# SYNERGY NORTH CORPORATION 

## EXHIBIT 6

REVENUE REQUIREMENT

## 1

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## 1 LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

2 6-A Revenue Requirement Work Form (RRWF Model)
3 6-B Corporate Tax Return
$4 \quad$ 6-C Other Operating Revenue (Board Appendix 2-H)

### 6.1 REVENUE REQUIREMENT

### 6.1.1 OVERVIEW

The information supports SNC's request in this Application for an increase in its Revenue Requirement while continuing to support the proposed capital and operating budgets for 2024 to service debt and provide the allowed Return on Equity.

SNC has included the following information in this Exhibit, excluding energy costs (i.e., cost of power and associated costs) and revenue:

- Determination of Net Utility Income: Section 6.1.2 (RRWF sheet 5 Utility Income line 14)
- Statement of Rate Base: Section 6.1.4 (RRWF sheet 4 Rate_Base line 5)
- Actual Utility Return on Rate Base: Section 6.2 (RRWF sheet 8 Rev_Def_Suff line 15)
- Indicated Rate of Return: Section 6.2.1 (RRWF sheet 8 Rev_Def_Suff line 21)
- Requested Rate of Return: Section 6.2.2 (RRWF sheet 8 Rev_Def_Suff line 22)
- Deficiency or Sufficiency in Revenue: Section 6.3.1 (RRWF sheet 8 Rev_Def_Suff line 25)
- Gross Deficiency in Revenue: Section 6.3.1 (RRWF sheet 8 Rev_Def_Suff line 26)

The calculations on which this Revenue Deficiency was determined are discussed below. SNC has completed the Revenue Requirement Work Form ("RRWF Model") as provided by the Board on May 27, 2022. The RRWF Model has been filed in Live Excel format as part of this Application and is also included as Attachment 6-A to this Exhibit and accurately reflects proposed rates.

In accordance with the Board's Filing Requirements for Electricity Distribution Rate Applications 2023 Edition for 2024 Rate Applications "Filing Requirements," the calculation of gross Revenue Deficiency/Sufficiency must isolate the delivery-related Deficiency/Sufficiency from any energy-related Deficiency/Sufficiency. The above-noted Revenue Deficiency calculation does not include the following:

Recovery of deferral and variance accounts, Other electricity charges, which include Energy Commodity, Transmission Charges and Wholesale Market Service Charges.

These items are considered elsewhere in this Application and are treated either as recoveries of regulatory assets or regulatory liabilities on the Balance Sheet or as energy-related costs recorded in the Board prescribed Retail Settlement Variance Accounts, as seen in Exhibit 9.

### 6.1.2 Calculations of Revenue Requirement

SNC has determined that the Revenue Deficiency for the 2024 Test Year is $\$ 7,442,333$, as outlined in Table 6-1 below. This deficiency is calculated as the difference between the 2024 Test Year Revenue Requirement of $\$ 38,620,360$ and the Forecast 2024 Test Year Revenue, based on the 2023 approved rates at $\$ 31,178,027$.

Table 6-1: Revenue Deficiency Determination

| Description | $\mathbf{2 0 2 4}$ Test <br> Existing Rates | 2024 Test <br> Required Revenue |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue Deficiency | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 7,442,333$ |
| Distribution Revenue | $\$ 28,478,021$ | $\$ 28,478,021$ |
| Other Operating Revenue (Net) | $\$ 2,700,006$ | $\$ 2,700,006$ |
| Total Revenue | $\$ 31,178,027$ | $\$ 38,620,360$ |

SNC's Revenue requirement consists of the following:

- Operation, Maintenance \& Administrative Expenses "OM\&A",
- Depreciation Expense,
- Property taxes,
- Regulated Return on Capital (Deemed Interest \& Return on Equity); and
- PILs.

SNC's revenue requirement is primarily received through electricity distribution rates and offset by revenue from Board approved specific service charges, late payment charges, interest, and other operating income. The composition of SNC's revenue requirement is shown in Table 6-2 below.

Table 6-2: Revenue Requirement

| Description | 2024 Test Year |
| :--- | :---: |
| OM\&A, including LEAP \& Property Taxes | $\$ 21,434,661$ |
| Depreciation | $\$ 6,138,149$ |
| Regulated Return on Capital | $\$ 10,106,689$ |
| PILs | $\$ 940,862$ |
| Service Revenue Requirement | $\$ 38,620,360$ |
| Less: Revenue Offsets | $\$ 2,700,006$ |
| Revenue Requirement | $\$ 35,920,354$ |

### 6.1.3 Determination of Net Utility Income

SNC's allowable net income for the 2024 Test Year is $\$ 5,974,323$, as shown in Table 6-3 below:

1

Table 6-3: Net Utility Revenue

| Description | 2024 Test <br> Year |
| :--- | ---: |
| Revenue: |  |
| Distribution Revenue | $\$ 35,920,354$ |
| Other Operating Revenue (Net) | $\$ 2,700,006$ |
| Total Revenue | $\$ 38,620,360$ |
| Costs and Expenses: |  |
| Administrative \& General, Billing \& Collectin | $\$ 9,607,176$ |
| Operation \& Maintenance | $\$ 11,778,894$ |
| Donations - LEAP | $\$ 46,160$ |
| Depreciation \& Amortization | $\$ 6,138,149$ |
| Payments in Lieu of Property Taxes | $\$ 2,431$ |
| Deemed Interest | $\$ 4,132,366$ |
| Total Costs and Expenses | $\$ 31,705,175$ |
| Utility Income Before Income Taxes | $\$ 6,915,185$ |
| Income Taxes: | $\$ 940,862$ |
| Corporate Income Taxes | $\$ 940,862$ |
| Total Income Taxes | $\$ 5,974,323$ |
| Utility Net Income |  |

### 6.1.4 Statement of Rate Base

SNC's Rate Base is calculated on SNC's deemed capital structure in accordance with the Board's Filing Requirements, and for the 2024 Test Year is summarized in Table 6-4 below.

Table 6-4: Rate Base Calculation

| Description | $\mathbf{2 0 2 4}$ Test Year |
| :--- | ---: |
| Fixed Assets Opening Balance 2024 | $\$ 145,840,323$ |
| Fixed Assets Closing Balance 2024 | $\$ 153,631,364$ |
| Average Fixed Asset Balance for 2024 | $\$ 149,735,843$ |
| Working Capital Allowance - 7.5\% | $\$ 9,834,751$ |
| Rate Base | $\mathbf{\$}$ |

### 6.2 ACTUAL UTILITY RETURN ON RATE BASE

SNC's Return on Rate Base is calculated based on $60 \%$ debt and $40 \%$ equity in accordance with the Board's Filing Requirements and is summarized in Table 6-5 below.

Table 6-5: Return on Rate Base

| Description | 2024 Test Year <br> Indicated Rate of <br> Return | 2024 Test Year <br> Requested Rate of <br> Return |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Actual Rate Base |  |  |
| Rate Base | $\$ 159,570,594$ | $\$ 159,570,594$ |
| Return on Debt (Weighted) | $4.32 \%$ | $4.32 \%$ |
| Interest Expense | $\$ 4,132,366$ | $\$ 4,132,366$ |
| Return on Equity | $9.36 \%$ | $9.36 \%$ |
| Net income | $-\$ 527,148$ | $\$ 5,974,323$ |
| Total Actual Return on Rate Base | $\mathbf{\$ 3 , 6 0 5 , 2 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 0 , 1 0 6 , 6 8 9}$ |
| Actual Return on Rate Base | $\mathbf{2 . 2 6 \%}$ | $\mathbf{6 . 3 3 \%}$ |

### 6.2.1 Indicated Rate of Return

SNC's indicated Rate of Return is $2.26 \%$, as shown in Table 6-5 above. The indicated rate of return is calculated using the 2024 Test Year load forecast at existing rates.

### 6.2.2 Requested Rate of Return

SNC's requested Rate of Return is $6.33 \%$ or $\$ 10,106,689$ calculated as Deemed Interest Expense plus Return on Equity divided by Rate Base as shown in Table 6-5 above. The requested rate of return is calculated using the 2024 Test Year load forecast at the requested rates.

### 6.4 COST DRIVERS ON REVENUE DEFICIENCY

### 6.4.1 OVERVIEW

Table 6-7 below provides both the dollar and the percentage variance of revenue deficiency by revenue requirement component from SNC's Last Rebasing Year 2017 Board Approved Proxy to the 2024 Test Year.

Table 6-7: Revenue Deficiency by Revenue Requirement Component

| Description | Last Rebasing Year - 2017 Board Approved Proxy "A" | $\begin{gathered} 2024 \\ \text { Allocation } \\ \text { "B" } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2024 \text { Test } \\ & \text { Year "C" } \end{aligned}$ | Revenue Deficiency vs 2023 existing rates "D" = "C" - "B" | Variance vs 2017 <br> Board Approved Proxy "E" = "C" - "A" | \% Variance <br> "E"/"A" | Reference |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OM\&A, including LEAP \& Property Taxes | \$17,328,455 | \$19,697,696 | \$21,434,661 | \$1,736,965 | \$4,106,205 | 23.7\% | Exhibit 4-4.2.2 |
| Depreciation | \$4,111,788 | \$4,673,974 | \$6,138,149 | \$1,464,175 | \$2,026,361 | 49.3\% | Exhibit 2-2.4 |
| Payments in Lieu of Corporate Income Tax (PILs) | \$299,646 | \$340,616 | \$940,862 | \$600,246 | \$641,216 | 214.0\% | Exhibit 6-6.5 |
| Return on Debt | \$1,445,198 | \$1,642,794 | \$4,132,366 | \$2,489,572 | \$2,687,167 | 185.9\% | Exhibit 5 -5.2.1-5.2.4 |
| Return on Equity | \$4,242,843 | \$4,822,947 | \$5,974,323 | \$1,151,376 | \$1,731,480 | 40.8\% | Exhibit 5-5.2.5 |
| Total | \$27,427,931 | \$31,178,027 | \$38,620,360 | \$7,442,333 | \$11,192,429 | 40.8\% |  |
| Rate Base | \$119,888,205 |  | \$159,570,594 |  | \$39,682,389 | 33.1\% |  |

## Operating, Maintenance and Administration ("OM\&A"), including Property Taxes

The main OM\&A drivers have been summarized in Table 6-8 below:

Table 6-8: OM\&A Cost Drivers

| Description | Amount | Reference |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Description of Cost Drivers |  | Exhibit 4-4.4 |
| Salaries, Wages and Benefits | $\$ 781,616$ | Exhibit 4-4.3.3.5 |
| Outside Services - Tree Trimming | $\$ 1,311,280$ | Exhibit 4-4.3.5 <br> and 4.3.6 |
| Administrative | $\$ 959,452$ | Exhibit 4-4.2.2 |
| Overhead costs | $\$ 221,426$ | Exhibit 4-4.3 |
| Building / Station costs | $\$ 120,359$ |  |
| Cost Drivers Iess than materiality |  |  |
| Changes in OM\&A, including LEAP <br> and Property Taxes Between 2017 <br> Proxy and 2024 Test | $\mathbf{\$ 4 , 1 0 6 , 2 0 5}$ |  |

- Salaries, Wages and Benefits are up \$781,616 through general wage escalation since 2017 due to negotiated wage increases with the union and inflationary-based increases for non-union staff offset by a decrease in FTE. Further, the Executive Management Team's remuneration was
reviewed, and a revised wage structure was implemented in 2021. Further details of all variances in salaries, wages and benefits are provided in Exhibit 4 - Section 4.4 Workforce Planning and Employee Compensation.
- Tree trimming costs are $\$ 1,311,280$ higher in 2024 from the 2017 test year due to significant decisions made by the Board of Directors in 2022 regarding vegetation management spending and using contracted services to complete the work. Details are provided in Exhibit 4 - Section 4.3.3.5 Vegetation Management, to address the increased vegetation work being performed from 2022 and forward, as well as to address the rise in costs.
- Administration costs have increased by $\$ 959,452$. Within the administrative costs are SNC's IT costs. The rise in IT costs from 2017 actual to 2024 is the most significant contributor to this variance, making up $\$ 564,842$. Contract services increased from $\$ 16,945$ to $\$ 161,351$. The significant increase occurred in 2019 when the actual fees paid to Stratejm for cyber security services increased by $\$ 108,000$. A SIEM (Security Information and Event Management) contractor was procured to advance SNC's cyber security posture. Further, software costs within OM\&A expenses increased by $\$ 101,961$ as SNC began purchasing software on a three-year license agreement rather than buying the software outright, resulting in increased OM\&A. Also, the licensing fees for SNC's primary software program, Central Square, have increased by $\$ 60,000$. See Section Exhibit 4 Section 4.3.6 Information Technology for further details.
- Overhead balances charged to Administration include Downtime, Material, Supervisory and Engineering. The directly allocated portion of these programs increased/(decreased) by ( $\$ 1,081$ ), $\$ 111,025$, $\$ 426,631$, and $\$ 175,497$ respectively in the Test Year over the 2017 COS proxy. These changes are the result of changes to the way Kenora dealt with overhead, general wages increases and additional FTE allocation to these departments.
- Building Costs have increased by $\$ 221,426$; the main driver is the rent expenses for SNC's Operation Centre, which has risen by $\$ 163,909$ from 2017 to 2024. As discussed in Exhibit 1 Section 1.4.17 building costs would have been $\$ 118,776$ higher in 2024. SNC made the decision to consolidate rental space at its head office, this decision will result in an overall reduction in $7,199 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{ft}$ of rented space. Consolidation will result in over $\$ 1$ million in savings over the next 10 years.


## Depreciation

The growth in SNC's rate base has resulted in a depreciation expense increase of \$2,026,361 over the Last Rebasing Year.

## Payment in Lieu ("PIL")

The increase in SNC's rate base and an increased return on equity have resulted in higher taxable income for the utility. The impact of these increases, offset by the increase in Capital Cost Allowance, has resulted in larger test-year taxable income. SNC was able to utilize government accelerated CCA programs in the year resulting in the creation of at 1592 account to the benefit of customers. Although SNC did have loss carryforwards in 2023, these losses were the result of the accelerated CCA which are being return to customers through a DVA.

## Return on Debt

As mentioned throughout this application, SNC will no longer operate on the "Rate Minimization" model as of December 1, 2023. SNC will earn a return for shareholder debt servicing going forward. The City of Thunder Bay has demanded an initial \$10 million dollar debt payment and an interest return on the remaining $\$ 16$ million debt. The remaining loan to the city will not carry any additional repayment terms, however SNC will be required to borrow from a 3rd party to fund the $\$ 10$ million dollar payment. The intent is to borrow these funds over 30 years. This decision by the city resulted in $\$ 1,478,722$ of the increase (55.03\%).

As noted in previous applications, SNC's capital renewal strategy resulted in capital investment exceeding annual depreciation and reinvested profits since 2008. This has necessitated the borrowing of external funds to finance the capital investment. Annual financing has occurred since the Last Rebasing Year and is anticipated to continue over the forecast period. As SNC's external financing increases, the weighted debt costs on long-term debt (removing the city impact) increased from $2.02 \%$ in 2017 to $2.63 \%$ in 2024, representing approximately $\$ 540,477$ of the increase (20.11\%). 16.70\% of the increase in Return on Debt is due to the impact on LTD of the $\$ 39,682,389$ increase in SNC's rate base. The remaining $8.16 \%$ is the impact on the deemed rate of return on STD by the increased rate base increase and increase in OEB deemed rate on short term debt.

## Return on Equity

In the 2024 Test Year, SNC seeks a Return on Equity of $9.36 \%$ (currently the maximum Board capital parameter), slightly up from the SNC proxy rate of $8.85 \%$. The return on equity has increased by $\$ 1,731,480$, resulting from an increase in SNC's rate of return on equity and the increase in the rate base. The increase in the rate base increased the return on equity by $\$ 1,404,359$ ( $81 \%$ ). The increase in
allowable return represented $\$ 327,121(19 \%)$ SNC acknowledges that the parameter is subject to further update.

## Rate Base

SNC's average net book value of property, plant and equipment increased by $\$ 41,718,900$ as a result of the annual investment in property, plant and equipment as per Distribution System Plan exceeding the annual depreciation on the assets resulting in a growth in net capital assets. Although the cost of power and SNC's OM\&A expenses have increased, the rate for the working capital allowance has gone from the calculated weighted average of historical TBHEDI and KHEC of $8.13 \%$ to $7.5 \%$ as per Board Filing Requirements. As such, the working capital allowance component of the rate base decreased by $\$ 2,036,511$ for a net change of $\$ 39,682,389$ in Rate Base.

### 6.5 PAYMENT IN LIEU OF TAXES (PILS)

SNC is subject to Payment in Lieu ("PILS") under Section 93 of the Electricity Act, 1998, as amended. SNC does not pay Section 89 proxy taxes and is exempt from the payment of income and capital taxes under the Income Tax Act (Canada) and the Ontario Corporations Tax Act. A copy of the 2022 Federal T2 and Ontario C23 tax return has been provided in Attachment 6-B to this Exhibit.

SNC confirms that the financial statements filed with its 2022 corporate income tax returns are the same as those filed with this application's 2022 audited financial statements.

In accordance with the filing instructions, SNC has completed the Board's PILS Work Form and has filed this model in live Excel format.

### 6.5.1 PILS for the 2024 Test Year

The 2024 Test Year's PILS have been calculated at $\$ 691,534$ and the grossed up amount is $\$ 940,862$. The details of the calculations are in the live Excel format of the Income Tax/ PILS Work Form. SNC has made changes to the B8 SCh8 CCA Bridge tab to account for currently enacted tax law.

The Bridge CCA workbook has been updated to include the CRA's Designated Immediate Expensing Property as enacted on April 21, 2021, which allows $100 \%$ write-off in the year of purchase of up to $\$ 1.5$ million of capital assets purchased per year. SNC expects to benefit from $\$ 1,076,145$ in CCA as a result of this program with the full balance being included in account 1592. CCA on all other assets were calculated using the Accelerated Investment Incentive Program.

## UTILITY INCOME BEFORE TAXES

This is calculated based on 2024 expected total revenues less the 2024 expected cost and expenses. The Utility income before taxes in 2024 is $\$ 6,915,185$. The details of this calculation can be found in Exhibit 6, Table 6-3 above.

TAX ADJUSTMENTS
Tax adjustments are made for both temporary and permanent differences and reserves. Significant temporary differences exist between depreciation for accounting purposes and capital cost allowance (CCA) for tax purposes.

The tax provision for the 2024 Test Year is detailed in Table 6-9 as follows:

Table 6-9: 2024 Test Year TAx Provision

|  | PILs Tax Provision - Test Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Wires Only | - |
| Regulatory Taxable Income |  |  |  |  |  | $\underline{\text { T1 }}$ | \$2,609,562 | A |
|  | Tax Rate | Small Business Rate (If Applicable) | Taxes Payable | Effective Tax Rate |  |  |  |  |
| Ontario (Max 11.5\%) | 11.5\% | 11.5\% | \$ 300,100 | 11.5\% | B |  |  |  |
| Federal (Max 15\%) | 15.0\% | 15.0\% | \$ 391,434 | 15.0\% | C |  |  |  |
| Combined effective tax rate (Max 26.5\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  | 26.50\% | D $=\mathrm{B}+\mathrm{C}$ |
| Total Income Taxes |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$ 691,534 | $E=A * D$ |
| Investment Tax Credits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | F |
| Miscellaneous Tax Credits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | G |
| Total Tax Credits |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$ | H = F + G |
| Corporate PILs/Income Tax Provision for Test Year |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$ 691,534 | $\mathrm{I}=\mathrm{E}-\mathrm{H}$ |
| Corporate PILs/Income Tax Provision Gross Up ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  | 73.50\% | $\mathrm{J}=1-\mathrm{D}$ | \$ 249,329 | $\mathrm{K}=1 / \mathrm{J}-\mathrm{I}$ |
| Income Tax (grossed-up) |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$ 940,862 | $\mathrm{L}=\mathrm{K}+\mathrm{I}$ |

### 6.5.2 Expected 2024 Tax Rates

SNC used a combined income tax rate of $26.50 \%$ for the 2024 Test Year.

## TAX CALCULATION

The following Table 6-10 presents the tax calculation for the 2024 Test Year.

1

Table 6-10: Taxable Income Table

| Taxable Income - Test Year | T2 S1 line \# | Working Paper Reference | Test Year Taxable Income |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net Income Before Taxes |  | A. | 5,974,323 |
| Additions: |  |  |  |
| Amortization of tangible assets 2-4 ADJUSTED ACCOUNTING DATA P489 | 104 |  | 6,067,958 |
| Amortization of intangible assets 2-4 ADJUSTED ACCOUNTING DATA P490 | 106 |  | 165,667 |
| Recapture of capital cost allowance from Schedule 8 | 107 | T8 | 0 |
| Loss on disposal of assets | 111 |  | 298,502 |
| Charitable donations | 112 |  | 46,160 |
| Non-deductible meals and entertainment expense | 121 |  | 28,988 |
| Interest on Capital Leases | 295 |  | 88,537 |
| Amortization of Capital Leases | 295 |  | 225,357 |
| Future Employee Benefits |  |  | 11,186 |
| Total Additions |  |  | 6,932,355 |
| Deductions: |  |  |  |
| Capital cost allowance from Schedule 8 | 403 | T8 | 9,675,439 |
| ITA 13(7.4) Election - Capital Contributions Received |  |  | 317,345 |
| payment of capital lease |  |  | 258,172 |
| Total Deductions |  | calculated | 10,250,956 |
| NET INCOME FOR TAX PURPOSES |  | calculated | 2,655,722 |
| Charitable donations | 311 |  | 46,160 |
| Taxable dividends received under section 112 or 113 | 320 |  |  |
| Non-capital losses of previous tax years from Schedule 4 | 331 | T4 | 0 |
| REGULATORY TAXABLE INCOME |  | calculated | 2,609,562 |

### 6.5.3 Integrity Checks

## SNC Confirms the following:

| Item | Utility <br> Confirmation <br> (Y/N) | Notes |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| The depreciation and amortization added back in the application's PILs model agree with the <br> numbers disclosed in the rate base section of the application | Y |  |
| The capital additions and deductions in the CCA Schedule 8 agree with the rate base <br> section for historical, bridge and test years | Y |  |
| Schedule 8 of the most recent federal T2 tax return filed with the application has a closing <br> December 31 historical year UCC that agres with the opening (January 1) bridge year UCC. <br> If the amounts do not agree, then the applicant must provide a reconciliation with <br> explanations. Distributors must segregate non-distribution tax amounts on Schedule 8. | Y |  |
| The CCA deductions in the application's PILs tax model for historical, bridge and test years <br> (as applicable) agree with the numbers in the CCA Schedule 8 for the same years filed in the <br> application | Y |  |
| Loss carry-forwards, if any, from prior year tax returns' Schedule 4 agree with those <br> disclosed in the application | $\mathbf{Y}$ |  |
| A discussion is included in the application as to when the loss carry-forwards, if any, will be <br> fully utilized | $\mathbf{Y}$ |  |
| CCA is maximized even if there are tax loss carry-forwards | Y |  |
| Other post-employment benefits and pension expenses that are added back on Schedule 1 <br> to reconcile accounting income to net income for tax purposes agree with the OM\&A <br> analysis for compensation. The amounts deducted are reasonable when compared with the <br> notes to the audited financial statements, Financial Services Commission of Ontario reports, <br> and actuarial valuations. | $\mathbf{Y}$ |  |
| The income tax rate used to calculate the tax expense is consistent with the utility's actual <br> tax facts and evidence filed in the application | $\mathbf{Y}$ |  |

### 6.5.4 Capital Cost Allowance

Details of the Capital Cost Allowance continuity schedules for the 2023 Bridge Year and the 2024 Test Year are provided in Table 6-11 and Table 6-12, respectively, as follows:

