

2026-2030 Custom IR
EB-2024-0115
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REVENUE REQUIREMENT AND REVENUE DEFICIENCY OR SUFFICIENCY

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1. INTRODUCTION

This Schedule provides a summary of the revenue requirement being requested by Hydro Ottawa for 2026-2030 in order to continue delivering electricity safely and reliably. The utility's total Service Revenue Requirement is offset by revenues obtained by sources other than distribution rates (i.e. other revenue). The calculation of the revenue deficiency/sufficiency does not include the recovery of deferral and variance accounts, as outlined in Schedule 9-3-1 - Disposition of Deferral and Variance Accounts, or Low Voltage Charges as outlined in Schedule 8-2-1 - Retail Transmission and Low Voltage Service Rates. As directed in the *Chapter 2 Filing Requirements for Electricity Distribution Rate Applications - 2025 Edition for 2026 Rate Applications*, dated December 9, 2024, costs and revenues related to the cost of power are kept separate from the determination of the distribution revenue sufficiency/deficiency.

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Detailed information on the calculation of revenue requirement for 2026-2030 can be found in the Excel Revenue Requirement Workforms (RRWF) attached to this Schedule, as follows¹:

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Attachment 6-1-1(A) - OEB Workform - 2026 Revenue Requirement Workform

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Attachment 6-1-1(C) - OEB Workform - 2028 Revenue Requirement Workform

Attachment 6-1-1(B) - OEB Workform - 2027 Revenue Requirement Workform

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Attachment 6-1-1(D) - OEB Workform - 2029 Revenue Requirement Workform

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• Attachment 6-1-1(E) - OEB Workform - 2030 Revenue Requirement Workform

¹ Hydro Ottawa selected "2023" as the "Most recent year" in cell E95 of the Cost allocation tab in each of the revenue requirement workform as that is the latest year option available; however, the values reflect 2025's as that is the recent approved year. In addition, Hydro Ottawa left cell E128 blank as the option to select years 2028-2030 were not available. The file name has the year the RRWF relates to.



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2. CALCULATION OF DEFICIENCY OR SUFFICIENCY

- 2 2.1. REVENUE DEFICIENCY/SUFFICIENCY 2021-2025
- For 2021-2025, Hydro Ottawa completed one cost allocation model therefore the revenue
- deficiency/sufficiency for 2021-2025 was calculated using the following inputs:

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- 2020 approved rates;
- 2021-2025 Approved load forecast and forecast of customers/connections; and
- 2021-2025 base revenue requirement, as per the Approved Settlement Agreement governing Hydro Ottawa's 2021-2025 rate term, including the mid-term adjustments.²

²Hydro Ottawa Limited, *2021-2025 Custom Incentive Rate-Setting Approved Settlement Agreement*, EB-2019-0261 (September 18, 2020).

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Table 1 – Approved Revenue Deficiency/Sufficiency for 2021-2025 with Mid-Term Adjustments

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	Hi	storical Yea	rs	Bridge	Years
	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Return on Rate Base	\$ 64,029	\$ 68,503	\$ 70,886	\$ 76,980	\$ 79,365
Distribution Expenses (not including amortization)	\$ 90,600	\$ 93,490	\$ 96,846	\$ 101,389	\$ 104,927
Depreciation, amortization	\$ 51,956	\$ 55,472	\$ 57,686	\$ 59,039	\$ 62,125
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	\$ 891	\$ 2,131	\$ 6,331	\$ 10,539	\$ 7,283
Service Revenue Requirement	\$ 207,476	\$ 219,596	\$ 231,749	\$ 247,947	\$ 253,700
Less Capital Stretch Factor	-	\$ 776	\$ 1,659	\$ 2,701	\$ 3,658
Service Revenue Requirement Net of Capital Stretch Factor	\$ 207,476	\$ 218,820	\$ 230,090	\$ 245,246	\$ 250,042
Less Revenue Offsets	\$ 9,680	\$ 9,397	\$ 9,305	\$ 9,791	\$ 10,003
Base Revenue Requirement	\$ 197,796	\$ 209,423	\$ 220,785	\$ 235,455	\$ 240,040
Transformer Ownership Credit	\$ 1,065	\$ 1,069	\$ 1,073	\$ 1,079	\$ 906
Revenue Requirement from Rates	\$ 198,861	\$ 210,492	\$ 221,858	\$ 236,534	\$ 240,946
Forecasted Load at 2020 Rates	\$ 188,518	\$ 189,731	\$ 191,002	\$ 192,415	\$ 193,588
Yearly Revenue Deficiency over 2020	\$ (10,343)	\$ (20,761)	\$ (30,856)	\$ (44,119)	\$ (47,358)
Cumulative Revenue Deficiency (over 2020)	\$ (10,343)	\$ (31,104)	\$ (61,960)	\$ (106,079)	\$ (153,437)

2.2. REVENUE DEFICIENCY/SUFFICIENCY 2026-2030

- 5 For 2026-2030, Hydro Ottawa completed a cost allocation model for each of the test years therefore
- the revenue deficiency/sufficiency for each of these test years were calculated using the following
- 7 inputs:

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- Applying prior year's historical or proposed rates; and
- Each year's forecasted revenue load and customer numbers.

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This calculation results in year-over-year requirement deficiencies shown in tables of this Schedule and Revenue Requirement Workforms. Further details on the 2026-2030 load and customer forecasts can be found in Schedule 3-1-1 - Revenue Load and Customer Forecast.

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The Costs Allocated from Previous Study and Previously Approved Ratios on Sheet 11 Cost Allocation in the RRWF Workforms refer to 2021 rate application. Please refer to Schedule 7-1-1 - Cost Allocation for more details. In addition, the difference in Sheet 11 Cost Allocation between columns (7C) and (7D) is the difference between allocated Base Revenue Requirement and achieved Base Revenue Requirement.

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Table 2 below shows 2026-2030 base revenue requirement calculations.

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Table 2 – Revenue Deficiency/Sufficiency for 2026-2030 (\$'000s)³

			Test Years		
	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Return on Rate Base	\$ 91,549	\$ 101,661	\$ 113,928	\$ 123,382	\$ 130,196
Distribution Expenses (not including amortization)	\$ 140,010	\$ 147,263	\$ 154,891	\$ 162,914	\$ 171,353
Depreciation, amortization	\$ 67,205	\$ 75,392	\$ 82,256	\$ 88,364	\$ 94,410
Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILS)	\$ 6,638	\$ 6,528	\$ 12,204	\$ 12,671	\$ 15,432
Other Expenses - PILS Contribution	\$ 4,590	\$ 4,596	-	-	-
Service Revenue Requirement	\$ 309,993	\$ 335,440	\$ 363,279	\$ 387,331	\$ 411,392
Less Revenue Offsets	\$ 11,018	\$ 10,697	\$ 10,859	\$ 11,123	\$ 11,460
Revenue Requirement from Rates	\$ 298,975	\$ 324,743	\$ 352,420	\$ 376,208	\$ 399,932
Forecasted Load at Prior Year Rates	\$ 249,050	\$ 300,938	\$ 327,932	\$ 355,874	\$ 379,297
Yearly Revenue Deficiency	\$ (49,926)	\$ (23,804)	\$ (24,488)	\$ (20,334)	\$ (20,636)
Cumulative Revenue Deficiency	\$ (49,926)	\$ (73,730)	\$ (98,218)	\$ (118,552)	\$ (139,187)

³ Totals may not sum due to rounding.



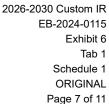
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3. YEAR-OVER-YEAR REVENUE DEFICIENCY/SUFFICIENCY

- Table 3 below provides the 2025-2026 year-over-year revenue deficiency/sufficiency amounts and
- major cost drivers. The references to other Schedules in this Application indicate where additional
- details on year-over-year variance and cost drivers can be found.

Driver of Deficiency	2025 OEB- Approved	2026 Test Year	+/-	Cost Drivers	Schedule Reference
Return on Rate Base	\$ 79,365	\$ 91,549	\$ 12,184	\$97.1M increase in average net fixed assets driven mainly by increased volume and complexity of non-discretionary growth, increased renewal work due to aging equipment and failures, major storms, and inflationary pressures.	2-1-1, 2-5-1 to 2-5-9
Distribution Expenses (not including amortization)	\$ 104,927	\$ 140,010	\$ 35,083	Increase in distribution operations expenses, cloud and information technology including cyber security Headcount growth and increases in compensation Inflationary increases	4-1-1
Amortization	\$ 62,125	\$ 67,205	\$ 5,080	Capital addition and increase in forecast capital additions to meet customer needs an grid modernization	
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	\$ 7,283	\$ 6,638	\$ (645)	Changes in capital additions and the associated CCA deductions available.	6-2-1
Other Expenses - PILS	-	\$ 4,590	\$ 4,590	Proposed PILS capital contribution.	6-1-1 & 9-1-4
Service Revenue Requirement	\$ 253,700	\$ 309,993	\$ 56,293		
Less Capital Stretch Factor	\$ 3,658	-	\$ (3,658)	Proposed Custom IR Rate Term does not include additional Capital Stretch Factor.	1-3-1
Service Revenue Requirement Net of Capital Stretch Factor	\$ 250,042	\$ 309,993	\$ 59,951		
Less Revenue Offsets	\$ 10,003	\$ 11,018	\$ 1,015	,015 Changes to Other Operating Revenue rates.	
Base Revenue Requirement	\$ 240,040	\$ 298,976	\$ 58,937		
Transformer Ownership Credit	\$ 906	-	\$ (906)	Transformer Ownership Credit ends as of November 1, 2025.	
Revenue Requirement from	\$ 240,946	\$ 298,976	\$ 58,031		

⁴ Totals may not sum due to rounding.





Driver of Deficiency	2025 OEB- Approved	2026 Test Year	+/-	Cost Drivers	Schedule Reference
Rates					
Forecasted Load at 2020/2025 Rates	\$ 193,588	\$ 249,050	\$ 55,462	Increase in rates and changes to revenue load forecast.	3-1-1 & 8-2-1
Yearly Revenue Deficiency (over 2025)		\$ (49,927)			



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- Table 4 provides the 2026-2030 year-over-year revenue requirement amounts, the increase or
- decrease from prior Test Year, major cost drivers, and references to Schedules where further
- information on the drivers can be found.

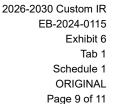


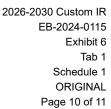


Table 4 – 2025-2030 Revenue Deficiency Amounts & Drivers (\$'000s)⁵

		Approved			Test Years			Drivers	Schedule
		2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	Drivers	Reference
Return on Rate Base	\$	\$ 79,365	\$ 91,549	\$ 101,661	\$ 113,928	\$ 123,382	\$ 130,196	Annual increase in net fixed assets and	2-1-1 & 2-3-1
Neturi on Nate base	+/-		\$ 12,184	\$ 10,112	\$ 12,267	\$ 9,454	\$ 6,814	working capital allowance.	2-1-1 & 2-3-1
Distribution Expenses	\$	\$ 104,927	\$ 140,010	\$ 147,263	\$ 154,891	\$ 162,914	\$ 171,353	Increases in compensation	4-1-1 & 2-5-1 to
(not including amortization)	+/-		\$ 35,083	\$ 7,253	\$ 7,628	\$ 8,023	\$ 8,439	Inflationary increases Increase in distribution operations expenses	2-5-9
\$ \$62,125 \$67,205 \$75,392 \$82,256 \$88,364 \$94,410 Ann		I Annual changes in amortization due to change I							
Amortization	+/-		\$ 5,080	\$ 8,186	\$ 6,864	\$ 6,108	\$ 6,046	in capital additions	2-7-1
Payment in Lieu of	\$	\$ 7,283	\$ 6,638	\$ 6,528	\$ 12,204	\$ 12,671	\$ 15,432	Annual changes in capital additions and the	6-2-1
Taxes	+/-		\$ (645)	\$ (110)	\$ 5,676	\$ 467	\$ 2,762	associated CCA deductions available, compared to the accounting depreciation.	
Other Expenses - PILS	\$		\$ 4,590	\$ 4,596	-	-	-	2026 and 2027 BH C approach to CCA	6-1-1 & 9-1-4
Contribution	+/-		\$ 4,590	\$ 6	\$ (4,596)	•	-	2026 and 2027 PILS approach to CCA	0-1-1 & 9-1-4
Less: Capital Stretch	\$	\$ 3,658	-	-	-	-	-	Capital efficiencies have been built into the	4.2.4
Factor +			\$ (3,658)	-	-	-	-	capital forecast	1-3-1
Service Revenue	\$	\$ 250,042	\$ 309,993	\$ 335,440	\$ 363,279	\$ 387,331	\$ 411,392		6-1-1 Attachment
Requirement	+/-		\$ 59,951	\$ 25,446	\$ 27,840	\$ 24,052	\$ 24,061		A-E

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⁵ Totals may not sum due to rounding.





		Bridge (Cont'd)		Tes	t Years (Cor	nt'd)		Drivers (Cont'd)	Reference	
		2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030		(Cont'd)	
Laca Davarus Officeto	\$	\$ 10,003	\$ 11,018	\$ 10,697	\$ 10,859	\$ 11,123	\$ 11,460	Services to third parties expected to generate	0048605	
Less Revenue Offsets	+/-		\$ 1,015	\$ (321)	\$ 162	\$ 264	\$ 337	less revenue starting 2027 to promote safety and electrification	6-3-1 & 6-3-5	
Base Revenue	\$	\$ 240,040	\$ 298,975	\$ 324,743	\$ 352,420	\$ 376,208	\$ 399,932		6-1-1 Attachment	
Requirement	+/-		\$ 58,935	\$ 25,767	\$ 27,678	\$ 23,788	\$ 23,724		A-E	
Transformer Ownership	\$	\$ 906	-	-	-	-	-	Removal of Transformer Ownership Credit	0.4.4	
Credit	+/-		\$ (906)	-	-	-	-	effective November 1, 2025	8-1-1	
Revenue Requirement	\$	\$ 240,946	\$ 298,975	\$ 324,743	\$ 352,420	\$ 376,208	\$ 399,932		6-1-1 Attachment	
from Rates	+/-		\$ 58,029	\$ 25,767	\$ 27,678	\$ 23,788	\$ 23,724		A-E	
Forecasted Load at	\$	\$ 193,588	\$ 249,050	\$ 300,938	\$ 327,932	\$ 355,874	\$ 379,297	Expected annual growth in Revenue Load and	0.4.4.9.0.0.4	
Prior Year Rates	+/-		\$ 55,462	\$ 51,889	\$ 26,994	\$ 27,942	\$ 23,422	Customer Forecast; Annual changes in rates for Test Years	3-1-1 & 8-2-1	
Cumulative Revenue	\$	\$ (47,358)	\$ (49,926)	\$ (73,730)	\$ (98,218)	\$ (118,552)	\$ (139,187)		8-1-3	
Deficiency (over 2025)	+/-		\$ (2,568)	\$ (23,804)	\$ (24,488)	\$ (20,334)	\$ (20,636)		0-1-3	



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4. PILS CAPITAL CONTRIBUTION

Hydro Ottawa is required to maximize tax deductions and credits in the determination of taxes or payment in lieu of taxes (PILS). As outlined in Section 7 of Schedule 9-1-4 - Account 1592 PILS and Tax Variance, existing tax legislation allows for accelerated Capital Cost Allowance (CCA) for years 2026-2027. This allows Hydro Ottawa to deduct more CCA in the first years when the assets are available for use thereby reducing PILS in the earlier years of the assets' useful lives. Accelerated CCA does not change the total amount of CCA that Hydro Ottawa can deduct over the tax life of the eligible capital assets. This accelerated CCA is only available to be claimed in the first tax year that the eligible capital assets are acquired and available for use. By claiming a larger CCA deduction in the first year, Hydro Ottawa will have smaller CCA deductions available in future years.

Hydro Ottawa is proposing to include in revenue requirement for 2026 and 2027, as noted in Table 5 above, the decrease in Grossed Up PILS for 2026 and 2027 due to accelerated CCA rules; as well as the impact in the decrease in accumulated Grossed Up PILS due to the 2021 immediate expensing measure that has been recorded in Account 1592. This increase in revenue requirement proposed is to be recognized as capital contribution in the corresponding year in the fixed asset subledger. The PILs capital contribution will be amortized over 36 years. This proposal has dual benefits as it addresses the intergenerational equity issues that arise in the context of deferred taxes when income tax decisions in the present have long-term tax implications for future generations. This will smooth the benefit of the Grossed Up PILS difference for both the 2026 and 2027 Accelerated CCA and the 2021 immediate expensing measure over 36 years instead of allocating and benefiting the entire decrease in Grossed Up PILS to current ratepayers. This proposal will also allow customers to pay less through base rates over the asset life as rate base will be lower over time instead of only during the first years of an asset life.

Please also see Schedule 9-1-4 - Account 1592 PILS and Tax Variance for additional details on the historical treatment of these tax impacts.



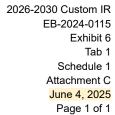
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Attachment 6-1-1(A) - OEB Workform - 2026 Revenue Requirement Workform



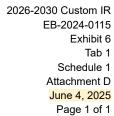
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Attachment 6-1-1(B) - OEB Workform - 2027 Revenue Requirement Workform





Attachment 6-1-1(C) - OEB Workform - 2028 Revenue Requirement Workform





Attachment 6-1-1(D) - OEB Workform - 2029 Revenue Requirement Workform



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Attachment 6-1-1(E) - OEB Workform - 2030 Revenue Requirement Workform



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PAYMENT IN LIEU OF TAXES

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1. INTRODUCTION

Hydro Ottawa is required to make Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILS) to the Ministry of Finance based on its taxable income.

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Hydro Ottawa has modified the Income Tax/PILS Workform (PILS Tax Model) supplied by the OEB for 2025 Cost of Service Applications Filers. Hydro Ottawa modified the PILS Tax Model to calculate the PILS for each of the 2026-2030 Test Years in one PILS Tax Model (Modified PILS Tax Model) for all five Test Years instead of an individual PILS Tax Model per Test Year. The modifications made to the PILS Tax Model are discussed later in this Schedule.

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The amount of PILS included in the revenue requirements for each of the 2026-2030 Test Years is summarized in Table 1. The Modified PILS Tax Model for 2026-2030 Test Years are appended to this Schedule as the following Excel Attachment 6-2-1(B) - OEB Workform - 2026-2030 Income Tax/PILS Workform.

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Table 1 - Grossed Up PILS for 2026-2030 Test Years (\$'000s)

Test Year	Income Taxes/PILS Grossed Up
2026	\$ 6,638
2027	\$ 6,528
2028	\$ 12,204
2029	\$ 12,671
2030	\$ 15,432

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As noted, modifications have been made to the PILS Tax Model supplied by the OEB for 2025 Cost of Service Applications Filers. Instead of calculating and completing an individual PILS Tax Model for each 2026-2030 Test Years, the PILS Tax Model supplied by the OEB for 2025 Cost of service Application Filers has been modified such that the PILS for each of the 2026-2030



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Test Years are calculated in one complete PILS Tax Model. The following modifications were made:

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 Tab "Table of Contents" has been modified to include all new tabs added to the Modified PILS Model and renamed tabs;

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• Tab S "Summary" has been modified to include summaries for 2026-2030 Test Years;

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 Tab A has been renamed as "A Data Input Sheet 26-30". A calculation for the Return on Rate Base has been added for 2027, 2028, 2029 and 2030 Test Years and are located in cells K9 to AC19;

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• Two Bridge Years have been added as Tabs A for the 2024 Bridge Year and Tabs B for 2025 Bridge Year, specifically:

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o Tabs A0 – A13 added and renamed for the 2024 Bridge Year

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o Tabs B0 – B13 added and renamed for the 2025 Bridge Year

14 15 The Modified PILS Tax Model now includes a 2023 Historical Year, a 2024 Bridge Year, a 2025 Bridge Year and the 2026-2030 Test Years;

16 17 Tab "C1 PIL Tax Provision Test 27 - 30" has been added. This new Tab C1 shows the PILS calculation for the 2027, 2028, 2029 and 2030 Test Years. This tab consolidates all the calculations for PILS into one tab for the 2027, 2028, 2029 and 2030 Test Years;

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Tabs T0 to T13 show the PILS calculations for the 2026 Test Year;

20 21 Tab "C2 Sch 8 CCA Test 27" has been added. This tab calculates the Capital Cost Allowance (CCA) deduction for the 2027 Test Year and includes the modifications made to calculate Accelerated CCA for 2027 additions;

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 Tab "C3 Sch 8 CCA Test 28" has been added. This schedule calculates the CCA deduction for the 2028 Test Year and has not been modified to include Accelerated CCA as Accelerated CCA is no longer available for capital additions available for use after

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• Tab "C4 Sch 8 CCA Test 29" has been added. This schedule calculates the CCA deduction for the 2029 test year and does not include the Accelerated CCA, as

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Accelerated CCA is no longer available for capital additions available for use after 2027;

2027;





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- Tab "C5 Sch 8 CCA Test 30" has been added. This schedule calculates the CCA deduction for the 2030 Test Year and has not been modified to include Accelerated CCA, as Accelerated CCA is no longer available for capital additions available for use after 2027;
- The following tabs were modified to calculate Accelerated CCA on assets acquired in those Years:
 - o Tab "A8 Sch 8 CCA Bridge 24"
 - o Tab "B8 Sch 8 CCA Bridge 25"
 - o Tab "T8 Sch 8 CCA Test 26"
 - o Tab "C2 Sch 8 CCA Test 27"; and
- In the PILS Tax Model supplied by the OEB for 2025 Cost of Service Applications Filers, column Q "(14) Cost of acquisitions from column 13 that are accelerated investment incentive properties" does not contain any data or formula. In the Modified PILS Tax Model, column Q has been updated to align with column P "(13) Cost of acquisitions on remainder of Class" to indicate that current year fixed asset additions are eligible as accelerated investment incentive (or Accelerated CCA) properties.

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2. PRUDENT MANAGEMENT OF PILS/TAXES

Hydro Ottawa exercises sound tax planning and manages its tax costs diligently in order to minimize these costs. As required, the utility maximizes tax deductions such as CCA, and takes advantage of available tax credits, such as apprentice tax credits, student co-op tax credits, and scientific research and experimental development (SR&ED) tax credits.

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3. GENERAL METHODOLOGY

The methodology for calculating PILS is consistent with the principles set out in the *Chapter 2 OEB's Filing Requirements for Electricity Distribution Rate Applications - 2025 Edition for 2026 Rate Applications*, dated December 9, 2024. It is also consistent with the methodology employed in prior years. In addition, PILS calculations reflect applicable current tax legislation



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and regulatory changes, including the recent legislative tax changes to CCA in Bill C-97, which are further discussed in Section 6 below.

For the 2026-2030 Test Years, Hydro Ottawa has used a combined income tax rate of 26.5%, which comprises a federal tax rate of 15.0% and a provincial tax rate of 11.5%. This rate is applied to Hydro Ottawa's regulatory taxable income determined through the PILS Tax Models to calculate income taxes payable before the deduction of tax credits. Applicable tax credits are then deducted to determine the Corporate PILS/Income Tax Provision for the given Test Year. This amount is then grossed up by the 1 - tax rate formula to determine the PILS component of the revenue requirement for each Test Year.

4. LOSS CARRY-FORWARDS

Hydro Ottawa does not have any non-capital loss or capital loss carry-forwards as at the end of December 2023. Furthermore, the utility has not forecast any loss carry-forwards for the 2026-2030 Test Years.

5. NON-DISTRIBUTION ASSETS/NON-RECOVERABLE EXPENSES

Hydro Ottawa has excluded any non-distribution assets in its Modified PILS Tax Model. Specifically, non distribution assets have been deducted in the 2023 historical year. Please see Tab H8 in the Modified PILS Tax Model for details. The utility also confirms that non-recoverable expenses and expenses disallowed for regulatory purposes have been excluded in the tax calculation, such as donations.

6. CAPITAL COST ALLOWANCE

On June 21, 2019, Bill C-97 received Royal Assent. Bill C-97, the *Budget Implementation Act,* 2019, introduced changes to CCA, such as the new Accelerated CCA rules. These rules allow enhanced first-year tax depreciation on eligible capital assets acquired and available for use after November 20, 2018. Under the Accelerated CCA rules, Hydro Ottawa is able to deduct up



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to three times the amount of tax depreciation that would otherwise be available in the year that an asset is acquired and available for use. This is achieved by removing the "half-year" rule and then applying the prescribed CCA rate at 1.5 times on the net qualifying additions for the given year. This Accelerated CCA is available for assets acquired and available for use after November 20, 2018 and before 2024.

A phase-out period will begin for property that becomes available for use after 2023. For assets acquired after 2023 and before 2028, the "half-year" rule is still not applied and the Accelerated CCA rules will allow Hydro Ottawa to deduct tax depreciation that is two times the amount of tax depreciation that would otherwise apply in the year that an asset is acquired and available for use. The Accelerated CCA rules will no longer be available for assets acquired after 2027.

Accelerated CCA does not change the total amount of CCA that Hydro Ottawa can deduct over the tax life of the eligible capital assets. This Accelerated CCA is only available to be claimed in the first tax year that the eligible capital assets are acquired and available for use. By claiming a larger CCA deduction in the first year, Hydro Ottawa will have smaller CCA deductions available in future years. Hydro Ottawa confirms that the Accelerated CCA rules from Bill C-97 have only been applied in the PILS Tax calculations for the 2026 and 2027 Test Years because Accelerated CCA is no longer available after 2027. Accelerated CCA for the 2026 & 2027 Test Years have been reflected in the Modified PILS Tax Model. Please see tabs T8 and C2 in the Modified PILS Tax Model for these details.

The regulatory taxable income in each Test Year includes forecasted CCA, which has been calculated using the Accelerated CCA rules applicable in the 2023 Historical Year, 2024 and 2025 Bridge Years, and in the 2026 and 2027 Test Years. Accelerated CCA is no longer available for the 2028, 2029 and 2030 Test Years. These forecasted CCA amounts are calculated using the estimated ending Undepreciated Capital Cost (UCC) balance from the previous year as the opening balance and then adding the net capital additions to determine the



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UCC balance available for each Test Year. The "half-year" rule has not been applied in each of the 2026 and 2027 Test Years on net qualifying additions. The Accelerated CCA rules allow Hydro Ottawa to deduct two times the amount of tax depreciation that would otherwise apply on qualifying new assets for the 2026 and 2027 Test Years. The Accelerated CCA rules will no longer be available for assets acquired after 2027. The maximum allowable CCA has been deducted for all 2026-2030 Test Years. The Federal Government announced an extension to the Accelerated CCA rules in the Federal 2024 Fall Economic Statement. Further discussion about the Accelerated CCA extension can be found in Schedule 9-1-4 - Account 1592 PILS and Tax Variance.

