | tv — | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------|--------|---------|
| Year of origin: | | artarar propo. | Federal | Québec | Alberta |
| 1 st prior year | | 2018-12-31 | | | |
| 2 nd prior year | | | | | |
| 3 rd prior year | | | | | |
| 4 th prior year | | 2015 12 21 | | | |
| 5 th prior year | | | | | |
| 6 th prior year* | | 2012 12 21 | | | |
| 7 th prior year | | 2012 12 21 | | | |
| 8 th prior year | | 2011 12 21 | | | |
| 9 th prior year | | 2010 12 21 | | | |
| 10 th prior year | | 2222 12 21 | | | |
| 11 th prior year | | 2008-12-31 | | | |
| 12 th prior year | | 2007-12-31 | | | |
| 13 th prior year | | 2006-12-31 | | | |
| 14 th prior year | | 2005-12-31 | | | |
| 15 th prior year | | 2004-12-31 | | | |
| 16 th prior year | | | | | |
| 17 th prior year | | 2002-12-31 | | | |
| 18 th prior year | | 2001-12-31 | | | |
| 19 th prior year | | 2000-12-31 | | | |
| 20 th prior year | | | | | |
| 21st prior year* | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | |
| 1 | | | | | |

^{*} For federal and Alberta tax purposes, donations and gifts included on line 6th prior year expire automatically in the current tax year. For Québec tax purposes, donations and gifts made in a tax year that ended before March 24, 2006, that are included on line 6th prior year and donations and gifts that are included on line 21st prior year expire automatically in the current tax year.

| Federal | Québec | Alberta |
|---------|--------|---------|
| Q | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| R | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | Q | Q |

- Amounts carried forward – Gifts of certified ecologically sensitive land -

Amount of carried forward gifts made on or after February 11, 2014, in the tax year including this date Federal Québec Alberta Year of origin: 1st prior year 2nd prior year 2016-12-31 3rd prior year 4th prior year 5th prior year 6th prior year* 2012-12-31 7th prior year 8th prior year 9th prior year 10th prior year 2008-12-31 11th prior year* 12th prior year_2006-12-31_ 13th prior year 14th prior year 15th prior year 16th prior year 17th prior year 2001-12-31 18th prior year 19th prior year 2000-12-31 20th prior year 21st prior year* Total

The field "Amount of carried forward gifts made on or after February 11, 2014, in the tax year including this date" is used to distinguish the portion of the gifts made in the tax year straddling February 11, 2014, that expires after ten tax years, from the portion that expires in the current tax year.

For Québec tax purposes, donations and gifts made during a tax year that ended before March 24, 2006, that are included on line 6th prior year and gifts that are included on line 21st prior year expire automatically in the current tax year.

^{*} For federal and Alberta tax purposes, donations and gifts made before February 11, 2014, that are included on line 6th prior year and gifts that are included on line 11th prior year expire automatically in the current year.

| Part 5 – Additional deduction for gifts of medicine ———— | | 0 " | A.II |
|--|-------------------------|--------|---------|
| | Federal | Québec | Alberta |
| ditional deduction for gifts of medicine at the end of the previous tax year ditional deduction for gifts of medicine expired after 5 tax years* 639 | U_ | | |
| ditional deduction for gifts of medicine expired after 5 tax years* 639 _ ditional deduction for gifts of medicine at the beginning of the | | | - |
| rent tax year (amount U minus line 639) | | | |
| | | | |
| ditional deduction for gifts of medicine made before March 22, 2017 nsferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary | | | |
| ditional deduction for gifts of medicine made before March 22, 2017: | | | |
| roceeds of disposition | | | |
| ost of gifts of medicine made before March 22, 2017 601 | | | |
| Subtotal (line 602 minus line 601) | | | _ |
| mount V multiplied by 50 % | | | |
| ligible amount of gifts | | | |
| Additional | | | |
| deduction for gifts | | | |
| Federal of medicine made before March 22, | | | |
| x / b \ = 2017 610 | | | |
| - | | | |
| Additional | | | |
| deduction for gifts of medicine made | | | |
| Québec before March 22, | | | |
| x (<u>b</u> = 2017 | | | |
| C Additional | | | |
| deduction for gifts | | | |
| Alberta of medicine made | | | |
| before March 22, x / b \ = 2017 | | | |
| $\frac{1}{C}$ | | | |
| ere: | | | |
| s the lesser of line 601 and amount W | | | |
| s the eligible amount of gifts (line 600) | | | |
| s the proceeds of disposition (line 602) | | | |
| . , | | | |
| Subtotal (line 650 plus line 610) _ | X _ | | |
| Subtotal (line 640 plus amount X) _ | Y _ | | |
| A.C. | | | |
| justment for an acquisition of control | | | - |
| nount applied in the current year against taxable income | | | |
| ter this amount on line 315 of the T2 return) | | | |
| Subtotal (line 655 plus line 660) _ | Z _ | | |
| ditional deduction for gifts of medicine closing balance nount Y minus amount Z) | | | |
| = For federal and Alberta tax purposes, donations and gifts expire after five tax years. | For Outhor toy numerous | d ti | |

 \lceil Amounts carried forward – Additional deduction for gifts of medicine -

| Year of origin: | | | Federal | Québec | Alberta |
|-----------------------------|--|---------------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| 1st prior year | | 2018-12-31 | | | |
| 2 nd prior year | | 2017-12-31 | | | |
| 3 rd prior year | | 2016-12-31 | | | |
| 4 th prior year | | 2015-12-31 | | | |
| 5 th prior year | | 2014-12-31 | | | |
| 6 th prior year* | | 2013-12-31 | | | |
| 7 th prior year | | 2012-12-31 | | | |
| 8 th prior year | | 2011-12-31 | | | |
| 9 th prior year | | 2010-12-31 | | | |
| 10 th prior year | | 2009-12-31 | | | |
| 11 th prior year | | 2008-12-31 | | | |
| 12 th prior year | | 2007-12-31 | | | |
| 13 th prior year | | 2006-12-31 | | | |
| 14 th prior year | | 2005-12-31 | | | |
| 15 th prior year | | 2004-12-31 | | | |
| 16 th prior year | | 2003-12-31 | | | |
| 17 th prior year | | 2002-12-31 | | | |
| 18 th prior year | | 2001-12-31 | | | |
| 19 th prior year | | 2000-12-31 | | | |
| 20 th prior year | | | | | |
| 21st prior year* | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | |
| donations an | nd Alberta tax purposes, donations and gifts incl d gifts made in a tax year that ended before Marc year expire automatically in the current tax year. | ch 19, 2007, that a | <i>ior year</i> expire automatically i re included on line 6 th <i>prior y</i> | n the current tax year. For Québe ear and donations and gifts that a | ec tax purposes, are included on |
| − Québec – | Gifts of musical instruments —— | | | | |
| Gifts of musica | I instruments at the end of the previous tax year | | | | A |
| Deduct: Gifts of | of musical instruments expired after twenty tax ye | ears | | | E |
| Gifts of musica | I instruments at the beginning of the tax year | | | | (|
| Add: | | | | | |
| Gifts of music | al instruments transferred on an amalgamation of | or the wind-up of a | subsidiary | | |
| Total current- | year gifts of musical instruments | | | | E |
| | | | | Subtotal (line D plus line E) | F |
| Doduct Adiii- | tment for an acquisition of sentral | | | _ | |
| | tment for an acquisition of control | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| Total girts of m | usical instruments available | | | | r |
| Deduct: Amou | nt applied against taxable income (enter this amo | ount on line 255 of | form CO-17) | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |

Gifts of musical instruments closing balance

| Year of origin: | | Québec |
|------------------------------|----------------|--------|
| 1 st prior year | 2018-12-31 | |
| 2 nd prior year | 2017-12-31 | |
| 3 rd prior year | | |
| 4 th prior year | 2015-12-31 | |
| 5 th prior year | 2014-12-31 | |
| 6 th prior year* | 2013-12-31 | |
| 7 th prior year | 2012-12-31 | |
| 8 th prior year | 2011-12-31 | |
| 9 th prior year | 2010-12-31 | |
| 10 th prior year | 2009-12-31 | |
| 11 th prior year | 2008-12-31 | |
| 12 th prior year | 2007-12-31 | |
| 13 th prior year | 2006-12-31 | |
| 14 th prior year | 2005-12-31 | |
| 15 th prior year | 2004-12-31 | |
| 16 th prior year | 2003-12-31 | |
| 17 th prior year | 2002-12-31 | |
| 18 th prior year | 2001-12-31 | |
| 19 th prior year | 2000-12-31 | |
| 20 th prior year | | |
| 21 st prior year* | | |
| Total | | |

T2 SCH 2 E (19) Canadä



Agence du revenu du Canada

Schedule 3

Dividends Received, Taxable Dividends Paid, and Part IV Tax Calculation

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

- · Corporations must use this schedule to report:
 - non-taxable dividends under section 83;
 - deductible dividends under subsection 138(6);
 - taxable dividends deductible from income under section 112, subsection 113(2) and paragraphs 113(1)(a), (a.1), (b) or (d); or
 - taxable dividends paid in the tax year that qualify for a dividend refund (see page 3).
- All legislative references are to the federal Income Tax Act.
- The calculations in this schedule apply only to private or subject corporations.
- A recipient corporation is **connected** with a payer corporation at any time in a tax year, if at that time the recipient corporation:
 - controls the payer corporation, other than because of a right referred to in paragraph 251(5)(b); or
 - owns more than 10% of the issued share capital (with full voting rights), and shares that have a fair market value of more than 10% of the fair market value of all shares of the payer corporation.
- If you need more space, continue on a separate schedule.
- File this schedule with your T2 Corporation Income Tax Return.
- Column A1 Enter "X" if dividends were received from a foreign source.
- Column F1 Enter the code that applies to the deductible taxable dividend.

- Part 1 - Dividends received in the tax year

- Do not include dividends received from foreign non-affiliates.
- Complete columns B, C, D, H and I only if the payer corporation is connected.

Important instructions to follow if the payer corporation is connected

- If your corporation's tax year-end is different than that of the connected payer corporation, dividends could have been received from more than one
 tax year of the payer corporation. If so, use a separate line to provide the information according to each tax year of the payer corporation.
- When completing column J and K use the special calculations provided in the notes.

| | A Name of payer corporation (from which the corporation received the dividend) | B Enter 1 if payer corporation is connected | C Business Number of connected corporation | D Tax year-end of the payer corporation in which the sections 112/113 and subsection 138(6) dividends in column F were paid YYYYMMDD | E Non-taxable dividends under section 83 |
|---|--|--|---|--|---|
| | 200 | 205 | 210 | 220 | 230 |
| 1 | | 2 | | | |
| | | | | | |

Total of column E (enter amount on line 402 of Schedule 1)

CORPORATE TAXPREP / TAXPREP DES SOCIÉTÉS - GE03 VERSION 2020 V1.0

Part 1 – Dividends received in the tax year (continued) -

| | F Taxable dividends deductible from taxable income under section 112, subsections 113(2) and 138(6), and paragraphs 113(1)(a), (a.1),(b), or (d) ^{note 1} | F1 | G Eligible dividends included in column F | H Total taxable dividends paid by connected payer corporation (for tax year in column D) | I Dividend refund of the connected payer corporation (for tax year in column D) ^{note 2} | J Part IV tax for eligible dividends. Dividends (from column G) multiplied by 38 1/3%note 3 | K Part IV tax before deductions. Dividends (from column F) multiplied by 38 1/3%note 4 |
|-----------------------|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| | 240 | | 242 | 250 | 260 | 265 | 275 |
| 1 | | | | | | | |
| Taxa | able dividends received from | n connecte | ed corporations (total amo | unts from column F with | code 1 in column B) | <u> </u> | |
| Taxa | able dividends received from | non-con | . , | | , | | 1B |
| Eliail | ble dividends received from | connecto | | | | 320 of the T2 Return) | |
| • | ble dividends received from | | . , | | , | ····· <u>=</u> | |
| Part (tota Part | IV tax before deductions or amounts from column K w IV tax before deductions or amounts from column K w | n taxable o rith code 1 n taxable o | dividends received from colin in column B) | onnected corporations on-connected corporations | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 1F 1G | |
| with Part | IV tax on eligible dividends | received | from non-connected corpo | ons (total amounts from constructions) orations (total amounts from total) | olumn J | 11 | " |
| J Wit | h code 2 in column B) | | | | blus amount 1J) | | 1K |
| Part | IV tax before deductions or | n taxable d | dividends (other than eligib | | | | |

- 1 If taxable dividends are received, enter the amount in column F, but if the corporation is not subject to Part IV tax (such as a public corporation other than a subject corporation as defined in subsection 186(3)), enter "0" in column J or column K whichever one applies. Life insurers are not subject to Part IV tax on subsection 138(6) dividends.
- 2 If the connected payer corporation's tax year ends after the corporation's balance-due day for the tax year (two or three months, as applicable), you have to estimate the payer's dividend refund when you calculate the corporation's Part IV tax payable.
- 3 For eligible dividends received from connected corporations, Part IV tax on dividends is equal to: column I divided by column H multiplied by column G.
- 4 For taxable dividends received from connected corporations, Part IV tax on dividends is equal to: column I divided by column H multiplied by column F.

| - Pai | rt 2 – Calculation of Part IV tax payable ——— | | | | |
|------------------|---|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| | V tax on dividends received before deductions (amount 1H in part V.I tax payable on dividends subject to Part IV tax (from line 360 of S | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | 320 | 2A > | 2 |
| Nor Cui | rrent-year non-capital loss claimed to reduce Part IV tax | | 340 | | |
| | | Part IV tax (total of lines 330 to | | 2C | |
| Part I | ount 2C multiplied by 38 1 / 3 % |)") | | | 20 |
| If you refund | r tax year begins after 2018, complete the following part to determidable dividend tax on hand (ERDTOH) at the end of the tax year. | • | | order to calculate the el | |
| | V tax before deductions on taxable dividends received from connections | | | | 2E |
| | ınt 4A from Schedule 43 V tax payable on taxable dividends received from connected "0") | I corporations (amount 2E mir | nus amount 2F, if n | egative | 2F 20 |
| (enter | at amount L on page 7 of the T2 return) | | | | |
| | r tax year begins after 2018, complete the following part to determidable dividend tax on hand (ERDTOH) at the end of the tax year. | ne the required amount of Part | IV taxes payable in | order to calculate the el | igible |
| Part I | V tax on eligible dividends received from non-connected corporation | ons (amount 1J in part 1) | | | 2H |
| Part I | ınt 4C from Schedule 43 V tax payable on eligible dividends received from non-conne "0") | ected corporations (amount 2 | H minus amount 2I | , if negative | 2\ |
| enter | at amount M on page 7 of the T2 return) | | | | 2\ |
| 5 Th | ne program calculates the amount on line 2E from the amount on line eligible refundable dividend tax on hand (ERDTOH), enter this an orporation does not result in an ERDTOH, the amount on line 2E m | nount on line 2E, using an over | | | |
| | rt 3 – Taxable dividends paid in the tax year that If your corporation's tax year-end is different than that of the connection one tax year of the recipient corporation. If so, use a separate line | ected recipient corporation, your | corporation could | | |
| | L Name of connected recipient corporation | M Business Number | N Tax year-end of connected recipient corporation in which the dividends in column O were received YYYYMMDD | O Taxable dividends paid to connected corporations | P Eligible dividends included in column O |
| | 400 | 410 | 420 | 430 | 440 |
| 1 | Oshawa Power and Utilities Corporation | 86486 7593 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 | 2,500,000 | 2,500,000 |
| 2 | | I | | 2,500,000 | 2,500,000 |
| | | | | (Total of column O) (| Total of column P) |

| $_{	extstyle 	au}$ Part 3 – Taxable dividends paid in the tax year that qualify for a dividend refund (continued) $\phantom{aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa$ | |
|---|----------------------|
| Total taxable dividends paid in the tax year to other than connected corporations | |
| Eligible dividends included in line 450 | |
| Total taxable dividends paid in the tax year that qualify for a dividend refund (total of column O plus line 450) | 00,000 |
| Total eligible dividends paid in the tax year (total of column P plus line 455) | 00,000 |
| Total non-eligible taxable dividends paid in the tax year (line 460 minus line 465) | |
| Complete this part to determine the following amounts in order to calculate the dividend refund. | |
| Line 465 multiplied by 38 1 / 3 % 95 | 58,333 _{3A} |
| (enter at amount AA on page 7 of the T2 return) | |
| Line 470 multiplied by 38 1 / 3 % | 3B |
| (enter at amount DD on page 7 of the T2 return) | |
| Part 4 – Total dividends paid in the tax year Complete this part if the total taxable dividends paid in the tax year that qualify for a dividend refund (line 460) is different from the total dividends paid in the tax year. | |
| | 00,000 |
| Other dividends paid in the tax year (total of 510 to 540) | |
| Total dividends paid in the tax year | 00,000 |
| Dividends paid out of capital dividend account | |
| Taxable dividends paid to a controlling corporation that was bankrupt | |
| at any time in the year | |
| Subtotal (total of lines 510 to 540) | 4A |
| Total taxable dividends paid in the tax year that qualify for a dividend refund (Line 500 minus amount 4A) | 00,000 _{4B} |

T2 SCH 3 E (19) Canadä

*

Canada Revenue Agency Agence du revenu du Canada

Tax Calculation Supplementary – Corporations

Schedule 5

| Corporation's name | Business Number | Tax year-end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

- Use this schedule if, during the tax year, your corporation:
 - had a permanent establishment in more than one jurisdiction (corporations that have no taxable income should only complete columns A, B, and D in Part 1)
 - is claiming provincial or territorial tax credits or rebates (see Part 2), or
 - has to pay taxes, other than income tax, for Newfoundland and Labrador, or Ontario (see Part 2).
- All legislative references are to the Income Tax Regulations.
- For more information, see the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide.
- For the regulation number to be entered in field 100 of Part 1, see the chart below.

| 100 | | | | Enter the regulation that applies | s (402 to 413) | |
|--|------------------------------|---|--------------------------|--|--------------------------|---|
| Α | | В | С | D | E | F |
| Jurisdiction Tick yes if your continued in the continue of the | orporation nent in the | Total salaries and wages paid in jurisdiction | (B x taxable income) / G | Gross revenue attributable to jurisdiction | (D x taxable income) / H | Allocation of taxable income (C + E) x 1/2** (where either G or H is nil, do not multiply by 1/2) |
| Newfoundland and Labrador | Yes | 103 | | 143 | | |
| Newfoundland and Labrador Offshore | Yes | 104 | | 144 | | |
| Prince Edward Island | 905 Yes | 105 | | 145 | | |
| Nova Scotia | 907 Yes | 107 | | 147 | | |
| Nova Scotia Offshore | Yes | 108 | | 148 | | |
| New Brunswick | Yes | 109 | | 149 | | |
| Quebec | O11 Yes | 111 | | 151 | | |
| Ontario | O13 Yes | 113 | | 153 | | |
| Manitoba | O15 Yes | 115 | | 155 | | |
| Saskatchewan | 017 Yes | 117 | | 157 | | |
| Alberta | O19 Yes | 119 | | 159 | | |
| British Columbia | Yes | 121 | | 161 | | |
| Yukon | 023 Yes | 123 | | 163 | | |
| Northwest Territories | 025 Yes | 125 | | 165 | | |
| Nunavut | 026 Yes | 126 | | 166 | | |
| Outside Canada | 027 Yes | 127 | | 167 | | |
| Total | | 129 G | | 169 H | | |

^{*} Permanent establishment is defined in subsection 400(2)

Notes:

- 1. After determining the allocation of taxable income, you have to calculate the corporation's provincial or territorial tax payable. For more information on how to calculate the tax for each province or territory, see the instructions for Schedule 5 in the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide.
- 2. If your corporation has provincial or territorial tax payable, complete Part 2.
- 3. If your corporation is a member of a partnership and the partnership had a permanent establishment in a jurisdiction, select the jurisdiction in Column A and include your proportionate share of the partnership's salaries and wages and gross revenue in columns B and D, respectively.

Canadä

^{**} For corporations other than those described under section 402, use the appropriate calculation described in the Regulations to allocate taxable income.

Part 2 - Ontario tax payable, tax credits, and rebates Total taxable Income eligible Provincial or Provincial or for small business territorial allocation territorial tax income deduction of taxable income payable before credits 2,440,620 2,440,620 280,671 270 280,671 Ontario basic income tax (from Schedule 500) 402 Ontario small business deduction (from Schedule 500) 280,671 280,671 5A Subtotal (line 270 minus line 402) Ontario transitional tax debits (from Schedule 506) 277 Recapture of Ontario research and development tax credit (from Schedule 508) Subtotal (line 276 plus line 277) 5B 280,671 5C Gross Ontario tax (amount 5A plus amount 5B) Ontario resource tax credit (from Schedule 504) Ontario tax credit for manufacturing and processing (from Schedule 502) 408 Ontario foreign tax credit (from Schedule 21) Ontario credit union tax reduction (from Schedule 500) 415 Ontario political contributions tax credit (from Schedule 525) Ontario non-refundable tax credits (total of lines 404 to 415) 280,671 5E Subtotal (amount 5C minus amount 5D) (if negative, enter "0") 20,570 416 Ontario research and development tax credit (from Schedule 508) Ontario corporate income tax payable before Ontario corporate minimum tax credit and Ontario community food program 260,101 5F donation tax credit for farmers (amount 5E minus line 416) (if negative, enter "0") Ontario corporate minimum tax credit (from Schedule 510) Ontario community food program donation tax credit for farmers (from Schedule 2) 260,101 5G Ontario corporate income tax payable (amount 5F minus the total of lines 418 and 420) (if negative, enter "0") Ontario corporate minimum tax (from Schedule 510) 280 Ontario special additional tax on life insurance corporations (from Schedule 512) Subtotal (line 278 plus line 280) 260,101 51 Total Ontario tax payable before refundable tax credits (amount 5G plus amount 5H) Ontario qualifying environmental trust tax credit 452 14,077 Ontario co-operative education tax credit (from Schedule 550) 454 Ontario apprenticeship training tax credit (from Schedule 552) 14,932 456 Ontario computer animation and special effects tax credit (from Schedule 554) 458 Ontario film and television tax credit (from Schedule 556) 460 Ontario production services tax credit (from Schedule 558) 462 Ontario interactive digital media tax credit (from Schedule 560) 464 Ontario sound recording tax credit (from Schedule 562) Ontario book publishing tax credit (from Schedule 564) 466 468 Ontario innovation tax credit (from Schedule 566) Ontario business-research institute tax credit (from Schedule 568) 29,009 29,009 _{5J} Ontario refundable tax credits (total of lines 450 to 470) 231,092 Net Ontario tax payable or refundable tax credit (amount 51 minus amount 5J) (if a credit, enter amount in brackets) Include this amount on line 255. - Summary Enter the total net tax payable or refundable tax credits for all provinces and territories on line 255. 231.092 Net provincial and territorial tax payable or refundable tax credits If the amount on line 255 is positive, enter the net provincial and territorial tax payable on line 760 of the T2 return. If the amount on line 255 is negative, enter the net provincial and territorial refundable tax credits on line 812 of the T2 return.

Schedule 8

2019-12-31

Canada Revenue Agency

Agence du revenu du Canada

Capital Cost Allowance (CCA)

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

For more information, see the section called "Capital Cost Allowance" in the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide.

× %

≺es

101

Is the corporation electing under Regulation 1101(5q)?

| For tax years ending before November 21, | 2018: 50% rule (1/2 of net acquisitions) | 211 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--------------------------|------------|-----------|---------|----------------|---------|---------|--------|-----|----|------------|---------|------------|--------|-------------|
| 8 Proceeds of dispositions | See note 7 | 207 | 0 | 0 | 14,400 | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14,400 |
| 7 Amount from column 5 that is repaid during the | year for a property, subsequent to its disposition | 222 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | , |
| 6 Amount from column 5 that is assistance received | or receivable during the year for a property, subsequent to its disposition | See note 5 221 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 Adjustments and transfers | See note 4 | 205 | | | | | | | | | | | | -9,412,135 | | -9,412,135 |
| 4 Cost of acquisitions from column 3 that are accelerated | investment incentive properties (AIIP) See note 3 | 225 | | 343,614 | 340,672 | | 175,658 | | | | | | 148,154 | | | 1,008,098 |
| 3 Cost of acquisitions during the year (new property must | be available for use) See note 2 | 203 | | 343,614 | 340,672 | | 175,658 | | | | | 21,871,449 | 148,154 | | | 22,879,547 |
| 2 Undepreciated capital cost (UCC) at the beginning of | the year | 201 | 31,464,586 | 1,091,845 | 969,297 | 2,205 | 174,725 | 144,373 | 13,907 | 174 | 81 | 67,132,994 | 353,792 | 13,717,344 | 25,301 | 115,090,624 |
| Description | | | | | | Chevrolet Volt | | | | | | | | | | Totals |
| 1 Class number * | See note 1 | 200 | 1 | 8 | 10 | 10.1 | 12 | 13 | 42 | 45 | 45 | 47 | 20 | 95 | 13 | |

| of 17) | 30,206,003 | 1,114,006 | 857,957 | 1,543 | | 102,729 | 12,238 | 96 | 45 | 82,758,946 | 185,133 | 4,305,209 | 15,181 | 119,559,086 |
|--|--------------|-----------|-----------|--------|---------|---------|--------|-----|------|------------|---------|-----------|--------|-------------|
| 18 UCC at the end of the year (column 9 minus column 17) | 30,20 | 1,11 | 18 | | | 10 | | | | 82,75 | 18 | 4,30 | 1 | 119,55 |
| CCA (for declining balance method, the result of column 9 plus column 12 minus column 13, multiplied by column 14 or a lower amount) See note 14 | 1,258,583 | 321,453 | 437,612 | 662 | 350,383 | 41,644 | 1,669 | 78 | 36 | 6,245,497 | 316,813 | | 10,120 | 8,984,550 |
| Terminal loss See note 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | A/N | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Recapture of CCA See note 12 213 | 0 | 0 | 0 | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| CCA rate % See note 11 | 4 | 20 | 30 | 30 | 100 | ¥ | 12 | 45 | 45 | 8 | 55 | 0 | AA | |
| UCC adjustment for non-AllP acquired during the year (0.5 multiplied by the result of column 3 minus column 7 minus column 7 minus column 8 plus column 7 minus column 8 plus column 7 minus column 8 plus column 9 plus column 7 minus column 8 plus column 9 | | | | | | | | | | 10,935,725 | | | | 10,935,725 |
| UCC adjustment for AllP acquired during the year (column 11 multiplied by the relevant factor) See note 9 | | 171,807 | 163,136 | | | | | | | | 74,077 | | | 409,020 |
| Net capital cost additions of AllP acquired during the year (column 4 minus column 10) (if negative, enter "0") | | 343,614 | 326,272 | | 175,658 | | | | | | 148,154 | | | 869'866 |
| Proceeds of disposition available to reduce the UCC of AllP (column 8 plus column 3 plus column 4 minus column 4 minus (if negative, enter "0") | | | 14,400 | | | | | | | | | | | 14,400 |
| 9 UCC (column 2 plus column 3 plus or minus column 5 minus column 8) See note 8 | 31,464,586 | 1,435,459 | 1,295,569 | 2,205 | 350,383 | 144,373 | 13,907 | 174 | 81 | 89,004,443 | 501,946 | 4,305,209 | 25,301 | 128,543,636 |
| Des- crip- tion | | | | Chevro | | | | | | | | | | Totals |
| Class number * See note 1 | 1 | 8 | 10 | 10.1 | . 12 | 13 | . 42 | 45 | . 45 | . 47 | . 50 | . 95 | 13 | |
| | - | 2 | ω. | 4 | 5. | 6 | 7 | œ | 6 | 10 | Ξ. | 12 | 13 | |

Page 2

- If a class number has not been provided in Schedule II of the Income Tax Regulations for a particular class of property, use the subsection provided in Regulation 1101. Class numbers followed by a letter indicate the basic rate of the class taking into account the additional deduction allowed. Class 1a: 4% + 6% = 10% (class 1 to 10%), class 1b: 4% + 2% = 6% (class 1 to 6%). Note 1.
 - Include any property acquired in previous years that has now become available for use. This property would have been previously excluded from column 3. List separately any acquisitions of property in the class that are not subject to the 50% rule. See Income Tax Folio S3-F4-C1, General Discussion of Capital Cost Allowance, for exceptions to the 50% rule. Note 2.
 - An accelerated investment incentive property (AIIP) is a property (other than property included in Class 54 or 55) that you acquired after November 20, 2018 and became available for use before 2028. See the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide for more information. Classes 54 and 55 include property that is a zero-emission vehicle you acquired after March 18, 2019 and became available for use Note 3.
- transferred under section 85, or transferred on amalgamation or winding-up of a subsidiary. Items that reduce the undepreciated capital cost (show amounts that reduce the undepreciated capital cost (show amounts that reduce the undepreciated capital cost include government assistance received or entitled to be received in the year, or a reduction of capital cost after the application of section 80. See the T2 Corporation Income Tax Enter in column 5, "Adjustments and transfers", amounts that increase or reduce the undepreciated capital cost (column 9). Items that increase the undepreciated capital cost include amounts Guide for other examples of adjustments and transfers to include in column 5. Note 4.
 - Include all amounts of assistance you received (or were entitled to receive) after the disposition of a depreciable property that would have decreased the capital cost of the property by virtue of paragraph 13(7.1)(f) if received before the disposition. Note 5.
- Include all amounts you have repaid during the year with respect to any legally required repayment, made after the disposition of a corresponding property, of: Note 6.
 - assistance that would have otherwise increased the capital cost of the property under paragraph 13(7.1)(d); and
- Also include the UCC of each property of a prescribed class acquired in the course of a corporate reorganization described under paragraph 55(3)(b) of the Act (also known as "butterfly reorganization") or in a non-arm's length transaction (other than by virtue of a right referred to in paragraph 251(5)(b) of the Act) if the property was a depreciable property acquired by the transferor less than 364 days an inducement, assistance or any other amount contemplated in paragraph 12(1)(x) received, that otherwise would have increased the capital cost of the property under paragraph 13(7.4)(b). before the end of your tax year
 - For each property disposed of during the year, deduct from the proceeds of disposition any outlays and expenses to the extent that they were made or incurred for the purpose of making the disposition(s). The amount reported in respect of the property cannot exceed the property's capital cost, unless that property is a timber resource property as defined in subsection 13(21). Note 7.
- If the amount in column 5 reduces the undepreciated capital cost (i.e. it is shown in brackets), you must subtract it for the purposes of the calculation. Otherwise, add the amount in column 5 for the purposes of the calculation. Note 8.
- The relevant factors for AIIP of a class in Schedule II and for property included in classes 54 and 55, available for use before 2024, are: Note 9.
- 2 1/3 for property in Classes 43.1 and 54;
 - 1 1/2 for property in Class 55;
- 1 for property in Classes 43.2 and 53;
- 0 for property in Classes 12, 13, 14, and 15, as well as properties that are Canadian vessels included in paragraph 1100(1)(v) of the Regulations (see note 14 for additional information); and
 - 0.5 for all other property that is AIIP.
- The UCC adjustment for non-AIIP acquired during the year (formerly known as the half-year rule or 50% rule) does not apply to certain property (including AIIP). For special rules and exceptions, see Income Tax Folio S3-F4-C1, General Discussion of Capital Cost Allowance. Note 10.
 - Enter a rate only if you are using the declining balance method. For any other method (for example the straight-line method, where calculations are always based on the cost of acquisitions), enter N/A. Then enter the amount you are claiming in column 17 Note 11.
 - If the amount in column 9 is negative, you have a recapture of CCA. If applicable, enter the negative amount from column 9 in column 15 as a positive. The recapture rules do not apply to Note 12.
- If no property is left in the class at the end of the tax year and there is still a positive amount in the column 9, you have a terminal loss. If applicable, enter the positive amount from column 9 in column 16. The terminal loss rules do not apply to: Note 13.
 - passenger vehicles in Class 10.1;
- property in Class 14.1, unless you have ceased carrying on the business to which it relates; or
- limited-period franchises, concessions, or licences in Class 14 if, at the time of acquisition, the property was a former property of the transferor or any similar property attributable to the same fixed place of business, and you had jointly elected with the transferor to have the replacement property rules apply.
- If the tax year is shorter than 365 days, prorate the CCA claim. Some classes of property do not have to be prorated. See the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide for more information. For property in class 10.1 disposed of during the year, deduct a maximum of 50% of the regular CCA deduction if you owned the property at the beginning of the tax year. For AllP listed below, the maximum first year allowance you can claim is determined as follows: Note 14.
 - Class 13: the lesser of 150% of the amount calculated in Schedule III of the Regulations and the UCC at the end of the tax year (before any CCA deduction).
- Class 14; the lesser of 150% of the allocation for the year of the capital cost of the property apportioned over the remaining life of the property (at the time the cost was incurred) and the UCC at the end of the tax year (before any CCA deduction).
- Class 15: the lesser of 150% of an amount computed on the basis of a rate per cord, board foot or cubic metre cut in the tax year and the UCC at the end of the tax year (before any CCA deduction). Canadian vessels described under paragraph 1100(1)(v) of the Regulations: the lesser of 50% of the capital cost of the property and the UCC at the end of the tax year (before any CCA deduction)
- for the accelerated investment incentive. The additional allowance in respect of natural gas liquefaction under paragraph 1100(1)(yb) of the Regulations is eligible for the accelerated investment incentive. Class 41.2: use a 25% CCA rate. The additional allowance under paragraph 1100(1)(y.2)(for single mine properties) and 1100(1)(ya.2)(for multiple mine properties) of the Regulations is not eligible
- limit and all amounts you expended for the 1949 or later tax years for surveys, cruises or preparation of prints, maps or plans for the purpose of obtaining a licence or right to cut timber from the capital Property (other than a timber resource property) that is a timber limit or a right to cut timber from a limit: 150% of the amount determined by first subtracting the total of the residual value of the timber cost of the limit or right, and then dividing the result by the quantity of timber in the limit or the quantity of timber you have the right to cut.
 - the capital cost of the mine or right, and then dividing the result by the number of units of commercially mineable material estimated to be in the mine when the mine or right was acquired (alternatively, Industrial mineral mine or a right to remove industrial minerals from an industrial mineral mine: 150% of the amount determined by first subtracting the residual value, if any, of the mine or right from if you have acquired a right to remove only a specified number of units, that number of units that you acquired a right to remove).

Canadä

T2 SCH 8 (19)



Agence du revenu du Canada

RELATED AND ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

SCHEDULE 9

| Name of corporation | Business Number | Tax year end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

- Complete this schedule if the corporation is related to or associated with at least one other corporation.
- For more information, see the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide.

| | Name | Country of resi- dence (other than Canada) | Business number (see note 1) | Relation-ship code (see note 2) | Number of common shares you own | % of common shares you own | Number of preferred shares you own | % of preferred shares you own | Book value of capital stock |
|----|------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| | 100 | 200 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 550 | 600 | 650 | 700 |
| 1. | OSHAWA POWER AND UTILITIES C | | 86486 7593 RC0001 | 1 | | | | | |
| 2. | OSHAWA PUC ENERGY SERVICES I | | 85749 1336 RC0001 | 3 | | | | | |
| 3. | OSHAWA PUC SERVICES INC. | | 86579 9662 RC0001 | 3 | | | | | |
| 4. | 2252112 Ontario Inc. | | 80068 6453 RC0001 | 3 | | | | | |

Note 1: Enter "NR" if the corporation is not registered or does not have a business number.

Note 2: Enter the code number of the relationship that applies from the following order: 1 - Parent 2 - Subsidiary 3 - Associated 4 - Related but not associated

T2 SCH 9 (11) Canada

Continuity of financial statement reserves (not deductible)

| | | — Financial sta | tement reserves (| not deductible) — | | |
|---|--|--|--|-------------------|--------|--------------------------------|
| | Description | Balance at the beginning of the year | Transfer on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary | Add | Deduct | Balance at the end of the year |
| 1 | Employee future benefits | 12,668,227 | | 132,943 | | 12,801,170 |
| 2 | Allowance for doubtful account: | 182,572 | | 11,939 | | 194,511 |
| 3 | | | | | | |
| | Reserves from Part 2 of Schedule 13 | | | | | |
| | Totals | 12,850,799 | | 144,882 | | 12,995,681 |

The total opening balance plus the total transfers should be entered on line 414 of Schedule 1 as a deduction. The total closing balance should be entered on line 126 of Schedule 1 as an addition.



Canada Revenue Agency Agence du revenu du Canada

SCHEDULE 14

MISCELLANEOUS PAYMENTS TO RESIDENTS

| Name of corporation | Business Number | Tax year end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

- This schedule must be completed by all corporations who made the following payments to residents of Canada: royalties for which the corporation has not filed a T5 slip; research and development fees; management fees; technical assistance fees; and similar payments.
- Please enter the name and address of the recipient and the amount of the payment in the applicable column. If several payments of the same type (i.e., management fees) were made to the same person, enter the total amount paid. If similar types of payments have been made, but do not fit into any of the categories, enter these amounts in the column entitled "Similar payments".

| | Name of recipient | Address of recipient | Royalties | Research and development fees | Management fees | Technical assistance fees | Similar payments |
|---|------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| | 100 | 200 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 600 | 700 |
| 1 | Oshawa Power and Utilities C | 100 Simcoe Street South | | | 360,588 | | |
| | | Oshawa | | | | | |
| | | ON | | | | | |
| | | L1H 7M7 | | | | | |

T2 SCH 14 (99) Canada



Canada Revenue Agency

Agence du revenu du Canada

Deferred Income Plans

Schedule 15

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

- Complete the information below if the corporation deducted payments from its income made to a registered pension plan (RPP), a registered supplementary unemployment benefit plan (RSUBP), a deferred profit sharing plan (DPSP), a pooled registered pension plan (PRPP), or an employee profit sharing plan (EPSP).
- If the trust that governs an employee profit sharing plan is **not resident** in Canada, please indicate if the T4PS, Statement of Employees Profit Sharing Plan Allocations and Payments, Supplementary slip(s) were filed for the last calendar year, and whether they were filed by the trustee or the employer.

| | Type of Amount of contribution (see \$ note 1) (see note 2) | | Registration number (RPP, RSUBP, PRPP, and DPSP only) | Name of EPSP trust | Address of EPSP trust | T4PS slip(s) (see note 3) | | | | | | |
|---|---|---------|---|---|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 100 | 200 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 600 | | | | | | |
| 1 | 1 | 832,403 | 0345983 | | | | | | | | | |
| Ì | Note 1 | | Note 2 | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| | Enter the a | | | to Schedule 1 any payments you made to defer ents, calculate the following amount: | rred income plans. | | | | | | | |
| | 1 – RPP | | Total of all amounts indi | cated in column 200 of this schedule | | 2,403 A | | | | | | |
| | 2 – RSUB | P | Less: | | | | | | | | | |
| | 3 – DPSP | | Total of all amounts for | deferred income plans deducted in your financi | al statements <u>83</u> 3 | 2,403 B | | | | | | |
| | 4 – EPSP 5 – PRPP | | | Deductible amount for contributions to deferred income plans (amount A minus amount B) (if negative, enter "0") C | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Enter amount C on line | 417 of Schedule 1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Note 3 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | T4PS slip(s) filed by: 1 | 1 – Trustee | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 2 | 2 – Employer | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | (EPSP only) | | | | | | | | |

Canadä T2 SCH 15 (13)

Agence du revenu du Canada Schedule 23

Agreement Among Associated Canadian-Controlled Private Corporations to Allocate the Business Limit

- For use by a Canadian-controlled private corporation (CCPC) to identify all associated corporations and to assign a percentage for each associated corporation. This percentage will be used to allocate the business limit for the small business deduction. Information from this schedule will also be used to determine the date the balance of tax is due and to calculate the reduction to the business limit.
- An associated CCPC that has more than one tax year ending in a calendar year must file an agreement for each tax year ending in that calendar year.
- Column 1: Enter the legal name of each of the corporations in the associated group, including those deemed to be associated under subsection 256(2) of the Income Tax Act.
 - Column 2: Provide the business number for each corporation (if a corporation is not registered, enter "NR").
 - Column 3: Enter the association code from the list below that applies to each corporation:
 - 1 Associated for purposes of allocating the business limit (unless association code 5 applies)
 - 2 CCPC that is a **third corporation** as referred to in subsection 256(2) and has filed Schedule 28, Election not to be Associated Through a Third Corporation
 - 3 Non-CCPC that is a third corporation
 - 4 Associated non-CCPC
 - 5 Associated CCPC to which association code 1 does not apply because a third corporation has filed Schedule 28
 - **Column 4:** Enter the business limit for the year of each corporation in the associated group. Enter "0" if the corporation has association code 2, 3 or 4 in column 3 (except if the corporation is a cooperative or a credit union eligible for the SBD and it has association code 4).
 - **Column 5:** Assign a percentage to allocate the business limit to each corporation that has association code 1 in column 3. The total of all percentages in column 5 cannot exceed 100%.
- **Column 6:** Enter the business limit allocated to each corporation by multiplying the amount in column 4 by the percentage in column 5. Add all business limits allocated in column 6 and enter the total at line A.

Ensure that the total at line A does not exceed \$500,000.

| - Alle | ocating the business limit ————— | | | | | |
|--------|--|--|--------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|
| | | | | | . 025 | Year Month Day |
| Enter | the calendar year the agreement applies to | | | | . 050 | Year 2019 |
| | an amended agreement for the above calendar year that i reement previously filed by any of the associated corporation | | | | . 075 | Yes X No |
| | 1 Name of associated corporations | 2 Business number of associated corporations | 3 Association code | 4 Business limit for the year before the allocation \$ | 5 Percentage of the business limit % 350 | 6 Business limit allocated* \$ |
| 1 | Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 1 | 500,000 | 100.0000 | 500,000 |
| 2 | OSHAWA POWER AND UTILITIES CORPORATION | 86486 7593 RC0001 | 1 | 500,000 | | |
| 3 | OSHAWA PUC ENERGY SERVICES INC. | 85749 1336 RC0001 | 1 | 500,000 | | |
| 4 | OSHAWA PUC SERVICES INC. | 86579 9662 RC0001 | 1 | 500,000 | | |
| 5 | 2252112 Ontario Inc. | 80068 6453 RC0001 | 1 | 500,000 | | |
| | | | | Total | 100.0000 | 500,000 A |

Business limit reduction under subsection 125(5.1) of the Act

The business limit reduction is calculated in the small business deduction area of the T2 return. One of the factors used in this calculation is the "large corporation amount" at line 415 of the T2 return. The amount at line 415 is determined using the formula 0.225% x (C - \$10,000,000). Another factor is the "adjusted aggregate investment income" from lines 744 and 745 of Schedule 7, Aggregate Investment Income and Income Eligible for the Small Business Deduction. Details of these formulas and variable C are in subsection 125(5.1) of the Act.

* Each corporation will enter on line 410 of the T2 return, the amount allocated to it in column 6. However, if the corporation's tax year is less than 51 weeks, prorate the amount in column 6 by the number of days in the tax year divided by 365, and enter the result on line 410 of the T2 return.

Special rules for business limit

Special rules apply under subsection 125(5) if a CCPC has more than one tax year ending in the same calendar year and it is associated in more than one of those tax years with another CCPC that has a tax year ending in that calendar year. The business limit for the second or later tax year will be equal to the lesser of: the business limit determined for the first tax year ending in the calendar year or the business limit determined for the second or later tax year ending in the same calendar year.

T2 SCH 23 E (19)

Canadä

Schedule 31

Agence du revenu du Canada

Investment Tax Credit – Corporations

General information

- Use this schedule:
 - to calculate an investment tax credit (ITC) earned during the tax year;
 - to claim a deduction against Part I tax payable;
 - to claim a refund of credit earned during the current tax year;
 - to claim a carryforward of credit from previous tax years;
 - to transfer a credit following an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary, as described under subsections 87(1) and 88(1);
 - to request a credit carryback to one or more previous years;
 - if you are subject to a recapture of ITC; or
 - if you are claiming:
 - the Ontario Research and Development Tax Credit;
 - the Ontario Innovation Tax Credit.
- Unless otherwise stated, all legislative references are to the Income Tax Act and the Income Tax Regulations.
- The ITC is eligible for a three-year carryback (if not deductible in the year earned). It is also eligible for a twenty-year carryforward.
- Investments or expenditures, described in subsection 127(9) and Regulation Part XLVI, that earn an ITC are:
 - qualified property and qualified resource property (Parts 4 to 7 of this schedule);
 - qualified scientific research and experimental development (SR&ED) expenditures (Parts 8 to 17). File Form T661, Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED) Expenditures Claim;
 - pre-production mining expenditures (Parts 18 to 20);
 - apprenticeship job creation expenditures (Parts 21 to 23); and
 - child care spaces expenditures (Parts 24 to 28).
 - Expenditures related to child care spaces incurred after March 21, 2017 no longer qualify for the investment tax credit. If you entered into a written agreement before March 22, 2017, eligible expenditures incurred before 2020 will remain eligible for the credit.
- File this schedule with the T2 Corporation Income Tax Return. If you need more space, attach additional schedules.
- For more information on ITCs, see "Investment Tax Credit" in Guide T4012, T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide and read Information Circular IC78-4, Investment Tax Credit Rates, and its related Special Release.
- For more information on SR&ED, see guide T4088, Guide to Form T661 Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED) Expenditures Claim.

Detailed information -

- For the purpose of this schedule, investment means the capital cost of the property (excluding amounts added by an election under section 21), determined without reference to subsections 13(7.1) and 13(7.4), minus the amount of any government or non-government assistance that the corporation has received, is entitled to receive, or can reasonably be expected to receive for that property when it files the income tax return for the year in which the property was acquired.
- An ITC deducted or refunded in a tax year for a depreciable property, other than a depreciable property deductible under paragraph 37(1)(b), reduces both the capital cost of that property and the undepreciated capital cost of that class in the next tax year. An ITC for SR&ED deducted or refunded in a tax year will reduce the balance in the pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures and the adjusted cost base (ACB) of an interest in a partnership in the next tax year. An ITC from pre-production mining expenditures deducted in a tax year reduces the balance in the pool of deductible cumulative Canadian exploration expenses in the next tax year.
- Property acquired has to be available for use before a claim for an ITC can be made. See subsections 127(11.2) and 248(19) for more information.
- Expenditures for SR&ED and capital costs for a property qualifying for an ITC must be identified by the claimant on Form T661 and Schedule 31 no later than 12 months after the claimant's income tax return is due for the tax year in which it incurred the expenditures or capital costs.
- Expenditures for pre-production mining, apprenticeship, or child care space for an ITC must be identified by the claimant on Schedule 31 no later than 12 months after the claimant's income tax return is due for the tax year in which it incurred the expenditures or capital costs.
- Partnership allocations Subsection 127(8) provides for the allocation of the amount that may reasonably be considered to be a partner's share of the ITCs of the partnership at the end of the fiscal period of the partnership. An allocation of ITCs is generally considered to be the partner's reasonable share of the ITCs if it is made in the same proportion in which the partners have agreed to share any income or loss and if section 103 is not applicable for the agreement to share any income or loss. Special rules apply to specified members of a partnership and limited partners. For more information, see Guide T4068, Guide for the Partnership Information Return.
- For tax purposes, Canada includes the exclusive economic zone of Canada as defined in the Oceans Act (which generally consists of an area of the sea that is within 200 nautical miles from the Canadian coastline), including the airspace, seabed and subsoil of that zone.
- For the purpose of this schedule, the expression Atlantic Canada includes the Gaspé Peninsula and the provinces of Newfoundland and Labrador, Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick, as well as their respective offshore regions (prescribed in Regulation 4609).
- For the purpose of this schedule, qualified property means property in Atlantic Canada that is used primarily for manufacturing and processing, farming or fishing, logging, storing grain, or harvesting peat. Property in Atlantic Canada that is used primarily for oil and gas, and mining activities is considered qualified property only if acquired by the taxpayer before March 29, 2012. Qualified property includes new buildings and new machinery and equipment (prescribed in Regulation 4600), and if acquired by the taxpayer after March 28, 2012, new energy generation and conservation property (prescribed in Regulation 4600). Qualified property can also be used primarily to produce or process electrical energy or steam in a prescribed area (as described in Regulation 4610). See the definition of qualified property in subsection 127(9) for more information.

Detailed information (continued) -

- For the purpose of this schedule, **qualified resource property** means property in Atlantic Canada that is used primarily for oil and gas, and mining activities, if acquired by the taxpayer **after** March 28, 2012, and **before** January 1, 2016. Qualified resource property includes new buildings and new machinery and equipment (prescribed in Regulation 4600). See the definition of **qualified resource property** in subsection 127(9) for more information.
- For the purpose of this schedule, **pre-production mining exploration expenditures** are pre-production mining expenditures incurred **after** March 28, 2012, by the taxpayer to determine the existence, location, extent, or quality of certain mineral resources in Canada, excluding expenses incurred in the exploration of an oil or gas well. See subparagraph (a)(i) of the definition of **pre-production mining expenditure** in subsection 127(9) for more information
- For the purpose of this schedule, **pre-production mining development expenditures** are pre-production mining expenditures incurred **after** March 28, 2012, by the taxpayer to bring a new mineral resource mine in Canada into production, excluding expenses in the development of a bituminous sands deposit or an oil shale deposit. See subparagraph (a)(ii) of the definition of **pre-production mining expenditure** in subsection 127(9) for more information.

| ſ | – Part 1 – | Investments, | expenditures, | and | percentages - | _ |
|---|------------|--------------|---------------|-----|---------------|---|
| ı | | | | | | |

| Investments | Specified |
|---|------------|
| Investments | percentage |
| Qualified property acquired primarily for use in Atlantic Canada | 10 % |
| Qualified resource property acquired primarily for use in Atlantic Canada and acquired: | |
| - after March 28, 2012, and before 2014 | 10 % |
| - after 2013 and before 2016 | 5 % |
| - after 2015* | 0 % |
| Expenditures | |
| If you are a Canadian-controlled private corporation (CCPC), this percentage may apply to the portion that you | 0= 0/ |
| claim of the SR&ED qualified expenditure pool that does not exceed your expenditure limit (see Part 10) | 35 % |
| Note: If your current year's qualified expenditures are more than your expenditure limit (see Part 10), | |
| the excess is eligible for an ITC calculated at the 15 % rate. | |
| If you are a corporation that is not a CCPC and have incurred qualified expenditures for SR&ED in any area in Canada: | |
| - before 2014** | 20 % |
| - after 2013** | 15 % |
| If you are a taxable Canadian corporation that incurred pre-production mining expenditures before March 29, 2012 | 10 % |
| If you are a taxable Canadian corporation that incurred pre-production mining exploration expenditures: | |
| - after March 28, 2012, and before 2013 | 10 % |
| - in 2013 | 5 % |
| - after 2013 | 0 % |
| If you are a taxable Canadian corporation that incurred pre-production mining development expenditures***: | |
| - after March 28, 2012, and before 2014 | 10 % |
| - in 2014 | 7 % |
| - in 2015 | 7 % 4 % |
| | |
| — after 2015 | 0 % |
| If you paid salary and wages to apprentices in the first 24 months of their apprenticeship contract for employment | 10 % |
| If you incurred expenditures after March 18, 2007 and before March 22, 2017 (or before 2020 if you entered into a written agreement before March 22, 2017) for the creation of licensed child care spaces for the children of your employees and, potentially, for other children | 25 % |
| March 22, 2017) for the creation of licensed child care spaces for the children of your employees and, potentially, for other children | 25 /0 |

- A transitional relief rate of 10% may apply to property acquired after 2013 and before 2017, if the property is acquired under a written agreement entered into before March 29, 2012, or the property is acquired as part of a **phase** of a project where the construction or the engineering and design work for the construction started before March 29, 2012. See paragraph (a.1) of the definition of **specified percentage** in subsection 127(9) for more information.
- ** The reduction of the rate from 20% to 15% applies to 2014 and later tax years, except that, for 2014 tax years that start before 2014, the reduction is pro-rated based on the number of days in the tax year that are after 2013.
- *** A transitional relief rate may apply to expenditures incurred after 2013 and before 2016, if the expenditure is incurred under a written agreement entered into before March 29, 2012, or the expenditure is incurred as part of the development of a new mine where the construction or the engineering and design work for the construction of the new mine started before March 29, 2012. See subparagraphs (k)(ii) and (iii) of the definition of **specified percentage** in subsection 127(9) for more information.

2019-12-31

Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. 89172 5210 RC0001

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

Is the corporation a qualifying corporation?

101 1 Yes 2 No X

For the purpose of a refundable ITC, a **qualifying corporation** is defined under subsection 127.1(2). The corporation has to be a CCPC and its taxable income (before any loss carrybacks) for its previous tax year cannot be more than its **qualifying income limit** for the particular tax year. If the corporation is associated with any other corporations during the tax year, the total of the taxable incomes of the corporation and the associated corporations (before any loss carrybacks), for their last tax year ending in the previous calendar year, cannot be more than their qualifying income limit for the particular tax year.

Note: A CCPC considered associated with another corporation under subsection 256(1) will be considered not associated for the calculation of a refundable ITC if:

- one corporation is associated with another corporation solely because one or more persons own shares of the capital stock of both corporations; and
- one of the corporations has at least one shareholder who is not common to both corporations.

If you are a **qualifying** corporation, you will earn a **100%** refund on your share of any ITCs earned at the 35% rate on qualified **current** expenditures for SR&ED, up to the allocated expenditure limit. The 100% refund does not apply to qualified **capital** expenditures eligible for the 35% credit rate. They are only eligible for the **40%** refund*.

Some CCPCs that are **not qualifying** corporations may also earn a **100%** refund on their share of any ITCs earned at the 35% rate on qualified **current** expenditures for SR&ED, up to the allocated expenditure limit. The expenditure limit can be determined in Part 10. The 100% refund does not apply to qualified **capital** expenditures eligible for the 35% credit rate. They are only eligible for the **40%** refund*.