TABLE 6-11: 2023 CCA Continuity_Schedule

| $\begin{gathered} \text { (1) } \\ \text { Class } \end{gathered}$ | Class Description | Working <br> Paper Reference | (A) UCC Regulated Historical Year | (B) Additions | C) <br> Additions that are Designated Accelerated Investment Incentive Property | (D) <br> Additional that <br> are Designated for <br> Immediate <br> Expensing | (E) UCC Before Adjustment |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \quad(\mathrm{H}) \\ \text { CCA Rate } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {(1) }}^{\text {Year CCA }}$ ) $+(F))^{*}(\mathrm{H})+1$ G)) |  | UCC End of Bridge Year (E) - (I) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Buildings, Distribution System (acq'd post 1987) | H8 | \$ 47,927,831 |  |  |  | \$ 47,927,831 | \$ . | \$ | 4\% | s | 1,917,113 |  | \$ 46,010,718 |
| 1b | Non-Residential Buildings [Reg. 1100(1)(a.1) election] | H8 | \$ 254,278 |  |  |  | \$ 254,278 | \$ . | \$ - | 6\% | \$ | 15,257 |  | \$ 239,021 |
| 2 | Distribution System (acq'd pre 1988) | H8 | \$ . |  |  |  | - | \$ - | - | 6\% | \$ | - |  | \$ |
| 131 | Buildings (acq'd pre 1988) | H8 | \$ . |  |  |  | \$ | \$ - | \$ | 5\% | \$ | - |  | \$ - |
| $13_{2}$ | Certain Buildings; Fences | H8 | \$ . |  |  |  | \$ - | \$ . | \$ - | 10\% | \$ | . |  | \$ - |
| 133 | General Office Equipment, Furniture, Fixtures | $\underline{\text { H8 }}$ | 634,560 | \$ 277,645 | \$ - | 277,645 | \$ 912,205 | \$ - | \$ 277,645 | 20\% | \$ | 404,557 |  | \$ 507,648 |
| 134 | Motor Vehicles, Fleet | H8 | 861,591 | \$ 325,000 | \$ | 325,000 | \$ 1,186,591 | \$ - | \$ 325,000 | 30\% | \$ | 583,477 |  | \$ 603,114 |
| 10.1 | Certain Automobiles | H8 | \$ . |  |  | \$ . | \$ - | \$ . | \$ . | 30\% | \$ | - |  | \$ - |
| 14.1 | Eligible Capital Property (acq'd pre Jan 1, 2017) | H8 | \$ |  |  | \$ | \$ | \$ - | \$ - | 100\% | \$ | - |  | \$ - |
| 14.1 | Eligible Capital Property (acq'd post Jan 1, 2017) | H8 | \$ . |  |  | \$ | \$ | \$ . | \$ - | NA |  |  |  | \$ . |
| 132 | Lease \# 2 | $\underline{\text { H8 }}$ | \$ - |  |  | \$ | \$ | \$ . | \$ - | NA |  |  |  | \$ . |
| 133 | Lease \# 3 | H8 | \$ . |  |  | \$ . | \$ - | \$ | \$ - | NA |  |  |  | \$ . |
| 134 | Lease \# 4 | H8 | \$ . |  |  | \$ . | \$ | \$ . | \$ . | NA |  |  |  | \$ . |
| 14 | Limited Period Patents, Franchises, Concessions or Licences | H8 | \$ - |  |  | \$ . | \$ | \$ | \$ - | NA |  |  |  | \$ - |
| 14.1 | Eligible Capital Property (acq'd pre 2017) | H8 | \$ |  |  | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ - | 7\% | \$ | - |  | \$ . |
| 14.1 | Eligible Capital Property (acq'd post 2016) | H8 | \$ 916,306 |  |  | \$ . | \$ 916,306 | \$ . | \$ | 5\% | \$ | 45,815 |  | \$ 870,491 |
| 17 | Elec. Generation Equip. (Non-BIdng, acq'd post Feb 27/00); Roads, Lots, Storage | H8 | \$ 174,167 |  |  | \$ . | \$ 174,167 | \$ . | \$ - | 8\% | \$ | 13,933 |  | \$ 160,234 |
| 42 | Fibre Optic Cable | H8 | \$ |  |  | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ - | 12\% | \$ | - |  | \$ |
| 43.1 | Certain Clean Energy/Energy-Efficient Generation Equipment | H8 | \$ - |  |  | \$ . | \$ | \$ | \$ - | 30\% | \$ | - |  | \$ . |
| 43.2 | Certain Clean Energy/Energy-Efficient Generation Equipment | H8 | \$ - |  |  | \$ . | \$ | \$ | - | 50\% | \$ | - |  | \$ - |
| 45 | Computers \& System Software (acq'd post Mar 22/04 and pre Mar 19/07) | H8 | 11 |  |  | \$ . | 11 | \$ | \$ | 45\% | \$ | 5 |  | \$ 6 |
| 46 | Data Network Infrastructure Equipment (acq'd post <br> Mar 22/04) | H8 | \$ |  |  | \$ . | \$ - | \$ . | \$ - | 30\% | \$ | - |  | \$ - |
| 47 | Distribution System (acq'd post Feb 22/05) | H8 | \$ 68,476,452 | \$12,645,147 | 12,645,147 | \$ | \$ 81,121,599 | \$ 6,322,574 | 0 | 8\% | \$ | 6,995,534 |  | \$ 74,126,065 |
| 50 | General Purpose Computer Hardware \& Software (acq'd post Mar 18/07) | H8 | \$ 56,677 | \$ 473,500 | S | \$ 473,500 | \$ 530,177 | \$ . | \$ 473,500 | 55\% | \$ | 504,672 |  | \$ 25,505 |
| 95 | CWIP | $\underline{\text { H8 }}$ | \$ . |  |  |  | \$ | - | \$ | 0\% | \$ | - |  | \$ . |
| 4 | building | H8 | \$ 890,705 |  |  |  | \$ 890,705 | \$ - | \$ - | 6\% | \$ | 53,442 |  | \$ 837,263 |
| 7 | Boat | H8 | \$ 12,024 |  |  |  | \$ 12,024 | \$ . | \$ - | 15\% | \$ | 1,804 |  | \$ 10,220 |
|  | TOTALS |  | \$ 120,204,602 | \$13,721,292 | 12,645,147 | 1,076,145 | \$ 133,925,894 | \$ 6,322,574 | \$ 1,076,145 |  | \$ | 10,535,610 | $\underline{1}$ | \$ 123,390,284 |

Table 6-12: 2024 CCA Continuity Schedule

| $\stackrel{(1)}{\text { Class }}$ | Class Description | Working <br> Paper Reference | (A) UCC Regulated Historical Year | $\begin{gathered} \text { (B) } \\ \text { Additions } \end{gathered}$ | (C) <br> Additions that are Designated Accelerated Investment | (D) <br> Additional that are Designated for Immediate Expensing | (E) UCC Before Adjustment | (F) <br> UCC <br> Adjustment for AllP | (G) UCC Adjustment for DIEP | $\begin{gathered} (H) \\ \text { CCA Rate } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} (1) \\ \text { Test Year CCA } \\ (\mathrm{A})+(\mathrm{D})+(\mathrm{F}) *(\mathrm{H})+(\mathrm{G} \\ 11 \end{gathered}$ |  | UCC End of Test Year (E) - (I) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Buildings, Distribution System (acq'd post 1987) | H8 | \$ 46,010,718 |  |  |  | \$ 46,010,718 | \$ - | \$ - | 4\% | \$ 1,840,429 |  | \$ 44,170,289 |
| 1b | Non-Residential Buildings [Reg. 1100(1)(a.1) election] | H8 | \$ 239,021 |  |  |  | 239,021 | \$ - | \$ - | 6\% | \$ 14,341 |  | \$ 224,680 |
| 2 | Distribution System (acq'd pre 1988) | H8 | \$ - |  |  |  | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 6\% | \$ . |  | \$ |
| $13_{1}$ | Buildings (acq'd pre 1988) | H8 | \$ - |  |  |  | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 5\% | \$ - |  | \$ . |
| $13_{2}$ | Certain Buildings; Fences | H8 | \$ - |  |  |  | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 10\% | \$ - |  | \$ - |
| $13_{3}$ | General Office Equipment, Furniture, Fixtures | H8 | 507,648 | \$ 171,170 | \$ 171,170 |  | 678,818 | \$ - | \$ - | 20\% | 135,764 |  | 543,054 |
| 13. | Motor Vehicles, Fleet | H8 | 603,114 | 600,000 | 600,000 |  | 1,203,114 | \$ - | \$ - | 30\% | 360,934 |  | 842,180 |
| 10.1 | Certain Automobiles | H8 | \$ - |  |  |  | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 30\% | \$ - |  | \$ - |
| 14.1 | Eligible Capital Property (acq'd pre Jan 1, 2017) | H8 | \$ - |  |  |  | \$ - | \$ - | \$ . | 100\% | \$ . |  | \$ |
| 14.1 | Eligible Capital Property (acq'd post Jan 1, 2017) | H8 | \$ - |  |  |  | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | NA |  |  | \$ . |
| 132 | Lease \# 2 | H8 | \$ - |  |  |  | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | NA |  |  | \$ - |
| 133 | Lease \# 3 | H8 | \$ - |  |  |  | \$ - | \$ - | \$ . | NA |  |  | \$ . |
| 134 | Lease \# 4 | H8 | \$ - |  |  |  | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | NA |  |  | \$ . |
| 14 | Limited Period Patents, Franchises, Concessions or Licences | H8 | \$ |  |  |  | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | NA |  |  | \$ |
| 14.1 | Eligible Capital Property (acq'd pre 2017) | H8 | \$ - |  |  |  | \$ - | \$ . | \$ - | 7\% | \$ - |  | \$ . |
| 14.1 | Eligible Capital Property (acq'd post 2016) | H8 | \$ 870,491 |  |  |  | 870,491 | \$ - | \$ . | 5\% | 43,525 |  | \$ 826,966 |
| 17 | Elec. Generation Equip. (Non-Bldng, acq'd post Feb 27/00); Roads, Lots, Storage | H8 | 160,234 |  |  |  | 160,234 | \$ | \$ | 8\% | 12,819 |  | \$ 147,415 |
| 42 | Fibre Optic Cable | H8 | \$ - |  |  |  | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 12\% | \$ - |  | \$ . |
| 43.1 | Certain Clean Energy/Energy-Efficient Generation Equipment | H8 | \$ - |  |  |  | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 30\% | \$ - |  | \$ . |
| 43.2 | Certain Clean Energy/Energy-Efficient Generation Equipment | H8 | \$ - |  |  |  | \$ - | \$ . | \$ . | 50\% | \$ - |  | \$ . |
| 45 | Computers \& System Software (acq'd post Mar 22/04 and pre Mar 19/07) | H8 | 6 |  |  |  | \$ 6 | \$ . | \$ . | 45\% | \$ 3 |  | 3 |
| 46 | Data Network Infrastructure Equipment (acq'd post Mar 22/04) | H8 | \$ - |  |  |  | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 30\% | \$ - |  | \$ . |
| 47 | Distribution System (acq'd post Feb 22/05) | H8 | \$ 74,126,065 | \$ 13,449,302 | \$ 13,449,302 |  | \$ 87,575,367 | \$ - | 0 | 8\% | 7,006,029 |  | \$ 80,569,338 |
| 50 | General Purpose Computer Hardware \& Software (acq'd post Mar 18/07) | $\underline{\text { H8 }}$ | 25,505 | \$ 356,000 | \$ 356,000 |  | 381,505 | \$ - | \$ - | 55\% | 209,828 |  | \$ 171,677 |
| 95 | CWIP | H8 | \$ |  |  |  | \$ - | \$ . | \$ | 0\% | \$ |  | \$ . |
| 4 | building | H8 | \$ 837,263 |  |  |  | 837,263 | \$ - | \$ . | 6\% | 50,236 |  | \$ 787,027 |
| 7 | Boat | H8 | \$ 10,220 |  |  |  | 10,220 | \$ . | \$ . | 15\% | 1,533 |  | 8,687 |
|  | totals |  | \$ 123,390,284 | \$ 14,576,472 | \$ 14,576,472 | \$ . | \$ 137,966,756 | \$ . | 0 |  | 9,675,439 | B1 | \$ 128,291,317 |

A reconciliation between SNC's December 31, 2022, UCC balance per the filed tax return and the balance used for the opening UCC balance for the 2023 Bridge Year is provided in Table 6-13 as follows:

Table 6-13: Reconciliation of The 2022 UCC Balance

| Reconciliation of 2022 UCC Balance |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| December 31, 2022 UCC balance per S(8) | $120,292,137$ |
| Less non-wire balances |  |
| Solar Panels | $(8,289)$ |
| Sentinal Lights | $(30,761)$ |
| Power House Project | $(48,485)$ |
| Opening UCC balance used for 2016 Test Yeal | $\mathbf{1 2 0 , 2 0 4 , 6 0 2}$ |

### 6.5.5 Future Employee Benefits

Table 6-14: TAXABle Add Back for Future Employee

| Taxable Add Back for Future Employee Benefits |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Actuarial expenses | 151,097 |
| Benefits paid | $(99,435)$ |
| Portion of expense capitalized | $(40,476)$ |
| Add back(deduct) on T2S(1) | 11,186 |

## Right of Use Asset and Capital Lease Liability

SNC utilizes IFRS 16 accounting for leases to record a Right of Use asset and a corresponding lease liability. The accounting for these two items results in a mismatch between the actual lease payments and expenses for IFRS purposes. For tax purposes only the actual lease payments are deductible, net increase to taxable income of $\$ 55,722$.

Capital Contributions Received
For accounting purposes SNC records depreciation on gross assets and then records a proportionate share of the customer contributions as an offset. For tax purposes the assets are added to the schedule 8 on a net basis requiring both an add back of the depreciation and the customer contribution.

## Board Tax Model

SNC has completed the Board's Tax model submitted in Excel format as part of this Application.

### 6.5.6 Accelerated CCA

On July 25, 2019, the OEB released a letter titled Accounting Direction Regarding Bill C-97 and Other Changes in Regulatory or Legislated Tax Rules for Capital Cost Allowance. This letter discusses the government's Accelerated Investment Incentive Program ("AllP"). This program allowed taxpayers to claim $3 x$ the normal CCA on asset purchase (1.5X the full year rate) in the year of acquisition. In addition, on April 19, 2021, the government announced new rules allowing for immediate expensing of up to $\$ 1.5$ million of capital asset purchases per year. This new tax provision was available for property included in classes other than property included in CCA classes 1 to $6,14.1,17,47,49$, and 51 , which are generally long-lived assets.

SNC has taken full advantage of all the credits available under these two programs between 2019 and projected into 2023, resulting in $\$ 5,173,523$ more CCA taken over the period than under the pre 2019 rules, this resulted in a before interest balance in the 1592 PILs and Tax Variance account of \$1,865,284.

1

Table 6-15: 1592 PILs and Tax Variance Account Reconciliation

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 3}$ | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| CCA-OLD RULES | $8,617,541$ | $8,756,649$ | $8,715,731$ | $8,989,885$ | $9,423,655$ | $44,503,461$ |
| CCA-AIIP and DIEP RULES | $9,852,475$ | $9,283,713$ | $9,364,083$ | $10,641,103$ | $10,535,610$ | $49,676,984$ |
| Increase in CCA | $1,234,934$ | 527,064 | 648,352 | $1,651,218$ | $1,111,955$ | $5,173,523$ |
| Tax Impact | 327,258 | 139,672 | 171,813 | 437,573 | 294,668 | $1,370,984$ |
| Grossed-up | 445,248 | 190,030 | 233,760 | 595,337 | 400,909 | $1,865,284$ |

SNC is requesting to dispose of the forecasted balance to the end of 2023 plus interest. The difference between actual capital additions and budgeted capital additions, used as the basis for the 2023 CCA amount, will be immaterial and SNC is not requesting to continue to use account 1592 for the accumulated CCA tax variance going forward as it all has been reflected in its 2024 PILs tax calculation.

During the same period SNC amassed $\$ 3.9$ million dollars in loss carryforwards, however these losses were triggered because of the additional CCA refunded to customers through the 1592 account. As such, no further tax losses were utilized in the calculation of the PILS amount owing.

### 6.5.7 Calculation of Tax Credits

SNC did not include any tax credits, other additions, or deductions in its 2024 Test Year.

### 6.6 OTHER TAXES

Each year, SNC is required for each applicable property that they own to make payments to the Ontario Electricity Financial Corporation in respect of the liability imposed under subsection 92(1) of the Electricity Act, 1998. SNC corporation included these Payment In Lieu of Property Tax payments in account 6105.

### 6.7 NON-RECOVERABLE AND DISALLOWED EXPENSES

Other than revenue and expenses from unregulated activities excluded from the regulated tax calculation, SNC does not have any expense deducted for general tax purposes but for which recovery in 2024 distribution rates would be partially or fully disallowed.

### 6.8 OTHER REVENUE

### 6.8.1 OVERVIEW

SNC continues to earn Other Revenue, which is any revenue related to distribution activities in nature but sourced from means other than distribution rates. There are four major categories to Other Revenues: Specific Charges, Late Payment Charges, Other Operating Revenues and Other Income or Deductions. In this rate, Application SNC has forecasted the 2024 Test year amount of \$2,700,006.

Table 6-16 below provides a high-level summary and comparison of these Revenue Offset four categories for the 2017 Board Approved Proxy, the Historic years 2017 through 2022, the 2023 Bridge Year and the 2024 Test Year. Revenue or costs (including interest) associated with deferral and variance accounts have not been included in Other Revenue.

SNC does not have any discrete customer groups that may be materially impacted by changes to other rates, and charges.

Table 6-16: Summary of Other Revenue

| Description | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ Actuals | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ Actuals | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ Actuals | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ Actuals | 2021 Actuals | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ Actuals | $\mathbf{2 0 2 3}$ Bridge <br> Year | $\mathbf{2 0 2 4}$ Test <br> Year |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Specific Service Charges | 322,188 | 376,142 | 261,461 | 197,197 | 258,830 | 276,796 | 207,882 | 188,065 |
| Late Payment Charges | 370,888 | 364,528 | 361,873 | 273,762 | 326,650 | 325,609 | 366,000 | 366,000 |
| Other Operating Revenues | $1,122,283$ | $1,121,789$ | $1,154,405$ | $1,261,908$ | $1,180,728$ | $1,346,368$ | $1,506,695$ | $2,055,392$ |
| Other Income or Deductions | $(79,917)$ | 120,120 | $(29,752)$ | 101,029 | 91,208 | $(180,358)$ | 298,070 | 90,550 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 , 7 3 5 , 4 4 1}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 9 8 2 , 5 7 9}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 7 4 7 , 9 8 8}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 8 3 3 , 8 9 7}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 8 5 7 , 4 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 7 6 8 , 4 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 2 , 3 7 8 , 6 4 7}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 2 , 7 0 0 , 0 0 6}$ |

More details of Other Revenue amounts earned and expected to be earned in the Bridge and Test Years can be found in Attachment 6-C, consistent with Board Appendix 2-H.

### 6.8.2 Other Revenue Variance Analysis

The following variance analysis has been provided based on SNC's materiality threshold of \$178,000.
Table 6-17 below shows the variances by major Other Revenue category.

## Table 6-17: Other Revenue Variance Analysis

| Description | 2017 Actuals | 2018 Actuals | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Variance } \\ & 2017 \text { Act v } \\ & 2018 \text { Act } \end{aligned}$ | 2019 Actuals | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Variance } \\ & 2018 \text { Act V } \\ & 2019 \text { Act } \end{aligned}$ | 2020 Actuals | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Variance } \\ & 2019 \text { Act v } \\ & 2020 \text { Act } \end{aligned}$ | 2021 Actuals | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Variance } \\ 2020 \text { Act v } \\ 2021 \text { Act } \end{array}\right\|$ | 2022 Actuals | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Variance } \\ 2021 \text { Act v } \\ 2022 \text { Act } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} 2023 \text { Bridge } \\ \text { Year } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Variance } \\ 2022 \text { Act v } \\ 2023 \text { Act } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2024 \text { Test } \\ & \text { Year } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Variance } \\ 2023 \text { Act V } \\ 2024 \text { Act } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific Service Charges | 322,188 | 376,142 | $(53,954)$ | 261,461 | 114,680 | 197,197 | 64,264 | 258,830 | $(61,632)$ | 276,796 | $(17,967)$ | 207,882 | 68,914 | 188,065 | 19,817 |
| Late Payment Charges | 370,888 | 364,528 | 6,360 | 361,873 | 2,655 | 273,762 | 88,112 | 326,650 | $(52,888)$ | 325,609 | 1,041 | 366,000 | $(40,391)$ | 366,000 | 0 |
| Other Operating Revenues | 1,122,283 | 1,121,789 | 494 | 1,154,405 | $(32,616)$ | 1,261,908 | $(107,503)$ | 1,180,728 | 81,181 | 1,346,368 | $(165,640)$ | 1,506,695 | $(160,327)$ | 2,055,392 | $(548,697)$ |
| Other Income or Deductions | $(79,917)$ | 120,120 | $(200,037)$ | $(29,752)$ | 149,872 | 101,029 | $(130,781)$ | 91,208 | 9,821 | $(180,358)$ | 271,566 | 298,070 | $(478,428)$ | 90,550 | 207,520 |
| Total | \$ 1,735,441 | \$ 1,982,579 | -\$ 247,138 | \$ 1,747,988 | \$ 234,591 | \$ 1,833,897 | -\$ 85,908 | \$ 1,857,415 | -\$ 23,519 | \$ 1,768,415 | \$ 89,001 | \$ 2,378,647 | -\$ 610,232 | \$ 2,700,006 | -\$ 321,360 |

## 2017 Actuals vs. 2018 Actual

SNC experienced an overall increase in Other Income or Deductions of $\$ 200,037$ due to the following:

- The loss on disposition of property dropped approximately $\$ 100,000$
- Sale of scrapped material increased by approximately $\$ 137,000$


## 2021 Actual vs. 2022 Actual

SNC experienced an overall decrease in Other Income or Deductions of $\$ 271,566$ due to the following:

- A decrease in regulatory income of $\$ 222,043$ relating to capitalization policy differences between KHEC and SNC. Total expenses under IFRS were less than total expenses under CGAAP as a result of depreciation. These amounts will be paid back to customers as a DVA.
- Increase in interest income as a result of changes to interest rates during the period \$69,879.
- SNC sold 2 pieces of property in 2021 for $\$ 143,768$, see section 1.4.11 OEB Directions from Previous Decisions and/or order.

2022 Actual vs. 2023 Bridge Year

SNC experienced an overall increase in Other Income or Deductions of $\$ 478,428$, due to the following two items:

- Interest rates increased from $2.45 \%$ in early 2022 to $6.7 \%$ in 2023 up $\$ 253,169$.
- Changes in regulatory adjustments of $\$ 175,945$. Given the fluctuation in this balance, SNC budgeted based on 2021 levels, with the expectation that this account will return to a credit position in the year. This revenue item will no longer exist after the disposal of the DVA as part of the rate setting process.


## 2023 Bridge Year vs. 2024 Test Year

SNC is anticipating an overall increase in Other Operating Revenues of 548,697 which is entirely driven by expected changes to wireline pole attachment charges. SNC was previously approved for rates of $\$ 22.35$ and is now requesting rates of $\$ 37.78$ per attachment as per decision and order EB-2021-0302. Further to the OEB report EB-2015-0304 and subsequent guidance, TBHEDI, KHEC, and SNC have included an additionally collected revenue in Account 1508 for disposal with this application.

SNC is expecting a decrease in Other Income or Deductions of $\$ 207,520$. as a result of expected decrease in interest rates over 2023, combined with losses on disposal of utility and other property that are expected to be more in line with historical losses.

### 6.8.3 Specific Service Charge

SNC is proposing to maintain its Specific Service Charges ("SSC") as approved by the Board in its Decision and Order in SNC's 2016 Distribution Rate application (Board File No. EB-2015-0103), with one exception, the current rate of $\$ 15.00$ per Easement letter has been updated to $\$ 26.75$. This charge will recover the cost of this thirty-minute task (performed by an engineer) at anticipated 2024 wage plus benefit costs.

### 6.8.4 Affiliate Transactions

Revenues from Non-Utility Operations include billings to Thunder Bay Hydro Utility Services Inc. for Meter Service Provider Services and Locate Services provided to northern commercial, industrial, and municipal customers.

The revenue is recorded in account 4375 . The costs associated with these services include wages, benefits, and trucking and are recorded in account 4380.

SNC also bills Thunder Bay Hydro Utility Services Inc. for various back-office services provided to other Northwestern Ontario LDCs. SNC considers these activity billings as ancillary distribution revenues and, as such, has included both the revenues and related costs of earning such revenues in OEB account 4220. Table 6-18 below provides the reconciliation of the revenue from affiliates as detailed in foregoing tables with the amounts included in Exhibit 6, Section 6.8 Other Revenue.

### 6.8.5 Other Operating Revenue - MicroFit Revenue

SNC has recorded $\$ 12,940$ relating to MicroFIT Revenue in account 4235 in accordance with the OEB checklist requirement. It is based on the OEB's monthly rate and charges for MicroFIT service of $\$ 4.55$ per month.

|  | 2017 Actual | 2018 Actual | 2019 Actual | 2020 Actual | 2021 Actual | 2022 Actual | 2023 Bridge Year | $\begin{gathered} 2024 \text { Test } \\ \text { Year } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Shared Services Revenue | $(1,011,301)$ | $(938,149)$ | $(448,511)$ | $(460,052)$ | $(529,738)$ | $(502,131)$ | $(563,638)$ | (594,769) |
| Less excluded transactions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Board Cost-TBHC | 8,495 | 6,610 | 7,864 | 6,989 | 8,193 | 11,410 | 15,445 | 14,853 |
| Renewable Generation Activity | 98,157 | 44,739 | 50,711 | 50,148 | 45,581 | 63,743 | 71,919 | 71,960 |
|  | $(904,649)$ | $(886,800)$ | $(389,936)$ | $(402,915)$ | $(475,964)$ | $(426,979)$ | $(476,273)$ | $(507,956)$ |
| Total Shared Services Costs | 964,241 | 876,284 | 394,642 | 407,927 | 424,265 | 388,812 | 441,539 | 488,327 |
| Less excluded transactions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Board Cost-TBHC | $(8,495)$ | $(6,610)$ | $(7,864)$ | $(6,989)$ | $(8,193)$ | $(11,410)$ | $(15,445)$ | $(14,853)$ |
| Renewable Generation Activity | $(91,665)$ | $(39,664)$ | $(43,739)$ | $(44,659)$ | $(39,013)$ | $(54,374)$ | $(58,577)$ | $(59,273)$ |
|  | 864,081 | 830,011 | 343,039 | 356,279 | 377,060 | 323,028 | 367,516 | 414,201 |
| Net Wires Shared Services Revenue | $(40,568)$ | $(56,789)$ | $(46,897)$ | $(46,636)$ | $(98,905)$ | $(103,951)$ | $(108,757)$ | $(93,755)$ |
| 4220 Other Electric Revenues | $(20,734)$ | $(24,516)$ | $(10,324)$ | $(11,823)$ | $(28,092)$ | $(105,283)$ | $(63,355)$ | $(49,704)$ |
| 4375 Revenues from Non-Utility Of | $(204,600)$ | $(224,647)$ | $(248,793)$ | $(241,310)$ | $(253,822)$ | $(272,385)$ | $(300,781)$ | $(324,597)$ |
| 4380 Expenses of Non-Utility Oper | 186,942 | 192,376 | 212,615 | 206,434 | 216,529 | 233,861 | 255,379 | 280,546 |
|  | $(38,392)$ | $(56,787)$ | $(46,502)$ | $(46,699)$ | $(65,385)$ | $(143,807)$ | $(108,757)$ | $(93,755)$ |
| Reconciling Items: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Allocation Errors | $(2,176)$ | (2) | (395) | 63 | $(33,520)$ | 39,856 |  |  |
| Reconciled Revenue | $(40,568)$ | $(56,789)$ | $(46,897)$ | $(46,636)$ | $(98,905)$ | $(103,951)$ | $(108,757)$ | $(93,755)$ |

# EXHIBIT 6 <br> ATTACHMENT 6 - A 

REVENUE REQUIREMENT WORK FORM (RRWF MODEL)

## Ontario Energy Board

## Revenue-Requirement Workform (RRWF) for 2023 Filers



The RRWF has been enhanced commencing with 2017 rate applications to provide estimated base distribution rates. The enhanced RRWF is not intended to replace a utility's formal rate generailer model which should continue to be the source of the proposed rates as well as the final ones at the conclusion of the proceeding. The load forecasting addition made to this model is intended to be demonstrative only and does not replace the information filed in the utility's application. In an effort to minimize the incremental work required ir

This Workbook Model is protected by copyright and is being made available to you solely for the purpose of filing your application. You may use and copy this model for that purpose and provide a copy of this model to any person that is advising or assisting you in that regard. Except as indicated above, any copyying, reproduction, publication, sale, adaptation, translation, modification, reverse engineering or other use or dissemination of this model without the express written consent of the Ontario Energy Board is prohibited. If you provid agrees to the restrictions noted above.
While this model has been provided in Excel format and is required to be filed with the applications, the onus remains on the applicant to ensure the accuracy of the data and the results.

## 蟹 Ontario Energy Board

## Revenue Requirement Workform (RRWF) for 2023 Filers

\author{

1. Info <br> 2. Table of Contents <br> 3. Data Input Sheet <br> 4. Rate Base <br> 5. Utility Income <br> 6. Taxes PILs <br> 7. Cost of Capital
}

Notes
(1)
(2)
(3)
(4)
(5)

Pale green cells represent inputs
Pale green boxes at the bottom of each page are for additional notes
Pale yellow cells represent drop-down lists
Please note that this model uses MACROS. Before starting, please ensure that macros have been enabled.
Completed versions of the Revenue Requirement Work Form are required to be filed in working Microsoft Excel format.