7. TAX CREDITS - APPRENTICES & CO-OP STUDENTS

As in previous years, Hydro Ottawa continues to claim the Federal Apprenticeship Job Creation Tax Credit and the Ontario Co-operative Education Tax Credit. The Federal Apprenticeship Job Creation Tax Credit is 10% of salaries and wages paid to eligible apprentices, up to a maximum of \$2,000 per year per apprentice for the first two years of the apprenticeship contract. The Ontario Co-operative Education Tax Credit is 25% of eligible expenditures up to a maximum of \$3,000 per student per year.

The Ontario Apprenticeship Training Tax Credit is no longer available and has not been included in 2026-2030 Test Years. This credit was available during the first 36 months of the apprentice program for programs that commenced before November 15, 2017. The 2020 Year was the last year in which Hydro Ottawa claimed this credit.

Hydro Ottawa has forecasted the Federal Apprenticeship Job Creation Tax Credit and deducted this tax credit in the PILS Tax Models for the 2026-2030 Test Years. The Ontario Co-operative Education Tax Credit for each of the 2026-2030 Test Years has been calculated by forecasting that 35 eligible co-op students will be hired per Test Year, with a tax credit per student of \$3,000



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(i.e. total credits of \$105,000 per Test Year). These tax credits are summarized in Tables 2 and 3 below.

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Table 2 – Total Federal Apprenticeship Job Creation and Ontario Co-operative

Education Tax Credits for 2026-2030 Test Years

Federal Apprenticeship Ontario Co-op Education Year **Total Tax Credits Tax Credit Tax Credit** 2026 \$ 10,000 \$ 105,000 \$ 115,000 2027 \$ 105,000 \$ 125,000 \$ 20,000 2028 \$ 10,000 \$ 105,000 \$ 115,000 2029 \$ 105,000 \$ 105,000 2030 \$ 105,000 \$ 105,000

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Table 3 – Federal Apprenticeship Job Creation Tax Credits for 2026-2030 Test Years¹

Hiri	ng Year	Tax Credits Received					
Year	Number Hired	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	
2026	5	5	5	1	1	-	
2027	5	1	5	5	1	-	
2028	-		•	-	•	-	
2029	-		•	-	•	-	
2030	-	-	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL NUMBER OF CREDITS/YR		5	10	5		-	
TOTAL \$ CF	REDITS/YR	\$10,000	\$20,000	\$10,000	-	-	

¹ As a guide for interpreting the information presented in this table, please see the explanation on the applicability of the Federal Apprenticeship Job Creation Tax Credit provided in Section 7 of this Schedule.



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8. TAX CREDITS - SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH & EXPERIMENTAL DEVELOPMENT

Hydro Ottawa first filed for SR&ED tax credits for the 2017 tax year. The SR&ED tax credits for 2017 to 2019 have been assessed and audited. The SR&ED tax credits for 2020 to 2023 have been assessed but not audited. For the 2026-2030 Test Years, the SR&ED tax credits have been forecasted based on the average percentage of qualified SR&ED expenditures from 2017 to 2023. The 2026-2030 SR&ED amounts are presented in Table 4 below. The forecasted SR&ED tax credits have been reflected as a reduction in capital expenditures and/or operations and maintenance (O&M) expenses for each Test Year. This approach is consistent with Hydro Ottawa's 2021-2025 rate application proposal and approved as part of the Settlement Agreement.²

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Table 4 - Total Forecast SR&ED Tax Credits for 2026-2030 Test Years

Year	SR&ED Credit Capital	SR&ED Credit O&M	SR&ED Credit Total
2026	\$ 576,000	\$ 223,000	\$ 799,000
2027	\$ 839,000	\$ 323,000	\$ 1,162,000
2028	\$ 860,000	\$ 332,000	\$ 1,192,000
2029	\$ 695,000	\$ 268,000	\$ 963,000
2030	\$ 497,000	\$ 193,000	\$ 690,000

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9. INTEGRITY CHECKS

The following integrity checks have been completed in respect of the Modified PILS Tax Model:

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- Depreciation and amortization added back agreed with the numbers disclosed in the rate base section of the Application.
- Capital additions and deductions agreed with the rate base section for Historical Years,
 Bridge Years, and Test Years.

² Hydro Ottawa Limited, *2021-2025 Custom Incentive Rate-Setting Approved Settlement Agreement*, EB-2019-0261 (September 18, 2020).



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- Schedule 8 of the most recent 2023 tax return year filed with the Application has a closing December 31 UCC balance that agrees with the historical year UCC balance at December 31.
- Non-distribution assets have been removed from the Modified PILS Tax Model in the 2023 Historical Year.
- The CCA deductions in the Modified PILS Tax Model for Historical Years, Bridge Years, and Test Years agree with the numbers in Schedule 8 of 2023 to 2030.
- Other post-employment benefits and pension expenses are added back on Schedule 1.
- The income tax rate used to calculate the tax expense is consistent with the current legislated rate.
- The maximum allowable CCA has been deducted for all 2026-2030 Test Years, including Accelerated CCA in 2026 and 2027 Test Years.
- A corporation can claim a deduction from its net income for charitable donations made to qualified donors. From 2024 to 2030, all donation expenses were added back to taxable income. OEB-qualified donations were deducted from net income for tax purposes in order to determine taxable income.
- Hydro Ottawa has estimated its SR&ED claim for 2024 to 2030 based on forecasted spending and the average eligible SR&ED claim percentage from previously filed SR&ED claims. SR&ED deductions reported in the financial statements have been added back to taxable income, while the SR&ED expenditure claimed in the year has been deducted from taxable income. Additionally, SR&ED expenses capitalized for accounting purposes have been subtracted from taxable income and excluded from the capital cost allowance additions for the year. Hydro Ottawa has also estimated its SR&ED tax credits for these years. This practice is consistent with prior years and Hydro Ottawa's 2021-2025 Approved Settlement Agreement.³

Taxes or Payments in Lieu of Taxes

³ Hydro Ottawa Limited, *2021-2025 Custom Incentive Rate-Setting Approved Settlement Agreement*, EB-2019-0261 (September 18, 2020).



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10. PILS VARIANCES

Details of the actual taxes paid by Hydro Ottawa from 2020-2023, as well as the forecasted taxes to be paid for 2024 and 2025, are summarized in Table 5 below. Grossed Up PILS for the 2026-2030 Test Years can be found in Table 6 below.

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A copy of the most recent Federal and Provincial tax return is appended to this Schedule as Attachment 6-2-1(A) - 2023 Tax Return. As per the Chapter 2 Filing Requirements, confidential personal information contained within the SR&ED return has been redacted.

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Table 5 AS ORIGINALLY SUBMITTED – Corporate PILS Paid or Grossed Up PILS for 2020-2025 (\$'000s)

	2020 Actual	2021 Actual	2022 Actual	2023 Actual	2024 Bridge Grossed Up	
Income Taxes	\$ 936	\$ 2,003	\$ 806	\$ 692	\$ 4,686	\$ 7,525

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3 Table 5 UPDATED JUNE 4, 2025 - Corporate PILS Paid or Grossed Up PILS for 2020-2025 (\$'000s)

	2020 Actual	2021 Actual	2022 Actual		2024 Bridge Grossed Up	
Income Taxes	\$ 936	\$ 2,003	\$ 806	\$ 692	\$ 4,687	\$ 7,526

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Table 6 – Grossed Up PILS for 2026-2030 Test Years (\$'000s)

	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Income Taxes	\$ 6,638	\$ 6,528	\$ 12,204	\$ 12,671	\$ 15,432

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The decrease or increase in PILS from year to year is generally due to changes in capital additions and the associated CCA deductions available compared to the accounting depreciation. Specifically, the large increase in PILS between 2027 and 2028 is because Accelerated CCA is no longer available after 2027. Changes in regulatory net income before tax from year to year also contribute to the change in PILS from year to year.



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11. RECONCILIATION TABLES FOR CAPITAL ADDITIONS AND DEPRECIATION/AMORTIZATION

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NEW - Table 7 - Reconciliation of Fixed Asset Continuity Schedule Additions and Schedule 8 Capital Additions in PILS

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Workforms for 2024-2030

	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Fixed Asset Total Additions (as per Appendix 2-BA)	\$120,122,027	<mark>\$123,673,535</mark>	\$202,639,701	\$277,688,486	\$289,317,777	\$196,570,122	\$212,931,238
Add: PILS Contribution Adjustment ⁴	-	-	\$5,066,000	\$4,096,000	-	-	-
Add: Capital SR&ED Tax Credits ⁵	\$1,122,000	\$956,000	\$576,000	\$839,000	\$860,000	\$695,000	\$497,000
Less: SR&ED expenses capitalized ⁶	(\$7,604,932)	(\$6,495,043)	(\$3,953,284)	(\$5,717,224)	(\$5,858,285)	(\$4,752,484)	(\$3,429,917)
Less: Land ⁷	(\$3,961,447)	(\$7,127,415)	_	(\$205,840)	(\$5,739,473)	(\$607,613)	(\$1,216,803)
PILS Workforms Schedule 8 Additions	\$109,677,648	\$111,007,07 7	\$204,3 <mark>28,417</mark>	\$276,700,422	\$278,580,019	\$ <mark>191,905,025</mark>	\$208,7 <mark>81,518</mark>

⁴ This represents the PILS contribution adjustment which is explained in Schedule 9-1-4, section 7 and please see Table 4 in that section.

⁵ SR&ED Tax Credits are recorded as credits, included in OEB Account 2440 for accounting purposes, and depreciated over five years. Please see Table 4 of this Schedule.

⁶ This represents current year SR&ED expenditures capitalized for accounting purposes but expensed for tax purposes. SR&ED expenditures are considered current expenditures for tax purposes.

⁷ Land is not depreciable for tax purposes and not included in Schedule 8.

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NEW - Table 8 – Reconciliation of Fixed Asset Continuity Schedule Depreciation and PILS Workforms Amortization for 2023-2030

	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Fixed Asset Depreciation (as per Appendix 2-BA)	\$55,661,147	\$58,787,834	\$61,935,738	\$67,205,474	\$75,391,956	\$82,256,307	\$88,364,278	\$94,410,474
Add: Capital SR&ED Tax Credits Amortization ⁸	\$229,861	\$286,591	\$389,861	\$446,104	\$438,891	\$436,151	\$483,300	\$542,901
Add: PILS Contribution Adjustment Amortization9	-	-	-	\$70,361	\$197,611	\$254,500	\$254,500	\$254,500
Add: Non Rate-Regulated Utility Assets Amortization 10	\$408,418	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Add: Non-rate Base Assets Amortization/Transfer ¹¹	<mark>\$62,159</mark>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PILS Workforms Amortization ¹²	\$56,361,585	\$59,074,42 5	\$ <mark>62,325,599</mark>	<mark>\$67,721,939</mark>	<mark>\$76,028,458</mark>	\$82,946,958	\$89,102,078	\$95,207,875

⁸ This represents the amortization of SR&ED tax credits over 5 years, see footnote 5 of this Schedule for further details.

⁹ This represents the amortization of the PILS contribution adjustment, which is explained in Schedule 9-1-4 section 7 and see also Table 7 in this same section footnote 4.

¹⁰ This represents the amortization on non rate regulated utility assets which are included for tax return purposes.

¹¹ This represents the amortization and transfer on non-rate base assets which are included for tax return purposes.

¹² See Table 9 below for a breakdown of the Reconciliation of PILS Amortization to 2023 Tax Return & Tab H1



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NEW - Table 9 - Reconciliation PILS Amortization from Table 8 to 2023 Tax Return & Tab H1

Reconciliation PILS Amortization from Table 8 to 2023 Tax Return & Tab H1	2023
Amortization of tangible assets (as per 2023 tax return & Tab H1)	\$ 55,441,000
Amortization of intangible assets (as per 2023 tax return & Tab H1)	\$ 8,646,000
Deferred revenue amortization (as per 2023 tax return & Tab H1)	\$ (7,725,415)
Amortization as per Table 8 reconciliation	\$ 56,361,585

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee



Canada Revenue Agency Agence du revenu du Canada

Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED) Expenditures Claim

Enter one of the following:

Use this form:

- to provide technical information on your SR&ED projects;
- to calculate your SR&ED expenditures; and
- to calculate your qualified SR&ED expenditures for investment tax credits (ITC).

- To claim an ITC, use either:
 Schedule T2SCH31, Investment Tax Credit Corporations; or
- Form T2038(IND), Investment Tax Credit (Individuals).

The information requested in this form and documents supporting your expenditures and project information (Part 2) are prescribed information.

In Part 6, a new box is added: Box 758 that must be filled if traditional method is used. The information is required for tax year ends after 2020 and optional for tax year ends before 2021.

Your SR&ED claim must be filed within 12 months of the filing due date of your income tax return.

To help you fill out this form, use the T4088, Guide to Form T661, which is available on our website: canada.ca/taxes-sred.

Part 1 - General information

010 Name of claimant

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee	Business number (BN)				
Tax year					
From 2023-01-01 to 2023-12-31 Year Month Day Year Month Day			I		
Total number of projects you are claiming this tax year:	So	cial insurance numl	per (SIN)		
5					
100 Contact person for the financial information	Telephone number/exter	nsion <u>110</u>	Fax number		
Bettina Yau	(613) 738-5499		(613) 738-5486		
115 Contact person for the technical information Bettina Yau	(613) 738-5499	nsion 125	Fax number		
151 If this claim is filed for a partnership, was Form T5013 Partnership Informati	on Return filed?		Yes No		
If you answered no to line 151, complete lines 153, 156 and 157.					
153 Names of the partners		156 %	157 BN or SIN		
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
Part 2 - Project information			CRA internal form identifie	er 060	
Complete a separate Part 2 for each project claimed this year.			Code		
Section A - Project identification					
200 Project title (and identification code if applicable)					
See schedule					

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Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Part 3 - Calculation of SR&ED expenditures

What did you spend on your SR&ED projects?

-	mat and you open a on your onese projector
1	Section A – Select the method to calculate the SR&ED expenditures
	I elect (choose) to use the following method to calculate my SR&ED expenditures and related investment tax credits (ITC) for this tax year. I understand that my election is irrevocable (cannot be changed) for this tax year.
į	If a lelect to use the proxy method (Enter "0" on line 360 and complete Part 5.)
ľ	I choose to use the traditional method (Enter "0" on line 502. Complete line 360.)

Section B – Calculation of allowable SR&ED expend • SR&ED portion of salary or wages of employees directly eng	,		
a) Employees other than specified employees for work performs b) Specified employees for work performed in Canada		300 + 305 +	2,025,022
	Subtotal (add lines 300 and 305)	306 =	2,025,022
c) Employees other than specified employees for work perfo	ormed outside Canada (subject to limitations – see guide) 3	307 +	
d) Specified employees for work performed outside Canada	a (subject to limitations – see guide)	809 +	
Salary or wages identified on line 315 in prior years that were	re paid in this tax year	310 +	
Salary or wages incurred in the year but not paid within 180	days of the tax year end 315		
Cost of materials consumed in performing SR&ED		320 +	
Cost of materials transformed in performing SR&ED		325 +	
Contract expenditures for SR&ED performed on your behalf:	:		
a) Arm's length contracts		340 +	3,383,701
b) Non-arm's length contracts		845 +	
Overhead and other expenditures (enter "0" if you elected to	use the proxy method at line 160)	860 +	
Third-party payments (complete Form T1263*)		3 70 +	
Total allowable SR&ED expenditures (add lines 306 to 370; of	do not add line 315)	880 =	5,408,723
If the above expenditures have been included in your income s this amount in your self-employment income (lines 135 to 143)	statement, enter this amount on line 118 of Schedule T2SCH1 or, if y reported on your individual income tax and benefit return.	ou are an inc	dividual, include

Section C – Calculation of pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures (to the nearest dollar)		
Amount from line 380	420 _	5,408,723
Deduct		
provincial government assistance for expenditures included on line 380	429	150,981
other government assistance for expenditures included on line 380	431	
non-government assistance for expenditures included on line 380	432	
SR&ED ITCs applied and/or refunded in the prior year (do not include ITCs allocated from a partnership)	435	571,965
sale of SR&ED capital assets and other deductions	440 -	
Subtotal (line 420 minus lines 429 to 440)	442 = _	4,685,777
Add		
• repayments of government and non-government assistance that previously reduced the SR&ED expenditure pool	445 + _	
prior year's pool balance of deductible SR&ED expenditures (from line 470 of prior year T661)	450 + _	494,149
SR&ED expenditure pool transfer from amalgamation or wind-up	452 + _	
amount of SR&ED ITC recaptured in the prior year	453 + _	
Amount available for deduction (add lines 442 to 453) (enter positive amount only, include negative amount in income)	455 =	5,179,926
Deduction claimed in the year	460	
(Corporations should enter this amount on line 411 of schedule T2SCH1)		
Pool balance of deductible SR&ED expenditures to be carried forward to future years (line 455 minus 460)	470 = _	5,179,926

^{*} Form T1263, Third-Party Payments for Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED)

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Part 4 - Calculation of qualified SR&ED expenditures for investment tax credit (ITC) purposes (to the nearest dollar)

The resulting amount is used to calculate your refundable and/or non refundable ITC.

The resulting amount is used to calculate your refundable and/or non-refundable in C.		
Total allowable SR&ED expenditures (from line 380)	492	5,408,723
Add		
• payment of prior years' unpaid amounts (other than salary or wages) (see note 1)	500 +	
prescribed proxy amount (complete Part 5)		
(Enter "0" if you use the traditional method)	502 +	1,085,505
qualified expenditures transferred to you (see note 3) (complete Form T1146**)	508 +	
Subtotal (add lines 492 to 508)	511 =	6,494,228
Deduct		
provincial government assistance	513 –	188,974
other government assistance	_	200/57 .
non-government assistance and contract payments		
• current expenditures (other than salary or wages) not paid within 180 days of the tax year end (see note 1)		
• 80% of the amounts paid in respect of an SR&ED contract to a person or partnership that is not a taxable supplier	528 -	
		676 740
20% of the amount on lines 340 and 370		676,740
prescribed expenditures not allowed by regulations (see guide)		
• other deductions (see guide)	533 –	
• non-arm's length transactions	500	
- assistance allocated to you (complete Form T1145*)		
- expenditures for non-arm's length SR&ED contracts (from line 345)		
adjustments to purchases (limited to costs) of goods and services from non-arm's length suppliers (see guide)		
- qualified expenditures you transferred (complete Form T1146**)	544 –	
Qualified SR&ED expenditures (line 511 minus lines 513 to 544)	559 =	5,628,514
Add		
• repayments of assistance and contract payments made in the year	560 +	
		F 630 F14
Total qualified SR&ED expenditures for ITC purposes (add lines 559 and 560)	570 =	5,628,514

^{*} Form T1145, Agreement to Allocate Assistance for SR&ED Between Persons Not Dealing at Arm's Length

Note 1- For arm's length contracts, only include 80% of the contract amount.

^{**} Form T1146, Agreement to Transfer Qualified Expenditures Incurred in Respect of SR&ED Contracts Between Persons Not Dealing at Arm's Length

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Part 5 - Calculation of prescribed proxy amount (PPA)

A notional amount representing your overhead and other expenditures.

This part calculates the PPA to enter on line 502 in Part 4. Do not complete this part if you have chosen to use the traditional method in Part 3 (line 162). You can only claim a PPA if you elected to use the proxy method for the year in Part 3 (line 160).

Special rules apply for specified employees. Calculate your salary base in Section A and the PPA in Section B.

t						_	_
es, remuneration based or							5
tal (line 810 minus 812)						814 =	1,97
y or wages of specified o	employees						
850	852	854	856	858	860		
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6		
Name of specified employee	Total salary or wages for the year (SR&ED and non-SR&ED) excluding bonuses, remuneration based on profits, and taxable benefits (to the nearest dollar)	% of time spent on SR&ED (maximum 75%)	Amount in column 2 multiplied by percentage in column 3	2,5 x A x B/365 A = Year's maximum pensionable earnings B = Number of days employed in tax year	Amount in column 4 or 5, whichever amount is less		
			(Enter total of col	umn 6 on line 816)		816 +	

Enter the amount from line 820 on to line 502 in Part 4 unless the overall cap on PPA applies to you. (See the guide for explanation and example of the overall cap on PPA)

Part 6 - Project costs

Information requested in this part must be provided for **all** SR&ED projects claimed in the year. Expenditures should be recorded and allocated on a project basis.

* For Box 758, the information is required for tax year ends after 2020 and optional for tax year ends before 2021.

	750	752	754	756	758
	Project title or identification code	Salary or wages in the tax year	Cost of materials in the tax year	Contract expenditures for SR&ED performed on your behalf in the tax year	Overhead and other expenditures in the tax year*
		(Total of lines 306 to 309)	(Total of lines 320 and 325)	(Total of lines 340 and 345)	(total of line 360, if applicable)
1	2023-01 Advancements in Grid Infrastructure Design	715,215		1,478,393	
2	2023-02 Data Mapping Techniques for Usage Computation	380,220		852,851	
3	2022-04 Advancements in System Integration Techniques	155,624		605,235	
4	2022-01 Advancements in Smart Grid Reliability	345,579		400,000	
5	2022-03 Integration Methods for Performant & Secure System	428,384		47,222	
	Total	2,025,022		3,383,701	

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Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Part 7 - Additional information

Expenditures for SR&ED performed by you in Canada (line 380 minus lines 307, 309, 340, 345, and 370)	60	5 2,025,022
From the total you entered on line 605, estimate the percentage of distribution of the sources of funds for SR&ED performed within your organization.	Canadian (%)	Foreign (%)
Internal	100.000	
Parent companies, subsidiaries, and affiliated companies Federal grants (do not include funds or tax credits from SR&ED tax incentives) Federal contracts Provincial funding SR&ED contract work performed for other companies on their behalf Other funding (e.g., universities, foreign governments) 602 603 606 606 607 608 608 609 600 600 600 600 600	61	4
For statistical purposes indicate whether the work you performed falls within the realm of Basic or Applied rese Experimental development (to achieve a technological advancement):	arch (to advance scientif	c knowledge) or
Basic or Applied research Basic or Applied research K Experimental de	evelopment	
Enter the number of SR&ED personnel in full-time equivalents (FTE):		
Scientists and engineers	63	211
Technologists and technicians	63	4
Managers and administrators	63	6
Other technical supporting staff	63	8

Part 8 – Claim checklist
To ensure your claim is complete, make sure you have:
1. used the current version of this form
2. entered the method you have chosen for reporting your SR&ED expenditures in Section A of Part 3
3. completed Part 2 for each project X
4. filed a completed Schedule T2SCH31 or Form T2038(IND) to claim ITCs on your qualified SR&ED expenditures
5. filed a completed Form T1145*, T1146**, T1174*** and/or T1263**** including any required attachments, if applicable
To expedite the processing of your claim, make sure you have:
1. completed Form T2, Corporation Income Tax Return or Form T1, Income Tax and Benefit Return
2. filed the appropriate provincial and/or territorial tax credit forms, if applicable
3. retained documents to support the SR&ED work performed and SR&ED expenditures you claimed
4. checked boxes 231 and 232 on page 2 of your T2 return to indicate attachment of Form T661 and Schedule T2SCH31

^{*} Form T1145, Agreement to Allocate Assistance for SR&ED Between Persons Not Dealing at Arm's Length

^{**} Form T1146, Agreement to Transfer Qualified Expenditures Incurred in Respect of SR&ED Contracts Between Persons Not Dealing at Arm's Length

^{***} Form T1174, Agreement Between Associated Corporations to Allocate Salary or Wages of Specified Employees for Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED)

^{****} Form T1263, Third Party Payments for Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED)

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Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Part 9 - Claim preparer information

Information requested in this part must be provided for each claim preparer that has accepted consideration to prepare or assist in the preparation of this SR&ED claim. Certification is required on lines 935, 970, and 975.

A \$1,000 penalty may be assessed if the information requested below about the claim preparer(s) and billing arrangement(s), is missing, incomplete, or inaccurate. Where a claim preparer has prepared or assisted in the preparation of this SR&ED form, the claimant and the claim preparer will be jointly and severally, or solidarily, liable for the penalty.

935	Was a cl	aim preparer engaged in any aspect of the preparation of this SR&ED claim?
	X	Yes (complete the claim preparer information table and lines 970 and 975 below)

No (complete lines 970 and 975)

Claim preparer information table

	940	945	950	955	960	965		
Name of claim preparer (company or individual)		Business number	Billing arrangement code (see codes below*)	Billing rate (percentage, hourly/daily rate or flat fee)	Other billing arrangement(s) (Maximum 10 words)	Total fee paid, payable, or expected to pay		
1. KP	MG LLP		1	16.50		169,988		
					Total	169,988		
* Billing	arrangement codes							
Code	Type of billing arrangement							
1	Contingency fee arrangement – where the fee is based on a percentage of the investment tax credit earned							
2	Hourly rate							
3	Daily rate							
4	Flat fee arrangement (lump sum)							
5	Other arrangements – describe the arrangement in box 960 in 10 words or less							
970 l,	Geoff Simpson			certify that the informa	ation provided in this part is	s complete		
	Name of authorized signing officer of the cor	rporation, or individual (pri		,	·	·		
and	d accurate.							
		_			975	2024-06-19		

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Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Part 10 - Certification

I certify that I have examined the information provided on this form and on the attachments and it is true, correct, and complete.

165 Geoff Simpson

Name of authorized signing officer of the corporation, or individual

175 KPMG LLP

Name of person/firm who completed this form

Privacy Notice

Personal information is collected pursuant to subsections 37(1), 37(11), and 162(5.1) of the Income Tax Act (the Act) and is used for verification of compliance, administration and enforcement of the Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED) program requirements.

Information may also be used for the administration and enforcement of other provisions of the Act, including assessment, audit, enforcement, collections, and appeals, and may be disclosed under information-sharing agreements in accordance with the Act. Incomplete or inaccurate information may result in assessment of monetary penalties and delays in processing SR&ED claims.

The social insurance number is collected pursuant to section 237 of the Act and is used for identification purposes.