The 100% refund will not be available to a corporation that is an **excluded corporation** as defined under subsection 127.1(2). A corporation is an excluded corporation if, at any time during the year, it is a corporation that is either controlled by (directly or indirectly, in any manner whatever) or is related to:

- a) one or more persons exempt from Part I tax under section 149;
- b) Her Majesty in right of a province, a Canadian municipality, or any other public authority; or
- c) any combination of persons referred to in a) or b) above.
- * Capital expenditures incurred after December 31, 2013, including lease payments for property that would have been a capital expenditure if purchased directly, are **not** qualified SR&ED expenditures and are **not** eligible for an ITC on SR&ED expenditures.

| ┌ Part 3 – Corporations in the farming industry ─────────────────────────────── |
|---|
| Complete this area if the corporation is making SR&ED contributions. |
| Is the corporation claiming a contribution in the current year to an agricultural organization |
| whose goal is to finance SR&ED work (for example, check-off dues)? |
| If yes , complete Schedule 125, <i>Income Statement Information</i> , to identify the type of farming industry the corporation is involved in. |
| Contributions to agricultural organizations for SR&ED* |
| Enter on line 350 of Part 8. |
| * Enter only contributions not already included on Form T661. Include 80% of the contributions made after 2012. For contributions made before 2013, include all of the contributions. |

Qualified Property and Qualified Resource Property

Part 4 – Eligible investments for qualified property and qualified resource property from the current tax year -

| Capital cost allowance class number | Description of investment | Date available for use | Location used in Atlantic Canada (province) | Amount of investment |
|---|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| 105 | 110 | 115 | 120 | 125 |
| | | r qualified property and qual | | |

| | redit and account balance esource property | es – ITC fron | n investments i | in qualified prope | erty ——— | |
|---|--|----------------------|---------------------------|--|--|-----------|
| ITC at the end of the previous tax | year | | | | | B1 |
| Credit deemed as a remittance of | co-op corporations | | 210 | | _ | |
| Credit expired | | | 215 | | | |
| · | | | 210 plus line 215) | | - | C1 |
| ITC at the beginning of the tax ve | ar (amount B1 minus amount C1) | | | | 220 | |
| | ation or the wind-up of a subsidiary | | 230 | | · | |
| ITC from repayment of assistance | | | | | _ | |
| Qualified property; and qualified re | | | | | _ | |
| acquired after March 28, 2012, ar January 1, 2014* (applicable part | nd before | x | 10 % = 240 | | _ | |
| Qualified resource property acquired December 31, 2013, and before J (applicable part from amount A1 in | | x | 5 % = 242 | | _ | |
| Credit allocated from a partnershi | p | | 250 | | _ | |
| | | Subtotal (total | of lines 230 to 250) | | ■ ► | D1 |
| Total credit available (line 220 plu | s amount D1) | | | | <u></u> | E1 |
| Credit deducted from Part I tax | | | 260 | | _ | |
| Credit carried back to previous ye | ars (amount H1 in Part 6) | | | | _ a | |
| Credit transferred to offset Part V | II tax liability | | 280 | | _ | |
| | | | |) | _ - | F1 |
| Credit balance before refund (amo | | | | | _ | G1 |
| Refund of credit claimed on inves | tments from qualified property and o | aualified resource | e property (from Part | 7) | 310 | |
| | ents from qualified property and | | | ., | | |
| (amount G1 minus line 310) | | | | | 320 | |
| * Include investments acquired at | fter 2013 and before 2017 that are e | eligible for transit | onal relief. | | | |
| - Part 6 - Request for ca | rryback of credit from inv | astmants in | gualified prop | erty and qualified | l resource pror | nerty ——— |
| Tare Roquoceror ou | Year Month Day | | quamiou prop | orty and quannot | . 10004100 p.o. | , o. i. y |
| 1st previous tax year | Todi Monai Bay | | | . Credit to be applied | 901 | |
| 2nd previous tax year | | | | . Credit to be applied | 902 | |
| 3rd previous tax year | | | | | 903 | |
| | | | | Total of lines 901 Enter at amount a in | | H1 |
| | for qualifying corporation esource property | s on invest | ments from qua | alified property – | | |
| Current-year ITCs (total of lines 2 | 40, 242, and 250 in Part 5) | | | | <u></u> | I1 |
| Credit balance before refund (from | n amount G1 in Part 5) | | | | | J1 |
| | I1 or J1, whichever is less) | | | | | K1 |
| | unt on line 310 in Part 5 (also enter | | | | ====================================== | |

SR&ED

| - Part 8 – Qualified SR&ED expenditures ———————————————————————————————————— |
|---|
| Current expenditures (from line 557 on Form T661) |
| Contributions to agricultural organizations for SR&ED Deduct: |
| Government assistance, non-government assistance, or contract payment |
| Contributions to agricultural organizations for SR&ED for the federal ITC (this amount is updated to line 103 of Part 3. For more details, consult the Help.)* |
| Current expenditures (line 557 on Form T661 plus line 103 in Part 3)* |
| Capital expenditures incurred before 2014 (from line 558 on Form T661)** |
| Repayments made in the year (from line 560 on Form T661) |
| Qualified SR&ED expenditures (total of lines 350 to 370) 567,158 |
| * If you are claiming only contributions made to agricultural organizations for SR&ED, line 350 should equal line 103 in Part 3. Do not file Form T661. ** Capital expenditures incurred after December 31, 2013, are not qualified SR&ED expenditures. Capital cost allowance can be claimed for depreciable property acquired for use in SR&ED after 2013. |
| Part 9 – Components of the SR&ED expenditure limit calculation ———————————————————————————————————— |
| Part 9 only applies if you are a CCPC. |
| Note: A CCPC considered associated with another corporation under subsection 256(1) will be considered not associated for the calculation of an SR&ED expenditure limit if: |
| one corporation is associated with another corporation solely because one or more persons own shares of the capital stock of the corporation; and one of the corporations has at least one shareholder who is not common to both corporations. |
| Is the corporation associated with another CCPC for the purpose of calculating the SR&ED expenditure limit? 385 1 Yes X 2 No |
| If you answered no to the question on line 385 or if you are not associated with any other corporations, complete lines 390 and 398. |
| If you answered yes , the amounts for associated corporations will be determined on Schedule 49. |
| Enter your taxable income for the previous tax year* (prior to any loss carrybacks applied) |
| Enter your taxable capital employed in Canada for the previous tax year minus \$10 million. If this amount is nil or negative, enter "0". If this amount is over \$40 million, enter \$40 million |
| * If the tax year referred to on line 390 is less than 51 weeks, multiply the taxable income by the following result: 365 divided by the number of days in that tax year. |
| - Part 10 – SR&ED expenditure limit for a CCPC — |
| For a stand-alone (not associated) corporation: \$ 8,000,000 |
| Taxable income for the previous tax year (line 390 in Part 9) or \$500,000, whichever is more x 10 = A2 |
| Excess (\$8,000,000 minus amount A2 if the taxation year ends before March 19, 2019; otherwise, enter \$3,000,000) |
| (if negative, enter "0")* B2 \$ 40,000,000 |
| Amount b divided by \$ 40,000,000 |
| Expenditure limit for the stand-alone corporation (amount B2 multiplied by amount C2)** |
| For an associated corporation: |
| If associated, the allocation of the SR&ED expenditure limit, as provided on Schedule 49** |
| If your tax year is less than 51 weeks, calculate the amount of the expenditure limit as follows: |
| Amount D2 or E2x |
| Your SR&ED expenditure limit for the year (enter amount D2, E2, or F2, whichever applies) |
| * For taxation years ending after March 18, 2019, the taxable income is no longer taken into account in the SR&ED expenditure limit calculation. For more information, consult the Help (F1). |
| **Amount D2 or E2 cannot be more than \$3,000,000. |

| Part 11 – Investment tax | credits on SR& | ED expendi | tures ——— | | | | |
|--|--|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| Current expenditures (from line 350 the expenditure limit (from line 410 i | | is less* | 420 | | x 39 | 5 % = | G2 |
| Line 350 minus line 410 (if negative | e, enter "0") | | 430 | 567,158 | - | | |
| Amount from line 430 x | Number of days in the tax year before 2014 | x | 20% = | | С | | |
| | Number of days in the tax year | | | | | | |
| Amount from line | Number of days in the tax year after 2013 | | | | | | |
| 430**567,158_ X | Number of days in the tax year | 365 × 365 | 15 % = | 85,074 | _. d | | |
| Subtotal (amount c plus amount d) | | | · · · · · · · · = | 85,074 | • | | 85,074 H2 |
| Line 410 minus line 350 (if negative | e, enter "0") | | <u> </u> | | е | | |
| Capital expenditures (line 360 in Pa whichever is less* | rt 8) or amount e, | | 440 | | x 39 | 5 % = | 12 |
| Line 360 minus amount e (if negati | ve, enter "0") | | 450 | | | | |
| Amount from line 450 | Number of days in the tax year before 2014 | x | 20% = | | f | | |
| | Number of days in the tax year | | | | | | |
| Amount from line 450** | Number of days in the tax year after 2013 | 365 x | 15 % = | | . g | | |
| | Number of days in the tax year | 365 | | | | | |
| Subtotal (amount f plus amount g) | | | · · · · · · · · = | | > | | J2 |
| If a corporation makes a repayment amount of qualified expenditures for | | | | | t reduced the | | |
| Repayments (amount from line 370 | in Part 8) | | | | | | |
| Enter the amount of the repayment | on the line that corresp | oonds to the app | ropriate rate. | | | | |
| Repayment of assistance that reduction qualifying expenditure for a CCPC** | | 1 | x | 35 % = | | h | |
| Repayment of assistance made afte September 16, 2016 that reduced a qualifying expenditure incurred befo | | 1 | x | 20 % = | | i | |
| Repayment of assistance made after September 16, 2016 that reduced a | er | | | 20 /0 | | · | |
| qualifying expenditure incurred after | | | x | | | j | |
| | | | Subtotal (add | amounts h to j) | | ▶ | K2 |
| Current-year SR&ED ITC (total of | amounts G2 to K2; er | nter on line 540 i | n Part 12) . | | | | 85,074 L2 |
| * For corporations that are not CC | PCs, enter "0" for am | ounts G2 and I2 | | | | | |
| ** For tax years that end after 2013 the reduction is pro-rated based the amount by 15%. | | | | | | | |
| *** If you were a Canadian-controlle expenditure pool that did not exc to investment tax credit. See s | eed your expenditure | limit at the time. | This percentage in | cludes the rate und | ler subsection 12 | 7(10.1), addition | S |

appropriate.

| ⊢ Part 12 – Current-year cre | edit and account bala | nces – ITC from SR&ED expendi | tures ——— | |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|----------------------------|----------------------|
| ITC at the end of the previous tax year | ar | | | M2 |
| Credit deemed as a remittance of co- | -op corporations | 510 | | |
| Credit expired | | 515 | | |
| | | Subtotal (line 510 plus line 515) | > | N2 |
| ITC at the beginning of the tax year (| amount M2 minus amount N2 | <u> </u> | 520 | |
| Credit transferred on an amalgamatic | on or the wind-up of a subsidia | ary 530 | | |
| Total current-year credit (from amou | nt L2 in Part 11) | 540 | 85,074 | |
| Credit allocated from a partnership | | 550 | | |
| | | Subtotal (total of lines 530 to 550) | <u>85,074</u> ► | 85,074 _{O2} |
| Total credit available (line 520 plus a | amount O2) | | | 85,074 _{P2} |
| Credit deducted from Part I tax | | 560 | 85,074 | |
| Credit carried back to previous years | (amount S2 in Part 13) | | k | |
| Credit transferred to offset Part VII ta | ax liability | 580 | | |
| | | otal of line 560, amount k, and line 580) | 85,074 | 85,074 _{Q2} |
| Credit balance before refund (amoun | | | | R2 |
| Refund of credit claimed on SR&ED | expenditures (from Part 14 or | 15, whichever applies) | 610 | |
| ITC closing balance on SR&ED (a | • | | - | |
| , | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | | |
| Part 13 – Request for car | ryback of credit from | SR&ED expenditures ———— | | |
| | Year Month Day | | 577 | |
| 1st previous tax year | | Cre | 0.40 | |
| 2nd previous tax year | | | 0.40 | |
| 3rd previous tax year | | Cre | dit to be applied 913 | |
| | | Ente | er at amount k in Part 12. | S2 |

| ┌ Part 14 – Refund of ITC for qualifying corporations – SR&ED ────────────────── |
|--|
| Complete this part only if you are a qualifying corporation as determined on line 101 in Part 2. |
| Is the corporation an excluded corporation as defined under subsection 127.1(2)? |
| Current-year ITC (lines 540 plus 550 in Part 12 minus amount K2 in Part 11) |
| Refundable credits (amount I or amount R2 in Part 12, whichever is less)* |
| Amount T2 or amount G2 in Part 11, whichever is less |
| Net amount (amount T2 minus amount U2; if negative, enter "0") |
| Amount V2 multiplied by 40 % W: |
| Amount U2 X2 |
| Refund of ITC (amount W2 plus amount X2 – enter this, or a lesser amount, on line 610 in Part 12) Enter the total of line 310 in Part 5 and line 610 in Part 12 on line 780 of the T2 return. |
| * If you are also an excluded corporation, as defined in subsection 127.1(2), this amount must be multiplied by 40%. Claim this, or a lesser amount, as your refund of ITC for amount Y2. |
| ┌ Part 15 – Refund of ITC for CCPCs that are not qualifying or excluded corporations – SR&ED ———————————————————————————————————— |
| Complete this part only if you are a CCPC that is not a qualifying or excluded corporation as determined on line 101 in Part 2. |
| Credit balance before refund (amount R2 in Part 12) |
| Amount Z2 or amount G2 in Part 11, whichever is lessAA |
| Net amount (amount Z2 minus amount AA2; if negative, enter "0") |
| Amount BB2 or amount I2 in Part 11, whichever is lessCC |
| Amount CC2 multiplied by 40 % |
| Amount AA2EE |
| Refund of ITC (amount DD2 plus amount EE2) |
| Enter FF2, or a lesser amount, on line 610 in Part 12 and also on line 780 of the T2 return. |

Recapture - SR&ED

¬ Part 16 – Recapture of ITC for corporations and partnerships – SR&ED

You will have a recapture of ITC in a year when all of the following conditions are met:

- you acquired a particular property in the current year or in any of the 20 previous tax years, and the credit was earned in a tax year ending after 1997 and did not expire before 2008;
- you claimed the cost of the property as a qualified expenditure for SR&ED on Form T661;
- the cost of the property was included in calculating your ITC or was the subject of an agreement made under subsection 127(13) to transfer qualified expenditures; and
- you disposed of the property or converted it to commercial use after February 23, 1998. This condition is also met if you disposed of or converted to commercial use a property that incorporates the particular property previously referred to.

Note:

The recapture **does not apply** if you disposed of the property to a non-arm's-length purchaser who intended to use it all or substantially all for SR&ED. When the non-arm's-length purchaser later sells or converts the property to commercial use, the recapture rules will apply to the purchaser based on the historical ITC rate of the original user.

You will report a recapture on the T2 return for the year in which you disposed of the property or converted it to commercial use. In the following tax year, add the amount of the ITC recapture to the SR&ED expenditure pool.

If you have more than one disposition for calculations 1 and 2, complete the columns for each disposition for which a recapture applies, using the calculation formats below.

| Amount of ITC you originally calculated for the property you acquired, or the original user's ITC where you acquired the property from a non-arm's length party, as described in the note above | Amount calculated using ITC rate at the date of acquisition (or the original user's date of acquisition) on either the proceeds of disposition (if sold in an arm's length transaction) or the fair market value of the property (in any other case) | Amount from column 700 or 710, whichever is less |
|--|--|---|
| 700 | 710 | |

| Α | В | С | D | E | F |
|--|---|--|---|---|--|
| Rate that the transferee used in determining its ITC for qualified expenditures under a subsection 127(13) agreement | Proceeds of disposition of the property if you dispose of it to an arm's length person; or, in any other case, enter the fair market value of the property at conversion or disposition | Amount, if any, already provided for in Calculation 1 (This allows for the situation where only part of the cost of a property is transferred under a subsection 127(13) agreement.) | Amount determined by the formula (A x B) – C | ITC earned by the transferee for the qualified expenditures that were transferred | Amount from column D or E, whichever is less |

Part 16 – Recapture of ITC for corporations and partnerships – SR&ED (continued) -

| | _ | | _ |
|---|-----|-------|-----|
| _ | (:2 | latio | n K |
| | | | |

As a member of the partnership, you will report your share of the SR&ED ITC of the partnership after the SR&ED ITC has been reduced by the amount of the recapture. If this amount is a positive amount, you will report it on line 550 in Part 12. However, if the partnership does not have enough ITC otherwise available to offset the recapture, then the amount by which reductions to ITC exceed additions (the excess) will be determined and reported on line 760.

Corporate partner's share of the excess of SR&ED ITC Enter at amount E3 in Part 17.

| ; | 760 | |
|---|-----|--|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

| Part 17 – Total recapture of SR&ED investm | ent tax credit | |
|--|------------------|----|
| Recaptured ITC from calculation 1, amount A3 in Part 16 | | C3 |
| Recaptured ITC from calculation 2, amount B3 in Part 16 | | D3 |
| Recaptured ITC from calculation 3, line 760 in Part 16 | | E3 |
| Total recapture of SR&ED investment tax credit (total of an Enter at amount A8 in Part 29. | mounts C3 to E3) | F3 |

Pre-Production Mining

¬ Part 18 – Pre-production mining expenditures -

Exploration information

A mineral resource that qualifies for the credit means a mineral deposit from which the principal mineral to be extracted is diamond, a base or precious metal deposit, or a mineral deposit from which the principal mineral to be extracted is an industrial mineral that, when refined, results in a base or precious metal.

In column 800, list all minerals for which pre-production mining expenditures have taken place in the tax year.

For each of the minerals reported in column 800, identify each project (in column 805), mineral title (in column 806), and mining division (in column 807) where title is registered. If there is no mineral title, identify only the project and mining division.

| List of minerals | Project nam | е |
|---|--|-------------|
| Mineral title | Mining division 807 | on |
| Pre-production | mining expenditures* | |
| Exploration: | | |
| Pre-production mining expenditures that you incurred in the tax year (before Jan the existence, location, extent, or quality of a mineral resource in Canada: | uary 1, 2014) for the purpose of determining | |
| Prospecting | | 810 |
| Geological, geophysical, or geochemical surveys | | 811 |
| Drilling by rotary, diamond, percussion, or other methods | | 812 |
| Trenching, digging test pits, and preliminary sampling | | 813 |
| Development: Pre-production mining expenditures incurred in the tax year for bringing a new miproduction in reasonable commercial quantities and incurred before the new mine Clearing, removing overburden, and stripping Sinking a mine shaft, constructing an adit, or other underground entry | | 820 821 |
| Other pre-production mining expenditures incurred in the tax year: | | |
| Description 825 | Amount 826 | |
| | Total of column 826 | ▶ A4 |
| Total pre-production mining expenditures (total of lines 810 to 821 and amount A | 4) | 830 |
| Total of all assistance (grants, subsidies, rebates, and forgivable loans) or reimbreceived or is entitled to receive in respect of the amounts referred to on line 830 | | 832 |
| Excess (line 830 minus line 832) (if negative, enter "0") | | <u></u> B4 |
| Repayments of government and non-government assistance | | 835 |
| Pre-production mining expenditures (amount B4 plus line 835) | | C4 |
| * A pre-production mining expenditure is defined under subsection 127(9). | | |

| ITC at the end of the previous tax | year | | | | | D4 |
|--|---|----------------------------|-------------------------|--|--------------------|-------------|
| Credit deemed as a remittance of | co-op corporations | | 841 | | | |
| Credit expired | | | 845 | | | |
| | | Subtotal (line 84 | 1 plus line 845) | > | | E4 |
| TC at the beginning of the tax yea | ar (amount D4 minus amount E4 | 1) | | 850 | | |
| Credit transferred on an amalgama | ation or the wind-up of a subsidia | ary | | | | |
| Pre-production mining expenditure | es* | | | | | |
| ncurred before January 1, 2013 (applicable part from amount C4 ir | n Part 18) 870 | x | 10 % = | m | | |
| Pre-production mining exploration expenditures** incurred in 2013 | | | | | | |
| (applicable part from amount C4 ir | n Part 18) 872 | x | 5 % = | n | | |
| Pre-production mining developmer | nt | | | | | |
| expenditures incurred in 2014 (applicable part from amount C4 in | n Part 18) 874 | x | 7 % = | o | | |
| Pre-production mining developmer expenditures incurred in 2015 | nt | | | | | |
| applicable part from amount C4 ir | n Part 18) 876 | x | 4 % = | p | | |
| | Current year | ar credit (total of amour | nts m to p) 880 | > | | F4 |
| Total credit available (total of lines | 850, 860, and amount F4) | | | | | G4 |
| Credit deducted from Part I tax | | | 885 | | | |
| Credit carried back to previous yea | | | | | | |
| Stout darnou buok to providuo you | are (amount 11 mil are 20) | | | | | H4 |
| | | | | 890 | | п4 |
| TC closing balance from pre-p | | | | | | |
| Also include pre-production mi 2013 and before 2016 that are | | incurred before 2014 a | nd pre-production mir | ning development expenditu | res incurred after | |
| ** Also include pre-production mi | ning development expenditures i nditure in subsection 127(9) of | | | | | |
| Part 20 – Request for ca | arryback of credit from | pre-production | mining expendi | tures — | | |
| | Year Month Day | | | | | |
| 1st previous tax year | | | c | redit to be applied 921 | | |
| 2nd previous tax year | | | C | redit to be applied 922 | | |
| 3rd previous tax year | | | C | • | | |
| | | | Er | Total of lines 921 to 923 nter at amount q in Part 19. | | 14 |
| | | | | | | |
| | Aı | pprenticeship Jo | b Creation | | | |
| Part 21 – Total current- | year credit – ITC from a | pprenticeship jo | b creation exp | enditures ——— | | |
| If you are a related person as defir | | | - | | | |
| who will be claiming the apprentice | eship job creation tax credit for th | nis tax year for each ap | prentice whose contra | act number | 4 V V | N- |
| or social insurance number (SIN) | , | | , | | | No |
| For each apprentice in their first 2- under an apprenticeship program contract number, enter the SIN or | designed to certify or license ind | ividuals in the trade. For | | | | |
| • | | | | | | |
| A | B | | С | D | E | |

Name of eligible trade

602

Powerline Technician

Powerline Technician

Eligible salary and

wages*

603

69,965

49,486

Column C x

10 %

604

6,997

4,949

Contract number

(SIN or name of apprentice)

601

Michael Cudmore

Jarrett Richard

2.

2,000

2,000

Lesser of

column D or

\$ 2,000

605

| 601 | 602 | wages* | 10 % 604 | column D or \$ 2,000 605 | |
|-------------|---------------------------|--|---|---|---|
| rek Barss | Powerline Technician | 67,803 | 6,780 | 2,000 | ĺ |
| ett Hodgkin | Powerline Technician | 11,255 | 1,126 | 1,126 | i |
| | | • | ` , | 7,126 | A5 |
| | 601 rek Barss ett Hodgkin | 601 602 rek Barss Powerline Technician | 601 602 603 rek Barss Powerline Technician 67,803 ett Hodgkin Powerline Technician 11,255 Total current-year cr | 601 602 603 604 rek Barss Powerline Technician 67,803 6,780 | \$2,000 \$2,000 \$605 \$2,000 \$605 \$2,000 |

* Other than qualified expenditure incurred, and net of any other government or non-government assistance received or to be received. Eligible salary

| and wages, and qualified | expenditures are defined under su | ubsection 127(9). | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|-------------|---------------------|
| – Part 22 – Current-yea | ar credit and account bala | nces – ITC from apprenticesh | ip job creation e | xpenditure | s ——— |
| ITC at the end of the previous | tax year | | | | B5 |
| Credit deemed as a remittance | e of co-op corporations | 612 | | | |
| Credit expired after 20 tax year | rs | 615 <u> </u> | | | |
| | | Subtotal (line 612 plus line 615) = | | . | C5 |
| ITC at the beginning of the tax | year (amount B5 minus amount C5 | 5) | | 625 | |
| Credit transferred on an amalg | gamation or the wind-up of a subsidia | ary 630 | | _ | |
| ITC from repayment of assista | ınce | 635 | | _ | |
| Total current-year credit (amou | unt A5 in Part 21) | 640 | 7,126 | _ | |
| Credit allocated from a partner | ship | 655 _ | | | |
| | | Subtotal (total of lines 630 to 655) | 7,126 | > | 7,126 _{D5} |
| Total credit available (line 625 | plus amount D5) | | | <u></u> | 7,126 E5 |
| Credit deducted from Part I tax | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 660 | 7,126 | | |
| Credit carried back to previous | years (amount G5 in Part 23) | | | r | |
| | | Subtotal (line 660 plus amount r) | 7,126 | . | 7,126 F5 |
| ITC closing balance from ap | prenticeship job creation expend | ditures (amount E5 minus amount F5) | | 690 | |
| | | | | | |
| – Part 23 – Request for | r carryback of credit from | apprenticeship job creation e | xpenditures — | | |
| | Year Month Day | | | | |
| 1st previous tax year | | | • | 931 | |
| 2nd previous tax year | | | • | 932 | |
| 3rd previous tax year | | | Credit to be applied Total of lines 931 | 933 | |
| | | | Enter at amount r in Pa | | G5 |

Child Care Spaces

┌ Part 24 – Eligible child care spaces expenditures

Enter the eligible expenditures that you incurred after March 18, 2007 and before March 22, 2017* to create licensed child care spaces for the children of the employees and, potentially, for other children. You cannot be carrying on a child care services business. The eligible expenditures include:

- the cost of depreciable property (other than specified property); and
- the specified child care start-up expenditures.

Properties should be acquired and expenditures should be incurred only to create new child care spaces at a licensed child care facility.

| | Capital cost allowance class number | Description of investment | Date available for use | Amount of investment |
|----------|---|--|---|----------------------|
| | 665 | 675 | 685 | 695 |
| 1. | | | | |
| | | Total cost of depreciable property from the current | tax year (total of column 695) 715 | |
| pecifie | d child care start-up expenditure | | 705 | |
| otal gro | ss eligible expenditures for child | care spaces (line 715 plus line 705) | | |
| | , , , | subsidies, rebates, and forgivable loans) or reimbursements receive in respect of the amounts referred to in amount A6 | that the 725 | |
| xcess (| (amount A6 minus line 725) (if r | negative, enter "0") | | |
| on avem | ents by the corporation of govern | nment and non-government assistance | 735 | |
| ераупп | | | | |
| | gible expenditures for child o | are spaces (amount B6 plus line 735) | 745 | |

| Part 25 – Current | -vear credit – | ITC from c | hild care s | paces ex | penditures |
|-------------------|----------------|------------|-------------|----------|------------|
|-------------------|----------------|------------|-------------|----------|------------|

| The credit is e | equal to 25% o | if eligible child c | are spaces exp | enditures incur | red to a maxim | num of \$10,000 | per child care spa | ce created in a l | icensed child |
|-----------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| care facility. | | | | | | | | | |

| Eligible expenditures (from line 745 in Part 24) | x | 25 % = | C6 |
|--|------|----------|----|
| Number of child care spaces | x \$ | 10,000 = | D6 |

ITC from child care spaces expenditures (amount C6 or D6, whichever is less)

| Part 26 – Current-ye | ar credit and account bal | ances – ITC from child care sp | oaces expenditures ———— | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|---|----|
| ITC at the end of the previous | tax year | | | F6 |
| Credit deemed as a remittance | e of co-op corporations | | | |
| Credit expired after 20 tax year | ars | | | |
| | | Subtotal (line 765 plus line 770) | > | G6 |
| ITC at the beginning of the tax | x year (amount F6 minus amount 0 | 66) | 775 | |
| Credit transferred on an amalo | gamation or the wind-up of a subsid | liary 777 | | |
| Total current-year credit (amo | ount E6 in Part 25) | 780 | | |
| Credit allocated from a partne | rship | 782 | | |
| · | · | Subtotal (total of lines 777 to 782) | > | H6 |
| Total credit available (line 775 | plus amount H6) | | | 16 |
| Credit deducted from Part I ta | | 785 | | |
| Credit carried back to previous | s years (amount K6 in Part 27) | | s | |
| | | Subtotal (line 785 plus amount s) | > | J6 |
| ITC closing balance from cl | hild care spaces expenditures (a | | 790 | |
| ⊢ Part 27 – Request fo | or carryback of credit fron | n child care space expenditure | 98 | |
| | Year Month Day | | | |
| 1st previous tax year | 2018-12-31 | | Credit to be applied 941 | |
| 2nd previous tax year | 2017-12-31 | | | |
| 3rd previous tax year | 2016-12-31 | | Credit to be applied 943 | |
| | | | Total of lines 941 to 943 Enter at amount s in Part 26. | K6 |

Recapture - Child Care Spaces

| Part 28 – Recapture of ITC for corporations and partnerships – Child care spaces ———————————————————————————————————— |
|---|
| The ITC will be recovered against the taxpayer's tax otherwise payable under Part I of the Act if, at any time within 60 months of the day on which the taxpayer acquired the property: |
| the new child care space is no longer available; or |
| property that was an eligible expenditure for the child care space is: |
| - disposed of or leased to a lessee; or |
| converted to another use. |
| If the property disposed of is a child care space, the amount that can reasonably be considered to have been included in the original ITC (paragraph 127(27.12)(a)) |
| In the case of eligible expenditures (paragraph 127(27.12)(b)), the lesser of: |
| The amount that can reasonably be considered to have been included in the original ITC 795 |
| 25% of either the proceeds of disposition (if sold in an arm's length transaction) or the fair market value (in any other case) of the property |
| Amount from line 795 or line 797, whichever is less A7 |
| ┌ Partnerships ──────────────────────────────────── |
| As a member of the partnership, you will report your share of the child care spaces ITC of the partnership after the child care spaces ITC has been reduced by the amount of the recapture. If this amount is a positive amount, you will report it on line 782 in Part 26. However, if the partnership does not have enough ITC otherwise available to offset the recapture, then the amount by which reductions to ITC exceed additions (the excess) will be determined and reported on line 799 below. |
| Corporate partner's share of the excess of ITC Total recapture of child care spaces investment tax credit (total of line 792, amount A7, and line 799) |
| Summary of Investment Tax Credits |
| ┌ Part 29 – Total recapture of investment tax credit ────────────────────────── |
| Recaptured SR&ED ITC (amount F3 in Part 17) |
| Recaptured child care spaces ITC (amount B7 in Part 28) |
| Total recapture of investment tax credit (amount A8 plus amount B8) |
| Enter on line 602 of the T2 return. |
| Part 30 – Total ITC deducted from Part I tax |
| ITC from investments in qualified property deducted from Part I tax (line 260 in Part 5) |
| ITC from SR&ED expenditures deducted from Part I tax (line 560 in Part 12) |
| ITC from pre-production mining expenditures deducted from Part I tax (line 885 in Part 19) |
| ITC from apprenticeship job creation expenditures deducted from Part I tax (line 660 in Part 22) |
| ITC from child care space expenditures deducted from Part I tax (line 785 in Part 26) |
| Total ITC deducted from Part I tax (total of amounts D8 to H8) |

Summary of Investment Tax Credit Carryovers

| CCA class number 97 | Apprenticeship j | ob creation ITC | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Current year | | | | | |
| | Addition current year (A) | Applied current year (B) | Claimed as a refund (C) | Carried back (D) | ITC end of year (A-B-C-D) |
| | 7,126 | 7,126 | | | |
| Prior years | | | | | |
| axation year | | ITC beginning of year (E) | Adjustments (F) | Applied current year (G) | ITC end of year (E-F-G) |
| 2018-12-31 | | (=) | (1) | (0) | (210) |
| 2017-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2016-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2015-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2014-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2013-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2012-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2011-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2010-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2009-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2008-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2007-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2006-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2005-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2004-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2003-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2002-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2001-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2000-12-31 | | | | | |
| | Total | | | | |
| B+C+D+G | | | | Total ITC utilized | 7,126 |

^{*} The **ITC end of year** includes the amount of ITC expired from the 10th preceding year if it is before January 1, 1998, or the amount of ITC expired from the 20th preceding year if it is after December 31, 1997. Note that this credit expires at the end of the tax year and any expired credit will be posted to line 215, 515, 615, 770 or 845, as applicable, in Schedule 31 the following year.

Summary of Investment Tax Credit Carryovers

| CCA class number 99 | Cur. or cap. R&I | O for ITC | | | |
|---------------------|--|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Current year | | | | | |
| | Addition urrent year (A) 85,074 | Applied current year (B) 85,074 | Claimed as a refund (C) | Carried back (D) | ITC end of year (A-B-C-D) |
| Prior years | 05,071 | 05,071 | | | |
| Faxation year | | ITC beginning of year (E) | Adjustments (F) | Applied current year (G) | ITC end of year (E-F-G) |
| 2018-12-31 | | , , | , , | , , | , , |
| 2017-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2016-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2015-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2014-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2013-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2012-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2011-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2010-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2009-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2008-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2007-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2006-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2005-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2004-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2003-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2002-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2001-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2000-12-31 | | | | | |
| | Total | | | | |
| 3+C+D+G | | | | Total ITC utilized | 85,074 |

^{*} The **ITC end of year** includes the amount of ITC expired from the 10th preceding year if it is before January 1, 1998, or the amount ITC expired from the 20th preceding year if it is after December 31, 1997. Note that this credit expires at the end of the tax year and any expired credit will be posted to line 215, 515, 615, 770 or 845, as applicable, in Schedule 31 the following year.

Agence du revenu du Canada Schedule 33

Taxable Capital Employed in Canada – Large Corporations

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

- Use this schedule in determining if the total taxable capital employed in Canada of the corporation (other than a financial institution or an insurance corporation) and its related corporations is greater than \$10,000,000.
- If the total taxable capital employed in Canada of the corporation and its related corporations is greater than \$10,000,000, file a completed Schedule 33 with your T2 Corporation Income Tax Return no later than six months from the end of the tax year.
- Unless otherwise noted, all legislative references are to the Income Tax Act and the Income Tax Regulations.
- Subsection 181(1) defines the terms financial institution, long-term debt, and reserves.
- Subsection 181(3) provides the basis to determine the carrying value of a corporation's assets or any other amount under Part I.3 for its capital, investment allowance, taxable capital, or taxable capital employed in Canada, or for a partnership in which it has an interest.
- If the corporation was a non-resident of Canada throughout the year and carried on a business through a permanent establishment in Canada, go to Part 4,
 Taxable capital employed in Canada.

| ┌ Part 1 – Capital ───── | | |
|---|-------------|-----------------|
| Add the following year-end amounts: | | |
| Reserves that have not been deducted in calculating income for the year under Part I 101 | 12,995,681 | |
| Capital stock (or members' contributions if incorporated without share capital) | 23,064,000 | |
| Retained earnings | 29,195,000 | |
| Contributed surplus | <u> </u> | |
| Any other surpluses | | |
| Deferred unrealized foreign exchange gains | <u> </u> | |
| All loans and advances to the corporation | 77,833,000 | |
| All indebtedness of the corporation represented by bonds, debentures, notes, mortgages, hypothecary claims, bankers' acceptances, or similar obligations | 1 | |
| Any dividends declared but not paid by the corporation before the end of the year | | |
| All other indebtedness of the corporation (other than any indebtedness for a lease) that has been outstanding for more than 365 days before the end of the year | 1 | |
| The total of all amounts, each of which is the amount, if any, in respect of a partnership in which the corporation held a membership interest at the end of the year, either directly or indirectly through another partnership (see note below) | 1 | |
| Subtotal (add lines 101 to 112) | 143,087,681 | ► 143,087,681 A |

Note:

Line 112 is determined by the formula (A - B) x C/D (as per paragraph 181.2(3)(g)) where:

- A is the total of all amounts that would be determined for lines 101, 107, 108, 109, and 111 in respect of the partnership for its last fiscal period that ends at or before the end of the year if
 - a) those lines applied to partnerships in the same manner that they apply to corporations, and
 - b) those amounts were computed without reference to amounts owing by the partnership
 - (i) to any corporation that held a membership interest in the partnership either directly or indirectly through another partnership, or
 - (ii) to any partnership in which a corporation described in subparagraph (i) held a membership interest either directly or indirectly through another partnership.
- B is the partnership's deferred unrealized foreign exchange losses at the end of the period,
- C is the share of the partnership's income or loss for the period to which the corporation is entitled either directly or indirectly through another partnership, and
- D is the partnership's income or loss for the period.

| Part 1 – Capital (continued) — | | | |
|--|---|---|---------------|
| | | Subtotal A (from page 1) | 143,087,681 A |
| educt the following amounts: | | | |
| Deferred tax debit balance at the end of the year | | 2,072,000 | |
| Any deficit deducted in calculating its shareholders' equity (including, famount of any provision for the redemption of preferred shares) at the | | | |
| To the extent that the amount may reasonably be regarded as being income to 112 above for the year, any amount deducted under subsection income under Part I for the year. | 135(1) in calculating | | |
| Deferred unrealized foreign exchange losses at the end of the year | 124 | | |
| | Subtotal (add lines 121 to 124) | 2,072,000 | 2,072,000 B |
| apital for the year (amount A minus amount B) (if negative, enter "0" | ") | 190 | 141,015,681 |
| Part 2 – Investment allowance | | | |
| dd the carrying value at the end of the year of the following assets of the | ne corporation: | | |
| | | | |
| A share of another corporation | | 401 | |
| A share of another corporation | | | |
| A loan or advance to another corporation (other than a financial institution (other than a financial institution). A bond, debenture, note, mortgage, hypothecary claim, or similar obligations. | ion) | 402 | |
| A loan or advance to another corporation (other than a financial institution A bond, debenture, note, mortgage, hypothecary claim, or similar obligation than a financial institution) | ion) ation of another corporation | 402 | |
| A loan or advance to another corporation (other than a financial institution A bond, debenture, note, mortgage, hypothecary claim, or similar obligation than a financial institution) | ion) ation of another corporation | 402 403 404 | |
| A loan or advance to another corporation (other than a financial institution A bond, debenture, note, mortgage, hypothecary claim, or similar obligation (other than a financial institution) Long-term debt of a financial institution A dividend payable on a share of the capital stock of another corporation A loan or advance to, or a bond, debenture, note, mortgage, hypotheca member of which was, throughout the year, another corporation (other tax under this Part (otherwise than because of paragraph 181.1(3)(d)), | ion) ation of another corporation on ory claim or similar obligation of, a partne than a financial institution) that was not o | 402 403 404 405 405 405 405 | |
| A loan or advance to another corporation (other than a financial institution A bond, debenture, note, mortgage, hypothecary claim, or similar obligation (other than a financial institution) Long-term debt of a financial institution A dividend payable on a share of the capital stock of another corporation (A loan or advance to, or a bond, debenture, note, mortgage, hypotheca member of which was, throughout the year, another corporation (other tax under this Part (otherwise than because of paragraph 181.1(3)(d)), paragraph 181.2(4)(d.1) | ation of another corporation on ory claim or similar obligation of, a partne than a financial institution) that was not or another partnership described in | 402 403 404 405 rship each exempt from 406 | |
| A loan or advance to another corporation (other than a financial institution A bond, debenture, note, mortgage, hypothecary claim, or similar obligation (other than a financial institution) Long-term debt of a financial institution A dividend payable on a share of the capital stock of another corporation A loan or advance to, or a bond, debenture, note, mortgage, hypotheca member of which was, throughout the year, another corporation (other tax under this Part (otherwise than because of paragraph 181.1(3)(d)), paragraph 181.2(4)(d.1) An interest in a partnership (see note 2 below) | ion) ation of another corporation on or claim or similar obligation of, a partne than a financial institution) that was not or another partnership described in | 402 403 404 405 rship each exempt from 406 407 | |
| A loan or advance to another corporation (other than a financial institution A bond, debenture, note, mortgage, hypothecary claim, or similar obligation (other than a financial institution) Long-term debt of a financial institution A dividend payable on a share of the capital stock of another corporation A loan or advance to, or a bond, debenture, note, mortgage, hypotheca member of which was, throughout the year, another corporation (other tax under this Part (otherwise than because of paragraph 181.1(3)(d)), paragraph 181.2(4)(d.1) An interest in a partnership (see note 2 below) | ion) ation of another corporation on or claim or similar obligation of, a partne than a financial institution) that was not or another partnership described in | 402 403 404 405 405 405 406 407 490 490 490 490 490 490 490 490 490 490 | |
| A loan or advance to another corporation (other than a financial institution A bond, debenture, note, mortgage, hypothecary claim, or similar obligation (other than a financial institution) Long-term debt of a financial institution A dividend payable on a share of the capital stock of another corporation (A loan or advance to, or a bond, debenture, note, mortgage, hypothecamember of which was, throughout the year, another corporation (other tax under this Part (otherwise than because of paragraph 181.1(3)(d)), paragraph 181.2(4)(d.1) An interest in a partnership (see note 2 below) Investment allowance for the year (add lines 401 to 407) otes: Lines 401 to 405 should not include the carrying value of a share of the exempt from tax under Part I.3 (other than a non-resident corporation) | ation of another corporation on or claim or similar obligation of, a partne than a financial institution) that was not or another partnership described in the capital stock of, a dividend payable be that at no time in the year carried on but rectly or indirectly through another partnership. | 402 403 404 405 rship each exempt from 406 407 490 y, or indebtedness of a corporation siness in Canada through a perr | manent |

......

............

Capital for the year (line 190)

Deduct: Investment allowance for the year (line 490)

141,015,681 C

141,015,681

| – Part 4 – Taxab | le capital employed | | | | |
|--|--|--|-------------------------------|--|--------------|
| | To be com | pleted by a corporation that was | s resident in Canada at | any time in the year | |
| Taxable capital for the year (line 500) | 141,015,681 x | | | Taxable capital employed in Canada 690 | 141,015,681 |
| | | Taxable income | 2,440,620 | | |
| Where a to have a | corporation's taxable income taxable income for that year | culating the amount of taxable incon e for a tax year is "0," it shall, for the r of \$1,000. Regulation 8601 should be conside | e purposes of the above of | | |
| | | eted by a corporation that was a carried on a business through a | | | |
| | | value at the end of the year of an as ousiness during the year through a p | | | |
| Deduct the following | amounts: | | | | |
| paragraphs 181.2(3)(| | [other than indebtedness described y be regarded as relating to a busing ment in Canada | | | |
| described in subsection year, in the course of | on 181.2(4) of the corporation | value at the end of year of an asset on that it used in the year, or held in uring the year through a permanent | the | | |
| corporation that is a s personal or movable p | hip or aircraft the corporation or aircraft the corporation or aircraft the corporation or aircraft the corporation of the corp | value at the end of year of an asset n operated in international traffic, or corporation in carrying on any busir nt in Canada (see note below) | ſ | | |
| | | Total deductions (add li | ines 711, 712, and 713) | > | E |
| Taxable capital emp | loyed in Canada (line 701 | minus amount E) (if negative, ente | er "0") | | |
| | | hich the corporation is resident did a ship or aircraft in international tra | | | |
| − Part 5 – Calcul | ation for purposes | of the small business ded | duction — | | |
| This part is applicat | ole to corporations that a | e not associated in the current y | vear, but were associate | ed in the prior year. | |
| Taxable capital emplo | yed in Canada (amount fror | n line 690) | | | F |
| Deduct: | | | | | 10,000,000 G |
| | | Exce | ess (amount F minus am | nount G) (if negative, enter "0") | H |
| Calculation for purp | oses of the small busines | ss deduction (amount H x 0.225%) | | | 1 |
| Enter this amount at I | ine 415 of the T2 return. | | | | |

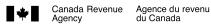
Attached Schedule with Total

Part 1 – All loans and advances to the corporation

Title Part 1 – All loans and advances to the corporation

| | Operator | |
|--|----------|---------------|
| Description | (Note) | Amount |
| Due to affiliate | | 5,765,000 00 |
| Customer advance payments | | 844,000 00 |
| Current portion of long-term liabilities | | 916,000 00 |
| Note payable to shareholder | | 60,064,000 00 |
| Customer advance deposits | | 2,284,000 00 |
| Regulatory liabilities | | 8,712,000 00 |
| Regulatory assets | | -752,000 00 |
| | | |
| | | |
| | Total | 77,833,000 00 |

Note: The calculations are performed one at a time, from the first to the last line, and not according to the priority rules of the operations. For example, the formula 1+2*3 will not result in the same thing as the formula 1+3*2.



Schedule 50

Shareholder Information

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

- All private corporations must complete this schedule for any shareholder who holds 10% or more of the corporation's common and/or preferred shares.
- Provide only one number per shareholder (business number, social insurance number or trust number).

| | Name of shareholder (after name, indicate in brackets if the shareholder is a corporation, partnership, individual, or trust) | Business number (If a corporation is not registered, enter "NR") | Social insurance number | Trust number | Percentage common shares | Percentage preferred shares |
|----|---|--|-------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | 100 | 200 | 300 | 350 | 400 | 500 |
| 1 | Oshawa Power and Utilities Corporation | 86486 7593 RC0001 | | | 100.000 | |
| 2 | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | |
| 5 | | | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | | |
| 7 | | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | | |
| 9 | | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | | |



Agence du revenu du Canada Schedule 53

General Rate Income Pool (GRIP) Calculation

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

On: 2019-12-31

- If you are a Canadian-controlled private corporation (CCPC) or a deposit insurance corporation (DIC), use this schedule to determine the general rate income pool (GRIP).
- Credit unions are **not** required to complete this schedule.
- All legislative references are to the Income Tax Act and the Income Tax Regulations.
- When an eligible dividend was paid in the tax year or there was a change in the GRIP balance, file a completed copy of this schedule with your T2 Corporation Income Tax Return. Do not send your worksheets with your return, but keep them in your records in case we ask to see them later.
- Subsection 89(1) defines the terms eligible dividend, excessive eligible dividend designation, general rate income pool, and low rate income pool.

| ┌ Eligibility for the various additions ───── | |
|--|------------------------------|
| Answer the following questions to determine the corporation's eligibility for the various additions: | |
| 2006 addition 1. Is this the corporation's first taxation year that includes January 1, 2006? 2. If not, what is the date of the taxation year end of the corporation's first year that includes January 1, 2006? Enter the date and go directly to question 4 3. During that first year, was the corporation a CCPC or would it have been a CCPC if not for the election of subsection 89(11) ITA? If the answer to question 3 is yes, complete Part "GRIP addition for 2006". | Yes X No 2006-12-31 X Yes No |
| Change in the type of corporation | |
| 4. Was the corporation a CCPC during its preceding taxation year? 5. Corporations that become a CCPC or a DIC If the answer to question 5 is yes, complete Part 4. | X Yes No |
| Amalgamation (first year of filing after amalgamation) | |
| 6. Corporations that were formed as a result of an amalgamation If the answer to question 6 is yes, answer questions 7 and 8. If the answer is no, go to question 9. | Yes X No |
| 7. Was one or more of the predecessor corporations neither a CCPC nor a DIC? If the answer to question 7 is yes, complete Part 4. | Yes No |
| 8. Was one or more of the predecessor corporation a CCPC or a DIC during the taxation year that ended immediately before amalgamation? If the answer to question 8 is yes, complete Part 3. | Yes No |
| Winding-up | |
| 9. Has the corporation wound-up a subsidiary in the preceding taxation year? If the answer to question 9 is yes, answer questions 10 and 11. If the answer is no, go to Part 1. | Yes X No |
| 10. Was the subsidiary neither a CCPC nor a DIC during its last taxation year? If the answer to question 10 is yes, complete Part 4. | Yes No |
| 11. Was the subsidiary a CCPC or a DIC during its last taxation year? If the answer to question 11 is yes, complete Part 3. | Yes No |

Canad'ä

T2 SCH53 E (19)

| Dout 1 Conord rate income neel (CDID) | |
|--|------------|
| Part 1 – General rate income pool (GRIP) | |
| GRIP at the end of the previous tax year | 26 |
| Taxable income for the year (DICs enter "0") * | |
| Amount on line 400, 405, 410, and 427 or 428** of the T2 return, whichever is the least * | |
| Income taxable at the general corporate rate (line 110 minus amount A) | |
| (if negative enter "0") | |
| After-tax income (line 150 multiplied by 0.72 (the general rate factor for the tax year)) | <u> 46</u> |
| Eligible dividends received in the tax year | |
| Dividends deductible under section 113 received in the tax year | |
| Subtotal (line 200 plus line 210) | В |
| Becoming a CCPC (amount W5 in Part 4) Post-amalgamation (total of amounts E4 in Part 3 and amounts W5 in Part 4) Post-wind-up (total of amounts E4 in Part 3 and amounts W5 in Part 4) Subtotal (add lines 220, 230, and 240) Subtotal (add lines 100, 190, 290, and amount B) 220 230 240 290 Subtotal (add lines 100, 190, 290, and amount B) | 372 c |
| \ <u></u> | <u> </u> |
| Eligible dividends paid in the previous tax year | |
| (If becoming a CCPC (subsection 89(4) applies), enter "0" on lines 300 and 310.) | _ |
| Subtotal (line 300 minus line 310) | D |
| GRIP before adjustment for specified future tax consequences (amount C minus amount D) (amount can be negative) 490 | 372 |
| Total GRIP adjustment for specified future tax consequences to previous tax years (amount L3 in Part 2) | |
| GRIP at the end of the tax year (line 490 minus line 560) Enter this amount on line 160 of Schedule 55. | <u>72</u> |
| * For lines 110, 130, and 140, the income amount is the amount before considering specified future tax consequences. This phrase is defined in subsection 248(1). It includes the deduction of a loss carryback from subsequent tax years, a reduction of Canadian exploration expenses and Canadian development expenses that were renounced in subsequent tax years (e.g., flow-through share renunciations), reversals of income inclusions where an option is exercised in subsequent tax years, and the effect of certain foreign tax credit adjustments. | |
| ** If your tay year starts before 2010, use line 427. If your tay year starts ofter 2018, use line 429. | |

| rst previous tax year 20 | 18-12-31 | | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|---------------------|
| xable income before specifi m the current tax year . | | | A1 | | |
| iter the following amounts | before specified future t | | | | |
| nount on line 400, 405, 410, 7 or 428** of the T2 return, lichever is the least | | B1 | | | |
| gregate investment income ne 440 of the T2 return) . | | | | | |
| Subtotal (amount B1 plus | amount C1) | > | D1 | | |
| Subtotal (amount A1 | minus amount D1) (if nega | tive, enter "0") | > | E1 | |
| | Futu | re tax consequences that | t occur for the current | year | |
| | Aı | nount carried back from the | e current year to a prior ye | ear | |
| Non-capital los: carry-back (paragraph 111 (1)(a) ITA) | Capital loss carry-back | Restricted farm loss carry-back | Farm loss carry-back | Other | Total carrybacks |
| | future tax consequences | | F1 | | |
| xable income after specified | rataro tax concequences | | ·· | | |
| xable income after specified | after specified future tax | Consequences. | | | |
| nter the following amounts nount on line 400, 405, 410, 7 or 428** of the T2 return, | and | · | | | |
| nter the following amounts | and | G1 | | | |
| nount on line 400, 405, 410, 7 or 428** of the T2 return, iichever is the least | and | G1 H1 | I1 | | |
| nount on line 400, 405, 410, 7 or 428** of the T2 return, inchever is the least | and | G1 H1 ► | I1 ▶ | J1 | |

| | 7 12 21 | | | • , | • |
|---|---|---|--------------------------------|--------|------------|
| econd previous tax year <u>201</u> | ./-12-31 | | | | |
| axable income before specified fut e current tax year | | from | Δ2 | | |
| nter the following amounts before | | | | | |
| onsequences from the current t | | 1X | | | |
| mount on line 400, 405, 410, and | | | | | |
| 27 or 428** of the T2 return, | | DO. | | | |
| hichever is the least | | В2 | | | |
| ne 440 of the T2 return) | <u></u> | C2 | | | |
| Subtotal (amount B2 plus amo | unt C2) | | D2 | | |
| | | ive, enter "0") | _ | E2 | 2 |
| | | | | | |
| | Futu | re tax consequences tha | t occur for the current | year | |
| | An | nount carried back from the | current year to a prior ye | ear | |
| Non-capital loss carry-back | Capital loss | Restricted farm | Farm loss | | Total |
| (paragraph 111 | carry-back | loss carry-back | carry-back | Other | carrybacks |
| (1)(a) ITA) | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| xable income after specified futur | re tax consequences | • | F2 | | |
| ter the following amounts afte | r specified future tax | consequences: | | | |
| mount on line 400, 405, 410, and | | | | | |
| 27 or 428** of the T2 return, hichever is the least | | C2 | | | |
| | | G2 | | | |
| | | H2 | | | |
| ggregate investment income ne 440 of the T2 return) | <u></u> | | | | |
| ggregate investment income ne 440 of the T2 return) | | > | 12 | | |
| ggregate investment income ne 440 of the T2 return) Subtotal (amount G2 plus amo | ount H2) | | | J2 | 2 |
| ggregate investment income ne 440 of the T2 return) Subtotal (amount G2 plus amo | ount H2) | ive, enter "0") | > | J2 | |
| ggregate investment income ne 440 of the T2 return) Subtotal (amount G2 plus amo Subtotal (amount F2 min | ount H2) u s amount l2) (if negal Subtotal (amount | ive, enter "0") | negative, enter "0") | | |
| ggregate investment income ne 440 of the T2 return) Subtotal (amount G2 plus amo Subtotal (amount F2 min | ount H2) nus amount I2) (if negat Subtotal (amount ature tax consequence | ive, enter "0") | negative, enter "0")s tax year | K | |

| Third previous tax year <u>20</u> | 16-12-31 | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------|---------------------|
| Taxable income before specifie the current tax year | | from | A3 | | |
| Enter the following amounts consequences from the curr | | ах | | | |
| Amount on line 400, 405, 410, 427 or 428** of the T2 return, whichever is the least | | B3 | | | |
| Aggregate investment income (line 440 of the T2 return) | | C3 | | | |
| Subtotal (amount B3 plus | amount C3) | > | D3 | | |
| | ninus amount D3) (if nega | | > | E | ≣3 |
| | Futu | ire tax consequences tha | t occur for the current | vear | |
| | | mount carried back from the | , | | |
| Non-capital loss carry-back (paragraph 111 (1)(a) ITA) | Capital loss carry-back | Restricted farm loss carry-back | Farm loss carry-back | Other | Total carrybacks |
| Taxable income after specified | future tax consequences | | F3 | | |
| Enter the following amounts | after specified future tax | consequences: | | | |
| Amount on line 400, 405, 410, 427 or 428** of the T2 return, whichever is the least | | G3 | | | |
| Aggregate investment income (line 440 of the T2 return) | | | | | |
| Subtotal (amount G3 plus | amount H3) | > | I3 | | |
| | | tive, enter "0") | | | J3 |
| | | t E3 minus amount J3) (if | | | K 3 |
| GRIP adjustment for specific (amount K3 multiplied by Total GRIP adjustment for sp (add lines 500, 520, and 540) | 0.72) pecified future tax conse | quences to previous tax y | | | |
| Enter amount L3 on line 560 in | , | | | | |
| ** If your tax year starts before | 2019. use line 427. If your | tax vear starts after 2018. u | ıse line 428. | | |

| ┌ Part 3 – Worksheet to calculate the GRIP addition post-amalgamation or post-wind-up —— | |
|---|------------------------------------|
| (predecessor or subsidiary was a CCPC or a DIC in its last tax year) | |
| nb. 1 Post amalgamation Post wind-up | |
| Complete this part when there has been an amalgamation (within the meaning assigned by subsection 87(1)) or a wind-up (to whapplies) and the predecessor or subsidiary corporation was a CCPC or a DIC in its last tax year. The last tax year for a predecess year that ended immediately before the amalgamation and for a subsidiary corporation was its tax year during which its assets we on the wind-up. | sor corporation was its tax |
| Calculate the GRIP addition of a successor corporation following an amalgamation at the end of its first tax year. | |
| Calculate the GRIP addition of a parent corporation upon wind-up at the end of the tax year that ends immediately after the tax year received the assets of the subsidiary. | ar in which the parent has |
| In the calculation below, corporation means a predecessor or a subsidiary. Complete a separate worksheet for each predecessor was a CCPC or a DIC in its last tax year. Keep a copy of this calculation for your records, in case we ask to see it later. | or and each subsidiary that |
| Corporation's GRIP at the end of its last tax year | A4 |
| Eligible dividends paid by the corporation in its last tax year | _ B4 |
| Excessive eligible dividend designations made by the corporation in its last tax year | _ C4 |
| Subtotal (amount B4 minus amount C4) | D4 |
| GRIP addition post-amalgamation or post-wind-up (predecessor or subsidiary was a CCPC or a DIC in its last tax year) (amount A4 minus amount D4) | <u></u> E4 |
| After you complete this calculation for each predecessor and each subsidiary, calculate the total of all the E4 amounts. Enter this | total amount on: |
| line 230 for post-amalgamation; or | |
| line 240 for post-wind-up. | |

| Part 4 – Worksheet to calculate the GRIP addition (predecessor or subsidiary was not a CC | npost-amalgamatio PC or a DIC in its la | n, post-wind-up ——— ast tax year), | | |
|---|---|---|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| or the corporation is becoming a CCPC | | | | |
| nb. 1 Corporation becoming a CCPC Post ama | algamation | . Post wind-up | | |
| Complete this part when there has been an amalgamation (within the mand the predecessor or subsidiary was not a CCPC or a DIC in its last immediately before the amalgamation and for a subsidiary corporation of the complete the subsidiary corporation of the complete the subsidiary corporation of the complete the complete the subsidiary corporation of the complete the | tax year.The last tax year f | or a predecessor corporation was | s its tax year that ended | |
| Calculate the GRIP addition of a successor corporation following an ar | nalgamation at the end of it | s first tax year. | | |
| Calculate the GRIP addition of a parent corporation upon wind-up at th received the assets of the subsidiary. | e end of the tax year that e | nds immediately after the tax year | r in which the parent has | |
| In the calculation below, corporation means a predecessor or a subsi was a CCPC or a DIC in its last year. Keep a copy of this calculation for | | | r and each subsidiary that | |
| Cost amount to the corporation of all property immediately before the en | nd of its previous/last tax ye | ear | | _ A5 |
| The corporation's money on hand immediately before the end of its pre | vious/last tax year | | | _ B5 |
| Total of subsection 111(1) losses that would have been deductible in c the previous/last tax year if the corporation had had unlimited income fr had realized an unlimited amount of capital gains for the previous/last t | om each business carried | | | |
| Non-capital losses | C | 5 | | |
| Net capital losses | D | 05 | | |
| Farm losses | | 5 | | |
| Restricted farm losses | | 5 | | |
| Limited partnership losses | | G5 | | |
| Subtotal (add amounts C5 to G5) | D | · | H5 | |
| Total of all amounts deducted under subsection 111(1) in calculating the | ne corporation's taxable inc | ome for the previous/last tax year | . | |
| Non-capital losses | Į: | 5 | | |
| Net capital losses | | 5 | | |
| Farm losses | | (5 | | |
| Restricted farm losses | L | .5 | | |
| Limited partnership losses | N | 15 | | |
| Subtotal (add amounts I5 to M5) | | · | N5 | |
| Unused and unexpired losses at the end of the c | orporation's previous/last ta (amount H5 minus amou | | > | _ 05 |
| | | Subtotal (add amounts A5, B5, | and O5) | _ _ P5 |
| All the corporation's debts and other obligations to pay that were outstanding immediately before the end of its previous/last tax year | | | Q5 | |
| Paid-up capital of all the corporation's issued and outstanding shares | | | | |
| of capital stock immediately before the end of its previous/last tax year | | • | R5 | |
| All the corporation's reserves deducted in its previous/last tax year | | | S5 | |
| The corporation's capital dividend account immediately before the end of its previous/last tax year | | | Т5 | |
| The corporation's low rate income pool immediately before the end of its previous/last tax year | | | U5 | |
| | Subtotal (add amounts Q5 | to U5) | > | V5 |
| GRIP addition post-amalgamation or post-wind-up (predecessor or the corporation is becoming a CCPC (amount P5 minus amount | or subsidiary was not a | CCPC or a DIC in its last tax ye | | _ W5 |
| · | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | | | = ' |
| After you complete this worksheet for each predecessor and each subs | sidiary, calculate the total o | t all the W5 amounts. Enter this t | total amount on: | |
| - line 220 for a corporation becoming a CCPC; | | | | |
| line 230 for post-amalgamation; orline 240 for post-wind-up. | | | | |
| - iiilo 240 ioi postrwiiiu-up. | | | | |

Agence du revenu du Canada

Schedule 55

Part III.1 Tax on Excessive Eligible Dividend Designations

| Corporation's name | Busin | ess number | Tax year-end | _ |
|---|-------|-------------|------------------------------|---|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 | 5210 RC0001 | Year Month Day 2019-12-31 | |
| Every corporation resident in Canada that pays a taxable dividend (other than a capital gains dividend within | า | Do not | t use this area | ĺ |

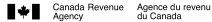
- Every corporation resident in Canada that pays a taxable dividend (other than a capital gains dividend within the meaning assigned by subsection 130.1(4) or 131(1)) in the tax year must file this schedule.
- Canadian-controlled private corporations (CCPC) and deposit insurance corporations (DIC) must complete Part 1 of this schedule. All other corporations must complete Part 2.
- Every corporation that has paid an eligible dividend must also file Schedule 53, General Rate Income Pool (GRIP) Calculation, or Schedule 54, Low Rate Income Pool (LRIP) Calculation, whichever is applicable.
- File the completed schedules with your T2 Corporation Income Tax Return no later than six months from the end of the tax year.
- All legislative references are to the Income Tax Act and the Income Tax Regulations.
- Subsection 89(1) defines the terms eligible dividend, excessive eligible dividend designation, general rate income pool (GRIP), and low rate income pool (LRIP).
- The calculations in Part 1 and Part 2 do not apply if the excessive eligible dividend designation arises from the application of paragraph (c) of the definition of excessive eligible dividend designation in subsection 89(1). This paragraph applies when an eligible dividend is paid to artificially maintain or increase the GRIP or to artificially maintain or decrease the LRIP.

| Part 1 – Canadian-controlled private corporations and deposit insurance corporations — | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Taxable dividends paid in the tax year not included in Schedule 3 | _ | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxable dividends paid in the tax year included in Schedule 3 | <u>0</u> | | | | | | | | | |
| Total taxable dividends paid in the tax year | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total eligible dividends paid in the tax year | 150 | 2,500,000 A | | | | | | | | |
| GRIP at the end of the tax year (line 590 on Schedule 53) (if negative, enter "0") | 160 | 22,126,872 B | | | | | | | | |
| Excessive eligible dividend designation (line 150 minus line 160) | | c | | | | | | | | |
| Deduct: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Excessive eligible dividend designations elected under subsection 185.1(2) to be treated as ordinary dividends * | 180 | D | | | | | | | | |
| Subtotal (amount C minu | s amount D) | E | | | | | | | | |
| Part III.1 tax on excessive eligible dividend designations – CCPC or DIC (amount E multiplied by 20 %) . | 190 | F | | | | | | | | |
| Enter the amount from line 190 on line 710 of the T2 return. | | | | | | | | | | |
| - Part 2 – Other corporations — | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxable dividends paid in the tax year not included in Schedule 3 | _ | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxable dividends paid in the tax year included in Schedule 3 | _ | | | | | | | | | |
| Total taxable dividends paid in the tax year | = | | | | | | | | | |
| Total excessive eligible dividend designations in the tax year (amount from line A of Schedule 54) | | G | | | | | | | | |
| Deduct: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Excessive eligible dividend designations elected under subsection 185.1(2) to be treated as ordinary dividends * | 280 | н | | | | | | | | |
| Subtotal (amount G minu | ıs amount H) | I | | | | | | | | |
| Part III.1 tax on excessive eligible dividend designations – Other corporations (amount I multiplied by | 290 <u> </u> | J | | | | | | | | |
| Enter the amount from line 290 on line 710 of the T2 return. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

* You can elect to treat all or part of your excessive eligible dividend designation as a separate taxable dividend in order to eliminate or reduce the Part III.1 tax otherwise payable. You must file the election on or before the day that is 90 days after the day the notice of assessment for Part III.1 tax was sent. We will accept an election before the assessment of the tax. For more information on how to make this election, go to www.cra.gc.ca/eligibledividends.

Canadä

¬ Part 1 – Ontario basic income tax -



Schedule 500

Ontario Corporation Tax Calculation

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

- Use this schedule if your corporation had a permanent establishment, under section 400 of the federal Income Tax Regulations, in Ontario at any time in the tax year and had Ontario taxable income in the year.
- Legislative references are to the federal Income Tax Act and Income Tax Regulations.
- This schedule is a worksheet only and is not required to be filed with your T2 Corporation Income Tax Return.

| Ontario taxable income Note 1 | 2,440,620 | 1A |
|---|-----------|----|
| Ontario basic rate of tax for the year | 11.5 % | 1B |
| Ontario basic income tax (amount 1A multiplied by amount 1B) Note 2 | 280,671 | 1C |
| Note 1 If your corporation had a permanent establishment only in Ontario, enter the amount from line 360 or amount Z, whichever applies, from pag 3 of the T2 return. Otherwise, enter the taxable income allocated to Ontario from column F in Part 1 of Schedule 5. | е | |
| Note 2 If your corporation had a permanent establishment in more than one jurisdiction, or is claiming an Ontario tax credit in addition to Ontario basic income tax, or Ontario corporate minimum tax or Ontario special additional tax on life insurance corporations payable, enter amount 10 on line 270 of Schedule 5, Tax Calculation Supplementary – Corporations. Otherwise, enter it on line 760 of the T2 return. | ; | |
| Part 2 – Ontario small business deduction (OSBD) | | |
| Complete this part if your corporation claimed the federal small business deduction under subsection 125(1). | | |
| Line 400 of the T2 return2,444,620_2A | | |
| Line 405 of the T2 return2,440,620_2B | | |
| If your tax year starts before 2019, line 427 of the T2 return2C | | |
| If your tax year starts after 2018 | | |
| Line 410 of the T2 return | | |
| Line 415 of the T2 return | | |
| Amount 2D Amount 2E | | |
| Line 515 of the T2 return2G | | |
| Subtotal (amount 2D minus amount 2F minus amount 2G) P2H | | |
| Amount 2A, 2B, and 2C or 2H, whichever is least | | 21 |
| Ontario domestic factor (ODF): Taxable income for Ontario Note 3 2,440,620.00 = Taxable income for all provinces Note 4 2,440,620 | 1.00000 | 2J |
| Amount 2I multiplied by amount 2J | | |
| Ontario taxable income (amount 1A) | | |
| Ontario small business income (amount 2K or 2L, whichever is least) | | 2M |

| Part 2 – Ontario small business deduction Ontario small business deduction rate for the year | • |) (conun | uea) ——— | | |
|---|-----------------------|--------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Number of days in the tax year before January 1, 2018 | •• | x | 7 % = | % 21 | N.1 |
| Number of days in the tax year | 365 | | - | | |
| Number of days in the tax year after December 31, 2017 | | | | | |
| and before January 1, 2020 | 365_ | Х | 8 % = | 8.00000 % 21 | N.2 |
| Number of days in the tax year | 365 | | | | |
| Number of days in the tax year after December 31, 2019 | | x | 8.3 % = | <u></u> 21 | N.3 |
| Number of days in the tax year | 365 | | | | |
| OSBD rate for the year (rate 2N.1 plus rate 2N.2 plus rat | e 2N.3) . | | | 8.00000 % | ▶ 8.00000 % 2N.4 |
| | , | | = | | |
| Ontario small business deduction (amount 2M multipl | ied by rate 21 | N.4) . | | | 2N |
| Enter amount 2N on line 402 of Schedule 5. | | | | | |
| Note 3 Enter amount 1A. | | | | | |
| Note 4 Includes the territories and the offshore jurisdict | ions for Nova | Scotia and | Newfoundland and Labr | ador. | |
| Complete this part if your corporation was a Canadian-cormanufacturing and processing or the Ontario credit union Ontario adjusted small business income (amount 1A center amount 3A at amount 4B in Part 4 of this schedule center and Processing, whichever applies. | tax reduction. | er is least) | | | 3A |
| ┌ Part 4 – Credit union tax reduction —— | | | | | |
| Complete this part and Schedule 17, Credit Union Deduct | ions, if the co | rporation wa | s a credit union through | out the tax year. | |
| Amount 3C of Schedule 17 | | | | 4 | A |
| Ontario adjusted small business income (amount 3A) | | | | 4 | В |
| Subtotal (amo | ount 4A minu s | s amount 4E | 3, if negative, enter "0") | 40 | С |
| Amount 4C multiplied by amount 2N.4 | | | | | 4D |
| Ontario domestic factor (amount 2J) | | | | | <u>1.00000</u> 4E |
| Ontario credit union tax reduction (amount 4D multipl | ied by amour | nt 4F) | | | ΔF |

Enter amount 4F on line 410 of Schedule 5.