# Revenue Requirement Workform (RRWF) for 2023 Filers 

## Data Input ${ }^{(1)}$

$1 \quad \frac{\text { Rate Base }}{\text { Gross Fix }}$
Gross Fixed Assets (average)
Accumulated Depreciation (average)
Allowance for Working Capital:
Controllable Expenses
Cost of Power
Working Capital Rate (\%)
2 Utility Income
Operating Revenues.
Distribution Revenue at Current Rates Distribution Revenue at Proposed Rates Other Revenue:
Specific Service Charges
Late Payment Charges
Other Distribution Revenue
Other Income and Deductions
Total Revenue Offsets
Operating Expenses:
OM+A Expenses
Depreciation/Amortization
Property taxes
Other expenses
3 Taxes/PILs
Taxable Income:
Adjustments required to arrive at taxable income
Utility Income Taxes and Rates:
Income taxes (not grossed up)
Income taxes (grossed up)
Federal tax (\%)
Provincial tax (\%)
Income Tax Credits
4 Capitalization/Cost of Capital Capital Structure
Long-term debt Capitalization Ratio (\%) Short-term debt Capitalization Ratio (\%) Common Equity Capitalization Ratio (\%) Prefered Shares Capitalization Ratio (\%)


Cost of Capital
Long-term debt Cost Rate (\%)
Short-term debt Cost Rate (\%)
Common Equity Cost Rate (\%)
Prefered Shares Cost Rate (\%)

Initial
(2)
Application

## \$283,741,623

 (\$134,005,780)\$21,434,661 \$109,695,350
$7.50 \%{ }^{(9)}$
\$691,534
\$940,862 15.00\%
11.50\%