Refer to Personal Information Bank CRA PPU 441 in the Canada Revenue Agency (CRA) Information about Programs and Information Holdings – Personal Information Banks – Canada.ca. Under the Privacy Act, individuals have a right of access to, protection, and correction of their personal information and to file a complaint with the Privacy Commissioner of Canada regarding our handling of their personal information.

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Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Attached Schedule with Total

Prior year's pool balance of deductible SR&ED expenditures (from line 470 of prior year T661)

Title Prior year's pool balance of deductible SR&ED expenditures (from line 470 of

Description	Operator (Note)	Amount
Increase in SR&ED Pool from 2020 amended tax return		494,149 00
	+	
	Total	494.149 00

Note: The calculations are performed one at a time, from the first to the last line, and not according to the priority rules of the operations. For example, the formula 1+2*3 will not result in the same thing as the formula 1+3*2.

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Part 2 - Project information (continued)

Project number 1

CRA internal form identifier 060

Com	plete a separate Part 2 for each project claimed this year.	Code 1901
Sec	ction A – Project identification	
	Project title (and identification code if applicable)	
	2022-01 Advancements in Grid Infrastructure Decign	
202	2023-01 Advancements in Grid Infrastructure Design Project start date 204 Completion or expected completion date 205 Field of science or technology code	
202	(See guide for list of codes)	
	2022-09 2024-07 Year Month Year Month 2,02,01 Electrical and electronic engineering	
Proje	Year Month Year Month 2.02.01 Electrical and electronic engineering ect claim history	
i ioje		
208	Continuation of a previously claimed project 210 X First claim for the project	
218	Was any of the work done jointly or in collaboration with other businesses?	X No
	bu answered yes to line 218, complete lines 220 and 221.	INO
220		
220	Names of the businesses BN	
1		
2		
3		
<u> </u>		
Sec	ction B – Project descriptions	
	What scientific or technological uncertainties did you attempt to overcome?	
242	(Maximum 50 lines)	
1.	While the general concepts of grid such as reliability, adaptability,	
2.	resilience, and sustainability are well-established, the existing public	
3.	domain knowledge and conventional engineering practices were designed for	
4.	legacy systems and have not evolved significantly to address advanced cyber	
5.	threats, climate change and so on.	
6.	Integrating advanced monitoring systems, proactive failure detection	
7.	algorithms, automated power quality control mechanisms, and system	
8.	restoration capabilities into a cohesive and optimized grid management	
9.	platform requires overcoming substantial technological uncertainties.	
10.		
11.		
12.		
13.		
14.		
15.		
16.		
17.	<u> </u>	
18. 19.		
20.	1 1	
21.	Developing robust grid resilience strategies to withstand service disruptions from system faults, cyber threats, or climate events also necessitates	
22.		
23.		
24.		
25.		
26.	<u> </u>	
27.		
28.		
29.		
30.		
31.		
32.	*	
33.		
34.		

T661 E (20)

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

What scientific or technological uncertainties did you attempt to overcome? (Maximum 50 lines)

- 35. uncertainties that cannot be adequately resolved through the application of
- 36. existing public domain knowledge alone. Systematic research, experimentation,
- 37. and the development of novel technologies and methodologies are essential to
- 38. overcome these limitations and achieve the objectives of HOL's grid
- 39. modernization project.

What work did you perform in the tax year to overcome the scientific or technological uncertainties descr bed in line 242? (Summarize the systematic investigation or search) (Maximum 100 lines)

- Physical infrastructure:
- 2. The key activity was to thoroughly analyze the distributed energy resources
- 3. (DERs), electric vehicles (EVs), and vulnerability distribution asset (VDA)
- 4. sub-components present in the electric grid. To address the high load growth
- 5. on the grid due to the rapid growth of EV sector, HOL plans to carry out a
- 6. detailed study in the upcoming FYs to understand the current penetration and
- 7. long-term forecast of electric vehicles at both the overall distribution
- 8. system level and at substation, feeder, and local loop levels. Periodic load
- 9. forecast of EV chargers, and their impact on grid capacity will subsequently
- 10. be used for system planning. For the DER study, a variety of DER grid
- 11. resources (premium power backup power, peak shaving etc.) will be analyzed in
- 12. the upcoming FYs. The benefits of these use cases will be quantified against
- 13. distribution system upgrades (e.g., substations and new circuits). Based on
- 14. this, an asset management procedure will be implemented in DERMS (Distributed
- 15. Energy Resource Management System) to enhance real-time monitoring and
- 16. control, reliability, demand response and load balancing, and grid
- 17. optimization.
- 18. Sensing and Measurement:
- 19. Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI) and Sensors sub-components will be
- 20. considered for this study. Data collected from smart meters will be used to
- 21. identify energy consumption patterns and will be used for energy-saving
- 22. recommendations to the end users. In the next FY, HOL also plans to integrate
- 23. "AMI 2.0" with Advanced distribution management system (ADMS) applications to
- 24. enhance grid management (time and location of an outage, number of customers
- 25. affected, outage duration, and the amount of power lost (kVA)), which will be
- 26. useful in identifying the outage scale and area and to improve the outage
- 27. restoration time. This will support faster fault detection and localization,
- 28. voltage regulation, and potential avoidance of system failure, while
- 29. accurately monitoring real-time load profiles and detect peak demand.
- 30. Communication:
- 31. Communication protocols are necessary to enhance the field area network (FAN)
- 32. capabilities to allow seamless integration of AMI 2.0, DERMS, and ADMS. These
- 33. applications depend on real-time data and require a fast, reliable
- 34. communication network with low energy consumption for data transmission.
- 35. Wireless protocols in the FAN will be investigated in the next FYs to allow
- 36. communication in areas not covered by the fiber network. Access mechanisms
- 37. and interference management techniques will be defined for efficient and
- 38. robust operation. In addition, cybersecurity techniques (including
- 39. encryption, authentication, and access control) will be implemented to
- 40. safeguard device communication.
- 41. Data Management and Analytics:
- 42. HOL plans to update the existing enterprise IT architecture in the upcoming
- 43. FYs to support grid modernization initiatives and to plan for the integration
- 44. of core systems such as ADMS, EAM, GIS, and ERP. The updated design will
- 45. account for concerns related to breach detection, incident management, remedy
- 46. implementation plans, and cybersecurity tactics. These functionalities will
- 47. help regularly monitor risks and continuously improve the system in response
- 48. to changes in the operational environment.
- 49. Control and Optimization:
- 50. HOL plans to implement and integrate Fault Location Isolation and Service

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Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee 86339 1363 RC0001

What work did you perform in the tax year to overcome the scientific or technological uncertainties descr bed in line 242? (Summarize the systematic investigation or search) (<i>Maximum 100 lines</i>)
51. Restoration (FLISR), Advanced Distribution Management System (ADMS), and
52. Distributed Energy Resource Management System (DERMS) in the upcoming FYs. To
53. initiate the FLISR implementation, HOL will identify the pilot feeder for the
54. proof of concept. For choosing a pilot feeder, the current feeder KPIs, the
55. availability of capacity in the adjacent feeders, existing devices and their
56. condition, existing protection philosophy, availability of communication
57. infrastructure and the operational criticality of the feeder will be
58. considered.
59. In FY23, HOL realized that the replacement of the current Outage Management
60. System (OMS) with an ADMS integrated OMS will enhance grid reliability. The
61. plan is to migrate all Outage Management processes currently housed in the
62. Outage Management System to ADMS integrated OMS. In some cases, offline or
63. asymmetrical processes to a converged platform where SCADA, Schematics, Power
64. Flow, Switch Order Management (SOM) and FLISR (Fault Location Isolation
65. Service Restoration) will be unified. Furthermore, a new Class "A" instance
66. for Boomi will be introduced to exclusively host the interfaces for ADMS.
67. Boomi will be the pathway in and out of the system (except some systems that
68. require direct connection) and is expected to host at least 11 interfaces.
69. System Operators and Field Crews use electronic maps/schematics (supported by
70. "P-Tech" application) to manage the Hydro Ottawa grid on a daily basis. Its
71. lack of integration with other systems such as OMS and SCADA forces users to
72. repeat tasks in order to keep all records up to date. This is critical during
73. large outages when important data has to be updated in a short amount of
74. time, therefore creating issues in communicating an accurate power
75. restoration ETA to our customers. This will require replacing "P-Tech" with
76. the DMS Schematics module, fully integrated with SCADA and with OMS in FY2024
77. to minimize manual operations in the control room.
2/6 What acceptify a stack-polarical advancements did you acking a ottomat to acking a group of the work decay had in line 2/4/2 (Mayingun 50 lines)

What scientific or technological advancements did you achieve or attempt to achieve as a result of the work descr bed in line 244? (Maximum	50 lines)
---	-----------

- 1. The work performed in FY2023 represents a technological advancement in the
- field of electrical engineering.
- 3. Grid modernization aims at transforming the electric distribution system into
- 4. a more reliable, resilient, flexible, and intelligent grid that effectively
- 5. meets the evolving demands and expectations of customers. In contrast to
- 6. traditional distribution capital rebuilds for reliability enhancement and
- 7. capacity expansion, this transformation will allow the integration of
- 8. advanced technologies (e.g., ADMS, DERMS, AMI), innovative operational
- 9. practices (e.g., Non wires alternative, Climate Adaptation and Vulnerability
- 10. Assessment), and data-driven decision-making (e.g., predictive maintenance).
- 11. Through this project, HOL developed an understanding of how to develop the
- 12. strategic actions needed to recognize its grid modernization plan and ensure
- 13. it is well prepared to address both long-standing and emerging challenges
- 14. while meeting the ever-evolving expectations of its customers.

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Sectio	n C – Additional project information		
	epared the responses for Section B?		
253	Employee directly involved in the project Nam	ie	
255	Other employee of the company 256 Nam	ie	
257	X External consultant 258 Nam	ne MG LLP	259 Firm KPMG LLP
List the	key individuals directly involved in the project and indica	ate their qual	alifications/experience.
260	Names		Qualifications/experience and position title
1			
2			
3			
267 Ar	e you claiming expenditures for SR&ED carried out on to e you claiming expenditures for SR&ED performed by purposes to line 267, complete lines 268 and 269.		
268	Names of individua	als or compa	anies 269 BN
1 H	latch Ltd.		
2 B	lack & Veatch Canada Company		
3 I	ntergraph Canada Ltd.		
	2 Enterprise Security Inc.		
5			
	vidence do you have to support your claim? (Check any not need to submit these items with the claim. However,		quired to retain them in the event of a review.
270	Project planning documents	276	X Progress reports, minutes of project meetings
271	Records of resources allocated to the project, time sheets	277	Test protocols, test data, analysis of test results, conclusions
272	Design of experiments	278	Photographs and videos
273	Project records, laboratory notebooks	279	Samples, prototypes, scrap or other artefacts
274	X Design, system architecture and source code	280	X Contracts
275	Records of trial runs	281	Others, specify 282

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Part 2 - Project information (continued)

Section A - Project identification

Project number 2

Complete a separate Part 2 for each project claimed this year.

CRA internal form identifier 060

Code 1901

200 F	Project title (and identification code if	applicable)					
	2022 02 Data Manning Tochniqu	os for Heada Computat	ion				
	<u>2023-02 Data Mapping Techniqu</u> Project start date	204 Completion or expe			science or technol		
	2022-10	202	24-06	(See gu	ide for list of codes	s)	
	Year Month	Year	Month	1.02.02	Information tech	nology and bioinformatics	(Software
Projec	t claim history						
208	Continuation of a previously cla	aimed project 210	X First claim for the	project			
218 _V	Vas any of the work done jointly or in	collaboration with other b	ousinesses?			Yes	X No
If you	answered yes to line 218, complete l	lines 220 and 221.					
220		Names of the busir	nesses			221 BN	
1							
2							
3							
Secti	on B - Project descriptions						
242 V	Vhat scientific or technological uncer	tainties did vou attempt to	overcome?				
(Maximum 50 lines)	pr					
1.	Hydro Ottawa (or "HOL")	sought to develo	p methods to ex	tend the	capabilities		
2.	of its customer billing	engine. This was	necessary to f	acilitate	the account		
3.	billing under a newly i	ntroduced pricing	g plan, termed a	s Ultra L	ow Overnight		
4.	time of use (ULO), whic	h was set to be i	mplemented by t	he Ontario	Energy		
5.	Board (OEB) by November	1, 2023, in addi	tion to the exi	sting tie:	red and TOU		
6.	(time of use) billing o	ptions. Given tha	at a number of s	ub-system	s (such as		
7.	Meter Data Management (MDM/R), CC&B, Sav	age, ODI, Boomi	etc.) we:	re involved		
8.	in this computational b	illing process, t	he challenge wa	s in seam	lessly		
9.	switching the consumpti	on data collection	on process and e	eliminatin	g any data		
10.	quality issues in Savag	e data. In additi	on, it was also	necessar	y to update		
11.	the lifecycle functiona	lities and interf	ace parameters	for stream	nlining the		
12.	billing and rate change	operations acros	ss its web platf	forms. Sys	tematic		
13.	. investigations were necessary to determine how to develop a method that could						
14.	seamlessly allow custom	ers to switch bet	ween any pricir	ng plans tl	nat are		
15.	available, while effect	ively calculating	g the billing ba	sed on the	e pricing		
16.	plan that was selected.						
17.							
18.	In parallel to this ini						
19.	similar billing alterna						
20.	power and receive credi						
21.	existing practice was t						
22.	include, "TOU" & "ULO"						
23.	currently the billing o	•					
24.	generation register rea			_			
25.	data channels to and fr		_		_		
26.	MDM/R database used the						
27.	billing determinants in						
28.	future increase in the		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
29.	supporting such multi-p	arameter billing	transactions in	a periori	mant and		
30.	automated manner.	:11: (CC:D)	11	1-1- C '			
31.	The Customer Care and B					1	
32.	customer serving billin	_				l .	
33.	processes customer choi						
34. T661 E	changes and payment req	uests. Given the	varieu Customei	account (stasses and		

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

242 What scientific or technological uncertainties did you attempt to overcome? (Maximum 50 lines)

- charge plans, challenge was in isolating the change events across the billing
- 36. channels. Systematic investigations were required to determine if this could
- be successful

37.	be successful.
	Vhat work did you perform in the tax year to overcome the scientific or technological uncertainties described in line 242? Summarize the systematic investigation or search) (<i>Maximum 100 lin</i> es)
1.	The primary objective was to restructure the customer billing platform for it
2.	to accommodate a new pricing model (Ultra low overnight-ULO time of use).
3.	This involved enabling low volume customers (residential and small
4.	commercial) to opt into this pricing plan while still retaining the facility
5.	to switch back to the current "TOU" and "Tiered rate" options. To this end,
6.	initial investigations were focused on filtering and segregating the time
7.	interval data from the MDM/R database for it to be processed by the internal
8.	billing engine. It was proposed that the MDM/R will process the hourly meter
9.	read data and store it based on the framing Structure (using the hourly time
10.	period the interval occurred). The framing structure was designed to be
11.	automatically updated through "rate optionality" attribute. Once a Billing
12.	Quantity (BQ) was requested for the service period required, the MDM/R would
13.	provide the BQ response in the way the data was stored (based on the framing
14.	Structure). Furthermore, data synchronization procedures were implemented to
15.	remodel the existing data channels and avoid any data gaps. Whenever an
16.	endpoint switches to "ULO", an "incremental synchronization (Isync)" was sent
17.	to the MDM/R & savage data system with the changes in commodity rate class,
18.	framing structure etc. As tests were carried out, HOL noted that it is
19.	possible BQs were framed using an older/incorrect framing values depending on
20.	timing of other actions such as moves, rate optionality completion and
21.	corrections to accounts. Data validation methods were therefore introduced to
22.	address this issue. In order to view the ULO usage data and ULO bucket in
23.	Savage ODS for a customer that selects the ULO rate option, the "ODS"
24.	framework was also updated to include changes in hourly usage display,
25.	framing update etc. In addition, new changes were proposed in the "MyAccount"
26.	platform in order to display the new "TOU" bucket along with other existing
28.	rate options. Finally, at the nodal interface level, usage switch selections were introduced while satisfying the pre-defined consumption category switch
29.	criteria's (e.g. minimum billing days, permitted frequency of category
30.	change). Post these developments, HOL carried out series of comparative tests
31.	to validate the accuracy of the billing amounts under this new category.
32.	Results indicated success in efficiently delivering the new billing rate
33.	changes without impacting existing transactions.
34.	Investigations were undertaken by Hydro Ottawa to facilitate multiple new
35.	rate options for net-metering customers. Attempt was to allow for seamless
36.	transition between the disparate categories by remodeling the meter data
37.	collection and billing processes. To realize this design, effort was
38.	concentrated on enabling billing using MDM/R repository data as it rendered
39.	the hourly bucketized consumption values. This was a change from the previous
40.	method of separately sourcing the consumption and generation records for
41.	reconciliation purpose. Under the new approach, new rate schedules were
42.	designed to perform these net credit calculations. Consequently, the default
43.	billing engine settings were also revised such that it could dynamically
44.	acquire the charge rates associated with the active billing method (i.e.
45.	Tiered, TOU or ULO). Work is still ongoing on this project with work slated
46.	to complete in FY2024.
47.	In an effort to increase customer control over utility bills, Hydro Ottawa
48.	sought to develop techniques for extending the capabilities of its CC&B
49.	module. This proved necessary especially given the new charge plans and rate
50	changes (IIIO) introduced for regidential and not-motoring gustomore. At the

changes (ULO) introduced for residential and net-metering customers. At the

residential account level, for any switch to the ULO rates, logic structures

were developed for first recording and then mapping the effective change date T661 E (20)

51.

52.

,	A/I4		inting described in the 2400
244 V	vinat work did you perform in the tax year to Summarize the systematic investigation or se	overcome the scientific or technological uncertai arch) (Maximum 100 lines)	inties described in line 242?
53.	•	ser. This was essential to eliminate	nate any manual
54.		ays impacting the final charge as	<u> </u>
55.		In Move Out) default profiles we	
56.	enable ULO rate selection. For	or the net-metering services, CC	%B changes were
57.	essential for ensuring increa	ased visibility into both the ge	nerated and
58.	retained electricity credits.	Additionally, integration tech	niques were
59.	applied to link the rate elec	ction process with the "MyAccoun	t" application
60.	which removed manual processi	ing of previous such requests. M	loreover, any
61.	process overheads in the node	al interface components were elim	minated which
62.	eventually enabled HOL to att	ain a scalable and performant d	lesign.
246 \	What scientific or technological advancements	did you achieve or attempt to achieve as a resu	ult of the work described in line 244? (Maximum 50 lines)
1.	The work performed in EV2023	represents a technological adva	ncoment in the
2.		as. The project contributed to f	
3.		is. The project contributed to i	OTTOWING
4.	advancements:	echniques for enabling usage bil	ling under a new
5.	*	ow Overnight TOU). To realize th	
6.		Tectively capture the smart mete	
7.	*	e data between various subsystem	
8.	ado.	oses. Additionally, for net-mete	
9.		lished to the MDM/R database for	-
10.		LO categories. On completion, HO	
11.		nanual error ridden credit calcu	
12.	<u> </u>	accurately computed the availal	-
13.	each net-metering customer.	. accuracciy compaced the avaira	DIC TUNGS TOT
14.		sful in advancing its multi-part	v hilling and
15.	<u> </u>	arough development of automated	-
16.	components.	ioagn development of adcomated	edbeomer berving
1	componence:		
Secti	on C – Additional project information		
	· ,		
Who p	prepared the responses for Section B?		
253	Employee directly involved in the project	254 Name	
255		256 Name	
	Other employee of the company		
257	V 5t	258 Name	259 Firm
	X External consultant	KPMG LLP	KPMG LLP
List th	e key individuals directly involved in the proje	ct and indicate their qualifications/experience.	
260	Names	261	Qualifications/experience and position title
1			
2			
3			
265 /	Are you claiming any salary or wages for SR&	ED performed outside Canada?	Yes X No
266	Are you claiming expenditures for SR&ED car	ried out on behalf of another party?	Yes X No
267	Are you claiming expenditures for SR&ED per	formed by people other than your employees?	X Yes No

If you	answered yes to line 267, complete lines 268 and 269.				
268	Names of individu	als or compa	anies	269	BN
1	IBM Canada Ltd				
2					
	evidence do you have to support your claim? (Check any do not need to submit these items with the claim. However		quired to retain them in the event of a revi	ew.	
270	Project planning documents	276	X Progress reports, minutes of project	ct meetings	
271	Records of resources allocated to the project, time sheets	277	Test protocols, test data, analysis of conclusions	of test results,	
272	Design of experiments	278	Photographs and videos		
273	Project records, laboratory notebooks	279	Samples, prototypes, scrap or other	er artefacts	
274	X Design, system architecture and source code	280	X Contracts		
275	Records of trial runs	281	Others, specify 282		

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Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Part 2 - Project information (continued)

Project number 3

Complete a separate Part 2 for each pro	ject claimed this year.	CRA internal form identific Code	er 060 e 1901
Section A – Project identification			
200 Project title (and identification code if	applicable)		
2022-04 Advancements in Syste	em Integration Techniques		
202 Project start date	204 Completion or expected completion date		
2021-05	2024-06	(See guide for list of codes)	
Year Month	Year Month	1.02.02 Information technology and bioinformatics (Soft	ware
Project claim history			
208 X Continuation of a previously c	laimed project 210 First claim for the	e project	
218 Was any of the work done jointly or in	n collaboration with other businesses?	Yes X N	lo
If you answered yes to line 218, complete	lines 220 and 221.		
220	Names of the businesses	221 BN	
1			
2			
3			
. -			
Section B - Project descriptions			

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

	What scientific or technological uncertainties did you attempt to overcome?
1.	Maximum 50 lines) Hydro Ottawa (HOL or "the company") sought to improve its existing legacy and
2.	dependency ridden "reliability database" module to ensure data consistency
3.	and availability. The current design was setup to store all the outage data
4.	and operational data logs within the database tables. HOL internal users
5.	would then poll this data to track outage events and address the outages
6.	effectively in order to maintain grid reliability. However, in the recent
7.	years the expansion of the distribution network led to an increase in the
8.	system nodal users, thus the associated voluminous data records presented
9.	significant challenges. Firstly, data corruption and integrity issues were
10.	identified due to inability of the system to isolate individual user
11.	sessions. This caused inconsistencies in the system critical outage data
12.	records and often stale data reads. Secondly, the database suffered from
13.	degradation in performance given the rapid increase in the volume of data
14.	records ingested into the system. Finally, data security was a major
15.	challenge as the current data model lacked the capability to enforce user
16.	role-based data manipulation restrictions. To address these issues, HOL's
17.	initial strategy was to update the current design with a complete end to end
18.	enterprise solution. However, given the immediate requirement to improve the
19.	design coupled with the additional effort need to integrate a large
20.	enterprise framework, attempt was to remodel the existing architecture.
21.	Systematic investigations were required to determine if this could be
22.	successful.
23.	HOL also sought to develop techniques for aggregating multi-system data and
24.	streaming the reporting procedures for further analysis. Each utility
25.	component usually connects to different external platforms for supporting
26.	multiple customer level transactions. For large distribution networks such as
27.	HOL, it was important to process this data and discover unique patterns to
28.	further improve on the service delivery. To this end, focus was on ingesting
29.	and manipulating the raw data as received from external communication service
30.	providers. However, this data is often rendered in baseline CSV formats, thus
31.	the data manipulation functions prove to be highly inefficient. Furthermore,
32.	as these third-party channels talk to the utility system in isolation, the

244	What work did you perform in the tax year to overcome the scientific or technological uncertainties described in line 242?
	(Summarize the systematic investigation or search) (Maximum 100 lines)
1.	The primary objective for HOL was to construct an improved framework for the
2.	system database that supported critical grid operations including outage
3.	management. Key was to overcome the data inconsistencies and reliability
4.	issues resulting from tremendous increase in the stored data size and system
5.	users. To this end, investigations were carried out in implementing a locking
6.	mechanism to prevent crosstalk across user sessions. For the multi-threaded

system, such data synchronization procedures enforce limit on access of 7. 8. shared database tables and eventually prevent inaccurate data reads. However,

data is often fragmented and cannot be readily merged with the other system

data. Therefore, HOL was uncertain if holistic data views could be generated.

- 9. upon initial review, HOL noted the inability of the current codebase in 10. permitting execution of such asynchronous transactions given its legacy
- 11. design and poor maintenance artifacts. To address this issue, focus then
- 12. shifted to rearchitecting the complete database backend. A low-code
- 13. application development platform (Oracle APEX) was implemented for this
- 14. purpose given its inter-operability with the other interfacing modules.
- 15. Initial iterations then involved analyzing the existing database design and
- 16. building the requirement set for the new code platform while still retaining
- 17. the schema structure. To address the concurrency problem, attempt was to
- 18. redefine the user role definitions and implement strict authorization $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1$
- 19. procedures. To overcome the performance bottlenecks, $\ensuremath{\mathsf{HOL}}$ focused on
- 20. identifying and removing any data overheads and code redundancies. This
- 21. reduced the ingestion timelines and allowed for faster processing of incoming

T661 E (20)

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Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

	What work did you perform in the tax year to overcome the scientific or technological uncertainties described in line 242? Summarize the systematic investigation or search) (<i>Maximum 100 lines</i>)
22.	data. Additionally, given the significance of the outage data and security
23.	challenges, an on-premises solution was developed. This also ensured
24.	availability of data during unexpected scenarios and system failures.
25.	Finally, ETL procedures were also developed to transport the historical data
26.	from the old storage to the destination database. Testing and release
27.	activities will be completed before the project completion in 2024.
28.	Another major initiative for HOL was to seamlessly integrate the GIS
29.	(Geographical Information System), OMS (Outage Management System) and real-
30.	time Outage mapping solution (Kubra) for improved outage services. The
31.	existing outage map service suffered from legacy issues leading to inaccurate
32.	description of outage zones and moreover it did not scale well for increased
33.	loads under outage conditions. To address this problem, investigations were
34.	conducted to develop data filtering techniques that identified the redundant
35.	and corrupted data records from the data fed to the Kubra database.
36.	Additionally, data transformations were carried out to the GIS and OMS sub-
37.	system data such that it could be readily ingested into the Kubra pipeline.
38.	Subsequent to these integration efforts, HOL was successful in delivering
39.	precise outage maps to the affected customers while also strengthening its
40.	peak load handling capacity. Following this, HOL also sought to integrate a
41.	new outage communication tool with its CIS (Customer Information System) and
42.	CCB (Customer Care & Billing) repositories. This was to enable delivery of
43.	outage alerts in a real-time fashion particularly as customer registration on
44.	the notification platform increases exponentially right after an outage
45.	event. This required building data channels for extracting the customer
46.	metadata from the repositories and storing it in the notification tool.
47.	Instead of implementing a batch model for the push and pull operations,
48.	techniques were developed for performing instant data retrieval for serving
49.	the latest outage updates. Through these methods, HOL was able to
50.	successfully notify the outage events to public in a quick and reliable
51.	manner.
52.	Hydro Ottawa sought to derive service metrics and insights from its customer
53.	call management system such that the service standards could be improved.
54.	Focus was on processing the nodal system provided raw data for detecting
55.	patterns in the call drop rates, peak load periods and call duration. As
56.	disparate external platforms were utilized for performing the different call
57.	operations, attempt was to correlate the metadata from the various nodal
58.	communication systems. First, the incoming data was converted into a common
59.	data format for it to be accepted by the shared database. Next, an automated
60.	data pipeline was established for channeling the metadata from each service
61.	call in a seamless manner. Such an automated model was necessary to
62.	efficiently handle the voluminous data generated from series of service calls
63.	completed each day by the utility. Eventually, the restructured data was then
64.	processed to produce consolidated data reports to visualize the different
65.	service call statistics. Additionally, analytical tools were utilized for
66.	exposing any inherent data patterns. Post these design changes, multiple
67.	performance tests were conducted by HOL using a sample dataset and the final
68.	results were found to be satisfactory.