Agence du revenu du Canada Schedule 508

Ontario Research and Development Tax Credit

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

- Use this schedule to:
 - calculate an Ontario research and development tax credit (ORDTC);
 - claim an ORDTC earned in the tax year or carried forward from any of the 20 previous tax years that are a tax year ending after December 31, 2008, to reduce Ontario corporate income tax payable in the current tax year;
 - carry back an ORDTC earned in the tax year to reduce Ontario corporate income tax payable in any of the three previous tax years;
 - add an ORDTC that was allocated to the corporation by a partnership of which it was a member;
 - add an ORDTC transferred after an amalgamation or windup; or
 - calculate a recapture of the ORDTC.
- The ORDTC is a non-refundable tax credit on eligible expenditures incurred by a corporation in a tax year. The ORDTC rate is:
 - 4.5% for tax years that end before June 1, 2016;
 - 3.5% for tax years that start after May 31, 2016; and

- Part 1 – Ontario SR&ED expenditure pool

Total eligible expenditures incurred by the corporation in Ontario in the tax year

- prorated for a tax year that ends on or after June 1, 2016, and includes May 31, 2016.
- An eligible expenditure is an expenditure for a permanent establishment in Ontario of a corporation, that is a qualified expenditure for the purposes of section 127 of the federal *Income Tax Act* for scientific research and experimental development (SR&ED) carried on in Ontario.
- Only corporations that are not exempt from Ontario corporate income tax and none of whose income is exempt income can claim the ORDTC.
- Complete and attach this schedule to the T2 Corporation Income Tax Return for the tax year.
- To claim this credit, you must also send in completed copies of the Form T661, Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED) Expenditures Claim, and the Schedule 31, Investment Tax Credit Corporations, within 18 months of the tax year end.

100

587,728 A

| for eligible expenditures Net eligible expenditures for the tax year (amount A minus amount (if negative, enter "0") | | 587,728 | _B _C | |
|---|--|----------------------------|--------------------|---|
| Eligible expenditures transferred to the corporation by another corporation | pration 110 | | _ D | |
| | Subtotal (amount C plus amount D) | 587,728 | 587,728 | Ε |
| Eligible expenditures the corporation transferred to another corporation | ion | | 115 | F |
| Ontario SR&ED expenditure pool (amount E minus amount F) (i | f negative, enter "0") | | 120 587,728 | G |
| Part 2 – Eligible repayments | | | | |
| The repayment of the ORDTC is calculated using the ORDTC rate reduced because of the government or non-government assistance to the appropriate rate. | , | , , | • | |
| Repayments for tax years that end before June 1, 2016 | 210 | x 4.5 % = | 215 | Н |
| Repayment for a tax year that ends on or after June 1, 2016 and i | ncludes May 31, 2016. Complete the pro | oration calculation below. | | |
| Number of days in the tax year before June 1, 2016 Number of days in the tax year 240 | <u>1.8689</u> % 1 | | | |
| Number of days in the tax year after May 31, 2016 Number of days in the tax year 242 | <u>2.0464</u> % 2 | | | |
| Subtotal (percentage 1 plus percentage 2) | <u>3.9153</u> % 3 | | | |
| Repayments for a tax year that ends on or after June 1, 2016 and includes May 31, 2016 211 | x percentage : | 3.9153 % = | 216 | I |

| Part 2 – Eligible repayments (continued) |
|---|
| |
| Repayments for tax years that start after May 31, 2016 |
| Repayments made in the tax year of government or non-government assistance or contract payments that reduced eligible expenditures for first term or second term shared-use equipment |
| acquired before 2014 220 × 1 / 4 = × 4.5 % = 225 । |
| Eligible repayments (total of amounts H to K) |
| Part 3 – Calculation of the current part of the ORDTC |
| For tax years that end before June 1, 2016 |
| Ontario SR&ED expenditure pool (amount G in Part 1) x 4.5 % = 200 |
| ORDTC allocated to the corporation by a partnership of which it is a member (other than a specified member) for a fiscal period that ends in the corporation's tax year * |
| Eligible repayments (amount L in Part 2) |
| Current part of the ORDTC for tax years that end before June 1, 2016 (total of amounts M to O) |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| For a tax year that ends on or after June 1, 2016, and includes May 31, 2016 |
| Number of days in the tax year before June 1, 2016 Number of days in the tax year |
| Number of days in the tax yearafter May 31, 2016 |
| Subtotal (percentage 4 plus percentage 5)% 6 |
| Ontario SR&ED expenditure pool (amount G in Part 1) x percentage 6% = 201 (|
| ORDTC allocated to the corporation by a partnership of which it is a member (other than a specified member) for a fiscal period that ends in the corporation's tax year * |
| Eligible repayments (amount L in Part 2) |
| Part of the ORDTC for a tax year that ends on or after June 1, 2016, and includes May 31, 2016 (total of amounts Q to S) |
| For tax years that start after May 31, 2016 |
| Ontario SR&ED expenditure pool (amount G in Part 1) |
| ORDTC allocated to the corporation by a partnership of which it is a member (other than a specified member) |
| for a fiscal period that ends in the corporation's tax year * |
| Eligible repayments (amount L in Part 2) |
| The ORDTC for tax years that start after May 31, 2016 (total of amounts U to W) |

* If there is a disposal or change of use of eligible property, see Part 7 on page 4.

| − Part 4 – Calculation | of ORDTC available f | or deduction and | d ORDTC balance — | | |
|--|--|------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| ORDTC balance at the end | of the previous tax year | | | Y | |
| ORDTC expired after 20 tax | years | | | z | |
| ORDTC at the beginning of | the tax year (amount Y minus | amount Z) | 305 | AA | |
| ORDTC transferred to the co | orporation on amalgamation or | windup | | BB | |
| Current part of ORDTC (amount P, T or X in Part 3 v | vhichever applies) | | 20,570 cc | | |
| Are you waiving all or part of current part of the ORDTC? | the 315 Yes 1 | No 2 X | | | |
| If you answered yes at line 3 the tax credit waived on line 3 | 315, enter the amount of 320. | | | | |
| If you answered no at line 3 ⁻ | 15, enter "0" on line 320. | | | | |
| Waiver of the current part of | the ORDTC | 320 | DD | | |
| | Subtotal (amount CC minus | amount DD) | 20,570 | 20,570 EE | |
| ORDTC available for dedu | ction (total of amounts AA, BE | 3 and EE) | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 20,570 | 20,570 FF |
| | 16 on page 5 of Schedule 5, <i>Ta</i> | | | <u>20,570</u> gg | |
| ORDTC carried back to prev | vious tax years (from Part 5) | | <u> </u> | НН | |
| | | Subtotal (amou | nt GG plus amount HH) | 20,570 | 20,570 II |
| ORDTC balance at the end | l of the tax year (amount FF r | minus amount II) | | 325 ₋ | JJ |
| ORDTC available for d | nore than the lesser of the follo eduction (amount FF); or me tax payable before the ORD | · · | rporate minimum tax credit (a | mount from line E6 on page 5 | of Schedule 5). |
| − Part 5 – Request fo | r carryback of tax cred | dit ———— | | | |
| | Year Month Day | | | | |
| 1 st previous tax year | 2018-12-31 | | Cre | edit to be applied 901 | |
| 2 nd previous tax year | 2017-12-31 | | Cre | edit to be applied 902 | |
| 3 rd previous tax year | 2016-12-31 | | Cre | edit to be applied 903 | |
| | | Total (to | otal of amount 901 to 903)(en | ter at amount HH in Part 4) | |

Current tax year

Part 6 – Analysis of tax credit available for carryforward by tax year of origin -

You can complete this part to show all the credits from previous tax years available for carryforward, by year of origin. This will help you determine the amount of credit that could expire in following years.

Tax year of origin (earliest tax year first)

| Year | Month | Day | Credit availab | le |
|------------|----------|-----|----------------|----|
| | | | | |
| 2 | 000-12-3 | 31 | | |
| 2 | 001-12-3 | 31 | | |
| 2 | 002-12-3 | 31 | | |
| 2003-12-31 | | | | |
| 2004-12-31 | | | | |
| 2005-12-31 | | | | |
| 2006-12-31 | | | | |
| 2007-12-31 | | | | |
| 2008-12-31 | | | | |

Tax year of origin (earliest tax year first)

| Year | Month | Day | Credit available |
|------------|----------|-----|------------------|
| 2 | 009-12-3 | 31 | |
| 2010-12-31 | | | |
| 2 | 011-12-3 | 31 | |
| 2 | 012-12-3 | 31 | |
| 2 | 013-12-3 | 31 | |
| 2 | 014-12-3 | 31 | |
| 2015-12-31 | | 31 | |
| 2 | 016-12-3 | 31 | |
| 2 | 017-12-3 | 31 | |
| 2018-12-31 | | 31 | |
| 2 | 019-12-3 | 31 | |
| | | | |

Total (equals line 325 in Part 4)

The amount available from the 20th previous tax year will expire after this year. When you file your return for the next year, you will enter the expired amount on line 300 of Schedule 508 for that year.

Part 7 – Calculation of a recapture of ORDTC -

You will have a recapture of ORDTC in a tax year when you meet all of the following conditions:

- you acquired a particular property in the current year or in any of the 20 previous tax years if the ORDTC was earned in a tax year ending after 2008;
- you claimed the cost of the property as an eligible expenditure for the ORDTC;
- the cost of the property was included in computing your ORDTC or was subject to an agreement made under subsection 127(13) of the federal Act to transfer qualified expenditures and section 42 of the *Taxation Act*, 2007 (Ontario) applied; and
- you disposed of the property or converted it to commercial use in a tax year ending after December 31, 2008. You also meet this condition if you disposed of or converted to commercial use a property which incorporates the particular property previously referred to.

Note: The recapture **does not apply** if you disposed of the property to a non-arm's length purchaser who intended to use it all or substantially all for SR&ED in Ontario. When the non-arm's length purchaser later sells or converts the property to commercial use, the recapture rules will apply to the purchaser based on the historical federal investment tax credit (ITC) rate *** of the original user in Calculation 1 below.

You have to report the recapture on Schedule 5 for the year in which you disposed of the property or converted it to commercial use. If the corporation is a member of a partnership, report its share of the recapture.

Complete the columns for each disposition for which a recapture applies, using the calculation formats below.

*** Federal ITC in calculations 1 and 2 should be determined without reference to paragraph (e) of the definition **investment tax credit** in subsection 127(9) of the federal Act.

Calculation 1 - Complete this part If you meet all of the above conditions

| | кк | LL | MM |
|----|---|--|---|
| | Amount of federal ITC you originally calculated for the property you acquired, or the original user's federal ITC where you acquired the property from a non-arm's length party, as described in the note above | Amount calculated using the federal ITC rate at the date of acquisition (or the original user's date of acquisition) on either the proceeds of disposition (if sold in an arm's length transaction) or the fair market value of the property (in any other case) | Amount from column 700 or 710, whichever is less |
| | 700 | 710 | |
| 1. | | | |

Total of column MM (enter at amount WW in Part 8)

| | Part 7 – Calculation | of a recapture | of ORDTC | (continued) |
|--|----------------------|----------------|----------|-------------|
|--|----------------------|----------------|----------|-------------|

| Calculation 2 – If the corporation is deemed by subsection 42(1) of the Taxation Act, 2007 (Ontario) to have transferred all or part of the |
|---|
| eligible expenditure to another corporation as a consequence of an agreement described in subsection 127(13) of the federal Act complete |
| Calculation 2. Otherwise, enter nil on line SS. |

| | 00 | PP | QQ |
|------------|---|---|---|
| | Rate percentage that the transferee used to determine its federal ITC for qualified expenditure that was transferred under an agreement under subsection 127(13) of the federal Act | Proceeds of disposition of the property if you dispose of it to a person at arm's length; or, in any other case, the fair market value of the property at conversion or disposition | Amount, if any, already provided for in Calculation 1 (this allows for the situation where only part of the cost of a property is transferred for an agreement under subsection 127(13) of the federal Act) |
| | 720 | 730 | 740 |
| | | | |
| | RR | SS | TT |
| | Amount determined by the formula (OO x PP) - QQ (using the columns above) | Federal ITC earned by the transferee for the qualified expenditure that was transferred | Amount from column RR or SS, whichever is less |
| | | 750 | |
| | | | |
| | | Total of column TT (enter at amount XX in Part 8) | |
| ula | ation 3 | | |
| me ptur | ember of a partnership, you will report your share o re. If this is a positive amount, you will report it on I | f the ORDTC of the partnership after the ORDTC has ine 205, 206, or 207 in Part 3, whichever applies. Howe, then the amount by which reductions to the ORDTC | ever, if the partnership does not have |

| Recaptured federal ITC for Calculation 1 (amount NN from Part 7) | _ww |
|--|---------|
| Recaptured federal ITC for Calculation 2 (amount UU from Part 7) | _xx |

Corporate partner's share of the excess of ORDTC (enter at amount ZZ in Part 8)

Corporate partner's share of the excess of ORDTC for Calculation 3 (amount VV from Part 7)

Recapture of ORDTC (amount YY plus amount ZZ) (enter amount AAA on line 277 on page 5 of Schedule 5)

- Part 8 - Total recapture of ORDTC -

Schedule A - Worksheet for eligible expenditures incurred by the corporation in Ontario for the current taxation year

This worksheet allows you to report the amount of eligible expenditures entered on Form T661, Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED) Expenditures Claim which represents eligible expenditures as defined in section 127 of the Income Tax Act (ITA) with regard to scientific research and experimental development (SR&ED) carried on in Ontario and attributable to a permanent establishment in Ontario of a corporation.

Data on the worksheet is calculated based on the amounts on Form T661, but will have to be adjusted according to the rules of Ontario, if applicable, in particular when the corporation has had a permanent establishment in more than one jurisdiction. This data will be used when calculating Schedule 508 and Schedule 566.

| Enter the breakdown between current and capital expenditures | Current Expenditures | | Capital Expenditures |
|--|-------------------------|-------|-------------------------|
| Total expenditures for SR&ED | | | |
| Add | | | |
| payment of prior years' unpaid expenses (other than salary or wages) | | | |
| prescribed proxy amount (Enter "0" if you use the traditional method) + | 131,457 | | |
| • expenditures on shared-use equipment | | + | |
| • other additions · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | + _ | |
| Subtotal = _ | 640,715 | = _ | |
| current expenditures (other than salary or wages) not paid within 180 days of the tax year end | | | |
| • 20% of contract expenditures for SR&ED performed on your behalf | 52,987 | | |
| • prescribed expenditures not allowed by regulations | | | |
| other deductions | | | |
| expenditures for non-arm's length SR&ED contracts purchases (limited to costs) of goods and services from non-arm's length suppliers | | | |
| Subtotal = _ | 587,728 | ı = _ | 1 |
| Total eligible expenditures incurred by the corporation in Ontario in the tax year (add amount I and II) | | = _ | 587,728 । |
| Enter amount III on line 100 of Schedule 508. | | | |

Schedule 510



Agence du revenu du Canada

Ontario Corporate Minimum Tax

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

- File this schedule if the corporation is subject to Ontario corporate minimum tax (CMT). CMT is levied under section 55 of the Taxation Act, 2007 (Ontario), referred to as the "Ontario Act".
- Complete Part 1 to determine if the corporation is subject to CMT for the tax year.
- A corporation not subject to CMT in the tax year is still required to file this schedule if it is deducting a CMT credit, has a CMT credit carryforward, or has a CMT loss carryforward or a current year CMT loss.
- A corporation that has Ontario special additional tax on life insurance corporations (SAT) payable in the tax year must complete Part 4 of this schedule even if it is not subject to CMT for the tax year.
- A corporation is exempt from CMT if, throughout the tax year, it was one of the following:
 - 1) a corporation exempt from income tax under section 149 of the federal *Income Tax Act*;
 - 2) a mortgage investment corporation under subsection 130.1(6) of the federal Act;
 - 3) a deposit insurance corporation under subsection 137.1(5) of the federal Act;
 - 4) a congregation or business agency to which section 143 of the federal Act applies;
 - 5) an investment corporation as referred to in subsection 130(3) of the federal Act; or
 - 6) a mutual fund corporation under subsection 131(8) of the federal Act.
- File this schedule with the T2 Corporation Income Tax Return.

| ┌ Part 1 – Determination of CMT applicability ───── | |
|---|-------------|
| Tart I – Determination of own applicability | |
| Total assets of the corporation at the end of the tax year * | 197,542,000 |
| Share of total assets from partnership(s) and joint venture(s) * | |
| Total assets of associated corporations (amount from line 450 on Schedule 511) | 112,243,955 |
| Total assets (total of lines 112 to 116) | 309,785,955 |
| Total revenue of the corporation for the tax year ** | 157,889,000 |
| Share of total revenue from partnership(s) and joint venture(s) ** | |
| Total revenue of associated corporations (amount from line 550 on Schedule 511) | 10,259,452 |
| Total revenue (total of lines 142 to 146) | 168,148,452 |

The corporation is subject to CMT if:

- for tax years ending before July 1, 2010, the total assets at the end of the year of the corporation or the associated group of corporations are more than \$5,000,000, or the total revenue for the year of the corporation or the associated group of corporations is more than \$10,000,000.
- for tax years ending after June 30, 2010, the total assets at the end of the year of the corporation or the associated group of corporations are equal to or more than \$50,000,000, and the total revenue for the year of the corporation or the associated group of corporations is equal to or more than \$100,000,000.

If the corporation is not subject to CMT, do not complete the remaining parts unless the corporation is deducting a CMT credit, or has a CMT credit carryforward, a CMT loss carryforward, a current year CMT loss, or SAT payable in the year.

* Rules for total assets

- Report total assets according to generally accepted accounting principles, adjusted so that consolidation and equity methods are not used.
- Do not include unrealized gains and losses on assets and foreign currency gains and losses on assets that are included in net income for accounting purposes but not in income for corporate income tax purposes.
- The amount on line 114 is determined at the end of the last fiscal period of the partnership or joint venture that ends in the tax year of the corporation. Add the proportionate share of the assets of the partnership(s) and joint venture(s), and deduct the recorded asset(s) for the investment in partnerships and joint ventures.
- A corporation's share in a partnership or joint venture is determined under paragraph 54(5)(b) of the Ontario Act and, if the partnership or joint venture had no income or loss, is calculated as if the partnership's or joint venture's income were \$1 million. For a corporation with an indirect interest in a partnership or joint venture, determine the corporation's share according to paragraph 54(5)(c) of the Ontario Act.

** Rules for total revenue

- Report total revenue in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, adjusted so that consolidation and equity methods are not used.
- If the tax year is less than 51 weeks, multiply the total revenue of the corporation or the partnership, whichever applies, by 365 and divide by the number of days in the tax year.
- The amount on line 144 is determined for the partnership or joint venture fiscal period that ends in the tax year of the corporation. If the partnership or joint venture has 2 or more fiscal periods ending in the filing corporation's tax year, **multiply** the sum of the total revenue for each of the fiscal periods by 365 and **divide** by the total number of days in all the fiscal periods.
- A corporation's share in a partnership or joint venture is determined under paragraph 54(5)(b) of the Ontario Act and, if the partnership or joint venture had no income or loss, is calculated as if the partnership's or joint venture's income were \$1 million. For a corporation with an indirect interest in a partnership or joint venture, determine the corporation's share according to paragraph 54(5)(c) of the Ontario Act.

| - Part 2 – Adjusted net income/loss for CMT purposes ———— | | | | |
|---|----------|-------------|------|----------|
| Net income/loss per financial statements * | | 210 | 5,2 | 14,000 |
| Add (to the extent reflected in income/loss): | | | | |
| Provision for current income taxes/cost of current income taxes | 220 | 749,000 | | |
| Provision for deferred income taxes (debits)/cost of future income taxes | 222 | | | |
| Equity losses from corporations | 224 | | | |
| Financial statement loss from partnerships and joint ventures | 226 | | | |
| Other additions (see note below): | | | | |
| Share of adjusted net income of partnerships and joint ventures ** | 228 | | | |
| Total patronage dividends received, not already included in net income/loss | 232 | | | |
| 281 | 282 | | | |
| 283 | 284 | | | |
| | Subtotal | 749,000 ▶ | 74 | 49,000 A |
| Deduct (to the extent reflected in income/loss): | | <u> </u> | | |
| Provision for recovery of current income taxes/benefit of current income taxes | 320 | | | |
| Provision for deferred income taxes (credits)/benefit of future income taxes | 322 | | | |
| Equity income from corporations | 324 | | | |
| Financial statement income from partnerships and joint ventures | 200 | | | |
| Dividends deductible under section 112, section 113, or subsection 138(6) of the federal Act | | | | |
| Dividends not taxable under section 83 of the federal Act (from Schedule 3) | 332 | | | |
| Gain on donation of listed security or ecological gift | 340 | | | |
| Accounting gain on transfer of property to a corporation under section 85 or 85.1 of the federal Act *** | 342 | | | |
| Accounting gain on transfer of property to/from a partnership under section 85 or 97 of the federal Act **** | | | | |
| Accounting gain on disposition of property under subsection 13(4), subsection 14(6), or section 44 of the federal Act ***** | | | | |
| Accounting gain on a windup under subsection 88(1) of the federal Act or an amalgamation under section 87 of the federal Act | 348 | | | |
| Other deductions (see note below): | | | | |
| Share of adjusted net loss of partnerships and joint ventures ** | 328 | | | |
| Tax payable on dividends under subsection 191.1(1) of the federal Act multiplied by 3 Interest deducted/deductible under paragraph 20(1)(c) or (d) of the federal Act, not already included in net income/loss | 334 | | | |
| Patronage dividends paid (from Schedule 16) not already included in net income/loss | 338 | | | |
| 381 | 382 | | | |
| 383 | 384 | | | |
| 385 | 386 | | | |
| 387 | 388 | | | |
| 389 | 390 | | | |
| | Subtotal | > | | В |
| Adjusted net income/loss for CMT nurposes (line 210 nlus amount A minus amount R) | | 490 | 5.96 | 53.000 |

If the amount on line 490 is positive and the corporation is subject to CMT as determined in Part 1, enter the amount on line 515 in Part 3.

Mills and the first too be producted and the company of the control of the contro

If the amount on line 490 is negative, enter the amount on line 760 in Part 7 (enter as a positive amount).

Note

In accordance with Ontario Regulation 37/09, when calculating net income for CMT purposes, accounting income should be adjusted to:

- exclude unrealized gains and losses due to mark-to-market changes or foreign currency changes on specified mark-to-market property (assets only);
- include realized gains and losses on the disposition of specified mark-to-market property not already included in the accounting income, if the
 property is not a capital property or is a capital property disposed in the year or in a previous tax year ended after March 22, 2007.

"Specified mark-to-market property" is defined in subsection 54(1) of the Ontario Act.

These rules also apply to partnerships. A corporate partner's share of a partnership's adjusted income flows through on a proportionate basis to the corporate partner.

* Rules for net income/loss

Banks must report net income/loss as per the report accepted by the Superintendent of Financial Institutions under the federal Bank Act, adjusted so consolidation and equity methods are not used.

Part 2 - Calculation of adjusted net income/loss for CMT purposes (continued)

- Life insurance corporations must report net income/loss as per the report accepted by the federal Superintendent of Financial Institutions or equivalent provincial insurance regulator, before SAT and adjusted so consolidation and equity methods are not used. If the life insurance corporation is resident in Canada and carries on business in and outside of Canada, multiply the net income/loss by the ratio of the Canadian reserve liabilities divided by the total reserve liability. The reserve liabilities are calculated in accordance with Regulation 2405(3) of the federal Act.
- Other corporations must report net income/loss in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, except that consolidation and equity methods must not be used. When the equity method has been used for accounting purposes, equity losses and equity income are removed from book income/loss on lines 224 and 324 respectively.
- Corporations, other than insurance corporations, should report net income from line 9999 of the GIFI (Schedule 125) on line 210.
- ** The share of the adjusted net income of a partnership or joint venture is calculated as if the partnership or joint venture were a corporation and the tax year of the partnership or joint venture were its fiscal period. For a corporation with an indirect interest in a partnership through one or more partnerships, determine the corporation's share according to clause 54(5)(c) of the Ontario Act.
- *** A joint election will be considered made under subsection 60(1) of the Ontario Act if there is an entry on line 342, and an election has been made for transfer of property to a corporation under subsection 85(1) of the federal Act.
- **** A joint election will be considered made under subsection 60(2) of the Ontario Act if there is an entry on line 344, and an election has been made under subsection 85(2) or 97(2) of the federal Act.
- ***** A joint election will be considered made under subsection 61(1) of the Ontario Act if there is an entry on line 346, and an election has been made under subsection 13(4) or 14(6) and/or section 44 of the federal Act.

For more information on how to complete this part, see the T2 Corporation - Income Tax Guide.

| ⊢ Part 3 – CMT p | payable ——— | · · | | | | |
|--|--|--|---------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| | • | e 490 in Part 2, if positive) | | 515 | 5,963,000 | |
| Minus: Adjustment f | amount R from Part 7) for an acquisition of co | ntrol * | | | | |
| 1 | | | | | C 5,963,000 | |
| Net income subject to | o CMT calculation (if n | egative, enter "0") | | | 3,903,000 | |
| Amount from line 520 | 5,963,000 × | Number of days in the tax year before July 1, 2010 Number of days in the tax year | x | 4 % = | 1 | |
| Amount from line 520 | 5,963,000 × | Number of days in the tax year after June 30, 2010 Number of days in the tax year | 365 × | 2.7 % = | 161,001 ₂ | |
| | | Subtotal (amount 1 plus amou | ınt 2) | <u> </u> | 161,001 3 | |
| Gross CMT: amount | on line 3 above x OAF | ** | | | 540 | 161,001 |
| Deduct: | | | | | | |
| Foreign tax credit for | CMT purposes *** | | | | <u>550</u> | |
| CMT after foreign tax | credit deduction (line | 540 minus line 550) (if negati | ve, enter "0") | | | <u>161,001</u> D |
| Deduct: | | | | | | 200 101 |
| | | e CMT credit (amount F6 from | | | | 260,101 |
| Net CMT payable (if | , | | | | | [_] |
| * Enter the portion control. See sub *** Enter "0" on line | n of CMT loss available esection 58(3) of the O e 550 for life insurance | e that exceeds the adjusted ne ntario Act. | t income for the | tax year from carryin | g on a business before the acquisi | |
| ** Calculation of | the Ontario allocatio | n factor (OAF): | | | | |
| If the provincial or t | territorial jurisdiction er | tered on line 750 of the T2 ret | urn is "Ontario," | enter "1" on line F. | | |
| If the provincial or t | territorial jurisdiction er | tered on line 750 of the T2 ret | urn is "multiple,' | complete the follow | ng calculation, and enter the result | t on line F: |
| Ontario taxable Taxable inco | | = <u>_</u> | | | | |
| | | | | | | 1 00000 - |
| Ontario allocation f | actor | | | | ····· <u> </u> | 1.00000 F |
| **** Enter the amour taxable income v | | rom column F in Part 1 of Sch | nedule 5. If the ta | axable income is nil, | calculate the amount in column F a | as if the |
| ***** Enter the taxable | e income amount from | line 360 or amount Z of the T2 | 2 return, whichev | ver applies. If the tax | able income is nil, enter "1,000". | |

| CMT credit carryforward at the end of the previous tax year * | G | |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| Deduct: | | |
| CMT credit expired * | ▶ 620 | |
| CMT credit carryforward at the beginning of the current tax year * (see note below) | 620 | |
| Add: CMT credit carryforward balances transferred on an amalgamation or the windup of a subsidiary (see note bel | ow) 650 | |
| | | |
| Deduct: | | |
| CMT credit deducted in the current tax year (amount P from Part 5) | | |
| | (amount H minus amount I) | J |
| Add: Net CMT payable (amount E from Part 3) | | |
| SAT payable (amount O from Part 6 of Schedule 512) | | |
| | <u> </u> | K |
| CMT credit carryforward at the end of the tax year (amount J plus amount K) | 670 | 1 |
| Civil Great carrytorward at the cita of the tax year (amount o plus amount ty) | | |
| * For the first harmonized T2 return filed with a tax year that includes days in 2009: | | |
| - do not enter an amount on line G or line 600; | | |
| - for line 620, enter the amount from line 2336 of Ontario CT23 Schedule 101, Corporate Minimum Ta | x (CMT), for the last tax year that e | nded in 2008. |
| For other tax years, enter on line G the amount from line 670 of Schedule 510 from the previous tax year. | | |
| Note: If you entered an amount on line 620 or line 650, complete Part 6. | | |
| | | |
| ─ Part 5 – Calculation of CMT credit deducted from Ontario corporate income to | ax payable ———— | |
| CMT credit available for the tax year (amount H from Part 4) | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | M |
| Ontario corporate income tax payable before CMT credit (amount F6 from Schedule 5) | <u>260,101</u> 1 | |
| For a corporation that is not a life insurance corporation: | | |
| CMT after foreign tax credit deduction (amount D from Part 3) 2 | | |
| For a life insurance corporation: | | |
| Gross CMT (line 540 from Part 3) | | |
| Gross SAT (line 460 from Part 6 of Schedule 512) | | |
| The greater of amounts 3 and 4 | | |
| Deduct: line 2 or line 5, whichever applies: | 161,001 6 | 00.100 |
| Subtotal (if negative, enter "0") | 99,100 | 99,100 N |
| Ontario corporate income tax payable before CMT credit (amount F6 from Schedule 5) | 260,101 | |
| Deduct: | | |
| Total refundable tax credits excluding Ontario qualifying environmental trust tax credit (amount J6 minus line 450 from Schedule 5) | 29,009 | |
| Subtotal (if negative, enter "0") | 231,092 | 231,092 o |
| CMT credit deducted in the current tax year (least of amounts M, N, and O) | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | P |
| Enter amount P on line 418 of Schedule 5 and on line I in Part 4 of this schedule. | | |
| | | |
| Is the corporation claiming a CMT credit earned before an acquisition of control? | 675 1 Y | es 2 No X |

Part 6 – Analysis of CMT credit available for carryforward by year of origin -

Complete this part if:

- the tax year includes January 1, 2009; or
- the previous tax year-end is deemed to be December 31, 2008, under subsection 249(3) of the federal Act.

| Year of origin | CMT credit balance * |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| 10th previous tax year | 680 |
| 9th previous tax year | 681 |
| 8th previous tax year | 682 |
| 7th previous tax year | 683 |
| 6th previous tax year | 684 |
| 5th previous tax year | 685 |
| 4th previous tax year | 686 |
| 3rd previous tax year | 687 |
| 2nd previous tax year | 688 |
| 1st previous tax year | 689 |
| Total ** | |

- * CMT credit that was earned (by the corporation, predecessors of the corporation, and subsidiaries wound up into the corporation) in each of the previous 10 tax years and has not been deducted.
- ** Must equal the total of the amounts entered on lines 620 and 650 in Part 4.

| Part 7 – Calculation of CMT loss carryforward ———————————————————————————————————— | |
|---|-----------------------------|
| CMT loss carryforward at the end of the previous tax year * | Q |
| Deduct: | |
| CMT loss expired * | |
| CMT loss carryforward at the beginning of the tax year * (see note below) | 720 |
| Add: | |
| CMT loss transferred on an amalgamation under section 87 of the federal Act ** (see note below) | 750 |
| CMT loss available (line 720 plus line 750) | R |
| Deduct: | |
| CMT loss deducted against adjusted net income for the tax year (lesser of line 490 (if positive) and line C in Part 3) | |
| Subtotal (if negative, en | ter "0") S |
| Add: | |
| Adjusted net loss for CMT purposes (amount from line 490 in Part 2, if negative) (enter as a positive amount) | . 760 |
| CMT loss carryforward balance at the end of the tax year (amount S plus line 760) | . 770 T |
| * For the first harmonized T2 return filed with a tax year that includes days in 2009: | |
| do not enter an amount on line Q or line 700; | |
| - for line 720, enter the amount from line 2214 of Ontario CT23 Schedule 101, Corporate Minimum Tax (CMT), for the last | ax year that ended in 2008. |
| For other tax years, enter on line Q the amount from line 770 of Schedule 510 from the previous tax year. | |
| ** Do not include an amount from a predecessor corporation if it was controlled at any time before the amalgamation by any of the other predecessor corporations. | |
| Note: If you entered an amount on line 720 or line 750, complete Part 8. | |

Part 8 – Analysis of CMT loss available for carryforward by year of origin -

Complete this part if:

- the tax year includes January 1, 2009; or
- the previous tax year-end is deemed to be December 31, 2008, under subsection 249(3) of the federal Act.

| Year of origin | Balance earned in a tax year ending before March 23, 2007 * | Balance earned in a tax year ending after March 22, 2007 ** |
|--------------------------|---|---|
| 10th previous tax year | 810 | 820 |
| 9th previous tax year | 811 | 821 |
| 8th previous tax year | 812 | 822 |
| 7th previous tax year | 813 | 823 |
| 6th previous tax year | 814 | 824 |
| 5th previous tax year | 815 | 825 |
| 4th previous tax year | 816 | 826 |
| 3rd previous tax year | 817 | 827 |
| 2nd previous tax year | 818 | 828 |
| 1st previous tax year | | 829 |
| Total *** | | |

^{*} Adjusted net loss for CMT purposes that was earned (by the corporation, by subsidiaries wound up into or amalgamated with the corporation before March 22, 2007, and by other predecessors of the corporation) in each of the previous 10 tax years that ended before March 23, 2007, and has not been deducted.

^{**} Adjusted net loss for CMT purposes that was earned (by the corporation and its predecessors, but not by a subsidiary predecessor) in each of the previous 20 tax years that ended after March 22, 2007, and has not been deducted.

^{***} The total of these two columns must equal the total of the amounts entered on lines 720 and 750.



Agence du revenu du Canada **SCHEDULE 511**

ONTARIO CORPORATE MINIMUM TAX – TOTAL ASSETS AND REVENUE FOR ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

| Name of corporation | Business Number | Tax year-end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

- For use by corporations to report the total assets and total revenue of all the Canadian or foreign corporations with which the filing corporation was associated at any time during the tax year. These amounts are required to determine if the filing corporation is subject to corporate minimum tax.
- Total assets and total revenue include the associated corporation's share of any partnership(s)/joint venture(s) total assets and total revenue.
- Attach additional schedules if more space is required.
- File this schedule with the T2 Corporation Income Tax Return.

| | Names of associated corporations | Business number (Canadian corporation only) (see Note 1) | Total assets* (see Note 2) | Total revenue** (see Note 2) |
|---|--|--|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | 200 | 300 | 400 | 500 |
| 1 | OSHAWA POWER AND UTILITIES CORPORATION | 86486 7593 RC0001 | 87,471,864 | 2,626,740 |
| 2 | OSHAWA PUC ENERGY SERVICES INC. | 85749 1336 RC0001 | 14,127,000 | 5,753,000 |
| 3 | OSHAWA PUC SERVICES INC. | 86579 9662 RC0001 | 8,627,537 | 1,358,992 |
| 4 | 2252112 Ontario Inc. | 80068 6453 RC0001 | 2,017,554 | 520,720 |
| | | Total | 450 112,243,955 | 550 10,259,452 |

Enter the total assets from line 450 on line 116 in Part 1 of Schedule 510, *Ontario Corporate Minimum Tax*. Enter the total revenue from line 550 on line 146 in Part 1 of Schedule 510.

Note 1: Enter "NR" if a corporation is not registered.

Note 2: If the associated corporation does not have a tax year that ends in the filing corporation's current tax year but was associated with the filing corporation in the previous tax year of the filing corporation, enter the total revenue and total assets from the tax year of the associated corporation that ends in the previous tax year of the filing corporation.

* Rules for total assets

- Report total assets in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, adjusted so that consolidation and equity methods are not used.
- Include the associated corporation's share of the total assets of partnership(s) and joint venture(s) but exclude the recorded asset(s) for the
 investment in partnerships and joint ventures.
- Exclude unrealized gains and losses on assets that are included in net income for accounting purposes but not in income for corporate income tax purposes.

** Rules for total revenue

- Report total revenue in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, adjusted so that consolidation and equity methods are not used.
- If the associated corporation has 2 or more tax years ending in the filing corporation's tax year, multiply the sum of the total revenue for each of those tax years by 365 and divide by the total number of days in all of those tax years.
- If the associated corporation's tax year is less than 51 weeks and is the only tax year of the associated corporation that ends in the filing corporation's tax year, multiply the associated corporation's total revenue by 365 and divide by the number of days in the associated corporation's tax year.
- Include the associated corporation's share of the total revenue of partnerships and joint ventures.
- If the partnership or joint venture has 2 or more fiscal periods ending in the associated corporation's tax year, multiply the sum of the total revenue for each of the fiscal periods by 365 and divide by the total number of days in all the fiscal periods.

T2 SCH 511 Canadä



Canada Revenue Agency

Agence du revenu du Canada

SCHEDULE 546

CORPORATIONS INFORMATION ACT ANNUAL RETURN FOR ONTARIO CORPORATIONS

| Name of corporation | Business Number | Tax year-end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

- This schedule should be completed by a corporation that is incorporated, continued, or amalgamated in Ontario and subject to the Ontario Business Corporations Act (BCA) or Ontario Corporations Act (CA), except for registered charities under the federal Income Tax Act. This completed schedule serves as a Corporations Information Act Annual Return under the Ontario Corporations Information Act.
- Complete parts 1 to 4. Complete parts 5 to 7 only to report change(s) in the information recorded on the Ontario Ministry of Government Services (MGS) public record.
- This schedule must set out the required information for the corporation as of the date of delivery of this schedule.
- A completed Ontario Corporations Information Act Annual Return must be delivered within six months after the end of the corporation's tax year-end.

| The MGS considers this return to be delivered on the date income tax return. | e that it is filed with the Canada Revenue A | gency (CRA) together with | the corporation's |
|---|--|--|----------------------------|
| It is the corporation's responsibility to ensure that the information on the public record maintained information. | | | |
| This schedule contains non-tax information collected und MGS for the purposes of recording the information on the | | s Information Act. This infor | mation will be sent to the |
| Part 1 – Identification —————— | | | |
| Corporation's name (exactly as shown on the MGS p | ublic record) | | |
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | | | |
| Jurisdiction incorporated, continued, or amalgamated, whichever is the most recent | Date of incorporation or amalgamation, whichever is the | Year Month Day | Ontario Corporation No. |
| Ontario | most recent | 2000-10-18 | 1419333 |
| Street number 220 Street name/Rural route/Lot SIMCOE STREET SOUT Additional address information if applicable (line 220 Municipality (e.g., city, town) | TH must be completed first) | 230 Suite number Country 280 | Postal/zip code |
| OSHAWA | ON Province/state 270 | CA Zao | L1H 7M7 |
| Part 3 – Change identifier Have there been any changes in any of the information more names, addresses for service, and the date elected/appoin senior officers, or with respect to the corporation's mailing public record maintained by the MGS, obtain a Corporation If there have been no changes, enter 1 in this | ted and, if applicable, the date the election/ address or language of preference? To rev n Profile Report. For more information, visit | appointment ceased of the iew the information shown www.ServiceOntario.ca. | directors and five most |
| If there are changes, enter 2 in this box and correct the second of the | | | – Certification." |
| I certify that all information given in this Corporations Inform | nation Act Annual Return is true, correct, a | and complete. | |
| 450 SAVAGE | 451 DAVID | | |
| | | | |

| – Part | 4 – Certification ————— | |
|---------|--|---|
| | that all information given in this Corporations Informa | tion Act Annual Return is true, correct, and complete. |
| 450 | SAVAGE | 451 DAVID |
| | Last name | First name |
| 454 | | _, |
| | Middle name(s) | |
| 460 | Please enter one of the following numbers in thi knowledge of the affairs of the corporation. If you | is box for the above-named person: 1 for director, 2 for officer, or 3 for other individual having ou are a director and officer, enter 1 or 2. |
| Note: 9 | Sections 13 and 14 of the Ontario Corporations Informa | ation Act provide penalties for making false or misleading statements or omissions. |



Complete the applicable parts to report changes in the information recorded on the MGS public record.

| | registered office a | | | record. ne as the head or nedule. |
|---|-----------------------|------------|-----------------|---|
| | 3 - The corporation's | complete r | mailing address | is as follows: |
| Care of (if applicable) | | | | |
| Street number 530 Street name/Rural route/Lot and C | Concession number | | 540 Suite n | umber |
| Additional address information if applicable (line 530 must l | pe completed first) | | | |
| Municipality (e.g., city, town) | 570 Province/state | 580 | Country | 590 Postal/zip code |
| t 6 – Language of preference ———— | | | | |

Agence du revenu du Canada **SCHEDULE 550**

ONTARIO CO-OPERATIVE EDUCATION TAX CREDIT

| Name of corporation | Business Number | Tax year-end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

- Use this schedule to claim an Ontario co-operative education tax credit (CETC) under section 88 of the Taxation Act, 2007 (Ontario).
- The CETC is a refundable tax credit that is equal to an eligible percentage (10% to 30%) of the eligible expenditures incurred by a corporation for a qualifying work placement. The maximum credit amount is \$1,000 for each qualifying work placement ending before March 27, 2009, and \$3,000 for each qualifying work placement beginning after March 26, 2009. For a qualifying work placement that straddles March 26, 2009, the maximum credit amount is prorated.
- Eligible expenditures are salaries and wages (including taxable benefits) paid or payable to a student in a qualifying work placement, or fees paid or payable to an employment agency for services performed by the student in a qualifying work placement. These expenditures must be paid on account of employment or services, as applicable, at a permanent establishment of the corporation in Ontario. Expenditures for a work placement (WP) are not eligible expenditures if they are greater than the amounts that would be paid to an arm's length employee.
- A WP must meet all of the following conditions to be a qualifying work placement:
 - the student performs employment duties for a corporation under a qualifying co-operative education program (QCEP);
 - the WP has been developed or approved by an eligible educational institution as a suitable learning situation;
 - the terms of the WP require the student to engage in productive work;
 - the WP is for a period of at least 10 consecutive weeks or, in the case of an internship program, not less than 8 consecutive months and not more than 16 consecutive months;
 - the student is paid for the work performed in the WP;
 - the corporation is required to supervise and evaluate the job performance of the student in the WP;
 - the institution monitors the student's performance in the WP; and
 - the institution has certified the WP as a qualifying work placement.
- Make sure you keep a copy of the letter of certification from the Ontario eligible educational institution containing the name of the student, the employer, the institution, the term of the WP, and the name/discipline of the QCEP to support the claim. Do not submit the letter of certification with the T2 Corporation Income Tax Return.
- File this schedule with the T2 Corporation Income Tax Return.

| ┌ Part 1 – Corporate information ————— | |
|--|--|
| 110 Name of person to contact for more information | 120 Telephone number including area code |
| DAVID SAVAGE | (905) 743-5219 |
| Is the claim filed for a CETC earned through a partnership?* | |
| If you answered yes to the question at line 150, what is the name of the partnership? | . 160 |
| Enter the percentage of the partnership's CETC allocated to the corporat | ion |
| | r eligible expenditures incurred by a partnership, complete a Schedule 550 for the partner, other than a limited partner, should file a separate Schedule 550 to claim as can not exceed the amount of the partnership's CETC. |

| Part 2 – Eligibility ———————————————————————————————————— | | |
|--|---------|---------------|
| | | |
| 1. Did the corporation have a permanent establishment in Ontario in the tax year? | 1 Yes X | 2 No |
| 2. Was the corporation exempt from tax under Part III of the <i>Taxation Act</i> , 2007 (Ontario)? | 1 Yes | 2 No X |
| If you answered no to guestion 1 or yes to guestion 2, then the corporation is not eligible for the CETC. | | |

Part 3 – Eligible percentage for determining the eligible amount

Corporation's salaries and wages paid in the previous tax year *

For eligible expenditures incurred before March 27, 2009:

- If line 300 is \$400.000 or less, enter 15% on line 310.
- If line 300 is \$600,000 or more, enter 10% on line 310.
- If line 300 is more than \$400,000 and less than \$600,000, enter the percentage on line 310 using the following formula:

Eligible percentage for determining the eligible amount

310 10.000 %

For eligible expenditures incurred after March 26, 2009:

- If line 300 is \$400,000 or less, enter 30% on line 312.
- If line 300 is \$600,000 or more, enter 25% on line 312.
- If line 300 is more than \$400,000 and less than \$600,000, enter the percentage on line 312 using the following formula:

Eligible percentage for determining the eligible amount

25,000 %

* If this is the first tax year of an amalgamated corporation and subsection 88(9) of the Taxation Act, 2007 (Ontario) applies, enter the salaries and wages paid in the previous tax year by the predecessor corporations.

- Part 4 – Calculation of the Ontario co-operative education tax credit -

Complete a separate entry for each student for each qualifying work placement that ended in the corporation's tax year. If a qualifying work placement would otherwise exceed four consecutive months, divide the WP into periods of four consecutive months and enter each full period of four consecutive months as a separate WP. If the WP does not divide equally into four-month periods and if the period that is less than 4 months is 10 or more consecutive weeks, then enter that period as a separate WP. If that period is less than 10 consecutive weeks, then include it with the WP for the last period of 4 consecutive months. Consecutive WPs with two or more associated corporations are deemed to be with only one corporation, as designated by the corporations.

| | A Name of university, college, or other eligible educational institution | B Name of qualifying co-operative education program |
|----|---|---|
| | 400 | 405 |
| 1. | Ontario Tech University | Electrical Engineering |
| 2. | Ontario Tech University | Electrical Engineering |
| 3. | Conestoga College | Powerline Technician |
| 4. | Ontario Tech University | Electrical Engineering |
| 5. | Ontario Tech University | Electrical Engineering |
| 6. | | |

| | C Name of student | D Start date of WP (see note 1 below) | E End date of WP (see note 2 below) |
|----|----------------------|---|---|
| 1 | Lavel Chase | 430 | 435 |
| 1. | Lavel Chase | 2019-09-03 | 2019-12-31 |
| 2. | Muhammad Zuhaib Khan | 2019-09-03 | 2019-12-31 |
| 3. | Joseph Bellefeuille | 2019-05-01 | 2019-08-30 |
| 4. | Eric Allan | 2019-01-01 | 2019-08-30 |
| 5. | Andreas Yiannacou | 2019-01-01 | 2019-08-30 |
| 6 | | | |

Note 1: When the WP has been divided into separate periods because it exceeds four consecutive months, enter the start date for the separate WP.

Note 2: When the WP has been divided into separate periods because it exceeds four consecutive months, enter the end date for the separate WP.

Part 4 – Calculation of the Ontario co-operative education tax credit (continued) -

| Г | | | | | | |
|----|------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | F1 | | F2 | | X | Υ |
| | Eligible expenditures before | Eligible | Eligible expenditures after | Eligible | Number of consecutive | Total number of consecutive |
| | March 27, 2009 | percentage | March 26, 2009 | percentage | weeks of the WP completed | weeks of the student's WP |
| | (see note 1 below) | before | (see note 1 below) | after | by the student before | (see note 3 below) |
| | | March 27, 2009 | | March 26, 2009 | March 27, 2009 | |
| | | (from line 310 | | (from line 310a | (see note 3 below) | |
| | | in Part 3) | | in Part 3) | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | |
| | 450 | , | 452 | , | | |
| 1. | | 10.000 % | 20,404 | 25.000 % | | 16 |
| 2. | | 10.000 % | 9,443 | 25.000 % | | 16 |
| 3. | | 10.000 % | 10,863 | 25.000 % | | 17 |
| 4. | | 10.000 % | 22,395 | 25.000 % | | 34 |
| 5. | | 10.000 % | 21,773 | 25.000 % | | 34 |
| 6. | | 10.000 % | | 25.000 % | | |

| | G Eligible amount (eligible expenditures multiplied by eligible percentage) (see note 2 below) | H Maximum CETC per WP (see note 3 below) | I CETC on eligible expenditures (column G or H, whichever is less) | J CETC on repayment of government assistance (see note 4 below) | K CETC for each WP (column I or column J) |
|----|--|---|--|---|---|
| L | 460 | 462 | 470 | 480 | 490 |
| 1. | 5,101 | 3,000 | 3,000 | | 3,000 |
| 2. | 2,361 | 3,000 | 2,361 | | 2,361 |
| 3. | 2,716 | 3,000 | 2,716 | | 2,716 |
| 4. | 5,599 | 3,000 | 3,000 | | 3,000 |
| 5. | 5,443 | 3,000 | 3,000 | | 3,000 |
| 6. | | | | | |

Ontario co-operative education tax credit (total of amounts in column K) 500 14,077 L

Enter amount L or M, whichever applies, on line 452 of Schedule 5, *Tax Calculation Supplementary – Corporations*. If you are filing more than one Schedule 550, add the amounts from line L or M, whichever applies, on all the schedules and enter the total amount on line 452 of Schedule 5.

- Note 1: Reduce eligible expenditures by all government assistance, as defined under subsection 88(21) of the *Taxation Act, 2007* (Ontario), that the corporation has received, is entitled to receive, or may reasonably expect to receive, for the eligible expenditures, on or before the filing due date of the *T2 Corporation Income Tax Return* for the tax year.
- Note 2: Calculate the eligible amount (Column G) using the following formula:

Column G = (column F1 x percentage on line 310) + (column F2 x percentage on line 312)

Note 3: If the WP ends before March 27, 2009, the maximum credit amount for the WP is \$1,000.

If the WP begins after March 26, 2009, the maximum credit amount for the WP is \$3,000.

If the WP begins before March 27, 2009, and ends after March 26, 2009, calculate the maximum credit amount using the following formula:

 $(\$1,000 \times X/Y) + [\$3,000 \times (Y - X)/Y]$

where "X" is the number of consecutive weeks of the WP completed by the student before March 27, 2009, and "Y" is the total number of consecutive weeks of the student's WP.

Note 4: When claiming a CETC for repayment of government assistance, complete a **separate entry** for each repayment and complete columns A to E and J and K with the details for the previous year WP in which the government assistance was received. Include the amount of government assistance repaid in the tax year multiplied by the eligible percentage for the tax year in which the government assistance was received, to the extent that the government assistance reduced the CETC in that tax year.

Agence du revenu du Canada Schedule 552

Ontario Apprenticeship Training Tax Credit

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

- Use this schedule to claim an Ontario apprenticeship training tax credit (ATTC) under section 89 of the Taxation Act, 2007 (Ontario).
- The ATTC is a refundable tax credit that is equal to a specified percentage (25% to 45%) of the eligible expenditures incurred by a corporation for a qualifying apprenticeship. For eligible expenditures incurred after March 26, 2009 for an apprenticeship program that began before April 24, 2015, the maximum credit for each qualifying apprenticeship is \$10,000 per year to a maximum credit of \$40,000 over the first 48-month period of the qualifying apprenticeship. For an apprenticeship program that began after April 23, 2015, the maximum credit for each qualifying apprenticeship is \$5,000 per year to a maximum credit of \$15,000 over the first 36-month period of the qualifying apprenticeship.
- Eligible expenditures are salaries and wages (including taxable benefits) paid to an apprentice in a qualifying apprenticeship or fees paid to an employment agency for the provision of services performed by the apprentice in a qualifying apprenticeship. These expenditures must be:
 - paid on account of employment or services, as applicable, at a permanent establishment of the corporation in Ontario;
 - for services provided by the apprentice during the first 48 months of the apprenticeship program, if an apprenticeship program began before April 24, 2015; and
 - for services provided by the apprentice during the first 36 months of the apprenticeship program, if an apprenticeship program began after April 23, 2015.
- An expenditure is not eligible for an ATTC if:
 - the same expenditure was used, or will be used, to claim a co-operative education tax credit; or
 - it is more than an amount that would be paid to an arm's length apprentice.
- An apprenticeship must meet the following conditions to be a qualifying apprenticeship:
 - the apprenticeship is in a qualifying skilled trade approved by the Ministry of Training, Colleges and Universities (Ontario) or a person designated by him or her; and
 - the corporation and the apprentice must be participating in an apprenticeship program in which the training agreement has been registered under the Ontario College of Trades and Apprenticeship Act, 2009, or the Apprenticeship and Certification Act, 1998, or in which the contract of apprenticeship has been registered under the Trades Qualification and Apprenticeship Act.
- Do not submit the training agreement or contract of apprenticeship with your T2 Corporation Income Tax Return. Keep a copy of the training agreement or contract of apprenticeship to support your claim.
- File this schedule with your T2 Corporation Income Tax Return.

| 110 Name of person to contact for more information | | | |
|---|--------|--------------|---------------|
| The marine of person to contact for more marine. | 120 | Telephone nu | ımber |
| DAVID SAVAGE | | (905) 743- | 5219 |
| Is the claim filed for an ATTC earned through a partnership? * | 150 | 1 Yes | 2 No X |
| If you answered yes to the question at line 150, what is the name of the partnership? . 160 | | | |
| Enter the percentage of the partnership's ATTC allocated to the corporation | 170 | | %_ |
| * When a corporate member of a partnership is claiming an amount for eligible expenditures incurred by a partnership, complete a Schepartnership as if the partnership were a corporation. Each corporate partner, other than a limited partner, should file a separate Sched the partner's share of the partnership's ATTC. The total of the partners' allocated amounts can never exceed the amount of the partnership. | ule 55 | 2 to claim | |

| _ [| Part 2 – Eligibility – | | |
|-----|---|---------|---------------|
| | | | |
| 1. | Did the corporation have a permanent establishment in Ontario in the tax year? | 1 Yes X | 2 No |
| 2. | Was the corporation exempt from tax under Part III of the <i>Taxation Act, 2007</i> (Ontario)? | 1 Yes | 2 No X |
| | If you answered no to question 1 or yes to question 2, then you are not eligible for the ATTC. | | |

25,000 %

| Part | 3 - | Specified | percentage · |
|-------------|-----|-----------|--------------|
|-------------|-----|-----------|--------------|

For eligible expenditures incurred after March 26, 2009 for an apprenticeship program that began before April 24, 2015:

- If line 300 is \$400,000 or less, enter 45% on line 312.
- If line 300 is \$600,000 or more, enter 35% on line 312.
- If line 300 is more than \$400,000 and less than \$600,000, enter the percentage on line 312 using the following formula:

 Specified percentage
 312
 35.000 %

For eligible expenditures incurred for an apprenticeship program that began after April 23, 2015:

- If line 300 is \$400,000 or less, enter 30% on line 314.
- If line 300 is \$600,000 or more, enter 25% on line 314.

Specified percentage

- If line 300 is more than \$400,000 and less than \$600,000, enter the percentage on line 314 using the following formula:

* If this is the first tax year of an amalgamated corporation and subsection 89(6) of the *Taxation Act*, 2007 (Ontario) applies, enter salaries and wages paid in the previous tax year by the predecessor corporations.

Part 4 – Ontario apprenticeship training tax credit -

Complete a **separate entry** for each apprentice for each qualifying apprenticeship with the corporation. When claiming an ATTC for repayment of government assistance, complete a **separate entry** for each repayment, and complete columns A to G and M and N with the details for the employment period in the previous tax year in which the government assistance was received.

| | A Trade code | B Apprenticeship program/trade name | C Name of apprentice |
|----|---------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| | 400 | 405 | 410 |
| 1. | 434a | Powerline Technician | Michael Cudmore |
| 2. | 434a | Powerline Technician | Jarrett Richard |
| 3. | 309a | Electrician-Construction and Maintenance | Derek Barss |
| 4. | 434a | Powerline Technician | Brett Hodgkin |
| 5. | | | |

| | D Original contract or training agreement number | E Original registration date of apprenticeship contract or | F Start date of employment as an apprentice in the tax year | G End date of employment as an apprentice in the tax year |
|----|---|--|---|---|
| | agreement number | training agreement (YYYYMMDD) (see note 1) | (YYYYMMDD) (see note 2) | (YYYYMMDD) (see note 3) |
| | 420 | 425 | 430 | 435 |
| 1. | SYS085713 | 2018-09-04 | 2019-01-01 | 2019-12-31 |
| 2. | SYS112497 | 2019-05-06 | 2019-05-06 | 2019-12-31 |
| 3. | N/A | 2018-10-31 | 2019-01-01 | 2019-12-31 |
| 4. | SYS130378 | 2019-09-03 | 2019-09-03 | 2019-12-31 |
| 5. | | | | |

- Note 1: Enter the original registration date of the apprenticeship contract or training agreement in all cases, even when multiple employers employed the apprentice.
- Note 2: When there are multiple employment periods as an apprentice in the tax year with the corporation, enter the date that is the first day of employment as an apprentice in the tax year with the corporation. When claiming an ATTC for repayment of government assistance, enter the start date of employment as an apprentice for the tax year in which the government assistance was received.
- Note 3: When there are multiple employment periods as an apprentice in the tax year with the corporation, enter the date that is the last day of employment as an apprentice in the tax year with the corporation. When claiming an ATTC for repayment of government assistance, enter the end date of employment as an apprentice for the tax year in which the government assistance was received.

Part 4 – Ontario apprenticeship training tax credit (continued) -

| Number of days in the tax year employed as an apprentice in a qualifying apprenticeship program that began before April 24, 2015 (see note 1) | H2 Number of days in the tax year employed as an apprentice in a qualifying apprenticeship program that began after April 23, 2015 (see note 1) | I Maximum credit amount for the tax year (see note 2) |
|---|---|---|
| 442 | 443 | 445 |
| | 365 | 5,000 |
| | 240 | 3,288 |
| | 365 | 5,000 |
| | 120 | 1,644 |
| | | |

Note 1: When there are multiple employment periods as an apprentice in the tax year with the corporation, do not include days in which the individual was not employed as an apprentice.

For H1: The days employed as an apprentice must be within 48 months of the registration date provided in column E.

For H2: The days employed as an apprentice must be within 36 months of the registration date provided in column E.

Note 2: Maximum credit = $($10,000 \times H1/365^*)$ or $($5,000 \times H2/365^*)$, whichever applies.

* 366 days, if the tax year includes February 29

| | J1 Eligible expenditures incurred after March 26, 2009 for a qualifying apprenticeship program that began before April 24, 2015 (see note 3) | J2 Eligible expenditures incurred for a qualifying apprenticeship program that began after April 23, 2015 (see note 3) | K Eligible expenditures multiplied by specified percentage (see note 4) |
|------|--|--|---|
| | 452 | 453 | 460 |
| 1. [| | 69,965 | 17,491 |
| 2. | | 49,486 | 12,372 |
| 3. | | 67,803 | 16,951 |
| 4. | | 11,255 | 2,814 |
| 5. | | | |

Note 3: Reduce eligible expenditures by all government assistance, as defined under subsection 89(19) of the *Taxation Act, 2007* (Ontario), that the corporation has received, is entitled to receive, or may reasonably expect to receive, in respect of the eligible expenditures, on or before the filing due date of the *T2 Corporation Income Tax Return* for the tax year.

For J1: Eligible expenditures must be for services provided by the apprentice to the taxpayer during the first 48 months of the apprenticeship program, and not relating to services performed before the apprenticeship program began or after it ended.

For J2: Eligible expenditures must be for services provided by the apprentice to the taxpayer during the first 36 months of the apprenticeship program, and not relating to services performed before the apprenticeship began or after it ended.