\$ 283,741,623 (\$134,005,780)
\$ 21,434,661
109,695,350

## Per Board

Decision
\$283,741,623
(\$134,005,780)
\$21,434,661
\$109,695,350


```
```

\$ 21,432,230

```
```

\$ 21,432,230
2,431

```
```

    2,431
    ```
```



General Data inputs are required on Sheets 3. Data from Sheet 3 will automatically complete calculations on sheets 4 through 9 (Rate Base through Revenue Requirement). Sheets 4 through 9 do not require any inputs except for notes that the Applicant may wish to enter to support the results. Pale green cells are available on sheets 4 through 9 to enter both footnotes beside key cells and the related text for the notes at the bottom of each sheet.
(1) All inputs are in dollars (\$) except where inputs are individually identified as percentages (\%)
(2) Data in column E is for Application as originally filed. For updated revenue requirement as a result of interrogatory responses, technical or settlement conferences, etc. use column M and Adjustments in column I
(3) Net of addbacks and deductions to arrive at taxable income.
(4) Average of Gross Fixed Assets at beginning and end of the Test Year
(5) Average of Accumulated Depreciation at the beginning and end of the Test Year. Enter as a negative amount. Select option from drop-down list by clicking on cell M12. This column allows for the application update reflecting the end of discovery or Argument-in-Chief. Also, the outcome of any Settlement Process can be reflected.
(7) Input total revenue offsets for deriving the base revenue requirement from the service revenue requirement
(8) $4.0 \%$ unless an Applicant has proposed or been approved for another amount.
${ }^{\text {(9) The }}$ The default Working Capital Allowance factor is $7.5 \%$ (of Cost of Power plus controllable expenses), per the letter issued by the Board on June 3, 2015. Alternatively, a WCA factor based on lead-lag study, with supporting rationale could be provided.

## 䍂 Ontario Energy Board

## Revenue Requirement Workform (RRWF) for 2023 Filers

## Rate Base and Working Capital

| Rate Base |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Line No. | Particulars |  | Initial Application |  |  |  | Per Board Decision |
| 1 | Gross Fixed Assets (average) | (2) | \$283,741,623 | \$ - | \$283,741,623 | \$ - | \$283,741,623 |
| 2 | Accumulated Depreciation (average) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (\$134,005,780) | \$ - | (\$134,005,780) | \$ - | (\$134,005,780) |
| 3 | Net Fixed Assets (average) | (2) | \$149,735,843 | \$ - | \$149,735,843 | \$ | \$149,735,843 |
| 4 | Allowance for Working Capital | (1) | \$9,834,751 | (\$9,834,751) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| 5 | Total Rate Base |  | \$159,570,594 | (\$9,834,751) | \$149,735,843 | \$ | \$149,735,843 |

(1) Allowance for Working Capital - Derivation

| Controllable Expenses |  | \$21,434,661 | \$ | \$21,434,661 | \$ - | \$21,434,661 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost of Power |  | \$109,695,350 | \$ - | \$109,695,350 | \$ - | \$109,695,350 |
| Working Capital Base |  | \$131,130,010 | \$ - | \$131,130,010 | \$ - | \$131,130,010 |
| Working Capital Rate \% | (1) | 7.50\% | -7.50\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% |
| Working Capital Allowance |  | \$9,834,751 | 34,751) | \$- | \$- | \$ - |

[^0]
## Ontario Energy Board

## Revenue Requirement Workform (RRWF) for 2023 Filers

## Utility Income



## Notes Other Revenues / Revenue Offsets

| Specific Service Charges | \$188,065 |  | \$ |  | \$ - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Late Payment Charges | \$366,000 |  | \$ - |  | \$ - |
| Other Distribution Revenue | \$2,055,392 |  | \$ - |  | \$ - |
| Other Income and Deductions | \$90,550 |  | \$ - |  | \$ - |
| Total Revenue Offsets | \$2,700,006 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |

# 捊 Ontario Energy Board <br> Revenue Requirement Workform (RRWF) for 2023 Filers 

## Taxes/PILs

| Line <br> No. | Particulars | Application |  | Per Board Decision |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Determination of Taxable Income |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Utility net income before taxes | \$5,974,323 | \$ - | \$ - |
| 2 | Adjustments required to arrive at taxable utility income | (\$3,364,761) | \$ - | \$ - |
| 3 | Taxable income | \$2,609,562 | \$ - | \$ - |
| Calculation of Utility income Taxes |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Income taxes | \$691,534 | \$691,534 | \$691,534 |
| 6 | Total taxes | \$691,534 | \$691,534 | \$691,534 |
| 7 | Gross-up of Income Taxes | \$249,329 | \$249,329 | \$249,329 |
| 8 | Grossed-up Income Taxes | \$940,862 | \$940,862 | \$940,862 |
| 9 | PILs / tax Allowance (Grossed-up Income taxes + Capital taxes) | \$940,862 | \$940,862 | \$940,862 |
| 10 | Other tax Credits | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Tax Rates |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | Federal tax (\%) | 15.00\% | 15.00\% | 15.00\% |
| 12 | Provincial tax (\%) | 11.50\% | 11.50\% | 11.50\% |
| 13 | Total tax rate (\%) | $\underline{ }$ | $\underline{ }$ | $\underline{ }$ |

## Ontario Energy Board

## Revenue Requirement Workform (RRWF) for 2023 Filers

## Capitalization/Cost of Capital

| Line No. | Particulars | Capitalization Ratio |  | Cost Rate | Return |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial Application |  |  |  |
|  |  | (\%) | (\$) | (\%) | (\$) |
|  | Debt |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Long-term Debt | 56.00\% | \$89,359,533 | 4.28\% | \$3,826,628 |
| 2 | Short-term Debt | 4.00\% | \$6,382,824 | 4.79\% | \$305,737 |
| 3 | Total Debt | 60.00\% | \$95,742,356 | 4.32\% | \$4,132,366 |
|  | Equity |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Common Equity | 40.00\% | \$63,828,238 | 9.36\% | \$5,974,323 |
| 5 | Preferred Shares | 0.00\% | \$ | 0.00\% | \$ |
| 6 | Total Equity | 40.00\% | \$63,828,238 | 9.36\% | \$5,974,323 |
| 7 | Total | 100.00\% | \$159,570,594 | 6.33\% | \$10,106,689 |
|  |  | (\%) | (\$) | (\%) | (\$) |
|  | Debt |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Long-term Debt | 0.00\% | \$ - | 0.00\% | \$ |
| 2 | Short-term Debt | 0.00\% | \$ - | 0.00\% | \$ |
| 3 | Total Debt | 0.00\% | \$- | 0.00\% | \$ |
|  | Equity |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Common Equity | 0.00\% | \$ - | 0.00\% | \$ |
| 5 | Preferred Shares | 0.00\% | \$ - | 0.00\% | \$ |
| 6 | Total Equity | 0.00\% | \$ - | 0.00\% | \$ |
| 7 | Total | 0.00\% | \$149,735,843 | 0.00\% | \$ - |
|  |  | Per Board Decision |  |  |  |
|  | Debt | (\%) | (\$) | (\%) | (\$) |
| 8 | Long-term Debt | 0.00\% | \$ - | 4.28\% | \$ |
| 9 | Short-term Debt | 0.00\% | \$ | 4.79\% | \$ |
| 10 | Total Debt | 0.00\% | \$- | 0.00\% | \$ |
|  | Equity |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | Common Equity | 0.00\% | \$ - | 9.36\% | \$ - |
| 12 | Preferred Shares | 0.00\% | \$ - | 0.00\% | \$ |
| 13 | Total Equity | 0.00\% | \$ - | 0.00\% | \$ - |
| 14 | Total | 0.00\% | \$149,735,843 | 0.00\% | \$ |

## Ontario Energy Board <br> Revenue Requirement Workform (RRWF) for 2023 Filers

## Revenue Deficiency/Sufficiency



## Notes

(1)

[^1]
## 罗 Ontario Energy Board

## Revenue Requirement Workform (RRWF) for 2023 Filers

## Revenue Requirement



Summary Table of Revenue Requirement and Revenue Deficiency/Sufficiency

|  | Application |  | $\Delta \%{ }^{(2)}$ | Per Board Decision | $\Delta \%$ (2) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Service Revenue Requirement Grossed-Up Revenue Deficiency/(Sufficiency) | \$38,620,360 <br> \$7,442,333 | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \$ 28,513,672 \\ (\$ 1,675,620) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { (26.17\%) } \\ \text { (122.51\%) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 28,513,672 \\ \$ 27,572,809 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} (100.00 \%) \\ (100.00 \%) \end{array}$ |
| Base Revenue Requirement (to be recovered from Distribution Rates) | \$35,920,354 | \$28,513,672 | (20.62\%) | \$28,513,672 | (100.00\%) |
| Revenue Deficiency/(Sufficiency) Associated with Base Revenue Requirement | \$7,442,333 | \$ - | (100.00\%) | \$ - | (100.00\%) |

Notes
(1)

[^2]
# Revenue Requirement Workform (RRWF) for 2023 Filers 

## Load Forecast Summary

This spreadsheet provids a summary of the customer and load forecast on which the test year revenue requirement is derived. The amounts serve as the denominators for deriving the rates to recover the test year revenue requirement for purposes of this RRWF.

The information to be input is inclusive of any adjustments to kWh and kW to reflect the impacts of CDM programs up to and including CDM programs planned to be executed in the test year. i.e., the load forecast adjustments determined in Appendix 2-I should be incorporated into the entries. The inputs should correspond with the summary of the Load Forecast for the Test Year in Appendix 2-IB and in Exhibit 3 of the application.

Appendix 2-IB is still required to be filled out, as it also provides a year-over-year variance analysis of demand growth andf trends from historical actuals to the Bridge and Test Year forecasts.

Stage in Process:



987,726,571
1,195,976



## Notes:

${ }^{\text {(1) }}$ Input kW or kVA for those customer classes for which billing is based on demand (kW or kVA) versus energy consumption (kWh)

## Revenue Requirement Workform (RRWF) for 2023 Filers

## Cost Allocation and Rate Design

This spreadsheet replaces Appendix 2-P and provides a summary of the results from the Cost Allocation spreadsheet, and is used in the determination of the class revenue requirement and hence, ultimately, the determination of rates from customers in all classes to recover the revenue requirement.

Stage in Application Process: Initial Application
A) Allocated Costs

(1) Class Allocated Revenue Requirement, from Sheet $\mathrm{O}-1$, Revenue to Cost $\| \mathrm{RR}$, row 40 , from the Cost Allocation Study in this application. This excludes costs in deferral and variance accounts. For Embedded Distributors, Account 4750 - Low Voltage (LV) Costs are also excluded.
(2) Host Distributors - Provide information on any embedded distributor(s) as a separate class, if applicable. If embedded distributors are billed in a General Service class, include the allocated costs and revenues of the embedded distributor(s) in the applicable class, and also complete Appendix 2-Q
(3) Customer Classes - If these differ from those in place in the previous cost allocation study, modify the customer classes to match the proposal in the current application as closely as possible.
B) Calculated Class Revenues

(4) In columns 7B to 7D, LF means Load Forecast of Annual Billing Quantities (i.e., customers or connections, as applicable X 12 months, and kWh, kW or kVA as applicable. Revenue quantities should be net of the Transformer Ownership Allowance for applicable customer classes. Exclude revenues from rate adders and rate riders.
Colums 7C and 7D - Column Total should equal the Base Revenue Requirement for each.
(7) Column 7E - If using the OEB-issued cost allocation model, enter Miscellaneous Revenues as it appears on worksheet O-1, row 19
C) Rebalancing Revenue-to-Cost Ratios

(8) Previously Approved Revenue-to-Cost (R/C) Ratios - For most applicants, the most recent year would be the third year (at the latest) of the Price Cap IR period. For example, if the applicant, rebased in 2012 with further adjustments to move within the range over two years, the Most Recent Year would be 2015. However, the ratios in 2015 would be equal to those after the adjustment in 2014
(9) Status Quo Ratios - The OEB-issued cost allocation model provides the Status Quo Ratios on Worksheet O-1. The Status Quo means "Before Rebalancing".
(10) Ratios shown in red are outside of the allowed range. Applies to both Tables $C$ and $D$.
(D) Proposed Revenue-to-Cost Ratios ${ }^{(11)}$

| Name of Customer Class | Proposed Revenue-to-Cost Ratio |  |  | Policy Range |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Test Year | Price C |  |  |
|  | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 |  |
| 1 Residential | 99.50\% | 99.50\% | 99.50\% | 85-115 |
| 2 GS < 50 | 115.82\% | 114.44\% | 114.44\% | 80-120 |
| $3 \mathrm{GS}>50$ | 88.72\% | 88.72\% | 88.72\% | 80-120 |
| 4 Intermediate | 104.95\% | 104.95\% | 104.95\% | 80-120 |
| 5 Street Light | 69.59\% | 80.00\% | 80.00\% | 80-120 |
| 6 Sentinel Light | 90.54\% | 90.54\% | 90.54\% | 80-120 |
| 7 USL | 110.95\% | 110.95\% | 110.95\% | 80-120 |
| 8 |  |  |  |  |
| 10 |  |  |  |  |
| 11 |  |  |  |  |
| 12 |  |  |  |  |
| 13 |  |  |  |  |
| 14 15 |  |  |  |  |
| 16 |  |  |  |  |
| 17 |  |  |  |  |
| 18 |  |  |  |  |
| 19 20 |  |  |  |  |

(11) The applicant should complete Table $D$ if it is applying for approval of a revenue-to-cost ratio in 2021 that is outside of the OEB's policy range for any customer class. Table $D$ will show that the distributor is likely to enter into the 2022 and 2023 Price Cap IR models, as necessary. For 2022 and 2023 , enter the planned revenue-to-cost ratios that will be "Change" or "No (Cost Ratio Adjustment Workform, Worksheet C1. 1 'Decision - Cost Revenue Adiustment, column d). and enter TBD for class(es) that will be entered as 'Rebalance'.

# EXHIBIT 6 ATTACHMENT 6 - B CORPORATETAXRETURN 

Canada Revenue Agence du revenu Agency

## Information Return for Corporations Filing Electronically

- Do not send this form to the Canada Revenue Agency (CRA) unless we ask for it. We will not keep or return this form.
- Complete this return for every initial and amended T2 Corporation Income Tax Return electronically filed with the CRA on your behalf.
- By completing Part 2 and signing Part 3, you acknowledge that, under the federal Income Tax Act, you have to keep all records used to prepare your T2 Corporation Income Tax Return, and provide this information to us on request.
- Part 4 must be completed by either you or the electronic transmitter of your T2 Corporation Income Tax Return.
- Give the signed original of this return to the transmitter and keep a copy in your own records for six years.
- We are responsible for ensuring the confidentiality of your electronically filed tax information only after we have accepted your return.


## - Part 1 - Identification

| Corporation's name <br> SYNERGY NORTH CORPORATION |  |  | Business number892090614 RC0002 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tax <br> year start Year Month Day <br> $2022-01-01$ | Tax year-end | Year Month Day 2022-12-31 | Is this an amended return? | Yes | X | No |

## Get your CRA mail electronically delivered in My Business Account at canada.ca/my-cra-business-account (optional)

Email address:

I understand that by providing an email address, I am registering the corporation to receive email notifications from the CRA. I understand and agree that all notices and other correspondence eligible for electronic delivery will no longer be printed and mailed. The CRA will notify the corporation at this email address when they are available in My Business Account and requiring immediate attention. They will be presumed to have been received on the date that the email is sent. For more information, see canada.ca/cra-business-email-notifications.

| Enter the following amounts, if applicable, from the T2 return for the tax year noted above: |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Net income or loss for income tax purposes from Schedule 1, financial statements, or |  |
| General Index of Financial Information (GIFI) (line 300) | -1,570,770 |
| Part I tax payable (line 700) |  |
| Part III. 1 tax payable (line 710) |  |
| Part IV tax payable (line 712) |  |
| Part IV. 1 tax payable (line 716) |  |
| Part VI tax payable (line 720) |  |
| Part VI. 1 tax payable (line 724) |  |
| Part XIV tax payable (line 728) |  |
| Net provincial and territorial tax payable (line 760) | 61,163 |

## - Part 3 - Certification and authorization

I, Blazina $\quad$ Aast name $\quad$ First name $\quad$ Vice President - Finance $\quad$ Position, office, or rank
am an authorized signing officer of the corporation. I certify that I have examined the T2 Corporation Income Tax Return, including accompanying schedules and statements, and that the information given on the T2 return and this T183 Corp information return is, to the best of my knowledge, correct and complete. I also certify that the method of calculating income for this tax year is consistent with that of the previous tax year except as specifically disclosed in a statement attached to this return.
I authorize the transmitter identified in Part 4 to electronically file the T2 Corporation Income Tax Return identified in Part 1. The transmitter can also modify the information originally filed in response to any errors Canada Revenue Agency identifies. This authorization expires when the Minister of National Revenue accepts the electronic return as filed.

The CRA will accept an electronic signature if it is applied in accordance with the guidance specified by the CRA.

## -Part 4 - Transmitter identification

The following transmitter has electronically filed the tax return of the corporation identified in Part 1.
YOU NEED TO FIX THE CLIENT CONTACT
Name of person or firm
Electronic filer number

## - Privacy notice

Personal information is collected for the purposes of the administration or enforcement of the Income Tax Act and related programs and activities including administering tax, benefits, audit, compliance, and collection. The information collected may be used or disclosed for purposes of other federal acts that provide for the imposition and collection of a tax or duty. It may also be disclosed to other federal, provincial, territorial, or foreign government institutions to the extent authorized by law. Failure to provide this information may result in interest payable, penalties, or other actions. Under the Privacy Act, individuals have a right of protection, access to and correction of their personal information, or to file a complaint with the Privacy Commissioner of Canada regarding the handling of their personal information. Refer to Personal Information Bank CRA PPU 047 and CRA PPU 211 on Info Source at canada.ca/cra-info-source.

Canada Revenue Agency

This form serves as a federal, provincial, and territorial corporation income tax return, unless the corporation is located in corporation return.
All legislative references on this return are to the federal Income Tax Act and Income Tax Regulations. This return may contain changes that had not yet become law at the time of publication.
Send one completed copy of this return, including schedules and the General Index of Financial Information (GIFI), to your tax centre. You have to file the return within six months after the end of the corporation's tax year.
For more information see canada.ca/taxes or Guide T4012, T2 Corporation - Income Tax Guide.


## - Attachments

Financial statement information: Use GIFI schedules 100, 125, and 141.
Schedules - Answer the following questions. For each yes response, attach the schedule to the T 2 return, unless otherwise instructed.


T2 E (23)

| Attachments (continued) | Yes | Schedule |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Did the corporation have any foreign affiliates in the tax year? | 271 | T1134 |
| Did the corporation own or hold specified foreign property where the total cost amount of all such property, at any time in the year, was more than CAN $\$ 100,000$ ? | 259 | T1135 |
| Did the corporation transfer or loan property to a non-resident trust? | 260 | T1141 |
| Did the corporation receive a distribution from or was it indebted to a non-resident trust in the year? | 261 | T1142 |
| Has the corporation entered into an agreement to allocate assistance for SR\&ED carried out in Canada? | 262 | T1145 |
| Has the corporation entered into an agreement to transfer qualified expenditures incurred in respect of SR\&ED contracts? | 263 | T1146 |
| Has the corporation entered into an agreement with other associated corporations for salary or wages of specified employees for SR\&ED? | 264 | T1174 |
| Did the corporation pay taxable dividends (other than capital gains dividends) in the tax year? | 265 X | 55 |
| Has the corporation made an election under subsection 89(11) not to be a CCPC? | 266 | T2002 |
| Has the corporation revoked any previous election made under subsection 89(11)? | 267 | T2002 |
| Did the corporation (CCPC or deposit insurance corporation (DIC)) pay eligible dividends, or did its general rate income pool (GRIP) change in the tax year? | 268 X | 53 |
| Did the corporation (other than a CCPC or DIC) pay eligible dividends, or did its low rate income pool (LRIP) change in the tax year? | 269 | 54 |
| Is the corporation claiming a return of fuel charge proceeds to farmers tax credit? | 273 | 63 |
| Are you an employer reporting a non-qualified security agreement under subsection 110(1.9)? | 274 | 59 |
| Is the corporation claiming an air quality improvement tax credit? | 275 | 65 |
| Is the corporation subject to the additional $1.5 \%$ tax on banks and life insurers? | 276 | 68 |

## - Additional information



## - Taxable income

Net income or (loss) for income tax purposes from Schedule 1, financial statements, or GIFI Deduct:


* This amount is equal to 3.5 times the Part VI. 1 tax payable at line 724 on page 9.



| Do not complete this area if you are a Canadian-controlled private corporation, an investment corporation, a mortgage investment corporation, a mutual fund corporation, or any corporation with taxable income that is not subject to the corporation tax rate of $38 \%$. |  |  | J |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Taxable income from line 360 on page 3 |  |  |  |
| Lesser of amounts 9B and 9H from Part 9 of Schedule 27 |  | K |  |
| Amount 13K from Part 13 of Schedule 27 |  |  |  |
| Personal services business income | 434 |  |  |
|  | Subtotal (add amounts K to M) |  |  |
| Amount J minus amount N (if negative, enter "0") |  |  |  |
| General tax reduction - Amount O multiplied by $13 \%$ Enter amount $P$ on line 639 on page 8. |  |  |  |







## Schedule of Instalment Remittances



## GENERAL INDEX OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION - GIFI

| Form identifier 100 |
| :--- |
| Corporation's name GENERAL INDEX OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION - GIFI   <br>  Business number Tax year end <br> Year Month Day  <br> SYNERGY NORTH CORPORATION   89209 0614 RC0002 |

## Balance sheet information

| Account | Description | GIFI | Current year | Prior year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total current assets | 1599 | 45,848,976 | 40,734,466 |
|  | Total tangible capital assets | 2008 | 279,278,591 | 266,842,493 |
|  | Total accumulated amortization of tangible capital assets | 2009 | 133,055,869 | 127,406,500 |
|  | Total intangible capital assets | 2178 | 4,648,887 | 4,648,887 |
|  | Total accumulated amortization of intangible capital assets | 2179 |  |  |
|  | Total long-term assets | 2589 | 11,165,449 | 7,526,882 |
|  | * Assets held in trust | 2590 |  |  |
|  | Total assets (mandatory field) | 2599 | 207,886,034 | 192,346,228 |
| Liabilities |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total current liabilities | 3139 | 28,619,940 | 25,700,356 |
|  | Total long-term liabilities | 3450 | 87,850,840 | 76,486,655 |
|  | * Subordinated debt | 3460 |  |  |
|  | * Amounts held in trust | 3470 |  |  |
|  | Total liabilities (mandatory field) | 3499 | 116,470,780 | 102,187,011 |
| Shareholder equity |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total shareholder equity (mandatory field) | 3620 | 91,415,254 | 90,159,217 |
|  | Total liabilities and shareholder equity | 3640 | 207,886,034 | 192,346,228 |
| Retained earnings |  |  |  |  |
|  | Retained earnings/deficit - end (mandatory field) | 3849 | 36,047,813 | 35,255,492 |

[^3]Canada Revenue
Agence du revenu
SCHEDULE 125
Form identifier 125

## GENERAL INDEX OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION - GIFI

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end <br> Year Month Day |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| SYNERGY NORTH CORPORATION |  | 892090614 RC0002 |

## Income statement information



## Farming income statement information

Total farm revenue (mandatory field) 9659
Total farm expenses (mandatory field) 9898
Net farm income 9899

Net income/loss before taxes and extraordinary items
$9970=$

| $2,423,907$ |
| :--- |


| Total - other comprehensive income | 9998 = | 463,716 | 319,422 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Extraordinary items and income (linked to Schedule 140)



| 9975 - |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9976 - |  |  |
| 9980 + |  |  |
| 9985 - |  |  |
| 9990 | -70,125 | 490,000 |
| 9995 | 989,711 | 905,255 |
| 9998 + | 463,716 | 319,422 |
| 9999 | 1,968,037 | 4,161,867 |

Canada Revenue
Agence du revenu du Canada

## Schedule 141

## Notes Checklist








| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year end <br> Year Month Day |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| SYNERGY NORTH CORPORATION | 892090614 RC0002 | $2022-12-31$ |

General Index of Financial Information
Notes to the financial statements

GENERAL INDEX OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION - GIFI

| Form identifier 100 | , |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name of corporation | Business Number | Tax year-end Year Month Day |
| SYNERGY NORTH CORPORATION | 892090614 RC0002 | 2022-12-31 |

Assets - lines 1000 to 2599

| 1001 | 11,671,163 | 1060 | 13,719,778 | 1062 | 13,855,374 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1122 | 5,402,691 | 1483 | 310,545 | 1484 | 889,425 |
| 1599 | 45,848,976 | 1600 | 148,672 | 1680 | 8,355,108 |
| 1681 | -3,983,960 | 1740 | 266,315,176 | 1741 | -125,391,313 |
| 1774 | 2,819,425 | 1775 | -2,040,386 | 1910 | 1,640,210 |
| 1911 | -1,640,210 | 2008 | 279,278,591 | 2009 | -133,055,869 |
| 2012 | 4,648,887 | 2178 | 4,648,887 | 2240 | 114,331 |
| 2420 | 4,991,477 | 2421 | 6,059,641 | 2589 | 11,165,449 |

207,886,034

Liabilities - lines 2600 to 3499

| 2621 | 23,166,196 | 2770 | 606,804 | 2920 | 2,959,551 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2961 | 1,887,389 | 3139 | 28,619,940 | 3140 | 44,775,427 |
| 3240 | 10,589,262 | 3300 | 26,490,500 | 3320 | 5,995,651 |
| 3450 | 87,850,840 | 3499 | 116,470,780 |  |  |

Shareholder equity - lines 3500 to 3640

| 3500 | 54,521,625 | 3580 | 845,816 | 3600 | 36,047,813 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3620 | 91,415,254 | 3640 | 207,886,034 |  |  |
| Retained earnings - lines 3660 to 3849 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3660 | 35,255,492 | 3680 | 1,504,321 | 3701 | -712,000 |
| 3849 | 36,047,813 |  |  |  |  |

## GENERAL INDEX OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION - GIFI

| Name of corporation <br> SYNERGY NORTH CORPORATION |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Business Number } \\ 892090614 \text { RC0002 } \end{gathered}$ | Tax year-end Year Month Day $2022-12-31$ |
| Description <br> Operating name 0001 Synergy North |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Sequence number . . . . 000301 |  |  |

Other comprehensive income - lines $\mathbf{7 0 0 0}$ to $\mathbf{7 0 2 0}$

| 7000 | 23,806 | 7002 | 439,910 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue - lines 8000 to 8299 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8000 | 143,511,329 | 8089 | 143,511,329 | 8210 | -293,389 |
| 8230 | 4,407,018 | 8299 | 147,624,958 |  |  |

Cost of sales - lines 8300 to 8519

| 8450 | 118,621,276 | 8518 | 118,621,276 | 8519 | 24,890,053 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating expenses - lines 8520 to 9369 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8570 | 50,893 | 8670 | 6,229,665 | 8714 | 1,463,812 |
| 8960 | 11,394,030 | 9284 | 7,441,375 | 9367 | 26,579,775 |
| 9368 | 145,201,051 | 9369 | 2,423,907 |  |  |

Extraordinary items and taxes - lines 9970 to 9999

| 9970 | 2,423,907 | 9990 | -70,125 | 9995 | 989,711 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9998 | 463,716 | 9999 | 1,968,037 |  |  |

## Net Income (Loss) for Income Tax Purposes

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end <br> Year Month Day <br> SYNERGY NORTH CORPORATION |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |

- Use this schedule to reconcile the corporation's net income (loss) as reported on the financial statements and its net income (loss) for tax purposes. For more information, see the T2 Corporation - Income Tax Guide.
- All legislative references are to the Income Tax Act.

Subtotal of other deductions $499 \quad 1,127,653>1,127,653 \mathrm{E}$

Net income (loss) for income tax purposes (amount $B$ minus line 510)
Total deductions $5 1 0 \longdiv { 1 1 , 7 8 3 , 9 3 6 }$

Enter amount C on line 300 of the T2 return.

## Charitable Donations and Gifts

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end <br> Year Month Day <br> SYNERGY NORTH CORPORATION |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |

- For use by corporations to claim any of the following:
- the eligible amount of charitable donations to qualified donees
- the Ontario, Nova Scotia, and British Columbia food donation tax credits for farmers
- the eligible amount of gifts of certified cultural property
- the eligible amount of gifts of certified ecologically sensitive land or
- the additional deduction for gifts of medicine made before March 22, 2017
- All legislative references are to the federal Income Tax Act, unless stated otherwise.
- The eligible amount of a gift is the amount by which the fair market value of the gifted property exceeds the amount of an advantage, if any, for the gift.
- The donations and gifts can be carried forward for 5 years except for gifts of certified ecologically sensitive land made after February 10, 2014, which can be carried forward for 10 years.
- Use this schedule to show a transfer of unused amounts from previous years following an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary as described under subsections 87(1) and 88(1).
- Subsection 110.1(1.2) provides as follows:
- Where a particular corporation has undergone an acquisition of control, for tax years that end on or after the acquisition of control, no corporation can claim a deduction for a gift made by the particular corporation to a qualified donee before the acquisition of control.
- If a particular corporation makes a gift to a qualified donee pursuant to an arrangement under which both the gift and the acquisition of control is expected, no corporation can claim a deduction for the gift unless the person acquiring control of the particular corporation is the qualified donee.
- An eligible medical gift made before March 22, 2017, to a qualifying organization for activities outside of Canada may be eligible for an additional deduction. Calculate the additional deduction in Part 5.
- File this schedule with your T2 Corporation Income Tax Return.
- For more information, see the T2 Corporation - Income Tax Guide.

| Part 1 - Charitable donations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Charity/Recipient |
| See list attached |$\quad$| Amount (\$100 or more only) |
| :---: |

## Part 1 - Charitable donations

|  | Federal | Québec | Alberta |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Charitable donations at the end of the previous tax year . . . . . . . . . 1A |  |  |  |
| Charitable donations expired after five tax years* . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 239 |  |  |  |
| Charitable donations at the beginning of the current tax year (amount 1A minus line 239) |  |  |  |
| Charitable donations transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary |  |  |  |
| Total charitable donations made in the current year . . . . . . . . . . . . . 21 (include this amount on line 112 of Schedule 1, Net Income (Loss) for Income Tax Purposes) | 73,658 | 73,658 | 73,658 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Subtotal (line 250 plus line 210) | 73,658 1B | 73,658 | 73,658 |
| Subtotal (line 240 plus amount 1B) | 73,658 1C | 73,658 | 73,658 |
| Adjustment for an acquisition of control . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 255 |  |  |  |
| Total charitable donations available (amount 1C minus line 255) | 73,658 1D | 73,658 | 73,658 |
| Amount applied in the current year against taxable income (cannot be more than amount 2H in Part 2) |  |  |  |
| (enter this amount on line 311 of the T2 return) |  |  |  |
| Charitable donations closing balance (amount 1D minus line 260) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 280 | 73,658 | 73,658 | 73,658 |
| The amount of qualifying donations for the Ontario community food program donation tax credit for farmers included in the amount on line 260 (for donations made after December 31, 2013) |  |  |  |
| Ontario community food program donation tax credit for farmers (amount on line 262 multiplied by$25 \% \text {. . . . . . }$ |  |  |  |
| Enter amount 1 on line 420 of Schedule 5, Tax Calculation Supplementary - Corporations. The maximum you can claim in the current year is whichever is less: the Ontario income tax otherwise payable or amount 1. For more information, see section 103.1.2 of the Taxation Act, 2007 (Ontario). |  |  |  |
| The amount of qualifying donations for the Nova Scotia food bank tax credit for farmers included in the amount on line 260 (for donations made after December 31, 2015) |  |  |  |
| Nova Scotia food bank tax credit for farmers (amount on line 263 multiplied by$25 \text { \%) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . }$$\qquad$ 2 |  |  |  |
| Enter amount 2 on line 570 of Schedule 5, Tax Calculation Supplementary - Corporations. The maximum you can claim in the current year is whichever is less: the Nova Scotia income tax otherwise payable or amount 2. For more information, see section 50A of the Nova Scotia Income Tax Act. |  |  |  |
| The amount of qualifying gifts for the British Columbia farmers' food donation tax credit included in the amount on line 260 (for donations made after February 16, 2016, and before January 1, 2024) |  |  |  |
| British Columbia farmers' food donation tax credit (amount on line 265 multiplied by 25 \%) |  |  |  |