What scientific or technological advancements did you achieve or attempt to achieve as a result of the work described in line 244? (Maximum 50 lines)

- 1. The work performed in FY2023 represents a technological advancement in the
- 2. field of electrical IT systems. The project contributed to following
- 3. advancements:
- 4. Hydro Ottawa was successful in overcoming the data consistency and
- 5. reliability issues as prevalent in a legacy and deprecated database design.
- 6. The techniques were useful to architect the backend architecture as
- 7. associated with the database have allowed the utility to improve the database
- 8. performance and eliminate security challenges. Moreover, HOL gained new

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9.	knowledge in handling and maintaining critical system data especially as			
10.	. relating to outage events.			
11.	Furthermore, the multiple integration designs were developed for associating			
12.	the data channels of various sub-systems including GIS, OMS and CIS, allowed			
13.	HOL to achieve greater scalability and accuracy in its outage data reporting.			
14.	In parallel to this initiative, successful integration of a third-party			
15.	notification engine, enabled the team to deliver real-time outage alerts in a			
16.	scalable fashion to the impacted utility customers.			
17.	Hydro Ottawa advanced the understanding of how to process multi-system data			
18.	to generate critical insights and data patterns relating to its service			
19.	delivery model. Additionally, HOL was successful at remodeling the raw data			
20.	records as received from different vendor systems to produce standardized			
21.	reporting structures.			
Sect	tion C – Additional project information			
M/ha	prepared the responses for Section B?			
	<u> </u>			
253	Employee directly involved in the project 1254 Name			
255	Other employee of the company 256 Name			
257	258 Name 259 Firm			
	X External consultant KPMG LLP KPMG LLP			
List th	he key individuals directly involved in the project and indicate their qualifications/experience.			
260	Names 261 Qualifications/experience and position title			
	Trained Qualification (5.7 pointers and position title			
1				
2				
3				
265	Are you claiming any salary or wages for SR&ED performed outside Canada?			
266	Are you claiming expenditures for SR&ED carried out on behalf of another party? Yes X No			
267	Are you claiming expenditures for SR&ED performed by people other than your employees?			
lf vou	u answered yes to line 267, complete lines 268 and 269.			
268	000			
-00	Names of individuals or companies BN			
1	Copperleaf Technologies			
2	Hatch Ltd.			
3	Pythian Group			
	- yanan Group			
What	t evidence do you have to support your claim? (Check any that apply)			
You c	do not need to submit these items with the claim. However, you are required to retain them in the event of a review.			
270	Project planning documents X Progress reports, minutes of project meetings			
271	X Records of resources allocated to the project, time sheets Z77 X lest protocols, test data, analysis of test results, conclusions			
272	Design of experiments Photographs and videos			
273	Project records, laboratory notebooks Samples, prototypes, scrap or other artefacts			
274	X Design, system architecture and source code			
275	Records of trial runs 281 Others, specify 282			

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Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Part 2 - Project information (continued)

Project number 4

Complete a separate Part 2 for each proj	ect claimed this year.			CRA internal for	m identifier 060 Code 1901
Section A - Project identification					
200 Project title (and identification code if	applicable)				
2022-01 Advancements in Smart	t Grid Reliability				
202 Project start date	204 Completion or expected completion date		f science or technology of	code	
2021-09	2024-07	(See gi	uide for list of codes)		
Year Month	Year Month	2.02.01	Electrical and electron	ic engineering	
Project claim history					
208 X Continuation of a previously cla	aimed project 210 First claim for the	project			
218 Was any of the work done jointly or in	collaboration with other businesses?			Yes	X No
If you answered yes to line 218, complete	lines 220 and 221.				
220	Names of the businesses		221	BN	
1					
2					
3					
Section B - Project descriptions					

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

	What scientific or technological uncertainties did you attempt to overcome?
	Maximum 50 lines) Hydro Ottawa Ltd (HOL) is addressing the challenge of increased load growth,
1.	
2.	attributed to the rise in electric vehicle usage, heat pump adoption and
3.	other electrical initiatives by investigating sustainable non-wired
4.	alternative solutions (alternatives to traditional electrical grid upgrades)
5.	that can be maintained over the next two decades. A feasibility study was
6.	proposed to evaluate the integration of a battery energy storage system
7.	(BESS) within the existing substation in the Kanata North region of Hydro
8.	Ottawa. This BESS was intended to provide supplementary capacity to the
9.	distribution system, charging during off-peak hours and discharging as
10.	necessary in response to the load demands in the forthcoming years. The
11.	feasibility study aimed to explore the optimal BESS solution by developing a
12.	station load model that leveraged historical data and forecasted load
13.	projections. This involved modeling various BESS integration scenarios and
14.	test cases to ascertain the most effective battery size, operating scenarios,
15.	and patterns for the recommended BESS. Additionally, the study also assessed
16.	the potential change in Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions. A critical aspect of
17.	this investigation was to determine whether the customer owned battery system
18.	could be a viable component in achieving the desired peak shaving solutions,
19.	thus contributing to Hydro Ottawa's long-term sustainability goals. The
20.	technological uncertainty was how to model load patterns which tend to be
21.	stochastic in nature and also the impact of integrating new technologies into
22.	the existing grid infrastructure.
23.	In FY23, HOL also sought to develop a framework for identifying the key
24.	sources of carbon emissions and developing effective carbon reduction
25.	strategies in order to achieve a Net Zero Carbon Substation design. In
26.	addition, HOL also sought to investigate how to improve transformer
27.	performance as they were the key components of a substation and contributed
28.	to operational footprint of the substation. In particular, the windings and
29.	cooling strategies used in the power transformers were examined to determine
30.	whether the efficiency could be further improved, as even small increase in
31.	efficiency could potentially yield significant energy savings. Given that the
32.	typical efficiencies for the power transformer lies within 97% to 99%, it was
22.	typical efficiencies for the power transformer fies within 97% to 95%, it was

244 W	What work did you perform in the tax year to overcome the scientific or technological uncertainties described in line 242?
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uncertain whether the efficiencies could be further improved, thus providing

	(Summarize the systematic investigation or search) (Maximum 100 lines)		
1.	In order to perform system modeling, the load forecast and historical data		
2.	were taken into consideration for generating the hourly station load data for		
3.	the next 20 years. Load Forecast data from 2022 to 2041 from the Kanata		
4.	substation was used for this purpose and the maximum loading at the station		
5.	was considered to be 61,490kW. 8MWh, 10 MWh, 12 MWh, 14 MWh, 16 MWh, 18 MWh,		
6.	20 MWh, 22 MWh, 24 MWh and 30 MWh battery sizes were used for modelling.		
7.	Using the load forecasting and the maximum station loading, the below		
8.	scenarios were developed to determine the best use case of a BESS asset.		
9.	Installing a BESS for the Kanata Station load management: It was noted the		

- 10. station will exceed the Capacity + BESS in 2030 when the station load reaches
- 11. 64,035 kW which is 2,545 kW above the total installed capacity of 61.49 MW
- 12. and 30 MWh BESS. Over a period of 20 years the maximum overage occurs 4 times
- 12. and 30 mm BESS. Over a period of 20 years the maximum overage occurs 4 times
- 13. and is 6,248 kW above the installed station and BESS capacity.
- 14. Hydro Ottawa operates Nokia's BESS when it is not being used by Nokia for
- 15. global adjustment (GA) busting purposes. In this case, the station limit will
- 16. be exceeded in 2025 when the station load is 62,034 kW which is 543 kW above
- 17. the threshold. During the 20-year period the maximum overage is $11,405~\mathrm{kW}$
- 18. which occurs in 2041 when station load is 72,895 kW.

a solution to reduce carbon footprint.

- 19. Hydro Ottawa installs a BESS for the Kanata Station load management and
- 20. operates Nokia's BESS when it is not being used by Nokia for GA busting
- 21. purposes. It was noted that the station will exceed the Capacity + BESS in

T661 E (20)

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Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

	What work did you perform in the tax year to overcome the scientific or technological uncertainties described in line 242? Summarize the systematic investigation or search) (<i>Maximum 100 lines</i>)
22.	2030 when the station load is 64,035 kW which is 2,545 kW above the total
23.	installed capacity of 61.49 MW and 30 MWh BESS. Over a period of 20 years,
24.	the maximum overage occurs 4 times at 6,248 kW above the installed station
25.	and BESS capacity.
26.	Through the projected load forecast model, HOL concluded that the
27.	installation of a 30 MWh Hydro Ottawa owned BESS asset would provide the
28.	greatest benefit as this will delay the traditional station upgrade by 8.5
29.	years. It was not advantageous to engage battery in addition to a HOL owned
30.	asset as the deferral period for both scenarios are 8.5 years. In addition,
31.	it was observed that the expected GHG emissions (in tons of CO2) of a
32.	traditional installation over a 20-year lifetime would be 798,616. The
33.	installation of a 30 MWh BESS could potentially reduce the emissions by 3,263
34.	tons over a 20-year period.
35.	In FY23, HOL also carried out techniques to reduce the carbon impact of the
36.	project. This involved assessing the complete substation over its lifecycle
37.	and reviewing all major equipment packages and to identify viable
38.	alternatives. Embodied carbon refers to the greenhouse gas emissions arising
39.	from the manufacturing, transportation, installation, maintenance, and
40.	disposal of materials/products/equipment throughout the whole life cycle of a
41.	building or infrastructure.
42.	As major components of power transformers were analyzed, the following
43.	strategies were proved to yield significant carbon footprint savings.
44.	Transformer windings: Copper was typically used for the transformer windings.
45.	It was noted that replacing copper with Aluminum could yield significant
46.	carbon savings. Although the weight of the aluminum windings was
47.	significantly less than the copper windings, the increase in volume impacted
48.	the mass of several other design components resulting in a net increase of
49.	equipment mass and consequently the emissions associated with it. In
50.	addition, the embodied carbon content of aluminum was approximately 65%
51.	higher than copper on a mass basis.
52.	Transformer oil: Mineral oil was typically used for cooling. Bio-based
53.	alternatives such as ester oil and synthetic ester oil were identified as
54.	alternate options to reduce carbon footprint. In particular, synthetic ester
55.	oil was noted to offer superior performance based on all the key properties.
56.	By switching to ester oil-based power transformers, a potential of 14% (176
57.	tCO2e) embodied carbon savings could be achieved. This was still not
58.	implemented.
59.	Transformer foundation: It was also realized that additional carbon reduction
60.	would be further possible by redesigning the transformer foundation (with low
61.	carbon concrete mix) and oil containment (with a small fabric that would
62.	allow rainwater and snow melt to pass through, while providing continuous
63.	protection against oil spills and leaks).
64.	By the end of FY23, investigations were still ongoing with respect to other
65.	components in the substation (such as HV circuit breakers, MV gas insulated
00	

246 What scientific or technological advancements did you achieve or attempt to achieve as a result of the work described in line 244? (Maximum 50 lines)

The work performed in FY2023 represents a technological advancement in the

66. switch gear etc.) to determine the strategies for further reducing carbon

- field of electrical engineering.
- 3. BESS technology was investigated as a means of serving as an additional
- 4. capacity to the substation, as it could be charged during off peak hours and
- 5. be discharged/operated during on peak hours. \mbox{HOL} advanced the understanding
- of performing a system modeling with different scenarios and it learned that 7. the installing a 30 MWh BESS would be helpful to delay the overall station
- 8. upgrade, while providing resiliency and peak shaving.

footprint in the proposed net zero substation.

9. Transformers were identified as one the key components of a substation due to

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10.	their function, but also in	terms of their c	contribution to the embodied and		
11.	. operational carbon footprint of the substation. HOL learned that a net zero				
12.	. carbon substation cannot be envisioned without carefully considering the				
13.	carbon footprint of this equipment and identifying ways to lower it. Mining				
14.					
15.	oil) and manufacturing (i.e.	, the carbon ass	sociated with the manufacturing		
16.	process, e.g., electricity,	natural gas) wer	re found to be the most		
17.	significant contributors. Tr	ansportation (the	ne carbon associated with shipping		
18.	the transformer from the mar	ufacturer to the	e substation site, e.g., diesel		
19.	fuel (trucks), fuel oil (tra	ins)) was also a	a large contributor, but much less		
20.	significant than mining and	manufacturing Th	nerefore, the selection process		
21.	was focused on the materials	content of the	transformers which captured the		
22.	embodied carbon associated v	ith the mining a	and manufacturing phases of the		
23.	transformer lifecycle.				
C41	on C. Additional musicat information				
	on C – Additional project information or prepared the responses for Section B?	<u> </u>			
	repared the responses for Section B?				
253	Employee directly involved in the project	254 Name			
255	Other employee of the company	256 Name			
257	V	258 Name	259 Firm		
	X External consultant	KPMG LLP	KPMG LLP		
List th	e key individuals directly involved in the proj	ect and indicate their qua	alifications/experience.		
260	Names		Qualifications/experience and position title		
1					
266 A	Are you claiming any salary or wages for SR Are you claiming expenditures for SR&ED ca Are you claiming expenditures for SR&ED pa	arried out on behalf of and	other party? Yes X No		
		1000			
	answered yes to line 267, complete lines 26		000		
268	Name	es of individuals or compa	anies <u>269</u> BN		
1	BluWave Inc.				
	Burns & McDonnell Canada Ltd.				
	Buills & McDoilliell Callada Ltd.				
3			I		
	evidence do you have to support your claim on not need to submit these items with the cla		quired to retain them in the event of a review.		
270	Project planning documents	276	X Progress reports, minutes of project meetings		
270					
271	X Records of resources allocated to the time sheets Design of experiments	211	X lest protocols, test data, analysis of test results, conclusions Photographs and videos		
272		278			
273	Project records, laboratory notebooks	279	Samples, prototypes, scrap or other artefacts		
274	X Design, system architecture and sour	ce code 280	X Contracts		
275	Records of trial runs	281	Others, specify 282		

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Part 2 - Project information (continued)

Project number 5

Complete a separate Part 2 for each project claimed this year.

CRA internal form identifier 060 Code 1901

Section A – Project identification				
200 Project title (and identification code if applicable)				
	2022-03 Integration Methods for Performant & Secure System			
202	Project start date 204 Completion or expected completion date Field of science or technology code			
	2021-05 2024-06 (See guide for list of codes)			
	Year Month Year Month 1.02.02 Information technology and bioinformatics (Software			
Proje	ct claim history			
208	X Continuation of a previously claimed project 210 First claim for the project			
218	Was any of the work done jointly or in collaboration with other businesses?			
If you	answered yes to line 218, complete lines 220 and 221.			
220	Names of the businesses BN			
1				
2				
3				
Sect	ion B – Project descriptions			
242	What scientific or technological uncertainties did you attempt to overcome?			
	(Maximum 50 lines)			
1.	In the quest to safeguard the technology platforms associated with grid			
2.	modernization initiative, Hydro Ottawa sought to strengthen its cyber			
3.	security infrastructure. The increase in sophistication and volume of cyber-			
4.	attacks necessitated the development of efficient methods to prevent loss of			
5.	data and restrict occurrence of any catastrophic system lockouts. Moreover,			
6.	since HOL's existing tools and practices exhibited limited capabilities in			
7.	pre-emptively detecting and blocking such serious interventions, challenge			
8.	was in building dynamic protection measures that could effectively isolate			
9.	such threats. In particular, the goal was to ensure data loss prevention			
10.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
11.				
12.				
13.				
15.				
16.				
17.				
18.	operations. This was necessary to enable account billing under a new pricing			
19.				
20.				
21.				
22.				
23.				
24.				
25.				
26.	implement this, challenge was how to securely expose the MyAccount			
27.	application to prevent unauthorized data access. Investigations were			
28.	therefore necessary to determine if these challenges could be resolved.			
	<u>,</u> ,,, ,,, ,,, ,,,			
244	What work did you perform in the tax year to overcome the scientific or technological uncertainties described in line 242?			
	(Summarize the systematic investigation or search) (Maximum 100 lines)			
1.	Hydro Ottawa focused its efforts on developing protection measures to			

proactively detect and block cyber threats from compromised accounts. The

primary objective was to enforce data retention policies in a strict manner T661 E (20)

	What work did you perform in the tax year to overcome the scientific or technological uncertainties described in line 242? Summarize the systematic investigation or search) (<i>Maximum 100 lines</i>)
4.	to exercise complete control over document sharing and disposal practices.
5.	Initial investigations into the existing coverage levels indicated that over
6.	75% of the shared endpoints (Google Drive locations) did not systematically
7.	record and implement the different file expiry limits. A third-party solution
8.	(AODocs) that provided the monitoring capability and traceability over the
9.	critical information documents was tested, however it failed to adequately
10.	enforce the native file preservation standards. Therefore, a custom design
11.	was developed to natively pull the retention standards and apply them in a
12.	seamless manner. To source the active retention rules from the repository, a
13.	third-party information lifecycle management solution was utilized. This was
14.	necessary to build the API channels to the rules engine and ensure
15.	application of latest retention limits. Individual drive locations were then
16.	mapped to the applicable retention value before performing series of data
17.	security tests. Eventually, this initial POC allowed HOL to effectively
18.	implement the document retention and release practices. By the end of FY23,
19.	work was still ongoing to implement the change across the shared endpoints.
20.	In another attempt to secure the critical data sources, HOL sought to develop
21.	an additional encryption layer on top of existing default security layer.
22.	Such a design would encode the data before it was exposed to the external
23.	security channel (i.e. Google) thereby providing greater protection from a
24.	cyber threat. Initial efforts were spent on restructuring the predefined data
25.	packet restrictions to allow external traffic to enter the HOL's internal
26.	security boundary. As this was completed for the virtual machine
27.	infrastructure, investigations were carried out to analyze the interfacing
28.	browser's security landscape. Port mapping revisions were undertaken to
29.	enable transportation of the pre-encrypted data files. In parallel to this
30.	work, an automation tool was also developed to perform a vulnerability check
31.	on the various IT servers and machines. Scripts were designed to parse the
32.	identity of the deployed security patches and develop a vulnerability report
33.	of the possibly susceptible cyber risk points. Post introduction of these
34.	security upgrades, HOL was successful in strengthening the data security
35.	practices for handling of sensitive information with external parties.
36.	In FY23, HOL sought to develop techniques for upgrading the "MyAccount"
37.	framework such that it could deliver new rate option and outage services to
38.	the customers. As this customer interfacing application was driven by a
39.	myriad of backend processes and systems, the major focus was to understand
40.	the existing data relationships and develop methods to relay the customer
41.	level preferences and inputs. For the ULO rate option billing changes,
42.	initial efforts were concentrated on displaying the meter data records to
43.	reflect the consumption values in the ULO time periods. Next, the billing
44.	engine was re-structured to accommodate the ULO billing rates. Subsequently,
45.	mapping techniques were formulated to capture the ULO specific meter readings
46.	from the MM/R and apply the expected charge rates to compute the final
47.	billing amount. Multiple performance tests were then undertaken to validate
48.	the end-to-end process from initial billing category selection by the account
49.	user on the MyAccount page to the delivery of the utility bill through the
50.	same platform. Likewise, in its endeavour to support account level usage data
51.	requests on the MyAccount portal, HOL attempted to visually represent the
52.	consumption data. This required "MyAccount" portal to interface with Savage
53.	system data through a web service to extract the usage records and running
54.	statistical operations to develop the usage charts corresponding to the
55.	current billing cycle data. As this was completed, focus was then shifted to
56.	improve the outage reporting standards by enabling non-Hydro Ottawa users to
57.	report outage events on the MyAccount portal. To this end, in the
58.	authorization module, the user validation tests were updated to permit
59.	registration of such users. Furthermore, the user provided data was then
60.	transported to the outage database for the HOL system users to initiate the

244 V	Vhat work did you perform in the tax year t Summarize the systematic investigation or :	o overcome the scientific or te	chnological uncertainties described in line 242?
61.			, as these portal enhancements
62.			e capabilities of its customer
63.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
246 V	Vhat scientific or technological advancemer	nts did you achieve or attempt	to achieve as a result of the work described in line 244? (Maximum 50 lines)
1.	The work performed in FY202	3 represents a techn	ological advancement in the
2.	field of electrical IT syste	ems. The project con	tributed to following
3.	advancements:		
4.	Hydro Ottawa was successful	at strengthening it	s data loss prevention and
5.	retention procedures through	n development of fil	e tracking and encryption
6.	methods. In particular, HOL	gained a new unders	tanding of automatically
7.	mapping the document retent	ion and release time	lines to external shared
8.	channels to safeguard critic	cal utility data. Mo	reover, encryption methods
9.	were formulated to provide	an additional securi	ty layer for the sensitive
10.	data blocks that could other	rwise be susceptible	to external cyber attacks. As
11.	much, these new cyber secur	ity mechanisms could	be readily applied to secure
12.	other cyber risk prone data	centers across diff	erent utility networks.
13.	Hydro Ottawa advanced the ca	apabilities of its c	ustomer portal system by
14.	enabling seamless switching	between different b	illing rate options. By
15.	exposing consumption data to	o the end users in a	structured design, it was
16.	successful in fulfilling on-	-demand customer dat	a requests. Moreover, HOL also
17.	strengthened its outage repo	orting services by e	nabling users outside the
18.	Hydro Ottawa customer base	to readily share out	age related information in a
19.	timely and accessible way.		
	on C - Additional project informatio repared the responses for Section B?	n	
253	Employee directly involved in the project	254 Name	
255	Other employee of the company	256 Name	
257	X External consultant	258 Name	259 Firm
	A External consultant	KPMG LLP	KPMG LLP
List the	e key individuals directly involved in the pro	ject and indicate their qualifica	tions/experience.
260	Names		Qualifications/experience and position title
1			
2			
2			
,			
3			
266 A	are you claiming any salary or wages for SR are you claiming expenditures for SR&ED co are you claiming expenditures for SR&ED p	arried out on behalf of another	party? Yes X No
266 A 267 A	re you claiming expenditures for SR&ED ca	arried out on behalf of another erformed by people other than	party? Yes X No
266 A 267 A	answered yes to line 267, complete lines 20	arried out on behalf of another erformed by people other than	party? Yes X No your employees? X Yes No
266 A 267 A If you a 268	answered yes to line 267, complete lines 20	arried out on behalf of another erformed by people other than 68 and 269.	party? Yes X No your employees? X Yes No

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2023-12-31

	What evidence do you have to support your claim? (Check any that apply) You do not need to submit these items with the claim. However, you are required to retain them in the event of a review.				
270	Project planning documents	276	X Progress reports, minutes of project meetings		
271	X Records of resources allocated to the project, time sheets	277	Test protocols, test data, analysis of test results, conclusions		
272	Design of experiments	278	Photographs and videos		
273	Project records, laboratory notebooks	279	Samples, prototypes, scrap or other artefacts		
274	X Design, system architecture and source code	280	X Contracts		
275	Records of trial runs	281	Others, specify 282		

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Federal Tax Instalments

Federal tax instalments			
For the taxation year ended	2024-12-31		
Rusiness number			

The following is a list of instalments payable for the current taxation year, and the last column indicates the instalments payable to the Canada Revenue Agency (CRA). The instalments must be paid on each of the dates indicated below, otherwise non-deductible interest might be charged.

You can pay using one of the methods listed at **canada.ca/payments**. However, when a remittance must mandatorily be made using electronic means, use one of the following electronic payment methods:

- a Canadian financial institution's services;
- the CRA's My Payment service, at canada.ca/cra-my-payment;
- a pre-authorized debit agreement set up in the CRA's My Business Account service, at canada.ca/my-cra-business-account;
- a wire transfer.

Monthly instalment workchart

Date	Monthly tax instalments	Refund transferred to instalments	Instalments paid	Cumulative difference	Instalments payable
2024-01-31	68,793				68,79
2024-02-29	68,793				68,79
2024-03-31	55,473				55,47
2024-04-30	55,473				55,47
2024-05-31	55,473				55,47
2024-06-30	55,473				55,47
2024-07-31	55,473				55,47
2024-08-31	55,473				55,47
2024-09-30	55,473				55,47
2024-10-31	55,473				55,47
2024-11-30	55,473				55,47
2024-12-31	55,465				55,46
2025-01-31					64,39
2025-02-28					64,39
Totals	692,308				821,09

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Canada Revenue Agence du revenu du Canada

T2 Corporation Income Tax Return

200

PILS FILING

This form serves as a federal, provincial, and territorial corporation income tax return, unless the corporation is located in Quebec or Alberta. If the corporation is located in one of these provinces, you have to file a separate provincial corporation return.

All legislative references on this return are to the federal Income Tax Act and Income Tax Regulations. This return may contain changes that had not yet become law at the time of publication.

Send one completed copy of this return, including schedules and the General Index of Financial Information (GIFI), to your tax centre. You have to file the return within six months after the end of the corporation's tax year.