Note 4: Calculate the amount in column K as follows:

Column K = (J1 × line 312) or (J2 × line 314), whichever applies.

| | L ATTC on eligible expenditures (lesser of columns I and K) | M ATTC on repayment of government assistance (see note 5) | N ATTC for each apprentice (column L or M, whichever applies) |
|----|---|---|---|
| | 470 | 480 | 490 |
| 1. | 5,000 | | 5,000 |
| 2. | 3,288 | | 3,288 |
| 3. | 5,000 | | 5,000 |
| 4. | 1,644 | | 1,644 |
| 5. | | | |

| Ontario apprenticeship training tax credit (total of amounts in column N) | 500 | 1 |
|---|-----|---|
| | _ | |

Or, if the corporation answered **yes** at line 150 in Part 1, determine the partner's share of amount O:

Enter amount O or P, whichever applies, on line 454 of Schedule 5, *Tax Calculation Supplementary – Corporations*. If you are filing more than one Schedule 552, **add** the amounts from line O or P, whichever applies, on all the schedules, and enter the total amount on line 454 of Schedule 5.

Note 5: Include the amount of government assistance repaid in the tax year multiplied by the specified percentage for the tax year in which the government assistance was received, to the extent that the government assistance reduced the ATTC in that tax year. Complete a **separate entry** for each repayment of government assistance.

See the privacy notice on your return.

Corporate Taxpayer Summary

| Corpo | rate inf | ormatio | n | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------------|----------------------|
| | | | | Oshaw | a PUC Networks | Inc. | | | | | | | | |
| Taxation ` | Year | | | 2019-0 | 01-01 to <u>20</u> | 19-12-31 | | | | | | | | |
| Jurisdiction | on | | | Ontari | 0 | | | | | | | | | |
| ВС | AB | SK | MB | ON | QC NB | NS | NO | PE | NL | ХО | YT | NT | NU | ОС |
| | | | | X | | | | | | | | | | |
| Corporati | on is assoc | ciated | | Y_ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Corporati | on is relate | d | | <u>Y</u> | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number o | of associate | ed corpora | tions | 4 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Type of c | orporation | | | Canad | ian-Controlled Pr | ivate Corp | oration | | | | | | | |
| | ount due (rencial* | | eral | | -984,736 | | | | | | | | | |
| * The am | ounts displ | layed on lir | nes "Total a | amount due | e (refund) federal an | d provincial | " are all list | ed in the h | elp. Press | F1 to cons | ult the con | text-sensat | tive help. | |
| • | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | • | ederai i | informat | | | | | | | | | | . | 144 620 |
| Net incon | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 444,620 440,620 |
| Taxable ii | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4,000 |
| Donations | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • |
| | | | | | ed on in Canada | | | | | | | | | 444,620 |
| Dividends | • | | | | | | | | | | | ··· — | ۷,: | 500,000 |
| | ds paid – F ds paid – E | • | | | | | | | | | | 000 | | |
| | • | - | | | e previous year | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | pool at the | | | | | | | | | · | | |
| | | | | | f the previous year | | | | | | | | | 369,626 |
| | _ | | | | f the year | | | | | | | | | 126,872 |
| | ŭ | | • | | | | | | | | | | | 927,436 |
| | (base amo | , | | | | | | | | | | | • | 327, 1 30 |
| | gainst pa | | | | Summary of to | | | 27 | | funds/cre | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | idends ref | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | 00 Other* | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | 43 Provincial or ter | | | | 1,092 Ins | | | | | 489,721 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | nd (–) | | 984,736 |
| * The am | ounts displ | ayed on lir | nes "Other" | are all liste | ed in the Help. Press | s F1 to cons | sult the con | text-sensit | ive help. | | | | | |
| | | | | | rryback inform | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| | ıary ol i ward balaı | | carryion | wai u/ca | iryback iiiiom | iation — | | | | | | | | |
| - | statement | | | | | | | | | | | | 12,9 | 995,681 |

| Summary of provincial information – provincial income tax pay | able ——— | | |
|---|-----------|-------------------|------------------|
| | Ontario | Québec (CO-17) | Alberta (AT1) |
| Net income | 2,444,620 | | |
| Taxable income | 2,440,620 | | |
| % Allocation | 100.00 | | |
| Attributed taxable income | 0 440 600 | | |
| Tax payable before deduction* | 280,671 | | |
| Deductions and credits | 20 ==0 | | |
| Net tax payable | 260,101 | | |
| Attributed taxable capital | N/A | | N/A |
| Capital tax payable** | | | N/A |
| Total tax payable*** | 260,101 | | |
| nstalments and refundable credits | 20.000 | | |
| Balance due/Refund (-) | 224 002 | | |
| Logging tax payable (COZ-1179) | | | |
| Tax payable | N/A | | N/A |

Summary - taxable capital

Federal

| Corporate name | Taxable capital used to calculate the business limit reduction (T2, line 415) | Taxable capital used to calculate the SR&ED expenditure limit for a CCPC (Schedules 31 and 49) | Taxable capital used to calculate line 233 of the T2 return | Taxable capital used to calculate line 234 of the T2 return |
|--|---|--|---|--|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 128,840,799 | 128,840,799 | 141,015,681 | 141,015,681 |
| OSHAWA POWER AND UTILITIES CORPORATION | 3,670,584 | 3,670,584 | 3,237,356 | 3,237,356 |
| OSHAWA PUC ENERGY SERVICES INC. | 7,431,304 | 7,431,304 | 7,775,000 | 7,775,000 |
| OSHAWA PUC SERVICES INC. | 2,066,612 | 2,066,612 | 2,358,357 | 2,358,357 |
| 2252112 Ontario Inc. | 2,122,134 | 2,122,134 | 1,944,607 | 1,944,607 |
| Total | 144,131,433 | 144,131,433 | 156,331,001 | 156,331,001 |

Québec

| | Paid-up capital used to calculate the Québec business limit reduction (CO-771) and to calculate the additional deduction for transportation costs of remote manufacturing SMEs (CO-156.TR) | Paid-up capital used to calculate the tax credit for investment (CO-1029.8.36.IN) and to determine the applicability of Form CO-1029.8.33.TE | Paid-up capital used to calculate the \$1 million deduction (CO-1137.A and CO-1137.E) | Paid-up capital used to determine the applicability of Form CO-737.SI |
|-------|--|--|--|---|
| Total | | | | |

^{*} For Québec, this includes special taxes.

^{**} For Québec, this includes compensation tax and registration fee.

^{***} For Ontario, this includes the corporate minimum tax, the Crown royalties' additional tax, the transitional tax debit, the recaptured research and development tax credit and the special additional tax debit on life insurance corporations. The Balance due/Refund is included in the federal Balance due/refund.

| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc Dec19 T2 (PIL) - MOF.219 | |
|--|--|
| 2020-06-29 15:20 | |

2019-12-31

Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. 89172 5210 RC0001

| nta | |
|-----|--|
| | |

| Corporate name | Specified capital used to calculate the expenditure limit – Ontario innovation tax credit (Schedule 566) |
|--|--|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | |
| OSHAWA POWER AND UTILITIES CORPORATION | |
| OSHAWA PUC ENERGY SERVICES INC. | |
| OSHAWA PUC SERVICES INC. | |
| 2252112 Ontario Inc. | |
| Total | |

Other provinces

| Corporate name | Capital used to calculate the Newfoundland and Labrador capital deduction on financial institutions (Schedule 306) |
|----------------|--|
| | |
| Total | |



KPMG LLP Bay Adelaide Centre 333 Bay Street, Suite 4600 Toronto ON M5H 2S5 Canada Telephone (416) 777-8500 Fax (416) 777-8818

PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL

DAVID SAVAGE
AUTHORIZED SIGNING OFFICER
Oshawa PUC Networks Inc.
100 Simcoe Street South
Oshawa ON L1H 7M7

June 29, 2020

Dear DAVID:

CORPORATE INCOME TAX RETURNS

We have prepared and enclose the corporate income tax return(s) (the "Returns") of Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. (the Company) for the period ended December 31, 2019 and the related Corporate Income Tax Filing Instructions (the "Filing Instructions").

We have prepared these Returns based on our understanding of and reliance upon the facts, data, materials, assumptions and other information (collectively, the Information) provided to us by the Company and/or its representatives, and we have not independently investigated or verified the accuracy or completeness of such Information. We accept no responsibility or liability for any errors attributable to our reliance upon inaccurate or incomplete Information. We recommend that you carefully review the Returns in their entirety to ensure that all of the relevant Information is correctly and completely disclosed.

Please review the enclosed Filing Instructions. When you are satisfied that the Returns are in order they must be filed (electronically or in paper format) with the respective taxing authorities by the due date (as set out in the Filing Instructions) if late filing penalties are to be avoided or minimized, or if losses are carried back to a prior taxation year.

CRA has extended the deadline for businesses to pay any income tax amounts that become owing or due after March 18, 2020 and before September 1, 2020 to September 1, 2020. Businesses will not be assessed any penalties or interest if the balance due is paid by September 1, 2020.

KEY TAX ATTRIBUTES SUMMARY

We are pleased to provide you with select key tax information on the *Corporate Tax Return - Key Tax Attributes Summary*. This document lists key amounts and carryforward balances from the Returns and may assist in identifying future potential tax planning opportunities.

FOREIGN PROPERTY

The information return, which reports the Company's specified foreign property, is Form T1135 - *Foreign Income Verification Statement*. Form T1135 should be completed if at any time during 2019 the total cost of all specified foreign property the Company owned or held a beneficial interest in was more than Cdn\$100,000.

According to the information you have provided to us, the Company did not hold specified foreign property at any time in 2019 with a total cost of more than Cdn\$100,000. As such, we have **not** marked an X in box 259 on page 3 of your return and **we have not completed the Form T1135**. If the information on specified foreign property is incorrect, please let us know immediately.

The Form T1135 is due by **September 1, 2020**. The implications of late filing and/or failure to properly report specified foreign property on the Form T1135 and failure to report income from a specified foreign property on your income tax return are substantial. They include significant penalties and an increase to the normal reassessment period by an additional 3 years. Further, the reassessment period extension would impact otherwise statute-barred tax years and would impact the entire income tax return, not just the foreign income and reporting sections.

SUMMARY OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH & EXPERIMENTAL DEVELOPMENT ("SR&ED") CLAIM

We have prepared the SR&ED claim based on our understanding of the information provided to us by the Company and we recommend that you review the claim to ensure that all of the relevant facts are properly disclosed.

The nature of our service is to assist the Company in filing claims for SR&ED investment tax credits. We cannot guarantee CRA will accept the Companys research and development activities as qualifying SR&ED activities or that CRA will approve all the Companys research and development expenditures as qualifying SR&ED expenditures. However, the SR&ED claim was prepared based on our professional judgment that the identified activities constitute qualifying SR&ED and all of the appropriate expenditures relating to those activities have been identified. Much of the success of the submission will depend on the integrity and validity of the data collected.

To mitigate the risk of penalties, Part 9 (Claim preparer information) of Form T661 Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED) Expenditures Claim must be fully completed (except where the Company has chosen to separately file under CRAs administrative measure). If any of the prescribed claim preparer information is missing, incomplete, or inaccurate, a penalty of \$1,000 may be assessed and the processing of your SR&ED claim may be delayed.

CRS AND FATCA REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Canadian entities are required to report to the Canada Revenue Agency annually on any account holders determined to be Specified US persons under *Part XVIII* - *Enhanced International Information Reporting* of the Canadian *Income Tax Act* (the Canadian implementation of the US *Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act*, commonly referred to as FATCA).

Certain Canadian entities are also required to report to the Canada Revenue Agency annually on any account holders determined to be tax residents of countries other than Canada or the United States under *Part XIX - Common Reporting Standard* of the Canadian *Income Tax Act* (commonly referred to as the CRS).

The CRA has extended the deadline for filing information returns under Part XVIII and Part XIX of the Income Tax Act, to September 1, 2020. In addition, for accounts opened before January 1, 2021, no penalties will be applied for failure to obtain a self-certification under the FATCA and CRS rules.

Please contact us if you have any questions about responding to a request from a financial institution to certify your FATCA or CRS status, or determining whether you are subject to the due diligence and reporting requirements under the CRS or FATCA.

PROPOSED TAX CHANGES

The Company's tax Returns have been prepared taking into account certain proposals to amend the federal and provincial tax statutes which have been publicly announced to date in budgets and other government releases as being applicable to the Company's current taxation year, even though the proposals may not yet be enacted. If the proposed amendments are not enacted as announced, these tax returns could be reassessed and may result in an underpayment of tax, and possible interest and penalties. If you receive an assessment or reassessment for these tax returns that does not agree with the returns filed, it is important that you notify us so that we can determine if any action needs to be taken.

INSTALMENTS

Our calculations indicate that no instalments are required for the December 31, 2020 taxation year.

NOTICES OF ASSESSMENT

If your Company receives a Notice of Assessment which does not agree with a return as prepared by us, please contact us so that we can determine whether any action should be taken. The Company has only a limited number of days (90 days in the case of federal, Ontario) from the date of mailing of the Assessment in which to object. Failure to respond within the prescribed time limit will cause the Company to lose its right to object to the Assessment.

| If you have any questions concerning these Returns, or if we may be of any fu assistance, please feel free to contact the undersigned. | | |
|--|--------------|--|
| | Yours truly, | |
| | | |
| | KPMG LLP | |
| | Enclosures | |
| | | |

Oshawa PUC Networks Inc.

Corporate Tax Return - Key Tax Attributes Summary 2019 Taxation Year

The following is a summary of a few select Key Tax Attributes for the income tax returns of Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. for the period ended December 31, 2019.

| Description | Current year 2019 | Prior year 2018 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|
| Net income for accounting purposes (Sch 140, line 9999) | \$5,214,000 | \$5,167,000 |
| Net income for tax purposes (T2, line 300) | \$2,428,651 | \$3,716,880 |
| Taxable income (T2, line Z) | \$NIL | \$NIL |
| Total SR&ED Expenditures (T661, line 511) | \$640,715 | |
| Total Qualified SR&ED Expenditures | | |
| for Federal ITC purposes (T661, line 570) | \$587,728 | |
| Federal and Provincial Taxes | | |
| Part I (T2, line 700) | \$NIL | \$NIL |
| Ontario taxes (T2, line 760) | \$NIL | \$NIL |
| Carryforward Closing Balances | | |
| Investment Tax Credit: SR&ED (Sch 31, line 620) | \$88,159 | \$NIL |
| Undepreciated Capital Cost (Sch 8, line 220) | \$119,559,086 | \$115,090,624 |
| General Rate Income Pool (Sch 53, line 590) | \$20,369,626 | \$20,369,626 |
| Scientific Research & Experimental Development (SR&ED) | | |
| Description | | Current year 2019 |
| Investment Tax Credit Attributes | | |
| Federal Investment Tax Credit (Sch 31, line 540) | | \$88,159 |
| Federal and Provincial SR&ED Carryforward Balances | | |
| Federal Investment Tax Credit (Sch 31, line 620) | | \$88,159 |

Pursuing any potential opportunities that may be identified through a review of the Key Tax Attributes Summary is outside the scope of any existing engagement letter with KPMG. Should you wish to pursue any potential opportunities we would be pleased to meet with you to discuss your needs and then provide you with a new tax advisory engagement letter detailing the scope of services and fees agreed upon in further pursuing such potential opportunities. KPMG will take no further action with respect to any potential opportunities, except as specifically engaged to do so by you pursuant to a tax advisory engagement letter.

All of the amounts included on this schedule are based on what the Company has reported in its current income tax return. Before any planning is undertaken certain amounts will need to be confirmed with the relevant tax authorities.

Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. Corporate Income Tax Filing Instructions

2019 Taxation Year

We enclose the following income tax returns of Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. (the Company) for the period ended December 31, 2019:

- ☑ T183CORP Information Return for Corporations Filing Electronically (Federal)
- Form Authorization request signature page (to authorize KPMG access to your CRA account information) (Federal)
- One copy of the federal, any applicable provincial return(s) and Form *T661 Scientific*Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED) Expenditures Claim (Federal) for your files. For filing purposes, Form T661 information will be electronically transmitted to the Canada Revenue Agency along with the other corporate tax information.

We have prepared these returns based on our understanding of and reliance upon the facts, data, materials, assumptions and other information (collectively, the Information) provided to us by the Company and/or its representatives, and we have not independently investigated or verified the accuracy or completeness of such Information. We accept no responsibility or liability for any errors attributable to our reliance upon inaccurate or incomplete Information. We recommend that you carefully review the returns in their entirety to ensure that all of the relevant Information is correctly and completely disclosed.

When you are satisfied that the returns are in order, one copy of each return should be retained for your records (the Client Copy) and the remaining copies should be completed by an authorized signing officer of the Company and filed as described below.

We suggest that any paper filed returns be sent by you by registered mail and that the receipt be kept on file in order to have evidence of the date of filing.

T2 - CORPORATION INCOME TAX RETURN (FEDERAL)

In order for us to electronically file the Companys corporate income tax return, a signed copy of Form T183CORP - *Information Return for Corporations Filing Electronically* must be returned to us. Please note that we will not electronically file the Companys corporate income tax return until we receive the signed Form T183CORP.

Signature

- T183CORP Information Return for Corporations Filing Electronically, should be completed and signed.
- Form Authorization request signature page (to authorize KPMG access to your CRA account information), should be completed and signed.

Mailing

- Form T183CORP *Information Return for Corporations Filing Electronically* to be returned to KPMG by email, or by fax at (416) 777-8818, as soon as possible, in order to have the return filed on or before the due date of September 1, 2020. Alternatively, you can return the authorization form to us in the self-addressed envelope. **We will not electronically file the return until we receive a copy of the signed T183CORP**. The Form T183CORP must not be sent to the CRA.
- Form Authorization request signature page to be returned to KPMG by email, or by fax at (416) 777-8818, as soon as possible. Alternatively, you can return the Authorization request to us in the self-addressed envelope. We will not electronically file the Authorization request until we receive a copy of the signed Authorization request. This form must not be sent to the CRA.

Payment

No amount is payable for the 2019 taxation year.

Authorization request – signature page

- 1. Print this page and have it signed and dated by **the** authorized person of the business.
- 2. Retain a copy of the signed and dated authorization request in your files for six years from the date that this information is transmitted to the CRA. Do not send us the authorization request by mail or fax unless requested to do so.

| Representative ID OR Group ID OR Firm BN: | BN: 122363153 | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Representative name : | | | |
| Representative phone number: | Extension: | | |
| Business number: | 891725210 | | |
| Business name: | Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | | |
| Level of authorization: | View only (level 1) authorization applied to all program accounts and all fiscal years. | | |
| Expiry date: | | | |
| List of authorization(s): | | | |
| Certified: | DAVID SAVAGE | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Certification | | | |
| By signing and dating this page, you authorize the Canada Revenue Agency to interact with the representative mentioned above. | | | |
| First name: DAVID | Last name: SAVAGE | | |
| Signature: | Date signed:2020-06-29 | | |
| Telephone number: (905) 743-5219 Extension: | | | |

Code 1501



Agence du revenu du Canada

Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED) Expenditures Claim

Use this form:

- to provide technical information on your SR&ED projects;
- to calculate your SR&ED expenditures; and
- to calculate your qualified SR&ED expenditures for investment tax credits (ITC).

To claim an ITC, use either:

- Schedule T2SCH31, Investment Tax Credit Corporations, or
- Form T2038(IND), Investment Tax Credit (Individuals).

The information requested in this form and documents supporting your expenditures and project information (Part 2) are prescribed information.

Your SR&ED claim must be filed within 12 months of the filing due date of your income tax return.

To help you fill out this form, use the T4088, *Guide to Form T661*, which is available on our Web site: www.cra.gc.ca/sred.

Part 1 - General information

| 010 Name of claimant | Enter one of the following: |
|--|---|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 Business number (BN) |
| Tax year From: 2019-01-01 Year Month Day To: 2019-12-31 Year Month Day | |
| Total number of projects you are claiming this tax year: | Social insurance number (SIN) |
| 100 Contact person for the financial information | 105 Telephone number/extension 110 Fax number |
| DAVID SAVAGE | (905) 743-5219 |
| 115 Contact person for the technical information | 120 Telephone number/extension 125 Fax number |
| MATHIAS NG | (905) 723-4626 |
| 151 If this claim is filed for a partnership, was Form T5013 filed? | |
| If you answered no to line 151, complete lines 153, 156 and 157. | |
| Names of the partners | 156 % 157 BN or SIN |
| 1 | |
| 2 | |
| 3 | |
| | |

Part 2 - Project information

CRA internal form identifier 060 Code 1501

Complete a separate Part 2 for each project claimed this year.

Section A - Project identification

200 Project title (and identification code if applicable)

See schedule

Canadä

Part 3 – Calculation of SR&ED expenditures

What did you spend on your SR&ED projects?

| That and you opon on your oreasts projector |
|--|
| Section A – Select the method to calculate the SR&ED expenditures |
| I elect (choose) to use the following method to calculate my SR&ED expenditures and related investment tax credits (ITC) for this tax year. I understand that my election is irrevocable (cannot be changed) for this tax year. |
| 160 1 X I elect to use the proxy method (Enter "0" on line 360 and complete Part 5.) |
| 162 1 Choose to use the traditional method (Enter "0" on lines 355 and 502. Complete line 360.) |

| (Enter C on lines cos and coz. complete line cos.) | | |
|---|------------------|--------------------|
| Section B – Calculation of allowable SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) | | |
| SR&ED portion of salary or wages of employees directly engaged in the SR&ED: | | |
| a) Employees other than specified employees for work performed in Canada | 300 + | 244,321 |
| b) Specified employees for work performed in Canada | 305 + | |
| Subtotal (add lines 300 and 305) | | 244,321 |
| c) Employees other than specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations – see guide) | 307 + | |
| d) Specified employees for work performed outside Canada (subject to limitations – see guide) | 309 + | |
| | 310 + | |
| • Salary or wages incurred in the year but not paid within 180 days of the tax year end 315 | | |
| • Cost of materials consumed in performing SR&ED | 320 + | |
| Cost of materials transformed in performing SR&ED | 325 + | |
| Contract expenditures for SR&ED performed on your behalf: | | |
| | 340 + | 264,937 |
| b) Non-arm's length contracts (see note 1) | 345 + | |
| • Lease costs of equipment used before 2014 : | | |
| | 350 + | |
| b) Primarily (more than 50% of the time but less than 90%) for SR&ED. (Enter 50% of lease costs if you use the proxy method or enter "0" if you use the traditional method) | 355 ⁺ | |
| , | 360 + | |
| | 370 + | |
| | 380 = | 509,258 |
| (Corporations may need to adjust line 118 of schedule T2SCH1) | | 509,256 |
| • Capital expenditures for depreciable property available for use before 2014 (Do not include these capital expenditures on schedule T2SCH8) | 390 + | |
| Total allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 380 and 390) | 400 = | 509,258 |
| | | |
| Section C – Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar) | | |
| Amount from line 400 | 420 | 509,258 |
| Deduct | | |
| • provincial government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 | 429 | |
| • other government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 | 431 | |
| • non-government assistance for expenditures included on line 400 | 432 | |
| • SR&ED ITCs applied and/or refunded in the prior year (see guide) | 435 | 46,320 |
| • sale of SR&ED capital assets and other deductions | 440 | |
| Subtotal (line 420 minus lines 429 to 440) | 442 = | 462,938 |
| Add | | |
| • repayments of government and non-government assistance that previously reduced the SR&ED expenditure pool | 445 + | |
| • prior year's pool balance of deductible SR&ED expenditures (from line 470 of prior year T661) | 450 + | |
| SR&ED expenditure pool transfer from amalgamation or wind-up | 452 + | |
| • Oracle experience poor transfer from amargamation of wind-up | | |
| amount of SR&ED ITC recaptured in the prior year | 453 + | |
| | 453 + 455 = | 462,938 |
| • amount of SR&ED ITC recaptured in the prior year | | 462,938 |
| amount of SR&ED ITC recaptured in the prior year Amount available for deduction (add lines 442 to 453) | | 462,938 462,938 |
| amount of SR&ED ITC recaptured in the prior year Amount available for deduction (add lines 442 to 453) (enter positive amount only, include negative amount in income) | 455 = | |

^{*} Form T1263, Third-Party Payments for Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED)

Note 1 – For contract expenditures made after 2013, no amounts for purchasing or leasing capital property can be included.

Note 2 – For third-party payments made after 2013, no amounts for purchasing or leasing capital property can be included.

Part 4 - Calculation of qualified SR&ED expenditures for investment tax credit (ITC) purposes

The resulting amount is used to calculate your refundable and/or non refundable ITC.

| Enter the breakdown between current and capital expenditures (to the nearest dollar) | | |
|--|--------------|-------------------------|
| Current Expenditures | | Capital Expenditures |
| Total expenditures for SR&ED (from lines 380 and 390) | 496 | |
| Add | | |
| payment of prior years' unpaid amounts (other than salary or wages) (see note 5) | | |
| • prescribed proxy amount (complete Part 5) | | |
| (Enter "0" if you use the traditional method) | | |
| • expenditures on shared-use equipment for property acquired before 2014 | 504 + | |
| • qualified expenditures transferred to you (see note 3) (complete Form T1146**) 508 + | 510 + | |
| Subtotal (add lines 492 to 508, and add lines 496 to 510) | 512 = | |
| Deduct (see note 4) | | |
| • provincial government assistance | 514 - | |
| • other government assistance | 516 - | |
| • non-government assistance and contract payments 517 - | 518 - | |
| current expenditures (other than salary or wages) not paid within 180 days | | |
| of the tax year end (see note 5) | | |
| amounts paid in respect of an SR&ED contract to a person or partnership that is not a taxable supplier | | |
| • 20% of expenditures included on lines 340 and 370 | | |
| prescribed expenditures not allowed by regulations (see guide) 530 | 532 – | |
| other deductions (see guide) other deductions (see guide) | 535 — | |
| • non-arm's length transactions | | |
| - assistance allocated to you (complete Form T1145*) | 540 - | |
| - expenditures for non-arm's length SR&ED contracts (from line 345) | 0-10 | |
| - adjustments to purchases (limited to costs) of goods and services from | | |
| non-arm's length suppliers (see guide) | 543 | |
| - qualified expenditures you transferred (complete Form T1146**) 544 - | 546 | |
| Subtotal (line 511 minus lines 513 to 544 and line 512 minus lines 514 to 546) | 558 = _ | |
| Qualified SR&ED expenditures (add lines 557 and 558) | 559 = _ | 587,728 |
| | | |
| Add | | |
| • repayments of assistance and contract payments made in the year | 560 + | |
| Total qualified SR&ED expenditures for ITC purposes (add lines 559 and 560) | 570 = | 587,728 |

^{*} Form T1145, Agreement to Allocate Assistance for SR&ED Between Persons Not Dealing at Arm's Length

^{**} Form T1146, Agreement to Transfer Qualified Expenditures Incurred in Respect of SR&ED Contracts Between Persons Not Dealing at Arm's Length

Note 3 - On line 510 (capital) - Only include expenditures made before 2014 by the transferor (performer). Complete the latest version of Form T1146.

 $Note\ 4-On\ lines\ 514,\ 516,\ 518,\ 532,\ 535,\ 540,\ 543\ and\ 546-Only\ include\ amounts\ related\ to\ expenditures\ of\ a\ capital\ nature\ made\ before\ 2014.$

Note 5 – For arm's length contracts, only include 80% of the contract amount.

Part 5 – Calculation of prescribed proxy amount (PPA)

A notional amount representing your overhead and other expenditures.

This part calculates the PPA to enter on line 502 in Part 4. Do not complete this part if you have chosen to use the traditional method in Part 3 (line 162). You can only claim a PPA if you elected to use the proxy method for the year in Part 3 (line 160).

Special rules apply for specified employees. Calculate your salary base in Section A and the PPA in Section B.

| Section A – Salary base | |
|---|---------|
| Salary or wages of employees other than specified employees (from lines 300 and 307) | 244,321 |
| Deduct | |
| Bonuses, remuneration based on profits, and taxable benefits that were included on line 810 | 5,309 |
| Subtotal (line 810 minus 812) | 239,012 |
| | |

Salary or wages of specified employees

| Column 1 Column 2 Column 3 Column 4 Column 5 Column 5 Column 6 Total salary or wages for the year (SR&ED and non-SR&ED) excluding bonuses, remuneration based on profits, and taxable benefits (to the nearest dollar) Amount in column 2 Amount in column 2 Amount in column 2 Amount in column 3 Amount in column 2 multiplied by percentage in column 3 B = Number of days employed in tax year Amount in column 2 Amount in column 3 Amount in column 3 Amount in column 4 or 5, whichever amount is less | 850 | 852 | 854 | 856 | 858 | 860 |
|--|----------|---|------------------------------------|---|--|-----------------------------|
| Name of specified employee Na | Column 1 | Column 2 | Column 3 | Column 4 | Column 5 | Column 6 |
| | • | wages for the year (SR&ED and non-SR&ED) excluding bonuses, remuneration based on profits, and taxable benefits (to the nearest | time spent on SR&ED (maximum | in column 2 multiplied by percentage in | A = Year's maximum pensionable earnings B = Number of days employed | column 4 or 5, whichever |

(Enter total of column 6 on line 816)

816 +

Salary base (total of lines 814 and 816)

Section B – Prescribed proxy amount (PPA)

Enter the amount from line 820 on line 502 in Part 4 unless the overall cap on PPA applies to you.

(See the guide for explanation and example of the overall cap on PPA)

Part 6 - Project costs

Information requested in this part must be provided for **all** SR&ED projects claimed in the year. Expenditures should be recorded and allocated on a project basis.

| 750 | 752 | 754 | 756 |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Project title or identification code | Salary or wages in the tax year | Cost of materials in the tax year | Contract expenditures for SR&ED performed on your behalf in the tax year |
| | (Total of lines 306 to 309) | (Total of lines 320 and 325) | (Total of lines 340 and 345) |
| 1. 19-01 Electrical Grid Intelligence | 244,321 | | 264,937 |
| Total | 244,321 | | 264,937 |

Part 7 – Additional information

| Expenditures for SR&ED performed by you in Canada (line 400 minus lines 307, 309, 340, 345, and 370) | | 605 244,321 |
|---|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| From the total you entered on line 605, estimate the percentage of distribution of the sources of funds for SR&ED performed within your organization. | Canadian (%) | Foreign (%) |
| Internal 600 | 100.000 | |
| Parent companies, subsidiaries, and affiliated companies Federal grants (do not include funds or tax credits from SR&ED tax incentives) Federal contracts Provincial funding SR&ED contract work performed for other companies on their behalf Other funding (e.g., universities, foreign governments) 602 606 607 608 608 609 609 610 610 610 610 611 | | 614 618 |
| For statistical purposes indicate whether the work you performed falls within the realm of Basic or Applied research Experimental development (to achieve a technological advancement): | ı (to advance scientific | knowledge) or |
| Basic or Applied research Basic or Applied research 622 1 X Experimental de | evelopment | |
| Enter the number of SR&ED personnel in full-time equivalents (FTE): | | |
| Scientists and engineers Technologists and technicians Managers and administrators | | 632 2 634 1 636 638 |
| Other technical supporting staff | | 050 |

Part 8 - Claim checklist

| To ensure your claim is complete, make sure you have: |
|--|
| 1. used the current version of this form |
| 2. entered the method you have chosen for reporting your SR&ED expenditures in Section A of Part 3 |
| 3. completed Part 2 for each project X |
| 4. filed a completed Schedule T2SCH31 or Form T2038(IND) to claim ITCs on your qualified SR&ED expenditures |
| 5. filed a completed Form T1145*, T1146**, T1174*** and/or T1263**** including any required attachments, if applicable |
| To expedite the processing of your claim, make sure you have: |
| 1. completed Form T2, Corporation Income Tax Return or Form T1, Income Tax and Benefit Return |
| 2. filed the appropriate provincial and/or territorial tax credit forms, if applicable |
| 3. retained documents to support the SR&ED work performed and SR&ED expenditures you claimed |
| 4. checked boxes 231 and 232 on page 2 of your T2 return to indicate attachment of Form T661 and Schedule T2SCH31 |

^{*} Form T1145, Agreement to Allocate Assistance for SR&ED Between Persons Not Dealing at Arm's Length

^{**} Form T1146, Agreement to Transfer Qualified Expenditures Incurred in Respect of SR&ED Contracts Between Persons Not Dealing at Arm's Length

^{***} Form T1174, Agreement Between Associated Corporations to Allocate Salary or Wages of Specified Employees for Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED)

^{****} Form T1263, Third-Party Payments for Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED)

Part 9 - Claim preparer information

Information requested in this part must be provided for each claim preparer that has accepted consideration to prepare or assist in the preparation of this SR&ED claim. Certification is required on lines 935, 970, and 975.

A \$1000 penalty may be assessed if the information requested below about the claim preparer(s) and billing arrangement(s), is missing, incomplete, or inaccurate. Where a claim preparer has prepared or assisted in the preparation of this SR&ED form, the claimant and the claim preparer will be jointly and severally, or solidarily, liable for the penalty.

935 Was a claim preparer engaged in any aspect of the preparation of this SR&ED claim?

1 X Yes (complete the claim preparer information table and lines 970 and 975 below)

2 No (complete lines 970 and 975)

Claim preparer information table

| | 940 | 945 | 950 | 955 | 960 | 965 |
|---------------|--|-------------------------------|--|---|---|---|
| | Name of claim preparer (company or individual) | Business number | Billing arrangement code (see codes*) | Billing rate (percentage, hourly/daily rate or flat fee) | Other billing arrangement(s) (Maximum 10 words) | Total fee paid, payable, or expected to pay |
| 1. KF | PMG LLP | 12236 3153 RC0001 | 1 | 20.00 | | 21,129 |
| | | | | | Total | 21,129 |
| * Billing | arrangement codes | | | | | |
| Code | Type of billing arrangement | | | | | |
| 1 | Contingency fee arrangement – where the fee is based on a percentage of the investment tax credit earned | | | | | |
| 2 | Hourly rate | | | | | |
| 3 | Daily rate | | | | | |
| 4 | Flat fee arrangement (lump sum) | | | | | |
| 5 | Other arrangements – describe the arrangen | nent in box 960 in 10 wor | ds or less | | | |
| 970 l, | DAVID SAVAGE | | , | certify that the informa | tion provided in this part is o | complete |
| | Name of authorized signing officer of the cor | poration, or individual (prin | t) | • | | · |
| an | d accurate. | | | | | |
| | | | | | 975 | 2020-06-29 |
| | Signature | | | | | Year Month Day |

PREPARED SOLELY FOR INCOME TAX PURPOSES WITHOUT AUDIT OR REVIEW FROM INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE TAXPAYER.

Part 10 - Certification

| rate to octanouncin | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| I certify that I have examined the information provided on this form and on the attachments an | d it is true, correct, and complete. | |
| DAVID SAVAGE Name of authorized signing officer of the corporation, or individual | Signature | 170 2020-06-29 Date |
| 175 KPMG LLP Name of person/firm who completed this form | | |

Privacy Notice

Personal information is collected pursuant to subsections 37(1), 37(11), and 162(5.1) of the *Income Tax Act* (the Act) and is used for verification of compliance, administration and enforcement of the Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED) program requirements.

Information may also be used for the administration and enforcement of other provisions of the Act, including assessment, audit, enforcement, collections, and appeals, and may be disclosed under information-sharing agreements in accordance with the Act. Incomplete or inaccurate information may result in assessment of monetary penalties and delays in processing SR&ED claims.

The social insurance number is collected pursuant to section 237 of the Act and is used for identification purposes.

Information is described in personal information bank CRA PPU 441 "Scientific Research and Experimental Development" in the Canada Revenue Agency (CRA) chapter of *Info Source*. Personal information is protected under the *Privacy Act*, and individuals have a right of access to, correction, and protection of their personal information. Further details regarding requests for personal information at the CRA and our *Info Source* chapter can be found at www.cra.gc.ca/atip.

Part 2 – Project information (continued)

Project number **1** CRA internal form identifier 060

| Comp | ete a separate Part 2 for each project claimed this year. CRA internal form identifier 060 code 1501 |
|-------------|--|
| Secti | on A – Project identification |
| | roject title (and identification code if applicable) |
| | |
| | 19-01 Electrical Grid Intelligence |
| 202 | roject start date 204 Completion or expected completion date 206 Field of science or technology code |
| | 2019-01 2020-06 (See guide for list of codes) |
| | Year Month Year Month 2.02.09 Software engineering and technology |
| Projec | claim history |
| 208 | Continuation of a previously claimed project 210 1 X First claim for the project |
| | <u> </u> |
| | /as any of the work done jointly or in collaboration with other businesses? |
| 220 | 004 |
| 220 | Names of the businesses BN |
| 1 | |
| 2 | |
| 3 | |
| | |
| Secti | on B – Project descriptions |
| | /hat scientific or technological uncertainties did you attempt to overcome? |
| 2472 | Maximum 50 lines) |
| 1. | The objective was to develop the technological knowledge to automate various |
| 2. | engineering, monitoring, and control aspects to develop an intelligent or |
| 3. | smart electrical grid. The state of the technology of electrical assets |
| 4. | deployed on the grid is considered to be relatively standalone with limited |
| 5. | intelligence. There have been recent advancements made to make some of these |
| 6. | assets intelligent with the ability to be interconnected. There are also |
| 7. | some products on the markets which can be integrated for additional |
| 8. | monitoring and control; however, all these available technologies are still |
| 9. | limited. In the example of fault indicator devices, they are not intelligent |
| 10. | enough to pin point where the fault on a feeder line may be. Similarly |
| 11. | voltage and power factor compensation devices are standalone limited to a customer's transformer and do not communicate with other assets on the |
| 12. | utility to optimize compensation on the line. |
| 14. | We hypothesized developing the intelligence for our utility grid using both |
| 15. | hardware and software approaches. From the hardware perspective, we will |
| 16. | attempt to extend or enhance the limited automation and control ability of |
| 17. | the aforementioned devices by connecting them using either cellular or radio |
| 18. | networks, so that we can collect their data in real time. Then, using |
| 19. | software, we will develop the various analysis algorithms to monitor and |
| 20. | process this data in real-time to provide for more reliable, optimized, and |
| 21. | efficient operational management of our utility grid. |
| 22. | We decided to use an off the shelf product for our data warehousing called |
| 23. | PI. We would use PI to collect data from all our IT subsystems that are |
| 24. | connected to the various assets deployed on the grid. A significant |
| 25. | uncertainty was whether we could build the intelligent monitoring and |
| 26. | analysis algorithms in PI connecting and pulling data from all the different |
| 27. | sub systems. These subsystems were designed for specific functions. For |
| 28. | example the Outage Management System (OMS) was developed to detect and alert |
| 29. | if an outage occurred at the meter level, and the SCADA was developed to |
| 30. | monitor and control the primary grid assets such as substation transformer, |
| 31. | breakers, etc. We needed to centralize the data from all these systems in |
| 32. | one location, PI, to perform the analysis. We were uncertain whether we |
| 33. | could reliably collect and store all the historical data from the disparate |
| 34. | grid components. Furthermore, it was not known whether the data points that |

What scientific or technological uncertainties did you attempt to overcome? (Maximum 50 lines)

- 35. were available would enable us to develop the intelligence to truly develop a
- 36. smart grid that can safely and reliably recover from faults, or send
- 37. intelligent alerts to enable field crews to quickly resolve grid faults and
- 38. rapidly restore service.

What work did you perform in the tax year to overcome the scientific or technological uncertainties described in line 242? (Summarize the systematic investigation or search) (Maximum 100 lines)

- 1. We began by iteratively developing the link between PI and Customer
- 2. Information System (CIS) to pull in electrical meter data. We then designed
- 3. and developed the grid connectivity model to represent the relationship
- 4. between the electrical meter, the transformer, and the feeder right back to
- 5. the breaker in the transformer station.
- 6. Next, we began the integration with our SCADA, so we are able to get feeder
- 7. data such as amps, volts, kWh, kVA, reactive power (KVAR), etc., for each
- 8. feeder into the PI system. This was done to build the historical record of
- 9. the required electrical assets for trending and anomaly detection. Once, we
- 10. had developed the connectivity model and started populating PI with data, we
- 11. began developing automatic alerts based upon set thresholds. The PI system
- 12. would automatically send out an email signal on transformer overload.
- 13. We also developed the methods to perform standardized calculation for the
- 14. transformer asset life, based on the amps, volts, manufacturer's data,
- 15. weather conditions, etc. This required us to build the APIs needed to get in
- 16. twenty weather related attributes into PI.
- 17. Finally, we began developing the intelligence to locate faults on the feeder
- 18. line by extracting Fault Indicator data. We iteratively developed the
- 19. analysis algorithm in PI to trigger execution when the real-time status of
- 20. the fault indicator devices signaled a trip, and then calculated the location
- 21. of the fault by following the path of the line and data from other devices
- 22. along the path to calculate the location.
- 23. An issue we encountered in the design of our connectivity model was that our
- 24. analysis algorithms computed erroneous results when the physical electric
- 25. meter was replaced. Upon investigation, we determined that the PI system
- 26. lost visibility to all the historical information at the transformer level.
- 27. We systematically investigated and modified our connectivity model to create
- 28. an additional layer, with the Service Delivery Point (SDP) object, between
- 29. the transformer and the meters. We developed an external API to connect to
- 30. PI using java script to automate the rerouting of our 60,000+ electrical
- 31. meter nodes in PI. This was accomplished by first extracting all the SDP
- 32. numbers in GIS sub-system into PI, and then rerouting the meter object in the
- 33. connectivity model from the root location at the transformer level now to the
- 34. SDP object level. Next, all the historical meter data was pulled into the
- 35. SDP object. During testing, we confirmed that when the physical meter was
- 36. now replaced, all its historical information was retained in the SDP.
- 37. Also during development, we started encountering performance issues with PI.
- 38. We had upwards of 550K analysis running in PI each day. To address, we
- 39. systematically investigated re-architecting the PI system to minimize our
- 40. data point tags, by converting them to attributes types. This resulted in
- 41. the PI system minimizing the historical retention of certain data points and
- 42. only capturing the current value. While this resulted in some performance
- 43. improvements, we additionally developed methods to perform the analysis
- 44. external to PI. APIs were developed for external calculators to pull data
- 45. from PI, perform the analysis and then relay the results back into PI for
- 46. additional processing.

What scientific or technological advancements did you achieve or attempt to achieve as a result of the work described in line 244? (Maximum 50 lines)

- 1. During this fiscal period we made some significant advancements towards our
- 2. goal of developing an intelligent grid. We achieved some significant data
- 3. architecture learning for the PI system when working with large volumes of

Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. 89172 5210 RC0001

| 4. | data points where there is a high requirement | for retention of historical | |
|--------------|---|--|----------------------|
| 5. | data for analysis purposes. These learning ha | | |
| 6. | performance limitations of PI and develop our | | e |
| 7. | efficiently. | * | |
| 8. | We have made significant advancements in our a | ability to determine transform | er |
| 9. | loading, and transformer asset life analysis. | For asset life calculation, | we |
| 10. | gained learning by using not only equipment me | etrics, but also input upwards | |
| 11. | of twenty weather and environment related data | a points to improve our | |
| 12. | predictions. | | |
| 13. | Also, we have developed reliable and automated | - | |
| 14. | predict an overhead line fault along long bran | | a |
| 15. | significant improvement over the traditional r | | |
| 16. | analysis. Our solution now automatically send | | |
| 17. | location information to the Fault Indicator in | | |
| 18. 19. | fault location. This significantly improved t | | |
| 19. | crews and our recovery times from overhead lin | ie laults. | |
| Secti | on C – Additional project information | | |
| Whop | repared the responses for Section B? | | |
| 253 | 1 Employee directly involved in the project 254 Name | | |
| 255 | 1 Other employee of the company 256 Name | | |
| 257 | 1 X External consultant 258 Name KPMG LLP | 259 Firm KPMG L | LP |
| List th | e key individuals directly involved in the project and indicate their qualificatio | ns/experience. | |
| 260 | Names | Qualifications/experience | e and position title |
| 1 R | oger Ersil | Manager of Operational Technology 30 + | yrs exp |
| 2 M | athias Ng | Senior Protection & Control Engineer 10+ | yrs exp |
| 3 Eı | ic Andres | Asset Manager Project Lead 10+ yrs exp |) |
| 266 / | Are you claiming any salary or wages for SR&ED performed outside Canada | arty? | 1 Yes 2 X No |
| 267 / | Are you claiming expenditures for SR&ED performed by people other than you | our employees? | 1 X Yes 2 No |
| If you | answered yes to line 267, complete lines 268 and 269. | | |
| 268 | Names of individuals or companies | | 269 BN |
| | <u> </u> | | |
| 2 | SEL Schweitzer Laboratories Inc. | | 86376 0286 RT0001 |
| | | | |
| | evidence do you have to support your claim? (Check any that apply) onot need to submit these items with the claim. However, you are required to | o retain them in the event of a review. | |
| 270 | 1 X Project planning documents 276 1 | X Progress reports, minutes of project meeting | S |
| 271 | Records of resources allocated to the project, | X Test protocols, test data, analysis of test resu | ılts, |
| | | | |
| 272 | Design of experiments | Photographs and videos | |
| 273 | <u> </u> | Samples, prototypes, scrap or other artefacts | |
| 274 | | Contracts | |
| 275 | 1 Records of trial runs 281 1 | Others, specify 282 | |



Canada Revenue Agency Agence du revenu du Canada

Information Return for Corporations Filing Electronically

- You have to complete this return for every initial and amended T2 Corporation Income Tax Return electronically filed to the Canada Revenue Agency (CRA) on your behalf.
- By completing Part 2 and signing Part 3, you acknowledge that, under the Income Tax Act, you have to keep all records used to prepare your corporation income tax return, and provide this information to us on request.
- Part 4 must be completed by either you or the electronic transmitter of your corporation income tax return.
- Give the signed original of this return to the transmitter and keep a copy in your own records for six years.
- Do not submit this form to the CRA unless we ask for it.
- · We are responsible for ensuring the confidentiality of your electronically filed tax information only after we have accepted it.

| Corporation's name | fication ———— | | | В | usiness number | | |
|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|-------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Net | works Inc. | | | | 89172 5210 RC0001 | _ | |
| Tax year | From Y M D 2019-01-01 | To Y M 2019-12-3 | D 1 | s this an amended | return? | Yes | X No |
| - 10 - 1 | | | | | | | |
| Part 2 – Decla Enter the following an | ration ———————————————————————————————————— | oration income tax return | n for the tax yea | ar noted above: | | | |
| Net income (or loss | s) for income tax purposes from Sch | nedule 1, financial statem | nents, or GIFI (| line 300) | | | 2,428,651 |
| Part I tax payable (| | | | | | | |
| Part II surtax payal | ole (line 708) | | | | | | |
| Part III.1 tax payab | ` , | | | | | | |
| Part IV tax payable | ` ' | | | | | | |
| Part IV.1 tax payab | ` ' | | | | | · — | |
| Part VI tax payable | , | | | | | | |
| Part VI.1 tax payable | ` , | | | | | · | |
| Part XIV tax payab | , | | | | | · | |
| • • | territorial tax payable (line 760) | | | | | | |
| Trot provincial and | torrioriar tax payable (iiii r ee) | | | | | | |
| - Part 3 – Certif | ication and authorization [.] | | | | | | |
| Part 3 – Certif | | or online r | mail! | | r CRA mail electronica Account at cra.gc.ca/ i | | |
| @cr | Sign up fo | | | My Business | Account at cra.gc.ca/ i | mybusiness | account |
| @cr | Sign up for providing an email address, I am reg | gistering the corporation | n for the 'Manag | My Business age online mail' servi | Account at cra.gc.ca/i | mybusiness gree that all n | otices |
| understand that by | Sign up fo | gistering the corporation will no longer be printed a | n for the 'Manaç and mailed. Th | My Business age online mail' serving CRA will notify the | Account at cra.gc.ca/ice. I understand and age corporation at this em | mybusiness gree that all n nail address v | otices when |
| I understand that by and other correspond they are available in I | providing an email address, I am reg dence eligible for electronic delivery My Business Account and requiring | gistering the corporation will no longer be printed a | n for the 'Manaç and mailed. Th | My Business age online mail' serving CRA will notify the | Account at cra.gc.ca/ice. I understand and age corporation at this em | mybusiness gree that all n nail address v | otices when |
| I understand that by and other correspond they are available in I Email address for o | providing an email address, I am reg dence eligible for electronic delivery My Business Account and requiring | gistering the corporation will no longer be printed a immediate attention. The | n for the 'Manaç and mailed. Th | My Business age online mail' serving CRA will notify the | Account at cra.gc.ca/ ice. I understand and ac le corporation at this em received on the date tha | mybusiness gree that all n nail address v at the email is | otices when |
| I understand that by and other correspond they are available in I | providing an email address, I am reg dence eligible for electronic delivery My Business Account and requiring | gistering the corporation will no longer be printed a immediate attention. The | n for the 'Manaç and mailed. Th | My Business age online mail' serving CRA will notify the | Account at cra.gc.ca/lice. I understand and actile corporation at this emreceived on the date that AUTHORIZED SIGNIN | mybusiness gree that all n nail address v at the email is | otices when |
| I understand that by and other correspond they are available in I Email address for o I, SAVAGE am an authorized sig and statements, and complete. I also certi | providing an email address, I am regdence eligible for electronic delivery My Business Account and requiring nline mail (optional): | gistering the corporation will no longer be printed a immediate attention. The DAVID DAVID ify that I have examined a return and this T183 Co | n for the 'Manaç and mailed. Th ey will be presu First name the corporation orp information | My Business ge online mail' servi e CRA will notify the med to have been used to hav | Account at cra.gc.ca/nice. I understand and age corporation at this emreceived on the date that authorized SIGNIN Position, urn, including accomparet of my knowledge, control in the control of the cont | gree that all nail address vat the email is NG OFFICER office, or rank nying schedurect and | otices when sent. |
| I understand that by and other correspond they are available in I Email address for o I, SAVAGE am an authorized sig and statements, and complete. I also certifications in a statem I authorize the transminformation originally | providing an email address, I am regdence eligible for electronic delivery of My Business Account and requiring nline mail (optional): Last name Ining officer of the corporation. I certithat the information given on the T2 fy that the method of calculating incoment attached to this return. Initter identified in Part 4 to electronic filed in response to any errors Cana | pistering the corporation will no longer be printed a immediate attention. The DAVID DAVID ify that I have examined to return and this T183 Coome for this tax year is coally file the corporation in | r for the 'Manaç and mailed. They will be presu First name the corporation orp information onsistent with t | My Business ge online mail' service CRA will notify the med to have been in th | Account at cra.gc.ca/nice. I understand and age corporation at this emreceived on the date that a AUTHORIZED SIGNIN Position, urn, including accomparest of my knowledge, contax year except as special. The transmitter can | gree that all nail address vat the email is NG OFFICER office, or rank nying schedurect and cifically also modify the | otices when sent. , |
| I understand that by and other correspond they are available in I Email address for o I, SAVAGE am an authorized sig and statements, and complete. I also certifications in a statem I authorize the transminformation originally | providing an email address, I am regdence eligible for electronic delivery of My Business Account and requiring nline mail (optional): Last name Ining officer of the corporation. I certithat the information given on the T2 fy that the method of calculating incoment attached to this return. Initter identified in Part 4 to electronic filed in response to any errors Cana | pistering the corporation will no longer be printed a immediate attention. The DAVID DAVID ify that I have examined to return and this T183 Coome for this tax year is coally file the corporation in | r for the 'Manaç and mailed. They will be presu First name the corporation orp information onsistent with t | My Business ge online mail' service CRA will notify the med to have been in th | Account at cra.gc.ca/nice. I understand and age corporation at this emreceived on the date that a AUTHORIZED SIGNIN Position, urn, including accomparest of my knowledge, contax year except as special. The transmitter can | gree that all nail address vat the email is NG OFFICER office, or rank nying schedurect and cifically also modify the | otices when sent. , |
| I understand that by and other correspond they are available in I Email address for o I, SAVAGE am an authorized sig and statements, and complete. I also certifications of in a statem I authorize the transminformation originally accepts the electroni | providing an email address, I am regdence eligible for electronic delivery of My Business Account and requiring nline mail (optional): Last name ning officer of the corporation. I certithat the information given on the T2 fy that the method of calculating incoment attached to this return. Initter identified in Part 4 to electronic filed in response to any errors Canac c return as filed. | pistering the corporation will no longer be printed a immediate attention. The DAVID DAVID ify that I have examined to return and this T183 Coome for this tax year is coally file the corporation in | n for the 'Manaç and mailed. Th ey will be presu First name the corporation orp information onsistent with t income tax return intifies. This aut | My Business ge online mail' service CRA will notify the med to have been used to hav | Account at cra.gc.ca/nice. I understand and age corporation at this emreceived on the date that a AUTHORIZED SIGNIN Position, urn, including accomparest of my knowledge, contax year except as special. The transmitter can | gree that all nail address vat the email is NG OFFICER office, or rank nying schedurect and cifically also modify thational Revenue | otices when sent. , |
| I understand that by and other correspond they are available in the tender of the | providing an email address, I am regidence eligible for electronic delivery My Business Account and requiring Inline mail (optional): Last name Ining officer of the corporation. I certithat the information given on the T2 fy that the method of calculating incoment attached to this return. Initter identified in Part 4 to electronic filed in response to any errors Canac c return as filed. Sign | pistering the corporation will no longer be printed a immediate attention. The DAVID DAVID ify that I have examined a return and this T183 Coome for this tax year is contained and the corporation in th | n for the 'Manaç and mailed. Th ey will be presu First name the corporation orp information onsistent with t income tax return intifies. This aut | My Business ge online mail' service CRA will notify the med to have been used to hav | Account at cra.gc.ca/nice. I understand and age corporation at this emreceived on the date that a AUTHORIZED SIGNIN Position, urn, including accomparest of my knowledge, contax year except as special. The transmitter can | gree that all nail address vat the email is NG OFFICER office, or rank nying schedurect and cifically also modify thational Revenue | otices when sent. , les |
| I understand that by and other correspond they are available in I Email address for o I, SAVAGE am an authorized sig and statements, and complete. I also certifications originally accepts the electronication orig | providing an email address, I am regdence eligible for electronic delivery of My Business Account and requiring online mail (optional): Last name Ining officer of the corporation. I certithat the information given on the T2 fy that the method of calculating incoment attached to this return. Initter identified in Part 4 to electronic filed in response to any errors Canac c return as filed. Sign | pistering the corporation will no longer be printed a immediate attention. The DAVID DAVID ify that I have examined to return and this T183 Corpore for this tax year is corporation in the day of the day of the corporation in the day of | First name the corporation organistent with t ncome tax return ntifies. This aut | My Business ge online mail' service CRA will notify the med to have been used to hav | Account at cra.gc.ca/nice. I understand and age corporation at this emreceived on the date that a AUTHORIZED SIGNIN Position, urn, including accomparest of my knowledge, contax year except as special. The transmitter can | gree that all nail address vat the email is NG OFFICER office, or rank nying schedurect and cifically also modify thational Revenue | otices when sent. , les |
| I understand that by and other correspond they are available in the tender of the tender of the tender of the tender of the transminformation originally accepts the electronicular of the tender | providing an email address, I am regidence eligible for electronic delivery My Business Account and requiring Inline mail (optional): Last name Ining officer of the corporation. I certithat the information given on the T2 fy that the method of calculating incoment attached to this return. Initter identified in Part 4 to electronic filed in response to any errors Canac c return as filed. Sign | pistering the corporation will no longer be printed a immediate attention. The DAVID DAVID ify that I have examined to return and this T183 Corpore for this tax year is corporation in the day of the day of the corporation in the day of | First name the corporation organistent with t ncome tax return ntifies. This aut | My Business ge online mail' service CRA will notify the med to have been used to hav | Account at cra.gc.ca/nice. I understand and age corporation at this emreceived on the date that a AUTHORIZED SIGNIN Position, urn, including accomparest of my knowledge, contax year except as special. The transmitter can | gree that all nail address vat the email is NG OFFICER office, or rank nying schedurect and cifically also modify thational Revenue | otices when sent. , les |
| I understand that by and other correspond they are available in I Email address for o I, SAVAGE am an authorized sig and statements, and complete. I also certifications din a statem I authorize the transminformation originally accepts the electronication of the electronication of the electronication of the electronication of the electronication originally accepts th | providing an email address, I am regdence eligible for electronic delivery of My Business Account and requiring online mail (optional): Last name Ining officer of the corporation. I certithat the information given on the T2 fy that the method of calculating incoment attached to this return. Initter identified in Part 4 to electronic filed in response to any errors Canac c return as filed. Sign | pistering the corporation will no longer be printed a immediate attention. The DAVID DAVID ify that I have examined a return and this T183 Coome for this tax year is come for this tax year is contained a Revenue Agency ideal atture of an authorized sign eturn of the corporation in the corporatio | First name the corporation organistent with t ncome tax return ntifies. This aut | My Business ge online mail' service CRA will notify the med to have been used to hav | Account at cra.gc.ca/nice. I understand and age corporation at this emreceived on the date that a AUTHORIZED SIGNIN Position, urn, including accomparest of my knowledge, contax year except as special. The transmitter can | gree that all nail address vat the email is NG OFFICER office, or rank nying schedurect and cifically also modify the strong recent and cifically also modify the strong recent and recent and cifically also modify the strong recent and recent and recent and cifically also modify the strong recent and | otices when sent. , les |

Privacy statement -

Personal information is collected under the *Income Tax Act* to administer tax, benefits, and related programs. It may also be used for any purpose related to the administration or enforcement of the Act such as audit, compliance and the payment of debts owed to the Crown. It may be shared or verified with other federal, provincial/territorial government institutions to the extent authorized by law. Failure to provide this information may result in interest payable, penalties or other actions. Under the *Privacy Act*, individuals have the right to access their personal information and request correction if there are errors or omissions. Refer to Info Source cra.gc.ca/gncy/tp/nfsrc/nfsrc-eng.html, personal information bank CRA PPU 047.

Canadä



Canada Revenue Agence du revenu du Canada

T2 Corporation Income Tax Return

200

EXEMPT FROM TAX

This form serves as a federal, provincial, and territorial corporation income tax return, unless the corporation is located in Quebec or Alberta. If the corporation is located in one of these provinces, you have to file a separate provincial corporation return.

All legislative references on this return are to the federal Income Tax Act and Income Tax Regulations. This return may contain changes that had not yet become law at the time of publication.

Send one completed copy of this return, including schedules and the General Index of Financial Information (GIFI), to your tax centre. You have to file the return within six months after the end of the corporation's tax year.