| Enter amount 3 on line 683 of Schedule 5, Tax Calculation Supplementary - Corporations. The maximum you can claim in the current year is whichever is less: the British Columbia income tax otherwise payable or amount 3. For more information, see section 20.1 of the British Columbia Income Tax Act. <br> * For federal and Alberta tax purposes, donations and gifts expire after five tax years. For Québec tax purposes, donations and gifts made in a tax year that ended before March 24, 2006, expire after five tax years; otherwise, donations and gifts expire after twenty tax years. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| Year of origin: |  | Federal | Québec | Alberta |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1^{\text {st }}$ prior year | 2021-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ prior year | 2020-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ prior year | 2019-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $4^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2018-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $5^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2017-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $6{ }^{\text {th }}$ prior year* | 2016-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $7^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2015-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $8^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2014-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $9^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2013-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $10^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2012-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $11^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2011-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $12^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2010-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $13^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2009-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $14^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2008-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $15^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2007-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $16^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2006-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $17^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2005-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $18^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2004-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $19^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2003-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $20^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2002-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $21^{\text {st }}$ prior year* | 2001-12-31 |  |  |  |
| Total (to line A) |  |  |  |  |
| * For federal and Alberta tax purposes, donations and gifts included on line $6^{\text {th }}$ prior year expire automatically in the current tax year. For Québec tax purposes, donations and gifts made in a tax year that ended before March 24, 2006, that are included on line $6^{\text {th }}$ prior year and donations and gifts that are included on line $21^{\text {st }}$ prior year expire automatically in the current tax year. |  |  |  |  |

## Part 2 - Maximum allowable deduction for charitable donations




## -Amount carried forward - Gifts of certified cultural property

| Year of origin: |  | Federal | Québec | Alberta |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1^{\text {st }}$ prior year | 2021-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ prior year | 2020-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ prior year | 2019-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $4^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2018-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $5{ }^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2017-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $6{ }^{\text {th }}$ prior year* | 2016-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $7{ }^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2015-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $8^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2014-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $9^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2013-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $10^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2012-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $11^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2011-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $12^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2010-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $13^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2009-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $14^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2008-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $15^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2007-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $16^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2006-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $17^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2005-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $18^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2004-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $19^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2003-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $20^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2002-12-31 |  |  |  |
| $21^{\text {st }}$ prior year* | 2001-12-31 |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |

* For federal and Alberta tax purposes, donations and gifts included on line $6^{\text {th }}$ prior year expire automatically in the current tax year. For Québec tax purposes, donations and gifts made in a tax year that ended before March 24, 2006, that are included on line $6^{\text {th }}$ prior year and donations and gifts that are included on line $21^{\text {st }}$ prior year expire automatically in the current tax year.

Part 4 - Gifts of certified ecologically sensitive land


## Amounts carried forward - Gifts of certified ecologically sensitive land



* For federal and Alberta tax purposes, donations and gifts made before February 11, 2014, that are included on line $6^{t h}$ prior year and gifts that are included on line $11^{\text {th }}$ prior year expire automatically in the current year.
The field "Amount of carried forward gifts made on or after February 11, 2014, in the tax year including this date" is used to distinguish the portion of the gifts made in the tax year straddling February 11, 2014, that expires after ten tax years, from the portion that expires in the current tax year.
For Québec tax purposes, donations and gifts made during a tax year that ended before March 24, 2006, that are included on line $6^{\text {th }}$ prior year and gifts that are included on line $21^{\text {st }}$ prior year expire automatically in the current tax year.


## Part 5 - Additional deduction for gifts of medicine


where:
a is the lesser of line 601 and amount 5C
b is the eligible amount of gifts (line 600)
c is the proceeds of disposition (line 602)


Amounts carried forward - Additional deduction for gifts of medicine

| Year of origin: |  | Federal | Québec | Alberta |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1^{\text {st }}$ prior year | 2021-12-31 |  |  |  |  |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ prior year | 2020-12-31 |  |  |  |  |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ prior year | 2019-12-31 |  |  |  |  |
| $4^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2018-12-31 |  |  |  |  |
| $5^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2017-12-31 |  |  |  |  |
| $6{ }^{\text {th }}$ prior year* | 2016-12-31 |  |  |  |  |
| $7^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2015-12-31 |  |  |  |  |
| $8^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2014-12-31 |  |  |  |  |
| $9^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2013-12-31 |  |  |  |  |
| $10^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2012-12-31 |  |  |  |  |
| $11^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2011-12-31 |  |  |  |  |
| $12^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2010-12-31 |  |  |  |  |
| $13^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2009-12-31 |  |  |  |  |
| $14^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2008-12-31 |  |  |  |  |
| $15^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2007-12-31 |  |  |  |  |
| $16^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2006-12-31 |  |  |  |  |
| $17^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2005-12-31 |  |  |  |  |
| $18^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2004-12-31 |  |  |  |  |
| $19^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2003-12-31 |  |  |  |  |
| $20^{\text {th }}$ prior year | 2002-12-31 |  |  |  |  |
| $2{ }^{\text {st }}$ prior year* | 2001-12-31 |  |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |
| * For federal and Alberta tax purposes, donations and gifts included on line $6^{\text {th }}$ prior year expire automatically in the current tax year. For Québec tax purposes, donations and gifts made in a tax year that ended before March 19, 2007, that are included on line $6^{\text {th }}$ prior year and donations and gifts that are included on line $21^{\text {st }}$ prior year expire automatically in the current tax year. |  |  |  |  |  |
| -Québec - Gifts of musical instruments |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gifts of musical instruments at the end of the previous tax year . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deduct: Gifts of musical instruments expired after twenty tax years |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gifts of musical instruments at the beginning of the tax year |  |  |  |  |  |
| Add: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gifts of musical instruments transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total current-year gifts of musical instruments |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subtotal (line D plus line E) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deduct: Adjustment for an acquisition of control |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total gifts of musical instruments available |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deduct: Amount applied against taxable income (enter this amount on line 255 of form CO-17) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Amounts carried forward - Gifts of musical instruments

| Year of origin: |  |  | Québec |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1^{\text {st }}$ prior year |  | 2021-12-31 |  |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ prior year |  | 2020-12-31 |  |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ prior year |  | 2019-12-31 |  |
| $4^{\text {th }}$ prior year |  | 2018-12-31 |  |
| $5^{\text {th }}$ prior year |  | 2017-12-31 |  |
| $6{ }^{\text {th }}$ prior year* |  | 2016-12-31 |  |
| $7^{\text {th }}$ prior year |  | 2015-12-31 |  |
| $8^{\text {th }}$ prior year |  | 2014-12-31 |  |
| $9^{\text {th }}$ prior year |  | 2013-12-31 |  |
| $10^{\text {th }}$ prior year |  | 2012-12-31 |  |
| $11^{\text {th }}$ prior year |  | 2011-12-31 |  |
| $12^{\text {th }}$ prior year |  | 2010-12-31 |  |
| $13^{\text {th }}$ prior year |  | 2009-12-31 |  |
| $14^{\text {th }}$ prior year |  | 2008-12-31 |  |
| $15^{\text {th }}$ prior year |  | 2007-12-31 |  |
| $16^{\text {th }}$ prior year |  | 2006-12-31 |  |
| $17^{\text {th }}$ prior year |  | 2005-12-31 |  |
| $18^{\text {th }}$ prior year |  | 2004-12-31 |  |
| $19^{\text {th }}$ prior year |  | 2003-12-31 |  |
| $20^{\text {th }}$ prior year |  | 2002-12-31 |  |
| $21^{\text {st }}$ prior year* |  | 2001-12-31 |  |
| Total |  |  |  |
| * These gifts exprer | the current year. |  |  |

Canada Revenue
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du Canada

## Dividends Received, Taxable Dividends Paid, and Part IV Tax Calculation

| Corporation's name | Business number |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| SYNERGY NORTH CORPORATION | Year Mear-end |
| Year Month Day |  |
| $2022-12-31$ | 89209 RC0002 |

- Corporations must use this schedule to report:
- non-taxable dividends under section 83
- deductible dividends under subsection 138(6)
- taxable dividends deductible from income under section 112, subsection 113(2) and paragraphs 113(1)(a), (a.1), (b) or (d)
- taxable dividends paid in the tax year that qualify for a dividend refund (see page 3 )
- All legislative references are to the federal Income Tax Act.
- The calculations in this schedule apply only to private or subject corporations (as defined in subsection 186(3)).
- A payer corporation is connected with a recipient corporation at any time in a tax year, if at that time the recipient corporation meets either of the following conditions:
- it controls the payer corporation, other than because of a right referred to in paragraph 251(5)(b)
- it owns more than $10 \%$ of the issued share capital (with full voting rights), and shares that have a fair market value of more than $10 \%$ of the fair market value of all shares of the payer corporation
- If you need more space, continue on a separate schedule.
- File this schedule with your T2 Corporation Income Tax Return.
- Column A1 - Enter "X" if dividends were received from a foreign source.

Column F1 - Enter the code that applies to the deductible taxable dividend.

## - Part 1 - Dividends received in the tax year

- Do not include dividends received from foreign non-affiliates.
- Complete columns B, C, D, H, H.1, I, I.1, I. 2 and L only if the payer corporation is connected.

Important instructions to follow if the payer corporation is connected

- If your corporation's tax year-end is different than that of the connected payer corporation, dividends could have been received from more than one tax year of the payer corporation. If so, use a separate line to provide the information according to each tax year of the payer corporation.
- When completing columns $\mathrm{J}, \mathrm{K}$ and L use the special calculations provided in the notes.

|  | A <br> Name of payer corporation (from which the corporation received the dividend) | A1 | B <br> Enter 1 <br> if payer corporation is connected | C <br> Business number of connected corporation | D <br> Tax year-end of the payer corporation in which the sections 112/113 and subsection 138(6) dividends in column F were paid YYYYMMDD | E <br> Non-taxable dividends under section 83 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | X | 2 |  |  |  |
|  | Total of column E (enter amount on line 402 of Schedule 1) |  |  |  |  |  |




## -Part 3 - Taxable dividends paid in the tax year that qualify for a dividend refund

If your corporation's tax year-end is different than that of the recipient corporation with which you are connected, your corporation could have paid dividends in more than one tax year of the recipient corporation. If so, use a separate line to provide the information according to each tax year of the recipient corporation.


| Total taxable dividends paid in the tax year to other than connected corporations | 450 | 52,935 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Eligible dividends included in line 450 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 455 |  |  |
| Total taxable dividends paid in the tax year that qualify for a dividend refund (total of column O plus line 450) | 460 | 712,000 |
| Total eligible dividends paid in the tax year (total of column P plus line 455) | 465 |  |
| Total non-eligible taxable dividends paid in the tax year (line 460 minus line 465) | 470 | 712,000 |
| Complete this part to determine the following amounts in order to calculate the dividend refund. |  |  |
| Line 465 multiplied by 38 / $3 \%$ (enter at amount AA on page 7 of the T2 return) |  |  |
| Line 470 multiplied by $381 / 3 \%$ (enter at amount DD on page 7 of the T2 return) |  | 272,933 |

## - Part 4 - Total dividends paid in the tax year

Complete this part if the total taxable dividends paid in the tax year that qualify for a dividend refund (line 460 ) is different from the total dividends paid in the tax year.

Dividends paid out of capital dividend account . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 510

Capital gains dividends . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 520
Dividends paid on shares described in subsection 129(1.2) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 530
Taxable dividends paid to a controlling corporation that was bankrupt
at any time in the year
540 Subtotal (total of lines 510 to 540)

## Corporation Loss Continuity and Application

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end <br> Year Month Day <br> SYNERGY NORTH CORPORATION |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |

- Use this form to determine the continuity and use of available losses; to determine a current-year non-capital loss, farm loss, restricted farm loss, or limited partnership loss; to determine the amount of restricted farm loss and limited partnership loss that can be applied in a year; and to ask for a loss carryback to previous years.
- A corporation can choose whether or not to deduct an available loss from income in a tax year. The corporation can deduct losses in any order. However, for each type of loss, deduct the oldest loss first.
- According to subsection $111(4)$ of the federal Income Tax Act, when control has been acquired, no amount of capital loss incurred for a tax year ending before that time is deductible in computing taxable income in a tax year ending after that time. Also, no amount of capital loss incurred in a tax year ending after that time is deductible in computing taxable income of a tax year ending before that time.
- When control has been acquired, subsection 111(5) provides for similar treatment of non-capital and farm losses, except as listed in paragraphs 111(5)(a) and (b).
- For information on these losses, see the T2 Corporation - Income Tax Guide.
- File this schedule with the T2 return, or send the schedule by itself to the tax centre where the return is filed.
- All legislative references are to the federal Income Tax Act.
- Part 1 - Non-capital losses -


Section 110.5 or subparagraph $115(1)(\mathrm{a})($ vii) - Addition for foreign tax deductions
Section 110.5 or subparagraph $115(1)($ a $)($ vii $)$ - Addition for foreign tax deductions
Subtotal (amount 1 H minus amount 1 I ) $\qquad$
Current-year farm loss (the lesser of: the net loss from farming or fishing included in income and the non-capital loss before
deducting the farm loss) $\qquad$
Current-year non-capital loss (amount 1 J plus amount 1 K ; if positive, enter "0")
$-1,570,7701 \mathrm{~L}$
If amount 1 L is negative, enter it on line 110 as a positive.
Continuity of non-capital losses and request for a carryback

| Non-capital loss at the end of the previous tax year | 1M |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-capital loss expired (note 1) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 100 |  |  |
| Non-capital losses at the beginning of the tax year (amount 1M minus line 100) . . . . . . . 102 |  |  |
| Non-capital losses transferred on an amalgamation or on the wind-up of a subsidiary (note 2) corporation |  |  |
| Current-year non-capital loss (from amount 1L) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 110 | 1,570,770 |  |
| Subtotal (line 105 plus line 110) | 1,570,770 | 1,570,770 1 N |
| Subto | plus amount 1N) | 1,570,770 10 |

Note 1: A non-capital loss expires after 20 tax years and an allowable business investment loss becomes a net capital loss after 10 tax years.
Note 2: Subsidiary is defined in subsection $88(1)$ as a taxable Canadian corporation of which $90 \%$ or more of each class of issued shares are owned by its parent corporation and the remaining shares are owned by persons that deal at arm's length with the parent corporation.


Note 3: Line 135 is the total of lines 330 and 335 from Schedule 3, Dividends Received, Taxable Dividends Paid, and Part IV Tax Calculation.

| - Part 2 - Capital losses <br> Continuity of capital losses and request for a carryback |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| Continuity of capital losses and request for a carryback <br> Capital losses at the end of the previous tax year |  |  |
| Capital losses transferred on an amalgamation or on the wind-up of a subsidiary corporation . 205 |  |  |
| Subtotal (line 200 plus line 205) |  |  |
| Other adjustments (includes adjustments for an acquisition of control) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 250 |  |  |
| Section 80 - Adjustments for forgiven amounts . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 240 |  |  |
| Subtotal (line 250 plus line 240) |  |  |
| Subtotal (amount 2A minus amount 2B) |  |  |
| Current-year capital loss (from the calculation on Schedule 6, Summary of Dispositions of Capital Property) .......... 210 |  |  |
| Unused non-capital losses from the 11th previous tax year (note 4) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |
| Allowable business investment losses (ABILs) that expired as non-capital losses at the end of the previous tax year (note 5) $\qquad$ 2E |  |  |
| Enter amount 2D or 2E, whichever is less . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 215 |  |  |
| ABILs expired as non-capital losses: line 215 multiplied by | 2.000000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 220 |  |
|  | Subtotal (amount 2C plus line 210 plus line 220) _ 2F |  |
| Note |  |  |
| If there has been an amalgamation or a wind-up of a subsidiary, do a separate calculation of the ABIL expired as non-capital loss for each predecessor or subsidiary corporation. Add all these amounts and enter the total on line 220. |  |  |
| Note 4: Determine the amount of the non-capital loss from the 11th previous tax year, and enter the part of the non-capital loss that was not deducted in the previous 11 years. |  |  |
| Note 5: Enter the amount of the ABILs from the 11th previo | tax year. Enter the full amount on amount 2 E . |  |




Note 9: A farm loss expires after 20 tax years.
Note 10: Line 335 is the total of lines 340 and 345 from Schedule 3.



| - Part 7 - Limited partnership losses <br> - Current-year limited partnership losse |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|  | Partnership account number | Tax year ending YYYY/MM/DD | Corporation's share of limited partnership loss | Corporation's at-risk amount | Total of corporation's share of partnership investment tax credit, farming losses, and resource expenses | Column 4 minus column 5 (if negative, enter "0") | Current -year limited partnership losses (column 3 minus column 6) |
|  | 600 | 602 | 604 | 606 | 608 |  | 620 |
| 1. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total (enter this amount on line 222 of Schedule 1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |




## Note

If you need more space, you can attach more schedules.

## - Part 8 - Election under paragraph 88(1.1)(f) <br> If you are making an election under paragraph 88(1.1)(f), tick the box <br> $\square$ <br> In the case of the wind-up of a subsidiary, if the election is made, the non-capital loss, restricted farm loss, farm loss, or limited partnership loss of the subsidiary-that otherwise would become the loss of the parent corporation for a particular tax year starting after the wind-up began-will be considered as the loss of the parent corporation for its immediately preceding tax year and not for the particular year.

## Note

This election is only applicable for wind-ups under subsection 88(1) that are reported on Schedule 24, First-Time Filer after Incorporation, Amalgamation, or Winding-up of a Subsidiary into a Parent.

## Non-Capital Loss Continuity Workchart

## Part 6 - Analysis of balance of losses by year of origin

Non-capital losses

| Year of origin | Balance at beginning of year | Loss incurred in current year | Adjustments and transfers | Loss <br> carried back Parts I \& IV | Applied to reduce |  | Balance at end of year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Taxable income | Part IV tax |  |
| Current | N/A | 1,570,770 |  | 967,499 | N/A |  | 603,271 |
| 1st preceding taxation year 2021-12-31 |  | N/A |  | N/A |  |  |  |
| 2nd preceding taxation year $2020-12-31$ |  | N/A |  | N/A |  |  |  |
| 3rd preceding taxation year 2019-12-31 |  | N/A |  | N/A |  |  |  |
| 4th preceding taxation year 2018-12-31 |  | N/A |  | N/A |  |  |  |
| 5th preceding taxation year 2017-12-31 |  | N/A |  | N/A |  |  |  |
| 6th preceding taxation year $2016-12-31$ |  | N/A |  | N/A |  |  |  |
| 7th preceding taxation year 2015-12-31 |  | N/A |  | N/A |  |  |  |
| 8th preceding taxation year 2014-12-31 |  | N/A |  | N/A |  |  |  |
| 9th preceding taxation year $2013-12-31$ |  | N/A |  | N/A |  |  |  |
| 10th preceding taxation year 2012-12-31 |  | N/A |  | N/A |  |  |  |
| 11th preceding taxation year 2011-12-31 |  | N/A |  | N/A |  |  |  |
| 12th preceding taxation year 2010-12-31 |  | N/A |  | N/A |  |  |  |
| 13th preceding taxation year $2009-12-31$ |  | N/A |  | N/A |  |  |  |
| 14th preceding taxation year $2008-12-31$ |  | N/A |  | N/A |  |  |  |
| 15th preceding taxation year 2007-12-31 |  | N/A |  | N/A |  |  |  |
| 16th preceding taxation year $2006-12-31$ |  | N/A |  | N/A |  |  |  |
| 17th preceding taxation year $2005-12-31$ |  | N/A |  | N/A |  |  |  |
| 18th preceding taxation year 2004-12-31 |  | N/A |  | N/A |  |  |  |
| 19th preceding taxation year 2003-12-31 |  | N/A |  | N/A |  |  |  |
| 20th preceding taxation year $2002-12-31$ |  | N/A |  | N/A |  |  |  |
| Total |  | 1,570,770 |  | 967,499 |  |  | 603,271 |

* This balance expires this year and will not be available next year.

Canada Revenue Agency

Tax Calculation Supplementary - Corporations
Schedule 5
Corporation's name

## SYNERGY NORTH CORPORATION

| Business Number | Tax year-end <br> Year Month Day <br> $2022-12-31 ~$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 89209 0614 RC0002 | 202 |

- Use this schedule if any of the following apply to your corporation during the tax year:
- it had a permanent establishment in more than one jurisdiction (corporations that have no taxable income should only complete columns A, B, and D in Part 1)
- it is claiming provincial or territorial tax credits or rebates (see Part 2)
- it has to pay taxes, other than income tax, for Newfoundland and Labrador or Ontario (see Part 2)
- All legislative references are to the federal Income Tax Regulations (the Regulations).
- For more information, see the T2 Corporation - Income Tax Guide.
- For the regulation number to be entered in field 100 of Part 1 , see the chart below.
- Part 1 - Allocation of taxable income


## 100

|  |  | B <br> Total salaries and wages paid in jurisdiction | $\begin{gathered} \text { C } \\ \text { (Bxtaxable } \\ \text { income) } / \mathrm{G} \end{gathered}$ | D <br> Gross revenue attributable to jurisdiction | E <br> (D x taxable income)/ H |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Newfoundland and Labrador | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 003 \\ \hline \text { Yes } \end{array}$ | 103 |  | 143 |  |  |
| Newfoundland and Labrador Offshore | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline 004 \\ \hline \text { Yes } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 104 |  | 144 |  |  |
| Prince Edward Island | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 005 \\ \hline \text { Yes } \end{array}$ | 105 |  | 145 |  |  |
| Nova Scotia | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 007 \\ \hline \text { Yes } \end{array}$ | 107 |  | 147 |  |  |
| Nova Scotia Offshore | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 008 \\ \hline \text { Yes } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 108 |  | 148 |  |  |
| New Brunswick | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 009 \\ \hline \text { Yes } \end{array}$ | 109 |  | 149 |  |  |
| Quebec | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline 011 \\ \hline \text { Yes } \end{array}$ | 111 |  | 151 |  |  |
| Ontario | $\begin{gathered} 013 \\ \hline \text { Yes } \end{gathered}$ | 113 |  | 153 |  |  |
| Manitoba | $\begin{array}{r} 015 \\ \hline \text { Yes } \end{array}$ | 115 |  | 155 |  |  |
| Saskatchewan | $\begin{array}{r} 017 \\ \hline \text { Yes } \end{array}$ | 117 |  | 157 |  |  |
| Alberta | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline 019 \\ \hline \text { Yes } \end{array}$ | 119 |  | 159 |  |  |
| British Columbia | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 021 \\ \hline \text { Yes } \end{array}$ | 121 |  | 161 |  |  |
| Yukon | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 023 \\ \text { Yes } \end{array}$ | 123 |  | 163 |  |  |
| Northwest Territories | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 025 \\ \hline \text { Yes } \end{array}$ | 125 |  | 165 |  |  |
| Nunavut | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 026 \\ \hline \text { Yes } \end{array}$ | 126 |  | 166 |  |  |
| Outside Canada | $\begin{array}{r} 027 \\ \hline \text { Yes } \end{array}$ | 127 |  | 167 |  |  |
| Total |  | 129 G |  | 169 H |  |  |

Note 1: Permanent establishment is defined in subsection 400(2).
Note 2: For corporations other than those described under section 402, use the appropriate calculation described in the Regulations to allocate taxable income.

Notes:

1. After determining the allocation of taxable income, you have to calculate the corporation's provincial or territorial tax payable. For more information on how to calculate the tax for each province or territory, see the instructions for Schedule 5 in the T2 Corporation - Income Tax Guide.
2. If your corporation has provincial or territorial tax payable, complete Part 2.
3. If your corporation is a member of a partnership and the partnership had a permanent establishment in a jurisdiction, select the jurisdiction in Column A and include your proportionate share of the partnership's salaries and wages and gross revenue in columns $B$ and $D$, respectively.
Part 2 - Ontario tax payable, tax credits, and rebates

| Total taxable <br> income | Income eligible <br> for small business <br> deduction | Provincial or <br> territorial allocation <br> of taxable income | Provincial or <br> territorial tax <br> payable before <br> credits |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |


| Ontario basic income tax (from Schedule 500) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 270 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ontario small business deduction (from Schedule 500) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 402 |  |  |
| Subtotal (line 270 minus line 402) |  |  |
| Ontario transitional tax debits (from Schedule 506) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 276 |  |  |
| Recapture of Ontario research and development tax credit (from Schedule 508) . . . . . . 277 |  |  |
| Subtotal (line 276 plus line 277) |  |  |
| Gross Ontario tax (amount 5A plus amount 5B) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |
| Ontario resource tax credit (from Schedule 504) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 404 |  |  |
| Ontario tax credit for manufacturing and processing (from Schedule 502) . . . . . . . . . . 406 |  |  |
| Ontario foreign tax credit (from Schedule 21) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 408 |  |  |
| Ontario credit union tax reduction (from Schedule 500) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 410 |  |  |
| Ontario political contributions tax credit (from Schedule 525) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 415 |  |  |
| Ontario non-refundable tax credits (total of lines 404 to 415) |  |  |
| Subtotal (amount 5C minus amount 5D) (if negative, enter "0") __ 5E |  |  |
| Ontario research and development tax credit (from Schedule 508) | 416 |  |
| Ontario corporate income tax payable before Ontario corporate minimum tax credit and Ontario commu donation tax credit for farmers (amount 5E minus line 416) (if negative, enter "0") |  | 5F |
| Ontario corporate minimum tax credit (from Schedule 510) | 418 |  |
| Ontario community food program donation tax credit for farmers (from Schedule 2) | 420 |  |
| Ontario corporate income tax payable (amount 5F minus the total of lines 418 and 420) (if negative, enter "0") . . . . . . . . . . ._. 5 l |  |  |
| Ontario corporate minimum tax (from Schedule 510) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 278 | 61,163 |  |
| Ontario special additional tax on life insurance corporations (from Schedule 512) . . . . . . 280 |  |  |
| Subtotal (line 278 plus line 280) | 61,163 | 61,163 5H |
| Total Ontario tax payable before refundable tax credits (amount 5G plus amount 5H) |  | 61,163 51 |
| Ontario qualifying environmental trust tax credit . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 450 |  |  |
| Ontario co-operative education tax credit (from Schedule 550) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 452 |  |  |
| Ontario apprenticeship training tax credit (from Schedule 552) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 454 |  |  |
| Ontario computer animation and special effects tax credit (from Schedule 554) . . . . . . . 456 |  |  |
| Ontario film and television tax credit (from Schedule 556) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 458 |  |  |
| Ontario production services tax credit (from Schedule 558) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 460 |  |  |
| Ontario interactive digital media tax credit (from Schedule 560) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 462 |  |  |
| Ontario book publishing tax credit (from Schedule 564) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 466 |  |  |
| Ontario innovation tax credit (from Schedule 566) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 468 |  |  |
| Ontario business-research institute tax credit (from Schedule 568) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 470 |  |  |
| Ontario regional opportunities investment tax credit (from Schedule 570) . . . . . . . . . . . 472 |  |  |
| Ontario refundable tax credits (total of lines 450 to 472) |  |  |
| Net Ontario tax payable or refundable tax credit (amount 51 minus amount 5J) (if a credit, enter amount in brackets) Include this amount on line 255. | 290 | 61,163 |
| - Summary |  |  |
| Enter the total net tax payable or refundable tax credits for all provinces and territories on line 255. |  |  |
| Net provincial and territorial tax payable or refundable tax credits | 255 | 61,163 |
| If the amount on line 255 is positive, enter the net provincial and territorial tax payable on line 760 of the If the amount on line 255 is negative, enter the net provincial and territorial refundable tax credits on line | return. |  |

## Summary of Dispositions of Capital Property

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end <br> Year Month Day <br> SYNERGY NORTH CORPORATION |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |

- Use this schedule if your corporation disposed of (actual or deemed) capital property or claimed an allowable business investment loss (ABIL), or both, in the tax year.
- All legislative references are to the federal Income Tax Act.
- Also use this schedule to make a designation under paragraph 111(4)(e) if control of the corporation has been acquired by a person or a group of persons.
- For more information, see the section called "Schedule 6, Summary of Dispositions of Capital Property" in the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide.
- If you need more space, attach additional schedules.


## Designation under paragraph 111(4)(e)

Are any dispositions shown on this schedule related to deemed dispositions designated under paragraph 111(4)(e)? 050 Yes
 No X If yes, attach a statement specifying which properties such a designation applies to.

In the various sections of this form:

- The abbreviation FS (for foreign source) is used to indicate the capital gain or loss arising from foreign property;