For more information see canada.ca/taxes or Guide T4012, T2 Corporation – Income Tax Guide.

055	Do not use this area

Identification	
Corporation's name	To which tax year does this return apply? Tax year start Tax year-end
Mydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee Address of head office Has this address changed since the last	Year Month Day 060 2023-01-01 061 2023-12-31
time the CRA was notified?	Has there been an acquisition of control resulting in the application of subsection 249(4) since the tax year start on line 060?
City Province, territory, or state 015	If yes , provide the date control was acquired
Country (other than Canada) Postal or ZIP code 017	Is the date on line 061 a deemed tax year-end according to subsection 249(3.1)?
Mailing address (if different from head office address) Has this address changed since the last time the CRA was notified? Yes No X If yes, complete lines 021 to 028.	Is the corporation a professional corporation that is a member of a partnership?
021 c/o	Is this the first year of filing after: Incorporation?
City Province, territory, or state 025 Country (other than Canada) Postal or ZIP code 027 Location of books and records (if different from head office address)	If yes, complete lines 030 to 038 and attach Schedule 24. Has there been a wind-up of a subsidiary under section 88 during the current tax year?
Has this address changed since the last time the CRA was notified?	Is this the final tax year before amalgamation?
If yes, complete lines 031 to 038.	Is this the final return up to dissolution? Yes No X
City Province, territory, or state	If an election was made under section 261, state the functional currency used
Country (other than Canada) O36 Postal or ZIP code O37	Is the corporation a resident of Canada? 080 Yes X No If no, give the country of residence on line 081 and complete and attach Schedule 97.
Type of corporation at the end of the tax year (tick one)	081
X 1 Canadian-controlled private corporation (CCPC) 2 Other private corporation 3 Public corporation	Is the non-resident corporation claiming an exemption under an income tax treaty?
4 Corporation controlled by a public corporation 5 Other corporation (specify)	If the corporation is exempt from tax under section 149, tick one of the following boxes: 1 Exempt under paragraph 149(1)(e) or (I)
If the type of corporation changed during the tax year, provide the effective date of the change	2 Exempt under paragraph 149(1)(j) 4 Exempt under other paragraphs of section 149
Do not use	
095	898

Canadä

- Attachments		
Financial statement information: Use GIFI schedules 100, 125, and 141. Schedules – Answer the following questions. For each yes response, attach the schedule to the T2 return, unless otherwise instructed.	Yes	Schedule
Is the corporation related to any other corporations?	150 X	9
Is the corporation an associated CCPC?	160 X	23
Is the corporation an associated CCPC that is claiming the expenditure limit?	161	49
Does the corporation have any non-resident shareholders who own voting shares?	151	19
Has the corporation had any transactions, including section 85 transfers, with its shareholders, officers, or employees, other than transactions in the ordinary course of business? Exclude non-arm's length transactions with non-residents	162	11
If you answered yes to the above question, and the transaction was between corporations not dealing at arm's length, were all or substantially all of the assets of the transferor disposed of to the transferee?	163	44
Has the corporation paid any royalties, management fees, or other similar payments to residents of Canada?	164	14
Is the corporation claiming a deduction for payments to a type of employee benefit plan?	165 X	15
Is the corporation claiming a loss or deduction from a tax shelter?	166	T5004
Is the corporation a member of a partnership for which a partnership account number has been assigned?	167	T5013
Did the corporation, a foreign affiliate controlled by the corporation, or any other corporation or trust that did not deal at arm's length with the corporation have a beneficial interest in a non-resident discretionary trust (without reference to section 94)?	168	22
Did the corporation own any shares in one or more foreign affiliates in the tax year?	169	25
Has the corporation made any payments to non-residents of Canada under subsections 202(1) and/or 105(1) of the Income Tax Regulations?	170	29
Did the corporation have a total amount over CAN\$1 million of reportable transactions with non-arm's length non-residents?	171	T106
For private corporations: Does the corporation have any shareholders who own 10% or more of the corporation's common and/or preferred shares?	173 X	50
Has the corporation made payments to, or received amounts from, a retirement compensation plan arrangement during the year?	172	
Does the corporation earn income from one or more Internet web pages or websites?	180	88
Is the net income/loss shown on the financial statements different from the net income/loss for income tax purposes?	201 X	1
Has the corporation made any charitable donations; gifts of cultural or ecological property; or gifts of medicine?	202 X	2
Has the corporation received any dividends or paid any taxable dividends for purposes of the dividend refund?	203	3
Is the corporation claiming any type of losses?	204 X	4
Is the corporation claiming a provincial or territorial tax credit or does it have a permanent establishment in more than one jurisdiction?	205 X	5
Has the corporation realized any capital gains or incurred any capital losses during the tax year?	206 X	6
i) Is the corporation a CCPC and reporting a) income or loss from property (other than dividends deductible on line 320 of the T2 return), b) income from a partnership, c) income from a foreign business, d) income from a personal services business, e) income referred to in clause 125(1)(a)(i)(C) or 125(1)(a)(i)(B), f) aggregate investment income as defined in subsection 129(4), or g) an amount assigned to it under subsection 125(3.2) or 125(8); or ii) Is the corporation a member of a partnership and assigning its specified partnership business limit to a designated member under subsection 125(8)?	207	7
Does the corporation have any property that is eligible for capital cost allowance?	208 X	8
Does the corporation have any resource-related deductions?	212	12
Is the corporation claiming deductible reserves?	213 X	13
Is the corporation claiming a patronage dividend deduction?	216	16
Is the corporation a credit union claiming a deduction for allocations in proportion to borrowing or a provincial credit union tax reduction?	217	17
Is the corporation an investment corporation or a mutual fund corporation?	218	18
Is the corporation carrying on business in Canada as a non-resident corporation?	220	20
Is the corporation claiming any federal, provincial, or territorial foreign tax credits, or any federal logging tax credits?	221	21
Does the corporation have any Canadian manufacturing and processing profits or zero-emission technology manufacturing profits?	227	27
Is the corporation claiming an investment tax credit?	231 X	31
Is the corporation claiming any scientific research and experimental development (SR&ED) expenditures?	232 X	T661
Is the total taxable capital employed in Canada of the corporation and its related corporations over \$10,000,000?	233 X	33/34/35
Is the total taxable capital employed in Canada of the corporation and its associated corporations over \$10,000,000?	234 X	
Is the corporation subject to gross Part VI tax on capital of financial institutions?	238	38
Is the corporation claiming a Part I tax credit?	242	42
Is the corporation subject to Part IV.1 tax on dividends received on taxable preferred shares or Part VI.1 tax on dividends paid?	243	43
Is the corporation agreeing to a transfer of the liability for Part VI.1 tax?	244	45
For financial institutions: Is the corporation a member of a related group of financial institutions with one or more members subject to gross Part VI tax?	250	39
Is the corporation claiming a Canadian film or video production tax credit?	253	T1131
Is the corporation claiming a film or video production services tax credit?	254	T1177
Is the corporation claiming a Canadian journalism labour tax credit?	272	58
Is the corporation subject to Part XIII.1 tax? (Show your calculations on a sheet that you identify as Schedule 92.)	255	92

- Attachments (continued)	Schedule
Did the corporation have any foreign affiliates in the tax year? Did the corporation own or hold specified foreign property where the total cost amount of all such property, at any time in the year, was more than CAN\$100,000?	T1134 T1135
Did the corporation transfer or loan property to a non-resident trust?	T1141
Did the corporation receive a distribution from or was it indebted to a non-resident trust in the year?	T1142
Has the corporation entered into an agreement to allocate assistance for SR&ED carried out in Canada?	T1145
Has the corporation entered into an agreement to transfer qualified expenditures incurred in respect of SR&ED contracts?	T1146
Has the corporation entered into an agreement with other associated corporations for salary or wages of specified employees for SR&ED?	T1174
Did the corporation pay taxable dividends (other than capital gains dividends) in the tax year?	55
Has the corporation made an election under subsection 89(11) not to be a CCPC?	T2002
Has the corporation revoked any previous election made under subsection 89(11)?	T2002
Did the corporation (CCPC or deposit insurance corporation (DIC)) pay eligible dividends, or did its general rate income pool (GRIP) change in the tax year?	53
Did the corporation (other than a CCPC or DIC) pay eligible dividends, or did its low rate income pool (LRIP) change in the tax year? 269	54
Is the corporation claiming a return of fuel charge proceeds to farmers tax credit?	63
Are you an employer reporting a non-qualified security agreement under subsection 110(1.9)?	59
Is the corporation claiming an air quality improvement tax credit?	65
Is the corporation subject to the additional 1.5% tax on banks and life insurers?	68
Is the corporation a covered entity that redeemed, acquired or cancelled equity of the corporation in the tax year?	56
- Additional information	
Did the corporation use the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) when it prepared its financial statements? 270 Yes X	No 🗌
Is the corporation inactive?	No X
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Vo X
What is the corporation's main revenue-generating business activity?	
Specify the principal products mined, manufactured, 284 DIST. OF ELECTRICITY 285 100.0	000 %
sold, constructed, or services provided, giving the approximate percentage of the total revenue that each	
product or service represents.	
	No X
Zia ilio sosporazioni ilimingiato o canada daling ilio tak your	No X
Zia alio sosporazioni di ingrato il cini di alia	No A
Very Markh	—––
If the corporation was eligible to remit instalments on a quarterly basis for part of the tax year, provide the date the corporation ceased to be eligible	
If the corporation's major business activity is construction, did you have any subcontractors during the tax year? 295 Yes	No 📗
- Taxable income	
Net income or (loss) for income tax purposes from Schedule 1, financial statements, or GIFI) <u>,516</u> A
Charitable donations from Schedule 2	
Cultural gifts from Schedule 2	
Ecological gifts from Schedule 2	
Gifts of medicine made before March 22, 2017, from Schedule 2	
Part VI.1 tax deduction*	
Non-capital losses of previous tax years from Schedule 4	
Net capital losses of previous tax years from Schedule 4	
Restricted farm losses of previous tax years from Schedule 4	
Farm losses of previous tax years from Schedule 4	
Limited partnership losses of previous tax years from Schedule 4	
Prospector's and grubstaker's shares	
Employer deduction for non-qualified securities	
Subtotal ►	В
Subtotal (amount A minus amount B) (if negative, enter "0")	C
Section 110.5 additions or subparagraph 115(1)(a)(vii) additions	D
Taxable income (amount C plus amount D)	
Taxable income for the year from a personal services business	Z.1
* This amount is equal to 3.5 times the Part VI.1 tax payable at line 724 on page 9.	

Canadian-controlled private corporations (CCPCs) throughout the tax year income eligible for the small business ilmus 4 times the amount on line 630° on page 3, minus 4 times the amount on line 630° on page 8, and minus 4 times the amount on line 630° on page 8, and minus 4 times the amount on line 630° on page 8, and minus any amount that, because of dederal law, is exempt from Part 1 tax	Small business						
Taxable income from line 360 on page 3, minus 100/28 (3.57143) of the amount on line 632" on page 8, minus 4 times the amount on line 636" on page 8, and minus any amount that, because of dederal law, is exempt from Part 1 tax 405	Canadian-controlled p	private corporations (CCPCs) thr	oughout the tax year	•		-	
Hinus 4 times the amount on line 636** on page 8, and minus any amount that, because of declar law, is exempt from Part I tax Business limit (see notes 1 and 2 below) Notes: 1. For CCPCs that are not associated, enter 5 500,000. on line 410. However, if the corporation's tax year is less than 51 weeks, prorate this amount by the number of days in the tax year divided by 365, and enter the result on line 410. 2. For associated CCPCs, use Schedule 23 to calculate the amount to be entered on line 410. Business limit reduction Taxable capital business limit reduction for tax years starting before April 7, 2022 Amount C	Income eligible for the	small business deduction from Sch	edule 7			400	A
Notes: 1. For CCPCs that are not associated, enter \$ 500,000 on line 410. However, if the corporation's tax year is less than 51 weeks, prorate this amount by the number of days in the tax year divided by 385, and enter the result on line 410. 2. For associated CCPCs, use Schedule 23 to calculate the amount to be entered on line 410. 3. For associated CCPCs, use Schedule 23 to calculate the amount to be entered on line 410. 3. For associated CCPCs, use Schedule 23 to calculate the amount to be entered on line 410. 3. For associated CCPCs, use Schedule 23 to calculate the amount to be entered on line 410. 410. 411. 412. 415. 415. 415. 416. 417. 417. 418. 418. 418. 419. 419. 419. 419. 419. 419. 419. 419. 419. 410. 4	minus 4 times the a federal law, is exempt f	mount on line 636** on page 8, and from Part I tax	d minus any amount t	hat, because	of		
1. For CCPCs that are not associated, enter \$ 500,000 on line 410. However, if the corporation's tax year is less than 51 weeks, prorate this amount by the number of days in the tax year divided by 365, and enter the result on line 410. 2. For associated CCPCs, use Schedule 23 to calculate the amount to be entered on line 410. 3. For associated CCPCs, use Schedule 23 to calculate the amount to be entered on line 410. 3. For associated CCPCs, use Schedule 23 to calculate the amount to be entered on line 410. 3. For associated business limit reduction for tax years starting before April 7, 2022 4. Amount C 500,000 × 3, 151,660 D = E1 11,250 5. Taxable capital business limit reduction for tax years starting after April 6, 2022 4. Amount C 500,000 × 415 *** 3,151,660 D = 17,509,222 E2 90,000 4. Amount E1 or amount E2, whichever applies 17,509,222 E2 90,000 4. Amount E1 or amount E2, whichever applies 17,509,222 E2 17,509,222 E3 4. Passive income business limit reduction 4. Adjusted aggregate investment income from Schedule 7*** . 117	•	es 1 and 2 below)					<u> </u>
weeks, prorate this amount by the number of days in the tax year divided by 365, and enter the result on line 410. 2. For associated CCPCs, use Schedule 23 to calculate the amount to be entered on line 410. 8usiness limit reduction Taxable capital business limit reduction for tax years starting before April 7, 2022 Amount C 500,000 × 415 *** 3,151,660 D = E1 Taxable capital business limit reduction for tax years starting after April 6, 2022 Amount C 500,000 × 415 *** 3,151,660 D = 17,509,222 E2 90,000 Amount E1 or amount E2, whichever applies 17,509,222 E2 Passive income business limit reduction Adjusted aggregate investment income from Schedule 7**** . 417 = 50,000 =							
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Adjusted aggregate investment income from Schedule 7**** . 417			Amount E1 or amoun	t E2, whichev	ver applies	17,509,222	17,509,222 E3
Adjusted aggregate investment income from Schedule 7**** . 417	Passive income bu	usiness limit reduction					
Amount C 500,000	Adjusted aggregate	investment income from Schedule	7**** . 417		_	50,000 =	F
The greater of amount E3 and amount G The greater of amount E3 and E4				_		· _	
The greater of amount E3 and amount G Reduced business limit (amount C minus amount H) (if negative, enter "0") Business limit the CCPC assigns under subsection 125(3.2) (from line 515 below) Reduced business limit after assignment (amount I minus amount J) Small business deduction – Amount A, B, C, or K, whichever is the least ** Calculate the amount of foreign non-business income tax credit deductible on line 632 without reference to the refundable tax on the CCPC's investment income (line 604) and without reference to the corporate tax reductions under section 123.4. *** Calculate the amount of foreign business income tax credit deductible on line 636 without reference to the corporation tax reductions under section 123.4. *** Calculate the amount of foreign business income tax credit deductible on line 636 without reference to the corporation tax reductions under section 123.4. *** Calculate the amount of foreign business income tax credit deductible on line 636 without reference to the corporation tax reductions under section 123.4. *** Large corporations • If the corporation is not associated with any corporations in both the current and previous tax years, the amount to be entered on line 415 is: (total taxable capital employed in Canada for the prior year minus \$10,000,000) x 0.225%. • If the corporation is not associated with any corporations in the current tax year, but was associated in the previous tax year, the amount to be entered on line 415 is: (total taxable capital employed in Canada for the current year minus \$10,000,000) x 0.225%. • For corporations associated in the current tax year, see Schedule 23 for the special rules that apply. **** Enter the total adjusted aggregate investment income of the corporation and all associated corporations for each tax year that ended in the preceding	Amount C					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	G
Reduced business limit (amount C minus amount H) (if negative, enter "0") Business limit the CCPC assigns under subsection 125(3.2) (from line 515 below) Reduced business limit after assignment (amount I minus amount J) Small business deduction – Amount A, B, C, or K, whichever is the least ** The mount of foreign non-business income tax credit deductible on line 632 without reference to the refundable tax on the CCPC's investment income (line 604) and without reference to the corporate tax reductions under section 123.4. *** Calculate the amount of foreign business income tax credit deductible on line 636 without reference to the corporation tax reductions under section 123.4. *** Calculate the amount of foreign business income tax credit deductible on line 636 without reference to the corporation tax reductions under section 123.4. *** Large corporations • If the corporation is not associated with any corporations in both the current and previous tax years, the amount to be entered on line 415 is: (total taxable capital employed in Canada for the prior year minus \$10,000,000) x 0.225%. • If the corporation is not associated with any corporations in the current tax year, but was associated in the previous tax year, the amount to be entered on line 415 is: (total taxable capital employed in Canada for the current year minus \$10,000,000) x 0.225%. • For corporations associated in the current tax year, see Schedule 23 for the special rules that apply. ***** Enter the total adjusted aggregate investment income of the corporation and all associated corporations for each tax year that ended in the preceding		100/000		The ar	eater of amount F	3 and amount G 422	17,509,222 н
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Enter amount from line 430 at amount K on page 8. * Calculate the amount of foreign non-business income tax credit deductible on line 632 without reference to the refundable tax on the CCPC's investment income (line 604) and without reference to the corporate tax reductions under section 123.4. ** Calculate the amount of foreign business income tax credit deductible on line 636 without reference to the corporation tax reductions under section 123.4. *** Large corporations • If the corporation is not associated with any corporations in both the current and previous tax years, the amount to be entered on line 415 is: (total taxable capital employed in Canada for the prior year minus \$10,000,000) x 0.225%. • If the corporation is not associated with any corporations in the current tax year, but was associated in the previous tax year, the amount to be entered on line 415 is: (total taxable capital employed in Canada for the current year minus \$10,000,000) x 0.225%. • For corporations associated in the current tax year, see Schedule 23 for the special rules that apply. ***** Enter the total adjusted aggregate investment income of the corporation and all associated corporations for each tax year that ended in the preceding		, , ,	,				 J
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investment income (line 604) and without reference to the corporate tax reductions under section 123.4. ** Calculate the amount of foreign business income tax credit deductible on line 636 without reference to the corporation tax reductions under section 123.4. *** Large corporations • If the corporation is not associated with any corporations in both the current and previous tax years, the amount to be entered on line 415 is: (total taxable capital employed in Canada for the prior year minus \$10,000,000) x 0.225%. • If the corporation is not associated with any corporations in the current tax year, but was associated in the previous tax year, the amount to be entered on line 415 is: (total taxable capital employed in Canada for the current year minus \$10,000,000) x 0.225%. • For corporations associated in the current tax year, see Schedule 23 for the special rules that apply. ***** Enter the total adjusted aggregate investment income of the corporation and all associated corporations for each tax year that ended in the preceding	Enter amount from line	430 at amount K on page 8.					
 Large corporations If the corporation is not associated with any corporations in both the current and previous tax years, the amount to be entered on line 415 is: (total taxable capital employed in Canada for the prior year minus \$10,000,000) x 0.225%. If the corporation is not associated with any corporations in the current tax year, but was associated in the previous tax year, the amount to be entered on line 415 is: (total taxable capital employed in Canada for the current year minus \$10,000,000) x 0.225%. For corporations associated in the current tax year, see Schedule 23 for the special rules that apply. ***** Enter the total adjusted aggregate investment income of the corporation and all associated corporations for each tax year that ended in the preceding 							e CCPC's
 If the corporation is not associated with any corporations in both the current and previous tax years, the amount to be entered on line 415 is: (total taxable capital employed in Canada for the prior year minus \$10,000,000) x 0.225%. If the corporation is not associated with any corporations in the current tax year, but was associated in the previous tax year, the amount to be entered on line 415 is: (total taxable capital employed in Canada for the current year minus \$10,000,000) x 0.225%. For corporations associated in the current tax year, see Schedule 23 for the special rules that apply. ***** Enter the total adjusted aggregate investment income of the corporation and all associated corporations for each tax year that ended in the preceding 	** Calculate the am	nount of foreign business income ta	x credit deductible on	line 636 with	out reference to the	ne corporation tax reduction	ns under section 123.4.
 (total taxable capital employed in Canada for the prior year minus \$10,000,000) x 0.225%. If the corporation is not associated with any corporations in the current tax year, but was associated in the previous tax year, the amount to be entered on line 415 is: (total taxable capital employed in Canada for the current year minus \$10,000,000) x 0.225%. For corporations associated in the current tax year, see Schedule 23 for the special rules that apply. ***** Enter the total adjusted aggregate investment income of the corporation and all associated corporations for each tax year that ended in the preceding 	*** Large corporati	ions					
• For corporations associated in the current tax year, see Schedule 23 for the special rules that apply. **** Enter the total adjusted aggregate investment income of the corporation and all associated corporations for each tax year that ended in the preceding	(total taxable If the corpora	capital employed in Canada for the	e prior year minus \$1 porations in the current	0,000,000) x t tax year, but	0.225%. was associated	in the previous tax year, the	
**** Enter the total adjusted aggregate investment income of the corporation and all associated corporations for each tax year that ended in the preceding			•	•		U,UUU) x 0.225%.	
	**** Enter the total ac	djusted aggregate investment incon	ne of the corporation a	nd all associ	ated corporations		

reported at line 744 of the corresponding Schedule 7. Otherwise, this amount is the total of all amounts reported at line 745 of the corresponding Schedule 7 of the corporation for each tax year that ended in the preceding calendar year.

	all business deduction (continued) ————————————————————————————————————	n 125(3.2)			
	L1 Name of corporation receiving the income and assigned amount	L Business number of the corporation receiving the assigned amount	M Income paid under clause 125(1)(a)(i)(B) to the corporation identified in column L ³	N Business limit assigned to corporation identified in column L ⁴	
		490	500	505	
1.				<u> </u>	
Notes	:	Т	otal 510	Total 515	_
spi sei (A) sha (B) pro ((V	is amount is [as defined in subsection 125(7) specified corpectified farming or fishing income of the corporation for the year vices or property to a private corporation (directly or indirect) at any time in the year, the corporation (or one of its sharef areholders) holds a direct or indirect interest in the private of it is not the case that all or substantially all of the corporation perty to [1] persons (other than the private corporation) with which the [1] partnerships with which the corporation deals at arm's ler with the corporation holds a direct or indirect interest. The amount of the business limit you assign to a CCPC cannot come referred to in column M in respect of that CCPC and B count of income referred to in clauses 125(1)(a)(i)(A) or (B) for the private corporation of the private corporation of the private corporation of the business limit you assign to a CCPC and B count of income referred to in clauses 125(1)(a)(i)(A) or (B) for the private corporation of the private corporation of the private corporation of the private corporation of the private corporation (directly to a private corporation of the private corporation (directly to a private corporation of the private corporation (directly to a private corporation of the private corporation (directly to a private corpora	ear) from an active busine thy, in any manner whatever tolders) or a person who corporation, and on's income for the year from the corporation deals at armingth, other than a partners to be greater than the amounts is the portion of the amounts.	ss of the corporation for the year er) if loss not deal at arm's length with om an active business is from the s's length, or hip in which a person that does runt determined by the formula Ant described in A that is deductib	from the provision of the corporation (or one of its provision of services or not deal at arm's length - B, where A is the amount of le by you in respect of the	
- Ger	neral tax reduction for Canadian-controlled p	rivate corporations			
	dian-controlled private corporations throughout the tax	•			
Taxab	le income from line 360 on page 3				A
Amou Perso Amou	nt 13K from Part 13 of Schedule 27 nal services business income nt from line 400, 405, 410, or 428 on page 4, whichever is th	ne least*		C D E F	
		Subtotal (add amo	unts B to F)	= ▶	G
Amou	nt A minus amount G (if negative, enter "0")			· · · · · · · <u> </u>	_ H
	ral tax reduction for Canadian-controlled private corpora amount I on line 638 on page 8.	ations – Amount H multip	lied by 13 %	· · · · · · · <u> </u>	= '
* Thi	s is not applicable to substantive CCPCs.				
** Exc	cept for a corporation that is, throughout the year, a cooperat	tive corporation (within the	meaning assigned by subsection	n 136(2)) or a credit union.	
Do no	neral tax reduction t complete this area if you are a Canadian-controlled prime transfer to the corporation, or any co				
Taxab	le income from line 360 on page 3				J
Lesse	r of amounts 9B and 9H from Part 9 of Schedule 27			К	
				L	
Perso	nal services business income			M	
		Subtotal (add amou	unts K to M)	_^	N
Amou	nt J minus amount N (if negative, enter "0")				_ 0
	ral tax reduction – Amount O multiplied by 13 % . amount P on line 639 on page 8.				— P

┌ Refundable portion of Part I tax ────	
Canadian-controlled private corporations throughout the tax y	year or substantive CCPCs at any time in the tax year
Aggregate investment income from Schedule 7	x 30 2 / 3 % = A
Foreign non-business income tax credit from line 632 on page 8	В
Foreign investment income from Schedule 7	x 8 % = C
Subtotal (amount B minus amount C) (if nega	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Amount A minus amount D (if negative, enter "0")	
Taxable income from line 360 on page 3	F
Amount from line 400, 405, 410, or 428 on page 4, whichever is the least*	G
Foreign non-business income tax credit from line 632 on page 8 x 75 / 29 =	н
Foreign business income tax credit from line 636 on page 8	I
Subtotal (add amounts G to I)	>
`	nus amount J) K
Part I tax payable minus investment tax credit refund (line 700 mir	
,	
Refundable portion of Part I tax – Amount E, L, or M, whichever	is the least
* This is not applicable to substantive CCPCs	

Refundable dividend tax on hand
Eligible refundable dividend tax on hand (ERDTOH) at the end of the previous tax year (line 530 of the preceding tax year)
Non-eligible refundable dividend tax on hand (NERDTOH) at the end of the previous tax year (line 545 of the preceding tax year) (if negative, enter "0")
Part IV tax payable on taxable dividends from connected corporations (amount 2G from Schedule 3) C
Part IV tax payable on eligible dividends from non-connected corporations (amount 2J from Schedule 3)D
Subtotal (amount C plus amount D) E
Net ERDTOH transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary 525 F ERDTOH dividend refund for the previous tax year 570 G
Refundable portion of Part I tax (from line 450 on page 6)
Part IV tax before deductions (amount 2A from Schedule 3)
Part IV tax allocated to ERDTOH (amount E) J Part IV tax reduction due to Part IV.1 tax payable (amount 4D of Schedule 43) K
Subtotal (amount I minus total of amounts J and K)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
NERDTOH dividend refund for the previous tax year National Nationa
Part IV tax payable allocated to NERDTOH, net of losses claimed (amount L minus amount O) (if negative enter "0")
NERDTOH at the end of the tax year (total of amounts B, H, M, and P minus amount N) (if negative, enter "0")
Part IV tax payable allocated to ERDTOH, net of losses claimed (amount E minus the amount, if any, by which amount O exceeds amount L) (if negative, enter "0")
ERDTOH at the end of the tax year (total of amounts A, F, and Q minus amount G) (if negative, enter "0")
- Dividend refund
38 1/3% of total eligible dividends paid in the tax year (amount 3A from Schedule 3)
ERDTOH balance at the end of the tax year (line 530)
Eligible dividend refund (amount AA or BB, whichever is less)
38 1/3% of total non-eligible taxable dividends paid in the tax year (amount 3B from Schedule 3)
NERDTOH balance at the end of the tax year (line 545)
Non-eligible dividend refund (amount DD or EE, whichever is less)
Amount DD minus amount EE (if negative, enter "0")
Amount BB minus amount CC (if negative, enter "0")
Additional non-eligible dividend refund (amount GG or HH, whichever is less)
Dividend refund – Amount CC plus amount FF plus amount II
Enter amount . I. on line 784 on page 9

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Part I tax —
Base amount Part I tax – Taxable income (from line 360 on page 3) multiplied by 38 %
Additional tax on personal services business income (section 123.5)
Taxable income from a personal services business
Additional tax on banks and life insurers from Schedule 68 C Recapture of investment tax credit from Schedule 31 D
Calculation for the refundable tax on the Canadian-controlled private corporation's (CCPC) or substantive CCPC's investment income (if it was a CCPC throughout the tax year or a substantive CCPC at any time in the tax year)
Aggregate investment income from line 440 on page 6
Refundable tax on CCPC's or substantive CCPC's investment income – amount H 10 2 / 3 % of whichever is less: amount E or amount E or amount E or substantive CCPC's investment income – I I Subtotal (add amounts A, B, C, D, and I) J
Deduct:
Small business deduction from line 430 on page 4
Federal tax abatement 608 Manufacturing and processing profits deduction and zero-emission technology manufacturing deduction from Schedule 27 616
Investment corporation deduction 620
Federal foreign non-business income tax credit from Schedule 21
Federal foreign business income tax credit from Schedule 21 636
General tax reduction for CCPCs from amount I on page 5
General tax reduction from amount P on page 5
Eligible Canadian bank deduction under section 125.21
Investment tax credit from Schedule 31 652
Subtotal L
Part I tax payable – Amount J minus amount L M Enter amount M on line 700 on page 9.
* This is not applicable to substantive CCPCs

- Privacy notice -

Personal information (including the SIN) is collected to administer or enforce the Income Tax Act and related programs and activities including administering tax, benefits, audit, compliance, and collection. The information collected may be used or disclosed for the purposes of other federal acts that provide for the imposition and collection of a tax or duty. It may also be disclosed to other federal, provincial, territorial, or foreign government institutions to the extent authorized by law. Failure to provide this information may result in paying interest or penalties, or in other actions. Under the Privacy Act, individuals have a right of protection, access to and correction of their personal information, or to file a complaint with the Privacy Commissioner of Canada regarding the handling of their personal information. Refer to Personal Information Bank CRA PPU 047 on Information about Programs and Information Holdings at canada.ca/cra-information-about-programs.