For more information see **canada.ca/taxes** or Guide T4012, T2 Corporation – Income Tax Guide.

| 055 | Do not use this area |
|-----|----------------------|
| - | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| 1 | |

| ┌ Identification ──────────── | |
|--|---|
| Business number (BN) 001 89172 5210 RC0001 | |
| Corporation's name | To which tax year does this return apply? |
| 002 Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | Tax year start Tax year-end |
| Address of head office | Year Month Day Year Month Day |
| Has this address changed since the last | 060 2019-01-01 061 2019-12-31 |
| time we were notified? | Has there been an acquisition of control |
| If yes, complete lines 011 to 018. | resulting in the application of |
| 011 100 Simcoe Street South | subsection 249(4) since the tax year start on line 060? |
| 012 | Very Month Davi |
| City Province, territory, or state | If yes, provide the date control was acquired |
| 015 Oshawa 016 ON | Is the date on line 061 a deemed |
| Country (other than Canada) Postal or ZIP code | tax year-end according to |
| 017 018 L1H 7M7 | subsection 249(3.1)? 066 Yes No X |
| Mailing address (if different from head office address) | Is the corporation a professional |
| Has this address changed since the last time we were notified? | corporation that is a member of |
| If yes, complete lines 021 to 028. | a partnership? |
| 021 c/o | Is this the first year of filing after: |
| 022 | Incorporation? |
| 023 | Amalgamation? |
| City Province, territory, or state | If yes , complete lines 030 to 038 and attach Schedule 24. |
| 025 | Has there been a wind-up of a |
| Country (other than Canada) Postal or ZIP code | subsidiary under section 88 during the |
| 027 | current tax year? |
| Location of books and records (if different from head office address) | If yes , complete and attach Schedule 24. |
| Has this address changed since the | Is this the final tax year before amalgamation? |
| last time we were notified? | before amalgamation? 076 Yes No X |
| If yes, complete lines 031 to 038. | Is this the final return up to dissolution? |
| 031 | |
| 032 | If an election was made under section 261, state the functional |
| City Province, territory, or state | currency used |
| 035 036 | Is the corporation a resident of Canada? 080 Yes X No |
| Country (other than Canada) Postal or ZIP code | |
| 037 038 | If no , give the country of residence on line 081 and complete and attach Schedule 97. |
| 040 Type of corporation at the end of the tax year (tick one) | 081 |
| - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| X 1 Canadian-controlled private corporation (CCPC) | Is the non-resident corporation claiming an exemption under |
| 2 Other private corporation | an income tax treaty? 082 Yes No X |
| 3 Public corporation | If yes , complete and attach Schedule 91. |
| 4 Corporation controlled by a public corporation | If the corporation is exempt from tax under section 149, tick one of |
| 5 Other corporation | the following boxes: |
| (specify) | 1 Exempt under paragraph 149(1)(e) or (l) |
| If the time of corporation changed during | 2 Exempt under paragraph 149(1)(j) |
| If the type of corporation changed during the tax year, provide the effective Year Month Day | 3 Exempt under paragraph 149(1)(t) (for tax years starting before 2019) |
| date of the change | X 4 Exempt under other paragraphs of section 149 |
| | |
| Do not use | |
| 095 | 898 |

| ┌ Attachments ───── | | |
|---|-------|-------------|
| Financial statement information: Use GIFI schedules 100, 125, and 141. | | |
| Schedules – Answer the following questions. For each yes response, attach the schedule to the T2 return, unless otherwise instructed. | ., | |
| | | Schedule |
| Is the corporation related to any other corporations? | 150 X | 9 |
| Is the corporation an associated CCPC? | 160 X | 23 |
| Is the corporation an associated CCPC that is claiming the expenditure limit? | 161 | 49 |
| Does the corporation have any non-resident shareholders who own voting shares? | 151 | 19 |
| Has the corporation had any transactions, including section 85 transfers, with its shareholders, officers, or employees, | | |
| other than transactions in the ordinary course of business? Exclude non-arm's length transactions with non-residents | 162 | 11 |
| If you answered yes to the above question, and the transaction was between corporations not dealing at arm's length, | 163 | 4.4 |
| were all or substantially all of the assets of the transferor disposed of to the transferee? | 164 X | 44 |
| Has the corporation paid any royalties, management fees, or other similar payments to residents of Canada? | | 14 |
| Is the corporation claiming a deduction for payments to a type of employee benefit plan? | | 15 |
| Is the corporation claiming a loss or deduction from a tax shelter? | 166 | T5004 |
| Is the corporation a member of a partnership for which a partnership account number has been assigned? | 167 | T5013 |
| Did the corporation, a foreign affiliate controlled by the corporation, or any other corporation or trust that did not deal at arm's length | 168 | 00 |
| with the corporation have a beneficial interest in a non-resident discretionary trust (without reference to section 94)? | 169 | 22 |
| Did the corporation own any shares in one or more foreign affiliates in the tax year? | 108 | 25 |
| Has the corporation made any payments to non-residents of Canada under subsections 202(1) and/or 105(1) of the Income Tax Regulations? | 170 | 29 |
| Did the corporation have a total amount over CAN\$1 million of reportable transactions with non-arm's length non-residents? | 171 | T106 |
| For private corporations: Does the corporation have any shareholders who own 10% or more of the corporation's | | 1 100 |
| common and/or preferred shares? | 173 X | 50 |
| Has the corporation made payments to, or received amounts from, a retirement compensation plan arrangement during the year? | 172 | |
| Does the corporation earn income from one or more Internet web pages or websites? | 180 | 88 |
| Is the net income/loss shown on the financial statements different from the net income/loss for income tax purposes? | 201 X | 1 |
| Has the corporation made any charitable donations; gifts of cultural or ecological property; or gifts of medicine? | 202 X | 2 |
| Has the corporation received any dividends or paid any taxable dividends for purposes of the dividend refund? | 203 X | 3 |
| | 204 | 4 |
| Is the corporation claiming any type of losses? | 204 | 4 |
| Is the corporation claiming a provincial or territorial tax credit or does it have a permanent establishment in more than one jurisdiction? | 205 | 5 |
| Has the corporation realized any capital gains or incurred any capital losses during the tax year? | 206 | 6 |
| i) Is the corporation a CCPC and reporting a) income or loss from property (other than dividends deductible on line 320 of the T2 return), b) | | Ū |
| income from a partnership, c) income from a foreign business, d) income from a personal services business, e) income referred to in clause | | |
| 125(1)(a)(i)(C) or 125(1)(a)(i)(B), f) aggregate investment income as defined in subsection 129(4), or g) an amount assigned to it under | | |
| subsection 125(3.2) or 125(8); or | | |
| ii) Is the corporation a member of a partnership and assigning its specified partnership business limit to a designated member under subsection 125(8)? | 207 | 7 |
| Does the corporation have any property that is eligible for capital cost allowance? | 208 X | 8 |
| Does the corporation have any property that is engine for capital cost allowance: | 212 | 12 |
| | 213 | 13 |
| Is the corporation claiming deductible reserves? | 216 | |
| Is the corporation claiming a patronage dividend deduction? | 217 | 16 |
| Is the corporation a credit union claiming a deduction for allocations in proportion to borrowing or a provincial credit union tax reduction? | 218 | 17 |
| Is the corporation an investment corporation or a mutual fund corporation? | | 18 |
| Is the corporation carrying on business in Canada as a non-resident corporation? | 220 | 20 |
| Is the corporation claiming any federal, provincial, or territorial foreign tax credits, or any federal logging tax credits? | 221 | 21 |
| Does the corporation have any Canadian manufacturing and processing profits? | 227 | 27 |
| Is the corporation claiming an investment tax credit? | 231 X | 31 |
| Is the corporation claiming any scientific research and experimental development (SR&ED) expenditures? | 232 X | T661 |
| Is the total taxable capital employed in Canada of the corporation and its related corporations over \$10,000,000? | 233 X | 33/34/35 |
| Is the total taxable capital employed in Canada of the corporation and its associated corporations over \$10,000,000? | 234 X | |
| Is the corporation subject to gross Part VI tax on capital of financial institutions? | 238 | 38 |
| Is the corporation claiming a Part I tax credit? | 242 | 42 |
| Is the corporation subject to Part IV.1 tax on dividends received on taxable preferred shares or Part VI.1 tax on dividends paid? | 243 | 43 |
| Is the corporation agreeing to a transfer of the liability for Part VI.1 tax? | 244 | 45 |
| Is the corporation subject to Part II tax for the tobacco manufacturers' surcharge? | 249 | 46 |
| For financial institutions: Is the corporation a member of a related group of financial institutions with one or | | |
| more members subject to gross Part VI tax? | 250 | 39 |
| Is the corporation claiming a Canadian film or video production tax credit? | 253 | T1131 |
| Is the corporation claiming a film or video production services tax credit? | 254 | T1177 |
| Is the corporation subject to Part XIII.1 tax? (Show your calculations on a sheet that you identify as Schedule 92.) | 255 | 92 |
| | | |

| - Attachments (continued) | le |
|--|--------|
| Did the corporation have any foreign affiliates in the tax year? | ļ |
| Did the corporation own or hold specified foreign property where the total cost amount of all such property, at any time in the year, was | |
| more than CAN\$100,000? | j |
| Did the corporation transfer or loan property to a non-resident trust? | |
| Did the corporation receive a distribution from or was it indebted to a non-resident trust in the year? | - |
| Has the corporation entered into an agreement to allocate assistance for SR&ED carried out in Canada? | j |
| Has the corporation entered into an agreement to transfer qualified expenditures incurred in respect of SR&ED contracts? | j |
| Has the corporation entered into an agreement with other associated corporations for salary or wages of specified employees for SR&ED? | ŀ |
| Did the corporation pay taxable dividends (other than capital gains dividends) in the tax year? | |
| Has the corporation made an election under subsection 89(11) not to be a CCPC? | |
| Has the corporation revoked any previous election made under subsection 89(11)? | - |
| Did the corporation (CCPC or deposit insurance corporation (DIC)) pay eligible dividends, or did its general rate income pool (GRIP) change in the tax year? | |
| general rate income pool (GRIP) change in the tax year? 53 Did the corporation (other than a CCPC or DIC) pay eligible dividends, or did its low rate income pool (LRIP) change in the tax year? 54 | |
| | |
| - Additional information - | \neg |
| Did the corporation use the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) when it prepared its financial statements? 270 Yes X No | _ |
| Is the corporation inactive? No X | J |
| What is the corporation's main | |
| revenue-generating business activity? <u>418990</u> All other merchant wholesalers | _ |
| Specify the principal products mined, manufactured, 284 Utility Distribution 285 100.000 % | |
| sold, constructed, or services provided, giving the | |
| approximate percentage of the total revenue that each product or service represents. | |
| | ٦ |
| Did the corporation immigrate to Canada during the tax year? No X | - |
| Did the corporation emigrate from Canada during the tax year? No X | - |
| Do you want to be considered as a quarterly instalment remitter if you are eligible? |] |
| If the corporation was eligible to remit instalments on a quarterly basis for part of the tax year, provide the date the corporation ceased to be eligible | |
| If the corporation's major business activity is construction, did you have any subcontractors during the tax year? |]_ |
| – Taxable income – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – | |
| Net income or (loss) for income tax purposes from Schedule 1, financial statements, or GIFI | Α |
| Deduct: | |
| Charitable donations from Schedule 2 311 4,000 Cultural gifts from Schedule 2 313 | |
| | |
| Loudylcai girts from Schedule 2 | |
| Gifts of medicine made before March 22, 2017, from Schedule 2 | |
| Part VI.1 tax deduction* | |
| Non-capital losses of previous tax years from Schedule 4 | |
| Net capital losses of previous tax years from Schedule 4 | |
| Restricted farm losses of previous tax years from Schedule 4 333 | |
| Farm losses of previous tax years from Schedule 4 | |
| Limited partnership losses of previous tax years from Schedule 4 | |
| Prospector's and grubstaker's shares | |
| Employer deduction for non-qualified securities under an employee stock options | |
| agreement a | _ |
| Subtotal 4,000 ► 4,000 | |
| Subtotal (amount A minus amount B) (if negative, enter "0") 2,424,651 Section 110.5 additions or subparagraph 115(1)(a)(vii) additions | |
| | D |
| , | |
| | 7 |
| | Z |
| | Z.1 |
| * This amount is equal to 3.5 times the Part VI.1 tax payable at line 724 on page 9. | |

| - Small business de Canadian-controlled priv | | CCPCs) throu | ghout the tax year | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|-----------------|----------|-------------|-------------------------|
| Income eligible for the sma | all business deduction | from Schedul | le 7 | | | | 400 | 2,428,651 A |
| Taxable income from line 3 minus 4 times the amore federal law, is exempt from Business limit (see notes 1 | unt on line 636** on p Part I tax | age 8, and mi | , | , because of | | | 440 | B 500,000 c |
| Notes: | , | | | | | | | |
| For CCPCs that are no weeks, prorate this amo | | | | • | • | | | |
| 2. For associated CCPCs | , use Schedule 23 to | calculate the a | amount to be entered | on line 410. | | | | |
| Business limit reduction | | | | | | | | |
| Taxable capital busin | ess limit reduction | | | | | | | |
| Amount C | 500,000 × | 415 *** | 301,796 11,250 | <u>D</u> = | | | | 13,413,156 E |
| Passive income busir | ness limit reduction | | , | | | | | |
| Adjusted aggregate inv | estment income from | Schedule 7*** | ··· <u>417</u> | | | 50, | 000 = | F |
| Amount C | 500,000 × 100,000 | Amount F | | = | | | <u> </u> | G |
| | , , , , , , , | | | Subtotal (the or | eater of amount | F and am | ount G) 422 | 13,413,156 _H |
| Reduced business limit for Reduced business limit for Business limit the CCPC a | tax years starting after | er 2018 (amou | ount C minus amour int C minus amount | nt E) (if negative H) (if negative, o | e, enter "0") | | 425 | I J K |
| Reduced business limit a | after assignment for | r tax years st | arting before 2019 (| amount I minus | s amount K) | | 427 | L |
| Reduced business limit a | after assignment for | r tax years st | arting after 2018 (ar | mount J minus | amount K) | | 428 | M |
| Small business deductio | on | | | | | | | |
| Tax years starting before | e 2019 | | | | | | | |
| Amount A, B, C, or L, whichever is the least | | x | Number of days ir before Januar | y 1, 2018 | | x | 17.5 % = | 1 |
| | | | Number of days ir | • | | 65 | | |
| Amount A, B, C, or L, whichever is the least | | x Decer | Number of days in the mber 31, 2017, and b | efore January 1 | , 2019 | X | 18 % = | 2 |
| | | | Number of days in | • | | 65 | | |
| Amount A, B, C, or L, whichever is the least | | x | Number of days in the December 3 | 1, 2018 | 3 | 65 × | 19 % = | 3 |
| Tax years starting after 2 | 2018 | | Number of days in | i iile iax year | 3 | 65 | | |
| Amount A, B, C, or M, which | | <u></u> | | | | x | 19 % = | 4 |
| Small business deductio | n (total of amounts 1 | to 4) | | | | | 430 | N |

- * Calculate the amount of foreign non-business income tax credit deductible on line 632 without reference to the refundable tax on the CCPC's investment income (line 604) and without reference to the corporate tax reductions under section 123.4.
- ** Calculate the amount of foreign business income tax credit deductible on line 636 without reference to the corporation tax reductions under section 123.4.

*** Large corporations

Enter amount N at amount J on page 8.

- If the corporation is not associated with any corporations in both the current and previous tax years, the amount to be entered on line 415 is: (total taxable capital employed in Canada for the **prior** year **minus** \$10,000,000) x 0.225%.
- If the corporation is not associated with any corporations in the current tax year, but was associated in the previous tax year, the amount to be entered on line 415 is: (total taxable capital employed in Canada for the **current** year **minus** \$10,000,000) x 0.225%.
- For corporations associated in the current tax year, see Schedule 23 for the special rules that apply.
- **** Enter the total adjusted aggregate investment income of the corporation and all associated corporations. Each corporation with such income has to file a Schedule 7, which includes a line 744 and a line 745. For the first tax year starting after 2018, use the total of lines 744. Otherwise, use the total of lines 745 of the preceding tax year.

| 2020- | 06-29 15:25 | | | 89172 5210 RC000 |
|----------|---|--|---|--|
| – Sm | nall business deduction (continued) ——— | | | |
| | ified corporate income and assignment under subsection | on 125(3.2) | | |
| ' | 01 | 0 | P | Q |
| | Name of corporation receiving the income and assigned amount | Business number of the corporation receiving the assigned amount | Income paid under clause 125(1)(a)(i)(B) to the corporation identified in column O ³ | Business limit assigned to corporation identified in column O ⁴ |
| | | 490 | 500 | 505 |
| 1. | | | | |
| | | T | otal 510 | Total 515 |
| Note | | manata in aguna (a)(i)] the tate | al of all amounts each of which is in | acomo from an activo |
| bı | his amount is [as defined in subsection 125(7) specified cor usiness of the corporation for the year from the provision of sea.) at any time in the year, the corporation (or one of its shareh | ervices or property to a private | corporation (directly or indirectly, in | n any manner whatever) if |
| (E | nareholders) holds a direct or indirect interest in the private of 3) it is not the case that all or substantially all of the corporation | • | an active business is from the provi | sion of services or |
| Pr | roperty to (I) persons (other than the private corporation) with which the | e corporation deals at arm's le | ngth, or | |
| | (II) partnerships with which the corporation deals at arm's ler with the corporation holds a direct or indirect interest. | • | • | al at arm's length |
| in ar | he amount of the business limit you assign to a CCPC canno come referred to in column P in respect of that CCPC and B mount of income referred to in clauses 125(1)(a)(i)(A) or (B) for tax years starting after 2018). | is the portion of the amount d | escribed in A that is deductible by y | ou in respect of the |
| | | | | |
| 1 | neral tax reduction for Canadian-controlled | • | | |
| | idian-controlled private corporations throughout the tax | | | |
| i | ble income from page 3 (line 360 or amount Z, whichever app | , | | |
| | | | | |
| | unt 13K from Part 13 of Schedule 27 | | 432 | C |
| Amou | unt from line 400, 405, 410, or 427 (428 instead of 427 for tax | x years starting after 2018) | | |
| | egate investment income from line 440 on page 6* | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | Subtotal (add arrio | unts B to F) | = |
| Amou | unt A minus amount G (if negative, enter "0") | | | + |
| | eral tax reduction for Canadian-controlled private corporer amount I on line 638 on page 8. | rations – Amount H multiplie | ed by 13 % | <u> </u> |
| | ccept for a corporation that is, throughout the year, a cooperat | ive corporation (within the me | aning assigned by subsection 136(| 2)) or a credit union. |
| | | | | |
| Do n | neral tax reduction ot complete this area if you are a Canadian-controlled p tual fund corporation, or any corporation with taxable ir | | | |
| | ble income from page 3 (line 360 or amount Z, whichever app | • | • | |
| Lesse | er of amounts 9B and 9H from Part 9 of Schedule 27 | | | К |
| | | | | |
| Perso | onal services business income | | 434 | M |
| | | Subtotal (add amou | unts K to M) | > |
| A | unt I minus amount N (if pagative enter "O") | | | _ |
| Amol | unt J minus amount N (if negative, enter "0") | | | ····· ———— · |
| Gene | eral tax reduction – Amount O multiplied by 13 %. | | | <u></u> F |

Enter amount P on line 639 on page 8.

| Canadian-controlled private corporations throughout the tax year |
|---|
| Sanadian-controlled private corporations throughout the tax year |
| Aggregate investment income from Schedule 7 |
| from Schedule 7 |
| Foreign non-business income tax credit from line 632 on page 8 B |
| Foreign investment income from Schedule 7 |
| Subtotal (amount B minus amount C) (if negative, enter "0") |
| Amount A minus amount D (if negative, enter "0") |
| Taxable income from line 360 on page 3 |
| Amount from line 400, 405, 410, or 427 (428 instead |
| of 427 for tax years starting after 2018) on page 4, |
| whichever is the least G |
| Foreign non- |
| business income tax |
| credit from |
| line 632 on |
| page 8 x 75 / 29 = H |
| Foreign |
| business income |
| tax credit from |
| line 636 |
| on page 8 x |
| Subtotal (add amounts G to I) J |
| Subtotal (amount F minus amount J) (if negative, enter "0") |
| Part I tax payable minus investment tax credit refund (line 700 minus line 780 from page 9) |
| Refundable portion of Part I tax – Amount E, L, or M, whichever is the least |
| Refundable dividend tax on hand (for tax years starting before 2019) |
| Refundable dividend tax on hand at the end of the previous tax year |
| AGE |
| |
| Entracina for the provided tax year |
| Subtotal (line 460 minus line 465) |
| Subtotal (line 460 minus line 465) P |
| Subtotal (line 460 minus line 465) ■ ■ ■ O Refundable portion of Part I tax from line 450 above P P Total Part IV tax payable from Schedule 3 Q Q |
| Subtotal (line 460 minus line 465) Refundable portion of Part I tax from line 450 above Total Part IV tax payable from Schedule 3 Net refundable dividend tax on hand transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up |
| Subtotal (line 460 minus line 465) Refundable portion of Part I tax from line 450 above Total Part IV tax payable from Schedule 3 Net refundable dividend tax on hand transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary O ABO Subtotal (line 460 minus line 465) P Q |
| Subtotal (line 460 minus line 465) Refundable portion of Part I tax from line 450 above Total Part IV tax payable from Schedule 3 Net refundable dividend tax on hand transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary Subtotal (amount P plus amount Q plus line 480) Refundable portion of Part I tax from line 450 above P Q ABO Subtotal (amount P plus amount Q plus line 480) |
| Subtotal (line 460 minus line 465) Refundable portion of Part I tax from line 450 above Total Part IV tax payable from Schedule 3 Net refundable dividend tax on hand transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary O ABO Subtotal (line 460 minus line 465) P Q |
| Subtotal (line 460 minus line 465) Refundable portion of Part I tax from line 450 above Total Part IV tax payable from Schedule 3 Net refundable dividend tax on hand transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary Subtotal (amount P plus amount Q plus line 480) Refundable dividend tax on hand at the end of the tax year – Amount O plus amount R 485 |
| Subtotal (line 460 minus line 465) Refundable portion of Part I tax from line 450 above Total Part IV tax payable from Schedule 3 Net refundable dividend tax on hand transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary Subtotal (amount P plus amount Q plus line 480) Refundable portion of Part I tax from line 450 above P Q ABO Subtotal (amount P plus amount Q plus line 480) |
| Subtotal (line 460 minus line 465) Refundable portion of Part I tax from line 450 above Total Part IV tax payable from Schedule 3 Net refundable dividend tax on hand transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary Subtotal (amount P plus amount Q plus line 480) Refundable dividend tax on hand at the end of the tax year – Amount O plus amount R Private and subject corporations at the time taxable dividends were paid in the tax year |
| Subtotal (line 460 minus line 465) Refundable portion of Part I tax from line 450 above Potal Part IV tax payable from Schedule 3 Net refundable dividend tax on hand transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary Subtotal (amount P plus amount Q plus line 480) Refundable dividend tax on hand at the end of the tax year – Amount O plus amount R - Dividend refund (for tax years starting before 2019) |
| Subtotal (line 460 minus line 465) Refundable portion of Part I tax from line 450 above Total Part IV tax payable from Schedule 3 Net refundable dividend tax on hand transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary Subtotal (amount P plus amount Q plus line 480) Refundable dividend tax on hand at the end of the tax year – Amount O plus amount R Dividend refund (for tax years starting before 2019) Private and subject corporations at the time taxable dividends were paid in the tax year Taxable dividends paid in the tax year from line 460 on page 3 of Schedule 3 Subtotal (line 460 minus line 465) P A80 Refundable dividend tax on hand at the end of the tax year – Amount O plus amount R A85 S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S |

Enter amount U on line 784 on page 9.

| - Refundable dividend tax on hand (for tax years starting after 2018) | |
|---|---------------|
| Refundable dividend tax on hand (RDTOH) at the end of the previous tax year | |
| Dividend refund for the previous tax year | |
| Net RDTOH transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary | |
| Subtotal (line 460 minus line 465 plus line 480) | A |
| General rate income pool (GRIP) at the end of the previous tax year (from line 100 of schedule 53) | 20,369,626_ в |
| Total eligible dividends paid in the previous tax year (from line 300 of schedule 53) | |
| Total excessive eligible dividend designation in the previous tax year (from line 310 of Schedule 53) | |
| Subtotal (amount C minus amount D) (if negative, enter "0") | Е |
| Net GRIP at the end of the previous tax year (amount B minus amount E) (if negative, enter "0") | |
| Subtotal (amount F plus amount G) 20,369,626 | 20,369,626 н |
| Amount H multiplied by 38 1 / 3 % | 7,808,357 |
| Eligible refundable dividend tax on hand (ERDTOH) at the end of the previous tax year (for the first tax year starting after 2018, | |
| amount A or I, whichever is less, otherwise, use line 530 of the preceding tax year) 520 | J |
| Non-eligible refundable dividend tax on hand (NERDTOH) at the end of the previous tax year (for the first tax year starting after | |
| 2018, amount A minus amount I, otherwise, use line 545 of the preceding tax year) (if negative, enter "0") 535 | К |
| Part IV tax payable on taxable dividends from connected corporations (amount 2G from Schedule 3) L | |
| Part IV tax payable on eligible dividends from non-connected corporations (amount 2J from Schedule 3) | |
| Subtotal (amount L plus amount M) ► | N |
| Net ERDTOH transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary 525 | 0 |
| ERDTOH dividend refund for the previous tax year | P |
| Refundable portion of Part I tax (from line 450 on page 6) | Q |
| | |
| Part IV tax before deductions (amount 2A from Schedule 3) R Part IV tax allocated to ERDTOH (amount N) S | |
| | |
| Part IV tax reduction due to Part IV.1 tax payable (amount 4D of Schedule 43) | U |
| | |
| Net NERDTOH transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary | |
| NERDTOH dividend refund for the previous tax year | W |
| 38 1/3% of the total losses applied against Part IV tax (amount 2D from Schedule 3) | X |
| Part IV tax payable allocated to NERDTOH, net of losses claimed (amount U minus amount X) (if negative enter "0") NERDTOH at the end of the tax year* (total of amounts K, Q, V, and Y minus amount W) (if negative, enter "0") 545 | Y |
| NERDTOH at the end of the tax year* (total of amounts K, Q, V, and Y minus amount W) (if negative, enter "0") | |
| ERDTOH at the end of the tax year* (total of amounts J, O, and Z minus amount P) (if negative, enter "0") | |
| * For more information, consult the Help (F1). | |
| - Dividend refund (for tax years starting after 2018) ———————————————————————————————————— | |
| 38 1/3% of total eligible dividends paid in the tax year (amount 3A from Schedule 3) | 958,333 AA |
| ERDTOH balance at the end of the tax year (line 530) | BB |
| Eligible dividend refund (amount AA or BB, whichever is less) | cc |
| 38 1/3% of total non-eligible taxable dividends paid in the tax year (amount 3B from Schedule 3) | DD |
| | |
| NERDTOH balance at the end of the tax year (line 545) | |
| Non-eligible dividend refund (amount DD or EE, whichever is less) | |
| Amount DD minus amount EE (if negative, enter "0") | |
| Amount BB minus amount CC (if negative, enter "0") | |
| Additional non-eligible dividend refund (amount GG or HH, whichever is less) | II |
| Dividend refund* – Amount CC plus amount FF plus amount II | JJ |
| Enter amount JJ on line 784 on page 9. | |
| * For more information, consult the Help (F1). | |

| - Part I tax — | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------|----|
| Base amount Part I tax – Taxable income from page 3 (line 360 or amount Z, whicheve | r applies) multiplied by | 38 % 550 | A |
| Additional tax on personal services business income (section 123.5) | | | |
| Taxable income from a personal services business | 555 | x 5 % = 560 | В |
| | | 602 | С |
| Calculation for the refundable tax on the Canadian-controlled private corporation (if it was a CCPC throughout the tax year) | on's (CCPC) investment in | ncome | |
| Aggregate investment income from line 440 on page 6 | | D | |
| Taxable income from line 360 on page 3 | 2,424,651 E | | |
| Deduct: Amount from line 400, 405, 410, or 427 (428 instead of 427 for tax years starting after 2018) on page 4, whichever is the least | F | | |
| Net amount (amount E minus amount F) | 2,424,651 | 2,424,651 _G | |
| Refundable tax on CCPC's investment income – 10 2 / 3 % of whichever is les | s: amount D or amount G | 604 | н |
| Refultidable tax of CCFC's investifient income — 10 2 / 3 / of whichever is les | | | '' |
| | Sudtotal (add a | amounts A, B, C, and H) | I |
| Deduct: | | | |
| Small business deduction from line 430 on page 4 | | J | |
| Federal tax abatement | | | |
| Manufacturing and processing profits deduction from Schedule 27 | | | |
| Investment corporation deduction | 620 | | |
| Taxed capital gains 624 | 622 | | |
| Federal foreign non-business income tax credit from Schedule 21 | | | |
| Federal foreign business income tax credit from Schedule 21 | | | |
| General tax reduction for CCPCs from amount I on page 5 | | | |
| General tax reduction from amount P on page 5 | | | |
| | | | |
| Eligible Canadian bank deduction under section 125.21 | | | |
| | | | |
| Investment tax credit from Schedule 31 | Subtotal | | K |
| | Subiolal | r | K |
| Part I tax payable – Amount I minus amount K | | | L |
| Enter amount L on line 700 on page 9. | | | |

Privacy statement -

Personal information (including the SIN) is collected for the purposes of the administration or enforcement of the Income Tax Act and related programs and activities such as administering tax and benefits, audit, compliance, and collection. Personal information may be shared for purposes of other federal acts that provide for the imposition and collection of a tax or duty. Personal information may also be shared with other federal, provincial, territorial or foreign government institutions to the extent authorized by law. Failure to provide this information may result in interest payable, penalties or other actions. Under the Privacy Act, individuals have the right to access their personal information, request correction, or file a complaint to the Privacy Commissioner of Canada regarding the handling of the individual's personal information. Refer to Personal Information Bank CRA PPU 047 at canada.ca/cra-info-source.

| - Summary of tax and credits | |
|--|--|
| Federal tax | |
| Part I tax payable from amount L on page 8 | 700 |
| | 708 |
| Part III.1 tax payable from Schedule 55 | 740 |
| Part IV tax payable from Schedule 3 | 740 |
| Part IV.1 tax payable from Schedule 43 | 740 |
| Part VI tax payable from Schedule 38 | 700 |
| Part VI.1 tax payable from Schedule 43 | -0.4 |
| Part XIII.1 tax payable from Schedule 92 | 727 |
| Part XIV tax payable from Schedule 20 | 728 <u>728</u> |
| Add provincial or territorial tax: | Total federal tax |
| Provincial or territorial jurisdiction | |
| (if more than one jurisdiction, enter "multiple" and complete Schedule 5) | |
| Net provincial or territorial tax payable (except Quebec and Alberta) | |
| | Total tax payable 770 A |
| Deduct other credits: | |
| Investment tax credit refund from Schedule 31 | 780 |
| Dividend refund from amount U on page 6 or JJ on page 7 | 784 |
| Federal capital gains refund from Schedule 18 | |
| Federal qualifying environmental trust tax credit refund | |
| Canadian film or video production tax credit (Form T1131) | 796 |
| Film or video production services tax credit (Form T1177) | 797 |
| Canadian journalism labour tax credit from Schedule 58 | 798 |
| Tax withheld at source | |
| Total payments on which tax has been withheld 801 | |
| Provincial and territorial capital gains refund from Schedule 18 | 808 |
| Provincial and territorial refundable tax credits from Schedule 5 | |
| | |
| Tax instalments paid | |
| Tax instalments paid | |
| • | otal credits 890 B |
| | btal credits 890 B Balance (amount A minus amount B) |
| Refund code 894 Refund | btal credits 890 B Balance (amount A minus amount B) If the result is negative, you have a refund. |
| Refund code 894 Refund | Balance (amount A minus amount B) If the result is negative, you have a refund. If the result is positive, you have a balance owing. Enter the amount on whichever line applies. |
| Refund code 894 Refund Direct deposit request To have the corporation's refund deposited directly into the corporation's bank | Balance (amount A minus amount B) If the result is negative, you have a refund. If the result is positive, you have a balance owing. Enter the amount on whichever line applies. Generally, we do not charge or refund a difference |
| Refund code 894 Refund Pirect deposit request To have the corporation's refund deposited directly into the corporation's bank account at a financial institution in Canada, or to change banking information you | Balance (amount A minus amount B) If the result is negative, you have a refund. If the result is positive, you have a balance owing. Enter the amount on whichever line applies. |
| Refund code 894 Refund Pirect deposit request To have the corporation's refund deposited directly into the corporation's bank account at a financial institution in Canada, or to change banking information you already gave us, complete the information below: | Balance (amount A minus amount B) If the result is negative, you have a refund. If the result is positive, you have a balance owing. Enter the amount on whichever line applies. Generally, we do not charge or refund a difference of \$2 or less. Balance owing |
| Refund code Refund Direct deposit request To have the corporation's refund deposited directly into the corporation's bank account at a financial institution in Canada, or to change banking information you already gave us, complete the information below: Start Change information 910 | Balance (amount A minus amount B) If the result is negative, you have a refund. If the result is positive, you have a balance owing. Enter the amount on whichever line applies. Generally, we do not charge or refund a difference of \$2 or less. Balance owing For information on how to make your payment, go to |
| Refund code Refund Pirect deposit request To have the corporation's refund deposited directly into the corporation's bank account at a financial institution in Canada, or to change banking information you already gave us, complete the information below: | Balance (amount A minus amount B) If the result is negative, you have a refund. If the result is positive, you have a balance owing. Enter the amount on whichever line applies. Generally, we do not charge or refund a difference of \$2 or less. Balance owing |
| Refund code Refund Refund Direct deposit request To have the corporation's refund deposited directly into the corporation's bank account at a financial institution in Canada, or to change banking information you already gave us, complete the information below: Start Change information Branch number | Balance (amount A minus amount B) If the result is negative, you have a refund. If the result is positive, you have a balance owing. Enter the amount on whichever line applies. Generally, we do not charge or refund a difference of \$2 or less. Balance owing For information on how to make your payment, go to |
| Refund code Refund Refund Direct deposit request To have the corporation's refund deposited directly into the corporation's bank account at a financial institution in Canada, or to change banking information you already gave us, complete the information below: Start Change information Branch number 914 | Balance (amount A minus amount B) If the result is negative, you have a refund. If the result is positive, you have a balance owing. Enter the amount on whichever line applies. Generally, we do not charge or refund a difference of \$2 or less. Balance owing For information on how to make your payment, go to |
| Refund code Refund Refund Direct deposit request To have the corporation's refund deposited directly into the corporation's bank account at a financial institution in Canada, or to change banking information you already gave us, complete the information below: Start Change information Branch number 914 Institution number Account number | Balance (amount A minus amount B) If the result is negative, you have a refund. If the result is positive, you have a balance owing. Enter the amount on whichever line applies. Generally, we do not charge or refund a difference of \$2 or less. Balance owing For information on how to make your payment, go to canada.ca/payments. |
| Refund code Refund Refund Direct deposit request To have the corporation's refund deposited directly into the corporation's bank account at a financial institution in Canada, or to change banking information you already gave us, complete the information below: Start Change information Branch number 914 Institution number Account number | Balance (amount A minus amount B) If the result is negative, you have a refund. If the result is positive, you have a balance owing. Enter the amount on whichever line applies. Generally, we do not charge or refund a difference of \$2 or less. Balance owing |
| Refund code Refund Refund Direct deposit request To have the corporation's refund deposited directly into the corporation's bank account at a financial institution in Canada, or to change banking information you already gave us, complete the information below: Start Change information Branch number 910 Branch number 918 Institution number Account number | Balance (amount A minus amount B) If the result is negative, you have a refund. If the result is positive, you have a balance owing. Enter the amount on whichever line applies. Generally, we do not charge or refund a difference of \$2 or less. Balance owing For information on how to make your payment, go to canada.ca/payments. |
| Refund code Refund Refund Refund Direct deposit request To have the corporation's refund deposited directly into the corporation's bank account at a financial institution in Canada, or to change banking information you already gave us, complete the information below: Start Change information Branch number 910 Branch number Institution number Account number If the corporation is a Canadian-controlled private corporation throughout the tax year, does it qualify for the one-month extension of the date the balance of tax is due? If this return was prepared by a tax preparer for a fee, provide their EFILE number PREPARED SOLELY FOR INCOME TAX PURPOSES WITHOUT AUDIT OR REVII | Balance (amount A minus amount B) If the result is negative, you have a refund. If the result is positive, you have a balance owing. Enter the amount on whichever line applies. Generally, we do not charge or refund a difference of \$2 or less. Balance owing For information on how to make your payment, go to canada.ca/payments. |
| Refund code Refund Refund Direct deposit request To have the corporation's refund deposited directly into the corporation's bank account at a financial institution in Canada, or to change banking information you already gave us, complete the information below: Start Change information Branch number 918 Institution number Account number If the corporation is a Canadian-controlled private corporation throughout the tax year, does it qualify for the one-month extension of the date the balance of tax is due? If this return was prepared by a tax preparer for a fee, provide their EFILE number | Balance (amount A minus amount B) If the result is negative, you have a refund. If the result is positive, you have a balance owing. Enter the amount on whichever line applies. Generally, we do not charge or refund a difference of \$2 or less. Balance owing For information on how to make your payment, go to canada.ca/payments. |
| Refund code Refund Refund Direct deposit request To have the corporation's refund deposited directly into the corporation's bank account at a financial institution in Canada, or to change banking information you already gave us, complete the information below: Start Change information Branch number 910 Branch number Institution number Account number If the corporation is a Canadian-controlled private corporation throughout the tax year, does it qualify for the one-month extension of the date the balance of tax is due? If this return was prepared by a tax preparer for a fee, provide their EFILE number PREPARED SOLELY FOR INCOME TAX PURPOSES WITHOUT AUDIT OR REVII | Balance (amount A minus amount B) If the result is negative, you have a refund. If the result is positive, you have a balance owing. Enter the amount on whichever line applies. Generally, we do not charge or refund a difference of \$2 or less. Balance owing For information on how to make your payment, go to canada.ca/payments. |
| Refund code Refund Refund Direct deposit request To have the corporation's refund deposited directly into the corporation's bank account at a financial institution in Canada, or to change banking information you already gave us, complete the information below: Start Change information Branch number 918 Institution number Account number If the corporation is a Canadian-controlled private corporation throughout the tax year, does it qualify for the one-month extension of the date the balance of tax is due? If this return was prepared by a tax preparer for a fee, provide their EFILE number PREPARED SOLELY FOR INCOME TAX PURPOSES WITHOUT AUDIT OR REVIE Certification I, 950 SAVAGE 951 DAVID | Balance (amount A minus amount B) If the result is negative, you have a refund. If the result is positive, you have a balance owing. Enter the amount on whichever line applies. Generally, we do not charge or refund a difference of \$2 or less. Balance owing |
| Refund code Refund Refund Direct deposit request To have the corporation's refund deposited directly into the corporation's bank account at a financial institution in Canada, or to change banking information you already gave us, complete the information below: Start Change information Branch number 918 Institution number Account number If the corporation is a Canadian-controlled private corporation throughout the tax year, does it qualify for the one-month extension of the date the balance of tax is due? If this return was prepared by a tax preparer for a fee, provide their EFILE number PREPARED SOLELY FOR INCOME TAX PURPOSES WITHOUT AUDIT OR REVIE Certification I, 950 SAVAGE 951 DAVID Last name First nam am an authorized signing officer of the corporation. I certify that I have examined this return | Balance (amount A minus amount B) If the result is negative, you have a refund. If the result is positive, you have a balance owing. Enter the amount on whichever line applies. Generally, we do not charge or refund a difference of \$2 or less. Balance owing |
| Refund code Refund Prepared Solely For Income Tax purposes without audit or Reviewed information given on this return the information given on this return is, to the best of my knowledge, correct and complete. I | Balance (amount A minus amount B) If the result is negative, you have a refund. If the result is positive, you have a balance owing. Enter the amount on whichever line applies. Generally, we do not charge or refund a difference of \$2 or less. Balance owing For information on how to make your payment, go to canada.ca/payments. 896 Yes No X 920 EW FROM INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE TAXPAYER. 4. including accompanying schedules and statements, and that also certify that the method of calculating income for this tax |
| Refund code 894 Refund Direct deposit request To have the corporation's refund deposited directly into the corporation's bank account at a financial institution in Canada, or to change banking information you already gave us, complete the information below: Start Change information 910 Branch number 914 Institution number Account number If the corporation is a Canadian-controlled private corporation throughout the tax year, does it qualify for the one-month extension of the date the balance of tax is due? If this return was prepared by a tax preparer for a fee, provide their EFILE number PREPARED SOLELY FOR INCOME TAX PURPOSES WITHOUT AUDIT OR REVIE Certification I, 950 SAVAGE 951 DAVID Last name First nam am an authorized signing officer of the corporation. I certify that I have examined this return the information given on this return is, to the best of my knowledge, correct and complete. I year is consistent with that of the previous tax year except as specifically disclosed in a state | Balance (amount A minus amount B) If the result is negative, you have a refund. If the result is positive, you have a balance owing. Enter the amount on whichever line applies. Generally, we do not charge or refund a difference of \$2 or less. Balance owing |
| Refund code Refund Refund | Balance (amount A minus amount B) If the result is negative, you have a refund. If the result is positive, you have a balance owing. Enter the amount on whichever line applies. Generally, we do not charge or refund a difference of \$2 or less. Balance owing |
| Refund code 894 Refund Pirect deposit request To have the corporation's refund deposited directly into the corporation's bank account at a financial institution in Canada, or to change banking information you already gave us, complete the information below: Start Change information Branch number 914 918 Institution number Account number If the corporation is a Canadian-controlled private corporation throughout the tax year, does it qualify for the one-month extension of the date the balance of tax is due? If this return was prepared by a tax preparer for a fee, provide their EFILE number PREPARED SOLELY FOR INCOME TAX PURPOSES WITHOUT AUDIT OR REVIEW Certification I, 950 SAVAGE 951 DAVID Last name First name am an authorized signing officer of the corporation. I certify that I have examined this return the information given on this return is, to the best of my knowledge, correct and complete. I year is consistent with that of the previous tax year except as specifically disclosed in a state 955 2020-06-29 Date (yyyy/mm/dd) Signature of the authorized signing officer of the corporation. | Balance (amount A minus amount B) If the result is negative, you have a refund. If the result is positive, you have a balance owing. Enter the amount on whichever line applies. Generally, we do not charge or refund a difference of \$2 or less. Balance owing For information on how to make your payment, go to canada.ca/payments. 896 Yes No X 920 WEW FROM INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE TAXPAYER. 954 AUTHORIZED SIGNING OFFICER Position, office, or rank in, including accompanying schedules and statements, and that also certify that the method of calculating income for this tax tement attached to this return. 956 (905) 743-5219 Telephone number |
| Refund code 894 Refund Direct deposit request To have the corporation's refund deposited directly into the corporation's bank account at a financial institution in Canada, or to change banking information you already gave us, complete the information below: Start Change information Branch number 914 918 Account number Institution number Account number If the corporation is a Canadian-controlled private corporation throughout the tax year, does it qualify for the one-month extension of the date the balance of tax is due? If this return was prepared by a tax preparer for a fee, provide their EFILE number PREPARED SOLELY FOR INCOME TAX PURPOSES WITHOUT AUDIT OR REVISED. Last name First name am an authorized signing officer of the corporation. I certify that I have examined this return the information given on this return is, to the best of my knowledge, correct and complete. I year is consistent with that of the previous tax year except as specifically disclosed in a state 955 2020-06-29 Date (yyyy/mm/dd) Signature of the authorized signing officer of the contact person the same as the authorized signing officer? If no, complete the information of the same as the authorized signing officer? If no, complete the information of the same as the authorized signing officer? If no, complete the information of the same as the authorized signing officer? If no, complete the information of the same as the authorized signing officer? If no the information of the same as the authorized signing officer? If no the information of the authorized signing officer of the contact person the same as the authorized signing officer? If no the information of the authorized signing officer? If no the information of the authorized signing officer? If no the information of the authorized signing officer? If no the information of the authorized signing officer? If no the information of the authorized signing officer. | Balance (amount A minus amount B) If the result is negative, you have a refund. If the result is positive, you have a balance owing. Enter the amount on whichever line applies. Generally, we do not charge or refund a difference of \$2 or less. Balance owing |
| Refund code 894 Refund Pirect deposit request To have the corporation's refund deposited directly into the corporation's bank account at a financial institution in Canada, or to change banking information you already gave us, complete the information below: Start Change information Branch number 910 Branch number Institution number Account number If the corporation is a Canadian-controlled private corporation throughout the tax year, does it qualify for the one-month extension of the date the balance of tax is due? If this return was prepared by a tax preparer for a fee, provide their EFILE number PREPARED SOLELY FOR INCOME TAX PURPOSES WITHOUT AUDIT OR REVIEW Certification I, 950 SAVAGE 951 DAVID Last name First name am an authorized signing officer of the corporation. I certify that I have examined this return the information given on this return is, to the best of my knowledge, correct and complete. I year is consistent with that of the previous tax year except as specifically disclosed in a state of the contact person the same as the authorized signing officer? If no, complete the inform of the contact person the same as the authorized signing officer? If no, complete the inform of the same of the inform of the contact person the same as the authorized signing officer? If no, complete the inform of the contact person the same as the authorized signing officer? If no, complete the inform of the contact person the same as the authorized signing officer? If no, complete the inform of the contact person the same as the authorized signing officer? If no, complete the inform of the contact person the same as the authorized signing officer? If no, complete the inform of the contact person the same as the authorized signing officer? If no, complete the inform of the contact person the same as the authorized signing officer? If no, complete the inform of the contact person t | Balance (amount A minus amount B) If the result is negative, you have a refund. If the result is positive, you have a balance owing. Enter the amount on whichever line applies. Generally, we do not charge or refund a difference of \$2 or less. Balance owing |
| Refund code 894 Refund Direct deposit request To have the corporation's refund deposited directly into the corporation's bank account at a financial institution in Canada, or to change banking information you already gave us, complete the information below: Start Change information Branch number 914 918 Account number Institution number Account number If the corporation is a Canadian-controlled private corporation throughout the tax year, does it qualify for the one-month extension of the date the balance of tax is due? If this return was prepared by a tax preparer for a fee, provide their EFILE number PREPARED SOLELY FOR INCOME TAX PURPOSES WITHOUT AUDIT OR REVISED. Last name First name am an authorized signing officer of the corporation. I certify that I have examined this return the information given on this return is, to the best of my knowledge, correct and complete. I year is consistent with that of the previous tax year except as specifically disclosed in a state 955 2020-06-29 Date (yyyy/mm/dd) Signature of the authorized signing officer of the contact person the same as the authorized signing officer? If no, complete the information of the same as the authorized signing officer? If no, complete the information of the same as the authorized signing officer? If no, complete the information of the same as the authorized signing officer? If no, complete the information of the same as the authorized signing officer? If no the information of the same as the authorized signing officer? If no the information of the authorized signing officer of the contact person the same as the authorized signing officer? If no the information of the authorized signing officer? If no the information of the authorized signing officer? If no the information of the authorized signing officer? If no the information of the authorized signing officer? If no the information of the authorized signing officer. | Balance (amount A minus amount B) If the result is negative, you have a refund. If the result is positive, you have a balance owing. Enter the amount on whichever line applies. Generally, we do not charge or refund a difference of \$2 or less. Balance owing |
| Refund code 894 Refund Pirect deposit request To have the corporation's refund deposited directly into the corporation's bank account at a financial institution in Canada, or to change banking information you already gave us, complete the information below: Start Change information Branch number 910 Branch number Institution number Account number If the corporation is a Canadian-controlled private corporation throughout the tax year, does it qualify for the one-month extension of the date the balance of tax is due? If this return was prepared by a tax preparer for a fee, provide their EFILE number PREPARED SOLELY FOR INCOME TAX PURPOSES WITHOUT AUDIT OR REVIEW Certification I, 950 SAVAGE 951 DAVID Last name First name am an authorized signing officer of the corporation. I certify that I have examined this return the information given on this return is, to the best of my knowledge, correct and complete. I year is consistent with that of the previous tax year except as specifically disclosed in a state of the contact person the same as the authorized signing officer? If no, complete the inform of the contact person the same as the authorized signing officer? If no, complete the inform of the same of the inform of the contact person the same as the authorized signing officer? If no, complete the inform of the contact person the same as the authorized signing officer? If no, complete the inform of the contact person the same as the authorized signing officer? If no, complete the inform of the contact person the same as the authorized signing officer? If no, complete the inform of the contact person the same as the authorized signing officer? If no, complete the inform of the contact person the same as the authorized signing officer? If no, complete the inform of the contact person the same as the authorized signing officer? If no, complete the inform of the contact person t | Balance (amount A minus amount B) If the result is negative, you have a refund. If the result is positive, you have a balance owing. Enter the amount on whichever line applies. Generally, we do not charge or refund a difference of \$2 or less. Balance owing |

Indiquez votre langue de correspondance en inscrivant 1 pour anglais ou 2 pour français.

1



Canada Revenue Agence du revenu du Canada

SCHEDULE 100

GENERAL INDEX OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION - GIFI

| Form identifier 100 GENERAL INDEX OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION – GIFI | | | |
|---|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Corporation's name | | Business number | Tax year end Year Month Day |
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

Balance sheet information

| Account | Description | GIFI | Current year | Prior year |
|------------|---|----------|--------------|-------------|
| Assets – | | | | |
| | Total current assets | 1599 + | 28,327,000 | 29,342,000 |
| | Total tangible capital assets | 2008 + | 165,732,000 | 153,046,000 |
| | Total accumulated amortization of tangible capital assets | 2009 - | | |
| | Total intangible capital assets | 2178 + | 2,954,000 | 2,988,000 |
| | Total accumulated amortization of intangible capital assets | 2179 – | 2,363,000 | 2,243,000 |
| | Total long-term assets | 2589 + | 2,892,000 | 10,685,000 |
| | * Assets held in trust | 2590 + | | |
| | Total assets (mandatory field) | 2599 = _ | 197,542,000 | 193,818,000 |
| Liabilitie | S | | | |
| | Total current liabilities | 3139 + | 22,296,000 | 29,886,000 |
| | Total long-term liabilities | 3450 + | 122,987,000 | 114,387,000 |
| | * Subordinated debt | 3460 + | | |
| | *Amounts held in trust | 3470 + _ | | |
| | Total liabilities (mandatory field) | 3499 = _ | 145,283,000 | 144,273,000 |
| Sharehol | der equity — | | | |
| | Total shareholder equity (mandatory field) | 3620 + | 52,259,000 | 49,545,000 |
| | _ Total liabilities and shareholder equity | 3640 = _ | 197,542,000 | 193,818,000 |
| Retained | earnings — | | | |
| | Retained earnings/deficit – end (mandatory field) | 3849 = | 29,195,000 | 26,481,00 |

^{*} Generic item

PREPARED SOLELY FOR INCOME TAX PURPOSES WITHOUT AUDIT OR REVIEW FROM INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE TAXPAYER.

Tax year-end Year Month Day

Business number



Form identifier 125
Corporation's name

Canada Revenue Agency

Agence du revenu du Canada

GENERAL INDEX OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION – GIFI

SCHEDULE 125

| Oshawa Pl | JC Networks Inc. | Q | 9172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |
|-----------------|---|--------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | | 75172 5210 RC0001 | 2017 12 51 |
| income st | atement information | | | |
| Description | GIFI | | | |
| | | | | |
| Operating nar | | | | |
| | the operation | | | |
| Sequence nui | mber | | | |
| Account | Description | GIFI | Current year | Prior year |
| ∟ ⊢ Income s | statement information | | | |
| | Total sales of goods and services | 8089 | + 129,434,00 | 0 119,918,000 |
| | Cost of sales | 8518 | - 126,234,00 | |
| | _ _ Gross profit/loss | 8519 | = 3,200,00 | -1,924,000 |
| | Cost of sales | 8518 | + 126,234,00 | 00 121,842,000 |
| | Total operating expenses | 9367 | + 25,692,00 | |
| | Total expenses (mandatory field) | 9368 | = 151,926,00 | |
| | - | 8299 | + 157,889,00 | 0 147,146,000 |
| | Total revenue (mandatory field) Total expenses (mandatory field) | 9368 | - 151,926,00 | |
| | Net non-farming income | 9369 | = 5,963,00 | |
| | | | | |
| – Farming | Income statement information | 9659 | + | |
| | _ Total farm revenue (mandatory field) | 9898 | | |
| | Net farm income | 9899 | = | _ |
| | | | | |
| | Net income/loss before taxes and extraordinary items | 9970 | = 5,963,00 | 5,983,000 |
| | _ Total other comprehensive income | 9998 | = | |
| | | | | |
| ┌ Extraord | inary items and income (linked to Schedule 140) —————— | | | |
| | _ Extraordinary item(s) | 9975 | | |
| | _ Legal settlements | 9976 | - | _ |
| | _ Unrealized gains/losses | 9980 | + | |
| | _ Unusual items | 9985 9990 | - 749,00 | 816,000 |
| | Current income taxes Future (deferred) income tax provision | 9995 | | 010,000 |
| | Total – Other comprehensive income | 9998 | + | |
| | Net income/loss after taxes and extraordinary items (mandatory field) | 9999 | = 5,214,00 | 5,167,000 |
| | - | | | |

PREPARED SOLELY FOR INCOME TAX PURPOSES WITHOUT AUDIT OR REVIEW FROM INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE TAXPAYER.

Canada Revenue Agency

Agence du revenu du Canada Schedule 141

Notes Checklist

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax Year End Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |
| | | |

- Parts 1, 2, and 3 of this schedule must be completed from the perspective of the person (referred to in these parts as the **accountant**) who prepared or reported on the financial statements. If the person preparing the tax return is not the accountant referred to above, they must still complete Parts 1, 2, 3, and 4, as applicable.
- For more information, see Guide RC4088, General Index of Financial Information (GIFI) and T4012, T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide.
- Complete this schedule and include it with your T2 return along with the other GIFI schedules.

| - Complete this sortedule that molitide it with your 12 rotath along with the other On 1 sortedules. | |
|---|------|
| Part 1 – Information on the accountant who prepared or reported on the financial statements | |
| Does the accountant have a professional designation? | No 🗌 |
| Is the accountant connected* with the corporation? | No X |
| Note If the accountant does not have a professional designation or is connected to the corporation, you do not have to complete Parts 2 and 3 of this schedule. However, you do have to complete Part 4, as applicable. | |
| * A person connected with a corporation can be: (i) a shareholder of the corporation who owns more than 10% of the common shares; (ii) a director, an officer, or an employee of the corporation; or (iii) a person not dealing at arm's length with the corporation. | |
| ┌ Part 2 – Type of involvement with the financial statements | |
| Choose the option that represents the highest level of involvement of the accountant: | 198 |
| Completed an auditor's report | 1 X |
| Completed a review engagement report | 2 |
| Conducted a compilation engagement | 3 |
| ⊢ Part 3 – Reservations — | |
| | |
| If you selected option 1 or 2 under Type of involvement with the financial statements above, answer the following question: Has the accountant expressed a reservation? Yes | No X |
| □ Part 4 – Other information | |
| If you have a professional designation and are not the accountant associated with the financial statements in Part 1 above, choose one of the following options: | 110 |
| Prepared the tax return (financial statements prepared by client) | 1 X |
| Prepared the tax return and the financial information contained therein (financial statements have not been prepared) | 2 |
| Were notes to the financial statements prepared? | No 🗌 |
| If yes , complete lines 104 to 107 below: | |
| | No |
| Is re-evaluation of asset information mentioned in the notes? | No X |
| Is contingent liability information mentioned in the notes? Yes X | No |
| Is information regarding commitments mentioned in the notes? | No 🗌 |
| | |

| − Part 4 – Other information (continued) | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|------|
| Impairment and fair value changes | | | | |
| In any of the following assets, was an amount recognized in net incomresult of an impairment loss in the tax year, a reversal of an impairment change in fair value during the tax year? | nt loss recognized in a previou | | 200 Yes | No X |
| If yes , enter the amount recognized: | In net income Increase (decrease) | In OCI Increase (decrease) | | |
| Property, plant, and equipment 210 | | 211 | _ | |
| Intangible assets | | 216 | _ | |
| Investment property 220 | | | | |
| Biological assets 225 | | | | |
| Financial instruments | | 231 | _ | |
| Other 235 | | 236 | _ | |
| Financial instruments | | | | |
| Did the corporation derecognize any financial instrument(s) during the | e tax year (other than trade rec | eivables)? | 250 Yes | No X |
| Did the corporation apply hedge accounting during the tax year? | | | 255 Yes X | No |
| Did the corporation discontinue hedge accounting during the tax year? | ? | | 260 Yes | No X |
| Adjustments to opening equity | | | | |
| Was an amount included in the opening balance of retained earnings recognize a change in accounting policy, or to adopt a new accounting | | | 265 Yes | No X |
| If ves , you have to maintain a separate reconciliation | | | | |

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

1. INCORPORATION

Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. [the "Corporation"] was incorporated under the Business Corporations Act (Ontario) on October 18, 2000. The incorporation was required in accordance with the provincial government's Electricity Act, 1998. The Corporation is a local distribution company ["LDC"] that provides electricity distribution services to businesses and residences in the service area of Oshawa, Ontario.

The Corporation is a wholly owned subsidiary of Oshawa Power and Utilities Corporation, which is wholly owned by the Corporation of the City of Oshawa [the "City"].

The Corporation has evaluated the events and transactions after the balance sheet date through to April 30, 2020, when the Corporation's Board of Directors approved and authorized the financial statements.

- 2. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES
- A) Changes in accounting policies

IFRS 16 Leases ("IFRS 16")

In January 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16, Leases ["IFRS 16"], which replaces IAS 17, Leases ["IAS 17"]. IFRS 16 provides a single lessee accounting model, requiring the recognition of assets and liabilities for all leases, unless the lease term is 12 months or less, or the underlying asset has a low value. Lessor accounting remains largely unchanged from IAS 17 and the distinction between operating and finance leases is retained. Under the new standard, a lessee recognizes a right of use asset and a lease liability. The right of use asset is subsequently depreciated, similar to other non-financial assets and the liability accrues interest. The lease liability is initially measured as the present value of the lease payments over the lease term, discounted at the rate implicit in the lease. The Corporation applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach, under which the cumulative effect of initial application is recognized in retained earnings at January 1, 2019. Accordingly, the comparative information presented for 2018 is not restated and continues to be presented under IAS 17. The impact of changes is disclosed in notes 2 (B) and 14.

B) Significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements have been applied consistently to all periods presented herein, except for the new standard IFRS 16, which was adopted effective January 1, 2019. The Balance Sheets and the Statements of Comprehensive Income have been modified from the adoption of the new standard. Basis of presentation

The Corporation's financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ["IFRS"] as adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board ["IASB"] and interpretations as issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ["IFRIC"] of the IASB, and reflects the significant accounting policies summarized below.

December 31, 2019 and 2018 Rate setting and regulation

The OEB has regulatory oversight of electricity matters in the Province of Ontario. The Ontario Energy Board Act, 1998, sets out the OEB's powers, including the issuance of distribution licenses that must be obtained by any person owning or operating a distribution system under the Ontario Energy Board Act, 1998. The OEB is charged with the responsibility of approving or setting rates for the transmission and distribution of electricity and for ensuring that LDCs fulfil their obligations to connect and service customers. On October 18, 2012, the OEB released its report, Renewed Regulatory

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

Framework for Electricity Distributors: A Performance-Based Approach ["RRFE"]. The OEB established three rate-setting methods under RRFE: 4th Generation Incentive Rate, Custom Incentive Rate and Annual Incentive Rate Index. Each LDC has the option to select the method that best meets its needs and circumstances, and apply to the OEB to have its rates set on that basis. 4th Generation Incentive Rate-setting ["4th Generation IR"] is most appropriate for distributors that anticipate some incremental investment needs will arise during the plan term. The OEB expects that this method will be appropriate for most LDCs. LDCs with relatively steady state investment needs (i.e., primarily sustainment), may opt for the Annual Incentive Rate-setting Index ["Annual IR Index"]. The Custom Incentive Rate-setting ["Custom IR"] method may be appropriate for LDCs with significantly large multi-year or highly variable investment commitments with relatively certain timing and level of associated expenditures.

In January 2015, the Corporation filed its Custom IR application with the OEB seeking approval to change rates that it charges for electricity delivery, retail services, allowances, loss factor and specific services charges for a period of five years, to be effective January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2019. This application requested a revenue requirement to recover costs, and provides a rate of return on a deemed capital structure applied to rate base assets.

The OEB issued its decision and rate order on December 22, 2015 approving final 2016 and 2017 rates and charges, and interim rates and charges for subsequent years, 2018 and 2019. On July 4, 2017, the Corporation filed an application with the OEB to seek OEB approval of final rates for 2018 and 2019. OEB final approval of 2018 and 2019 rates and charges was confirmed on February 1, 2018, to be effective January 1, 2018. In addition, the Corporation may introduce new rate riders depending on the timing of the clearance of variance and deferral accounts.

The OEB has the general authority to include or exclude costs and revenue in the rates of a specific period, resulting in a change in the timing of accounting recognition from that which would have applied in an unregulated company under IFRS.

Amendments to the Ontario Rebate for Electricity Consumers Act, 2016 and Associated Regulations

The Ministry of Energy, Northern Development, & Mines has amended portions of the Ontario Rebate for Electricity Consumers Act, 2016 ("OREC") and associated Regulations as part of its effort to improve the transparency of electricity costs for consumers. Beginning November 1, 2019, the following changes were mandated:

- 1. The subsidies from the Fair Hydro Plan were removed from the Regulated Price Plan ("RPP");
- 2. The 8% Ontario Rebate for Electricity Consumers, otherwise known as the 'Provincial Rebate' was removed and replaced with a credit of 31.8% called the Ontario Electricity Rebate ["OER"];

December 31, 2019 and 2018

3. An additional line item, entitled the Total Ontario Electricity Support, was added, comprising all other forms of support provided to customers, previously identified separately as each of the Ontario Electricity Support Program; Rural or Remote Rate Protection; Distribution Rate Protection; and First Nations Delivery Credit.

These changes are generally applicable to low volume customers. However, the

These changes are generally applicable to low volume customers. However, the amendments to the regulations also amend the eligibility criteria for customers. Certain groups of customers will now be excluded from the rebate altogether.

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

The following regulatory practices relating to regulatory balances, and payments in lieu of corporate income taxes, have resulted in accounting treatments that differ from IFRS for enterprises operating in a non-regulated environment.

Regulatory Deferral Accounts

IFRS 14, Regulatory Deferral Accounts, allows the Corporation to utilize pre-IFRS Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ["IFRS 14"] with respect to the recognition of Regulatory Balances that address the deferral of specific non-income related cash inflows and outflows.

Regulatory debits primarily represent costs that have been deferred because it is probable that they will be recovered in future rates. Similarly, regulatory credits can arise from differences in amounts billed to customers for electricity services and the costs that the Corporation incurs to purchase and deliver these services. Certain costs and variance account balances are deemed to be regulatory debits or regulatory credits and are reflected in the LDC's balance sheets until the manner and timing of disposition is determined by the OEB.