- The abbreviation PA (for passive asset) is used to indicate the capital gain or loss arising from the disposition of an asset other than an active asset of the corporation.


Part 2 - Real estate (Do not include losses on depreciable property)

| Municipal address of real estate <br> 1 = Address 1 <br> 2 = Address 2 <br> 3 = City <br> 4 = Province, Country, Postal Code and Zip Code or Foreign Postal Code | acquisition YYYYMMDD $210$ | $3$ <br> Proceeds of disposition $220$ | 4 <br> Adjusted cost base $230$ | 5 <br> Outlays and expenses from disposition $240$ | 6 <br> Gain (or loss) (column 3 minus columns 4 and 5) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 793 John Street |  | 70,000 | 390 | 4,031 | 65,579 |  |  |
| Thunder Bay |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ON CA P7B 1Y2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 137 Brock Street West |  | 75,159 | 1,051 | 4,199 | 69,909 |  |  |
| Thunder Bay |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ON CA P7E 4H9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Totals | 145,159 | 1,441 | 8,230 | 135,488 | B |  |

Part 3 - Bonds

| 1 <br> Face value of bonds | $2$ <br> Maturity date YYYYMMDD | 3 <br> Name of bond issuer | 4 <br> Date of acquisition YYYYMMDD | $5$ <br> Proceeds of disposition | 6 <br> Adjusted cost base | 7 <br> Outlays and expenses from disposition | 8 Gain (or loss) (column 5 minus columns 6 and 7) | A |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 300 | 305 | 307 | 310 | 320 | 330 | 340 | 350 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Totals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | C |  |

## Part 4 - Other properties (Do not include losses on depreciable property)

| $1$ <br> Description of other property | 2 <br> Date of acquisition YYYYMMDD | 3 <br> Proceeds of disposition $420$ | 4 <br> Adjusted cost base $430$ | 5 <br> Outlays and expenses from disposition <br> 440 | 6 <br> Gain (or loss) (column 3 minus columns 4 and 5) | A <br> FS PA |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Totals |  |  |  |  | D |  |

Note
Other property includes capital debts, debts in respect of the disposition of a personal-use property per subsection 50(2), and amounts that arise from foreign currency transactions.

## Part 5 - Personal-use property (Do not include listed personal property)

| $1$ <br> Description of personal-use property $500$ | 2 <br> Date of acquisition YYYYMMDD <br> 510 | 3 <br> Proceeds of disposition $520$ | 4 <br> Adjusted cost base $530$ | 5 <br> Outlays and expenses from disposition <br> 540 | 6 <br> Gain only (column 3 minus columns 4 and 5; if negative, enter "0") $550$ | AFS PA |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Totals |  |  |  |  | E |  |

You cannot deduct losses on dispositions of personal-use property (other than listed personal property or a debt that is a personal-use property) from your income.


## Part 7 - Property qualifying for and resulting in an allowable business investment loss

| $1$ <br> Name of small business corporation <br> 900 | Shares, enter 1; debt, enter 2 <br> 905 | Date of acquisition YYYYMMDD <br> 910 | 4 Proceeds of disposition | 5 <br> Adjusted cost base $930$ | 6 <br> Outlays and expenses from disposition <br> 940 | 7 <br> Loss only (column 4 minus columns 5 and 6) | AFS PA |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Totals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Allowable business investment losses (ABILs) . . . . . . . . Total of Column 7 |  |  |  |  | x 50.0000 \% |  | G |  |
| Enter amount G on line 406 of Schedule 1, Net Income (Loss) for Income Tax Purposes. <br> Note <br> Properties listed in Part 7 should not be included in any other parts of this schedule. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Total of amounts A to F (do not include amount $F$ if it is a loss) |  | 135,488 H |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | FS | PA |
| Capital gains dividend received in the year | 875 |  |  |  |
| Capital gains reserve opening balance (from Part 1 of Schedule 13, Continuity of Reserves) | 880 |  |  |  |
| Subtotal (amount H |  | 135,488 |  |  |
| Capital gains reserve closing balance (from Part 1 of Schedule 13, Continuity of Reserves) | 885 |  |  |  |
| Capital gains or losses, excluding ABILs (amount I minus line 885) | 890 | 135,488 |  |  |

## Part 9 - Taxable capital gains and total capital losses

Capital gains or losses, excluding ABILs (amount from line 890 in Part 8)
Deduct the following amounts included in amount $J$, that are subject to the zero inclusion rate:
Note
When a taxpayer is entitled to an advantage in respect of a donation, the zero inclusion rate is restricted to only part of the taxpayer's capital gain on disposition of the property. See section 38.2 for more information.


Deemed capital gain from the donation of property included in a flow-through share class of property to a qualified donee under subsection 40(12):
Exemption threshold at time of disposition . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 897

The total of all capital gains from the actual disposition of the property
898
$\qquad$ FS PA
Line 897 or line 898 , whichever is less
M $\square$

Taxable capital gains under section 34.2 (line 275 of Schedule 73, Income Inclusion Summary for Corporations that are Members of Partnerships) $\qquad$ $x \quad 2=899$
Subtotal (total of amounts $L$ and $M$ plus line 899) $\qquad$
Allowable capital losses under section 34.2 (line 285 of Schedule 73, Income Inclusion Summary for Corporations that are Members of Partnerships) $\qquad$ $x \quad 2=901$
Subtotal (amount N minus line 901)

1 | 135,488 |
| :--- |



Total capital gains or losses (amount O plus line 902)
$135,488 \mathrm{P}$

## Taxable capital gains or total capital losses

Total capital losses (if amount $P$ is negative, enter amount $P$; if amount $P$ is positive, enter "0") $\qquad$ Q
Enter amount Q on line 210 of Schedule 4.
Taxable capital gains (if amount $P$ is positive, enter the result of amount $P \quad 135,488$
multiplied by 50.0000 \%; if amount $P$ is negative, enter " 0 ")
67,744 R
Enter amount R on line 113 of Schedule 1.

* Do not include gains on donations of ecologically sensitive land to a private foundation.
** Do not include any portion of the capital gain that is subject to the $50 \%$ inclusion rate. Enter any such portion in Part 4.


## Aggregate Investment Income and Income Eligible for the Small Business Deduction

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end <br> Year Month Day <br> SYNERGY NORTH CORPORATION |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |

- Use this schedule if you are a Canadian-controlled private corporation (CCPC) to calculate:
- your aggregate investment income and foreign investment income, as defined in subsection 129(4), to determine the refundable portion of Part I tax, and your adjusted aggregate investment income, as defined in subsection 125(7), for the purpose of the business limit reduction
- your specified partnership income, as defined in subsection 125(7), if you are a member (or designated member) of one or more partnerships, and
- your income from an active business carried on in Canada eligible for the small business deduction including any specified corporate income as defined in subsection 125(7)
- Use this schedule if another CCPC is making an assignment of business limit under subsection 125(3.2) to you.
- Use this schedule if you are a member of a partnership to assign specified partnership business limit to a designated member under subsection 125(8). Note: If you are an individual, a trust, or a corporation that is not a CCPC, only complete Table 1 (columns A1, B1, C1, G1, H1 and J1) and Table 3 to make this assignment. Individuals and trusts can attach the pages with these completed tables to their respective tax returns.
- The adjusted aggregate investment income, for the purpose of the business limit reduction, also applies to a tax year of a corporation that begins before 2019 and ends after 2018 under the following circumstances:
- the corporation's preceding tax year was, because of a transaction or event or a series of transactions or events, shorter than it would have been in the absence of that transaction, event or series, and
- one of the reasons for the transaction, event or series was to defer the application of subsections 125(5.1), (5.2) and (7) to the corporation
- All legislative references are to the federal Income Tax Act.
- For more information, see Small Business Deduction and Refundable Portion of Part I Tax in Guide T4012, T2 Corporation - Income Tax Guide.
- Part 1 - Aggregate investment income
Aggregate investment income is all world source income.
Eligible portion of taxable capital gains for the year
.
02
67,744
Eligible portion of allowable capital losses for the year (including allowable business investment losses) 012
Net capital losses of previous years claimed on line 332 on the T 2 return . . . . . . . . . . . 022
Subtotal (line 012 plus line 022) $\qquad$
Line 002 minus amount A (if negative, enter "0") 67,744 B
Total income from property (include income from a specified investment business carried on in Canada other than income from a source outside Canada) 032
Exempt income


## 042

Amounts received from Agrilnvest Fund No. 2 that were included in computing the corporation's income
for the year 052
Taxable dividends deductible (total of column $F$ on Schedule 3 minus related expenses) 062
Business income from an interest in a trust that is considered property income under paragraph 108(5)(a) . 072
Subtotal (add lines 042, 052, 062 and 072)

Total losses from property (include losses from a specified investment business carried on in Canada other than a loss from a source outside Canada)
082
Amount E minus line 082 (if negative, enter "0") (enter on line 440 of the T2 return)
092




| Net taxable dividends | Canadian | Foreign |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Taxable dividends deducted per Schedule 3 |  |  |  |  |
| Less: Expenses related to such dividends | A* |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Total expenses |  |  |  |  |
| Net taxable dividends |  |  |  |  |

* Column A - Enter an " X " if the expense is related to a dividend received from a connected corporation.



## - Part 4 - Specified partnership income (continued)

Tables 2 and 3 are used to make an assignment of specified partnership business limit under subsection 125(8). A person that is a member of a partnership can make an assignment of specified partnership business limit under subsection 125(8) to a designated member.
If you are a CCPC that is a designated member and receiving specified partnership business limit from a person that is a member of the partnership, complete Table 2.
If you are a member of the partnership and are assigning specified partnership business limit to a designated member, complete Table 3.

- Table 2 - A member is assigning to you specified partnership business limit under subsection 125(8)

| A2 |  | 2A |  | B2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | rship name $405$ |  |  | Name of the $406$ |  |
| C2 | D2 | E2 | F2 | G2 | H2 |
| Business number of the member (if applicable) $410$ | Social insurance number of the member (if applicable) | Trust account number of the member (if applicable) | Tax year start of the member (YYYYMMDD) $415$ | Tax year-end of the member (YYYYMMDD) $416$ | Specified partnership business limit assigned to you by the member note 7 |

Table 3 - You are assigning to a designated member (CCPC) specified partnership business limit under subsection 125(8)

| A3 | 3A | B3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Partnership name | Partnership's <br> account number | Name of the designated member |
| $\mathbf{4 2 5}$ |  | 426 |


| C3 | D3 | E3 | F3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Business number of <br> the designated <br> member | Tax year start of <br> the designated <br> member <br> (YYYYMMDD) | Tax year-end of <br> the designated <br> member <br> (YYYYMMDD) | Specified partnership business <br> limit assigned by you to the <br> designated member <br> note 8 |
| 430 | $\mathbf{4 3 5}$ | $\mathbf{4 3 6}$ | 440 |

## - Part 5 - Partnership income not eligible for the small business deduction



| Net income for income tax purposes from line 300 of the T2 return Allowable business investment loss from line 406 of Schedule 1 | -1,570,770 s |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | T |  |
| Subtotal (amount S plus amount T ) | $\underline{-1,570,770}$ | $-1,570,770 \cup$ |
| Foreign business income after deducting related expenses ${ }^{\text {note } 9}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . 500 |  |  |
| Taxable capital gains from line 113 of Schedule 1 | 67,744 V |  |
| Net property income (line $032{ }^{\text {note } 10}$ minus the total of lines 042,052 and 082 note 9 in Part 1) | W |  |
| Personal services business income after deducting related expenses note 9 $\qquad$ e1 |  |  |
| Other income after deducting related expenses ${ }^{\text {note } 9}$ $\qquad$$\qquad$ e2 |  |  |
| Subtotal (amount e1 plus amount e2) note 9 $\qquad$ |  |  |
| Subtotal (add line 500, amount V , amount W and line 520) | $\underline{67,744}$ | 67,744 X |
| Net amount (amount $U$ minus amount X ) |  | -1,638,514 Y |
| Partnership income not eligible for the small business deduction (line 450 in Part 5) . . . . . . $\quad$ Z |  |  |
| Partnership income allocated to your corporation under subsection 96(1.1) . . . . . . . . . 530 |  |  |
| Income referred to in clause 125(1)(a)(i)(C) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 540 |  |  |
| Income referred to in clause 125(1)(a)(i)(B) (from line 615 in Part 7) |  |  |
| Subtotal (add amount $Z$, line 530, line 540 and amount AA) |  | BB |
| Specified corporate income (from line 625 in Part 7) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . _ |  |  |
| Income eligible for the small business deduction (amount $Y$ minus amount $B B$, plus amount $C C$ ) (enter amount DD on line 400 of the T2 return - if negative, enter "0") |  | = DD |


| Part 7 - Specified corporate income and assignment under subsection 125(3.2) |
| :--- |
| 1EE <br> Name of the corporation |

## Notes

1. Do not include expenses that were deducted in computing the income of the corporation in column D1.

In general, amounts included under subsections 34.2(2) and 34.2(3) or claimed under subsection 34.2(4) are deemed to have the same character and be in the same proportions as the partnership income they relate to. For example, if a corporation receives $\$ 100,000$ of partnership income for the partnership's fiscal period ending in its tax year, and that income is made up of $\$ 40,000$ of active business income, $\$ 30,000$ of income from property, and $\$ 30,000$ as a taxable capital gain, the corporation's adjusted stub period accrual (ASPA) in respect of the partnership would be $40 \%$ active business income, $30 \%$ property income, and $30 \%$ taxable capital gains. Add or deduct only the portion of the following amounts that are characterized as active business income in accordance with subsection 34.2(5):

## Add:

- the ASPA under subsection 34.2(2) (column 4 of Schedule 73)
- the income inclusion for a new corporate member of a partnership under subsection 34.2(3) (column 6 of Schedule 73)

Deduct:

- the previous-year ASPA under subsection 34.2(4) (column 5 of Schedule 73)
- the previous-year income inclusion for a new corporate member of a partnership under subsection 34.2(4) (column 7 of Schedule 73)

2. When a partnership carries on more than one business, one of which generates income and another of which realizes a loss, the loss is not netted against the partnership's income when calculating the prorated business limit (column H1). Enter on line 380 the total of all losses from column F1.
3. If you are a designated member of the partnership, enter " 0 ".
4. You must enter " 0 " if the partnership provides services or property to either:
(A) a private corporation (directly or indirectly in any manner whatever) in the year, if:

- you (or one of your shareholders) or a person that does not deal at arm's length with you (or one of your shareholders) holds a direct or indirect interest in the private corporation, and
- it is not the case that all or substantially all of the partnership's income for the year from an active business is from providing services or property to
- persons (other than the private corporation) that deal at arm's length with the partnership and each person that holds a direct or indirect interest in the partnership, or
- partnerships with which the partnership deals at arm's length, other than a partnership in which a person that does not deal at arm's length with you holds a direct or indirect interest, or
(B) a particular partnership (directly or indirectly in any manner whatever) in the year, if:
- you (or one of your shareholders) do not deal at arm's length with the particular partnership or a person that holds a direct or indirect interest in the particular partnership, and
- it is not the case that all or substantially all of the partnership's income for the year from an active business is from providing services or property to
- persons that deal at arm's length with the partnership and each person that holds a direct or indirect interest in the partnership, or
- partnerships (other than the particular partnership) with which the partnership deals at arm's length, other than a partnership in which a person that does not deal at arm's length with you holds a direct or indirect interest.

5. If you are a CCPC that is a designated member receiving an assignment of specified partnership business limit, complete Table 2 to determine the amounts to enter in Table 1 column I1.
6. If you are a member of the partnership and you are assigning specified partnership business limit, complete Table 3 to determine the amounts to enter in Table 1 column J1.
7. Add the amounts in column H 2 that are for the same partnership and enter it in Table 1 column I1, in the row of the applicable partnership.
8. Add the amounts in column F3 that are for the same partnership and enter it in Table 1 column J1, in the row of the applicable partnership. This amount cannot be higher than the amount of prorated business limit you would otherwise be entitled to in Table 1 column H 1 for that partnership.
9. If negative, enter amount in brackets, and add instead of subtracting.
10. Net of related expenses.
11. This amount is [as defined in subsection $125(7)$ specified corporate income (a)(i)] the total of all amounts, each of which is your income from an active business for the year from providing services or property to a private corporation (directly or indirectly, in any manner whatever) if
(A) at any time in the year, you (or one of your shareholders) or a person that does not deal at arm's length with you (or one of your shareholders) holds a direct or indirect interest in the private corporation, and
(B) it is not the case that all or substantially all of your income for the year from an active business is from providing services or property to
(I) persons (other than the private corporation) with which you deal at arm's length, or
(II) partnerships with which you deal at arm's length, other than a partnership in which a person that does not deal at arm's length with you holds a direct or indirect interest.
Do not include specified farming or fishing income. If the conditions described in subsection 125(10) are met, do not include income from an associated corporation.
12. The amount of business limit that a CCPC can assign to you cannot be greater than the amount in column FF that is from providing services or property directly to that CCPC. If there is an amount included in column FF that is deductible by that CCPC in respect of the amount of its income referred to in clause $125(1)(a)(i)(A)$ or $(B)$ for its tax year, you need to deduct it from column FF for the purpose of determining the amount that can be assigned to you.

## Notes (continued)

13. Active asset, of a particular corporation at any time, means property that is:
(A) used at that time principally in an active business carried on primarily in Canada by the particular corporation or by a Canadian-controlled private corporation that is related to the particular corporation,
(B) a share of the capital stock of another corporation if, at that time,

- the other corporation is connected with the particular corporation (within the meaning assigned by subsection 186(4) on the assumption that the other corporation is at that time a payer corporation within the meaning of that subsection), and
- the share would be a qualified small business corporation share (as defined in subsection 110.6(1)) if: - the references in that definition to an "individual" were references to the particular corporation, and - that definition were read without reference to "the individual's spouse or common-law partner", or
(C) an interest in a partnership, if:
- at that time, the fair market value of the particular corporation's interest in the partnership is equal to or greater than $10 \%$ of the total fair market value of all interests in the partnership,
- throughout the 24 -month period ending before that time, more than $50 \%$ of the fair market value of the property of the partnership was attributable to property described in this paragraph or in paragraph (A) or (B), and
- at that time, all or substantially all of the fair market value of the property of the partnership was attributable to property described in this paragraph or in paragraph (A) or (B).

14. Income or loss from property of a particular corporation, for the purposes of calculating the corporation's adjusted aggregate investment income, includes income or loss from a specified investment business, as well as all amounts in respect of a life insurance policy that are included in computing the corporation's income for the year (even if those amounts were not included in the computation of the corporation's aggregate investment income in Part 1).
15. The maximum number of days that can be entered in column G 1 for a partnership's fiscal period is 365 , it is not adjusted for a leap year.

## Capital Cost Allowance (CCA)

| Corporation's name <br> SYNERGY NORTH CORPORATION | Business number 892090614 RC0002 | Tax year-end Year Month Day 2022-12-31 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

For more information, see the section called "Capital Cost Allowance" in the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide

| Is the corporation electing under Regulation 1101(5q)? | $\mathbf{1 0 1}$ | Yes $\square$ | No $\mathbf{X}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## -Part 1 - Agreement between associated eligible persons or partnerships (EPOPs)


If you answered yes, complete Part 1. Otherwise, go to Part 2.
Enter a percentage assigned to each associated EPOP (including your corporation) as determined in the agreement.
 associated group has an immediate expensing limit of nil. For more information about the immediate expensing limit, see note 12 in Part 2

|  |  | 1 <br> Name of EPOP <br> 110 | $2$ <br> Identification number <br> See note 1 $115$ | 3 <br> Percentage assigned under the agreement <br> 120 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | SYNERGY NORTH CORPORATION |  | 892090614RC0002 | 100.000 |
| 2. | Thunder Bay Hydro Corporation |  | 865232995RC0001 |  |
| 3. | Thunder Bay Hydro Renewable Power Incorporated |  | 861707461RC0001 |  |
| 4. | Thunder Bay Hydro Utility Services Inc. |  | 861891059RC0001 |  |
|  |  |  | Total | 100.000 |
|  | Immediate expensing limit allocated to the corporation (see note 2) |  | 125 | 1,500,000 |

[^4]

T2 SCH 8E (22)


- Part 2 - CCA calculation (continued)

|  |  | Description | 17 <br> Net capital cost additions of AIIP and property included in Classes 54 to 56 acquired during the year (column 14 minus column 16) (if negative, enter "0") | 18 <br> UCC adjustment for AllP and property included in Classes 54 to 56 acquired during the year (column 17 multiplied by the relevant factor) <br> See note 15 | 19 <br> UCC adjustment for property acquired during the year other than AIIP and property included in <br> Classes 54 to 56 ( 0.5 multiplied by the result of column 13 minus column 14 minus column 6 plus column 7 minus column 8 plus column 9) (if negative, enter "0") | 20 <br> CCA rate \% <br> See note 17 | 21 <br> Recapture of CCA <br> See note 18 | 22 <br> Terminal loss <br> See note 19 | 23 <br> CCA <br> (for declining balance method, the result of column 15 plus column 18 minus column 19, multiplied by column 20, or a lower amount, plus column 12) <br> See note 20 | UCC at the end of the year (column 10 minus column 23) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 10 | Rolling Stock/Comp |  |  |  | 30 | 0 | 0 | 1,157,207 | 861,591 |
| 2. | 8 | Office/Other Equip |  |  |  | 20 | 0 | 0 | 366,004 | 634,560 |
| 3. | 4 | Building |  |  |  | 6 | 0 | 0 | 56,854 | 890,705 |
| 4. | 47 | Distribution Equipment Post Feb 22/05 | 10,809,187 | 5,404,594 |  | 8 | 0 | 0 | 6,431,330 | 68,555,698 |
| 5. | 45 | Computer Equipment acquired after March 22/04 |  |  |  | 45 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 11 |
| 6. | 1 | Distribution Equipment |  |  |  | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1,888,181 | 45,316,348 |
| 7. | 50 | Computer Equip Sub to Mar 18, 2007 |  |  |  | 55 | 0 | 0 | 547,722 | 56,677 |
| 8. | 43.2 | Solar Panels |  |  |  | 50 | 0 | 0 | 8,289 | 8,289 |
| 9. | 1 | Building | 53,959 | 26,980 |  | 4 | 0 | 0 | 101,375 | 2,406,031 |
| 10. | 17 | Parking Lot |  |  |  | 8 | 0 | 0 | 15,145 | 174,167 |
| 11. | 14.1 | CEC Balance |  |  |  | 5 | 0 | 0 | 57,254 | 916,306 |
| 12. | 1 | Improvements to buildings |  |  |  | 4 | 0 | 0 | 8,560 | 205,452 |
| 13. | 1b | Kenora Bldg Addition 2010 |  |  |  | 6 | 0 | 0 | 16,231 | 254,278 |
| 14. | 7 | Kingfisher Boat |  |  |  | 15 | 0 | 0 | 2,122 | 12,024 |
|  |  | Totals | 10,863,146 | 5,431,574 |  |  |  |  | 10,656,283 | 120,292,137 |

Enter the total of column 21 on line 107 of Schedule 1.
Enter the total of column 22 on line 404 of Schedule 1.
Note 3: If a class number has not been provided in Schedule II of the Income Tax Regulations for a particular class of property, use the subsection provided in Regulation 1101.

 See Income Tax Folio S3-F4-C1, General Discussion of Capital Cost Allowance, for exceptions to the 50\% rule.
 (before 2024) and was designated as such on or before the day that is 12 months after the filing-due date for the tax year to which the designation relates. It includes all capital property subject to the CCA rules, if certain conditions are met, other than property included in Classes 1 to $6,14.1,17,47,49$, and 51 . A property can only qualify as DieP in the year in which it becomes available for use. See subsection $1104(3.1)$ of the Regulations for more information

 decreased the capital cost of the property by virtue of paragraph 13(7.1)(f). See the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide for other examples of adjustments and transfers to include in column 5 .
 before the end of your tax year and continuously owned by the transferor until it was acquired by you
Note 7: Include all amounts of assistance you received (or were entitled to receive) after the disposition of a depreciable property that would have decreased the capital cost of the property by virtue of paragraph 13(7.1)(f) if received before the disposition.

## - Part 2 - CCA calculation (continued)

Note 8: Include all amounts you have repaid during the year for any legally required repayment, made after the disposition of a corresponding property, of

- assistance that would have otherwise increased the capital cost of the property under paragraph 13(7.1)(d) and
- an inducement, assistance, or any other amount contemplated in paragraph 12(1)(x) received, that otherwise would have increased the capital cost of the property under paragraph 13(7.4)(b)

 year and continuously owned by the transferor until it was acquired by you.
 in respect of the property cannot exceed the property's capital cost, unless that property is a timber resource property as defined in subsection 13(21).
 as a proportion of the actual cost of the vehicle.


Note 12: Immediate expensing applies to a DIEP included in column 11. The total immediate expensing for the tax year (total of column 12) should not exceed the lesser of:

1. Immediate expensing limit: it is equal to one of the following five amounts, whichever is applicable:

- $\$ 1.5$ million, if you are not associated with any other EPOP in the tax year
- amount from line 125, if you are associated in the tax year with one or more EPOPs
 of the Regulations
- the amount determined under subsection 1104(3.5) of the Regulations for any second or subsequent tax years ending in a calendar year, if you have two or more tax years ending in the calendar year in which you are associated with another EPOP that has a tax year ending in that calendar year
- any amount allocated by the minister under subsection 1104(3.4) of the Regulations

The immediate expensing limit has to be prorated if your tax year is less than 365 days. You cannot carry forward any unused amount of the immediate expensing limit.
2. UCC of the DIEP: total of column 11

You have to maintain the CCPC status throughout the relevant tax year in order to claim the immediate expensing
Note 13: An AIIP is a property (other than property included in Classes 54 to 56 ) that you acquired after November 20, 2018, and that became available for use before 2028
Classes 54 and 55 include zero-emission vehicles that you acquired after March 18, 2019, and that became available for use before 2028
Class 56 applies to eligible zero-emission automotive equipment and vehicles (other than motor vehicles) that are acquired after March 1 , 2020, and that became available for use before 2028. See the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide for more information.
Note 14: Include only elements from columns 6 and 7 that are not related to the DIEP.
Note 15: The relevant factors for property of a class in Schedule II, that is an AIIP or included in Classes 54 to 56, available for use before 2024 are:

- $21 / 3$ for property in Classes 43.1,54, and 56
- $11 / 2$ for property in Class 55
- 1 for property in Classes 43.2 and 53
- 0 for property in Classes 12, 13, 14, and 15, as well as properties that are Canadian vessels included in paragraph 1100(1)(v) of the Regulations (see note 20 for additional information) and
- 0.5 for all other property that is an AlIP


## - Part 2 - CCA calculation (continued)

 immediate expensing was applied). Include only elements from columns 6 and 7 that are not related to the DIEP. For special rules and exceptions, see Income Tax Folio S3-F4-C1, General Discussion of Capital Cost Allowance.
Note 17: Enter a rate only if you are using the declining balance method. For any other method (for example, the straight-line method, where calculations are always based on the cost of acquisitions), enter N/A. Then enter the amount you are claiming in column 23.
 However, they do apply to a passenger vehicle that was, at any time, a DIEP
 do not apply to:

- passenger vehicles in Class 10.1
_ property in Class 14.1, unless you have ceased carrying on the business to which it relates
- limited-period franchises, concessions, or licences in Class 14 if, at the time of acquisition, the property was a former property of the transferor or any similar property attributable to the same fixed place of business, and you had jointly elected with the transferor to have the replacement property rules apply, unless certain conditions are met
Note 20: If the tax year is shorter than 365 days, prorate the CCA claim. Some classes of property do not have to be prorated. See the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide for more information. For property in class 10.1 disposed of during the year, deduct a maximum of $50 \%$ of the regular CCA deduction if you owned the property at the beginning of the tax year. For AlIP listed below, the maximum first year allowance you can claim is determined as follows:
- Class 13: the lesser of $150 \%$ of the amount calculated in Schedule III of the Regulations and the UCC at the end of the tax year (before any CCA deduction)
- Class 14: the lesser of $150 \%$ of the allocation for the year of the capital cost of the property apportioned over the remaining life of the property (at the time the cost was incurred) and the UCC at the end of the tax year (before any CCA deduction)
- Class 15: the lesser of $150 \%$ of an amount computed on the basis of a rate per cord, board foot, or cubic metre cut in the tax year and the UCC at the end of the tax year (before any CCA deduction)
_ Canadian vessels described under paragraph $1100(1)(\mathrm{v})$ of the Regulations: the lesser of $50 \%$ of the capital cost of the property and the UCC at the end of the tax year (before any CCA deduction)
- Class 41.2: use a $25 \%$ CCA rate. The additional allowance under paragraphs 1100(1)(y.2) (for single mine properties) and 1100(1)(ya.2) (for multiple mine properties) of the Regulations is not eligible for the accelerated investment incentive. The additional allowance in respect of natural gas liquefaction under paragraph 1100(1)(yb) of the Regulations is eligible for the accelerated investment incentive The AIIP also apply to property (other than a timber resource property) that is a timber limit or a right to cut timber from a limit as well as to industrial mineral mine or a right to remove minerals from an industrial mineral mine. See the Income Tax Regulations for more detail.


## Fixed Assets Reconciliation

Reconciliation of change in fixed assets per financial statements to amounts used per tax return.


If the amounts from the tax return and the financial statements differ, explain why below.

RELATED AND ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

| Name of corporation | Business Number | Tax year end <br> Year Month Day <br> SYNERGY NORTH CORPORATION |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |

- Complete this schedule if the corporation is related to or associated with at least one other corporation.
- For more information, see the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide.


Note 1: Enter "NR" if the corporation is not registered or does not have a business number.
Note 2: Enter the code number of the relationship that applies from the following order: 1-Parent 2-Subsidiary 3-Associated 4-Related but not associated

Agence du revenu
Schedule 23

## Agreement Among Associated Canadian-Controlled Private Corporations to Allocate the Business Limit

- For use by a Canadian-controlled private corporation (CCPC) to identify all associated corporations and to assign a percentage for each associated corporation. This percentage will be used to allocate the business limit for the small business deduction. Information from this schedule will also be used to determine the date the balance of tax is due and to calculate the reduction to the business limit.
- An associated CCPC that has more than one tax year ending in a calendar year must file an agreement for each tax year ending in that calendar year.
Column 1: Enter the legal name of each of the corporations in the associated group, including those deemed to be associated under subsection $256(2)$ of the Income Tax Act.