- Summary of tax and credits —	
Federal tax	
Part I tax payable from amount M on page 8	700
Part II.2 tax payable from Schedule 56	
Part III.1 tax payable from Schedule 55	710
Part IV tax payable from Schedule 3	712
Part IV.1 tax payable from Schedule 43	
Part VI tax payable from Schedule 38	720
Part VI.1 tax payable from Schedule 43	
Part VI.2 tax payable from Schedule 67	
Part XIII.1 tax payable from Schedule 92	
Part XIV tax payable from Schedule 20 Add provincial or territorial tax:	
Provincial or territorial jurisdiction	
Net provincial or territorial tax payable (except Quebec and Alberta)	
Deduct other credits:	Total tax payable 770 692,308
Investment tax credit refund from Schedule 31	
Dividend refund from amount JJ on page 7	
Federal capital gains refund from Schedule 18	
Federal qualifying environmental trust tax credit refund	
Return of fuel charge proceeds to farmers tax credit from Schedule 63	
Canadian film or video production tax credit (Form T1131)	
Film or video production services tax credit (Form T1177)	
Canadian journalism labour tax credit from Schedule 58	
Air quality improvement tax credit from Schedule 65	
Tax withheld at source	
Total payments on which tax has been withheld 801	
Provincial and territorial capital gains refund from Schedule 18	
Provincial and territorial refundable tax credits from Schedule 5	
Tax instalments paid	1,064,000
Total credits 890	<u>1,064,000</u> 1,064,000
Balance (an	nount A minus amount B)
If the result is negative, you have a refund. If	the result is positive, you have a balance owing . Inter the amount below on whichever line applies.
Generally, the CF	RA does not charge
	ence of \$2 or less.
Refund code 894 1 Refund 371,692 E	alance owing
	<u></u>
For information on how to enrol for direct deposit, go to canada.ca/cra-direct-deposit.	For information on how to make your payment, go
	canada.ca/payments.
If the corporation is a Canadian-controlled private corporation throughout the tax year, does it qualify for the one-month extension of the date the balance of tax is due?	896 Yes No X
If this return was prepared by a tax preparer for a fee, provide their: EFILE number	920
	925
RepID	
- Certification ————————————————————————————————————	
1, 950 Simpson 951 Geoff	954 CFO
Last name am an authorized signing officer of the corporation. I certify that I have examined this return, including accor the information given on this return is, to the best of my knowledge, correct and complete. I also certify that year is consistent with that of the previous tax year except as specifically displosed in a statement attached	the method of calculating income for this tax
955 2024-06-19	956 (613) 738-5499
Date (yyyy/mm/dd) Signature of the authorized signing officer of the corporation	n Telephone number
Is the contact person the same as the authorized signing officer? If no , complete the information below .	957 Yes No X
958 Bettina Yau	959 (613) 738-5499
Name of other authorized person	Telephone number
- Language of correspondence – Langue de correspondance –	
Indicate your language of correspondence by entering 1 for English or 2 for French. Indiquez votre langue de correspondance en inscrivant 1 pour anglais ou 2 pour français.	990 1

2026-2030 Custom IR EB-2024-0115 Exhibit 6 Tab 2 Schedule 1 Attachment A ORIGINAL Page 39 of 155

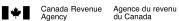
2023-12-31

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Schedule of Instalment Remittances

Name of corporation contact Telephone number		Bettina Yau			
		(613) 738-5499			
Effective interest date		Descri	iption (instalment remittance, payment, assessed credit)		Amount of credit
intoroot dato	INSTALLMENTS		paymont, accepted ordate		1,064,000
					, , , , , , , ,
					4.064.000
		Total amount of ins	stalments claimed (carry the re	esult to line 840 of the T2 Return)	1,064,000
			Total instalments cre	edited to the taxation year per T9	1,064,000
Transici		Taxation		Effective	
Account no	umber	year end	Amount	interest date	Description
From:					
 To:					
10.					
_					
From:					
To:					
From:					
From.					
To:					
From:				-	
To:					
From:					
			- <u></u> -		
To:					

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee



SCHEDULE 100

GENERAL INDEX OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION - GIFI

1 offit identifier 100			
Corporation's name		Business number	Tax year end Year Month Day
Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limi	tee		2023-12-31

Balance sheet information

Account	Description	GIFI	Current year	Prior year
Assets –				
	Total current assets	1599 +	193,663,000	176,195,00
	Total tangible capital assets	2008 +	1,941,469,000	1,796,457,00
	Total accumulated amortization of tangible capital assets	2009 –	398,409,000	344,259,00
	Total intangible capital assets	2178 +	174,143,000	170,354,00
	Total accumulated amortization of intangible capital assets	2179 -	68,692,000	60,046,00
	Total long-term assets	2589 +	131,843,000	116,513,00
	* Assets held in trust	2590 +		
	_ Total assets (mandatory field)	2599 = _	1,974,017,000	1,855,214,0
iabilitie	S ————————————————————————————————————			
	Total current liabilities	3139 +	261,193,000	233,980,0
	Total long-term liabilities	3450 +	1,246,711,000	1,183,919,0
	* Subordinated debt	3460 +		
	* Amounts held in trust	3470 +		
		3499 = _	1,507,904,000	1,417,899,0
Sharehol	der equity —			
	_ Total shareholder equity (mandatory field)	3620 +	466,113,000	437,315,0
	_ Total liabilities and shareholder equity	3640 = _	1,974,017,000	1,855,214,0
Retained	earnings —			
	Retained earnings/deficit – end (mandatory field)	3849 =	299,032,000	270,234,0

^{*} Generic item

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Canada Revenue A

Form identifier 125
Corporation's name

Agence du revenu du Canada Starra Zimitoar Iyaro Starra Zimito

Year Month Day

11,625,000

32,706,000

SCHEDULE 125 GENERAL INDEX OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION – GIFI Business number Tax year-end

9995

9998

9999

8,574,000

28,798,000

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee 2023-12-31 Income statement information Description GIFI 0001 Operating name 0002 Description of the operation . 0003 01 Sequence number Account Description GIFI **Current year** Prior year Income statement information -8089 Total sales of goods and services 1,117,944,000 1,103,811,000 8518 878,410,000 886,898,000 216,913,000 8519 239,534,000 Gross profit/loss 8518 878,410,000 886,898,000 Cost of sales 9367 170,589,000 202,888,000 Total operating expenses 9368 1,081,298,000 1,057,487,000 Total expenses (mandatory field) 8299 1,118,413,000 1,102,572,000 Total revenue (mandatory field) 9368 Total expenses (mandatory field) 1,081,298,000 1,057,487,000 9369 37,115,000 45,085,000 Net non-farming income Farming income statement information 9659 Total farm revenue (mandatory field) 9898 Total farm expenses (mandatory field) 9899 Net farm income 9970 = 37,115,000 45,085,000 Net income/loss before taxes and extraordinary items 9998 = Total - other comprehensive income Extraordinary items and income (linked to Schedule 140) 9975 Extraordinary item(s) Legal settlements 9976 9980 Unrealized gains/losses 9985 9990 -257,000 754,000 Current income taxes

Future (deferred) income tax provision

Net income/loss after taxes and extraordinary items (mandatory field)

Total - Other comprehensive income

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Canada Revenue Agence du revenu du Canada

Schedule 141

General Index of Financial Information (GIFI) – Additional Information

Corporation's name	Business number	Tax year-end Year Month Day
Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee		2023-12-31
 Corporations need to complete all parts of this schedule that apply and include it with their T2 return alo For more information, see Guide RC4088, General Index of Financial Information (GIFI), and Guide T40 	012, T2 Corporation – Incom	
− Part 1 – Information on the person primarily involved with the financial inform	ation ————	
Can you identify the person* specified in the heading of Part 1? If you answered no , go to Part 2.		1 Yes X No
Does that person have a professional designation in accounting?	09	Yes X No
Is that person connected** with the corporation?		7 Yes No X
* A person primarily involved with the financial information is a person who has more than a 50% involv T2 return is based on. For example, if three persons prepared the financial information by doing respe line 111. If they did respectively 10%, 20%, and 70% of the work, answer yes at line 111 and complete	ectively 30%, 30%, and 40%	of the work, answer no at
** A person connected with a corporation can be: (i) a shareholder of the corporation who owns more the officer, or an employee of the corporation; or (iii) a person not dealing at arm's length with the corporation.		es; (ii) a director, an
┌ Part 2 – Type of involvement ────		
Choose one or more of the following options that represent your involvement and that of the person referre	ed to in Part 1:	
Completed an auditor's report		300 X
Completed a review engagement report		301
Conducted a compilation engagement		302
Provided accounting services		303
Provided bookkeeping services		304
Other (please specify)		
Otter (please specify)		
Part 3 – Reservations —		
If you selected option 1 (300) or 2 (301) in Part 2 above, answer the following question:		
Has the person referred to in Part 1 expressed a reservation?		9 Yes No X
− Part 4 – Other information −		
Were notes to the financial statements prepared?	10	1 Yes X No
Did the corporation have any subsequent events?	10	4 Yes No X
Did the corporation re-evaluate its assets during the tax year?	10	5 Yes No X
Did the corporation have any contingent liabilities during the tax year?	10	6 Yes X No
Did the corporation have any commitments during the tax year?		7 Yes X No
Does the corporation have investments in joint venture(s) or partnership(s)?	10	8 Yes No X

Canadä^{*}

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Part 4 – Other information (continued)				
Impairment and fair value changes				
In any of the following assets, was an amount recognized in net incorresult of an impairment loss in the tax year, a reversal of an impairme change in fair value during the tax year?		vious tax year, or a	. 200 Yes	No X
If yes , enter the amount recognized:	In net income Increase (decrease)	In OCI Increase (decrease))	
Property, plant, and equipment		211		
Intangible assets		216	_	
Investment property 220				
Biological assets				
Financial instruments		231	_	
Other 235		236	_	
Financial instruments				
Did the corporation derecognize any financial instrument(s) during th	e tax year (other than trade	receivables)?	. 250 Yes	No X
Did the corporation apply hedge accounting during the tax year?			. 255 Yes	No X
Did the corporation discontinue hedge accounting during the tax year	r?		. 260 Yes	No X
Adjustments to opening equity				
Was an amount included in the opening balance of retained earnings recognize a change in accounting policy, or to adopt a new accounting			. 265 Yes	No X
If yes , you have to maintain a separate reconciliation.				
− Part 5 – Information on the person who prepared t	he T2 return ———			
If the person who prepared the T2 return has a professional designat options that apply:	ion in accounting but is not	the person identified in Part 1, c	hoose all of the follow	wing
Prepared the T2 return and the financial information contained ther	ein			310
The client provided the financial statements				311
The client provided a trial balance				312
The client provided a general ledger				313
Other (please specify)	turn			

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General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

- 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND CORPORATE INFORMATION
 Hydro Ottawa Limited [the 'Company'] was incorporated on October 3, 2000
 pursuant to the Business Corporations Act (Ontario) as mandated by the
 Ontario government's Electricity Act, 1998. The Company is a wholly owned
 subsidiary of Hydro Ottawa Holding Inc., which in turn is wholly owned by the
 City of Ottawa. The Company is domiciled in Canada with the registered head
 office located at 2711 Hunt Club Road, Ottawa, Ontario, K1G 5Z9.
 Hydro Ottawa Limited is a regulated electricity distribution company that
 owns and operates electricity infrastructure in the City of Ottawa and the
 Municipality of Casselman and is responsible for the safe, reliable delivery
 of electricity to homes and businesses in its licensed service area. In
 addition to billing for distribution services, Hydro Ottawa Limited invoices
 customers for amounts it is required to pay to other organizations in
 Ontario's electricity system for providing wholesale generation and
 transmission services.
- BASIS OF PRESENTATION
- (a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared by management on a going-concern basis in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ['IFRS Accounting Standards'], and have been approved and authorized by the Company's Board of Directors for issue on April 23, 2024.

(b) Basis of measurement

The Company's financial statements are prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the valuation of other employee future benefits as disclosed in Note 3(i)(ii).(c) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency.(d) Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS Accounting Standards requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets, liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements.

Due to the inherent uncertainty involved in making such estimates, actual results could differ from estimates recorded in preparing these financial statements, including changes as a result of future decisions made by the Ontario Energy Board ['OEB'] or the Ontario provincial government. Management reviews its estimates and judgments on an ongoing basis using the most current information available. The financial statements have, in management's opinion, been properly prepared using careful judgment within reasonable limits of materiality and within the framework of the material accounting policies. Significant areas where estimates and judgments are made in the application of IFRS Accounting Standards are as follows:

i. Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable, which includes unbilled receivables, are reported based on the amounts expected to be recovered less a loss allowance for expected credit losses. Management utilizes historical loss experience and forward-looking information in conjunction with the aging and arrears status of accounts receivable at year-end in the determination of the allowance.

- 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION [CONTINUED]
- (d) Use of estimates and judgments [continued]
- ii. Regulatory balances

The recognition and measurement of regulatory balances is subject to certain estimates, judgments and assumptions, including assumptions made in the interpretation of the OEB's regulations and decisions. The Company continues to assess the likelihood of recovery of all regulatory debit balances subject

General Index of Financial Information Notes to the financial statements

to recovery through a future rate filing. The absence of OEB approval is a consideration in this evaluation.

iii. Useful lives of depreciable assets

Depreciation and amortization expense are calculated based on estimates of the useful lives of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment properties. Management estimates the useful lives of the various types of assets using assumptions and estimates of life characteristics of similar assets based on a long history of industry experience.

iv. Impairments of non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are reviewed by management for impairment using the future cash flows method. By their nature, estimates of future cash flows, including estimates of future capital expenditures, revenue, operating expenses, discount rates and market pricing are subject to measurement uncertainty.

Employee future benefits

The measurement of employee future benefits involves the use of numerous estimates and assumptions. Actuaries make assumptions for items such as discount rates, future salary increases and mortality rates in the determination of benefits expenses and accrued benefit obligations.

vi. Capital contributions

The timing of the satisfaction of performance obligations for capital contributions from customers is subject to certain estimates of future electricity usage.

- 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES
- On January 1, 2023, the Company adopted amendments within IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements related to the Disclosure of Accounting Policies. The changes required an entity to disclose material rather than significant accounting policies and provided guidance identifying material accounting policies relevant to users of the financial statements. Accordingly, management reviewed its accounting policies and updated the accounting policy information within this note to align with these amendments.
- (a) Regulation

The Company is regulated by the OEB under the authority of the Ontario Energy Board Act, 1998. The OEB is charged with the responsibilities of approving or setting rates for the transmission and distribution of electricity, and ensuring that distribution companies fulfill obligations to connect and service customers.

- 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES [CONTINUED]
- (a) Regulation [continued]

For fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, the Company continued to operate under a custom incentive rate-setting application ['Custom IR'] prescribed by the OEB. The Custom IR is one of the rate setting options contained in the Renewed Regulatory Framework for Electricity Distributors: A Performance-Based Approach policy.

Annual IR applications are required to set rates and charges for the 2022-2025 rate years. On August 17, 2023, the Company filed its Custom IR year 4 update application seeking approval to change its base distribution rates effective January 1, 2024. Rates are adjusted using a formulaic approach following the first year base rates. The 2024 rates are based on an update to the Company's custom price escalation factor, working capital allowance, and the Company's annual incremental capital stretch factor for capital-related revenue requirement. The Company's 2024 rates were approved by the OEB on December 14, 2023.

Once rates are approved, they are not adjusted as a result of actual costs being different from those that were estimated, other than for certain prescribed costs that are eligible for deferral treatment and are either

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collected or refunded in future rates.

In January 2014, the International Accounting Standards Board ['IASB'] issued IFRS 14 - Regulatory Deferral Accounts ['IFRS 14'], which permits rate-regulated entities to use its existing rate-regulated activities practices if and only if, in its first IFRS financial statements, it recognized regulatory deferral account balances by electing to apply the requirements of IFRS 14.

The Company has determined that certain debit and credit balances arising from rate-regulated activities qualify for the application of regulatory accounting treatment in accordance with IFRS 14 and the accounting principles prescribed by the OEB in the Accounting Procedures Handbook for Electricity Distributors. Regulatory debit and credit balances primarily represent costs that have been deferred because it is probable that they will be recovered in future rates, revenues that are required to be returned or collected to/from customers or balances that arise from differences in amounts billed to customers for electricity services and the costs that the Company incurs to purchase these services.Regulatory balances principally comprise the following:

- Regulatory asset/liability refund account ['RARA'/'RLRA'] consists of balances of regulatory assets or regulatory liabilities approved for disposition by the OEB through temporary additional rates referred to as rate riders.? Settlement variances relate primarily to the charges the Company incurred for transmission services, commodity, wholesale market operations and global adjustment in comparison to those settled with customers during the year. The nature of the settlement variances is such that the balance can fluctuate between assets and liabilities over time, and they are reported at year-end dates in accordance with rules prescribed by the OEB.
- ? Lost Revenue Adjustment Mechanism ['LRAM'] account tracks and disposes of lost electricity distribution revenues that result from Conservation and Demand Management ['CDM'] programs.
- ? Earnings Sharing Mechanism ['ESM'] variance account captures 50% of any regulated earnings above Hydro Ottawa's approved return on equity for specific rate periods.
- ? Other Post-employment Benefits deferral account ['OPEB deferral account'] was authorized by the OEB in 2011 to record the adjustment to employee future benefits other than pension relating to the cumulative actuarial gains or losses. This account is adjusted annually to record any changes in the cumulative actuarial gains or losses. No interest charges are recorded on this account as instructed by the OEB.
- ? Other Post-employment Benefits cash versus accrual account ['OPEB cash vs accrual] tracks the interest on the differential of the Company's contributions to OPEB versus the accrued OPEB expense recorded in the statement of income.
- ? Gain/Loss on Asset Disposal variance account is the difference between actual amount of gain/loss from disposal of fixed assets and the forecasted gain/loss.
- 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES [CONTINUED]
- (a) Regulation [continued]

Other variances and deferred costs include the following:

- ? Connection Cost Recovery Agreement ['CCRA'] account allows the Company to record annual revenue requirements related to the difference between forecasted payments built into rates and actual payments made to Hydro One Networks Inc. ['HONI'] under connection and cost recovery agreements.
- ? Capital Variance Account ['CVA'] account (excluding the System Access capital variance sub-account relating to plant relocation requested by third parties and residential expansion) is an asymmetrical variance account.

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Accordingly, the CVA tracks on an annual basis [for years 2021-2025], the cumulative revenue requirement difference resulting from the underspending in the Company's three capital spending categories: System Renewal/System Service, System Access, and General Plant. The System Access capital variance sub-account records the cumulative revenue requirement difference due to both overspending or underspending and is referred to as a symmetrical variance account.

- ? Performance Outcomes Accountability Mechanism account to return up to \$200 annually for each under-achieved target during the 2021-2025 custom incentive rate-setting period. The five targets impacted by this mechanism account are identified in the Company's settlement agreement.
- ? the OEB established a variance account for electricity distributors to record any material differences between OEB cost assessments currently built into rates, and cost assessments that will result from the application of the new cost assessment models.

The Company accrues interest on the regulatory balances as directed by the OEB.

The Company continues to assess the likelihood of recovery of all regulatory debit balances subject to recovery through a future rate filing. The absence of OEB approval is a consideration in this evaluation. If the requirement for a provision becomes more likely than not, the Company will recognize the provision in operating costs for the year. (b) Revenue recognition Depending on whether certain criteria are met the Company recognizes revenue from contracts with customers when it transfers control over a product or service to a customer either over time or at a point in time. For revenue from other sources, the Company recognizes revenue over time taking into consideration the facts and circumstances of the arrangement. Revenue is measured at the consideration received or receivable, excluding sales taxes and other amounts collected on behalf of third parties in the following revenue arrangements.i. Power recovery Power recovery revenue represents the flow-through of the cost of power to

Power recovery revenue represents the flow-through of the cost of power to the consumer as purchased by the Company and is recognized over time as electricity is delivered to the customer, as measured by meter readings or usage estimates. Power recovery revenue is regulated by the OEB and includes charges to customers for the electricity commodity, the transmission of electricity and the administration of the wholesale electricity system. The Company has determined that it acts as a principal in this revenue arrangement and therefore has presented it on a gross basis.

- 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES [CONTINUED]
- (b) Revenue recognition [continued]
- ii. Distribution

The Company charges customers for the delivery of electricity, based on rates established by the OEB. The rates are intended to allow the Company to recover its prudently incurred costs and earn a fair return on invested capital. Distribution revenue is recognized over time as electricity is delivered to the customer, as measured by meter readings or usage estimates.

Other revenue comprises revenue earned under contracts for service work related to distribution operations, pole attachment and duct rentals, capital contributions received from customers amortized to revenue, and other account-related charges such as account set-up and late payment fees. Revenue earned under contracts for service work related to distribution operations is recognized over time as the corresponding costs are recognized proportionately with the degree of completion of the services under contract. Losses on such contracts are fully recognized when they become evident. In certain situations, capital contributions are required from customers to

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finance additions to property, plant and equipment when the estimated revenue resulting from the addition to property, plant and equipment is less than the cost of providing the service or where special equipment is needed to supply the customers' specific requirements. Since the contributions will provide current and future customers with ongoing access to the supply of electricity, these contributions are classified as deferred revenue and amortized into revenue on a straight-line basis over time [the period a customer will receive services], which is typically equivalent to the rate used for the depreciation of the related property, plant and equipment [service life of the related assets]. All other revenues are recognized over time as services are rendered, except for revenue from certain accountrelated charges, which is recognized at a point in time. Capital contributions received from developers to construct or acquire property, plant and equipment for the purpose of connecting future customers to the Company's distribution network are considered out of scope of IFRS 15. Capital contributions received from developers are recognized as deferred revenue and amortized into revenue from other sources at an equivalent rate to that used for the depreciation of the related property, plant and equipment.

(c) Financing costs

Financing costs are calculated using the effective interest rate method and are recognized as an expense unless they are capitalized as part of the cost of a qualifying asset.(d)

Income taxes

The Company is considered to be a Municipal Electric Utility ['MEU'] and is required to make payments in lieu of corporate income taxes [PILS] as contained in the Electricity Act, 1998, as all of its share capital is indirectly owned by the City of Ottawa and not more than 10% of its income is derived from activities carried on outside the municipal boundaries of the City of Ottawa. The Electricity Act, 1998 provides that a MEU that is exempt from tax under the Income Tax Act (Canada) ['ITA'] and the Taxation Act, Ontario ['TAO'] is required to make, for each taxation year, a PILs payment to the Ontario Electricity Financial Corporation in an amount equal to the tax that it would be liable to pay under the ITA and the TAO if it were not exempt from tax.