Payments in lieu of corporate income taxes ["PILs"]

The Corporation provides for PILs using the deferred income taxes method for its regulated activities as permitted by the IASB and the OEB. Inventory

Inventory, which consists of parts and supplies acquired for internal maintenance or construction, is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value, with cost being determined on a weighted average basis. Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment ["PP&E"] are measured at cost or deemed cost on transition date, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labour, and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to a working condition for its intended use. Borrowing costs on qualifying assets are capitalized as part of the cost of the asset and are based on OEB prescribed rates.

When parts of an item of PP&E have different useful lives, they are separately depreciated as components of PP&E.

December 31, 2019 and 2018

Subsequent expenditures are included in an asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, where appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Corporation and the cost can be reliably measured.

Under IFRS, an asset is derecognized at its carrying value when it is disposed of or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of PP&E is determined as the difference between the proceeds from sale and the carrying amount of the asset, and is recognized in the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Depreciation of PP&E is recorded in the statements of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the components of PP&E. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimates being accounted for on a prospective basis. Depreciation rates representing estimated useful lives for the main categories of PP&E are shown in the table below:

Buildings 1.61% - 2.38%

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

Transmission, distribution system and meters 1.67% - 10%

Equipment and furniture 5% - 20%

Computer hardware 25%

Vehicle fleet 8.33% - 12.50%

Construction in progress comprises capital assets under construction, capital assets not yet placed into service and pre-construction activities related to specific projects expected to be constructed. These assets are not depreciated until they are in the location and condition necessary for them to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Corporation. In the absence of rate regulation, overhead costs that are not directly attributable to construction activity are not capitalized.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are assets that lack physical substance, other than financial assets. Intangible assets, which consist of computer software, deferred indefeasible right of use ["IRU"] leases, and payments made to Hydro One Networks Inc. ["HONI"] for dedicated infrastructure in order to receive connections to transmission facilities, are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization of intangible assets is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the related asset, or over the term of the IRU, and recorded in the statements of comprehensive income. Amortization rates representing estimated useful lives for intangible assets are shown below:

Computer software 33.33%

Deferred indefeasible right of use lease 20 years

December 31, 2019 and 2018

Asset retirement obligations

The need to estimate the cost of decommissioning or asset retirement obligations ["AROs"] at the end of the useful lives of certain assets, is reviewed periodically. A provision is recorded, if required, for the fair value of the future expenditures required to settle legal obligations associated with asset retirements. As at December 31, 2019, the Corporation has determined that there are no material AROs associated with transmission, distribution and generation systems.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Corporation's non-financial assets, other than inventory and deferred payments in lieu of corporate income taxes, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated.

For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generate cash inflows from continuing use and are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets [the "cash-generating unit"]. The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in net income.

Pension and other post-employment benefits

The Corporation provides pension benefits for its employees through the Ontario Municipal Employees' Retirement System ["OMERS"] Fund [the "OMERS Fund"], a multi-employer public sector pension fund. The OMERS Fund is a

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

defined benefit pension plan, which is financed by equal contributions from participating employers and employees and by the investment earnings of the OMERS Fund. Although the plan is a defined benefit plan, sufficient information is not available to the Corporation to account for it as such because it is not possible to attribute the fund assets and liabilities between the various employers who contribute to the fund. Accordingly, contributions payable as a result of employee service are expensed when incurred as part of operating costs.

Employee future benefits, other than pensions provided by the Corporation, include supplemental health, dental and life insurance. These plans provide defined benefits to retired employees, their spouses and surviving spouses when the employees are no longer providing active service. Retiree benefits expense is recognized in the period during which the employees render services.

The liability for post-employment non-pension retirement benefits is recorded on an accrual basis. The Corporation actuarially determines the cost of post-employment benefits offered to employees and retirees, including their spouses and surviving spouses, using the projected benefit method, prorated on service and based on management's best estimates. Under this method, the projected post-retirement benefits are deemed to be earned on a pro rata basis over the employee's years of service in the attribution period commencing at the date of hire, and ending at the earliest age the employee could retire and qualify for benefits.

December 31, 2019 and 2018

The current service cost for a period is equal to the actuarial present value of benefits attributed to employees' services rendered during the period. Past service costs from plan amendments are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average remaining service period of employees active at the date of amendment.

Current service costs are recognized in the statements of comprehensive income under operations, maintenance and administrative expenses. The Corporation applies IFRS 14, Regulatory Deferral Accounts, to recognize all cumulative actuarial gains or losses in a deferral account as at January 1, 2014. Remeasurements arising from defined benefit plans are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income ("OCI") and reported in accumulated other comprehensive income. Amounts recorded in OCI are not recycled to the Consolidated Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income. The Corporation, as permitted by the OEB, created a deferral account to capture all actuarial gains and losses going forward. The disposition of this new deferral account will occur sometime in the future in accordance with OEB guidelines in effect at that appropriate time.

Customer advance deposits

Customer advance deposits represent cash collections from customers that are available to offset the payment of energy bills or other services. Customers may be required to post security to obtain electricity or other services. Where the security posted is in the form of cash or cash equivalents, these amounts are recorded in the accounts as securities held in respect of customer deposits. Interest is paid on customer balances at rates established by the Corporation in accordance with OEB guidelines.

Customer advance payments

Customer advance payments consist of both the Equal Payment Plan and customer advance payments.

Deferred contributions

Certain assets may be acquired or constructed with financial assistance in the form of contributions from customers when the estimated revenue is less

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

than the cost of providing service or where special equipment is needed to supply the customers' specific requirements.

Capital contributions received in advance from electricity customers and developers to construct or acquire PP&E for the purpose of connecting a customer to a network are recorded as deferred revenue and amortized into other revenue at an equivalent rate to that used for the depreciation of the related PP&E. Capital contributions received from developers to construct or acquire PP&E for the purpose of connecting future customers to the distribution network are considered out of scope of IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

Financial instruments

Initial and subsequent measurement

At initial recognition, all financial instruments are measured at fair value plus or minus transaction costs, with the exception of accounts receivable which are initially recognized at the transaction price and financial instruments fair value through profit or loss which are initially recognized at fair value.

December 31, 2019 and 2018

Financial assets are subsequently measured at either amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"), or fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") based on the cash flow characteristics of the assets and the business models under which they are managed. All of the Corporation's financial assets are held for collection of contractual cash flows that represent payments of principal and interest and, accordingly, are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. These include cash, restricted cash, and accounts receivables. Financial liabilities are either subsequently measured at FVTPL or amortized cost, except for interest rate swaps used in hedge accounting. The Corporation's financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable for power - IESO, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, long-term debt, and customer advance deposits.

Impairment

The Corporation recognizes an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECL") for all financial assets not held at FVTPL. The Corporation applies the simplified approach to its accounts receivable which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognized from initial recognition of the receivables and on an ongoing basis. The measurement of ECLs for accounts receivable is based on management's judgment. This is determined using a provision matrix based on historical observed default rates, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment. For financial assets other than accounts receivable, ECLs are recognized in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months. For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default. The Corporation considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Corporation may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Corporation is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Corporation. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the asset. All impairment losses are recognized in net income.

Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

Derivative financial instruments in the form of interest rate swap contracts are used to manage exposure to fluctuations in interest rates on the Corporation's long-term debt, which are designated as cash flow hedges as it is hedging the exposure to variability in cash flows that is attributable to interest rate risk associated with the long-term debt. The Corporation does not enter into derivative agreements for speculative purposes.

At the inception of a hedging relationship, the Corporation designates and formally documents the relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item, the risk management objective, and its strategy for undertaking the hedge. The Corporation also assesses on an on-going basis whether the hedge continues to be effective, including that the hedge ratio remains appropriate.

The interest rate swaps are measured at their fair value upon initial recognition and on each subsequent reporting date. When the cash flow hedge meets all the qualifying criteria for hedge accounting, the effective portion of the gain

December 31, 2019 and 2018

or loss on the hedging instrument is recognized in other comprehensive income ("OCI"), while any ineffective portion is recognized immediately in net income. The amount accumulated in OCI is reclassified to net income as a reclassification adjustment in the same period or periods during which the hedged cash flows affect net income, and recorded within interest expense. If cash flow hedge accounting is discontinued, the amount that has been accumulated in OCI must remain in accumulated OCI if the hedged future cash flows are still expected to occur. Otherwise, the amount will be immediately reclassified to net income as a reclassification adjustment.

Leases

The Corporation applied IFRS 16 Leases from January 1, 2019 using the modified retrospective approach, under which the cumulative effect of initial application is recognized in retained earnings as January 1, 2019. Accordingly, the comparative information presented for 2018 is not restated. It is presented as previously reported under IAS 17 and related interpretations. Additionally, the disclosure requirements in IFRS 16 have not generally been applied to comparative information.

On transition to IFRS 16, the Corporation elected to apply the practical expedient to grandfather the assessment of which transactions are leases. The Corporation applied IFRS 16 only to contracts that were previously identified as leases. Contracts that were not identified as leases under IAS 17 and IFRIC 4 were not reassessed for whether there is a lease under IFRS 16. Therefore, the definition of lease under IFRS 16 was applied only to contracts entered into or changed on or after January 1, 2019.

As a lessee, the Corporation leases its office premises with the Corporation of the City of Oshawa. The Corporation leases IT office equipment, and the rooftops of various premises from the City for the installation of solar panels.

Under IFRS 16, the Corporation recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all of these leases. On transition, lease liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at the Corporation's incremental borrowing rate as at January 1, 2019. The Corporation has tested its right-of-use assets for impairment on the date of transition and has concluded that there is no indication that the right-of-

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

use assets are impaired.

The Corporation previously classified leases as operating or finance leases based on its assessment of whether the lease transferred significantly all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset to the Corporation. Comparative lease information is reported under IAS 17. Leases in terms of which the Corporation assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases in comparative periods. Upon initial recognition, the leased asset is measured at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset. Revenue recognition

The Corporation has identified that its material performance obligation is the distribution and provision of electricity to customers. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding any discounts, rebates and sales taxes. The Corporation has determined that it acts as a principal in all of its revenue arrangements.

December 31, 2019 and 2018

The Corporation is licensed by the OEB to distribute electricity. As a licensed distributor, the Corporation is responsible for billing customers for electricity generated by third parties and the related costs of providing electricity services, such as transmission services and other services provided by third parties. The Corporation is required, pursuant to the regulation, to remit such amounts to these third parties, irrespective of whether the Corporation ultimately collects these amounts from customers. The Corporation has determined that they are acting as a principal for the distribution of electricity and, therefore, have presented the sale of electrical energy revenue on a gross basis.

Distribution revenue for the Corporation is recognized at approved rates, as electricity is delivered to customers and is recorded on the basis of regular meter readings and estimated customer usage since the last meter reading date to the end of the year. The related cost of power is recorded on the basis of power used.

Distribution revenue attributable to the delivery of electricity is based upon OEB-approved distribution tariff rates and includes the amounts billed to customers for electricity, including the cost of electricity supplied, distribution charges and any regulatory charges. Revenue is recognized as electricity is delivered and consumed by customers. Revenue includes an estimate of unbilled revenue. Unbilled revenue represents an estimate of electricity consumed by customers since the date of each customer's last meter reading. Actual electricity usage could differ from those estimates. Regulated service revenue represents charges to energy customers for services such as late payments, collection fees, account set-up fees, pole attachment charges, and reconnect and disconnect charges. Regulated service revenue is recognized as services are rendered.

Combined heat and power revenue is derived from selling electricity, the provision of capacity and thermal energy. Revenue is recognized upon delivery of the metered electricity and thermal energy.

Service revenue primarily includes duct rental revenue that is recognized as services are rendered and time expires.

Capital contributions received from electricity customers to construct or acquire PP&E for the purpose of connecting a customer to a network, are recorded as a deferred contribution on the balance sheet and amortization is presented as revenue from deferred contributions on the statement of comprehensive income at an equivalent rate to that used for the depreciation

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

of the related PP&E.

Other revenue and interest are recognized as services are rendered, projects completed or when interest is earned. Revenue and costs associated with Conservation and Demand Management ["CDM"] programs are presented using the net basis of accounting within other revenue. Performance incentive payments under CDM programs are recognized by the Corporation when there is reasonable assurance that the program conditions have been satisfied and the incentive payments will be received.

PILs

Under the Electricity Act, 1998, and effective October 1, 2001, the Corporation incurs PILs that are remitted to the Ministry of Finance. These payments are calculated in accordance with the rules for computing income and taxable

December 31, 2019 and 2018

capital, and other relevant amounts contained in the Income Tax Act (Canada) and the Corporations Tax Act (Ontario) as modified by the Electricity Act, 1998 and related regulations. Payments remitted to Ontario Electricity Financial Corporation are designated to be applied against the stranded debt of Ontario Power Generation, formerly Ontario Hydro.

The Corporation recognizes deferred income taxes using the balance sheet method. Under this method, provisions are made for deferred income taxes as a result of temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for accounting purposes. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted or substantively enacted tax rates, at the reporting date, expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. When deferred income taxes become payable, it is expected that they will be included in the rates approved by the OEB and recovered from the customers of the Corporation at that time. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset since they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

A deferred income tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred income tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

The OEB's Electricity Distribution Rate Handbook provides for the recovery of PILs by LDCs through annual distribution rate adjustments as permitted by the OEB.

The method that has been used to set the PILs portion of the Corporation's rates for 2018 is consistent with the approach used in past periods. Current income taxes are based on taxable profit or loss for the year, which differ from profit or loss as reported in the statements of comprehensive income because it excludes items that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are neither taxable nor deductible.

Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Certain estimates are necessary since the regulatory environment in which the Corporation operates requires amounts to be recorded at estimated values until finalization and adjustment pursuant to subsequent regulatory decisions or other regulatory proceedings. Due to inherent uncertainty involved in making such estimates,

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year end |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | Year Month Day |
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

actual results could differ from those estimates, including changes as a result of future decisions made by the OEB, the Ministry of Energy and Infrastructure or the Ministry of Finance. Future accounting policies At the date of authorization of these financial statements, certain new standards and amendments to existing standards have been published but are not yet effective, and have not been early adopted by the Corporation. Information on new standards and amendments that are expected to be relevant to the Corporation's financial statements is provided below. December 31, 2019 and 2018 . Interbank Offered Rate reform and its effects on financial reporting -Amendments to references to conception framework in IFRS Definition of a business (amendments to IFRS 3) Definition of material (amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8) IFRS 17 - Insurance Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture (Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28). December 31, 2019 and 2018 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Property, plant and equipment consist of the following as at December 31, 2019: January 1, 2019 Additions/transfers/ depreciation Disposals/ retirements December 31, 2019 \$ \$ \$ \$ Cost Transmission and distribution Transformers 61,208 4,594 (1,612) 64,190 Underground distribution 54,955 8,009 (2,290) 60**,**674 Poles, towers and fixtures 45,900 7,580 (3,159) 50,321 Station equipment 27,522 - (476) 27,046 Overhead distribution 24,176 2,494 (979) 25,691 Meters 13,316 1,072 (626) 13,762 227,077 23,749 (9,142) 241,684 Construction in progress 11,443 (4,976) 6,470 Other property, plant and equipment Vehicle fleet 4,969 341 (204) 5,106 Equipment and furniture 9,315 403 (61) 9,656 Computer hardware 3,234 148 (298) 3,084 Buildings 5,314 397 - 5,711 Land 294 - - 294 294 1,289 (563) 261,647 20 1 23,127 23,851 20,062 (9**,**705) 272,005 Total cost Accumulated depreciation Transmission and distribution Transformers (33,661) (1,153) 1,580 (33,234) Underground distribution (21,860) (1,485) 2,167 (21,178) Poles, towers and fixtures (16,593) (866) 2,419 Station equipment (9,285) (573) 403 (9,455) 2,419 (15,040)Overhead distribution (9,485) (324) 719 (9,090) Meters (8,113) (1,003) 504 (8,612)

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year end |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | Year Month Day |
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

```
(98,997)
                    (5,404)
                                    7,792
                                                (96,609)
Other property, plant and equipment
Vehicle fleet (3,014) (383) 204 (3,193) Equipment and furniture (7,328) (498) 72 (7,754)
Computer hardware (2,732) (193) 298 (2,627)

Buildings (582) (70) - (652)

(13,656) (1,144) 574 (14,226)
Total accumulated depreciation (112,653) (6,548) 8,366
(110,835)
Carrying amount 148,995 13,514 (1,339) 161,170
December 31, 2019 and 2018
Property, plant and equipment consist of the following as at December 31,
2018:
     January 1,
2018 Additions/
depreciation Disposals/
retirements Reclass December 31,
2018
 $ $ $ $
Cost
Transmission and distribution
Transformers 59,310 1,898 - - 61,208
Underground distribution 49,651 3,791
                                                          (295) 1,808 54,955
Poles, towers and fixtures 45,157 236 (30) 537 45,900 Station equipment 23,551 3,562 (15) 424 27,522 Overhead distribution 21,893 770 (3) 1,516 24,176
Meters 12,495 665 (43) 199 13,316
212,057 10,922 (386) 4,484 227,07
212,057 10,922 (386) 4,484 227,077
Construction in progress 9,597 3,103 - (1,254) 11,446
Other property, plant and equipment
Vehicle fleet 4,835 335 (201) - 4,969
Equipment and furniture 9,068 246 - 9,314
Computer hardware 2,804 426 - 4 3,234
Buildings 757 4,557 - 5,314
Land 294 - - 294
17,758 5,564 (201) 4
Total cost 239,412 19,589 (
                                         4 23,125
                              19,589 (587) 3,234 261,648
Accumulated depreciation
Transmission and distribution
Transformers (32,648) (1,014) - 1 (33,661) Underground distribution (19,204) (1,311) - (1,311)
                                                               - (1,345)
(21,860)
Poles, towers and fixtures (15,672) (807) - (114) (16,593)
Station equipment (8,389) (559) - (337) (9,285)

Overhead distribution (7,783) (351) - (1,351) (9,485)

Meters (7,067) (958) - (88) (8,113)

(90,763) (5,000) - (3,234) (98,997)
Other property, plant and equipment
Vehicle fleet (2,899) (350) 234 1 (3,014)
Equipment and furniture (6,955) (373) - (7,328)
Computer hardware (2,571) (161) - (2,732)
(112,653)
```

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year end |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | Year Month Day |
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

```
Carrying amount 135,697
                                          (353)
                               13,651
                                                         148,995
Certain comparative information presented for the year ended 2018 has been
reclassified.
For the year ended December 31, 2019, ascribed interest capitalized to
property, plant and equipment as prescribed by the OEB amounted to $357 [2018
- $405]. In the absence of rate regulation, additions to property, plant and
equipment would have been $357 lower [2018 - $405 lower] and interest expense
would have been $357 higher [2018 - $405 higher].
December 31, 2019 and 2018
4. INTANGIBLE ASSETS
Intangible assets consist of deferred IRU lease charges, computer software,
and Hydro One Networks Inc. ["HONI"] contribution.
  January 1,
2019 Additions/
depreciation Disposals/
retirements December 31,
2019
   $ $ $ $
Cost
Deferred IRU lease 606
                              - - 606
Computer software 2,383 176
HONI Contribution 4,051 84
                                     210 2,348
                              84 - 4,135
    7,040 260 210
                             7,089
Accumulated depreciation
Deferred IRU lease (312) (30) - (343)
Computer software (1,931) (300) (210)
HONI Contribution - (83) - (83)
(2,243) (413) (210) (2,445)
                                         (210) (2,020)
Carrying amount 4,797 (154) - 4,643
 January 1,
2018 Additions/
depreciation Disposals/
retirements December 31,
   $ $ $ $
Cost
Deferred IRU lease 606
                                  - 606
Computer software 2,033 349 - 2,383

HONI Contribution 3,902 149 - 4,051

6,541 498 - 7,040
Accumulated depreciation
Deferred IRU lease (282) (30) -
Computer software (1,645) (286) (1,927) (316) - (2,243)
                                              (1,931)
Carrying amount 4,614 182 - 4,797
December 31, 2019 and 2018
5. REGULATORY BALANCES
Regulatory debits balances consist of the following:
 January 1,
2019 Balances arising
in the period Recovery/
reversal December 31,
2019
   $ $ $ $
```

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year end |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | Year Month Day |
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

```
Regulatory debit balances
Retail settlement variance - power 679 (679) -
Retail settlement variance - global adjustment 5,306
                                                     (5,306)
                                                   320
Post-employment benefits deferral 259 60
Regulatory debit balances - other 321
                                        111
Regulatory Asset Recovery Account ["RARA"] 630 (630) - Total regulatory debit balances 7,195 (5,814) (630) 752
                                         630
  January 1,
2018 Balances arising
in the period Recovery/
reversal December 31,
2018
  $ $ $
Regulatory debits
Retail settlement variance - power 1,244 (565) - 679
Retail settlement variance - global adjustment
                                            2,567
                                                      2,739
5,306
Post-employment benefits deferral 1,388 (1,129) - 259
Regulatory debits - other 213 108 - 321
Regulatory Asset Recovery Account ["RARA"]
                                         40
                                               590 - 630
Total regulatory debits 5,452 1,743 - 7,195
Regulatory credit balances consist of the following:
  January 1,
2019 Balances arising
in the period Recovery/
reversal December 31,
2019
  $ $ $ $
Regulatory credit balances
Retail Settlement Variance - Power - 2,123 - 2,123
Retail Settlement Variance - global adjustment - 2,273
Retail settlement variances - other 2,426 (514) -
                                                  2,273 -
                                                                2,273
                                                          1,910
                                                    198
Regulatory Asset Recovery Account ["RARA"] -
Deferred income taxes [note 8] 3,218 (1,146) - 2,072
Smart meter variance 54 - - 54
Regulatory credit balances - other 59 22 - 81
Total regulatory credit balances 5,757 2,758 198 8,712
December 31, 2019 and 2018
 January 1,
2018 Balances arising
in the period Recovery/
reversal December 31,
2018
  $ $ $
Regulatory credits
Retail settlement variances - other 2,220 206
                                                        2,426
Deferred income taxes [note 8] 4,756 (1,538) - 3,218
Smart meter variance 54 - -
                                      54
Regulatory credits - other 22 37 - Total regulatory credits 7,052 (1,295)
                                 37 -
                                             59
                                            - 5,757
Net movements in regulatory balances, net of tax, total $3,260 [2018 -
$2,043]. The regulatory balances of the Corporation consist of the following:
Retail settlement variances
The retail settlement variances relate to charges the Corporation has
```

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

incurred for transmission services, generation and wholesale market operations from the IESO that were not settled with customers during the period through approved rates. The nature of the settlement variances is such that the balance can fluctuate between assets and liabilities over time and are reported at period-end dates in accordance with rules prescribed by the OEB. Under rate regulation, the variances that would be recorded as revenue or expense when incurred under IFRS are deferred until collected or repaid through future rates. The Corporation has accrued interest on the regulatory balances, as directed by the OEB. Management has not yet sought disposal of the regulatory balances but intends to do so as part of the 2021 rate application.

Retail settlement variance - power

The retail settlement variance - power account is established for the purpose of recording the net difference in energy cost only. Net difference refers to the difference between the amount charged by the IESO on the settlement invoice for the energy cost and the amount billed to customers for the energy cost.

Retail settlement variance - global adjustment

The global adjustment variance account is established for the purpose of recording the net difference in the global adjustment attributable to customers. Net difference refers to the difference between the amount charged or credited by the IESO for the global adjustment and the amount billed to customers for the global adjustment.

The global adjustment arises mainly due to a difference between the spot price charged by the IESO to market participants and the blended price paid by the IESO under the various contracts with electricity generators and suppliers.

Retail settlement variances - other

This item refers to a set of accounts that will separately capture information relating to wholesale market service charges, non-recurring wholesale market service charges, retail transmission network service charges and retail transmission connection service charges. Retail settlement variances - other, is used to record the net difference

December 31, 2019 and 2018

between the amount paid in the month to the IESO for the services listed above and the amount billed to customers and retailers in the month based on OEB approved rates.

Smart meter variance

The provincial government mandated the installation of smart meters for all residential and small business customers in Ontario by December 31, 2010. The smart meter variance account is used to record expenditures made by the Corporation under the smart meter program; the carrying value of meters replaced and stranded by the installation of smart meters; and amounts received from customers under approved OEB rates, for advances used to fund the installation of smart meters.

On January 10, 2012, the Corporation received approval of the costs incurred under the program and was granted a rate rider to recover the balance in the smart meter variance account which is the excess of costs incurred (including the carrying value of stranded meters) less amounts previously received from customers.

RARA

Effective May 2006, the RARA was approved by the OEB. This account is used to record the disposition of deferral and variance account balances, by means of a rate rider, for which approval to recover (or refund) has been granted by the OEB as part of the regulatory process. The balance remaining as at

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year end |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | Year Month Day |
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

```
December 31, 2019 represents the opening balance approved for recovery,
amounts collected during the year, and the deferral and variance account
balances approved for disposition by the OEB on February 1, 2019 as part of
the Corporation's cost of service application for rates effective January 1,
2018.
Deferred income taxes to be paid to customers
An offset to future income tax assets relating to the regulated business has
been recorded in the accounts as a regulatory credit. As deferred income tax
assets are realized, the liability for deferred income taxes to be paid to
customers will be settled through OEB approved rates.
Post-employment benefits deferral
This regulatory balance accumulates the actuarial gains and losses arising
from changes in actuarial assumptions and experience adjustments. The balance
arising during the years ended December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018
primarily related to the actuarial gain and loss recorded for each year,
respectively.
Regulatory accrued interest
Interest is earned or charged on regulatory balances at OEB prescribed rates
and are recorded to the related regulatory account.
December 31, 2019 and 2018
      CURRENT PORTION OF LONG-TERM LIABILITIES
The current portion of long-term liabilities consists of the following:
    2019
$
     2018
Customer advance deposits
                            916
                                    915
Upstream capital improvement liability
Current portion of long-term liabilities 916 2,931
      DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS
The continuity of deferred contributions is as follows:
    2019
     2018
$
Ś
Deferred contributions, net, beginning of year 33,746
Deferred contributions received
                                  4,218
                                            1,863
Reclass of deferred contribution
                                    2,016
Deferred contributions recognized as revenue (1,654)
                                                            (1,241)
Deferred contributions, net, end of year 38,326
                                                     33,746
Less: current portion
                        (1,958)
                                   (1,654)
Deferred contributions long-term portion
                                            36,367
                                                      32,092
      PILs
The provision for PILs differs from the amount that would have been recorded
using the combined Canadian federal and Ontario statutory income tax rates.
The reconciliation between the statutory and effective tax rates is provided
as follows:
     2019
            2018
          $
                     9,163
Income before PILs
                                4,060
Net movements in regulatory balances
                                      (3,200)
Net income after net movements in regulatory balances, before PILs 5,963
   5,984
Combined Canadian federal and Ontario statutory income tax rate
                                                                  26.50%
Expected provision for PILs at statutory tax rates
                                                     1,580
                                                               1,586
Property, plant and equipment (812) (625)
```

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year end |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | Year Month Day |
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

```
Post-employment non-pension benefits
Other 38 (88)
                          (107)
Cost allocations (95)
Provision for PILs 749
                           815
Effective tax rates
                    12.57% 13.63%
December 31, 2019 and 2018
Income tax expense as presented in the statements of comprehensive income is
as follows:
    2019
           2018
    $ $
Current tax expense
Current PILs charge
                    772 816
Deferred tax expense
Origination and reversal of temporary differences 1,125
Deferred taxes transferred to regulatory credits [note 5] (1,148)
Income tax expense charged to net income for the year
                                                   749
                                                           816
    2019 2018
    $ $
Deferred income taxes related to items recognized in OCI during the year
Net loss (gain) on revaluation of cash flow hedges - 22
Unrealized loss on derivatives designated as cash flow hedges
Deferred income taxes charged to OCI
                                  _
                                         (28)
As at December 31, 2019, the Corporation has recognized $2,071 in regulatory
credit balance and a corresponding offset to deferred income tax assets [2018
- $3,218].
Deferred income tax assets
Deferred income taxes reflect the net effects of temporary differences
between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial
reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. The net
deferred income tax asset consists of the following:
Net balance, January 1,
2019 Recognized in
regulatory balance
                  Net balance,
December 31, 2019
       $ $
    $
Components of deferred income tax assets
Property, plant and equipment (1,348) (24) (1,372)
Employee post-employment non-pension benefits 4,567 (1,090)
                                                                 3,477
Other taxable temporary differences - (33)
                           3,219 (1,148) 2,072
Deferred income tax assets
    Net balance, January 1,
2018
      Recognized in
regulatory balance
Recognized in
OCI Net balance, December 31,
2018
   $
        $
             $
Components of deferred income tax assets
Property, plant and equipment (241) (1,107) -
                                                       (1,348)
Employee post-employment non-pension benefits 4,998
                                                      (431)
4,567
                                   (28)
Other taxable temporary differences
Deferred income tax assets 4,729
                                    (1,538)
                                              28
                                                      3,219
```

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year end |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | Year Month Day |
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

December 31, 2019 and 2018 The Corporation has no tax loss carry forwards available for use in future periods. 9. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS The Corporation makes contributions to OMERS, which is a multi-employer plan. The plan is a defined benefit plan that specifies the amount of retirement benefits to be received by the employees based on length of service and rates of pay. Current and future contributions are dependent upon the results of the OMERS plan as actuarially determined from time to time. OMERS reported that its funded status as at December 31, 2019, was 97% [2018 - 96%]. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Corporation's OMERS current service pension costs were \$843 [2018 -\$803]. OMERS contribution rates were 9.0% up to the year's maximum pensionable earnings [?YMPE?] and 14.6% over the YMPE for normal retirement age [?NRA?] of 65 [2018 - 9.0% up to YMPE and 14.6% over YMPE for NRA of 65]. The expected payment for 2020 is \$847. Post-employment non-pension retirement benefits The Corporation provides post-employment benefits, principally supplemental health and dental coverage, for employees who retire from active employment. Accrued benefit obligations The Corporation measures its accrued benefit obligations as at December 31 of each year. The latest actuarial valuation was performed as at December 31, 2019. 2019 2018 Accrued benefit obligations, beginning of year 12,928 13,862 Employer current service cost 137 Interest on obligation 497 466 Benefits paid (500) (451)Actuarial (gain) loss recognized at the end of the year 60 (1, 129)Accrued benefit obligations, end of year 13,122 12,928 December 31, 2019 and 2018 Changes in post-employment non-pension retirement benefits 2019 2018 Post-employment non-pension retirement benefits, beginning of year 12,927 13,862 Net periodic benefits cost accrued 633 Benefits paid (500) (451) 60 Recognized (gains) losses (1,129)Post-employment non-pension retirement benefits, end of year 13,120 12,928 Components for net periodic benefit costs 2019 2018 Ś 137 Current service cost 497 Imputed interest cost 466 Net periodic benefit cost accrual for the year 634 Significant actuarial assumptions 2019 2018 Discount rate applied to the calculation of future benefits 3.90

Rate of compound compensation increase used in determining future costs

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

3.0 3.0

The current service cost for a period is equal to the actuarial present value of benefits attributed to employees' services rendered during the period. Past service costs from plan amendments are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average remaining service period of employees active at the date of amendment.

The actuarial valuation as at December 31, 2019 assumed health care costs would increase 7% [2018 - 7%] in the year following the valuation. This rate of increase is then reduced annually to a rate of 4% six years following the valuation [2018 - 4% after six years].

Dental costs are assumed to increase by 4% [2018 - 4%] in the year following the valuation. This rate of increase is then reduced annually to a rate of 4% six years following the valuation [2018 - 4% after six years].

The dispensing fee portion of health care costs is limited to twelve dollars and ninety-nine cents; the current maximum allowed under the benefits plan.

December 31, 2019 and 2018

Sensitivity analysis

The main actuarial assumptions underlying the valuation are as follows:

a) Interest (discount) rate

Assumed interest rates have a significant effect on the amounts reported for the total accrued benefit obligations and expense. A 1% change in assumed interest rates would have the following effects for 2019:

Increase Decrease

\$ \$

Accrued benefit obligations, as at December 31, 2019 (1,828) 2,337

b) Health care cost trend rate

The health care cost trend is estimated to increase at a declining rate from 7% to 4% over six years following the valuation. Other medical and dental expenses are assumed to increase by 4% after one year, down to 4% after six years following the valuation. The approximate effect on the accrued benefit obligations if the health care cost trend rate assumption was increased or decreased by 1% is as follows:

Increase Decrease

\$ \$

Accrued benefit obligations, as at December 31, 2019 1,724 (1,390)

10. NOTE PAYABLE TO SHAREHOLDER

The note payable to the shareholder of 60,064 [2018 - 60,064] has an interest rate of 4.54% [2018 - 4.54%] per annum and is due on demand. The Corporation does not anticipate that the note will be called upon within one year and, accordingly, the note remains classified as a long-term liability.

In 2019, the Corporation made interest payments of \$2,187 [2018 - \$1,091] to the shareholder.

11. DEBT

The Corporation's long-term and short-term borrowing facilities are as follows:

Long-term facilities

The Corporation's term loans totalling \$22,000 with Toronto-Dominion Commercial Bank [the "Bank"] were terminated on October 22, 2018. Net of interest capitalized on construction-in-progress, interest expense charged to the statements of comprehensive income amounted to \$1,873 during the year [2018 - \$1,215].

December 31, 2019 and 2018 Short-term facilities

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

The Corporation has an operating line of credit for a maximum amount of \$20,000 to assist with its working capital requirements. As of December 31, 2019, there were no outstanding balances on this line of credit [2018 - nil]. Interest on short-term debt was \$49 [2018 - \$81] at an effective interest rate of 3.76%. The above borrowing facilities are subject to financial tests and other covenants. These financial covenants are to be tested quarterly. In addition, these facilities are subject to other customary covenants and events of default, including an event of cross-default [for non-payment of other debts] of amounts in excess of \$5,000. Non-compliance with such covenants could result in accelerated payments of amounts due under the facilities and their termination. The Corporation was in compliance with the above-mentioned covenants as at December 31, 2019. CAPITAL STOCK Capital stock consists of the following: 2019 2018 Authorized Unlimited common shares Tssued 23,064 1,000 common shares 23,064 During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Corporation declared and paid dividends on common share aggregating \$2,500 (2018 - \$2,300). December 31, 2019 and 2018 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 13. The Corporation transacts business with the City and its affiliates in the normal course of business at commercial rates. These transactions are summarized below: 2019 2018 \$ Ś City facilities [from electricity distribution] 3,516 3,358 Streetlights [from electricity distribution] 1,520 1,424 5,036 4,782 34 Streetlight maintenance and construction services 64 Net rent - 100 Simcoe Street South 330 323 Property taxes 136 136 466 459 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE Facilities and streetlights 348 153 Construction services 30 378 1.5.3 [ii] During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Corporation has undertaken transactions with related parties, which are entities under common control. These transactions are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties. Related party transactions are summarized as follows: 2018 2019 \$ Oshawa PUC Energy Services Inc. Sale of electricity, administration and maintenance services 514 529

86

Purchase of electricity 56

```
Oshawa PUC Services Inc.
Sale of administration and maintenance services
                                                    270
                                                            217
Purchase of fibre optic services
                                   67
                                           56
2252112 Ontario Inc.
Sale of electricity, administration and maintenance services 30
                                                                        26
Purchase of electricity
                            523
                                    538
The Corporation receives management support from its parent, Oshawa Power and
Utilities Corporation. During the year, the Corporation paid $360 [2018 -
$521] to its parent.
December 31, 2019 and 2018
As at December 31, 2019, the amounts owed to the Corporation from affiliated
companies consists of $27 from Oshawa PUC Energy Services Inc. [2018 - $218],
$2 from Oshawa PUC Services Inc. [2018 - $52] and $2 from 2252112 Ontario
Inc. [2018 - $421]. Amounts owed to affiliated companies by the Corporation
consists of $5,797 to Oshawa Power and Utilities Corporation [2018 - $6,378].
       LEASES
The Corporation leases its premises under a net operating lease with the
Corporation of the City of Oshawa. The Corporation entered into a new lease
in 2017, which expires May 31, 2021.
The Corporation has a contractual agreement to lease office equipment over a
period of 74 months. The lease begins June 1, 2017 and expires July 31, 2023.
On transition to IFRS 16, the Company recognized additional right-of-use
assets and additional lease liabilities. Lease liabilities were measured at
the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at the
Corporation's incremental borrowing rate of 3.7%. The impact on transition is
summarized below.
     Ś
Balance at 1 January, 2019
Right-of-use assets presented as property, plant and equipment
                                                                   838
Lease liabilities
                    838
Operating lease commitments at December 31, 2018
Discounted using the borrowing rate / contractual interest rates
                                                                     (22)
Lease liabilities recognized at January 1, 2019
Leases as lessee (IFRS16)
      Right-of-use Assets
i.
Right-of-use assets related to leased properties that do not meet the
definition of investment property are presented as property, plant and
equipment.
    Building
                IT Equipment
                                   Total
        $
                 $
2019
Balance at 1 January
                         780
                                 58
Depreciation charge for the year
                                               (13)
                                                      (329)
                                   (316)
Additions to right -of-use assets
Balance at 31 December
                         464
                                  45
                                          509
December 31, 2019 and 2018
       Amounts recognized in profit or loss
ii.
                                                 2019
     Ś
2019 - Leases under IFRS 16
Interest on lease liabilities
2018 - Operating leases under IAS17
Lease Expense
                  342
iii.
        Amounts recognized in statement of cash flows
```

Corporation's name

Business number
Tax year end
Year Month Day
Oshawa PUC Networks Inc.

89172 5210 RC0001
2019-12-31

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

Total cash outflow for leases 358

Repayment of lease liabilities is shown under financing activities on the statement of cash flows.

15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES Insurance claims

The Corporation is a member of the Municipal Electric Association Reciprocal Insurance Exchange ["MEARIE"], which was created on January 1, 1987. A reciprocal insurance exchange is an Ontario group formed for the purpose of exchanging reciprocal contracts of indemnity of inter-insurance with each other. MEARIE provides general liability insurance to its member utilities. Insurance premiums charged to each Municipal Electrical Utility consist of a levy per thousand dollars of service revenue subject to a credit or surcharge based on each electric utility's claims experience.

The Corporation refers any claims received to MEARIE under the provisions of this plan. No provision has been recorded in these financial statements in respect of these matters as the Corporation has not received any claim that is not adequately covered by its insurance.

Income taxes

The tax returns filed by the Corporation are subject to review and reassessment by the Ministry of Finance for a period of up to five years from the date of filing. Any reassessment may result in a revision to previously determined tax obligations.

Energy Conservation Agreement

On December 31, 2014, the Corporation entered into an Energy Conservation Agreement with the IESO for the period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2020 to deliver Energy Conservation and Demand Management ["CDM"] programs. The agreement provides terms under which the Corporation may engage the IESO to design and pay for province-wide CDM programs in support of the Corporation meeting its CDM targets.

December 31, 2019 and 2018

Subject to the terms of the agreement, all IESO CDM program costs are paid by the IESO. The Corporation effectively acts as a delivery agent for those programs that it participates in under the agreement. The Corporation will be entitled to receive all of its estimated administration costs associated with each program. Any administration costs incurred by the Corporation in excess of the pre-approved estimate would not be recoverable. All other program costs incurred by the Corporation (such as customer incentives and goods and services delivered under the programs) are recoverable from the IESO on an invoiced basis in accordance with the agreement.

Under the terms of the Energy Conservation Agreement with the IESO, income incentives are available in the event the Corporation outperforms its expected target. Alternatively, financial penalties are possible if the Corporation does not meet minimum requirements outlined in the Energy Conservation Agreement with the IESO. The Corporation estimates it is meeting its obligations outlined in the Energy Conservation Agreement with the IESO and has not recorded a provision in these financial statements for neither financial incentives nor penalties in respect of these matters.

On March 21, 2019, the Minister of Energy, Northern Development and Mines, with the approval of the Lieutenant Governor in Council, issued a directive to the IESO pursuant to the statutory authority under sections 25. 32(5) and (11) of the Electricity Act, 1998. On the same date, the Minister issued a directive to the Ontario Energy Board (the "Board") revoking the main provisions of the March 26, 2014 directive to the Board and providing the Board with the authority to amend or remove license conditions of electricity distributors in respect of electricity CDM that were established pursuant to the March 26, 2014 directive. These directives, which took effect on the date

Corporation's name

Business number
Tax year end
Year Month Day
Oshawa PUC Networks Inc.

89172 5210 RC0001
2019-12-31

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

they were issued, have resulted in a change in the laws and regulations that is fundamentally inconsistent with the ECA by requiring the IESO to take all steps necessary to immediately discontinue the 2015-2020 Conservation First Framework ["CFF"] and by revoking, among others, the CFF Direction and authorizing the Board to remove license conditions of electricity distributors in respect of electricity CDM. As a result, the IESO has provided the Corporation with notice that the IESO is terminating the ECA effective June 20, 2019.

Security with IESO

Purchasers of electricity in Ontario, through the IESO, are required to provide security to mitigate the risk of default based on their expected activity in the market. The IESO could draw on this security if the Corporation fails to make the payment required on a default notice issued by the IESO. An Irrevocable Standby Letter of Credit in the amount of \$7,000 was issued in October 2012, and renewed in October 2014, in favour of the IESO as collateral support for energy amounts as determined by and payable to the

Guarantee for obligations of shareholder

The Corporation guarantees an amount recoverable that shall not exceed \$68 million to Toronto-Dominion Bank for its shareholder, Oshawa Power and Utilities Corporation, related to the note payable in Note 10.

December 31, 2019 and 2018

16. FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments recorded at fair value are classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the nature of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Level 1 - valuation based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - valuation techniques based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices). Level 3 - valuation techniques using inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

As at December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Corporation did not have transfers between levels.

The carrying values of cash, restricted cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable for power - IESO, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values due to the short period to maturity of these financial instruments.

The Corporation has designated its financial instruments as follows: 2019 2018

Carrying value Fair value Carrying value Level Fair value Non-current financial liabilities Customer advance deposits 1 2,284 2,284 1,892 1,892 Note payable to shareholder 3 60,064 60,064 60,064 The Corporation has determined the estimated fair values of its financial instruments based on appropriate valuation methodologies. Considerable judgment is required to develop these estimates. Accordingly, these estimated fair values are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Corporation could realize in a current market exchange. The estimated fair value amounts can be materially affected by the use of different assumptions or methodologies. The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments as well as related interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk are described below. Note payable to shareholder

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

The fair value of the note payable to shareholder is indeterminable. Credit risk Certain of the Corporation's financial assets are exposed to credit risk. Cash consists of deposits with major commercial banks. The Corporation, in the normal course of business, is exposed to credit risk from its customers. These accounts receivable are subject to normal industry credit risks. The Corporation provides for an allowance for doubtful accounts to absorb its credit losses. Unbilled revenue of \$10,734 [2018 - \$12,458] is collectible from customers and is December 31, 2019 and 2018 considered current with no related credit losses recorded. The Corporation also has insurance in support of certain receivables. Accounts receivable consists of the following: 2019 2018 \$ Ś 8,953 Receivables from customers 7,968 Receivables from other trade and projects 5,318 2,462 Less allowance for doubtful accounts (564)(688)Total accounts receivable 13,707 9,742 Credit risk associated with accounts receivable is as follows: 2018 2019 Ś Ś Outstanding for not more than 30 days 12,722 9,302 Outstanding for more than 30 days and not more than 90 days 942 721 Outstanding for more than 90 days 607 Less allowance for doubtful accounts (564) (688)Total accounts receivable 13,707 9,742 The Corporation is also exposed to credit risk from the potential default of any of its counterparties on its interest rate swap agreements. The Corporation mitigates this credit risk by dealing with counterparties who are major financial institutions and which the Corporation anticipates will satisfy their obligations under the contracts. During the year, the Corporation incurred bad debt expense of \$251 [2018 - \$442] which is included in operations, maintenance, and administrative expense. Interest rate risk Long-term debt is at fixed interest rates thereby minimizing cash flow and interest rate fluctuation exposure. Liquidity risk The Corporation monitors and manages its liquidity risk to ensure access to sufficient funds to meet operational and investing requirements. The Corporation's objective is to ensure that sufficient liquidity is on hand to meet obligations as they fall due while minimizing interest expense. The Corporation monitors cash balances to ensure that sufficient levels of liquidity are on hand to meet financial commitments as they come due. December 31, 2019 and 2018 Due within 1 vear Due between 1 Ś and 5 years \$ Due past 5 years

Total

Corporation's name

Business number
Tax year end
Year Month Day
Oshawa PUC Networks Inc.

89172 5210 RC0001
2019-12-31

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

```
$
Accounts Payable for power - IESO
                                  5,694
                                                       5,694
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities
                                        9,077
                                                              9,077
Due to affiliates 5,765 - -
                                        5,765
Customer advance payments
                          844
                                      481
Lease liability 357 124 -
               - -
                         60,064
                                     60,064
Long-term debt
Customer advance deposits
                          916 2,284 -
                                                  3,200
                  2018
    Due within 1
year
    Due between 1
$
and 5 years
Due past 5 years
$
Total
                                                       10,042
Accounts Payable for power - IESO
                                 10,042
                                            _
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 10,316
                                                             10,316
Due to affiliates 5,687 - -
                                       5,687
                          528
Customer advance payments
Payments in lieu of corporate income taxes 382
                                                              382
Long-term debt
               - - 60,064 60,064
Customer advance deposits
                          915
                                  1,892
                                                  2,807
     COLLATERAL
As part of its electricity purchase agreement with the IESO, an Irrevocable
Standby Letter of Credit in the amount of
$7,000 was issued in October 2012, and renewed in October 2014, in favour of
the IESO, as collateral support for energy amounts as determined by and
payable to the IESO.
18.
      CAPITAL MANAGEMENT
The Corporation defines capital as shareholder's equity. The Corporation's
objectives when managing capital are to ensure sufficient liquidity to
support its financial obligations and execute its operating and strategic
plans; maintain financial capacity and access to capital to support future
development of the business while taking into consideration current and
future industry, market and economic risks and conditions; and utilize short-
term funding sources to manage its working capital requirements.
December 31, 2019 and 2018
19.
     SUBSEQUENT EVENT
```

Subsequent to December 31, 2019, the COVID-19 outbreak was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization. The situation is dynamic and the ultimate duration and magnitude of the impact on the economy and the Corporation's business are not known at this time. These impacts potentially include an impact on the Corporation's ability to access and obtain capital financing, impairment of investments, reduction to operational cash flow as a result of the inability of the Corporation to fully recover on its customer accounts and potential future decreases in revenue or the profitability of the Corporation's ongoing operations.

Canada Revenue Agence du revenu du Canada

Net Income (Loss) for Income Tax Purposes

Schedule 1

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | Year Month Day |
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

- Use this schedule to reconcile the corporation's net income (loss) as reported on the financial statements and its net income (loss) for tax purposes. For more information, see the T2 Corporation – Income Tax Guide.
- All legislative references are to the Income Tax Act.

| Net income (loss) after taxes and extraordinary items from line 9999 of Schedule 125 | | 5,214,000 A |
|--|------------|-------------|
| Add: | | |
| Provision for income taxes – current | 749,000 | |
| Amortization of tangible assets | 5,703,000 | |
| Charitable donations and gifts from Schedule 2 | 4,000 | |
| Scientific research expenditures deducted per financial statements 118 | 509,258 | |
| Non-deductible meals and entertainment expenses | 15,000 | |
| Reserves from financial statements – balance at the end of the year | 12,995,681 | |
| Subtotal of additions | 19,975,939 | 19,975,939 |
| Other additions: | | |

Miscellaneous other additions:

| | Description | Amount | | | |
|----|-------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|------------|--------------|
| | 605 | 295 | | | |
| | Inducement under 12(1)(x) ITA | 6,237,159 | | | |
| | PY ITC claimed - 12(1)(t) | 55,712 | | | |
| | Total of column 2 | 6,292,871 | 296 | 6,292,871 | |
| | | Subtotal of other addition | ns 199 | 6,292,871 | 6,292,871 D |
| | | Total addition | ns 500 | 26,268,810 | 26,268,810 |
| Am | unt A plus line 500 | | | | 31,482,810 в |

2

Deduct:

| Gain on disposal of assets per financial statements | 200,000 | |
|---|------------|------------|
| Capital cost allowance from Schedule 8 | 8,984,550 | |
| SR&ED expenditures claimed in the year on line 460 from Form T661 | 462,938 | |
| Reserves from financial statements – balance at the beginning of the year | 12,850,799 | |
| Subtotal of deductions | 22,498,287 | 22.498.287 |

Other deductions:

Miscellaneous other deductions:

| | | | 1 | | |
|---------|---|----------------------------|---------------|------------|-------------|
| | 1 | 2 | | | |
| | Description | Amount | | | |
| | 705 | 395 | | | |
| 1 | Interest expense capitalized for accounting purposes | 356,953 | | | |
| 2 | 13(7.4) election | 6,198,919 | | | |
| | Total of column 2 | 6,555,872 | ➤ 396 | 6,555,872 | |
| | s | Subtotal of other deductio | ns 499 | 6,555,872 | 6,555,872 E |
| | | Total deduction | ns 510 | 29,054,159 | 29,054,159 |
| Net inc | come (loss) for income tax purposes (amount B minus line 510) |) | | | 2,428,651 C |
| Enter a | amount C on line 300 of the T2 return. | | | | |

Canadä

Inducement

This form is used to calculate inducements that a corporation must add to its income under paragraph 12(1)(x) ITA. If an amount reduces the capital cost of a property, this amount will be indicated in Part "Tax credits whose amount should reduce the capital cost of property."

If you want to transfer an amount to Schedule 1 and include it in the corporation's income for tax purposes, select the corresponding check box in column A. You can also select the option **Select this check box to add all the amounts to income calculated in Schedule 1** to transfer all the amounts to Schedule 1. In either case, the column A check box will be selected for that amount and it will therefore be updated to Schedule 1.

Tax credits whose amount should be added to income

| rea | erai | |
|------|---|-----------|
| Α | | |
| X | Investment tax credit from apprenticeship job creation expenditures | 7,126 |
| X | Investment tax credit from child care spaces expenditures | |
| | Canadian film or video production tax credit* | |
| | * Please verify if the credit amount relates to depreciable property. For more information, consult the Help (F1). | |
| | Film or video production services tax credit* | |
| | * Please verify if the credit amount relates to depreciable property. For more information, consult the Help (F1). | |
| | Investment tax credit claimed on contributions made to SR&ED farming organizations | |
| | Canadian journalism labour tax credit | |
| Onta | ırio | |
| Α | | |
| X | Portion of the Ontario research and development tax credit that relates to the prescribed proxy amount (PPA) and | 2.105 |
| | portion of the Ontario investment tax credit that relates to contributions made to SR&ED farming organizations | |
| X | Ontario co-operative education tax credit | 14,077 |
| X | Ontario apprenticeship training tax credit | 14,932 |
| | Ontario computer animation and special effects tax credit* | |
| | * Please verify if the credit amount relates to depreciable property. For more information, consult the Help (F1). | |
| | Ontario film and television tax credit* | |
| | * Please verify if the credit amount relates to depreciable property. For more information, consult the Help (F1). | |
| | Ontario production services tax credit* | |
| | * Please verify if the credit amount relates to depreciable property. For more information, consult the Help (F1). | |
| | Ontario interactive digital media tax credit* | |
| | * Please verify if the credit amount relates to depreciable property. For more information, consult the Help (F1). | |
| | Ontario sound recording tax credit* | |
| | * Please verify if the credit amount relates to depreciable property. For more information, consult the Help (F1). | |
| | Ontario book publishing tax credit | |
| | Portion of the Ontario innovation tax credit that relates to the prescribed proxy amount (PPA) and portion of the Ontario investment tax credit that relates to contributions made to SR&ED farming organizations | |
| | Ontario business-research institute tax credit | |
| | Ontario community food program donation tax credit for farmers | |
| _ | er amounts | |
| X | | |
| | | |
| Cap | ital contribution | 6,198,919 |
| | Total | 6,198,919 |

Tax credits whose amount should reduce the capital cost of property



Agence du revenu du Canada Schedule 2

Charitable Donations and Gifts

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | Year Month Day |
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

- For use by corporations to claim any of the following:
 - the eligible amount of charitable donations to qualified donees
 - the Ontario, Nova Scotia, and British Columbia food donation tax credits for farmers
 - the eligible amount of gifts of certified cultural property
 - the eligible amount of gifts of certified ecologically sensitive land or
 - the additional deduction for gifts of medicine made before March 22, 2017
- All legislative references are to the federal Income Tax Act, unless stated otherwise.
- The eligible amount of a gift is the amount by which the fair market value of the gifted property exceeds the amount of an advantage, if any, for the gift.
- The donations and gifts can be carried forward for 5 years except for gifts of certified ecologically sensitive land made after February 10, 2014, which can be carried forward for 10 years. Provincial food donation tax credits must be applied in the current tax year.
- Use this schedule to show a transfer of unused amounts from previous years following an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary as described under subsections 87(1) and 88(1).
- Subsection 110.1(1.2) provides as follows:
 - Where a particular corporation has undergone an acquisition of control, for tax years that end on or after the acquisition of control, no corporation can claim a deduction for a gift made by the particular corporation to a qualified donee before the acquisition of control.
 - If a particular corporation makes a gift to a qualified donee pursuant to an arrangement under which both the gift and the acquisition of control is
 expected, no corporation can claim a deduction for the gift unless the person acquiring control of the particular corporation is the qualified donee.
- An eligible medical gift made before March 22, 2017, to a qualifying organization for activities outside of Canada may be eligible for an additional deduction. Calculate the additional deduction in Part 5.
- File this schedule with your T2 Corporation Income Tax Return.
- For more information, see the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide.

| ┌ Part 1 – Charitable donations | | |
|---------------------------------|--|----------------------|
| Charity/Recipient | Amount | (\$100 or more only) |
| YOUTH FUSION | | 1,500 |
| HEART & STROKE FOUNDATION | | 1,500 |
| BOYS AND GIRLS CLUB OF DURHAM | | 500 |
| CANADAHELPS CANADON | | 300 |
| THE OSHAWA HISTORICAL SOCIETY | | 200 |
| | Subtotal | 4,000 |
| | Add: Total donations of less than \$100 each | |
| | Total donations in current tax year | 4,000 |

| Part 1 – Charitable donations | | | | |
|--|---------|----|-------|----------|
| | Federal | Qı | uébec | Alberta |
| Charitable donations at the end of the previous tax year | | Α | | |
| Charitable donations expired after 5 tax years* | | | | |
| Charitable donations transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary | | | | |
| Total charitable donations made in the current year | 4,000 | | 4,000 | 4,000 |
| Subtotal (line 250 plus line 210) | 4,000 | В | 4,000 | 4,000 |
| Subtotal (line 240 plus amount B) | 4,000 | С | 4,000 | 4,000 |
| Adjustment for an acquisition of control | | | | |
| Total charitable donations available (amount C minus line 255) | 4,000 | D | 4,000 | 4,000 |
| Amount applied in the current year against taxable income (cannot be more than amount L in Part 2) | 4,000 | | 4,000 | 4,000 |
| (enter this amount on line 311 of the T2 return) | | | | |
| Charitable donations closing balance (amount D minus line 260) | | | | |
| The amount of qualifying donations for the Ontario community food program donation tax credit for farmers included in the amount on line 260 (for donations made after December 31, 2013) | | | | |
| Ontario community food program donation tax credit for farmers (amount on line 262 multiplied by 25 %) | | 1 | | |
| Enter amount 1 on line 420 of Schedule 5, Tax Calculation Supplementary – Corporatio is less: the Ontario income tax otherwise payable or amount 1. For more information, se | | | | nichever |
| The amount of qualifying donations for the Nova Scotia food bank tax credit for farmers included in the amount on line 260 (for donations made after December 31, 2015) | | | | |
| Nova Scotia food bank tax credit for farmers (amount on line 263 multiplied by 25 %) | | 2 | | |
| Enter amount 2 on line 570 of Schedule 5, Tax Calculation Supplementary – Corporatio is less: the Nova Scotia income tax otherwise payable or amount 2. For more information | | | | nichever |
| The amount of qualifying gifts for the British Columbia farmers' food donation tax credit included in the amount on line 260 (for donations made after February 16, 2016 and before January 1, 2021) | | | | |
| British Columbia farmers' food donation tax credit (amount on line 265 multiplied by 25 %) | | 3 | | |
| Enter amount 3 on line 683 of Schedule 5, Tax Calculation Supplementary – Corporatio is less: the British Columbia income tax otherwise payable or amount 3. For more inform | | | | |
| * For federal and Alberta tax purposes, donations and gifts expire after five tax years. F that ended before March 24, 2006, expire after five tax years; otherwise, donations an | | | | ax year |

CORPORATE TAXPREP / TAXPREP DES SOCIÉTÉS - GE03 VERSION 2020 V1.0

Year of origin:

1st prior year

- Amounts carried forward - Charitable donations -

2018-12-31

Federal

Québec

Alberta

| 2 nd prior year | | 2017-12-31 | |
|--|--|---|-------------|
| 3 rd prior year | | 2016-12-31 | |
| 4 th prior year | | 2015-12-31 | |
| 5 th prior year | | 2014-12-31 | |
| 6 th prior year* | | 2013-12-31 | |
| 7 th prior year | | 2012-12-31 | |
| 8 th prior year | | 2011-12-31 | |
| 9 th prior year | | 2010-12-31 | |
| 10 th prior year | | 2009-12-31 | |
| 11 th prior year | | 2008-12-31 | |
| 12 th prior year | | 2007-12-31 | |
| 13 th prior year | | 2006-12-31 | |
| 14 th prior year | | 2005-12-31 | |
| 15 th prior year | | 2004-12-31 | |
| 16 th prior year | | 2003-12-31 | |
| 17 th prior year | | 2002-12-31 | |
| 18 th prior year | | | |
| 19 th prior year | | 2000-12-31 | |
| 20 th prior year | | | |
| 21st prior year* | | | |
| Total (to line A | ۸) | | |
| , | prior year expire automatically in the current tax year. Iaximum allowable deduction for c | | |
| Net income for | tax purposes Note 1 multiplied by 75 %. | | 88 F |
| Taxable capita under subsect The amount of | Il gains arising in respect of gifts of capital proper Il gain in respect of a disposition of a non-qualifying to 40(1.01) | ring security | |
| | disposition, less | | |
| | expenses Note 2 | <u>_</u> | |
| Capital cost ¹ | | G | |
| Amount F or | G, whichever is less | 235 | |
| Amount on line | e 230 or 235, whichever is less | Н | |
| | | Subtotal (add line 225, 227, and amount H) | |
| | | Amount I multiplied by 25 % | J |
| | | Subtotal (amount E plus amount J)1,821,48 | <u>88</u> к |
| | owable deduction for charitable donations D from Part 1, amount K, or net income for tax p | purposes, whichever is least) 4,00 | <u>00</u> г |
| | edit unions, subsection 137(2) states that this amoving and bonus interest. | mount is before the deduction of payments pursuant to allocations in proportion | |
| | | | |

| − Part 3 – Gifts of certified cultural property ───── | | | |
|--|---------|--------|-------------------|
| | Federal | Québec | Alberta |
| Gifts of certified cultural property at the end of the previous tax year | | _ M | |
| Gifts of certified cultural property expired after 5 tax years* 439 | | | |
| Gifts of certified cultural property at the beginning | | | |
| of the current tax year (amount M minus line 439) | | | |
| Gifts of certified cultural property transferred on an amalgamation | | | |
| | | | |
| Total gifts of certified cultural property in the current year | | _ | |
| (include this amount on line 112 of Schedule 1) | | | |
| Subtotal (line 450 plus line 410) | | _ N | |
| Subtotal (line 440 plus amount N) | | _ 0 | |
| Adjustment for an acquisition of control | | | |
| Amount applied in the current year against taxable income | | _ | |
| (enter this amount on line 313 of the T2 return) | | | |
| Subtotal (line 455 plus line 460) | | _ P | |
| Gifts of certified cultural property closing balance (amount O minus amount P) | | | |
| * For federal and Alberta tax purposes, donations and gifts expire after five tax years. For ended before March 24, 2006, expire after five tax years; otherwise, donations and gift | | | n a tax year that |

| ┌ Amount ca | rried forward – Gifts of certified c | ultural proper | ty ——— | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|--------|---------|
| Year of origin: | | | Federal | Québec | Alberta |
| 1 st prior year | | 2018-12-31 | | | |
| 2 nd prior year | | 2017-12-31 | | - | |
| 3 rd prior year | | 2016-12-31 | | - | |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 2015-12-31 | | | |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 2014-12-31 | | - | |
| 6 th prior year* | | 2013-12-31 | | | |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 2012-12-31 | | - | |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 2011-12-31 | | | |
| 9 th prior year | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 2010-12-31 | | | |
| 10 th prior year | | 2009-12-31 | | | |
| 11 th prior year | | 2008-12-31 | | | |
| 12 th prior year | | 2007-12-31 | | | |
| 13 th prior year | | 2006-12-31 | | | |
| 14 th prior year | | 2005-12-31 | | | |
| 15 th prior year | | 2004-12-31 | | | |
| 16 th prior year | | 2003-12-31 | | | |
| 17 th prior year | | 2002-12-31 | | | |
| 18 th prior year | | 2001-12-31 | | | |
| 19 th prior year | | 2000-12-31 | | | |
| 20 th prior year | | | | | |
| 21st prior year* | | | | | |
| Total | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | |

^{*} For federal and Alberta tax purposes, donations and gifts included on line 6th prior year expire automatically in the current tax year. For Québec tax purposes, donations and gifts made in a tax year that ended before March 24, 2006, that are included on line 6th prior year and donations and gifts that are included on line 21st prior year expire automatically in the current tax year.

| Federal | Québec | Alberta |
|---------|--------|---------|
| (| Q | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | R | |
| | S | |
| | | |
| | T | |
| | | |
| | | QQ |

expire after ten tax years. For Québec tax purposes, donations and gifts made during a tax year that ended before March 24, 2006, expire after five tax years; otherwise, donation and gifts expire after twenty tax years.