Column 2: Provide the business number for each corporation (if a corporation is not registered, enter "NR").
Column 3: Enter the association code from the list below that applies to each corporation:
1 - Associated for purposes of allocating the business limit (unless association code 5 applies)
2 - CCPC that is a third corporation as referred to in subsection 256(2) and has filed Schedule 28, Election not to be Associated Through a Third Corporation
3 - Non-CCPC that is a third corporation
4 - Associated non-CCPC
5 - Associated CCPC to which association code 1 does not apply because a third corporation has filed Schedule 28
Column 4: Enter the business limit for the year of each corporation in the associated group. Enter " 0 " if the corporation has association code 2 , 3 or 4 in column 3 (except if the corporation is a cooperative or a credit union eligible for the SBD and it has association code 4).
Column 5: Assign a percentage to allocate the business limit to each corporation that has association code 1 in column 3. The total of all percentages in column 5 cannot exceed 100\%.
Column 6: Enter the business limit allocated to each corporation by multiplying the amount in column 4 by the percentage in column 5 . Add all business limits allocated in column 6 and enter the total at line A.
Ensure that the total at line A does not exceed \$500,000.



## Business limit reduction under subsection 125(5.1) of the Act

The business limit reduction is calculated in the small business deduction area of the T2 return. One of the factors used in this calculation is the "large corporation amount" at line 415 of the T2 return. The amount at line 415 is determined using the formula $0.225 \% \times(\mathrm{C}-\$ 10,000,000)$. Another factor is the "adjusted aggregate investment income" from lines 744 and 745 of Schedule 7, Aggregate Investment Income and Income Eligible for the Small Business Deduction. Details of these formulas and variable C are in subsection 125(5.1) of the Act.

* Each corporation will enter on line 410 of the T2 return, the amount allocated to it in column 6 . However, if the corporation's tax year is less than 51 weeks, prorate the amount in column 6 by the number of days in the tax year divided by 365, and enter the result on line 410 of the T2 return.


## Special rules for business limit

Special rules apply under subsection $125(5)$ if a CCPC has more than one tax year ending in the same calendar year and it is associated in more than one of those tax years with another CCPC that has a tax year ending in that calendar year. The business limit for the second or later tax year will be equal to the lesser of: the business limit determined for the first tax year ending in the calendar year or the business limit determined for the second or later tax year ending in the same calendar year.

## Taxable Capital Employed in Canada - Large Corporations

| Corporation's name | Business number |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| SYNERGY NORTH CORPORATION year-end | Year Month Day |  |
| $2022-12-31$ | 892090614 RC0002 |  |

- Use this schedule in determining if the total taxable capital employed in Canada of the corporation (other than a financial institution or an insurance corporation) and its related corporations is greater than \$10,000,000.
- If the total taxable capital employed in Canada of the corporation and its related corporations is greater than $\$ 10,000,000$, file a completed Schedule 33 with your T2 Corporation Income Tax Return no later than six months from the end of the tax year.
- Unless otherwise noted, all legislative references are to the Income Tax Act and the Income Tax Regulations.
- Subsection 181(1) defines the terms financial institution, long-term debt, and reserves.
- Subsection 181(3) provides the basis to determine the carrying value of a corporation's assets or any other amount under Part l. 3 for its capital, investment allowance, taxable capital, or taxable capital employed in Canada, or for a partnership in which it has an interest.
- If the corporation was a non-resident of Canada throughout the year and carried on a business through a permanent establishment in Canada, go to Part 4 , Taxable capital employed in Canada.


## Part 1 - Capital

Add the following year-end amounts:

| Reserves that have not been deducted in calculating income for the year under Part I ..... 101 | 10,589,202 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capital stock (or members' contributions if incorporated without share capital) . . . . . . . . . 103 | 54,521,625 |  |
| Retained earnings . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 104 | 36,047,813 |  |
| Contributed surplus . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 105 |  |  |
| Any other surpluses . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 106 |  |  |
| Deferred unrealized foreign exchange gains . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 107 |  |  |
| All loans and advances to the corporation . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 108 | 74,832,282 |  |
| All indebtedness of the corporation represented by bonds, debentures, notes, mortgages, hypothecary claims, bankers' acceptances, or similar obligations |  |  |
| Any dividends declared but not paid by the corporation before the end of the year . . . . . . 110 |  |  |
| All other indebtedness of the corporation (other than any indebtedness for a lease) that has been outstanding for more than 365 days before the end of the year |  |  |
| The total of all amounts, each of which is the amount, if any, in respect of a partnership in which the corporation held a membership interest at the end of the year, either directly or indirectly through another partnership (see note below) |  |  |
| Subtotal (add lines 101 to 112) | 175,990,922 | 175,990,922 A |

## Note:

Line 112 is determined by the formula $(A-B) \times C / D$ (as per paragraph $181.2(3)(\mathrm{g})$ ) where:
$A$ is the total of all amounts that would be determined for lines 101, 107, 108, 109, and 111 in respect of the partnership for its last fiscal period that ends at or before the end of the year if
a) those lines applied to partnerships in the same manner that they apply to corporations, and
b) those amounts were computed without reference to amounts owing by the partnership
(i) to any corporation that held a membership interest in the partnership either directly or indirectly through another partnership, or
(ii) to any partnership in which a corporation described in subparagraph (i) held a membership interest either directly or indirectly through another partnership.
$B$ is the partnership's deferred unrealized foreign exchange losses at the end of the period,
C is the share of the partnership's income or loss for the period to which the corporation is entitled either directly or indirectly through another partnership, and
$D$ is the partnership's income or loss for the period.

| Part 1 - Capital (continued) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Subtotal A (from page 1) | 175,990,922 A |
| Deduct the following amounts: |  |  |
| Deferred tax debit balance at the end of the year . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 121 |  |  |
| Any deficit deducted in calculating its shareholders' equity (including, for this purpose, the amount of any provision for the redemption of preferred shares) at the end of the year |  |  |
| To the extent that the amount may reasonably be regarded as being included in any of lines 101 to 112 above for the year, any amount deducted under subsection 135(1) in calculating income under Part I for the year. |  |  |
| Deferred unrealized foreign exchange losses at the end of the year . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 124 |  |  |
| Subtotal (add lines 121 to 124) | $\checkmark$ | B |
| Capital for the year (amount A minus amount B) (if negative, enter "0") | 190 | 175,990,922 |

## Part 2 - Investment allowance

Add the carrying value at the end of the year of the following assets of the corporation:


## Notes:

1. Lines 401 to 405 should not include the carrying value of a share of the capital stock of, a dividend payable by, or indebtedness of a corporation that is exempt from tax under Part l. 3 (other than a non-resident corporation that at no time in the year carried on business in Canada through a permanent establishment).
2. Where the corporation has an interest in a partnership held either directly or indirectly through another partnership, refer to subsection 181.2(5) for additional rules regarding the carrying value of an interest in a partnership.
3. Where a trust is used as a conduit for loaning money from a corporation to another related corporation (other than a financial institution), the loan will be considered to have been made directly from the lending corporation to the borrowing corporation. Refer to subsection 181.2(6) for special rules that may apply.

## Part 3 - Taxable capital

Capital for the year (line 190)
175,990,922 C
Deduct: Investment allowance for the year (line 490)
114,331 D
Taxable capital for the year (amount C minus amount D) (if negative, enter "0")

| $1-\cdots$ |
| ---: |
| 500 |

## Part 4 - Taxable capital employed in Canada



[^5]
## Shareholder Information

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end <br> Year Month Day <br> SYNERGY NORTH CORPORATION |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |

- All private corporations must complete this schedule for any shareholder who holds $10 \%$ or more of the corporation's common and/or preferred shares.
- Provide only one number (business number, partnership account number, social insurance number or trust number) per shareholder.

|  | Name of shareholder (after name, indicate in brackets if the shareholder is a corporation, partnership, individual, or trust) | Business number or partnership account number (9 digits, 2 letters, and 4 digits. <br> If not registered, enter "NR") 200 | Social insurance number (9 digits) | Trust number (T followed by 8 digits) | Percentage common shares $400$ | Percentage preferred shares |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Thunder Bay Hydro Corporation | 865232995RC0001 |  |  | 91.690 |  |
| 2 | Corporation of the City of Kenora | NR |  |  | 8.310 |  |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## General Rate Income Pool (GRIP) Calculation

| Corporation's name | Business number | Tax year-end <br> Year Month Day <br> SYNERGY NORTH CORPORATION |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |

On: 2022-12-31

- If you are a Canadian-controlled private corporation (CCPC) or a deposit insurance corporation (DIC), use this schedule to determine the general rate income pool (GRIP).
- Credit unions are not required to complete this schedule.
- All legislative references are to the federal Income Tax Act and Income Tax Regulations.
- When an eligible dividend was paid in the tax year or there was a change in the GRIP balance, file a completed copy of this schedule with your T2 Corporation Income Tax Return. Do not send your worksheets with your return, but keep them in your records in case we ask to see them later.
- Subsection $89(1)$ defines the terms eligible dividend, excessive eligible dividend designation, general rate income pool, and low rate income pool.


## Eligibility for the various additions

Answer the following questions to determine the corporation's eligibility for the various additions:

## 2006 addition

1. Is this the corporation's first taxation year that includes January 1,2006? . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\square$ Yes $\mathbf{X}$ No
2. If not, what is the date of the taxation year end of the corporation's first year that includes January 1, 2006?

Enter the date and go directly to question 4
2006-12-31
3. During that first year, was the corporation a CCPC or would it have been a CCPC if not for the election of subsection 89(11) ITA?
s, complete Part "GRIP addition for 2006".

Change in the type of corporation

If the answer to question 5 is yes, complete Part 4.
Amalgamation (first year of filing after amalgamation)
6. Corporations that were formed as a result of an amalgamation . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Yes X No

If the answer to question 6 is yes, answer questions 7 and 8 . If the answer is no, go to question 9.
7. Was one or more of the predecessor corporations neither a CCPC nor a DIC? . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\square$ Yes $\square$ No

If the answer to question 7 is yes, complete Part 4.


Winding-up

If the answer to question 11 is yes, complete Part 3.

## Part 1 - General rate income pool (GRIP)



## Part 2 - GRIP adjustment for specified future tax consequences to previous tax years

Complete this part if the corporation's taxable income of any of the previous three tax years took into account the specified future tax consequences defined in subsection 248(1) from the current tax year. Otherwise, enter " 0 " on line 560.

First previous tax year 2021-12-31
Taxable income before specified future tax consequences
from the current tax year ..................... . consequences from the current tax year:

Amount on line 400, 405, 410,
or 428 of the T2 return,
whichever is the least
Aggregate investment income
(line 440 of the T2 return) $\qquad$
$\qquad$ C1
Subtotal (amount B1 plus amount C1) $\qquad$
$\qquad$ D1 Subtotal (amount A1 minus amount D1) (if negative, enter "0") 2,222, 2, 22,603 E1

| Future tax consequences that occur for the current year <br> Amount carried back from the current year to a prior year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-capital loss <br> carry-back <br> (paragraph 111 <br> (1)(a) ITA) | Capital loss <br> carry-back | Restricted farm <br> loss carry-back | Farm loss <br> carry-back | Other | Total |  |  |
| 949,805 |  |  |  | carrybacks |  |  |  |

Taxable income after specified future tax consequences $\ldots \ldots$. . . 1,272,798 F1
Enter the following amounts after specified future tax consequences:
Amount on line 400, 405, 410, or 428 of the T2 return,
whichever is the least $\qquad$ G1
Aggregate investment income (line 440 of the T2 return) $\qquad$
$\qquad$ H1
Subtotal (amount G1 plus amount H 1 ) $\qquad$
$>$
Subtotal (amount F1 minus amount I1) (if negative, enter "0")
Subtotal (amount E1 minus amount J1) (if negative, enter "0")
GRIP adjustment for specified future tax consequences to the first previous tax year

## Part 2 - GRIP adjustment for specified future tax consequences to previous tax years (continued)

Second previous tax year 2020-12-31
Taxable income before specified future tax consequences from
the current tax year $1,224,624$ A2

Enter the following amounts before specified future tax consequences from the current tax year:

Amount on line 400, 405, 410,
or 428 of the T2 return,
whichever is the least
Aggregate investment income
(line 440 of the T2 return) $\qquad$ C2
$\qquad$
Subtotal (amount A2 minus amount D2) (if negative, enter "0") $\qquad$ D2

| Future tax consequences that occur for the current year <br> Amount carried back from the current year to a prior year |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-capital loss <br> carry-back <br> (paragraph 111 <br> (1)(a) ITA) | Capital loss <br> carry-back | Restricted farm <br> loss carry-back | Farm loss <br> carry-back | Other | Total <br> carrybacks |  |
| 17,694 |  |  |  |  | 17,694 |  |

Taxable income after specified future tax consequences . . . . . . . 1,206,930 F2

## Enter the following amounts after specified future tax consequences:

Amount on line 400, 405, 410,
or 428 of the T2 return,
whichever is the least
Aggregate investment income
(line 440 of the T2 return) $\qquad$ H2

Subtotal (amount G2 plus amount H 2 ) $工$ $\qquad$ I2
Subtotal (amount F2 minus amount I2) (if negative, enter "0")
1,206,930 1,206,930 J2

Subtotal (amount E2 minus amount J2) (if negative, enter "0") 17,694 K2

GRIP adjustment for specified future tax consequences to the second previous tax year
(amount K2 multiplied by
0.72 )

520
12,740

## Part 2 - GRIP adjustment for specified future tax consequences to previous tax years (continued)

Third previous tax year 2019-12-31
Taxable income before specified future tax consequences from
the current tax year . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .__ A
Enter the following amounts before specified future tax consequences from the current tax year:

Amount on line 400, 405, 410,
or 428 of the T2 return,
whichever is the least
Aggregate investment income (line 440 of the T2 return) . . . . . . . . . C3

Subtotal (amount B3 plus amount C3)
Subtotal (amount A3 minus amount D3) (if negative, enter "0")

| Future tax consequences that occur for the current year <br> Amount carried back from the current year to a prior year |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-capital loss <br> carry-back <br> (paragraph 111 <br> (1)(a) ITA) | Capital loss <br> carry-back | Restricted farm <br> loss carry-back | Farm loss <br> carry-back | Other | Total <br> carrybacks |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Taxable income after specified future tax consequences $\qquad$ F3

Enter the following amounts after specified future tax consequences:
Amount on line 400, 405, 410, or 428 of the T2 return,
whichever is the least $\qquad$ G3

Aggregate investment income (line 440 of the T2 return) $\qquad$ H3

Subtotal (amount G3 plus amount H3) $\qquad$ 13
Subtotal (amount F3 minus amount I3) (if negative, enter "0") $\qquad$ $>$ $\qquad$
GRIP adjustment for specified future tax consequences to the third previous tax year (amount K3 multiplied by
0.72 )

540
Total GRIP adjustment for specified future tax consequences to previous tax years:
(add lines 500, 520, and 540) (if negative, enter "0")
696,600 L3
Enter amount L3 on line 560

## Part 3 - Worksheet to calculate the GRIP addition post-amalgamation or post-wind-up (predecessor or subsidiary was a CCPC or a DIC in its last tax year)

nb. 1 Post amalgamation...
Post wind-up


Complete this part when there has been an amalgamation (within the meaning assigned by subsection 87(1)) or a wind-up (to which subsection 88(1) applies) and the predecessor or subsidiary corporation was a CCPC or a DIC in its last tax year. The last tax year for a predecessor corporation was its tax year that ended immediately before the amalgamation and for a subsidiary corporation was its tax year during which its assets were distributed to the parent on the wind-up.
Calculate the GRIP addition of a successor corporation following an amalgamation at the end of its first tax year.
Calculate the GRIP addition of a parent corporation upon wind-up at the end of the tax year that ends immediately after the tax year in which the parent has received the assets of the subsidiary.
In the calculation below, corporation means a predecessor or a subsidiary. Complete a separate worksheet for each predecessor and each subsidiary that was a CCPC or a DIC in its last tax year. Keep a copy of this calculation for your records, in case we ask to see it later.

Corporation's GRIP at the end of its last tax year
Eligible dividends paid by the corporation in its last tax year
. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\qquad$ B4

Excessive eligible dividend designations made by the corporation in its last tax year . . . . . . . . $\qquad$ C4 Subtotal (amount B4 minus amount C4)
GRIP addition post-amalgamation or post-wind-up (predecessor or subsidiary was a CCPC or a DIC in its last tax year) (amount A4 minus amount D4) $\qquad$


After you complete this calculation for each predecessor and each subsidiary, calculate the total of all the E4 amounts. Enter this total amount on:

- line 230 for post-amalgamation; or
- line 240 for post-wind-up.


## Part 4 - Worksheet to calculate the GRIP addition post-amalgamation, post-wind-up (predecessor or subsidiary was not a CCPC or a DIC in its last tax year), or the corporation is becoming a CCPC

nb. 1 Corporation becoming a CCPC . . . . $\square$ Post amalgamation . . . . . . . . . . $\square$ Post wind-up
Complete this part when there has been an amalgamation (within the meaning assigned by subsection 87(1)) or a wind-up (to which subsection 88(1) applies) and the predecessor or subsidiary was not a CCPC or a DIC in its last tax year. The last tax year for a predecessor corporation was its tax year that ended immediately before the amalgamation and for a subsidiary corporation was its tax year during which its assets were distributed to the parent on the wind-up.

Calculate the GRIP addition of a successor corporation following an amalgamation at the end of its first tax year.
Calculate the GRIP addition of a parent corporation upon wind-up at the end of the tax year that ends immediately after the tax year in which the parent has received the assets of the subsidiary.
In the calculation below, corporation means a predecessor or a subsidiary. Complete a separate worksheet for each predecessor and each subsidiary that was not a CCPC or a DIC in its last year. Keep a copy of this calculation for your records, in case we ask to see it later.

Cost amount to the corporation of all property immediately before the end of its previous/last tax year . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ._._A5
The corporation's money on hand immediately before the end of its previous/last tax year . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ._B5
Total of subsection 111(1) losses that would have been deductible in calculating the corporation's taxable income for the previous/last tax year if the corporation had had unlimited income from each business carried on and each property held and had realized an unlimited amount of capital gains for the previous/last tax year:D5
Farm lossesF5
Limited partnership losses ..... G5
Subtotal (add amounts C5 to G5)



Total of all amounts deducted under subsection 111(1) in calculating the corporation's taxable income for the previous/last tax year:

| Non-capital losses | 15 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Net capital losses | J5 |
| Farm losses | K5 |
| Restricted farm losses | L5 |
| Limited partnership losses | M5 |
|  |  |

$\qquad$
Unused and unexpired losses at the end of the corporation's previous/last tax year (amount H5 minus amount N5)

All the corporation's debts and other obligations to pay that were
outstanding immediately before the end of its previous/last tax year
. Q5
Paid-up capital of all the corporation's issued and outstanding shares
of capital stock immediately before the end of its previous/last tax year . . . . . . . . . . . . . R5

All the corporation's reserves deducted in its previous/last tax year . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . S5

The corporation's low rate income pool immediately before the end of
its previous/last tax year $\qquad$ U5

Subtotal (add amounts Q5 to U5) $\qquad$
GRIP addition post-amalgamation or post-wind-up (predecessor or subsidiary was not a CCPC or a DIC in its last tax year),
or the corporation is becoming a CCPC (amount P5 minus amount V5) (if negative, enter "0")
After you complete this worksheet for each predecessor and each subsidiary, calculate the total of all the W5 amounts. Enter this total amount on:

- line 220 for a corporation becoming a CCPC;
- line 230 for post-amalgamation; or
- line 240 for post-wind-up.

Canada Revenue Agency

Agence du revenu
du Canada

## Part III. 1 Tax on Excessive Eligible Dividend Designations



- All legislative references are to the Income Tax Act and the Income Tax Regulations.
- Subsection 89(1) defines the terms eligible dividend, excessive eligible dividend designation, general rate income pool, and low rate income pool.
- The calculations in Part 1 and Part 2 do not apply if the excessive eligible dividend designation arises from the application of paragraph (c) of the definition of excessive eligible dividend designation in subsection 89(1). This paragraph applies when an eligible dividend is paid to artificially maintain or increase the GRIP or to artificially maintain or decrease the LRIP.

| - Part 1 - Canadian-controlled private corporations and deposit insurance corporations <br> Taxable dividends paid in the tax year not included in Schedule 3 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| Taxable dividends paid in the tax year included in Schedule 3 | 712,000 |  |
| Total taxable dividends paid in the tax year . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 100 | 712,000 |  |
| Total eligible dividends paid in the tax year |  |  |
| GRIP at the end of the tax year (line 590 on Schedule 53) (if negative, enter "0") |  | 14,553,594 |
| Excessive eligible dividend designation (line 150 minus line 160) |  |  |
| Excessive eligible dividend designations elected under subsection 185.1(2) to be treated as ordinary dividends * . . . . . . 180 |  |  |
| Subtotal (amount A minus line 180) |  |  |
| Part III. 1 tax on excessive eligible dividend designations - CCPC or DIC (amount B multiplied by | 20 \%) |  |
| Enter the amount from line 190 on line 710 of the T2 return. |  |  |

## - Part 2 - Other corporations

Taxable dividends paid in the tax year not included in Schedule 3
Taxable dividends paid in the tax year included in Schedule 3
Total taxable dividends paid in the tax year
200

Total excessive eligible dividend designations in the tax year (amount A of Schedule 54) $\qquad$ C

Excessive eligible dividend designations elected under subsection 185.1(2) to be treated as ordinary dividends * . . . . . . 280
Subtotal (amount C minus line 280) $\qquad$ D

Part III. 1 tax on excessive eligible dividend designations - Other corporations (amount D multiplied by $20 \%$. 290
Enter the amount from line 290 on line 710 of the T2 return.

[^6]
## Ontario Corporate Minimum Tax

| Business number | Tax year-end <br> Year Month Day <br> $2022-12-31 ~$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 892090614 RC0002 |  |

- File this schedule if the corporation is subject to Ontario corporate minimum tax (CMT). CMT is levied under section 55 of the Taxation Act, 2007 (Ontario), referred to as the "Ontario Act".
- Complete Part 1 to determine if the corporation is subject to CMT for the tax year.
- A corporation not subject to CMT in the tax year is still required to file this schedule if it is deducting a CMT credit, has a CMT credit carryforward, or has a CMT loss carryforward or a current year CMT loss.
- A corporation that has Ontario special additional tax on life insurance corporations (SAT) payable in the tax year must complete Part 4 of this schedule even if it is not subject to CMT for the tax year.
- A corporation is exempt from CMT if, throughout the tax year, it was one of the following:

1) a corporation exempt from income tax under section 149 of the federal Income Tax Act;
2) a mortgage investment corporation under subsection 130.1(6) of the federal Act;
3) a deposit insurance corporation under subsection 137.1(5) of the federal Act;
4) a congregation or business agency to which section 143 of the federal Act applies;
5) an investment corporation as referred to in subsection 130(3) of the federal Act; or
6) a mutual fund corporation under subsection 131(8) of the federal Act.

- File this schedule with the T2 Corporation Income Tax Return.


## -Part 1 - Determination of CMT applicability




## - Part 2 - Calculation of adjusted net income/loss for CMT purposes (continued)

- Life insurance corporations must report net income/loss as per the report accepted by the federal Superintendent of Financial Institutions or equivalent provincial insurance regulator, before SAT and adjusted so consolidation and equity methods are not used. If the life insurance corporation is resident in Canada and carries on business in and outside of Canada, multiply the net income/loss by the ratio of the Canadian reserve liabilities divided by the total reserve liability. The reserve liabilities are calculated in accordance with Regulation 2405(3) of the federal Act.
- Other corporations must report net income/loss in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, except that consolidation and equity methods must not be used. When the equity method has been used for accounting purposes, equity losses and equity income are removed from book income/loss on lines 224 and 324 respectively.
- Corporations, other than insurance corporations, should report net income from line 9999 of the GIFI (Schedule 125) on line 210.
** The share of the adjusted net income of a partnership or joint venture is calculated as if the partnership or joint venture were a corporation and the tax year of the partnership or joint venture were its fiscal period. For a corporation with an indirect interest in a partnership through one or more partnerships, determine the corporation's share according to clause 54(5)(c) of the Ontario Act.
*** A joint election will be considered made under subsection 60(1) of the Ontario Act if there is an entry on line 342, and an election has been made for transfer of property to a corporation under subsection 85(1) of the federal Act.
**** A joint election will be considered made under subsection 60(2) of the Ontario Act if there is an entry on line 344, and an election has been made under subsection 85(2) or 97(2) of the federal Act.
***** A joint election will be considered made under subsection 61(1) of the Ontario Act if there is an entry on line 346, and an election has been made under subsection 13(4) or 14(6) and/or section 44 of the federal Act.
For more information on how to complete this part, see the T2 Corporation - Income Tax Guide.




## Part 6 - Analysis of CMT credit available for carryforward by year of origin

Complete this part if:

- the tax year includes January 1, 2009; or
- the previous tax year-end is deemed to be December 31, 2008, under subsection 249(3) of the federal Act.

| Year of origin |  | CMT credit balance * |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 10th previous <br> tax year | 680 |  |
| 9th previous <br> tax year | 681 |  |
| 8th previous <br> tax year | 682 |  |
| 7th previous <br> tax year | 683 |  |
| 6th previous <br> tax year | $\mathbf{6 8 4}$ |  |
| 5th previous <br> tax year | $\mathbf{6 8 5}$ |  |
| 4th previous <br> tax year | $\mathbf{6 8 6}$ |  |
| 3rd previous <br> tax year | $\mathbf{6 8 7}$ |  |
| 2nd previous <br> tax year | $\mathbf{6 8 8}$ |  |
| 1st previous <br> tax year | $\mathbf{6 8 9}$ |  |
| Total ** |  |  |

* CMT credit that was earned (by the corporation, predecessors of the corporation, and subsidiaries wound up into the corporation) in each of the previous 10 tax years and has not been deducted.
** Must equal the total of the amounts entered on lines 620 and 650 in Part 4.



## - Part 8 - Analysis of CMT loss available for carryforward by year of origin

Complete this part if:

- the tax year includes January 1, 2009; or
- the previous tax year-end is deemed to be December 31, 2008, under subsection 249(3) of the federal Act.

| Year of origin | Balance earned in a tax year ending <br> before March 23, 2007 | Balance earned in a tax year ending <br> after March 22, 2007 ${ }^{* *}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10th previous <br> tax year | $\mathbf{8 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{8 2 0}$ |
| 9th previous <br> tax year | $\mathbf{8 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{8 2 1}$ |
| 8th previous <br> tax year | $\mathbf{8 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{8 2 2}$ |
| thh previous <br> tax year | $\mathbf{8 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{8 2 3}$ |
| 6th previous <br> tax year | $\mathbf{8 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{8 2 4}$ |
| 5th previous <br> tax year | $\mathbf{8 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{8 2 5}$ |
| 4th previous <br> tax year | $\mathbf{8 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{8 2 6}$ |
| 3rd previous <br> tax year | $\mathbf{8 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{8 2 7}$ |
| 2nd previous <br> tax year | $\mathbf{8 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{8 2 8}$ |
| 1st previous <br> tax year |  | $\mathbf{8 2 9}$ |
| Total *** |  |  |

* Adjusted net loss for CMT purposes that was earned (by the corporation, by subsidiaries wound up into or amalgamated with the corporation before March 22, 2007, and by other predecessors of the corporation) in each of the previous 10 tax years that ended before March 23, 2007, and has not been deducted.
** Adjusted net loss for CMT purposes that was earned (by the corporation and its predecessors, but not by a subsidiary predecessor) in each of the previous 20 tax years that ended after March 22, 2007, and has not been deducted.
*** The total of these two columns must equal the total of the amounts entered on lines 720 and 750 .

Canada Revenue
Agence du revenu
du Canada

## ONTARIO CORPORATE MINIMUM TAX - TOTAL ASSETS AND REVENUE FOR ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

| Name of corporation | Business Number | Tax year-end <br> Year Month Day <br> SYNERGY NORTH CORPORATION |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |

- For use by corporations to report the total assets and total revenue of all the Canadian or foreign corporations with which the filing corporation was associated at any time during the tax year. These amounts are required to determine if the filing corporation is subject to corporate minimum tax.
- Total assets and total revenue include the associated corporation's share of any partnership(s)/joint venture(s) total assets and total revenue.
- Attach additional schedules if more space is required.
- File this schedule with the T2 Corporation Income Tax Return.


Enter the total assets from line 450 on line 116 in Part 1 of Schedule 510, Ontario Corporate Minimum Tax.
Enter the total revenue from line 550 on line 146 in Part 1 of Schedule 510.

Note 1: Enter "NR" if a corporation is not registered.
Note 2: If the associated corporation does not have a tax year that ends in the filing corporation's current tax year but was associated with the filing corporation in the previous tax year of the filing corporation, enter the total revenue and total assets from the tax year of the associated corporation that ends in the previous tax year of the filing corporation.

* Rules for total assets
- Report total assets in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, adjusted so that consolidation and equity methods are not used.
- Include the associated corporation's share of the total assets of partnership(s) and joint venture(s) but exclude the recorded asset(s) for the investment in partnerships and joint ventures.
- Exclude unrealized gains and losses on assets that are included in net income for accounting purposes but not in income for corporate income tax purposes.


## ** Rules for total revenue

- Report total revenue in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, adjusted so that consolidation and equity methods are not used.
- If the associated corporation has 2 or more tax years ending in the filing corporation's tax year, multiply the sum of the total revenue for each of those tax years by 365 and divide by the total number of days in all of those tax years.
- If the associated corporation's tax year is less than 51 weeks and is the only tax year of the associated corporation that ends in the filing corporation's tax year, multiply the associated corporation's total revenue by 365 and divide by the number of days in the associated corporation's tax year.