- 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES [CONTINUED]
- (d) Income taxes [continued]

The Company follows the liability method for recording income taxes. Under the liability method, current income taxes payable are recorded based on taxable income. Deferred income taxes arising from temporary differences in the accounting and tax basis of assets and liabilities are provided based on substantively enacted tax rates that will be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse.

The Company recognizes regulatory balances for the amounts of future income taxes expected to be refunded to or recovered from customers in future electricity rates as prescribed by the OEB.(e) Financial instruments Financial instruments are initially measured at the fair value of the consideration given or received plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial instrument. The Company's financial assets, upon initial recognition, are classified as amortized cost or fair value [whereby subsequent changes in fair value are recognized either through OCI ['FVOCI'] or through profit and loss ['FVTPL'] as unrealized market adjustments]. Financial assets are classified based on the Company's business model for managing such assets and the contractual terms of the related cash flows.

The Company's financial liabilities, upon initial recognition, are classified as amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as FVTPL if

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it is classified as held-for-trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition.

The Company classifies and subsequently measures its financial instruments as follows:? Cash and accounts receivable are financial assets classified and

measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment if applicable.

- ? Working capital facility, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, customer deposits and notes payable are financial liabilities classified and measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount of consideration that would be agreed upon in an arm's-length transaction between willing parties. The Company's own credit risk and the credit risk of the counterparty are taken into account in determining the fair value of financial assets and liabilities. Financial instruments are classified using a three-level hierarchy. The levels reflect the inputs used to measure the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, and are as follows:
- ? Level 1: inputs are unadjusted quoted prices of identical instruments in active markets;
- ? Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- ? Level 3: inputs for the liabilities that are not based on observable market data [unobservable inputs].
- All financial assets except for those classified as FVTPL or FVOCI are subject to review for impairment at least at each reporting date. Impairment losses, if material, are recognized in net income. An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized.

The Company recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses ['ECL's] on financial assets measured at amortized cost. The Company measures loss allowances for electricity receivables, unbilled receivables relating to electricity and trade receivables via a simplified approach as permitted by IFRS 9, at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased, the Company performs a quantitative and qualitative analysis based on the Company's historical experience and forward-looking information. The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due. The Company considers a financial asset to be in default when the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Company in full, without recourse by the Company to actions such as realizing security.

- 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES [CONTINUED]
- (e) Financial instruments [continued]

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery.(f)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment consist principally of electricity distribution infrastructure, buildings and fixtures, land, rolling stock, furniture and equipment, and assets under construction.

Emergency capital spare parts that are expected to be used for more than one year, are considered to be assets under construction and are depreciated only once they are put into service.

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Self-constructed asset costs comprise all directly attributable expenditures to bring the

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asset into operation including labour, materials, employee benefits, transportation, contracted services and borrowing costs. Where parts of an item in property, plant and equipment are significant and have different estimated economic useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items [major components] of property, plant and equipment. Certain assets may be acquired or constructed with financial assistance in the form of contributions from customers and developers. Assets that are acquired from customers and developers are measured at fair value. Contributions from customers and developers are treated as deferred revenue.

The cost of major inspections and maintenance is recognized in the carrying

value of an asset provided that the Company will derive future economic benefits from the expenditure. The carrying amount of a replaced part is derecognized. The costs of day-to-day servicing, repairs, and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated service life of each component of property, plant and equipment.

Gains and losses on disposal of retired, sold or otherwise derecognized property, plant and equipment are recognized in income and are calculated as the difference between net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount of the asset

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed at each year-end with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Buildings and fixtures 10 to 75 years

Distribution assets 10 to 60 years

Equipment and other

Furniture and equipment 5 to 40 years

Rolling stock 7 to 15 years

Assets under construction and land are not subject to depreciation. Borrowing costs are capitalized as a component of the cost of self-constructed property, plant and equipment assets that take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use. The capitalization rate is the Company's weighted average cost of borrowing.

- 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES [CONTINUED]
- (g) Intangible assets

Intangible assets include land rights, capital contributions, computer software and assets under development.

Intangible assets with finite lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated service lives of the related assets.

Intangible assets are derecognized on disposal or when no further future economic benefits are expected from their use. Gains or losses on disposal of intangible assets are recognized in income and are calculated as the difference between net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount of the asset. The estimated useful lives and amortization methods are reviewed at

year-end with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Estimated service lives for intangible assets with finite lives are as follows:

Land rights 50 years

Computer software 5 to 13 years Capital contributions 45 years

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Borrowing costs are capitalized as a component of cost of self-constructed intangible assets that take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use. The capitalization rate is the Company's weighted average cost of borrowing.(h) Impairment of non-financial assets At the end of each reporting period, or earlier if required, management uses its judgment to assess whether there is an indication that the carrying amount of a non-financial asset [or cash generating unit, 'CGU'] exceeds its recoverable amount. A CGU is the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. This assessment involves the consideration of whether any events or changes in circumstances could have affected the recoverability of the carrying amount of a non-financial asset or CGU. Management considers various indicators including, but not limited to, adverse changes in the industry or economic conditions, changes in the degree or method of use of an asset, a lower than expected economic performance of an asset or a significant change in market returns or interest rates. If any indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount, which is the higher of an asset or CGU's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. If the carrying value of a non-financial asset materially exceeds its recoverable amount, the difference is immediately recognized as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment [within their respective CGUs] at least annually, and whenever there is an indication

that the asset may be impaired.

When determining the recoverable amount, the Company determines its value-in-use by discounting estimated future cash flows to their present value using a discount rate that reflects changes in the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or the CGU. The discount rate estimated and used by management represents the weighted average cost of capital determined for the CGU being tested.

At the end of a reporting period, if there is any indication that an impairment loss recognized in a prior period no longer exists or has decreased, the loss is reversed up to its recoverable amount. The carrying amount following the reversal must not be higher than the carrying amount that would have prevailed [net of amortization] had the original impairment not been recognized in prior periods.

- MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES [CONTINUED] 3.
- Employee future benefits (i)
- Pension plan i.

The Company provides pension benefits for its employees through the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System ['OMERS'] Fund [the 'Fund']. OMERS is a multi-employer pension plan that provides pensions for employees of Ontario municipalities, local boards, public utilities and school boards. The Fund is a defined benefit pension plan, which is financed by equal contributions from participating employers and employees and by the investment earnings of the

Although the plan is a defined benefit plan, sufficient information is not available to the Company to account for it as such because it is not possible to attribute the fund assets and liabilities between the various employers who contribute to the Fund. As a result, the Company accounts for the plan as a defined contribution plan, and contributions payable as a result of employee service are expensed as incurred as part of operating costs. The Company shares in the actuarial risks of the other participating entities in the plan, and its future contributions may therefore be increased due to actuarial losses relating to the other participating entities. In addition, the Company's contributions could be increased if other entities withdraw

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from the plan.

ii. Other post-employment benefits

Employee future benefits other than pensions provided by the Company include life insurance and a collectively bargained retirement grant. These plans provide benefits to certain employees when they are no longer providing active service.

Employee future benefits expense is recognized in the period during which the employees render services.

Employee future benefits are recorded on an accrual basis. The accrued benefit obligation and current service costs are calculated using the projected benefit method prorated on service and based on assumptions that reflect management's best estimates. The current service cost for a period is equal to the actuarial present value of benefits attributed to employees' services rendered in the period. Actuarial gains and losses resulting from experience different from that assumed or from changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in OCI. However, for the Company, these amounts are reclassified to a regulatory debit balance as prescribed by the OEB.

iii. Employee benefits

The Company provides short-term employee benefits, such as: salaries, employment insurance, short-term compensated absences, health and dental care. These benefits are recognized as the related service is rendered and is measured on an undiscounted basis. Short-term employee benefits are recognized as an expense unless they qualify for capitalization as part of the cost of an item of materials and supplies, property, plant and equipment, intangible assets. A liability is recognized in respect of any unpaid short-term employee benefits for services rendered in the reporting period.

- Customer deposits
- Customer deposits are cash collections from customers to guarantee the payment of energy bills and fulfillment of construction obligations. Customer deposits from customers to guarantee the payment of energy bills includes related interest amounts owed to the customers. Deposits estimated to be refundable to customers within the next fiscal year are classified as current liabilities and included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.
- 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES [CONTINUED]
- (k) Provisions and contingencies

The Company recognizes provisions when there is a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Provisions are remeasured at each balance sheet date. The evaluation of the likelihood of the contingent events requires judgment by management as to the probability of exposure to potential loss. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

A contingent asset is not recognized in the financial statements. However, a contingent asset is disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE 4.

2023 2022

> Ś Ś

Receivables from contracts with customers Electricity receivable 71,600 59,994 Unbilled receivables related to electricity

86.259 82,660

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Independent Electricity System Operator ['IESO'] receivable
                                                                        14.065
  9,742 Other receivables 7,261 8,813
    Amounts due from related party [Note 23] 11,308
                                                            12,268
     Less: loss allowance [Note 15(c)] (4,141) (4,007)
          186,352 169,470
     REGULATORY BALANCES
Information about the Company's regulatory balances is as follows:
    Remaining
                       Balances
                        arising in the Recovery/ Other
     recovery/
                 2022 year reversal movements(1)
    reversal
                                                                   2023
    [years] $ $
                            $
Regulatory debit balances
RARA 1-5 687 7,378
                                   949
                                           (73) 8,941

      Settlement variances
      1-5
      36,724
      10,279
      -
      (10,877)

      36,1260PEB cash versus accrual
      1-5
      3,218
      314
      -
      -

      Loss on asset disposal
      1-5
      148
      -
      -
      (148)
      -

                                                                           3,532
Regulatory asset for deferred
income taxes
Other variances and deferred (2)
82,622costs 1-5 1,498 (814)
116,513 25,541 949
                                         74,238 8,384
                                  (814) - (62) 622
                                         (11,160) 131,843
Regulatory credit balances
                                                (73) 1,277
- (10,877)
RLRA 1-5 1,148 1,794 (1,592) (73)
Settlement variances 1-5 17,033 (1,315) -
4,841ESM 1-5 1,467 74 - - 1,541
Gain on asset disposal 1-5
                                         1,241
                                                   _
                                                          (148)
                                                                    1,093
LRAM 1-5 105 2,951 -
OPEB deferral account 1-5 30
                                          - 3,056
                                         33
                                                             63
Other variance and deferred costs
1,902
1,248
- (62)
3,088
         21,685 6,026 (1,592) (11,160) 14,959
     REGULATORY BALANCES [CONTINUED]
5.
     Remaining recovery/ Balances arising in the
Recovery/
Other
     [years] $ $ $ $ clatory dehit }
                                                 movements(1) 2022
Regulatory debit balances
RARA 1-5 1,691 4,170 (1,600)
                                                (3,574)
                                                              687
                        1-5 13,453 23,049 222 -
1-5 5,561 (2,343) - -
                                                                      36,724
Settlement variances
OPEB cash vs accrual
                                                        - - 3,218
LRAM 1-5 967 - - (967)
Loss on asset disposal 1-5 - 484
                                                 - (336) 148
Regulatory asset for deferred income taxes
(2)
61,860
12,378
74,238
```

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```
Other variances and deferred
costs 1-5 2,842 (471) 7
                                       (880)
                                                 1,498
        86,374 37,267 (1,371)
                                       (5,757)
                                                116,513
Regulatory credit balances
RLRA 1-5 9,588 (5,441) 575
                                          (3,574) 1,148
                      1-5 12,850 4,411 (228) -
Settlement variances
ESM 1-5 2,126 (659)
Gain on asset disposal 1-5
                              - -
336 -
                                           1,467
                                            _
                                                  (336)
                                           105
                              - (967)
LRAM 1-5 - 1,072
OPEB deferral account 1-5 12
                                           - - 30
                                    18
Other variances and deferred costs
1-5
403
1,485
894
(880)
1,902
                  886
                         1,241
                                   (5,757)
         25,315
                                              21,685
(1) Other movements represent reclassifications of balances
(2) The balance is being reversed through timing differences in the
recognition of deferred income tax assets [Note 3(d)]
Details and descriptions pertaining to the regulatory debt and credit
balances are disclosed in Note 3(a) of these financial statements.
6. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT
Land and
Distribution
Equipment and
Assets under
     buildings
$
    assets
    other
    construction
$
    Total
$
   Cost
Balance at December 31, 2021
155,892
1,368,057
54,792
73,300
1,652,041
                               1,848 136,033 7,152 2,719 (3,300) (1,074) - (4,375) 157,739 1,500,790 60,870
    Additions, net of transfers
147,752 Disposals (1)
                                157,739
                                            1,500,790
   Balance at December 31,2022
76,019 1,795,418
Additions, net transfers 3,253 113,490 7,085 147,604 Disposals (14) (1,427) (591) -
                                                            23,776
                                                         (2,032)
   Balance at December 31, 2023 160,978 1,612,853
                                                          67,364
99,795 1,940,990
Accumulated depreciation
Balance at December 31, 2021
(15,933)
(250,752)
(26,789)
(293,474)
```

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                             (43,952)
                                           (5,381)
    Depreciation (3,475)
                                                            (52,808)
                    1,159
                                            2,023
                               864 -
    Disposals -
    Balance at December 31,2022
                               (19,408)
                                             (293, 545)
                                                          (31,306)
     (344,259)
    Depreciation
                               (46,002)
                                           (5,835)
                    (3,567)
                                                            (55,404)
                             528 -
                    726
    Disposals
                                           1,254
    Balance at December 31, 2023 (22,975) (338,821)
    (398,409) Net book value
At December 31, 2022
138.331
1,207,245
29,564
76,019
1,451,159
    At December 31, 2023
                          138,003
                                     1,274,032
                                                   30,751
1,542,581
During the year, the Company capitalized borrowing costs of $510\ [2022\ -
$677] to property, plant and equipment. The average annual interest rate for
2023 was 3.4% [2022 - 2.9%].
The Company has entered into non-cash transactions that have been excluded
from the statement of cash flows as detailed in Note 20. In addition, $12,105
[2022 - $7,587] of property, plant and equipment was contributed by
developers, the directly related liability of which is included in deferred
revenue.
During the year, the Company recognized a gain on disposal of property, plant
and equipment of $469 [2022 - loss on disposal of$1,239].
     INTANGIBLE ASSETS
Computer
Capital
Assets under
        Land rights
    software
Ś
    contributions
Ś
    development
    Total
Ś
Ś
    Cost
Balance at December 31, 2021
2,732
74,987
63,655
24,225
165,599
    Additions, net of transfers 507 4,779 20,238 (20,769)
4.755
    Balance at December 31, 2022
                                  3,239 79,766 83,893
                                                                3.456
 170,354
    Additions, net of transfers
                                  - 6,265
                                                (4,756) 2,280
                                  3,239 86,031 79,137 5,736
   Balance at December 31, 2023
 174,143
Accumulated amortization
Balance at December 31, 2021
(477)
(47, 116)
```

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(3,937)
(51.530)
                   (69)
                            (6,529)
                                       (1,918)
    Amortization
                                                           (8,516)
    Balance at December 31, 2022 (546) (53,645)
                                                           (5,855)
 (60.046)
            Amortization
                            (78)
                                     (6,622)
                                               (1,946)
                                                            -
                                                                     (8,646)
    Balance at December 31, 2023
                                    (624) (60,267)
                                                           (7,801)
 (68,692) Net book value
At December 31, 2022
2,693
26.121
78,038
3,456
110,308
    At December 31, 2023
                            2,615
                                       25,764
105,451
The Company is party to various Connection and Cost Recovery Agreements
['Capital contributions'] with Hydro One Networks Inc. ['HONI']. These
agreements govern the construction by HONI of new or modified transformer
stations for the purpose of serving the Company's customers, including
anticipated electricity load growth. All terms and conditions of CCRAs follow
the Transmission System Code [the 'Code'] issued by the OEB.
During the year, the Company capitalized borrowing costs of $184 [2022 -
$172] to intangible assets. The average annual interest rate for 2023 was
3.4% [2022 - 2.9%].
The Company has entered into non-cash transactions that have been excluded
from the statement of cash flows as detailed in Note 20.
     WORKING CAPITAL FACILITY
The Company has access to a $90,000 [2022 - $90,000] revolving demand credit
facility and a $500 [2022 - $500] commercial card facility available from
Hydro Ottawa Holding Inc. As at December 31, 2023, the Company has drawn
$10,310 [2022 -
$13,412] in bank indebtedness and $55,000 [2022 - $49,000] in bankers'
acceptances against this credit facility. The rate of interest is based on
the rate applicable to Hydro Ottawa Holding Inc.'s outstanding bankers'
acceptances drawn on that date. Otherwise, the rate of interest is based on
the Bank of Canada's 'Bankers Acceptances 1 month' rate, plus a Banker's
Acceptance Fee.
      ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES
9.
2023
2022
     Purchased power payable
                               87,382
                                          70,404
    Trade accounts payable and accrued liabilities
                                                      35,271
    Customer deposits 43,274 35,359
    Customer credit balances 14,451 13,137
     Due to related parties [Note 23] 7,106
                                                8,695
         187,484
                     164,229
In 2019, the Company conducted a true-up calculation in connection with one
of its cost recovery agreements with HONI as described in Note 21. The
Company determined that it was obligated to make up a shortfall and
accordingly set-up a provision. At December 31, 2021, the Company maintained
a provision of $3,400, which was included in accounts payable and accrued
liabilities. In 2022, the Company received the final CCRA calculation from
HONI, which required it to pay $2,509. The Company paid the $2,509 in 2022.
```

10.

DEFERRED REVENUE

```
2023
2022
         $
               $
                                           138,249
    Capital contributions from customers
                                                       123,998
    Capital contributions from developers
                                            151,884
                                                         132,838
                   256,836
         290,133
     Less: current portion
                              (8,399)
                                         (7,339)
         281,734
                    249,497
11.
EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFITS
      Pension plans
(a)
The Company's participating employer contributions under OMERS for the year
ended December 31, 2023 amounted to$5,340 [2022 - $5,721].
      Other employee future benefits
Employee future benefits are calculated using an annual compensation rate
increase of 2.0% [2022 - 2.0%] and a discount rate of 4.7\% [2022 - 5.1\%] to
calculate the liabilities. The valuations also include several other economic
and demographic assumptions including mortality rates. The mortality
assumption is based on the Canadian Pensioners' Mortality report published by
the Canadian Institute of Actuaries in February 2014.
      EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFITS [CONTINUED]
Information about the Company's employee future benefits other than pension
plans is as follows:
                                  2023
     2022
$
    Defined benefit obligation, beginning of year
                                                    11,526
                                                                14,376
    Current service costs
                           265
                                     407
    Interest on defined benefit obligation
                                              61.3
                                                      431
    Remeasurement of the defined benefit obligation
                                                              (557)
    Benefit payments (843) (788)
    Actuarial loss (gain)
                             314
                                      (2,343)
    Defined benefit obligation, end of year
                                               11,875
                                                          11,526
An actuarial extrapolation was performed as at December 31, 2023. As a result
of this exercise, the Company increased the accumulated liability by $349
[December 31, 2022 - decreased by $2,850 based on an actuarial valuation].
Significant changes in actuarial assumptions related to discount rates,
future health and dental costs, mortality rates and retirement age may affect
the valuation of the defined benefit obligation.
12. NOTES PAYABLE
The Company currently has the following unsecured promissory notes to Hydro
Ottawa Holding Inc.:
2023
        2022
$
     $
4.97% promissory note, due December 19, 2036
                                              50,000
                                                         50,000 4.14% for
the first five years [3.99% thereafter] promissory note, issued May 14, 2013
and dueMay 14, 2043 107,185 107,185
2.72% for the first five years [2.61% thereafter] promissory note, issued
February 9, 2015 anddue February 3, 2025 138,667
                                                     138,667
3.77% for the first five years [3.64% thereafter] promissory note, issued
February 9, 2015 anddue February 2, 2045 121,333
                                                      121,333
2.72% for the first five years [2.61% thereafter] promissory note, issued
June 25, 2015 and dueJune 25, 2025 15,999 15,999
3.77\% for the first five years [3.64\% thereafter] promissory note, issued
June 25, 2015 and due
June 25, 2045
                14,001
                           14.001
```

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2.66% promissory note, due October 16, 2029 87,500 87,500
3.21% promissory note, due October 16, 2049 162,500 162,500
3.57% grid promissory note issued July 5, 2021 and due on demand 80,000
80,000
4.94% grid promissory note issued August 9, 2022 and due on demand 30,000
30,000
4.56% grid promissory note issued July 6, 2023 and due on demand 30,000

12. NOTES PAYABLE [CONTINUED]

807,185

837,185

The grid promissory note facility bears fixed-rate interest based on the cost of long-term debt for Ontario's Regulated Utilities in accordance with the OEB's cost of capital calculations. Hydro Ottawa Holding Inc. does not intend to recall any amounts due on demand in 2024.

The promissory notes and the grid promissory note facility are subordinated and postponed to the obligation of the Company to a third party for the payment in full of any secured indebtedness and any and all security interests granted to secure such obligations of the Company.

13. CAPITAL DISCLOSURES

The Company's main objectives when managing capital are to:

- ? Ensure continued access to funding to maintain and improve the operations and infrastructure of the Company;
- ? Ensure compliance with covenants related to the credit facilities and senior unsecured debentures entered into by its parent company, Hydro Ottawa Holding Inc.; and
- ? Align Hydro Ottawa Limited's capital structure with the debt to equity structure recommended by the OEB. The Company's capital consists of the following:

2023

2022

2022

Working capital facility 65,310 62,412 Notes payable 837,185 807,185

Total debt 902,495 869,597

Shareholder's equity 466,113 437,315

Total capital 1,368,608 1,306,912

Debt capitalization ratio

65.94 %

66.54 %

The Company is in compliance with all financial covenants and limitations associated with its credit facilities and its long-term debt. The Company is deemed by the OEB to have a capital structure that is funded by 56% long-term debt, 4% short-term debt and 40% equity. The OEB uses this deemed structure only as a basis for setting distribution rates. As such, the Company's actual capital structure may differ from the OEB deemed structure.

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The Company met its capital management objectives, which have not changed during the year.

- 14. SHARE CAPITAL
- (a) Authorized

Unlimited number of voting first preferred shares, redeemable at one dollar per share Unlimited number of non-voting second preferred shares, redeemable at ten dollars per share

Unlimited number of non-voting third preferred shares, redeemable at one hundred dollars per share

Unlimited number of voting fourth preferred shares [ten votes per share], redeemable at one hundred dollars per share Unlimited number of voting Class A common sharesUnlimited number of non-voting Class B common shares Unlimited number of non-voting Class C common shares, redeemable at the price at which such shares are issued The above shares are without nominal or par

Holders of second preferred shares, fourth preferred shares and common shares are entitled to receive dividends as and when declared by the Board of Directors at their discretion.(b) Issued

2023 \$ 2022

154,789,001 Class A common shares

167,081 167,081

Any invitation to the public to subscribe for shares of the Company is prohibited by shareholder resolution.

No dividends were declared by the Board of Directors in 2023. [2022 - April 14, 2022, the Board of Directors declared a

\$7,500 dividend to the sole shareholder, Hydro Ottawa Holding Inc., which was paid on April 21, 2022].

Subsequent to year-end, the Board of Directors declared a \$11,500 dividend on April 23, 2024 on the common shares of the Company outstanding on December 31, 2023.

- 15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT
- (a) Fair value disclosures

The carrying values of the Company's financial instruments, except for notes payable, approximates fair value because of the short maturity and nature of the instruments. The fair value measurement of the financial instrument for which the fair value has been disclosed is included in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy [Note 3(e)].

The Company has estimated the fair value of the notes payable as at December 31, 2023 as amounting to \$765,259 [2022

- \$716,892]. The fair value has been determined based on discounting all future payments of interest and the principal repayment on January 1, 2024, at the estimated interest rate of 4.6% [2022 - 4.8%] that would be available to the Company on December 31, 2023.(b) Market risk

The Company is exposed to market risk, which is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices are comprised of three types of risks: interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk and commodity price risk.

- 15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT [CONTINUED]
- (b) Market risk [continued]

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(i) Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on its borrowings. The Company mitigates exposure to interest rate risk by fixing interest rates on its notes payable with its parent company. Under Hydro Ottawa Holding Inc.'s credit facilities, any advances on its operating line would expose the Company to fluctuations in short term interest rates related to prime rate loans and bankers' acceptances as all short-term financing requirements are obtained through its parent company, which passes on its borrowing costs. The interest rate risk is deemed to be low due to the immaterial cost of its short-term borrowings. For the most part, the borrowing requirements are for a very short duration as the advances serve to bridge gaps between the cash outflow related to the monthly power bill and the inflows related to the settlements with customers and, as such, there is very limited exposure to interest rate risk.

A sensitivity analysis was conducted to examine the impact of a change in the prime rate on the Company's advances from Hydro Ottawa Holding Inc. A variation of 1% [100 basis points], with all other variables held constant, would increase or decrease the annual interest expense by approximately \$588. The Company is also exposed to fluctuations in interest rates as its regulated rate of return is derived using a complex formulaic approach which is in part based on the forecast for long-term Government of Canada bond yields. This rate of return is approved by the OEB as part of the approval of distribution rates.

(ii) Foreign exchange risk

As at December 31, 2023, the Company has limited exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. The Company does purchase a small proportion of goods and services that are denominated in foreign currencies, predominately the US dollar. The impact of the fluctuation of foreign currencies on the gains or losses of accounts payable denoted in foreign currencies is not material.

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will default on its obligations, causing a financial loss to the Company. Concentration of credit risk associated with accounts receivable is limited due to the large number of customers the Company services. The Company has approximately 364,000 customers, the majority of which are residential. As a result, the Company did not earn a significant amount of revenue and does not have a significant receivable from any individual customer.

The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers and requires collateral to support non-residential customer accounts receivable on specific accounts to mitigate significant losses in accordance with OEB legislation. As at December 31, 2023, the Company held security deposits related to power recovery and distribution sales in the amount of \$14,336 [2022 - \$14,533] with respect to these customers.