- Amounts carried forward – Gifts of certified ecologically sensitive land

Amount of carried forward gifts made on or after February 11, 2014, in the tax year including this date Québec Federal Alberta Year of origin: 1st prior year 2nd prior year 3rd prior year 4th prior year 5th prior year 6th prior year* 2012-12-31 7th prior year 8th prior year 9th prior year 10th prior year 2008-12-31 11th prior year* 12th prior year_2006-12-31_ 13th prior year 14th prior year 15th prior year 16th prior year 17th prior year 2001-12-31 18th prior year 19th prior year 20th prior year 21st prior year* Total

The field "Amount of carried forward gifts made on or after February 11, 2014, in the tax year including this date" is used to distinguish the portion of the gifts made in the tax year straddling February 11, 2014, that expires after ten tax years, from the portion that expires in the current tax year.

For Québec tax purposes, donations and gifts made during a tax year that ended before March 24, 2006, that are included on line 6th prior year and gifts that are included on line 21st prior year expire automatically in the current tax year.

^{*} For federal and Alberta tax purposes, donations and gifts made before February 11, 2014, that are included on line 6th prior year and gifts that are included on line 11th prior year expire automatically in the current year.

| Part 5 – Additional deduction for gifts of medicine ———— | | 0 " | A.II |
|--|-------------------------|--------|---------|
| | Federal | Québec | Alberta |
| ditional deduction for gifts of medicine at the end of the previous tax year ditional deduction for gifts of medicine expired after 5 tax years* 639 | U_ | | |
| ditional deduction for gifts of medicine expired after 5 tax years* 639 _ ditional deduction for gifts of medicine at the beginning of the | | | - |
| rent tax year (amount U minus line 639) | | | |
| | | | |
| ditional deduction for gifts of medicine made before March 22, 2017 nsferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary | | | |
| ditional deduction for gifts of medicine made before March 22, 2017: | | | |
| roceeds of disposition | | | |
| ost of gifts of medicine made before March 22, 2017 601 | | | |
| Subtotal (line 602 minus line 601) | | | _ |
| mount V multiplied by 50 % | | | |
| ligible amount of gifts | | | |
| Additional | | | |
| deduction for gifts | | | |
| Federal of medicine made before March 22, | | | |
| x / b \ = 2017 610 | | | |
| - | | | |
| Additional | | | |
| deduction for gifts of medicine made | | | |
| Québec before March 22, | | | |
| x (<u>b</u> = 2017 | | | |
| C Additional | | | |
| deduction for gifts | | | |
| Alberta of medicine made | | | |
| before March 22, x / b \ = 2017 | | | |
| $\frac{1}{C}$ | | | |
| ere: | | | |
| s the lesser of line 601 and amount W | | | |
| s the eligible amount of gifts (line 600) | | | |
| s the proceeds of disposition (line 602) | | | |
| . , | | | |
| Subtotal (line 650 plus line 610) _ | X _ | | |
| Subtotal (line 640 plus amount X) _ | Y _ | | |
| A.C. | | | |
| justment for an acquisition of control | | | - |
| nount applied in the current year against taxable income | | | |
| ter this amount on line 315 of the T2 return) | | | |
| Subtotal (line 655 plus line 660) _ | Z _ | | |
| ditional deduction for gifts of medicine closing balance nount Y minus amount Z) | | | |
| = For federal and Alberta tax purposes, donations and gifts expire after five tax years. | For Outhor toy numerous | | |

- Amounts carried forward – Additional deduction for gifts of medicine

| Year of origin: | | | Federal | Québec | Alberta |
|------------------------------|--|---------------------|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| 1 st prior year . | | 2018-12-31 | | | |
| 2 nd prior year | | 2017-12-31 | | | |
| 3 rd prior year | | 2016-12-31 | | | |
| 4 th prior year . | | 2015-12-31 | | | |
| 5 th prior year . | | 2014-12-31 | | | |
| 6 th prior year* | | 2013-12-31 | | | |
| 7 th prior year . | | 2012-12-31 | | | |
| 8 th prior year . | | 2011-12-31 | | | |
| 9 th prior year . | | 2010-12-31 | | | |
| 10 th prior year | | 2009-12-31 | | | |
| 11 th prior year | | 2008-12-31 | | | |
| 12 th prior year | | 2007-12-31 | | | |
| 13 th prior year | | 2006-12-31 | | | |
| 14 th prior year | | 2005-12-31 | | | |
| 15 th prior year | | 2004-12-31 | | | |
| 16 th prior year | | 2003-12-31 | | | |
| 17 th prior year | | 2002-12-31 | | | |
| 18 th prior year | | 2001-12-31 | | | |
| 19 th prior year | | 2000-12-31 | | | |
| 20 th prior year | | | | | |
| 21st prior year* | | | | | |
| Total | | | · | | |
| donations and g | Alberta tax purposes, donations and gifts incl gifts made in a tax year that ended before Mare ear expire automatically in the current tax year. | ch 19, 2007, that a | or year expire automatically in re included on line 6 th prior yo | n the current tax year. For Queear and donations and gifts th | ebec tax purposes, at are included on |
| ┌ Québec – G | ifts of musical instruments — | | | | |
| Gifts of musical in | nstruments at the end of the previous tax year | | | | |
| Deduct: Gifts of r | musical instruments expired after twenty tax y | ears | | | |
| Gifts of musical in | nstruments at the beginning of the tax year | | | | (|
| Add: | | | | | |
| Gifts of musical | instruments transferred on an amalgamation | or the wind-up of a | subsidiary | | [|
| Total current-yea | ar gifts of musical instruments | | | | |
| | | | | Subtotal (line D plus line E) | F |
| | | | | , , | |
| 1 | ent for an acquisition of control | | | | |
| otal gifts of musi | ical instruments available | | | | ¹ |
| Deduct: Amount | applied against taxable income (enter this am | ount on line 255 of | form CO-17) | | |

Gifts of musical instruments closing balance

| Year of origin: | | Québec |
|-----------------------------|----------------|--------|
| 1st prior year | 2018-12-31 | |
| 2 nd prior year | 2017-12-31 | |
| 3 rd prior year | 2016-12-31 | |
| 4 th prior year | 2015-12-31 | |
| 5 th prior year | 2014-12-31 | |
| 6 th prior year* | 2013-12-31 | |
| 7 th prior year | 2012-12-31 | |
| 8 th prior year | 2011-12-31 | |
| 9 th prior year | 2010-12-31 | |
| 10 th prior year | 2009-12-31 | |
| 11 th prior year | 2008-12-31 | |
| 12 th prior year | 2007-12-31 | |
| 13 th prior year | 2006-12-31 | |
| 14 th prior year | 2005-12-31 | |
| 15 th prior year | 2004-12-31 | |
| 16 th prior year | 2003-12-31 | |
| 17 th prior year | 2002-12-31 | |
| 18 th prior year | 2001-12-31 | |
| 19 th prior year | 2000-12-31 | |
| 20 th prior year | | |
| 21st prior year* | | |
| Total | | |

T2 SCH 2 E (19) Canadä



Agence du revenu du Canada

Schedule 3

Dividends Received, Taxable Dividends Paid, and Part IV Tax Calculation

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

- · Corporations must use this schedule to report:
 - non-taxable dividends under section 83;
 - deductible dividends under subsection 138(6);
 - taxable dividends deductible from income under section 112, subsection 113(2) and paragraphs 113(1)(a), (a.1), (b) or (d); or
 - taxable dividends paid in the tax year that qualify for a dividend refund (see page 3).
- All legislative references are to the federal Income Tax Act.
- The calculations in this schedule apply only to private or subject corporations.
- A recipient corporation is **connected** with a payer corporation at any time in a tax year, if at that time the recipient corporation:
 - controls the payer corporation, other than because of a right referred to in paragraph 251(5)(b); or
 - owns more than 10% of the issued share capital (with full voting rights), and shares that have a fair market value of more than 10% of the fair market value of all shares of the payer corporation.
- If you need more space, continue on a separate schedule.
- File this schedule with your T2 Corporation Income Tax Return.
- Column A1 Enter "X" if dividends were received from a foreign source.
- Column F1 Enter the code that applies to the deductible taxable dividend.

- Part 1 - Dividends received in the tax year

- Do not include dividends received from foreign non-affiliates.
- Complete columns B, C, D, H and I only if the payer corporation is connected.

Important instructions to follow if the payer corporation is connected

- If your corporation's tax year-end is different than that of the connected payer corporation, dividends could have been received from more than one
 tax year of the payer corporation. If so, use a separate line to provide the information according to each tax year of the payer corporation.
- When completing column J and K use the **special calculations provided in the notes**.

| | A | A1 | В | С | D | E | | | | |
|--|--|----|--|------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Name of payer corporation | | Enter 1 | Business Number | Tax year-end of the | Non-taxable | | | | |
| | (from which the corporation received the dividend) | | if payer corporation is connected | of connected corporation | payer corporation in which the sections 112/113 and subsection 138(6) dividends in column F were paid YYYYMMDD | dividends under section 83 | | | | |
| | 200 | | 205 | 210 | 220 | 230 | | | | |
| 1 | | | 2 | | | | | | | |
| Total of column E (enter amount on line 402 of Schedule 1) | | | | | | | | | | |

CORPORATE TAXPREP / TAXPREP DES SOCIÉTÉS - GE03 VERSION 2020 V1.0

Part 1 – Dividends received in the tax year (continued) -

| | | | | | | | ., |
|--------|--|-------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | F Taxable dividends | F1 | G Eligible dividends | H Total taxable | I Dividend refund | J Part IV tax | K Part IV tax |
| | deductible from taxable | | included in | dividends paid | of the connected | for eligible dividends. | before deductions. |
| | income under section | | column F | by connected | payer corporation | Dividends | Dividends |
| | 112, subsections | | | payer corporation | (for tax year in | (from column G) | (from column F) |
| | 113(2) and 138(6), and | | | (for tax year | column D) ^{note 2} | multiplied by | multiplied by |
| | paragraphs 113(1)(a), | | | in column D) | | 38 1/3% ^{note 3} | 38 1/3% ^{note 4} |
| | (a.1),(b), or (d) ^{note 1} | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | 240 | | 242 | 250 | 260 | 265 | 275 |
| | 240 | | 242 | 250 | 200 | 205 | 213 |
| 1 | | | | | | | |
| Ta.,, | ble dividende received from | | ad agracuations (total area | unto from column F with | anda 1 in anluman D) | | 1A |
| | ble dividends received from | | | | , | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| raxa | ble dividends received fron | n non-conr | . , | | , | | |
| | | | , | • | | 320 of the T2 Return) = | |
| • | ole dividends received from | | . , | | , | | 1D |
| Eligil | ole dividends received from | non-conn | ected corporations (total a | amounts from column G v | with code 2 in column B) | · · · · · · · · = | 1E |
| Part | IV tax before deductions or | n taxable d | lividends received from co | nnected corporations | | | |
| ` | amounts from column K w | | , | | | 1F | |
| | IV tax before deductions or | | | | | | |
| (tota | amounts from column K w | vith code 2 | in column B) | | | | |
| | | | | | lus amount 1G) | | 1H |
| | IV tax on eligible dividends code 1 in column B) . | | - | , | | 11 | |
| | IV tax on eligible dividends | | rom non-connected corne | | | !! | |
| | h code 2 in column B) | | | | | 1J | |
| | | | | Subtotal (amount 11 p | olus amount 1J) | <u> </u> | 1K |
| Part | IV tax before deductions or | n taxable d | lividends (other than eligib | • | / | | 1L |
| | | | | | | | |

- 1 If taxable dividends are received, enter the amount in column F, but if the corporation is not subject to Part IV tax (such as a public corporation other than a subject corporation as defined in subsection 186(3)), enter "0" in column J or column K whichever one applies. Life insurers are not subject to Part IV tax on subsection 138(6) dividends.
- 2 If the connected payer corporation's tax year ends after the corporation's balance-due day for the tax year (two or three months, as applicable), you have to estimate the payer's dividend refund when you calculate the corporation's Part IV tax payable.
- 3 For eligible dividends received from connected corporations, Part IV tax on dividends is equal to: column I divided by column H multiplied by column G.
- 4 For taxable dividends received from connected corporations, Part IV tax on dividends is equal to: column I divided by column H multiplied by column F.

| - Paı | rt 2 – Calculation of Part IV tax payable ———— | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|---|--|---|
| | V tax on dividends received before deductions (amount 1H in part 1) V.I tax payable on dividends subject to Part IV tax (from line 360 of Scho Subtota | edule 43) | 320 | 2A > | 2E |
| Nor Cur | n-capital losses from previous years claimed to reduce Part IV tax | | 340 | | |
| | Total losses applied against Part IV | / tax (total of lines 330 to | 345) | 2C | |
| Part I (enter If you refund | ount 2C multiplied by 38 1 / 3 % | e required amount of Part | IV taxes payable in o | order to calculate the e | |
| Amou | V tax before deductions on taxable dividends received from connected c int 4A from Schedule 43 V tax payable on taxable dividends received from connected corp "0") | orations (amount 2E min | | gative | |
| (ente | at amount L on page 7 of the T2 return) | | | | |
| | r tax year begins after 2018, complete the following part to determine the dable dividend tax on hand (ERDTOH) at the end of the tax year. | e required amount of Part | IV taxes payable in | order to calculate the e | ligible |
| Part I | V tax on eligible dividends received from non-connected corporations (ar | mount 1J in part 1) | | | 2H |
| | Int 4C from Schedule 43 V tax payable on eligible dividends received from non-connected "0") | corporations (amount 2) | H minus amount 2I, | if negative | 2 |
| (enter | at amount M on page 7 of the T2 return) | | | | |
| ar co | ne program calculates the amount on line 2E from the amount on line 1F in eligible refundable dividend tax on hand (ERDTOH), enter this amount proporation does not result in an ERDTOH, the amount on line 2E must be considered at the constant of the const | on line 2É, using an overr e equal to "0." | ride. However, if the | | |
| | If your corporation's tax year-end is different than that of the connected one tax year of the recipient corporation. If so, use a separate line to pro | | | | |
| | L Name of connected recipient corporation | M Business Number | N Tax year-end of connected recipient corporation in which the dividends in column O were received YYYYMMDD | O Taxable dividends paid to connected corporations | P Eligible dividends included in column O |
| | 400 | 410 | 420 | 430 | 440 |
| 1 | Oshawa Power and Utilities Corporation | 86486 7593 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 | 2,500,000 | 2,500,000 |

2,500,000

2,500,000

(Total of column O) (Total of column P)

| Part 3 – Taxable dividends paid in the tax year that qualify for a dividend refund (continued) | |
|---|-------------------------|
| Total taxable dividends paid in the tax year to other than connected corporations | |
| Eligible dividends included in line 450 | |
| Total taxable dividends paid in the tax year that qualify for a dividend refund (total of column O plus line 450) | 2,500,000 |
| Total eligible dividends paid in the tax year (total of column P plus line 455) | 2,500,000 |
| Total non-eligible taxable dividends paid in the tax year (line 460 minus line 465) | |
| Complete this part to determine the following amounts in order to calculate the dividend refund. | |
| Line 465 multiplied by 38 1 / 3 % | 958,333 ₃ A |
| (enter at amount AA on page 7 of the T2 return) | |
| Line 470 multiplied by 38 1 / 3 % | 3B |
| (enter at amount DD on page 7 of the T2 return) | |
| Part 4 – Total dividends paid in the tax year Complete this part if the total taxable dividends paid in the tax year that qualify for a dividend refund (line 460) is different from the total dividends paid in the tax year. | |
| Total taxable dividends paid in the tax year for the purposes of a dividend refund (from above) | 2,500,000 |
| Other dividends paid in the tax year (total of 510 to 540) | |
| Total dividends paid in the tax year | 2,500,000 |
| Dividends paid out of capital dividend account Capital gains dividends Dividends paid on shares described in subsection 129(1.2) Taxable dividends paid to a controlling corporation that was bankrupt at any time in the year 510 520 530 540 | |
| Subtotal (total of lines 510 to 540) | 4A |
| Total taxable dividends paid in the tax year that qualify for a dividend refund (Line 500 minus amount 4A) | 2,500,000 _{4B} |

T2 SCH 3 E (19) Canadä

Schedule 8

Canada Revenue Agency

Agence du revenu du Canada

Capital Cost Allowance (CCA)

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

For more information, see the section called "Capital Cost Allowance" in the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide.

× %

≺es

101

Is the corporation electing under Regulation 1101(5q)?

| For tax years ending before November 21, 2018: 50% rule (1/2 of net acquisitions) | 211 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|------------|-----------|---------|----------------|---------|---------|--------|-----|----------|------------|---------|------------|--------|-------------|
| Proceeds of dispositions See note 7 | 207 | 0 | 0 | 14,400 | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14,400 |
| Amount from column 5 that is repaid during the year for a property, subsequent to its disposition See note 6 | 222 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Amount from column 5 that is assistance received or received or received during the year for a property, subsequent to its disposition See note 5 | 221 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 Adjustments and transfers See note 4 | 205 | | | | | | | | | | | | -9,412,135 | | -9,412,135 |
| Cost of acquisitions from column 3 that are accelerated investment incentive properties (AIIP) | 225 | | 343,614 | 340,672 | | 175,658 | | | | | | 148,154 | | | 1,008,098 |
| Scent of acquisitions during the year (new property must be available for use) | 203 | | 343,614 | 340,672 | | 175,658 | | | | | 21,871,449 | 148,154 | | | 22,879,547 |
| iated (UCC) ning of ar | 201 | 31,464,586 | 1,091,845 | 969,297 | 2,205 | 174,725 | 144,373 | 13,907 | 174 | 81 | 67,132,994 | 353,792 | 13,717,344 | 25,301 | 115,090,624 |
| Description | | | | | Chevrolet Volt | | | | | | | | | | Totals T |
| Class number * See note 1 | 200 | 1 | ∞ | 10 | 10.1 | 12 | 13 | 42 | 45 | 45 | 47 | 50 | 95 | 13 | |
| | | <u>-</u> | 7 | က် | 4. | 5 | 9 | 7 | ω | <u>ල</u> | 10. | 7 | 12 | 13 | |

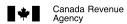
Page 2

- If a class number has not been provided in Schedule II of the Income Tax Regulations for a particular class of property, use the subsection provided in Regulation 1101. Class numbers followed by a letter indicate the basic rate of the class taking into account the additional deduction allowed. Class 1a: 4% + 6% = 10% (class 1 to 10%), class 1b: 4% + 2% = 6% (class 1 to 6%). Note 1.
 - Include any property acquired in previous years that has now become available for use. This property would have been previously excluded from column 3. List separately any acquisitions of property in the class that are not subject to the 50% rule. See Income Tax Folio S3-F4-C1, General Discussion of Capital Cost Allowance, for exceptions to the 50% rule. Note 2.
 - An accelerated investment incentive property (AIIP) is a property (other than property included in Class 54 or 55) that you acquired after November 20, 2018 and became available for use before 2028. See the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide for more information. Classes 54 and 55 include property that is a zero-emission vehicle you acquired after March 18, 2019 and became available for use Note 3.
- transferred under section 85, or transferred on amalgamation or winding-up of a subsidiary. Items that reduce the undepreciated capital cost (show amounts that reduce the undepreciated capital cost (show amounts that reduce the undepreciated capital cost include government assistance received or entitled to be received in the year, or a reduction of capital cost after the application of section 80. See the T2 Corporation Income Tax Enter in column 5, "Adjustments and transfers", amounts that increase or reduce the undepreciated capital cost (column 9). Items that increase the undepreciated capital cost include amounts Guide for other examples of adjustments and transfers to include in column 5. Note 4.
 - Include all amounts of assistance you received (or were entitled to receive) after the disposition of a depreciable property that would have decreased the capital cost of the property by virtue of paragraph 13(7.1)(f) if received before the disposition. Note 5.
 - Include all amounts you have repaid during the year with respect to any legally required repayment, made after the disposition of a corresponding property, of: assistance that would have otherwise increased the capital cost of the property under paragraph 13(7.1)(d); and Note 6.
- Also include the UCC of each property of a prescribed class acquired in the course of a corporate reorganization described under paragraph 55(3)(b) of the Act (also known as "butterfly reorganization") or in a non-arm's length transaction (other than by virtue of a right referred to in paragraph 251(5)(b) of the Act) if the property was a depreciable property acquired by the transferor less than 364 days an inducement, assistance or any other amount contemplated in paragraph 12(1)(x) received, that otherwise would have increased the capital cost of the property under paragraph 13(7.4)(b). before the end of your tax year
 - If the amount in column 5 reduces the undepreciated capital cost (i.e. it is shown in brackets), you must subtract it for the purposes of the calculation. Otherwise, add the amount in column 5 For each property disposed of during the year, deduct from the proceeds of disposition any outlays and expenses to the extent that they were made or incurred for the purpose of making the disposition(s). The amount reported in respect of the property cannot exceed the property's capital cost, unless that property is a timber resource property as defined in subsection 13(21). Note 7. Note 8.
- The relevant factors for AIIP of a class in Schedule II and for property included in classes 54 and 55, available for use before 2024, are: Note 9.
- 2 1/3 for property in Classes 43.1 and 54;

for the purposes of the calculation.

- 11/2 for property in Class 55;
- 1 for property in Classes 43.2 and 53;
- 0 for property in Classes 12, 13, 14, and 15, as well as properties that are Canadian vessels included in paragraph 1100(1)(v) of the Regulations (see note 14 for additional information); and
 - 0.5 for all other property that is AllP.
- The UCC adjustment for non-AIIP acquired during the year (formerly known as the half-year rule or 50% rule) does not apply to certain property (including AIIP). For special rules and exceptions, Note 10.
- Enter a rate only if you are using the declining balance method. For any other method (for example the straight-line method, where calculations are always based on the cost of acquisitions), see Income Tax Folio S3-F4-C1, General Discussion of Capital Cost Allowance. Note 11.
 - If the amount in column 9 is negative, you have a recapture of CCA. If applicable, enter the negative amount from column 9 in column 15 as a positive. The recapture rules do not apply to enter N/A. Then enter the amount you are claiming in column 17 Note 12.
- If no property is left in the class at the end of the tax year and there is still a positive amount in the column 9, you have a terminal loss. If applicable, enter the positive amount from column 9 in column 16. The terminal loss rules do not apply to: Note 13.
- passenger vehicles in Class 10.1;
- property in Class 14.1, unless you have ceased carrying on the business to which it relates; or
- limited-period franchises, concessions, or licences in Class 14 if, at the time of acquisition, the property was a former property of the transferor or any similar property attributable to the same fixed place of business, and you had jointly elected with the transferor to have the replacement property rules apply.
- If the tax year is shorter than 365 days, prorate the CCA claim. Some classes of property do not have to be prorated. See the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide for more information. For property in class 10.1 disposed of during the year, deduct a maximum of 50% of the regular CCA deduction if you owned the property at the beginning of the tax year. For AllP listed below, the maximum first year allowance you can claim is determined as follows: Note 14.
 - Class 13: the lesser of 150% of the amount calculated in Schedule III of the Regulations and the UCC at the end of the tax year (before any CCA deduction).
- Class 14; the lesser of 150% of the allocation for the year of the capital cost of the property apportioned over the remaining life of the property (at the time the cost was incurred) and the UCC at the end of the tax year (before any CCA deduction).
- Class 15: the lesser of 150% of an amount computed on the basis of a rate per cord, board foot or cubic metre cut in the tax year and the UCC at the end of the tax year (before any CCA deduction).
- Class 41.2: use a 25% CCA rate. The additional allowance under paragraph 1100(1)(y.2)(for single mine properties) and 1100(1)(ya.2)(for multiple mine properties) of the Regulations is not eligible Canadian vessels described under paragraph 1100(1)(v) of the Regulations: the lesser of 50% of the capital cost of the property and the UCC at the end of the tax year (before any CCA deduction)
- for the accelerated investment incentive. The additional allowance in respect of natural gas liquefaction under paragraph 1100(1)(yb) of the Regulations is eligible for the accelerated investment incentive. limit and all amounts you expended for the 1949 or later tax years for surveys, cruises or preparation of prints, maps or plans for the purpose of obtaining a licence or right to cut timber from the capital Property (other than a timber resource property) that is a timber limit or a right to cut timber from a limit: 150% of the amount determined by first subtracting the total of the residual value of the timber
- the capital cost of the mine or right, and then dividing the result by the number of units of commercially mineable material estimated to be in the mine when the mine or right was acquired (alternatively, Industrial mineral mine or a right to remove industrial minerals from an industrial mineral mine: 150% of the amount determined by first subtracting the residual value, if any, of the mine or right from cost of the limit or right, and then dividing the result by the quantity of timber in the limit or the quantity of timber you have the right to cut. if you have acquired a right to remove only a specified number of units, that number of units that you acquired a right to remove).

T2 SCH 8 (19)



Agence du revenu du Canada

RELATED AND ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

SCHEDULE 9

| Name of corporation | Business Number | Tax year end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

- Complete this schedule if the corporation is related to or associated with at least one other corporation.
- For more information, see the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide.

| | Name | Country of resi- dence (other than Canada) | Business number (see note 1) | Relation-ship code (see note 2) | Number of common shares you own | % of common shares you own | Number of preferred shares you own | % of preferred shares you own | Book value of capital stock |
|----|------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | 100 | 200 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 550 | 600 | 650 | 700 |
| 1. | OSHAWA POWER AND UTILITIES C | | 86486 7593 RC0001 | 1 | | | | | |
| 2. | OSHAWA PUC ENERGY SERVICES I | | 85749 1336 RC0001 | 3 | | | | | |
| 3. | OSHAWA PUC SERVICES INC. | | 86579 9662 RC0001 | 3 | | | | | |
| 4. | 2252112 Ontario Inc. | | 80068 6453 RC0001 | 3 | | | | | |

Note 1: Enter "NR" if the corporation is not registered or does not have a business number.

Note 2: Enter the code number of the relationship that applies from the following order: 1 - Parent 2 - Subsidiary 3 - Associated 4 - Related but not associated

T2 SCH 9 (11) Canadä

Continuity of financial statement reserves (not deductible)

| | | — Financial stat | tement reserves (| not deductible) —— | | |
|---|--|--|--|--------------------|--------|--------------------------------|
| | Description | Balance at the beginning of the year | Transfer on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary | Add | Deduct | Balance at the end of the year |
| 1 | Employee future benefits | 12,668,227 | | 132,943 | | 12,801,170 |
| 2 | Allowance for doubtful account: | 182,572 | | 11,939 | | 194,511 |
| 3 | | | | | | |
| | Reserves from Part 2 of Schedule 13 | | | | | |
| | Totals | 12,850,799 | | 144,882 | | 12,995,681 |

The total opening balance plus the total transfers should be entered on line 414 of Schedule 1 as a deduction. The total closing balance should be entered on line 126 of Schedule 1 as an addition.



Canada Revenue Agency Agence du revenu du Canada

SCHEDULE 14 MISCELLANEOUS PAYMENTS TO RESIDENTS

| Name of corporation | Business Number | Tax year end |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | Year Month Day |
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

- This schedule must be completed by all corporations who made the following payments to residents of Canada: royalties for which the corporation has not filed a T5 slip; research and development fees; management fees; technical assistance fees; and similar payments.
- Please enter the name and address of the recipient and the amount of the payment in the applicable column. If several payments of the same type (i.e., management fees) were made to the same person, enter the total amount paid. If similar types of payments have been made, but do not fit into any of the categories, enter these amounts in the column entitled "Similar payments".

| | Name of recipient | Address of recipient | Royalties | Research and development fees | Management fees | Technical assistance fees | Similar payments |
|---|------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| | 100 | 200 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 600 | 700 |
| 1 | Oshawa Power and Utilities C | 100 Simcoe Street South | | | 360,588 | | |
| | | Oshawa | | | | | |
| | | ON | | | | | |
| | | L1H 7M7 | | | | | |

T2 SCH 14 (99) Canada

Canada Revenue Agency

Agence du revenu du Canada

Deferred Income Plans

Schedule 15

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

- Complete the information below if the corporation deducted payments from its income made to a registered pension plan (RPP), a registered supplementary unemployment benefit plan (RSUBP), a deferred profit sharing plan (DPSP), a pooled registered pension plan (PRPP), or an employee profit sharing plan (EPSP).
- If the trust that governs an employee profit sharing plan is **not resident** in Canada, please indicate if the T4PS, Statement of Employees Profit Sharing Plan Allocations and Payments, Supplementary slip(s) were filed for the last calendar year, and whether they were filed by the trustee or the employer.

| | Type of plan (see note 1) | Amount of contribution \$ (see note 2) | Registration number (RPP, RSUBP, PRPP, and DPSP only) | Name of EPSP trust | Address of EPSP trust | T4PS slip(s) (see note 3) |
|---|------------------------------------|--|---|---|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | 100 | 200 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 600 |
| 1 | 1 | 832,403 | 0345983 | | | |
| | Note 1 | | Note 2 | | | |
| | Enter the code num | | | to Schedule 1 any payments you made to defer ents, calculate the following amount: | red income plans. | |
| | 1 – RPP | | Total of all amounts indi | cated in column 200 of this schedule | 832, | <u>103</u> A |
| | 2 – RSUB | P | Less: | | | |
| | 3 – DPSP | | Total of all amounts for o | deferred income plans deducted in your financia | al statements | <u> 103</u> В |
| | 4 – EPSP 5 – PRPP | | | r contributions to deferred income plans int B) (if negative, enter "0") | <u></u> | c |
| | | | Enter amount C on line | 417 of Schedule 1 | | |
| | | | Note 3 | | | |
| | | | T4PS slip(s) filed by: 1 | 1 – Trustee | | |
| | | | 2 | 2 – Employer | | |
| | | | | (EPSP only) | | |

Canadä T2 SCH 15 (13)

Agence du revenu du Canada Schedule 23

Agreement Among Associated Canadian-Controlled Private Corporations to Allocate the Business Limit

- For use by a Canadian-controlled private corporation (CCPC) to identify all associated corporations and to assign a percentage for each associated corporation. This percentage will be used to allocate the business limit for the small business deduction. Information from this schedule will also be used to determine the date the balance of tax is due and to calculate the reduction to the business limit.
- An associated CCPC that has more than one tax year ending in a calendar year must file an agreement for each tax year ending in that calendar year.
- Column 1: Enter the legal name of each of the corporations in the associated group, including those deemed to be associated under subsection 256(2) of the Income Tax Act.
- Column 2: Provide the business number for each corporation (if a corporation is not registered, enter "NR").
- Column 3: Enter the association code from the list below that applies to each corporation:
 - 1 Associated for purposes of allocating the business limit (unless association code 5 applies)
 - 2 CCPC that is a **third corporation** as referred to in subsection 256(2) and has filed Schedule 28, Election not to be Associated Through a Third Corporation
 - 3 Non-CCPC that is a third corporation
 - 4 Associated non-CCPC
 - 5 Associated CCPC to which association code 1 does not apply because a third corporation has filed Schedule 28
- **Column 4:** Enter the business limit for the year of each corporation in the associated group. Enter "0" if the corporation has association code 2, 3 or 4 in column 3 (except if the corporation is a cooperative or a credit union eligible for the SBD and it has association code 4).
- **Column 5:** Assign a percentage to allocate the business limit to each corporation that has association code 1 in column 3. The total of all percentages in column 5 cannot exceed 100%.
- **Column 6:** Enter the business limit allocated to each corporation by multiplying the amount in column 4 by the percentage in column 5. Add all business limits allocated in column 6 and enter the total at line A.

Ensure that the total at line A does not exceed \$500,000.

| Allo | ocating the business limit ———— | | | | | |
|-------|--|--|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | led (do not use this area) | | | | . 025 | Year Month Day |
| Enter | the calendar year the agreement applies to | | | | . 050 | Year 2019 |
| | an amended agreement for the above calendar year that is eement previously filed by any of the associated corporation | | | | . 075 | Yes X No |
| | 1 Name of associated corporations | 2 Business number of associated corporations | 3 Asso- ciation code | 4 Business limit for the year before the allocation \$ | 5 Percentage of the business limit % | 6 Business limit allocated* |
| | 100 | 200 | 300 | | 350 | 400 |
| 1 | Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 1 | 500,000 | 100.0000 | 500,000 |
| 2 | OSHAWA POWER AND UTILITIES CORPORATION | 86486 7593 RC0001 | 1 | 500,000 | | |
| 3 | OSHAWA PUC ENERGY SERVICES INC. | 85749 1336 RC0001 | 1 | 500,000 | | |
| 4 | OSHAWA PUC SERVICES INC. | 86579 9662 RC0001 | 1 | 500,000 | | |
| 5 | 2252112 Ontario Inc. | 80068 6453 RC0001 | 1 | 500,000 | | |
| _ | | | | Total | 100.0000 | 500,000 A |

Business limit reduction under subsection 125(5.1) of the Act

The business limit reduction is calculated in the small business deduction area of the T2 return. One of the factors used in this calculation is the "large corporation amount" at line 415 of the T2 return. The amount at line 415 is determined using the formula 0.225% x (C - \$10,000,000). Another factor is the "adjusted aggregate investment income" from lines 744 and 745 of Schedule 7, Aggregate Investment Income and Income Eligible for the Small Business Deduction. Details of these formulas and variable C are in subsection 125(5.1) of the Act.

* Each corporation will enter on line 410 of the T2 return, the amount allocated to it in column 6. However, if the corporation's tax year is less than 51 weeks, prorate the amount in column 6 by the number of days in the tax year divided by 365, and enter the result on line 410 of the T2 return.

Special rules for business limit

Special rules apply under subsection 125(5) if a CCPC has more than one tax year ending in the same calendar year and it is associated in more than one of those tax years with another CCPC that has a tax year ending in that calendar year. The business limit for the second or later tax year will be equal to the lesser of: the business limit determined for the first tax year ending in the calendar year or the business limit determined for the second or later tax year ending in the same calendar year.

T2 SCH 23 E (19)

Canadä

Agence du revenu du Canada Schedule 31

Investment Tax Credit – Corporations

- General information

- Use this schedule:
 - to calculate an investment tax credit (ITC) earned during the tax year;
 - to claim a deduction against Part I tax payable;
 - to claim a refund of credit earned during the current tax year;
 - to claim a carryforward of credit from previous tax years;
 - to transfer a credit following an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary, as described under subsections 87(1) and 88(1);
 - to request a credit carryback to one or more previous years;
 - if you are subject to a recapture of ITC; or
 - if you are claiming:
 - the Ontario Research and Development Tax Credit;
 - the Ontario Innovation Tax Credit.
- Unless otherwise stated, all legislative references are to the Income Tax Act and the Income Tax Regulations.
- The ITC is eligible for a three-year carryback (if not deductible in the year earned). It is also eligible for a twenty-year carryforward.
- Investments or expenditures, described in subsection 127(9) and Regulation Part XLVI, that earn an ITC are:
 - qualified property and qualified resource property (Parts 4 to 7 of this schedule);
 - qualified scientific research and experimental development (SR&ED) expenditures (Parts 8 to 17). File Form T661, Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED) Expenditures Claim;
 - pre-production mining expenditures (Parts 18 to 20);
 - apprenticeship job creation expenditures (Parts 21 to 23); and
 - child care spaces expenditures (Parts 24 to 28).
 - Expenditures related to child care spaces incurred after March 21, 2017 no longer qualify for the investment tax credit. If you entered into a written agreement before March 22, 2017, eligible expenditures incurred before 2020 will remain eligible for the credit.
- File this schedule with the T2 Corporation Income Tax Return. If you need more space, attach additional schedules.
- For more information on ITCs, see "Investment Tax Credit" in Guide T4012, T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide and read Information Circular IC78-4, Investment Tax Credit Rates, and its related Special Release.
- For more information on SR&ED, see guide T4088, Guide to Form T661 Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED) Expenditures Claim.

Detailed information -

- For the purpose of this schedule, **investment** means the capital cost of the property (excluding amounts added by an election under section 21), determined without reference to subsections 13(7.1) and 13(7.4), minus the amount of any government or non-government assistance that the corporation has received, is entitled to receive, or can reasonably be expected to receive for that property when it files the income tax return for the year in which the property was acquired.
- An ITC deducted or refunded in a tax year for a depreciable property, other than a depreciable property deductible under paragraph 37(1)(b), reduces both
 the capital cost of that property and the undepreciated capital cost of that class in the next tax year. An ITC for SR&ED deducted or refunded in a tax year
 will reduce the balance in the pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures and the adjusted cost base (ACB) of an interest in a partnership in the next tax year.
 An ITC from pre-production mining expenditures deducted in a tax year reduces the balance in the pool of deductible cumulative Canadian exploration
 expenses in the next tax year.
- Property acquired has to be available for use before a claim for an ITC can be made. See subsections 127(11.2) and 248(19) for more information.
- Expenditures for SR&ED and capital costs for a property qualifying for an ITC must be identified by the claimant on Form T661 and Schedule 31 no later than 12 months after the claimant's income tax return is due for the tax year in which it incurred the expenditures or capital costs.
- Expenditures for pre-production mining, apprenticeship, or child care space for an ITC must be identified by the claimant on Schedule 31 no later than 12 months after the claimant's income tax return is due for the tax year in which it incurred the expenditures or capital costs.
- Partnership allocations Subsection 127(8) provides for the allocation of the amount that may reasonably be considered to be a partner's share of the ITCs of the partnership at the end of the fiscal period of the partnership. An allocation of ITCs is generally considered to be the partner's reasonable share of the ITCs if it is made in the same proportion in which the partners have agreed to share any income or loss and if section 103 is not applicable for the agreement to share any income or loss. Special rules apply to specified members of a partnership and limited partners. For more information, see Guide T4068, Guide for the Partnership Information Return.
- For tax purposes, Canada includes the exclusive economic zone of Canada as defined in the Oceans Act (which generally consists of an area of the sea that is within 200 nautical miles from the Canadian coastline), including the airspace, seabed and subsoil of that zone.
- For the purpose of this schedule, the expression **Atlantic Canada** includes the Gaspé Peninsula and the provinces of Newfoundland and Labrador, Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick, as well as their respective offshore regions (prescribed in Regulation 4609).
- For the purpose of this schedule, qualified property means property in Atlantic Canada that is used primarily for manufacturing and processing, farming or fishing, logging, storing grain, or harvesting peat. Property in Atlantic Canada that is used primarily for oil and gas, and mining activities is considered qualified property only if acquired by the taxpayer before March 29, 2012. Qualified property includes new buildings and new machinery and equipment (prescribed in Regulation 4600), and if acquired by the taxpayer after March 28, 2012, new energy generation and conservation property (prescribed in Regulation 4600). Qualified property can also be used primarily to produce or process electrical energy or steam in a prescribed area (as described in Regulation 4610). See the definition of qualified property in subsection 127(9) for more information.

Detailed information (continued) -

- For the purpose of this schedule, **qualified resource property** means property in Atlantic Canada that is used primarily for oil and gas, and mining activities, if acquired by the taxpayer **after** March 28, 2012, and **before** January 1, 2016. Qualified resource property includes new buildings and new machinery and equipment (prescribed in Regulation 4600). See the definition of **qualified resource property** in subsection 127(9) for more information.
- For the purpose of this schedule, **pre-production mining exploration expenditures** are pre-production mining expenditures incurred **after** March 28, 2012, by the taxpayer to determine the existence, location, extent, or quality of certain mineral resources in Canada, excluding expenses incurred in the exploration of an oil or gas well. See subparagraph (a)(i) of the definition of **pre-production mining expenditure** in subsection 127(9) for more information
- For the purpose of this schedule, **pre-production mining development expenditures** are pre-production mining expenditures incurred **after** March 28, 2012, by the taxpayer to bring a new mineral resource mine in Canada into production, excluding expenses in the development of a bituminous sands deposit or an oil shale deposit. See subparagraph (a)(ii) of the definition of **pre-production mining expenditure** in subsection 127(9) for more information.

| \lceil Part 1 – investments, expenditures, and \mid | percentages - |
|---|---------------|
| | |

| . a.t. i mroomono, exponentaros, ana porocinagos | |
|---|----------------------|
| Investments | Specified percentage |
| Qualified property acquired primarily for use in Atlantic Canada | 10 % |
| Qualified resource property acquired primarily for use in Atlantic Canada and acquired: | |
| - after March 28, 2012, and before 2014 | 10 % |
| - after 2013 and before 2016 | 5 % |
| — after 2015* | 0 % |
| Expenditures | |
| If you are a Canadian-controlled private corporation (CCPC), this percentage may apply to the portion that you | 35 % |
| claim of the SR&ED qualified expenditure pool that does not exceed your expenditure limit (see Part 10) | 35 % |
| Note: If your current year's qualified expenditures are more than your expenditure limit (see Part 10), the excess is eligible for an ITC calculated at the 15 % rate. | |
| If you are a corporation that is not a CCPC and have incurred qualified expenditures for SR&ED in any area in Canada: | |
| — before 2014** | 20 % |
| — after 2013** | 15 % |
| If you are a taxable Canadian corporation that incurred pre-production mining expenditures before March 29, 2012 | 10 % |
| If you are a taxable Canadian corporation that incurred pre-production mining exploration expenditures: | |
| — after March 28, 2012, and before 2013 | 10 % |
| - in 2013 | 5 % |
| — after 2013 | 0 % |
| If you are a taxable Canadian corporation that incurred pre-production mining development expenditures***: | |
| - after March 28, 2012, and before 2014 | 10 % |
| - in 2014 | 7 % |
| - in 2015 | 4 % |
| — after 2015 | 0 % |
| If you paid salary and wages to apprentices in the first 24 months of their apprenticeship contract for employment | 10 % |
| If you incurred expenditures after March 18, 2007 and before March 22, 2017 (or before 2020 if you entered into a written agreement before March 22, 2017) for the creation of licensed child care spaces for the children of your employees and, potentially, for other children | 25 % |

- A transitional relief rate of 10% may apply to property acquired after 2013 and before 2017, if the property is acquired under a written agreement entered into before March 29, 2012, or the property is acquired as part of a **phase** of a project where the construction or the engineering and design work for the construction started before March 29, 2012. See paragraph (a.1) of the definition of **specified percentage** in subsection 127(9) for more information.
- ** The reduction of the rate from 20% to 15% applies to 2014 and later tax years, except that, for 2014 tax years that start before 2014, the reduction is pro-rated based on the number of days in the tax year that are after 2013.
- *** A transitional relief rate may apply to expenditures incurred after 2013 and before 2016, if the expenditure is incurred under a written agreement entered into before March 29, 2012, or the expenditure is incurred as part of the development of a new mine where the construction or the engineering and design work for the construction of the new mine started before March 29, 2012. See subparagraphs (k)(ii) and (iii) of the definition of **specified percentage** in subsection 127(9) for more information.

2019-12-31

Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. 89172 5210 RC0001

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

| Part 2 – Determination of a qualifying corporation | n - |
|--|-----|
|--|-----|

Is the corporation a qualifying corporation?

101 1 Yes

2 No X

For the purpose of a refundable ITC, a **qualifying corporation** is defined under subsection 127.1(2). The corporation has to be a CCPC and its taxable income (before any loss carrybacks) for its previous tax year cannot be more than its **qualifying income limit** for the particular tax year. If the corporation is associated with any other corporations during the tax year, the total of the taxable incomes of the corporation and the associated corporations (before any loss carrybacks), for their last tax year ending in the previous calendar year, cannot be more than their qualifying income limit for the particular tax year.

Note: A CCPC considered associated with another corporation under subsection 256(1) will be considered **not** associated for the calculation of a refundable ITC if:

- one corporation is associated with another corporation solely because one or more persons own shares of the capital stock of both corporations; and
- one of the corporations has at least one shareholder who is not common to both corporations.

If you are a **qualifying** corporation, you will earn a **100%** refund on your share of any ITCs earned at the 35% rate on qualified **current** expenditures for SR&ED, up to the allocated expenditure limit. The 100% refund does not apply to qualified **capital** expenditures eligible for the 35% credit rate. They are only eligible for the **40%** refund*.

Some CCPCs that are **not qualifying** corporations may also earn a **100%** refund on their share of any ITCs earned at the 35% rate on qualified **current** expenditures for SR&ED, up to the allocated expenditure limit. The expenditure limit can be determined in Part 10. The 100% refund does not apply to qualified **capital** expenditures eligible for the 35% credit rate. They are only eligible for the **40%** refund*.

The 100% refund will not be available to a corporation that is an **excluded corporation** as defined under subsection 127.1(2). A corporation is an excluded corporation if, at any time during the year, it is a corporation that is either controlled by (directly or indirectly, in any manner whatever) or is related to:

- a) one or more persons exempt from Part I tax under section 149;
- b) Her Majesty in right of a province, a Canadian municipality, or any other public authority; or
- c) any combination of persons referred to in a) or b) above.
- * Capital expenditures incurred after December 31, 2013, including lease payments for property that would have been a capital expenditure if purchased directly, are **not** qualified SR&ED expenditures and are **not** eligible for an ITC on SR&ED expenditures.

| ┌ Part 3 – Corporations in the farming industry ─────────────────────────────── |
|---|
| Complete this area if the corporation is making SR&ED contributions. |
| Is the corporation claiming a contribution in the current year to an agricultural organization whose goal is to finance SR&ED work (for example, check-off dues)? |
| If yes, complete Schedule 125, Income Statement Information, to identify the type of farming industry the corporation is involved in. |
| Contributions to agricultural organizations for SR&ED* Enter on line 350 of Part 8. |
| * Enter only contributions not already included on Form T661. Include 80% of the contributions made after 2012. For contributions made before 2013, include all of the contributions. |

Qualified Property and Qualified Resource Property

$_{ extsf{ iny Part 4-Eligible investments for qualified property and qualified resource property from the current tax year -$

| Capital cost allowance class number | Description of investment | Date available for use | Location used in Atlantic Canada (province) | Amount of investment |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| 105 | 110 | 115 | 120 | 125 |
| | | | | |
| | Total of investments for | r qualified property and qua | lified resource property | |

| | redit and account balance esource property | s – ITC fron | n investments | in qualified prope | erty ——— | |
|---|--|----------------------|---------------------------|--|--------------------------------|-----------|
| ITC at the end of the previous tax | year | | | | | B1 |
| Credit deemed as a remittance of | co-op corporations | | 210 | 1 | _ | |
| Credit expired | | | 215 | 3 | | |
| · | | | 210 plus line 215) | | - | C1 |
| ITC at the beginning of the tax ve | ar (amount B1 minus amount C1) | | | | 220 | |
| | nation or the wind-up of a subsidiary | | | 1 | | |
| ITC from repayment of assistance | | | <u></u> | | _ | |
| Qualified property; and qualified re | | | | | _ | |
| acquired after March 28, 2012, ar January 1, 2014* (applicable part | nd before | x | 10 % = 240 | 1 | _ | |
| Qualified resource property acquired December 31, 2013, and before J (applicable part from amount A1 in | | x | 5 % = 242 | l | _ | |
| Credit allocated from a partnershi | p | | 250 | | _ | |
| | | Subtotal (total | of lines 230 to 250) | | ■ ► | D1 |
| Total credit available (line 220 plu | ıs amount D1) | | | | | E1 |
| Credit deducted from Part I tax | | | 260 | I | _ | |
| Credit carried back to previous ye | ars (amount H1 in Part 6) | | | | _ a | |
| Credit transferred to offset Part V | II tax liability | | 280 | I | _ | |
| | Subtotal (total | al of line 260, am | ount a, and line 280 | 0) | _ | F1 |
| Credit balance before refund (amo | ount E1 minus amount F1) | | | | | G1 |
| Refund of credit claimed on inves | tments from qualified property and q | ualified resource | e property (from Par | rt 7) | 310 | |
| ITC closing balance of investm (amount G1 minus line 310) | nents from qualified property and | | | | 320 | |
| * Include investments acquired at | fter 2013 and before 2017 that are e | ligible for transiti | onal relief. | | | |
| – Part 6 – Request for ca | rryback of credit from inve | estments in | qualified pror | nerty and qualified | ł resource proj | nerty ——— |
| Tarro Roquocrioi da | Year Month Day | | quamica prop | sorty and quamio | . 1000 di 00 pi 0 ₁ | , o. r.y |
| 1st previous tax year | Todi Monai Bay | | | . Credit to be applied | 901 | |
| 2nd previous tax year | | | | . Credit to be applied | 902 | |
| 3rd previous tax year | | | | Credit to be applied Total of lines 901 Enter at amount a in | | H1 |
| | for qualifying corporation esource property | s on invest | ments from qu | ualified property – | | |
| Current-year ITCs (total of lines 2 | 40, 242, and 250 in Part 5) | | | | · · · · · <u> </u> | I1 |
| Credit balance before refund (fror | m amount G1 in Part 5) | | | | | J1 |
| | I1 or J1, whichever is less) | | | | | K1 |
| , | unt on line 310 in Part 5 (also enter o | | | | C refund). | |

SR&ED

| - Part 8 – Qualified SR&ED ex | penditures — | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|
| Current expenditures (from line 557 on Fo | orm T661) | | | 587,728 | |
| Contributions to agricultural organizatio | ns for SR&ED . | | | | |
| Deduct: Government assistance, non-governme | nt assistance. or | | | | |
| contract payment | | | | | |
| Contributions to agricultural organizations federal ITC (this amount is updated to line more details, consult the Help.)* | e 103 of Part 3. For | <u></u> | + | | |
| Current expenditures (line 557 on Form T | 661 plus line 103 in | Part 3)* | <u></u> | 587,728 ► 350 | 587,728 |
| Capital expenditures incurred before 201 | 4 (from line 558 on F | Form T661)** | | | |
| Repayments made in the year (from line 5 | 60 on Form T661) | | | | |
| Qualified SR&ED expenditures (total of | lines 350 to 370) | | | | 587,728 |
| * If you are claiming only contributions m ** Capital expenditures incurred after Dec property acquired for use in SR&ED af | cember 31, 2013, are | | | | |
| Part 9 – Components of the | SR&ED expend | liture limit calculatio | n ——— | | |
| Part 9 only applies if you are a CCPC. | | | | | |
| Note: A CCPC considered associated w expenditure limit if: | th another corporation | on under subsection 256(1) v | will be considered not as | sociated for the calculation of | an SR&ED |
| one corporation is associated v corporation; and | • | • | • | of the capital stock of the | |
| one of the corporations has at l | east one shareholde | r who is not common to both | corporations. | | |
| Is the corporation associated with another | CCPC for the purpo | ose of calculating the SR&E | O expenditure limit? | 385 1 Yes | 2 No |
| If you answered ${f no}$ to the question on line If you answered ${f yes}$, the amounts for ass | | | | nes 390 and 398. | |
| Enter your taxable income for the previous | s tax year* (prior to a | ny loss carrybacks applied) | | | |
| Enter your taxable capital employed in Ca minus \$10 million. If this amount is nil or If this amount is over \$40 million, enter \$4 | negative, enter "0". | s tax year | | 398 | |
| * If the tax year referred to on line 390 is that tax year. | less than 51 weeks | , multiply the taxable incom | e by the following result: | 365 divided by the number of | of days in |
| - Part 10 – SR&ED expenditure | Ilmit for a CC | PC | | | |
| For a stand-alone (not associated) cor | poration: | | | \$ | 8,000,000 |
| Taxable income for the previous tax year | iline 390 in Part 9) o | r \$500,000, whichever is mo | re | x 10 = | |
| Excess (\$8,000,000 minus amount A2 if (if negative, enter "0")* | | | | 00) | B2 |
| \$ 40,000,000 minus line 398 in I | Part 9 | | | b | |
| Amount b divided by \$ 40,000,000 | | | | | C2 |
| Expenditure limit for the stand-alone of | orporation (amoun | t B2 multiplied by amount 0 | 22)** | <u> </u> | D2 |
| For an associated corporation: | | | | | |
| If associated, the allocation of the SR&ED | expenditure limit, as | s provided on Schedule 49** | | 400 | E2 |
| If your tax year is less than 51 weeks, | calculate the amou | int of the expenditure limit | as follows: | | |
| Amount D2 or E2 | xN | umber of days in the tax year 365 | r <u>365</u> : | = | F2 |
| Your SR&ED expenditure limit for the | year (enter amount | D2, E2, or F2, whichever app | plies) | 410 | |
| * For taxation years ending after March 1 information, consult the Help (F1). | 8, 2019, the taxable | income is no longer taken int | to account in the SR&EI | expenditure limit calculation. | . For more |
| **Amount D2 or E2 cannot be more than | \$3,000,000. | | | | |

| | tures (from line 350 i limit (from line 410 in | | is less* | 420 | | _ x _ 3 | 35 % = | G2 |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-----------|
| Line 350 minus | line 410 (if negative, | enter "0") | | 430 | 587,728 | | | |
| Amount from line 430 | x | Number of days in the tax year before 2014 | x | 20% = | | _ C | | |
| | | Number of days in the tax year | | | | | | |
| Amount from line | | Number of days in the tax year after 2013 | | _ | | | | |
| 430** | 587,728_ x | Number of days in the tax year | 365 × 365 | 15 % = | 88,159 | _ d | | |
| Subtotal (amour | nt c plus amount d) | | | = | 88,159 | . ▶ | | 88,159 H2 |
| Line 410 minus | line 350 (if negative, | enter "0") | | | | _ e | | |
| Capital expendit whichever is les | ures (line 360 in Part s* | 8) or amount e, | | 440 | | _ x3 | 35 % = | I2 |
| Line 360 minus | amount e (if negative | e, enter "0") | | 450 | | | | |
| Amount from line 450 | x | Number of days in the tax year before 2014 | x | 20% = | | _ _ f | | |
| | | Number of days in the tax year | | | | | | |
| Amount from line 450** | x | Number of days in the tax year after 2013 | 365 x | 15 % = | | _ g | | |
| | | Number of days in the tax year | 365 | | | | | |
| Subtotal (amour | nt f plus amount g) | | | | | _▶ | | J2 |
| If a corporation i | makes a repayment o ied expenditures for I | | | | | - at reduced the | | |
| Repayments (a | amount from line 370 | in Part 8) | · | | | | | |
| Enter the amour | nt of the repayment or | the line that corres | ponds to the app | propriate rate. | | | | |
| Repayment of as qualifying expen | ssistance that reduce diture for a CCPC*** | da | | x | 35 % = | | h | |
| September 16, 2 | ssistance made after 2016 that reduced a diture incurred before | e 2015 48 0 | | x | 20 % = | | i | |
| Repayment of a | ssistance made after 2016 that reduced a | | | | | | | |
| qualifying expen | diture incurred after 2 | 2014 49 0 | | x | 15 % = | | j | |
| | | | | Subtotal (add a | amounts h to j) | | ▶ | K2 |
| Current-year S | R&ED ITC (total of a | mounts G2 to K2; er | nter on line 540 i | n Part 12) . | | | <u></u> | 88,159 L2 |
| * For corporati | ions that are not CCF | Cs, enter "0" for am | ounts G2 and I2 | <u>.</u> . | | | | |
| | s that end after 2013, n is pro-rated based on the pro-rated based on the pro-rated based o | | | | | | | |
| expenditure | Canadian-controlled pool that did not exce ent tax credit. See su | ed your expenditure | limit at the time. | This percentage in | cludes the rate und | der subsection 1 | 27(10.1), additio | ns |

appropriate.

CORPORATE TAXPREP / TAXPREP DES SOCIÉTÉS - GE03 VERSION 2020 V1.0

| ┌ Part 12 – Current-year credit and account balances – ITC from SR&ED expendi | tures — |
|--|---|
| ITC at the end of the previous tax year | |
| Credit deemed as a remittance of co-op corporations | |
| Credit expired | |
| Subtotal (line 510 plus line 515) | N2 |
| ITC at the beginning of the tax year (amount M2 minus amount N2) | 520 |
| Credit transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary 530 | |
| Total current-year credit (from amount L2 in Part 11) | 88,159 |
| Credit allocated from a partnership | |
| Subtotal (total of lines 530 to 550) | 88,159 88,159 O2 |
| Total credit available (line 520 plus amount O2) | <u>88,159</u> _{P2} |
| Credit deducted from Part I tax | |
| Credit carried back to previous years (amount S2 in Part 13) | k |
| Credit transferred to offset Part VII tax liability | |
| Subtotal (total of line 560, amount k, and line 580) | Q2 |
| Credit balance before refund (amount P2 minus amount Q2) | |
| Refund of credit claimed on SR&ED expenditures (from Part 14 or 15, whichever applies) | 610 |
| ITC closing balance on SR&ED (amount R2 minus line 610) | 00.450 |
| | |
| Part 13 – Request for carryback of credit from SR&ED expenditures | |
| Year Month Day | 7077I |
| 1st previous tax year Cre | |
| 2nd previous tax year Cre | |
| 3rd previous tax year Cre | edit to be applied 913 |
| Ent | Total of lines 911 to 913 S2 er at amount k in Part 12. |

| ┌ Part 14 – Refund of ITC for qualifying corporations – SR&ED ───────────────── |
|--|
| Complete this part only if you are a qualifying corporation as determined on line 101 in Part 2. |
| Is the corporation an excluded corporation as defined under subsection 127.1(2)? |
| Current-year ITC (lines 540 plus 550 in Part 12 minus amount K2 in Part 11) |
| Refundable credits (amount I or amount R2 in Part 12, whichever is less)* |
| Amount T2 or amount G2 in Part 11, whichever is less |
| Net amount (amount T2 minus amount U2; if negative, enter "0") |
| Amount V2 multiplied by 40 % |
| Amount U2 X2 |
| Refund of ITC (amount W2 plus amount X2 – enter this, or a lesser amount, on line 610 in Part 12) Enter the total of line 310 in Part 5 and line 610 in Part 12 on line 780 of the T2 return. |
| * If you are also an excluded corporation, as defined in subsection 127.1(2), this amount must be multiplied by 40%. Claim this, or a lesser amount, as your refund of ITC for amount Y2. |
| ┌ Part 15 – Refund of ITC for CCPCs that are not qualifying or excluded corporations – SR&ED |
| Complete this part only if you are a CCPC that is not a qualifying or excluded corporation as determined on line 101 in Part 2. |
| Credit balance before refund (amount R2 in Part 12) 88,159 Z2 |
| Amount Z2 or amount G2 in Part 11, whichever is lessAA2 |
| Net amount (amount Z2 minus amount AA2; if negative, enter "0") |
| Amount BB2 or amount I2 in Part 11, whichever is lessCC2 |
| Amount CC2 multiplied by 40 %DD2 |
| Amount AA2EE2 |
| Refund of ITC (amount DD2 plus amount EE2) FF2 |
| Enter FF2, or a lesser amount, on line 610 in Part 12 and also on line 780 of the T2 return. |

Recapture - SR&ED

¬ Part 16 – Recapture of ITC for corporations and partnerships – SR&ED

You will have a recapture of ITC in a year when all of the following conditions are met:

- you acquired a particular property in the current year or in any of the 20 previous tax years, and the credit was earned in a tax year ending after 1997 and did not expire before 2008;
- you claimed the cost of the property as a qualified expenditure for SR&ED on Form T661;
- the cost of the property was included in calculating your ITC or was the subject of an agreement made under subsection 127(13) to transfer qualified expenditures; and
- you disposed of the property or converted it to commercial use after February 23, 1998. This condition is also met if you disposed of or converted to commercial use a property that incorporates the particular property previously referred to.

Note:

The recapture **does not apply** if you disposed of the property to a non-arm's-length purchaser who intended to use it all or substantially all for SR&ED. When the non-arm's-length purchaser later sells or converts the property to commercial use, the recapture rules will apply to the purchaser based on the historical ITC rate of the original user.