- Include the associated corporation's share of the total revenue of partnerships and joint ventures.
- If the partnership or joint venture has 2 or more fiscal periods ending in the associated corporation's tax year, multiply the sum of the total revenue for each of the fiscal periods by 365 and divide by the total number of days in all the fiscal periods.


## Corporate Taxpayer Summary

## -Corporate information

| Corpor | 's na |  |  | SYN | NO | COR | ATIO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Taxatio |  |  |  | 2022 | 01 | 2 | 2-3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jurisdic |  |  |  | Onta |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BC | AB | SK | MB | ON | QC | NB | NS | NO | PE | NL | XO | YT | NT | NU | OC |
|  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corpor | is as |  |  | Y |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corpor | is re |  |  | Y |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Numbe | assoc | corp |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Type of | orat |  |  | Cana | -Con | ed P | Co | tion |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total a and pro | $i^{12}{ }^{*}$ | und) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |




## Summary of provincial carryforward amounts

Other carryforward amounts

## Ontario

Corporate minimum tax credit that can be carried forward over 20 years - Schedule 510
658,470

## Summary - taxable capital

## Federal

| Corporate name | Taxable capital used to calculate the business limit reduction (T2, line 415) | Taxable capital used to calculate the SR\&ED expenditure limit for a CCPC (Schedules 31 and 49) | Taxable capital used to calculate line 233 of the T2 return | Taxable capital used to calculate line 234 of the T2 return | Taxable capital used to calculate line 120 in Schedule 65 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SYNERGY NORTH CORPORATION | 91,220,891 | 91,220,891 | 175,876,591 | 175,876,591 |  |
| Thunder Bay Hydro Corporation | 4,991,571 | 4,991,571 | 47,709,875 | 47,709,875 |  |
| Thunder Bay Hydro Renewable Power Incorporated | 3,014,053 | 3,014,053 |  |  |  |
| Thunder Bay Hydro Utility Services Inc. | 693,124 | 693,124 | 615,171 | 615,171 |  |
| Total | 99,919,639 | 99,919,639 | 224,201,637 | 224,201,637 |  |

## Québec



## Ontario



## Alberta



## Other provinces

| Corporate name | Capital used <br> to calculate the <br> Newfoundland <br> and Labrador <br> capital deduction <br> on financial <br> institutions <br> (Schedule 306) | Capital used <br> to calculate the <br> Nova Scotia <br> basic capital <br> deduction on <br> financial <br> institutions <br> (Schedule 353) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Five-Year Comparative Summary

|  | Current year | 1st prior year | 2nd prior year | 3rd prior year | 4th prior year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Federal information (T2) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taxation year end | 2022-12-31 | 2021-12-31 | 2020-12-31 | 2019-12-31 | 2018-12-31 |
| Net income | -1,570,770 | 2,292,864 | 1,896,490 | 706,970 | 1,100,010 |
| Taxable income |  | 2,222,603 | 1,224,624 |  |  |
| Active business income |  | 2,292,864 | 1,896,490 | 701,590 | 1,100,010 |
| Dividends paid | 712,000 |  |  | 75,000 | 75,000 |
| Dividends paid - Regular | 712,000 |  |  | 75,000 | 75,000 |
| Dividends paid - Eligible |  |  |  |  |  |
| LRIP - end of the previous year |  |  |  |  |  |
| LRIP - end of the year |  |  |  |  |  |
| GRIP - end of the previous year | 15,250,194 | 13,649,920 | 12,768,191 |  | 12,843,191 |
| GRIP - end of the year | 14,553,594 | 15,250,194 | 13,649,920 | 12,768,191 | 12,843,191 |
| Donations | 73,658 | 70,261 | 53,519 | 17,272 | 47,403 |
| Balance due/refund (-) | -190,837 | -122,449 | -47,419 | -39,510 | 17,579 |
| Line 996 - Amended tax return | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| Loss carrybacks requested in prior years to reduce taxable income |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taxation year end | 2022-12-31 | 2021-12-31 | 2020-12-31 | 2019-12-31 | 2018-12-31 |
| Taxable income before loss carrybacks | N/A | N/A | 1,224,624 |  |  |
| Non-capital losses | N/A | N/A |  |  |  |
| Net capital losses (50\%) | N/A | N/A |  |  |  |
| Restricted farm losses | N/A | N/A |  |  |  |
| Farm losses | N/A | N/A |  |  |  |
| Listed personal property losses (50\%) | N/A | N/A |  |  |  |
| Total loss carried back to prior years | N/A | N/A |  |  |  |
| Adjusted taxable income after loss carrybacks | N/A | N/A | 1,224,624 |  |  |
| Losses in the current year carried back to previous years to reduce taxable income (according to Schedule 4) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taxation year end | 2022-12-31 | 2021-12-31 | 2020-12-31 | 2019-12-31 | 2018-12-31 |
| Adjusted taxable income before current year loss carrybacks* | N/A | 2,222,603 | 1,224,624 |  | N/A |
| Non-capital losses | N/A | 949,805 | 17,694 |  | N/A |
| Net capital losses (50\%) | N/A |  |  |  | N/A |
| Restricted farm losses | N/A |  |  |  | N/A |
| Farm losses | N/A |  |  |  | N/A |
| Listed personal property losses (50\%) | N/A |  |  |  | N/A |
| Total current year losses carried back to prior years | N/A | 949,805 | 17,694 |  | N/A |
| Adjusted taxable income after loss carrybacks | N/A | 1,272,798 | 1,206,930 |  | N/A |

* The adjusted taxable income before current year loss carryback takes into account loss carrybacks that were made in prior taxation years.



| Taxation year end | 2022-12-31 | 2021-12-31 | 2020-12-31 | 2019-12-31 | 2018-12-31 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Small business deduction |  |  |  |  |  |
| M\&P deduction |  |  |  |  |  |
| Foreign tax credit |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investment tax credit |  |  |  |  |  |
| Abatement/other* |  | 511,198 | 281,663 |  |  |

Refunds/credits

| Taxation year end | 2022-12-31 | 2021-12-31 | 2020-12-31 | 2019-12-31 | 2018-12-31 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ITC refund |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dividend refund |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Eligible dividends |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Non-eligible dividends |  |  |  |  |  |
| Instalments | 252,000 | 610,000 | 369,910 | 168,000 | 114,000 |
| Other* |  |  |  |  |  |


| Ontario <br> Taxation year end | 2022-12-31 | 2021-12-31 | 2020-12-31 | 2019-12-31 | 2018-12-31 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income | -1,570,770 | 2,292,864 | 1,896,490 | 706,970 | 1,100,010 |
| Taxable income |  | 2,222,603 | 1,224,624 |  |  |
| \% Allocation | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Attributed taxable income |  | 2,222,603 | 1,224,624 |  |  |
| Surtax |  |  |  |  |  |
| Income tax payable <br> before deduction |  |  |  |  |  |
| Income tax deductions /credits |  | 101,439 | 2,035 |  |  |
| Net income tax payable |  | 154,160 | 138,797 |  |  |
| Taxable capital |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital tax payable |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total tax payable* | 61,163 | 154,160 | 138,797 | 128,490 | 131,579 |
| Instalments and refundable credits |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance due/refund** | 61,163 | 154,160 | 138,797 | 128,490 | 131,579 |
| * For taxation years ending before January 1, 2009, this includes the corporate minimum tax and the premium tax. For taxation years ending after December 31, 2008, this includes the corporate minimum tax, the Crown royalties' additional tax, the transitional tax debit, the recaptured research and development tax credit and the special additional tax debit on life insurance corporations. <br> For taxation years ending after December 31, 2008, the Balance due/Refund is included in the federal Balance due/refund. |  |  |  |  |  |

# EXHIBIT 6 <br> ATTACHMENT 6 - C <br> OTHER OPERATING REVENUE (BOARD APPENDIX 2-H) 

Appendix 2-H
Other Operating Revenue

| USoA\# | USOA Description |  | $\begin{gathered} 017 \text { Actual }^{2} \\ \hline 2017 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | 2018 Actual ${ }^{2}$ |  | 2019 Actual ${ }^{2}$ |  | $\frac{2020 ~ A c t u a l ~}{}{ }^{2}$ |  | $\frac{2021}{} 2021$ |  | 2022 Actual |  | [idge Year |  | est Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Reporting Basis |  | MIFRS |  | MIFRS |  | MIFRS |  | MIFRS |  | MIFR |  | MIFR |  | MIFR |  | MIFRS |
| 4082 | Retail Services Revenues | \$ | 22,424 | -\$ | 19,589 | - | 26,681 | -\$ | 33,108 | -\$ | 31,544 | \$ | 30,894 | \$ | 39,400 | - | 40,859 |
| 4084 | Service Transaction Requests (STR) Revenues | \$ | 315 | -\$ | 459 | \$ | 501 | - | 552 | \$ | 250 | \$ | 449 | \$ | 280 | \$ | 289 |
| 4086 | SSS Administration Revenue | \$ | 165,704 | \$ | 165,698 | \$ | 167,137 | - | 169,528 | \$ | 165,985 | \$ | 168,951 | \$ | 169,120 | \$ | 168,882 |
| 4090 | Electric Services Incidental to Energy Sales | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| 4205 | Interdepartmental Rents | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  |
| 4210 | Rent from Electric Property | \$ | 683,236 | - | 686,896 | - | 723,112 | - | 797,599 | \$ | 687,258 | \$ | 754,756 | - | 750,462 | \$ | 1,279,513 |
| 4215 | Other Utility Operating Income | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| 4220 | Other Electric Revenues | -\$ | 70,288 | - | 55,774 | -\$ | 10,324 | - | 11,823 | - | 28,092 | \$ | 105,283 | - | 63,355 | \$ | 49,704 |
| 4225 | Late Payment Charges | \$ | 370,888 | -\$ | 364,528 | \$ | 361,873 | -\$ | 273,762 | - | 326,650 | \$ | 325,609 | \$ | 366,000 | \$ | 366,000 |
| 4230 | Sales of Water and Water Power | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  |
| 4235 | Miscellaneous Service Revenues | - | 322,188 | \$ | 376,142 | - | 261,461 | - | 197,197 | - | 258,830 | \$ | 276,796 | \$ | 207,882 | \$ | 188,065 |
| 4240 | Provision for Rate Refunds | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| 4245 | Government and Other Assistance Directly Credited to Income | - | 180,315 | -\$ | 193,372 | - | 226,651 | - | 249,299 | - | 267,599 | \$ | 286,035 | - | 484,078 | \$ | 516,145 |
| 4305 | Regulatory Debits | \$ | 1,138 | -\$ | 2,978 | \$ | 76,677 | S | 121,031 | - | 146,098 | \$ | 75,945 | - | 100,000 | \$ |  |
| 4310 | Regulatory Credits | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ | - |
| 4315 | Revenues from Electric Plant Leased to Others | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| 4320 | Expenses of Electric Plant Leased to Others | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| 4325 | Revenues from Merchandise | - | 63,317 | -\$ | 96,487 | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| 4330 | Costs and Expenses of Merchandising | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| 4335 | Profits and Losses from Financial Instrument Hedges | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| 4340 | Profits and Losses from Financial Instrument Investments | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| 4345 | Gains from Disposition of Future Use Utility Plant | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| 4350 | Losses from Disposition of Future Use Utility Plant | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| 4355 | Gain on Disposition of Utility and Other Property | - | 22,268 | - | 130 | -\$ | 117,342 | -\$ | 19,602 | - | 143,768 | - | 3,418 | \$ | - | \$ |  |
| 4357 | Gain from Retirement of Utility and Other Property | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| 4360 | Loss on Disposition of Utility and Other Property | \$ | 386,127 | \$ | 181,462 | \$ | 364,825 | \$ | 137,477 | \$ | 312,828 | \$ | 296,807 | \$ | 247,332 | \$ | 298,502 |
| 4362 | Loss from Retirement of Utility and Other Property | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| 4365 | Gains from Disposition of Allowances for Emission | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  |
| 4370 | Losses from Disposition of Allowances for Emission | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| 4375 | Revenues from Non Rate-Regulated Utility Operations | \$ | 204,600 | -\$ | 224,647 | - | 248,793 | - | 241,310 | \$ | 253,822 | \$ | 272,385 | \$ | 300,781 | \$ | 324,597 |
| 4380 | Expenses of Non Rate-Regulated Utility Operations | \$ | 186,942 | \$ | 192,376 | \$ | 212,615 | \$ | 206,434 | \$ | 216,529 | \$ | 233,861 | \$ | 255,379 | \$ | 280,546 |
| 4385 | Non Rate-Regulated Utility Rental Income | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  |
| 4390 | Miscellaneous Non-Operating Income | -\$ | 37,968 | -S | 3,330 | \$ | 12,133 | -\$ | 29,630 | \$ | 76 | S | 3,621 | \$ | - | \$ |  |
| 4395 | Rate-Payer Benefit Including Interest | \$ | - | \$ | -- | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| 4398 | Foreign Exchange Gains and Losses, Including Amortization | \$ | - | \$ | - | S | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  |
| 4405 | Interest and Dividend Income | \$ | 166,137 | -\$ | 166,387 | -\$ | 246,099 | -\$ | 33,368 | - | 76,952 | \$ | 146,831 | \$ | 400,000 | - | 345,000 |
| 4410 | Lessor's Net Investment in Finance Lease | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  |
| 4415 | Equity in Earnings of Subsidiary Companies | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| 4420 | Share of Profit or Loss of Joint Venture | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  |
| Miscellaneous Service Revenues |  | -\$ | 322,188 | -S | 376,142 | -\$ | 261,461 | -\$ | 197,197 | -\$ | 258,830 | - | 276,796 | -\$ | 207,882 | - | 188,065 |
| Late Payment Charges |  | - | 370,888 | -\$ | 364,528 | - | 361,873 | -\$ | 273,762 | - | 326,650 | - | 325,609 | -\$ | 366,000 | - | 366,000 |
| Other Operating Revenues |  | - | 1,122,283 | -S | 1,121,789 | - | 1,154,405 | -\$ | 1,261,908 | -\$ | 1,180,728 | - | 1,346,368 | - | 1,506,695 | - | 2,055,392 |
| Other Income or Deductions |  | \$ | 79,917 | -S | 120,120 | \$ | 29,752 | -\$ | 101,029 | -\$ | 91,208 | \$ | 180,358 | -\$ | 298,070 | - | 90,550 |
| Total |  | -\$ | 1,735,441 | -\$ | 1,982,579 | -\$ | 1,747,988 | -\$ | 1,833,897 | -\$ | 1,857,415 | -5 | 1,768,415 | -\$ | 2,378,647 | -\$ | 2,700,006 |

## $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Description } & \text { Account(s) } \\ 4235\end{array}$

$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Late Payment Charges: } & & 4225 \\ \text { Other Distribution Revenues: } & 4082,4084,4086,4090,4205,4210,4215,4220,4230,4240,4245\end{array}$
Other Income and Expenses: $4305,4310,4315,4320,4325,4330,4335,4340,4345,4350,4355,4357,4360,4362,4365,4370,4375,4380,4385,4390,4395,4398,4405,4410,4415,4420$

## Note: Add all applicable accounts listed above to the table and include all relevant information.

Account Breakdown Details
For each "Other Operating Revenue" and "Other Income or Deductions" Account, a detailed breakdown of the account components is required. See the example below for Account 4405 , Interest and Dividend Income. Tables for the detailed breakdowns will be generated after cell B101 is filled in.

|  | 2017 Actual ${ }^{2}$ | 2018 Actual ${ }^{2}$ | 2019 Actual ${ }^{2}$ | 2020 Actual ${ }^{2}$ | 2021 Actual ${ }^{2}$ | 2022 Actual | Bridge Year | Test Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| Reporting Basis | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS |
| Shor-t-term Investment Interest |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bank Deposit Interest |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous Interest Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| etc. ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | \$ | S | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | \$ - | \$ | + |

## Notes

List and specify any other interest revenue.
Enter the number of "Other Operating Revenue" and "Other Income or Deductions" Accounts 19 that require a detailed breakdown of the account components


| Account 4205- Interdepartmental Rents |
| :--- |
| Reporting Basis |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
| Total |




|  | 2017 Actual ${ }^{2}$ |  | 2018 Actual ${ }^{2}$ |  | 2019 Actual ${ }^{2}$ |  | 2020 Actual ${ }^{2}$ |  | 2021 Actual ${ }^{2}$ |  | 2022 Actual |  | Bridge Year |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 217 | 2018 |  | 2019 |  | 2020 |  | 2021 |  | 2022 |  | 2023 |  | 2024 |  |
| Reporting Basis |  |  | MIFRS |  | MIFRS |  | MIFRS |  | MIFRS |  | MIFRS |  | MIFRS |  | MIFRS |  |
| Utility Billing | \$ | 159,498 | -\$ | 187,608 | -\$ | 141,140 | -\$ | 161,667 | \$ | 187,021 | -\$ | 194,450 | \$ | 165,703 | - | 183,359 |
| Affiliate Allocated | \$ | 14,024 | \$ | 5,548 | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | 306 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| All Other | \$ | 105,360 | -\$ | 41,066 | \$ | - | \$ | - | -\$ | 1,601 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Affiliate Allocated | \$ | 69,457 | \$ | 29,186 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 1,086 | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ |  |
| Affliate Allocated | \$ | 5,633 | \$ | 5,987 | \$ | 4,189 | \$ | 4,129 | \$ | 1,804 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Affiliate Allocated | \$ | 21,067 | \$ | 25,066 | \$ | 15,848 | \$ | 16,250 | \$ | 6,647 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| OMERS | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ | 7 | \$ |  |
| Employee Benefits Exp / Affiliate Allocated | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Salary / Affiliated Allocated | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | . | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Afflilite Allocated | \$ | 5,786 | \$ | 7,495 | \$ | 9,204 | \$ | 8,900 | \$ | 9,977 | \$ | 10,176 | \$ | 4,738 | \$ | 7,634 |
| Other KN billing City for Billing services | \$ | 52,547 | -\$ | 37,279 | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | 49 | \$ |  |
| Affiliate Allocated | \$ | 22,483 | \$ | 33,682 | \$ | 34,390 | \$ | 35,157 | \$ | 37,021 | \$ | 40,960 | \$ | 8,544 | \$ | 28,476 |
| Salary - OT / Affiliated Allocated | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| OEB Allocation IT Costs | \$ | 85,635 | \$ | 89,251 | \$ | 52,606 | \$ | 67,752 | \$ | 85,635 | \$ | 19,141 | \$ | 65,823 | \$ | 72,448 |
| Afflilite Allocated | \$ | 721 | \$ | 250 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Affliliate Allocated | \$ | 2,408 | \$ | 1,078 | \$ | . | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | . | \$ | - |
| Affiliate Allocated | \$ | 2,883 | \$ | 1,436 | \$ | 1,588 | \$ | 2,397 | \$ | 2,250 | \$ | 1,950 | \$ | 2,017 | \$ | 2,635 |
| Affliate Allocated | \$ | 10,025 | \$ | 6,092 | \$ | 6,143 | \$ | 9,707 | \$ | 9,237 | \$ | 7,570 | \$ | 7,828 | \$ | 9,775 |
| Wages OT Affiliated | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 91 | \$ | 63 | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  |
| Adjustments | \$ | 6,995 | \$ | 5,110 | \$ | 6,756 | \$ | 5,489 | \$ | 6,568 | \$ | 9,368 | \$ | 13,342 | \$ | 12,687 |
| Total | -\$ | 70,288 | -\$ | 55,774 | -\$ | 10,324 | -\$ | 11,823 | -\$ | 28,092 | -\$ | 105,285 | -\$ | 63,355 | -\$ | 49,704 |



Account 4325 - Revenues from Merchandise Jobbing, Etc.

|  | 2017 Actual ${ }^{2}$ | 2018 Actual ${ }^{2}$ | 2019 Actual ${ }^{2}$ | 2020 Actual ${ }^{2}$ | 2021 Actual ${ }^{2}$ | 2022 Actual | Bridge Year | Test Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| Reporting Basis |  | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS |
| Work Orders (Misc Jobs) | -5 50,739 | 89,382 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Streetight Maintenance | -5 12,580 | -5 7,104 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | -5 63,319 | --5 96,486 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | S |  |



Account 4355 - Gain on Disposition of Utility and Other Property

| O- | 2017 Actual ${ }^{2}$ | 2018 Actual ${ }^{2}$ | 2019 Actual ${ }^{2}$ | 2020 Actual ${ }^{2}$ | 2021 Actual ${ }^{2}$ | 2022 Actual | Bridge Year | Test Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| Reporting Basis |  | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS |
| Equipment | \$ - | 130 | \$ | \$ . | \$ | \$ - | \$ . | \$ |
| Gain Disposal Asset | -s 18,000 | \$ | ${ }^{-8} 117,342$ | - ${ }_{\text {s }}$ 19,602 | \$ | 3.418 | \$ | \$ |
| Real Property | ¢ 1,852 | \$ | \$ | \$ | 143,718 | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Surpl Sale-Capital A | 6,120 | \$ | \$ | \$ - | 50 | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Gain on Disposal of Assets | s | \$ | \$ - | \$ | ¢ - | \$ | \$ | \$ - |
|  | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | -s 22,268 | -s 130 | -\$ 117,342 | -8 19,602 | -s 143,768 | -5 3.418 | \$ | \$ |


| Account 4360 - Loss on Disposition of Utility and Other Property | 2017 Actual ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ | 2018 Actual ${ }^{2}$ | 2019 Actual ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ | 2020 Actual ${ }^{2}$ | 2021 Actual ${ }^{2}$ | 2022 Actual | Bridge Year | Test Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| Reporting Basis | 6994.78 | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS |
| Reclass Misc Write Off | \$ | ¢ | \$ | \$ | \$ | S | \$ | \$ |
| Sale of Scrapped M | \$ 138,658 | 275,832 | 201,062 | 107,664 | 136,015 | 117.288 | 134.839 | 253,303 |
| Scrap/Transformer | \$ 886 | 44,044 | \$ 3,836 | \$ 22,582 | 3,677 | 4.764 |  | \$ 5.015 |
| Meter | \$ 83,938 | 119,705 | \$ 104,154 | \$ 128,143 | 123,713 | 97,058 | 118,670 | 118,669 |
| Scrap/ From Inventory | \$ 290 | \$ | \$ - | 1,250 | \$ |  |  |  |
| Count Discrepancies | \$ | s | \$ | 9,991 | s | 55.451 |  | \$ |
| Loss on Retirement | \$ | S | 5,523 | 10.415 | \$ - | \$ . | \$ | \$ |
| Retirement Rolling Stock | \$ 25,014 | \$ - | 106,540 | 10,106 | \$ - | 5.416 | \$ - | \$ - |
| Transformers/MMeter | \$ 18,015 | 42,088 | 23,584 | \$ 90,612 | 92,203 | 16,451 | \$ | \$ |
| infrastucture | \$ 432,671 | 335,633 | 369,418 | 153,266 | 413,656 | 267,856 | 253,470 | 428,121 |
| Loss on Disposition of Utility Property | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | s | \$ | \$ |
| Total | \$ 386,127 | \$ 181,462 | \$ 364,825 | \$ 137,477 | \$ 312,828 | \$ 296,807 | \$ 247,332 | \$ 298,502 |

Account 4375 - Revenues from Non Rate-Regulated Utility Operations


|  | 2017 Actual ${ }^{2}$ | 2018 Actual ${ }^{2}$ | 2019 Actual ${ }^{2}$ | 2020 Actual ${ }^{2}$ | 2021 Actual ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ | 2022 Actual | Bridge Year | Test Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| Reporting Basis |  | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS |
| Overread Costs | \$ 1,141 | 6.637 | 7.020 | ${ }_{6}^{6,758}$ | 7,064 | 17,212 | \$ - | \$ - |
| Afflilite Allocated | \$ 8,899 | \$ 10,466 | 7,858 | \$ 7,587 | 4,251 | 7,269 | 9,322 |  |
| Afflilite Allocated | 31,653 | 41,204 | 28,599 | \$ 30,804 | 16,119 | 28,124 | 37,013 | 44,413 |
| Affliate Allocated | 4,485 | 9.716 | 1,363 | 1,397 | 1,036 | 1,558 | \$ | \$ - |
| Afflilite Allocated | 324 | 224 | 692 | \$ 1,184 | 780 | 1,163 | \$ 300 | 300 |
| Afflilite Allocated | \$ 10,731 | \$ 10,560 | 4,753 | \$ 5.464 | 3,041 | \$ 10,358 |  |  |
| Affliate Allocated | \$ 19,246 | \$ 14,061 | 26,475 | \$ 23,847 | \$ 25,576 | 20,028 | 27,290 | 31,673 |
| Afflilite Allocated | \$ 74,975 | \$ 62,877 | 103,886 | \$ 97,425 | \$ 101,061 | 85,750 | 101,627 | 106,860 |
| Afflilite Allocated | 49 | 344 | \$ - | \$ - |  | ${ }^{5}$ | 17,427 | 23,12 |
| Affliliate Allocated | \$ 35,355 | \$ 36,288 | 31,968 | \$ 31,968 | 57,600 | 62,400 | 62,400 | 62,400 |
| Affliate Allocated / OH Costs | \$ 85 | \$ | \$ - | \$ | S | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Meter Service Provider | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | s | \$ | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Locates | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Total | 186,942 | \$ 192,376 | \$ 212,615 | \$ 206,434 | \$ 216,529 | \$ 233,861 | \$ 255,379 | \$ 280,546 |


| Account 4390 - Miscellaneous Non-Operating Income | 2017 Actual ${ }^{2}$ | 2018 Actual | 2019 Actual ${ }^{2}$ | 2020 Actual ${ }^{2}$ | 2021 Actual ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2022 Actual | Bridge Year | Test Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| Reporting Basis |  | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS | MIFRS |
| Reclass Misc Write off | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ . | \$ |
| Miscellaneous | 37,603 | 3,330 | 12,133 | - ${ }^{\text {S }}$ - 18.874 | 76 | 3,621 | \$ | \$ |
| Discount Taken | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 10,756 | \$ | \$ - | \$ | \$ |
| Sundry Earnings | 365 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Miscellaneous | \$ - | \$ - | \$ . | \$ . | \$ . | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Total | -S 37,968 | -s 3,330 | -\$ 12,133 | -s 29,630 | 76 | -s 3,621 | \$ | \$ |


| Account 4405 - Interest and Dividend Income | 2017 Actual ${ }^{2}$ |  | 2018 Actual ${ }^{2}$ |  | 2019 Actual ${ }^{2}$ |  | 2020 Actual $^{2}$ |  | 2021 Actual ${ }^{2}$ |  | 2022 Actual |  | Bridge Year |  | Test Year |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2017 |  | $2018$ |  | 2019 |  | 2020 |  | 2021 |  | 2022 |  | 2023 |  | 2024 |  |
| Reporting Basis |  |  | MIFRS |  | MIFRS |  | MIFRS |  | MIFRS |  | MIFRS |  | MIFRS |  | MIFRS |  |
| Interest Income | -\$ | 150,197 | -\$ | 147,999 | \$ | 240,638 | -\$ | 36,410 | -S | 73,266 | - | 146,831 | \$ | 400,000 | -\$ | 345,000 |
| Interest Income/Di | \$ | - | - | 4,164 | \$ | 1,216 | \$ | - | -\$ | 2,776 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| interest Rev Variance | \$ | 9,767 | - | 10,686 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Renewable Int Rev | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | . | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Non Wires | S | 6,172 | -\$ | 3,537 | -\$ | 4,244 | \$ | 3,042 | -\$ | 910 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Interest Income | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Interest Income on Non Wires Activities | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Total | -\$ | 166,136 | - | 166,387 | -\$ | 246,099 | -\$ | 33,368 | -\$ | 76,952 | -\$ | 146,831 | -\$ | 400,000 | -\$ | 345,000 |



Account 4235 - Specific Service Charges

|  | 2017 Actual $^{2}$ |  | 2018 Actual ${ }^{2}$ |  | 2019 Actual ${ }^{2}$ |  | 2020 Actual ${ }^{2}$ |  | 2021 Actual ${ }^{2}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 2022 \text { Actual } \\ \hline 2022 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Bridge Year } \\ \hline 2023 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Test Year } \\ \hline 2024 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 2018 |  | 2019 |  | 2020 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reporting Basis |  | IFRS | MIFRS |  | MIFRS |  | MIFRS |  | MIFRS |  | MIFRS |  | MIFRS |  |  |  |
| System Generated | \$ | 504 | - | 5,30 | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | ${ }_{\$}$ MIFRS |  |
| Fixed Distribution | - | 15,755 | \$ | 15,802 | - | 15,459 | - | 13,947 | - | 12,909 | \$ | 12,934 | - | 12,940 | - | 12,940 |
| U/G Joint Use | - | 41,872 | - | 42,193 | - | 43,071 | -\$ | 43,699 | -\$ | 42,956 | \$ | 46,890 | - | 46,053 | - | 48,816 |
| Reconnection Charges | \$ | 49,330 | \$ | 44,450 | - | 39,655 | \$ | 28,005 | - | 14,700 | \$ | 23,925 | - | 46,000 | -\$ | 46,000 |
| Change of Occupation | \$ | 194,285 | - | 195,370 | - | 179,744 | -\$ | 172,560 | -\$ | 178,290 | -\$ | 175,950 | - | 175,000 | -\$ | 175,000 |
| Sundry Earnings | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Recoverable | S | 137,257 | - | 354,349 | - | 747,238 | -\$ | 872,624 | \$ | 1,014,561 | \$ | 748,115 | - | 356,854 | - | 241,818 |
| Working Meals | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | 691 | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | 697 | \$ | 127 | \$ | 510 |
| Employer Health Ta | \$ | 491 | \$ | 1,059 | \$ | 2,886 | \$ | 2,899 | \$ | 2,418 | \$ | 2,738 | \$ | 1,279 | \$ | 148 |
| Canada Pension Plan | \$ | 716 | \$ | 1,120 | \$ | 4,177 | \$ | 5,050 | \$ | 2,627 | \$ | 5,937 | \$ | 2,098 | \$ | 239 |
| Employment Insurance | \$ | 288 | \$ | 479 | \$ | 1,653 | \$ | 1,894 | \$ | 876 | \$ | 2,099 | \$ | 725 | \$ | 76 |
| WSIB | \$ | 271 | \$ | 579 | \$ | 1,266 | \$ | 1,566 | \$ | 1,229 | \$ | 1,009 | \$ | 458 | \$ | 55 |
| Corporate Benefits | \$ | 2,186 | \$ | 2,699 | \$ | 11,675 | \$ | 11,613 | \$ | 9,424 | \$ | 10,048 | \$ | 4,690 | \$ | 590 |
| Omers | \$ | 2,270 | \$ | 3,757 | \$ | 12,455 | \$ | 12,941 | \$ | 6,501 | \$ | 7,528 | \$ | 6,482 | \$ | 590 |
| Misc Billings | \$ |  | \$ | 1,560 | \$ | - | \$ | 192 | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  |
| Miscellaneous/Other | \$ | 4,890 | - | 24,726 | - | 6,032 | \$ | 11,201 | \$ | 2,135 | \$ | 16,937 | \$ | - | \$ |  |
| Miscellaneous Expense | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  |
| Outside Service | \$ | 19,159 | \$ | 20,058 | \$ | 76,871 | \$ | 84,864 | \$ | 37,376 | \$ | 20,635 | \$ | 31,080 | \$ | 31,702 |
| Sub Contract | \$ | 11,867 | \$ | 99,876 | \$ | 24,485 | \$ | 121,924 | \$ | 328,881 | \$ | 164,161 | \$ | 41,440 | \$ | 81,600 |
| Tree Trimming | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 498 | \$ | 61,460 | \$ | - | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,300 |
| ESA inspections | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 405 | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Postage/Courier | \$ | 60 | \$ | - | \$ | 53 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  |
| Legal | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ |  |
| Recoveries/ All Other | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | 19,964 | \$ | 19,964 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  |
| Recoveries/ Labour | \$ | 381 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Regular | \$ | 18,400 | \$ | 29,952 | \$ | 110,058 | \$ | 123,647 | \$ | 57,713 | \$ | 68,492 | \$ | 59,620 | \$ | 5,601 |
| Salary/Wages/Other | \$ | 114 | \$ | 73 | \$ | 289 | \$ | 383 | \$ | 216 | \$ | 41 | \$ | 220 | \$ | - |
| Vacation Outside | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | 42 | \$ | $-$ |
| Overtime | \$ | 6,690 | \$ | 24,281 | \$ | 36,987 | \$ | 24,813 | \$ | 65,768 | \$ | 69,873 | \$ | 14,288 | \$ | 14,508 |
| Supplies/Other | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 16 | \$ | 100 | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Supplies/Hardware | \$ | - | \$ | 42 | \$ | 201 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 74 | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Supplies/Misc Too | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 289 | \$ | 386 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Supplies/Soil | \$ | - | \$ | 87 | \$ | 511 | \$ | 2,495 | \$ | 567 | \$ | 301 | \$ | 518 | \$ | 528 |
| Tools / Equipment Rental | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | 5,200 | \$ | 3,555 | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| Conferences - Other | \$ | . | \$ | 1,208 | \$ | 955 | \$ | - | \$ | 2,844 | \$ | 585 | \$ | 500 | \$ | 600 |
| Conferences - Per Diem | \$ | - | \$ | 372 | \$ | 641 | \$ | - | \$ | 4,807 | \$ | 320 | \$ | 363 | \$ | 400 |
| Utilities - Hydro | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 75 | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ |  |
| Supplies/ Tool \& | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  |
| Telephone/Circuits | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| All Other | \$ | 5,263 | \$ | 16,837 | \$ | 71,769 | \$ | 43,286 | \$ | 46,756 | \$ | 22,720 | \$ | 25,900 | \$ | 26,418 |
| Material Issues | - | 1,295 | -\$ | 820 | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  |
| Truck Charge | \$ | 12,267 | \$ | 19,907 | \$ | 81,901 | \$ | 115,632 | \$ | 80,908 | \$ | 82,542 | \$ | 46,171 | \$ | 12,001 |
| Material Overhead | \$ | 4,316 | \$ | 14,819 | \$ | 55,700 | \$ | 36,005 | \$ | 37,539 | \$ | 19,951 | \$ | 25,197 | \$ | 26,456 |
| Downtime | \$ | 12,660 | \$ | 17,366 | \$ | 84,658 | \$ | 84,944 | \$ | 69,060 | \$ | 75,861 | \$ | 34,865 | \$ | 9,346 |
| Engineering | \$ | - | \$ | 412 | \$ | 48,904 | \$ | 58,566 | \$ | 46,609 | \$ | 56,491 | \$ | 72,618 | \$ | 94,691 |
| Supervisory | \$ | 16,585 | \$ | 32,930 | \$ | 113,258 | \$ | 118,882 | \$ | 122,825 | \$ | 127,321 | \$ | 42,694 | \$ | 12,508 |
| Overhead Costs/ T | \$ | 6 | -\$ | 6 | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Overhead Costs/ T | \$ | 8,779 | \$ | 10,197 | \$ | 1,026 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Reconnection Charges | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | + | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Rolling stock / gas | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 556 | \$ | - | \$ | . | \$ | - |
| Rent / Vehicle Rent | \$ |  | \$ | 4,200 | \$ | 41,143 | \$ | 10,094 | \$ | 14,282 | \$ | 8,026 | \$ | 2,590 | \$ | 2,642 |
| Material not issued | \$ | - | \$ | 3,006 | \$ | - | \$ | 2,664 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Rolling stock / 3 ton diesel | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 1,195 | \$ | - | \$ | - | S | - |
| Change of Occupancy Charges | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Other Miscellaeous | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Total | -\$ | 322,188 | -\$ | 376,142 | -\$ | 261,461 | -\$ | 197,197 | -\$ | 258,830 | -\$ | 276,796 | - | 207,882 | -\$ | 188,065 |


[^0]:    $\frac{\text { Notes }}{{ }^{(1)}}$ Some Applicants may have a unique rate as a result of a lead-lag study. The default rate for 2021 cost of service applications is $7.5 \%$, per the letter issued by the Board on June 3, 2015
    Average of opening and closing balances for the year.

[^1]:    Revenue Deficiency/Sufficiency divided by (1-Tax Rate)
    If Net Income < 0, (Revenue Deficiency less Tax Adjustment) divided by (1-Tax Rate)

[^2]:    Line 11 - Line 8
    Percentage Change Relative to Initial Application

[^3]:    * Generic item

[^4]:    Note 1: The identification number is the social insurance number, business number, or partnership account number of the EPOP.
    Note 2: If the total of column 3 is more than $100 \%$, enter 0 .

[^5]:    Part 5 - Calculation for purposes of the small business deduction
    This part is applicable to corporations that are not associated in the current year, but were associated in the prior year.
    Taxable capital employed in Canada (amount from line 690) $\qquad$
    Deduct: . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
    Excess (amount F minus amount G) (if negative, enter "0")
    Calculation for purposes of the small business deduction (amount $\mathrm{H} \times 0.225 \%$ ) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
    Enter this amount at line 415 of the T2 return.

[^6]:    * You can elect to treat all or part of your excessive eligible dividend designation as a separate taxable dividend in order to eliminate or reduce the Part III. 1 tax otherwise payable. You must file the election on or before the day that is 90 days after the day the notice of assessment for Part III. 1 tax was sent. We will accept an election before the assessment of the tax.