You will report a recapture on the T2 return for the year in which you disposed of the property or converted it to commercial use. In the following tax year, add the amount of the ITC recapture to the SR&ED expenditure pool.

If you have more than one disposition for calculations 1 and 2, complete the columns for each disposition for which a recapture applies, using the calculation formats below.

| 700 |
|---------|
| 700 710 |

| Α | В | С | D | E | F |
|--|---|--|---|---|--|
| Rate that the transferee used in determining its ITC for qualified expenditures under a subsection 127(13) agreement | Proceeds of disposition of the property if you dispose of it to an arm's length person; or, in any other case, enter the fair market value of the property at conversion or disposition | Amount, if any, already provided for in Calculation 1 (This allows for the situation where only part of the cost of a property is transferred under a subsection 127(13) agreement.) | Amount determined by the formula (A x B) – C | ITC earned by the transferee for the qualified expenditures that were transferred | Amount from column D or E, whichever is less |

Part 16 – Recapture of ITC for corporations and partnerships – SR&ED (continued) -

| | _ | | | | _ |
|---|-----|----|-----|---|---|
| _ | 1.0 | cu | ot: | n | |
| | | | | | |

As a member of the partnership, you will report your share of the SR&ED ITC of the partnership after the SR&ED ITC has been reduced by the amount of the recapture. If this amount is a positive amount, you will report it on line 550 in Part 12. However, if the partnership does not have enough ITC otherwise available to offset the recapture, then the amount by which reductions to ITC exceed additions (the excess) will be determined and reported on line 760.

Corporate partner's share of the excess of SR&ED ITC Enter at amount E3 in Part 17.

| ITC | 760 | |
|-----|-----|---|
| 17. | | = |

| Part 17 – Total recapture of SR&ED investment tax credit | |
|--|----|
| Recaptured ITC from calculation 1, amount A3 in Part 16 | C3 |
| Recaptured ITC from calculation 2, amount B3 in Part 16 | D3 |
| Recaptured ITC from calculation 3, line 760 in Part 16 | E3 |
| Total recapture of SR&ED investment tax credit (total of amounts C3 to E3) | F3 |

Pre-Production Mining

¬ Part 18 – Pre-production mining expenditures -

Exploration information

A mineral resource that qualifies for the credit means a mineral deposit from which the principal mineral to be extracted is diamond, a base or precious metal deposit, or a mineral deposit from which the principal mineral to be extracted is an industrial mineral that, when refined, results in a base or precious metal.

In column 800, list all minerals for which pre-production mining expenditures have taken place in the tax year.

For each of the minerals reported in column 800, identify each project (in column 805), mineral title (in column 806), and mining division (in column 807) where title is registered. If there is no mineral title, identify only the project and mining division.

| | List of minerals 800 | | Project name 805 | |
|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--|----|
| | | | | |
| | Mineral title | | lining division | |
| | 806 | | 807 | |
| | | | | |
| | Pre-production min | ning expenditures* | | |
| Explo | ration: | | | |
| | oduction mining expenditures that you incurred in the tax year (before Januar stence, location, extent, or quality of a mineral resource in Canada: | y 1, 2014) for the purpose of det | ermining | |
| Prosp | ecting | | 810 | |
| Geolo | gical, geophysical, or geochemical surveys | | 811 | |
| Drilling | g by rotary, diamond, percussion, or other methods | | 812 | |
| Frenc | ning, digging test pits, and preliminary sampling | | | |
| Pre-pr orodu Cleari | opment: oduction mining expenditures incurred in the tax year for bringing a new mine ction in reasonable commercial quantities and incurred before the new mine cong, removing overburden, and stripping g a mine shaft, constructing an adit, or other underground entry | | antities: | |
| (| Other pre-production mining expenditures incurred in the tax year: | | | |
| | Description 825 | | mount 826 | |
| L | | Total of column 826 | <u> </u> | A4 |
| Total p | ore-production mining expenditures (total of lines 810 to 821 and amount A4) | | 830 | |
| | of all assistance (grants, subsidies, rebates, and forgivable loans) or reimbursed or is entitled to receive in respect of the amounts referred to on line 830 about | | 832 | |
| Exces | s (line 830 minus line 832) (if negative, enter "0") | | <u> </u> | B4 |
| Repay | ments of government and non-government assistance | | | |
| Pre-p | roduction mining expenditures (amount B4 plus line 835) | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · <u> </u> | C4 |
| * A | pre-production mining expenditure is defined under subsection 127(9). | | | |

| ITC at the end of the previ | ous tax year | | | | | D |
|---|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|------------------------|
| Credit deemed as a remitt | ance of co-op cor | porations | | 841 | | |
| Credit expired | | | | 845 | | |
| | | | Subtotal (line 8 | 841 plus line 845) | | E |
| ITC at the beginning of the | e tax year (amoun | : D4 minus amount E | | | 0.50 | |
| Credit transferred on an a | malgamation or th | e wind-up of a subsid | diary | | 860 | |
| Pre-production mining exp | enditures* | · | • | | | |
| incurred before January 1 (applicable part from amount | | 870 | x | 10 % = | m | |
| Pre-production mining expenditures** incurred in (applicable part from amou | 2013 | 872 | x | 5 % = | n | |
| Pre-production mining dev | , | | | | | |
| expenditures incurred in 2 (applicable part from amou | | 874 | x | 7 % = | 0 | |
| Pre-production mining development in 2 | 015 | 876 | x | 4.0/ = | p | |
| (applicable part from amou | unt C4 in Part 18) | <u> </u> | | 4 % = unts m to p) 880 | · | _ |
| - | (" 050 000 | · | , | | | F- |
| Total credit available (total | , | • | | | | G |
| Credit deducted from Part | I tax | | | | | |
| Credit carried back to prev | vious years (amou | nt I4 in Part 20) | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | q | |
| | | | Subtotal (line 88 | 85 plus amount q) | > | Н |
| ITC closing balance from | m pre-productio | n mining expenditu | res (amount G4 minus | s amount H4) | 890 | |
| * Also include pre-produ 2013 and before 2016 | | | s incurred before 2014 | and pre-production minin | g development expenditu | es incurred after |
| ** Also include pre-produ | ction mining deve ng expenditure ir | lopment expenditures | | | subparagraph (a)(ii) of th nition Canadian explorat | |
| - Part 20 – Request | for carrybac | k of credit fron | n pre-production | n minina expenditu | ıres — | |
| | Year | Month Day |] | | | |
| 1st previous tax year | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | Cre | dit to be applied 921 | |
| 2nd previous tax year | | | | Cre | | |
| 3rd previous tax year | | | | Cre | | |
| | | | | Ente | Total of lines 921 to 923 or at amount q in Part 19. | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | Apprenticeship J | Job Creation | | |
| - Part 21 – Total cu | rrent-vear cr | | | | nditures ——— | |
| | • | | | • | | |
| If you are a related person who will be claiming the ap (or social insurance numb | oprenticeship job | creation tax credit for | this tax year for each a | apprentice whose contrac | | 1 Yes X 2 No |
| For each apprentice in the under an apprenticeship p contract number, enter the | rogram designed | to certify or license in | ndividuals in the trade. | | | province or territory, |
| | 1 | | | | | |
| A Contract n | umber | | B eligible trade | C Eligible salary and | D Column C x | E Lesser of |

wages*

603

69,965

49,486

10 %

604

6,997

4,949

602

Powerline Technician

Powerline Technician

(SIN or name of apprentice)

601

Michael Cudmore

Jarrett Richard

2.

2,000

2,000

column D or

\$ 2,000

605

| | A Contract number (SIN or name of apprentice) | B Name of eligible trade | C Eligible salary and wages* | D Column C x 10 % | E Lesser of column D or \$ 2,000 |
|---|---|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| 3. | Derek Barss | Powerline Technician | 67,803 | 6,780 | 2,000 |
| 4. | Brett Hodgkin | Powerline Technician | 11,255 | 1,126 | 1,126 |
| Total current-year credit (total of column E) | | | | | 7,126 |

Α5 Enter on line 640 in Part 22.

* Other than qualified expenditure incurred, and net of any other government or non-government assistance received or to be received. **Eligible salary** and wages, and qualified expenditures are defined under subsection 127(9).

| and wages, and quanned e | experialtures are defined under si | absection 127(9). | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|---|-------------|---------------------|
| – Part 22 – Current-year | r credit and account bala | nces – ITC from apprenticeshi | ip job creation e | xpenditure | es ——— |
| ITC at the end of the previous ta | ax year | | | | B5 |
| Credit deemed as a remittance of | of co-op corporations | 612 | | | |
| Credit expired after 20 tax years | | 615 | | | |
| | | Subtotal (line 612 plus line 615) | | . | C5 |
| ITC at the beginning of the tax y | year (amount B5 minus amount C | 5) | | 625 | |
| Credit transferred on an amalga | amation or the wind-up of a subsidi | ary 630 | | | |
| ITC from repayment of assistan | ce | | | _ | |
| Total current-year credit (amour | nt A5 in Part 21) | | 7,126 | | |
| Credit allocated from a partners | hip | 655 | | _ | |
| | | Subtotal (total of lines 630 to 655) | 7,126 | > | 7,126 _{D5} |
| Total credit available (line 625 p | olus amount D5) | | | | 7,126 E5 |
| Credit deducted from Part I tax | | 660 | | | |
| Credit carried back to previous y | | | | r | |
| , | , | Subtotal (line 660 plus amount r) | | • | F5 |
| ITC closing balance from app | prenticeship job creation expend | = ditures (amount E5 minus amount F5) | | 690 | 7,126 |
| | | | | | |
| Part 23 – Request for | carryback of credit from | apprenticeship job creation ex | xpenditures —— | | |
| | Year Month Day | | | | |
| 1st previous tax year | | | • | 931 | |
| 2nd previous tax year | | | • | 932 | |
| 3rd previous tax year | | | Credit to be applied | 933 | |
| | | | Total of lines 931 t Enter at amount r in Pa | | G5 |
| | | | | | |

Child Care Spaces

┌ Part 24 – Eligible child care spaces expenditures

Enter the eligible expenditures that you incurred after March 18, 2007 and before March 22, 2017* to create licensed child care spaces for the children of the employees and, potentially, for other children. You cannot be carrying on a child care services business. The eligible expenditures include:

- the cost of depreciable property (other than specified property); and
- the specified child care start-up expenditures.

Properties should be acquired and expenditures should be incurred only to create new child care spaces at a licensed child care facility.

| | Capital cost allowance class number | Description of investment | Date available for use | Amount of investment |
|----------|---|--|---|----------------------|
| | 665 | 675 | 685 | 695 |
| 1. | | | | |
| | | Total cost of depreciable property from the current | tax year (total of column 695) 715 | |
| pecifie | d child care start-up expenditure | | 705 | |
| otal gro | ss eligible expenditures for child | care spaces (line 715 plus line 705) | | |
| | , , , | subsidies, rebates, and forgivable loans) or reimbursements receive in respect of the amounts referred to in amount A6 | that the 725 | |
| xcess (| (amount A6 minus line 725) (if r | negative, enter "0") | | |
| on avem | ents by the corporation of govern | nment and non-government assistance | 735 | |
| ераупп | | | | |
| | gible expenditures for child o | are spaces (amount B6 plus line 735) | 745 | |

| · Part 25 – Current-year credit – ITC from child care spaces expenditı |
|--|
|--|

| The credit is equal to 25% of eligible child care spaces expenditures in | ncurred to a maximum of \$10,000 p | per child care space created in a licensed child |
|--|------------------------------------|--|
| care facility. | | |

| Eligible expenditures (from line 745 in Part 24) | _ x | 25 % = | _ C6 |
|--|----------|----------|------|
| Number of child care spaces | _ x _ \$ | 10,000 = | _ D6 |

ITC from child care spaces expenditures (amount C6 or D6, whichever is less)

| ┌ Part 26 – Current-ye | ar credit and account bal | ances – ITC from child care s | paces expenditures ——— | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|---|----|
| ITC at the end of the previous | tax year | | | F6 |
| Credit deemed as a remittanc | e of co-op corporations | 765 | | |
| Credit expired after 20 tax year | ars | 770 | | |
| | | Subtotal (line 765 plus line 770) | | G6 |
| ITC at the beginning of the tax | x year (amount F6 minus amount 0 | G6) | 775 | |
| Credit transferred on an amal | gamation or the wind-up of a subsi | diary 777 | | |
| Total current-year credit (amo | unt E6 in Part 25) | 780 | | |
| Credit allocated from a partne | | 782 | | |
| · | · | Subtotal (total of lines 777 to 782) | | H6 |
| Total credit available (line 775 | plus amount H6) | | | 16 |
| Credit deducted from Part I ta | x | 785 | | |
| Credit carried back to previous | s years (amount K6 in Part 27) | | | |
| | | Subtotal (line 785 plus amount s) | > | J6 |
| ITC closing balance from cl | hild care spaces expenditures (a | | 790 | |
| ⊢ Part 27 – Request fo | r carryback of credit from | n child care space expenditure | es | |
| • | Year Month Day | 1 | | |
| 1st previous tax year | 2018-12-31 | | . Credit to be applied 941 | |
| 2nd previous tax year | 2017-12-31 | | 2.12 | |
| 3rd previous tax year | 2016-12-31 | | . Credit to be applied 943 | |
| | | | Total of lines 941 to 943 Enter at amount s in Part 26. | K6 |

Recapture - Child Care Spaces

| ┌ Part 28 – Recapture of ITC for corporations and partnerships – Child care spaces ———————————————————————————————————— | |
|---|---------------|
| The ITC will be recovered against the taxpayer's tax otherwise payable under Part I of the Act if, at any time within 60 months of the day on which the taxpayer acquired the property: | |
| the new child care space is no longer available; or | |
| property that was an eligible expenditure for the child care space is: | |
| disposed of or leased to a lessee; or | |
| converted to another use. | |
| If the property disposed of is a child care space, the amount that can reasonably be considered to have been included in the original ITC (paragraph 127(27.12)(a)) | |
| In the case of eligible expenditures (paragraph 127(27.12)(b)), the lesser of: | |
| The amount that can reasonably be considered to have been included in the original ITC 795 | |
| 25% of either the proceeds of disposition (if sold in an arm's length transaction) or the fair market value (in any other case) of the property | |
| Amount from line 795 or line 797, whichever is less | A7 |
| ┌ Partnerships ──────────────────────────────────── | |
| As a member of the partnership, you will report your share of the child care spaces ITC of the partnership after the child care spaces ITC has been reduced by the amount of the recapture. If this amount is a positive amount, you will report it on line 782 in Part 26. However, if the partnership does not have enough ITC otherwise available to offset the recapture, then the amount by which reductions to ITC exceed additions (the excess) will be determined and reported on line 799 below. | |
| Corporate partner's share of the excess of ITC Total recapture of child care spaces investment tax credit (total of line 792, amount A7, and line 799) Enter at amount B8 in Part 29. | B7 |
| Summary of Investment Tax Credits | |
| Part 29 – Total recapture of investment tax credit ———————————————————————————————————— | |
| Recaptured SR&ED ITC (amount F3 in Part 17) | A8 |
| Recaptured child care spaces ITC (amount B7 in Part 28) | В8 |
| Total recapture of investment tax credit (amount A8 plus amount B8) | C8 |
| Enter on line 602 of the T2 return. | = " |
| Part 30 – Total ITC deducted from Part I tax — | |
| ITC from investments in qualified property deducted from Part I tax (line 260 in Part 5) | D8 |
| ITC from SR&ED expenditures deducted from Part I tax (line 560 in Part 12) | E8 |
| ITC from pre-production mining expenditures deducted from Part I tax (line 885 in Part 19) | |
| ITC from apprenticeship job creation expenditures deducted from Part I tax (line 660 in Part 22) | |
| ITC from child care space expenditures deducted from Part I tax (line 785 in Part 26) | — 00 H8 |
| | |
| Total ITC deducted from Part I tax (total of amounts D8 to H8) Enter on line 652 of the T2 return. | ¹⁸ |

Summary of Investment Tax Credit Carryovers

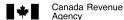
| CCA class number 97 | Apprenticeship | job creation ITC | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Current year | | | | | |
| c | Addition urrent year (A) | Applied current year (B) | Claimed as a refund (C) | Carried back (D) | ITC end of year (A-B-C-D) |
| | 7,126 | | | | 7,126 |
| Prior years Taxation year | | ITC beginning of year (E) | Adjustments (F) | Applied current year (G) | ITC end of year (E-F-G) |
| 2018-12-31 | | () | () | (-, | (- / |
| 2017-12-31 | | | | · | |
| 2016-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2015-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2014-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2013-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2012-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2011-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2010-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2009-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2008-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2007-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2006-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2005-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2004-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2003-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2002-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2001-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2000-12-31 | | | | | |
| | Total | | | | |
| B+C+D+G | | | | Total ITC utilized | |

^{*} The **ITC** end of year includes the amount of ITC expired from the 10th preceding year if it is before January 1, 1998, or the amount of ITC expired from the 20th preceding year if it is after December 31, 1997. Note that this credit expires at the end of the tax year and any expired credit will be posted to line 215, 515, 615, 770 or 845, as applicable, in Schedule 31 the following year.

Summary of Investment Tax Credit Carryovers

| CCA class number 99 | Cur. or cap. R | &D for ITC | | | |
|---------------------------|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Current year | Addition urrent year (A) 88,159 | Applied current year (B) | Claimed as a refund (C) | Carried back (D) | ITC end of year (A-B-C-D) 88,159 |
| Drier veere | 00,139 | | | | 00,139 |
| Prior years Taxation year | | ITC beginning of year (E) | Adjustments (F) | Applied current year (G) | ITC end of year (E-F-G) |
| 2018-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2017-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2016-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2015-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2014-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2013-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2012-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2011-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2010-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2009-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2008-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2007-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2006-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2005-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2004-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2003-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2002-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2001-12-31 | | | | | |
| 2000-12-31 | | | | | |
| | Total | | | | |
| B+C+D+G | | | | Total ITC utilized | |

any expired credit will be posted to line 215, 515, 615, 770 or 845, as applicable, in Schedule 31 the following year.



Agence du revenu du Canada Schedule 33

Taxable Capital Employed in Canada – Large Corporations

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

- Use this schedule in determining if the total taxable capital employed in Canada of the corporation (other than a financial institution or an insurance corporation) and its related corporations is greater than \$10,000,000.
- If the total taxable capital employed in Canada of the corporation and its related corporations is greater than \$10,000,000, file a completed Schedule 33 with your T2 Corporation Income Tax Return no later than six months from the end of the tax year.
- Unless otherwise noted, all legislative references are to the Income Tax Act and the Income Tax Regulations.
- Subsection 181(1) defines the terms financial institution, long-term debt, and reserves.
- Subsection 181(3) provides the basis to determine the carrying value of a corporation's assets or any other amount under Part I.3 for its capital, investment
 allowance, taxable capital, or taxable capital employed in Canada, or for a partnership in which it has an interest.
- If the corporation was a non-resident of Canada throughout the year and carried on a business through a permanent establishment in Canada, go to Part 4,
 Taxable capital employed in Canada.

| ┌ Part 1 – Capital ────── | | |
|---|------------------------|-------|
| Add the following year-end amounts: | | |
| Reserves that have not been deducted in calculating income for the year under Part I 101 | 12,995,681 | |
| Capital stock (or members' contributions if incorporated without share capital) 103 | 23,064,000 | |
| Retained earnings | 29,195,000 | |
| Contributed surplus | | |
| Any other surpluses | | |
| Deferred unrealized foreign exchange gains | | |
| All loans and advances to the corporation | 77,833,000 | |
| All indebtedness of the corporation represented by bonds, debentures, notes, mortgages, hypothecary claims, bankers' acceptances, or similar obligations | | |
| Any dividends declared but not paid by the corporation before the end of the year 110 | | |
| All other indebtedness of the corporation (other than any indebtedness for a lease) that has been outstanding for more than 365 days before the end of the year | | |
| The total of all amounts, each of which is the amount, if any, in respect of a partnership in which the corporation held a membership interest at the end of the year, either directly or indirectly through another partnership (see note below) | | |
| Subtotal (add lines 101 to 112) | 143,087,681 ► 143,087, | 681 A |

Note:

Line 112 is determined by the formula (A - B) x C/D (as per paragraph 181.2(3)(g)) where:

- A is the total of all amounts that would be determined for lines 101, 107, 108, 109, and 111 in respect of the partnership for its last fiscal period that ends at or before the end of the year if
 - a) those lines applied to partnerships in the same manner that they apply to corporations, and
 - b) those amounts were computed without reference to amounts owing by the partnership
 - (i) to any corporation that held a membership interest in the partnership either directly or indirectly through another partnership, or
 - (ii) to any partnership in which a corporation described in subparagraph (i) held a membership interest either directly or indirectly through another partnership.
- B is the partnership's deferred unrealized foreign exchange losses at the end of the period,
- C is the share of the partnership's income or loss for the period to which the corporation is entitled either directly or indirectly through another partnership, and
- D is the partnership's income or loss for the period.

| 2020-06-29 15:25 | | | 89172 5210 RC0001 |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Part 1 – Capital (continued) | | | |
| , , | | Subtotal A (from page 1) | 143,087,681 A |
| Deduct the following amounts: | | | |
| Deferred tax debit balance at the end of the year | | 2,072,000 | |
| Any deficit deducted in calculating its shareholders' equity (including, amount of any provision for the redemption of preferred shares) at the | 1 | | |
| To the extent that the amount may reasonably be regarded as being in 101 to 112 above for the year, any amount deducted under subsection income under Part I for the year. | n 135(1) in calculating | | |
| Deferred unrealized foreign exchange losses at the end of the year | | | |
| | Subtotal (add lines 121 to 124) | 2,072,000 | 2,072,000 B |
| Capital for the year (amount A minus amount B) (if negative, enter "C | 0") | | 141,015,681 |
| Part 2 – Investment allowance | | | |
| Add the carrying value at the end of the year of the following assets of | the corporation: | | |
| A share of another corporation | | 401 | |
| A loan or advance to another corporation (other than a financial institu | ution) | 402 | |
| A bond, debenture, note, mortgage, hypothecary claim, or similar oblic (other than a financial institution) | gation of another corporation | 403 | |
| Long-term debt of a financial institution | | 404 | |
| A dividend payable on a share of the capital stock of another corporat | ion | 405 | |
| A loan or advance to, or a bond, debenture, note, mortgage, hypothec member of which was, throughout the year, another corporation (othe tax under this Part (otherwise than because of paragraph 181.1(3)(d) paragraph 181.2(4)(d.1) | r than a financial institution) that was not e | exempt from | |
| An interest in a partnership (see note 2 below) | | 407 | |
| Investment allowance for the year (add lines 401 to 407) $000000000000000000000000000000000000$ | | 490 | |
| Notes: | | | |
| Lines 401 to 405 should not include the carrying value of a share of exempt from tax under Part I.3 (other than a non-resident corporation establishment). | | • | |
| Where the corporation has an interest in a partnership held either d additional rules regarding the carrying value of an interest in a partr | | rship, refer to subsection 181.2(| (5) for |
| Where a trust is used as a conduit for loaning money from a corpor considered to have been made directly from the lending corporation apply. | | | |

| ┌ Part 3 – Taxable capital ──────────────────────────────────── | |
|---|---------------|
| Capital for the year (line 190) | 141,015,681 C |
| Deduct: Investment allowance for the year (line 490) | D |
| Taxable capital for the year (amount C minus amount D) (if negative, enter "0") | 141,015,681 |

| $_{	extstyle \cap}$ Part 4 – Taxable (| capital employed in (| Canada ————— | | | |
|---|---|--|---|------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| | To be complet | ed by a corporation that was | resident in Canada at | any time in the year | |
| Taxable capital for the year (line 500) | 141,015,681 x | able income earned in Canada 610 Taxable income | 1,000 = | Taxable capital employed in Canada | 690 141,015,681 |
| Where a cor to have a tax | poration's taxable income for able income for that year of \$ | ng the amount of taxable incom a tax year is "0," it shall, for the 51,000. ulation 8601 should be consider | e earned in Canada. purposes of the above | · | |
| | | by a corporation that was a ied on a business through a | | | |
| | | e at the end of the year of an as ess during the year through a p | | | 701 |
| Deduct the following amo | ounts: | | | | |
| paragraphs 181.2(3)(c) to | | er than indebtedness described regarded as relating to a busine in Canada | ss it carried | | |
| described in subsection 1 | 81.2(4) of the corporation the ying on any business during | e at the end of year of an asset at it used in the year, or held in the year through a permanent | -/- | | |
| corporation that is a ship personal or movable prop | or aircraft the corporation op- | e at the end of year of an asset erated in international traffic, or oration in carrying on any busin Canada (see note below) | | | |
| | | Total deductions (add lin | nes 711, 712, and 713) | | E |
| Taxable capital employ | ed in Canada (line 701 min | us amount E) (if negative, enter | "0") | | 790 |
| | | the corporation is resident did r ip or aircraft in international traff | | | |
| ┌ Part 5 – Calculati | on for purposes of t | he small business ded | uction — | | |
| This part is applicable t | o corporations that are no | t associated in the current ye | ear, but were associate | ed in the prior year. | |
| Taxable capital employed | in Canada (amount from line | e 690) | | | F |
| Deduct: | | | | | 10,000,000 _G |
| | | Exce | ss (amount F minus an | nount G) (if negative, ente | r "0") H |
| Calculation for purpose | es of the small business de | eduction (amount H x 0.225%) | | | |

Enter this amount at line 415 of the T2 return.

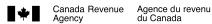
Attached Schedule with Total

Part 1 – All loans and advances to the corporation

Title Part 1 – All loans and advances to the corporation

| | Operator | |
|--|----------|---------------|
| Description | (Note) | Amount |
| Due to affiliate | | 5,765,000 00 |
| Customer advance payments | | 844,000 00 |
| Current portion of long-term liabilities | | 916,000 00 |
| Note payable to shareholder | | 60,064,000 00 |
| Customer advance deposits | | 2,284,000 00 |
| Regulatory liabilities | | 8,712,000 00 |
| Regulatory assets | | -752,000 00 |
| | | |
| | | |
| | Total | 77,833,000 00 |

Note: The calculations are performed one at a time, from the first to the last line, and not according to the priority rules of the operations. For example, the formula 1+2*3 will not result in the same thing as the formula 1+3*2.



Shareholder Information

Schedule 50

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

- All private corporations must complete this schedule for any shareholder who holds 10% or more of the corporation's common and/or preferred shares.
- Provide only one number per shareholder (business number, social insurance number or trust number).

| | Name of shareholder (after name, indicate in brackets if the shareholder is a corporation, partnership, individual, or trust) | Business number (If a corporation is not registered, enter "NR") | Social insurance number | Trust number | Percentage common shares | Percentage preferred shares |
|----|---|--|-------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | 100 | 200 | 300 | 350 | 400 | 500 |
| 1 | Oshawa Power and Utilities Corporation | 86486 7593 RC0001 | | | 100.000 | |
| 2 | • | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | |
| 5 | | | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | | |
| 7 | | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | | |
| 9 | | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | | |



Agence du revenu du Canada Schedule 53

General Rate Income Pool (GRIP) Calculation

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

On: 2019-12-31

- If you are a Canadian-controlled private corporation (CCPC) or a deposit insurance corporation (DIC), use this schedule to determine the general rate income pool (GRIP).
- Credit unions are **not** required to complete this schedule.
- All legislative references are to the Income Tax Act and the Income Tax Regulations.
- When an eligible dividend was paid in the tax year or there was a change in the GRIP balance, file a completed copy of this schedule with your T2 Corporation Income Tax Return. Do not send your worksheets with your return, but keep them in your records in case we ask to see them later.
- Subsection 89(1) defines the terms eligible dividend, excessive eligible dividend designation, general rate income pool, and low rate income pool.

| ┌ Eligibility for the various additions ────── | |
|--|------------------------------|
| Answer the following questions to determine the corporation's eligibility for the various additions: | |
| 2006 addition 1. Is this the corporation's first taxation year that includes January 1, 2006? 2. If not, what is the date of the taxation year end of the corporation's first year that includes January 1, 2006? Enter the date and go directly to question 4 3. During that first year, was the corporation a CCPC or would it have been a CCPC if not for the election of subsection 89(11) ITA? If the answer to question 3 is yes, complete Part "GRIP addition for 2006". | Yes X No 2006-12-31 X Yes No |
| Change in the type of corporation | |
| 4. Was the corporation a CCPC during its preceding taxation year? | X Yes No |
| 5. Corporations that become a CCPC or a DIC | Yes X No |
| If the answer to question 5 is yes, complete Part 4. | |
| Amalgamation (first year of filing after amalgamation) | |
| 6. Corporations that were formed as a result of an amalgamation | Yes X No |
| If the answer to question 6 is yes, answer questions 7 and 8. If the answer is no, go to question 9. | |
| 7. Was one or more of the predecessor corporations neither a CCPC nor a DIC? | Yes No |
| If the answer to question 7 is yes, complete Part 4. | |
| 8. Was one or more of the predecessor corporation a CCPC or a DIC during the taxation year that ended immediately before amalgamation? | Yes No |
| If the answer to question 8 is yes, complete Part 3. | |
| | |
| Winding-up | |
| 9. Has the corporation wound-up a subsidiary in the preceding taxation year? If the answer to question 9 is yes, answer questions 10 and 11. If the answer is no, go to Part 1. | Yes X No |
| 10. Was the subsidiary neither a CCPC nor a DIC during its last taxation year? If the answer to question 10 is yes, complete Part 4. | Yes No |
| 11. Was the subsidiary a CCPC or a DIC during its last taxation year? If the answer to question 11 is yes, complete Part 3. | Yes No |

Canadä

T2 SCH53 E (19)

| ┌ Part 1 – General rate Income pool (GRIP) | |
|--|--------------|
| | |
| GRIP at the end of the previous tax year 20,369,6 | <u> 526</u> |
| Taxable income for the year (DICs enter "0") * | |
| Amount on line 400, 405, 410, and 427 or 428** of the T2 return, whichever is the least * | |
| | |
| Income taxable at the general corporate rate (line 110 minus amount A) (if negative enter "0") | |
| After-tax income (line 150 multiplied by 0.72 (the general rate factor for the tax year)) | |
| Eligible dividends received in the tax year | |
| Dividends deductible under section 113 received in the tax year | |
| Subtotal (line 200 plus line 210) | В |
| Becoming a CCPC (amount W5 in Part 4) | |
| Post-amalgamation (total of amounts E4 in Part 3 and amounts W5 in Part 4) 230 | |
| Post-wind-up (total of amounts E4 in Part 3 and amounts W5 in Part 4) | |
| Subtotal (add lines 220, 230, and 240) 290 | |
| Subtotal (add lines 100, 190, 290, and amount B) | <u>526</u> C |
| Eligible dividends paid in the previous tax year | |
| Excessive eligible dividend designations made in the previous tax year | |
| (If becoming a CCPC (subsection 89(4) applies), enter "0" on lines 300 and 310.) | |
| Subtotal (line 300 minus line 310) | D |
| GRIP before adjustment for specified future tax consequences (amount C minus amount D) (amount can be negative) | <u>526</u> |
| Total GRIP adjustment for specified future tax consequences to previous tax years (amount L3 in Part 2) | |
| GRIP at the end of the tax year (line 490 minus line 560) Enter this amount on line 160 of Schedule 55. | <u>526</u> |
| * For lines 110, 130, and 140, the income amount is the amount before considering specified future tax consequences. This phrase is defined in subsection 248(1). It includes the deduction of a loss carryback from subsequent tax years, a reduction of Canadian exploration expenses and Canadian development expenses that were renounced in subsequent tax years (e.g., flow-through share renunciations), reversals of income inclusions where an option is exercised in subsequent tax years, and the effect of certain foreign tax credit adjustments. | |
| ** If your tax year starts before 2019, use line 427. If your tax year starts after 2018, use line 428. | |

| irst previous tax year 2018 | 3-12-31 | | | | |
|--|--|--|-----------------------------|----------|---------------------|
| Taxable income before specified rom the current tax year | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Δ1 | | |
| Enter the following amounts be | efore specified future t | | Λ! | | |
| consequences from the curren | t tax year: | | | | |
| Amount on line 400, 405, 410, an 127 or 428** of the T2 return, | d | | | | |
| whichever is the least | | B1 | | | |
| Aggregate investment income | | C1 | | | |
| line 440 of the T2 return) Subtotal (amount B1 plus an | · | | D1 | | |
| Subtotal (amount A1 mi | | | bi | E1 | |
| | , , | ire tax consequences tha | t occur for the current | | |
| | | mount carried back from the | | • | |
| Non-capital loss | | | y carrent year to a prior y | | |
| | | | | | T-4-1 |
| carry-back (paragraph 111 (1)(a) ITA) | Capital loss carry-back | Restricted farm loss carry-back | Farm loss carry-back | Other | Total carrybacks |
| carry-back (paragraph 111 | | | | Other | |
| carry-back (paragraph 111 | | | | Other | |
| carry-back (paragraph 111 | carry-back | loss carry-back | carry-back | Other | |
| carry-back (paragraph 111 (1)(a) ITA) | carry-back ture tax consequences | loss carry-back | carry-back | Other | |
| carry-back (paragraph 111 (1)(a) ITA) Faxable income after specified fuel function in the following amounts at the following at the following amounts at the following amounts at the following at the followi | carry-back ture tax consequences iter specified future tax | loss carry-back | carry-back | Other | |
| carry-back (paragraph 111 (1)(a) ITA) Faxable income after specified fue | carry-back ture tax consequences fter specified future tax | loss carry-back | carry-back | Other | |
| carry-back (paragraph 111 (1)(a) ITA) Faxable income after specified fue the following amounts at the following amounts | carry-back ture tax consequences fter specified future tax d | loss carry-back c consequences:G1H1 | carry-back | Other | |
| carry-back (paragraph 111 (1)(a) ITA) Faxable income after specified fuel function of the following amounts at the follo | carry-back ture tax consequences fter specified future tax d | loss carry-back c consequences:G1H1 | carry-back | Other | |
| Carry-back (paragraph 111 (1)(a) ITA) Faxable income after specified further the following amounts at Amount on line 400, 405, 410, and 127 or 428** of the T2 return, whichever is the least | carry-back ture tax consequences fter specified future tax d | loss carry-back consequences: G1 H1 | carry-back | Other J1 | |

| cond previous | tax year <u>201</u> | 7-12-31 | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|----------------------------|-------|---------------------|
| | • | ture tax consequences | from | A2 | | |
| | ng amounts before the current to | ore specified future t tax year: | ax | | | |
| nount on line 400 7 or 428** of the | T2 return, | | B2 | | | |
| gregate investm | ent income | · · · · · <u> </u> | | | | |
| Subtotal (amo | unt B2 plus amo | ount C2) | > | D2 | | |
| | | | tive, enter "0") | | E | 2 |
| | | F4. | tav aanaanianaa tha | 4 f 4b | | |
| | | Futt | ire tax consequences tha | t occur for the current | year | |
| | | | mount carried back from the | current year to a prior ye | or | |
| ca | capital loss | Ar Capital loss | Restricted farm | Farm loss | Other | Total |
| ca (para | | Ar | | , , | | Total carrybacks |
| ca (para (1 | rry-back agraph 111)(a) ITA) | Capital loss carry-back | Restricted farm loss carry-back | Farm loss carry-back | | |
| ca (para (1 | rry-back agraph 111)(a) ITA) er specified futur | Capital loss carry-back | Restricted farm loss carry-back | Farm loss carry-back | | |
| ca (para (1 xable income aft | rry-back agraph 111)(a) ITA) er specified futu | Capital loss carry-back | Restricted farm loss carry-back | Farm loss carry-back | | |
| ca (para (1 | rry-back agraph 111)(a) ITA) er specified future ag amounts afte), 405, 410, and | Capital loss carry-back | Restricted farm loss carry-back | Farm loss carry-back | | |
| xable income aft ter the followin nount on line 400 7 or 428** of the iichever is the lea | er specified future agamounts after the control of | Capital loss carry-back | Restricted farm loss carry-back | Farm loss carry-back | | |
| xable income aft ter the followin nount on line 400 7 or 428** of the iichever is the lea gregate investme 440 of the T2 | er specified futures agamounts after specified futures agamounts agamount futures agamount | Capital loss carry-back re tax consequences er specified future tax | Restricted farm loss carry-back consequences: G2 H2 | Farm loss carry-back | | |
| xable income aft ter the followin nount on line 400 7 or 428** of the iichever is the lea gregate investme 440 of the T2 | er specified futures agamounts after specified futures agamounts agamount futures agamount | Capital loss carry-back re tax consequences er specified future tax | Restricted farm loss carry-back consequences: | Farm loss carry-back | | |
| xable income after the following mount on line 400 for 428** of the inchever is the least gregate investment and the T2 subtotal (amount) | er specified future ag amounts after 3, 405, 410, and 172 return, ast | Capital loss carry-back re tax consequences er specified future tax | Restricted farm loss carry-back consequences: G2 H2 | Farm loss carry-back | Other | |

| Part 2 – GRIP adjustmer | nt for specified fu | iture tax conseque | nces to previous t | ax years (contir | iued) ————— |
|---|---------------------------------|---|-------------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| Third previous tax year <u>2016</u> - | -12-31 | | | | |
| Taxable income before specified fu | | from | A3 | | |
| Enter the following amounts bef consequences from the current | | ax | | | |
| Amount on line 400, 405, 410, and 427 or 428** of the T2 return, whichever is the least | | B3 | | | |
| Aggregate investment income line 440 of the T2 return) | | C3 | | | |
| Subtotal (amount B3 plus amo | ount C3) | > | D3 | | |
| | | tive, enter "0") | | E | ≣3 |
| | | | | | |
| | | re tax consequences that nount carried back from the | , | | |
| Non-capital loss carry-back (paragraph 111 (1)(a) ITA) | Capital loss carry-back | Restricted farm loss carry-back | Farm loss carry-back | Other | Total carrybacks |
| (1)(u) 112) | | | | | |
| Taxable income after specified futu | · | | F3 | | |
| Amount on line 400, 405, 410, and 127 or 428** of the T2 return, whichever is the least | | G3 | | | |
| Aggregate investment income line 440 of the T2 return) | <u> </u> | H3 | | | |
| Subtotal (amount G3 plus amo | | | | | |
| Subtotal (amount F3 mir | າ us amount l3) (if nega | tive, enter "0") | > | J | 13 |
| | Subtotal (amoun | t E3 minus amount J3) (if | negative, enter "0") | k | (3 |
| GRIP adjustment for specified fu amount K3 multiplied by Total GRIP adjustment for speci add lines 500, 520, and 540) (if ne | 0.72) fied future tax consec | quences to previous tax | | | |
| Enter amount L3 on line 560 in part | , | | | | |
| ** If your tax year starts before 201 | 9. use line 427. If your | tax year starts after 2018 | use line 428. | | |

| ┌ Part 3 – Worksheet to calculate the GRIP addition post-amalgamation or post-wind-up | | |
|--|--------|--|
| (predecessor or subsidiary was a CCPC or a DIC in its last tax year) | | |
| nb. 1 Post amalgamation Post wind-up | | |
| Complete this part when there has been an amalgamation (within the meaning assigned by subsection 87(1)) or a wind-up (to which subsection 88(1) applies) and the predecessor or subsidiary corporation was a CCPC or a DIC in its last tax year. The last tax year for a predecessor corporation was its tax year that ended immediately before the amalgamation and for a subsidiary corporation was its tax year during which its assets were distributed to the parent on the wind-up. | | |
| Calculate the GRIP addition of a successor corporation following an amalgamation at the end of its first tax year. | | |
| Calculate the GRIP addition of a parent corporation upon wind-up at the end of the tax year that ends immediately after the tax year in which the parent received the assets of the subsidiary. | has | |
| In the calculation below, corporation means a predecessor or a subsidiary. Complete a separate worksheet for each predecessor and each subsidiary was a CCPC or a DIC in its last tax year. Keep a copy of this calculation for your records, in case we ask to see it later. | y that | |
| Corporation's GRIP at the end of its last tax year | A4 | |
| Eligible dividends paid by the corporation in its last tax year B4 | | |
| Excessive eligible dividend designations made by the corporation in its last tax yearC4 | | |
| Subtotal (amount B4 minus amount C4) | D4 | |
| GRIP addition post-amalgamation or post-wind-up (predecessor or subsidiary was a CCPC or a DIC in its last tax year) (amount A4 minus amount D4) | E4 | |
| After you complete this calculation for each predecessor and each subsidiary, calculate the total of all the E4 amounts. Enter this total amount on: — line 230 for post-amalgamation; or | | |
| line 240 for post-wind-up. | | |

| Part 4 – Worksheet to calculate the GRIP addition (predecessor or subsidiary was not a CC or the corporation is becoming a CCPC | n post-amalgamation, PC or a DIC in its last | post-wind-up ——— tax year), | | |
|---|--|--|--|-----|
| nb. 1 Corporation becoming a CCPC Post am | algamation | Post wind-up | | |
| Complete this part when there has been an amalgamation (within the nand the predecessor or subsidiary was not a CCPC or a DIC in its last immediately before the amalgamation and for a subsidiary corporation | neaning assigned by subsection tax year.The last tax year for a | on 87(1)) or a wind-up (to whi a predecessor corporation wa | ich subsection 88(1) applies) as its tax year that ended | |
| Calculate the GRIP addition of a successor corporation following an ar | malgamation at the end of its fi | rst tax year. | | |
| Calculate the GRIP addition of a parent corporation upon wind-up at the received the assets of the subsidiary. | ne end of the tax year that ends | immediately after the tax year | ar in which the parent has | |
| In the calculation below, corporation means a predecessor or a subsi was a CCPC or a DIC in its last year. Keep a copy of this calculation for | | | or and each subsidiary that | |
| Cost amount to the corporation of all property immediately before the e | nd of its previous/last tax year | | | _A5 |
| The corporation's money on hand immediately before the end of its pre | evious/last tax year | | <u> </u> | _B5 |
| Total of subsection 111(1) losses that would have been deductible in of the previous/last tax year if the corporation had had unlimited income fulhad realized an unlimited amount of capital gains for the previous/last t | rom each business carried on | | | |
| Non-capital losses | C5 | | | |
| Net capital losses | D5 | | | |
| Farm losses | | | | |
| Restricted farm losses | | | | |
| Limited partnership losses | | | | |
| Subtotal (add amounts C5 to G5) | | | H5 | |
| Total of all amounts deducted under subsection 111(1) in calculating t | | e for the previous/last tax yea | - ar: | |
| Non-capital losses | 15 | | | |
| Net capital losses | | | | |
| Farm losses | | | | |
| Restricted farm losses | | | | |
| Limited partnership losses | | | | |
| Subtotal (add amounts I5 to M5) | | | N5 | |
| Unused and unexpired losses at the end of the c | corporation's previous/last tax y | | _ | 0.5 |
| | (amount H5 minus amount | · | = | O5 |
| | SI | ubtotal (add amounts A5, B5, | , and U5) | _P5 |
| All the corporation's debts and other obligations to pay that were outstanding immediately before the end of its previous/last tax year | | | _Q5 | |
| Paid-up capital of all the corporation's issued and outstanding shares of capital stock immediately before the end of its previous/last tax year | | | _R5 | |
| All the corporation's reserves deducted in its previous/last tax year | | | S5 | |
| The corporation's capital dividend account immediately before the end of its previous/last tax year | | | - T5 | |
| The corporation's low rate income pool immediately before the end of | | • • | _ 10 | |
| its previous/last tax year | | | _ U5 | |
| | Subtotal (add amounts Q5 to | U5) | <u> </u> | _V5 |
| GRIP addition post-amalgamation or post-wind-up (predecessor or the corporation is becoming a CCPC (amount P5 minus amoun | | PC or a DIC in its last tax y | | _W5 |
| After you complete this worksheet for each predecessor and each sub — line 220 for a corporation becoming a CCPC; — line 230 for post-amalgamation; or — line 240 for post-wind-up. | sidiary, calculate the total of al | the W5 amounts. Enter this | total amount on: | |

Do not use this area



Agence du revenu du Canada Schedule 55

Part III.1 Tax on Excessive Eligible Dividend Designations

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |
| | | |

- Every corporation resident in Canada that pays a taxable dividend (other than a capital gains dividend within the meaning assigned by subsection 130.1(4) or 131(1)) in the tax year must file this schedule.
- Canadian-controlled private corporations (CCPC) and deposit insurance corporations (DIC) must complete Part 1 of this schedule. All other corporations must complete Part 2.
- Every corporation that has paid an eligible dividend must also file Schedule 53, General Rate Income Pool (GRIP) Calculation, or Schedule 54, Low Rate Income Pool (LRIP) Calculation, whichever is applicable.
- File the completed schedules with your T2 Corporation Income Tax Return no later than six months from the end of the tax year.
- All legislative references are to the Income Tax Act and the Income Tax Regulations.
- Subsection 89(1) defines the terms eligible dividend, excessive eligible dividend designation, general rate income pool (GRIP), and low rate income pool (LRIP).
- The calculations in Part 1 and Part 2 do not apply if the excessive eligible dividend designation arises from the application of
 paragraph (c) of the definition of excessive eligible dividend designation in subsection 89(1). This paragraph applies when an eligible
 dividend is paid to artificially maintain or increase the GRIP or to artificially maintain or decrease the LRIP.

| Part 1 – Canadian-controlled private corporations and deposit insurance corpora | tions ———— | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------------|
| Taxable dividends paid in the tax year not included in Schedule 3 | | |
| Taxable dividends paid in the tax year included in Schedule 3 | 2,500,000 | |
| Total taxable dividends paid in the tax year | 2,500,000 | |
| Total eligible dividends paid in the tax year | 150 | 2,500,000 A |
| GRIP at the end of the tax year (line 590 on Schedule 53) (if negative, enter "0") | 160 | 20,369,626 B |
| Excessive eligible dividend designation (line 150 minus line 160) | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | C |
| Deduct: | | |
| Excessive eligible dividend designations elected under subsection 185.1(2) to be treated as ordinary dividends * | 180 | D |
| Subtotal (amou | nt C minus amount D) | E |
| Part III.1 tax on excessive eligible dividend designations – CCPC or DIC (amount E multiplied by | 20 %) 190 | F |
| Enter the amount from line 190 on line 710 of the T2 return. | | |
| ┌ Part 2 – Other corporations | | |
| Fait 2 – Other corporations | | |
| Taxable dividends paid in the tax year not included in Schedule 3 | | |
| Taxable dividends paid in the tax year included in Schedule 3 | | |
| Total taxable dividends paid in the tax year | | |
| Total excessive eligible dividend designations in the tax year (amount from line A of Schedule 54) | | G |
| Deduct: | | |
| Excessive eligible dividend designations elected under subsection 185.1(2) to be treated as ordinary dividends * | 280 | н |
| Subtotal (amou | nt G minus amount H) | I |
| Part III.1 tax on excessive eligible dividend designations – Other corporations (amount I multiplied by | 20 %) . 290 | J |
| Enter the amount from line 290 on line 710 of the T2 return. | | |
| | | |

* You can elect to treat all or part of your excessive eligible dividend designation as a separate taxable dividend in order to eliminate or reduce the Part III.1 tax otherwise payable. You must file the election on or before the day that is 90 days **after** the day the notice of assessment for Part III.1 tax was sent. We will accept an election before the assessment of the tax. For more information on how to make this election, go to **www.cra.gc.ca/eligibledividends**.

Canadä

Canada Revenue Agency

Agence du revenu du Canada

SCHEDULE 546

CORPORATIONS INFORMATION ACT ANNUAL RETURN FOR ONTARIO CORPORATIONS

| Name of corporation | Business Number | Tax year-end Year Month Day |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 89172 5210 RC0001 | 2019-12-31 |

- This schedule should be completed by a corporation that is incorporated, continued, or amalgamated in Ontario and subject to the Ontario Business Corporations Act (BCA) or Ontario Corporations Act (CA), except for registered charities under the federal Income Tax Act. This completed schedule serves as a Corporations Information Act Annual Return under the Ontario Corporations Information Act.
- Complete parts 1 to 4. Complete parts 5 to 7 only to report change(s) in the information recorded on the Ontario Ministry of Government Services (MGS) public record.
- This schedule must set out the required information for the corporation as of the date of delivery of this schedule.
- A completed Ontario Corporations Information Act Annual Return must be delivered within six months after the end of the corporation's tax year-end.

| The MGS considers this return to be delivered on the date income tax return. | that it is filed with the Canada Revenue | Agency (CRA) together with | h the corporation's |
|--|--|---|---|
| It is the corporation's responsibility to ensure that the inforr shown for the corporation on the public record maintained information. | | | |
| This schedule contains non-tax information collected unde MGS for the purposes of recording the information on the purposes. | | ns Information Act. This info | ormation will be sent to the |
| - Part 1 – Identification ———————————————————————————————————— | | | |
| Corporation's name (exactly as shown on the MGS put | blic record) | | |
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | _ | | |
| whichever is the most recent | 10 Date of incorporation or amalgamation, whichever is the most recent | Year Month Day | 120 Ontario Corporation No. |
| Ontario | most recent | 2000-10-18 | 1419333 |
| 210 Street number 220 Street name/Rural route/Lot a SIMCOE STREET SOUT 240 Additional address information if applicable (line 220 m 250 Municipality (e.g., city, town) | Huust be completed first) 260 Province/state 270 | 230 Suite number Country 280 | |
| OSHAWA | ON | CA | L1H 7M7 |
| Part 3 – Change identifier Have there been any changes in any of the information most names, addresses for service, and the date elected/appointe senior officers, or with respect to the corporation's mailing a public record maintained by the MGS, obtain a Corporation I | ed and, if applicable, the date the electio ddress or language of preference? To re | n/appointment ceased of the eview the information shown | e directors and five most for the corporation on the |
| If there have been no changes, enter 1 in this lift there are changes, enter 2 in this box and co | | | 4 – Certification." |
| Part 4 – Certification — | | | |
| I certify that all information given in this <i>Corporations Inform</i> | ation Act Annual Return is true, correct | , and complete. | |
| 450 SAVAGE | 451 DAVID | | |
| | | | |

| − Part | 4 – Certification ————— | |
|-----------|--|--|
| I certify | that all information given in this Corporations Information | Act Annual Return is true, correct, and complete. |
| 450 | SAVAGE | 451 DAVID |
| | Last name | First name |
| 454 | | |
| | Middle name(s) | |
| 460 | Please enter one of the following numbers in this booknowledge of the affairs of the corporation. If you are | ox for the above-named person: 1 for director, 2 for officer, or 3 for other individual having e a director and officer, enter 1 or 2. |
| Note: S | Sections 13 and 14 of the Ontario Corporations Information | Act provide penalties for making false or misleading statements or omissions. |

Complete the applicable parts to report changes in the information recorded on the MGS public record.

| 00 | Please enter one of the following numbers in this box: | 1 - Show no mailing address on the MGS public record.2 - The corporation's mailing address is the same as the head or registered office address in Part 2 of this schedule. | | | | | |
|----|--|--|--------------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| | | 3 - The corporation's of | complete mailing address | is as follows: | | | |
| 0 | Care of (if applicable) | | | | | | |
| 20 | Street number 530 Street name/Rural route/Lot and Co | ncession number | 540 Suite r | umber | | | |
| 50 | Additional address information if applicable (line 530 must be | completed first) | 1 | | | | |
| 60 | Municipality (e.g., city, town) | 70 Province/state | 580 Country | 590 Postal/zip code | | | |

Corporate Taxpayer Summary

| Corpo | rate inf | ormatio | n —— | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------|------------|------------|----------------|------------|-----------|---------|
| | | | | Oshaw | a PUC Ne | etworks 1 | Inc. | | | | | | | | |
| Taxation ` | | | | | 01-01 t | o 201 | 9-12-31 | | | | | | | | |
| Jurisdiction | on | | | Ontari | 0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| BC | AB | SK | MB | ON | QC | NB | NS | NO | PE | NL | ХО | YT | NT | NU | OC |
| | AB | | IVID | X | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Corporation | on is assoc | ciated . | | <u>Y</u> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Corporation | on is relate | d | | <u>Y</u> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number o | f associate | ed corpora | tions | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Type of c | orporation | | | Canad | ian-Contr | olled Pri | vate Corp | oration | | | | | | | |
| | ount due (rencial* | , | eral | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| * The am | ounts displ | layed on lir | nes "Total a | amount due | e (refund) f | ederal and | l provincial' | ' are all liste | ed in the he | elp. Press | F1 to cons | sult the conte | ext-sensat | ive help. | |
| _ | | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | - | | nforma | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | 120.651 |
| Net incom | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 128,651 |
| Taxable ir | ncome | | | | | | | | | | | | • • • — | | |
| Donations | | | | | • • • • • • | | | | • • • • • • | | | | · · · | | 4,000 |
| Calculation | n of incom | e from an | active busi | iness carrie | ed on in Ca | nada | | | • • • • • • | | | | · · · | | 128,651 |
| Dividends | paid | | | | | | | | | | | | · · · | 2, | 500,000 |
| | ds paid – F | • | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | ds paid – E | Ū | | | | | | | | | • | 2,500, | 000 | | |
| Balance o | of the low ra | ate income | pool at the | e end of the | previous y | /ear | | | | | | | • • • | | |
| Balance of | of the low ra | ate income | pool at the | e end of the | e year | | | | | | | | · · · · | | |
| Balance o | of the gene | ral rate inc | ome pool a | at the end o | f the previo | ous year | | | | | | | · · · | | 369,626 |
| Balance o | f the gene | ral rate inc | ome pool a | at the end o | f the year | | | | | | | | | 20,3 | 369,626 |
| Part I tax | (base amo | unt) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| – Suma | any of f | ederal 4 | carnifor | ward/ca | rryback | inform | ation — | | | | | | | | |
| | ward bala | | Jarryror | wai u/Ca | ii yback | mom | auun | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | nt tax credi | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 95,285 |
| | statement | | | | | | | | | | | | | 12,9 | 995,681 |

| Summary of provincial information – provincial income tax pays | able ——— | | |
|--|-----------|-------------------|------------------|
| | Ontario | Québec (CO-17) | Alberta (AT1) |
| Net income | 2,428,651 | | |
| Taxable income | | | |
| % Allocation | | | |
| Tax payable before deduction* | | | |
| Deductions and credits | | | |
| Net tax payable | | | |
| Attributed taxable capital | N/A | | N/A |
| Capital tax payable** | | | N/A |
| Total tax payable*** | | | |
| Instalments and refundable credits | | | |
| Balance due/Refund (-) | | | |
| Logging tax payable (COZ-1179) | | | |
| Tax payable | N/A = | | N/A |

Summary - taxable capital

Federal

| Corporate name | Taxable capital used to calculate the business limit reduction (T2, line 415) | Taxable capital used to calculate the SR&ED expenditure limit for a CCPC (Schedules 31 and 49) | Taxable capital used to calculate line 233 of the T2 return | Taxable capital used to calculate line 234 of the T2 return |
|--|---|--|---|--|
| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. | 128,840,799 | 128,840,799 | 141,015,681 | 141,015,681 |
| OSHAWA POWER AND UTILITIES CORPORATION | 3,670,584 | 3,670,584 | 3,237,356 | 3,237,356 |
| OSHAWA PUC ENERGY SERVICES INC. | 7,431,304 | 7,431,304 | 7,775,000 | 7,775,000 |
| OSHAWA PUC SERVICES INC. | 2,066,612 | 2,066,612 | 2,358,357 | 2,358,357 |
| 2252112 Ontario Inc. | 2,122,134 | 2,122,134 | 1,944,607 | 1,944,607 |
| Total | 144,131,433 | 144,131,433 | 156,331,001 | 156,331,001 |

Québec

| Corporate name | Paid-up capital used to calculate the Québec business limit reduction (CO-771) and to calculate the additional deduction for transportation costs of remote manufacturing SMEs (CO-156.TR) | Paid-up capital used to calculate the tax credit for investment (CO-1029.8.36.IN) and to determine the applicability of Form CO-1029.8.33.TE | Paid-up capital used to calculate the \$1 million deduction (CO-1137.A and CO-1137.E) | Paid-up capital used to determine the applicability of Form CO-737.SI |
|----------------|--|--|--|---|
| Total | | | | |

^{*} For Québec, this includes special taxes.

^{**} For Québec, this includes compensation tax and registration fee.

^{***} For Ontario, this includes the corporate minimum tax, the Crown royalties' additional tax, the transitional tax debit, the recaptured research and development tax credit and the special additional tax debit on life insurance corporations. The Balance due/Refund is included in the federal Balance due/refund.

| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc Dec19 T2 (NIL) - CRA.219 | |
|--|--|
| 2020-06-29 15:25 | |

2019-12-31

Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. 89172 5210 RC0001

| Ontario | |
|-----------------|--|
| Corporate name | Specified capital used to calculate the expenditure limit – Ontario innovation tax credit (Schedule 566) |
| | |
| Total | |
| Other provinces | |
| Corporate name | Capital used to calculate the Newfoundland and Labrador capital deduction on financial institutions (Schedule 306) |

APPENDIX 4-6 – RECONCILIATION OF 2019 TAX RETURN TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

| Oshawa PUC Networks Inc. 2019 PILS Summary | | As per Financial Statements | As per Tax Filing | Changes |
|--|---------|--------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| Accounting Income (Net Income after Tax) | • | 5,213,727 | 5,214,000 | (273) |
| Add: | | | | |
| Depreciation | | 5,503,004 | 5,503,000 | 4 |
| Provision for income taxes | | 749,446 | 749,000 | 446 |
| Charitable Donations & Gifts (Sch 2) | | 5,000 | 4,000 | 1,000 |
| Non deductible meals and entertainment | | 15,000 | 15,000 | 0 |
| Reserves (balances at end of year) | | | | |
| Employee future benefits | | 13,120,829 | 13,120,829 | 0 |
| Doubtful Accounts - General | | 194,511 | 194,511 | 0 |
| Offset of provision change (OPEB) | | (319,659) | (319,659) | 0 |
| SRED expenditures deducted per Fin Statements | | | 509,258 | (509,258) |
| Inducements - ITA 12(1)(x) | | | 6,237,159 | (6,237,159) |
| Prior Year ITC claimed 12(1)(t) | , | | 55,712 | (55,712) |
| Total Additions | • | 19,268,132 | 26,068,810 | (6,800,679) |
| <u>Deduct:</u> | | | | |
| CCA | | 8,567,147 | 8,984,550 | (417,403) |
| Reserves from financial statements-beginning | | 12,850,799 | 12,850,799 | 0 |
| SRED expenditures claimed from Form T661 (line 460) | | | 446,969 | (446,969) |
| Other Deductions Capitalized Interest (return to Expense) | | 356,953 | 356,953 | 0 |
| 13(7.4) election | | 330,933 | 6,198,919 | (6,198,919) |
| Total Deductions | , | 21,774,898 | 28,838,190 | (7,063,292) |
| Net Income (Loss) for income tax purposes | • | 2,706,960 | 2,444,620 | 262,340 |
| | | | 2,444,020 | |
| Less:Charitable Donationsfrom Sch 2 | | (5,000) 2,701,960 | 2,444,620 | (5,000) 257,340 |
| | 17.000/ | | | |
| Effective Tax Rate (Federal, Abatement, and Surtax) | 15.00% | 405,294 | 366,693 | 38,601 |
| ITC (apprentices etc) ITC (SR&ED) | | (9,000) | (7,126) (85,074) | (1,874) 85,074 |
| Part I Tax calculated | | 396,294 | 274,493 | 121,801 |
| | ! | | , | , |
| <u>Ontario</u> | | | | |
| Net Income for taxation | | 2,701,960 | 2,444,620 | 257,340 |
| Prior year's losses Taxable Income | • | 2701.060 | 0 - | 257.240 |
| | | 2,701,960 | 2,444,620 | 257,340 |
| Taxes Payable, before Tax Credits | 11.50% | 310,725 | 280,671 | 30,054 |
| Add: | | | | |
| Corporate Minimum Tax | 2.70% | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <u>Deduct:</u> | | | | |
| Ontario Co-op Education Tax Credit | | (10,000) | (14,077) | 4,077 |
| Ontario Apprenticeship Training Tax Credit | | (10,000) | (14,932) | 4,932 |
| Ontario Research and Development Credit Net Provincial Tax Payable | | 200.725 | (20,570) | 20,570 |
| · | , | 290,725 | 231,092 | 29,579 |
| Summary of Tax Payable | | 206.204 | 27.4.402 | 121 001 |
| Federal Provincial | | 396,294 | 274,493 | 121,801 |
| Provincial Prior Year Adjustments | | 290,725 62,427 | 231,092 | 59,633 62,427 |
| Rounding | | 02,427 | (600) | 600 |
| Total Tax Expense | | 749,446 | 504,985 | 244,461 |
| • | • | ·, | | |