The Company monitors and limits its exposure to credit risk on a continuous

The Company monitors and limits its exposure to credit risk on a continuous basis. The Company applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected

credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade and other receivables. The expected loss rates for trade receivables are based on the payment profiles of sales over a period of twelve months before December 31, 2023 or December 31, 2022 respectively and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced within this period and other information. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables.

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT [CONTINUED]

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```
Credit risk [continued]
(c)
On that basis, the loss allowance as at December 31, 2023 and December 31,
2022 was determined as follows for trade and other receivables.
Gross carrying amount
$
Weighted average loss rate
Loss allowance
Net carrying amount
December 31, 2023
Outstanding for 30 days or less
93.099
0.00 %
93,099
Outstanding for more than 30 days but not more than 120 days
                    4,630
19.67 % 1,134
Outstanding for more than 120 days
                                    5,371
                                               41.39 %
                                                          2,223
                                                                    3,148
                                             86,259
Unbilled receivables related to electricity
                                                         0.91 %
85,475 190,493
                                    186,352
                          4,141
December 31, 2022
Outstanding for 30 days or less
78,833
0.00 %
78,833
Outstanding for more than 30 days but not more than 120 days
13.66 % 1,183 7,478
                                    3,323
                                               64.67 %
                                                          2,149
                                                                    1,174
Outstanding for more than 120 days
                                                       0.82 %
                                              82,660
Unbilled receivables related to electricity
                                                                    675
81.985
         173,477
                          4,007 169,470
The following table reconciles the opening and closing loss allowance for
trade and other receivables:
                                         2023
    $
          $
Loss allowance, beginning of year
                                     4,007
                                              3,139
Net remeasurement of loss allowance
                                     2,323
                                                2,431
Write-offs (2,344)
                       (1,709)
Recoveries of amounts previously written-off
                                               155
                                                      146
Loss allowance, end of year
                              4,141
                                       4,007
Impairment losses on trade and other receivables are presented as net
impairment losses within the statement of income. When a receivable is deemed
to be uncollectible, it is written off and the expected loss allowance is
adjusted accordingly. Subsequent recoveries of receivables previously
provisioned or written off result in a reduction of impairment losses
included in operating costs in the statement of income.
As at December 31, 2023, there were no significant concentrations of credit
risk with respect to any class of financial assets or counterparties and the
Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying value of
accounts receivable less customer deposits held.
```

```
FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT [CONTINUED]
15.
(d)
       Liquidity risk
Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not meet its financial
obligations as they come due. The Company's parent, Hydro Ottawa Holding
Inc., manages all the financing and investing activities for the Company. The
Company has access to credit facilities with Hydro Ottawa Holding Inc. [Note
8]. These credit facilities are available to the Company to help meet its
financial obligations as they come due.
Liquidity risks associated with financial commitments are as follow:
Due within one year
Ś
2023
Due between one and five
vears
$
Due after five
vears
Working capital facility
                           65,310
                                          187,484
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities
Notes payable
4.97% promissory note, due December 19, 2036
4.14\% for the first five years [3.99% thereafter] promissory note, due
May 14, 2043 - - 107,185
2.72\% for the first five years [2.61% thereafter] promissory note, due
February 3, 2025
                   _
                        138,667
3.77\% for the first five years [3.64% thereafter] promissory note, due
February 2, 2045
                 - -
                              121,333
2.72% for the first five years [2.61% thereafter] promissory note, due
June 25, 2025 - 15,999
3.77% for the first five years [3.64% thereafter] promissory note, due
June 25, 2045 - - 14,001
2.66% promissory note, due October 16, 2029
                                                          87.500
3.21% promissory note, due October 16, 2049
                                                          162,500
3.57% grid promissory note issued July 5, 2021 and due on demand
80,000
4.94% grid promissory note issued August 9, 2022 and due on demand
30,000
4.56% grid promissory note issued July 6, 2023 and due on demand
30,000
                                                  77,461
Interest to be paid on notes payable
                                       28,979
                                                            270,989
    281,773
              372,127
                         813,508
      REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS AND OTHER SOURCES
The Company's revenue breakdown is as follows:
2023
Ś
2022
$
```

```
Revenue from contracts with customers
Power recovery and distribution
                                 587.499
General service (1) 604,514
Residential service (2) 420,648
Large Users (3) 61,513
                          63,576
   1,086,675
                 1,073,386
Other
Service work related to distribution operations
5,921
6.681
Pole attachment and duct rentals 3,874
Capital contributions from customers amortized to revenue
                                                          3,829
Account-related charges 3,349 3,304
Shared service agreements and miscellaneous 4,933 4,361
    21,906
             21,580
    1,108,581 1,094,966
Revenue from other sources
Other
                             901
                                     1,102
Investment property rentals
Capital contributions from developers amortized to revenue
                                                           4,126
                                                                     3,579
    5,027
           4,681
                 1,099,647
    1,113,608
(1) General service means a service supplied to premises other than those
receiving residential service and large users and typically includes small
businesses and bulk-metered multi-unit residential establishments. This
service is provided to customers with a monthly peak demand of less than
5,000 kW averaged over a twelve-month period.
(2) Residential service means a service that is for domestic or household
purposes, including single family or individually metered multifamily units
and seasonal occupancy.
(3) Large users means a service provided to a customer with a monthly peak
demand of 5,000 kW or greater averaged over a twelve-month period.
17.
      OPERATING COSTS
2023
2022
         Ś
    Salaries, wages and benefits
                                   72,570
                                             77,625
    Contracted services - distribution system maintenance
                                                           21,032
         Contracted services - customer owned plant 6,493 6,016 r electricity distribution costs 13,242 9,238
15,133
     Other electricity distribution costs 13,242
     Other general and administrative expenses 42,513 37,922
     (Gain) loss on disposals of property, plant and equipment (469)
                             (26,508)
1,239
        Capital recovery
                                         (28,632)
         128,873 118,541
      FINANCING COSTS
18.
2023
2022
         $
               Ś
    Long-term interest
                         28,278
                                    26,718
     Short-term interest and fees
                                   3,730 1,324
     Less: capitalized borrowing costs (694) (849)
         31,314
                   27,193
19. INCOME TAXES
Income tax expense recognized in net income comprises the following:
```

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```
2023
2022
$
Current tax expense
                                     (257)
                                                 754
Current income tax (recovery) expense
Deferred tax expense
Origination and reversal of temporary differences
                                                   8.574
                                                             11,625
Income tax expense recognized in net income 8,317 12,379
Income tax expense recognized in other comprehensive income comprises the
                        2023
Ś
     2022
$
Income tax effect of actuarial (loss) gain on defined benefit obligations
(113)
      845
19. INCOME TAXES [CONTINUED]
The provision for income taxes differs from the amount that would have been
recorded using the combined Canadian federal and Ontario statutory income tax
rates. A reconciliation between the statutory and effective tax rates is
provided as follows:
Federal and Ontario statutory income tax rate
2023
26.50 %
2022
26.50 %
Income before income taxes 37,115
                                       45,085
Income taxes at statutory rate
                                9,835
                                           11.948
Increase (decrease) in income taxes resulting from:
Permanent differences
                       65
                              57
Provision to tax return adjustment
                                     (316)
Current tax recovery from loss carryback
                                         (888)
Other
        (379)
                  374
8,317
         12,379
Effective income tax rate
22.41 %
27.46 %
The Company, as a rate-regulated enterprise, can recognize deferred income
tax assets and liabilities and related regulatory balances for the amount of
deferred income taxes expected to be refunded to, or recovered from,
customers in future electricity rates.
```

Significant components of the Company's deferred income tax liability are as

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```
follows:
2023
2022
          Ś
Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets
                                                     (94,999)
                                                                 (81,803)
Employee future benefits 4,281 4,156
Other temporary differences
                             8,090
    (82,628)
               (74, 167)
Movements in the deferred income tax (liability) asset during the year were
as follows:
                         2023
Ś
     2022
Ś
Deferred tax, beginning of year
                                 (74, 167)
                                              (61,697)
Recognized in net income (8,574) (11,625)
Recognized in OCI related to employee future benefits
                                                      113
Deferred tax, end of year
                           (82,628)
       INCOME TAXES [CONTINUED]
The Company's regulatory deferral account debit balance for the amounts of
deferred income taxes expected to be collected from customers in future
electricity rates is $82,622 [2022 - $74,238].
       CHANGES IN NON-CASH WORKING CAPITAL AND OTHER OPERATING BALANCES
2023
2022
Accounts receivable
                      (16,882)
                                   (3,601)
Prepaid expenses
                   (1,792)
                              (1,278)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities
                                          16,991
                                                     (7,956)
Net change in accruals related to property, plant and equipment
(1,553)Net change in accruals related to intangible assets (854)
                                                                    3,857
(2, 129)
          (10,531)
       CONTINGENT LIABILITIES
Purchasers of electricity in Ontario including the Company, through the
```

Independent Electricity System Operator ['IESO'], are required to provide security to mitigate the risk of their default based on their expected activity in the market. The IESO could draw on these quarantees if the Company fails to make a payment required by a default notice issued by the IESO. A prudential support obligation is calculated based upon a default protection amount and the distributor's trading limit less a reduction for the distributor's credit rating. As at December 31, 2023, the Company had drawn standby letters of credit in the amount of \$10,000 [2022 - \$10,000] against its credit facility to cover its prudential support obligation. The Company participates with other electrical utilities in Ontario in an agreement to exchange reciprocal contracts of indemnity through the Municipal Electrical Association Reciprocal Insurance Exchange. The Company is liable for additional assessments to the extent premiums collected and reserves established are not sufficient to cover the cost of claims and costs incurred. If any additional assessments were required in the future, their cost would be charged to income in the year during which they occur.

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The Company is party to connection and cost recovery agreements with HONI as described in Note 7. Each of the Company's CCRAs has a term of 25 years. To the extent that the cost of the project is not recoverable from future transformation connection revenues, the Company is obligated to pay a capital contribution equal to the difference between these revenues and the construction costs allocated to the Company. These agreements require periodic reviews whereby a comparison of actual to forecasted load is conducted, and a true-up calculation performed. When a true-up calculation shows the Company's actual load for the past period and updated load forecast for the future period are lower than the initial load, the Company is obligated to make up this shortfall. When the Company's actual load and updated load forecast are higher than the initial load, the Company is entitled to a rebate. HONI is expected to perform true-up calculations in years 5 and 10 and in year 15 if the difference between the actual incremental load and initial load at the end of year 10 is greater than 20%. Various lawsuits have been filed against the Company for incidents that arose in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the outcomes of the lawsuits, now pending, are neither determinable nor material. Should any loss result from the resolution of these claims, such losses would be claimed through the Company's insurance carrier, with any unrecoverable amounts charged to income in the year of resolution.

22. COMMITMENTS

The Company has \$119,368 in total open commitments for 2024 to 2030. This includes commitments relating to IT infrastructure management services, construction projects, and overhead and underground services.

23. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with related parties occur in the normal course of business, and are transacted at the amount of consideration determined and agreed to by the related parties. Trade amounts due from and to related parties are non-interest bearing, result from normal operations and are due within one year.

(a) Transactions with ultimate shareholder and its subsidiaries During the year, the Company earned revenue from the sale of electricity to the City of Ottawa and its subsidiaries, which is billed at prices and terms approved by the OEB, and earned other revenue totaling \$294 [2022 - \$364]. The Company also received \$4,235 [2022 - \$6,055] in contributions relating to the upgrade and/or expansion of the Company's existing electricity distribution infrastructure.

The Company incurred \$3,399 [2022 - \$3,298] in property taxes and \$nil [2022 - \$431] in conservation and demand management rebate costs, and purchased \$994 [2022 - \$1,269] in fuel, permits and other services during the year, which is included in operating costs. The Company also incurred \$55 [2022 - \$846] in building permit costs and development charges, which are included in property, plant and equipment.

At December 31, 2023, the Company's accounts receivable and customer deposits include \$8,605 [2022 - \$9,833] and

\$1,866 [2022 - \$1,711], respectively, while the Company's accounts payable and accrued liabilities include \$152 [2022 -

\$207] due to the City of Ottawa and its subsidiaries.

(b) Transactions with parent

During the year, the Company earned revenue of \$1,335 [2022 - \$1,386] relating to the provision of administrative and corporate services and interest charges.

The Company incurred \$6,437 [2022 - \$5,023] in operating costs related to the purchase of administrative and corporate support services that includes compensation for certain key management personnel, and \$3,717 [2022 - \$1,310]

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in short- term financing costs.

At December 31, 2023, the Company's accounts payable and accrued liabilities include \$2,980 [2022 - \$4,183] due in respect of the transactions described. The Company incurred \$28,278 [2022 - \$26,718] in financing costs during the year on its notes payable to Hydro Ottawa Holding Inc. described in Note 12 of these financial statements.

(c) Transactions with other related parties
During the year, the Company earned revenue from the sale of electricity to other related parties, which is billed at prices and terms approved by the OEB, and earned other revenue of \$4,062 [2022 - \$3,489]. The Company also received \$343 [2022 - \$326] in contributions relating to the upgrade and/or expansion of the Company's existing electricity distribution infrastructure. During the year, the Company purchased power of \$13,499 [2022 - \$23,732], acquired property, plant and equipment of \$2,200 [2022 - \$437], and incurred \$411 [2022 - \$233] in operating costs.

In 2023, the Company sold investment property to a related party for cash proceeds of \$523. No gain or loss was recognized on the transaction. 23. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS [CONTINUED]

(c) Transactions with other related parties [continued]
At December 31, 2023, the Company's accounts receivable include \$837 [2022 - \$724] due in respect of the transactions above while accounts payable and accrued liabilities include \$3,974 [2022 - \$4,305] due to other related parties.

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

SCHEDULE 100

GENERAL INDEX OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION - GIFI

Name of cor	poration			Business Number	Tax year-end Year Month Day
Hydro Otta	awa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee				2023-12-31
Assets – I	lines 1000 to 2599				
1060	186,352,000	1066	1,139,000	1484	6,172,000
1599	193,663,000	1680	160,978,000	1681	-22,975,000
1740	1,780,012,000	1741	-375,434,000	1900	479,000
2008	1,941,469,000	2009	-398,409,000	2010	174,143,000
2011	-68,692,000	2178	174,143,000	2179	-68,692,000
2420	131,843,000	2589	131,843,000	2599	1,974,017,000
Liabilities	- lines 2600 to 3499				
2620	187,484,000	2860	65,310,000	2960	8,399,000
3139	261,193,000	3140	837,185,000	3220	281,734,000
3240	82,628,000	3270	11,875,000	3320	33,289,000
3450	1,246,711,000	3499	1,507,904,000		
Sharehold	der equity – lines 3500 to 3640				
3500	167,081,000	3600	299,032,000	3620	466,113,000
3640	1,974,017,000				
Retained	earnings – lines 3660 to 3849			_	_
3660	270,234,000	3680	28,798,000	3849	299,032,000

Form identifier 100

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

SCHEDULE 125

GENERAL INDEX OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION – GIFI

Form identifier 125				
Name of corporation			Business Number	Tax year-end Year Month Day
Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa L	imitee			2023-12-31
- Description				
Sequence number 0003 01				
Revenue – lines 8000 to 8299				
	0000		0240	
1,117,944,000	8089	1,117,944,000	8210	469,000
1,118,413,000				
Cost of sales – lines 8300 to 8519				
	8518		8519	
878,410,000	6516	878,410,000	8319	239,534,000
Operating expenses – lines 8520	to 9369			
8570 8,646,000	8670	55,441,000	8740	31,314,000
9010 13,242,000	9060	72,570,000	9110	27,525,000
9270 -21,855,000	9284	16,005,000	9367	202,888,000
9368 1,081,298,000	9369	37,115,000		
Extraordinary items and taxes – I	ines 9970 to 9999			
9970 37,115,000	9990	-257,000	9995	8,574,000
9999 28,798,000				

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Canada Revenue Agency

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Net Income (Loss) for Income Tax Purposes

Schedule 1

<u></u> -1	
	Year Month Day
Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee	2023-12-31

- Use this schedule to reconcile the corporation's net income (loss) as reported on the financial statements and its net income (loss) for tax purposes. For more information, see the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide.
- All legislative references are to the Income Tax Act.

Net income (loss) after taxes and extraordinary items from line 9999 of Schedule 125	<u> </u>	28,798,000 A
Add:		
Provision for income taxes – current	-257,000	
Provision for income taxes – deferred	77,334	
Interest and penalties on taxes	10,037	
Amortization of tangible assets	55,441,000	
Amortization of intangible assets	8,646,000	
Loss on disposal of assets	635,382	
Charitable donations and gifts from Schedule 2 112	59,554	
Scientific research expenditures deducted per financial statements 118	5,408,723	
Non-deductible meals and entertainment expenses	106,683	
Other reserves on lines 270 and 275 from Schedule 13	6,796,232	
Reserves from financial statements – balance at the end of the year 126	4,140,541	
Subtotal of additions	81,064,486	81,064,486

Add:

Other additions:

	1 Description 605	2 Amount 295
1	Inducement under 12(1)(x) ITA	23,673
2	Employee Future Benefits expensed in F/S	877,700
3	Bonus accrual not paid in 180 days after the YE	65,272
4	Capital lease payment expensed in P&L	28,930
	Total of column 2	995.575

nn 2 995,575 **296** 995,575

82,060,061 110,858,061 B

995,575 D

Amount A **plus** line 500

Deduct:

 Capital cost allowance from Schedule 8
 403
 88,812,506

 Other reserves on line 280 from Schedule 13
 413
 6,775,541

 Reserves from financial statements – balance at the beginning of the year
 414
 4,006,232

Subtotal of deductions 99,594,279

99,594,279

Deduct:

Other deductions:

	1 Description 705	2 Amount 395
1	AFUDC [13(7.4) election]	694,333
2	Employee Future Benefits paid during the year	842,900
3	Deferred Revenue Amortization	7,725,415
4	IBM lease payment	102,253
5	ITC recorded in P&L	179,986

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2023-12-31

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

	1	2			
	Description	Amount			
	705	395			
6	Current SRED exp capitalized in acctg	4,643,539			
7	Prior year bonus true up - accounting	35,872			
8		0			
	Total of column 2	14,224,298	➤ 396	14,224,298	
	Su	btotal of other deduction	ns 499	14,224,298	14,224,298_E
		Total deduction	ns 510	113,818,577	113,818,577
Net in	come (loss) for income tax purposes (amount B minus line 51	0)			<u>-2,960,516</u> C
Enter a	amount C on line 300 of the T2 return.				

T2 SCH 1 E (19) Canadä

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Inducement

Federal

This form is used to calculate inducements that a corporation must add to its income under paragraph 12(1)(x) ITA. If an amount reduces the capital cost of a property, this amount will be indicated in Part "Tax credits whose amount should reduce the capital cost of property."

If you want to transfer an amount to Schedule 1 and include it in the corporation's income for tax purposes, select the corresponding check box in column A. You can also select the option **Select this check box to add all the amounts to income calculated in Schedule 1** to transfer all the amounts to Schedule 1. In either case, the column A check box will be selected for that amount and it will therefore be updated to Schedule 1.

Tax credits whose amount should be added to income

Α		
	Investment tax credit from apprenticeship job creation expenditures	6,000
X	Investment tax credit from child care spaces expenditures	
	Canadian film or video production tax credit*	
	* Please verify if the credit amount relates to depreciable property. For more information, consult the Help (F1).	
	Film or video production services tax credit*	
	* Please verify if the credit amount relates to depreciable property. For more information, consult the Help (F1).	
X	Investment tax credit claimed on contributions made to SR&ED farming organizations	
	Canadian journalism labour tax credit	
	Return of fuel charge proceeds to farmers tax credit	
	Air quality improvement tax credit*	
	* Please verify if the credit amount relates to depreciable property For more information, consult the Help (F1).	
Onta	rio	
Α		
X	Portion of the Ontario research and development tax credit that relates to the prescribed proxy amount (PPA) and portion of the Ontario investment tax credit that relates to contributions made to SR&ED farming organizations	23,673
	Ontario co-operative education tax credit	100,353
	Ontario computer animation and special effects tax credit*	
	* Please verify if the credit amount relates to depreciable property. For more information, consult the Help (F1).	
	Ontario film and television tax credit*	
	* Please verify if the credit amount relates to depreciable property. For more information, consult the Help (F1).	
	Ontario production services tax credit*	
	* Please verify if the credit amount relates to depreciable property. For more information, consult the Help (F1).	
	Ontario interactive digital media tax credit* * Please verify if the credit amount relates to depreciable property. For more information, consult the Help (F1).	
	Ontario book publishing tax credit	
X	Portion of the Ontario innovation tax credit that relates to the prescribed proxy amount (PPA) and portion of the Ontario investment tax credit that relates to contributions made to SR&ED farming organizations	
	Ontario business-research institute tax credit	
	Ontario community food program donation tax credit for farmers	

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2023-12-31

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Tax credits whose amount should reduce the capital cost of property



Canada Revenue Agence du revenu du Canada

Schedule 2

Charitable Donations and Gifts

Corporation's name	Business number	Tax year-end
		Year Month Day
Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee		2023-12-31

- · For use by corporations to claim any of the following:
 - the eligible amount of charitable donations to qualified donees
 - the Ontario, Nova Scotia, and British Columbia food donation tax credits for farmers
 - the eligible amount of gifts of certified cultural property
 - the eligible amount of gifts of certified ecologically sensitive land or
 - the additional deduction for gifts of medicine made before March 22, 2017
- All legislative references are to the federal Income Tax Act, unless stated otherwise.
- The eligible amount of a gift is the amount by which the fair market value of the gifted property exceeds the amount of an advantage, if any, for the gift.
- The donations and gifts can be carried forward for 5 years except for gifts of certified ecologically sensitive land made after February 10, 2014, which can be carried forward for 10 years.
- Use this schedule to show a transfer of unused amounts from previous years following an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary as described under subsections 87(1) and 88(1).
- Subsection 110.1(1.2) provides as follows:
 - Where a particular corporation has undergone an acquisition of control, for tax years that end on or after the acquisition of control, no corporation can claim a deduction for a gift made by the particular corporation to a qualified donee before the acquisition of control.
 - If a particular corporation makes a gift to a qualified donee pursuant to an arrangement under which both the gift and the acquisition of control is
 expected, no corporation can claim a deduction for the gift unless the person acquiring control of the particular corporation is the qualified donee.
- An eligible medical gift made before March 22, 2017, to a qualifying organization for activities outside of Canada may be eligible for an additional deduction.
 Calculate the additional deduction in Part 5.
- File this schedule with your T2 Corporation Income Tax Return.
- For more information, see the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide.

harity/Recipient	Amount (\$100 or more only)
Canadian Cancer Society		100
CanadaHelps CanaDon		100
The Ottawa Hospital		100
Heart & Stroke Foundation		100
The Ottawa Hospital		100
Anglican Diocese of Ottawa		100
United Way		200
Heart & Stroke Foundation		102
Algonquin College		5,000
My Tribute Gift Foundation		200
Canadian Tire Jumpstart Charities		200
Renfrew County South		400
United Way		49,602
Our Youth at Work Association		1,000
Ian Anderson House Foundation		250
Wabano Centre for Aboriginal Health		1,750
Canadian Cancer Society		200
	Subtotal	59,504
	Add: Total donations of less than \$100 each	50
	Total donations in current tax year	59,554

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

	Federal	Québec	Alberta
Charitable donations at the end of the previous tax year	27,550_1A	27,550	27,550
Charitable donations expired after five tax years*			
Charitable donations at the beginning of the current tax year (amount 1A minus line 239)	27,550	27,550	27,550
Charitable donations transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary 250	27,550	27,330	27,330
Total charitable donations made in the current year	59,554	59,554	59,554
(include this amount on line 112 of Schedule 1, Net Income (Loss) for Income Tax Purposes)			
Subtotal (line 250 plus line 210)	59,554 _{1B}	59,554	59,554
Subtotal (line 240 plus amount 1B)			87,104
Adjustment for an acquisition of control			
Fotal charitable donations available (amount 1C minus line 255)	87,104 _{1D}	87,104	87,104
Amount applied in the current year against taxable income			,
cannot be more than amount 2H in Part 2)			
enter this amount on line 311 of the T2 return)			
Charitable donations closing balance amount 1D minus line 260)	87,104	87,104	87,104
The amount of qualifying donations for the Ontario community food program donation tax credit for farmers included in the amount on ine 260 (for donations made after December 31, 2013)			
Ontario community food program donation tax credit for farmers (amount on line 262 multiplied by 25 %)	1		
Enter amount 1 on line 420 of Schedule 5, Tax Calculation Supplementary – Corpora s less: the Ontario income tax otherwise payable or amount 1. For more information			
The amount of qualifying donations for the Nova Scotia food bank tax credit for farmers included in the amount on line 260 (for donations made after December 31, 2015)			
Nova Scotia food bank tax credit for farmers amount on line 263 multiplied by 25 %)	2		
Enter amount 2 on line 570 of Schedule 5, Tax Calculation Supplementary – Corpora s less: the Nova Scotia income tax otherwise payable or amount 2. For more inform			
The amount of qualifying gifts for the British Columbia farmers' food donation tax credit included in the amount on line 260 (for donations nade after February 16, 2016, and before January 1, 2027)			
British Columbia farmers' food donation tax credit amount on line 265 multiplied by 25 %)	3		
Enter amount 3 on line 683 of Schedule 5, Tax Calculation Supplementary – Corpora s less: the British Columbia income tax otherwise payable or amount 3. For more int	ations. The maximum you ca formation, see section 20.1	an claim in the current yea of the British Columbia Ind	ar is whichever come Tax Act.
For federal and Alberta tax purposes, donations and gifts expire after five tax years	s. For Québec tax purposes	donations and gifts made	e in a tax vear

* For federal and Alberta tax purposes, donations and gifts expire after five tax years. For Québec tax purposes, donations and gifts made in a tax year that ended before March 24, 2006, expire after five tax years; otherwise, donations and gifts expire after twenty tax years.

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

ear of origin:			Federal	Québec	Alberta
st prior year		2022-12-31	27,550	27,550	27,550
nd prior year		2021-12-31			
rd prior year		2020-12-31			
th prior year		2019-12-31			
th prior year		2018-12-31			
th prior year*		2017-12-31			
th prior year		2016-12-31	_		
th prior year		2015-12-31	_		
th prior year		2014-12-31	_		
0 th prior year		2013-12-31	_		
1 th prior year		2012-12-31	_		
2 th prior year		2011-12-31	_		
3 th prior year		2010-12-31	_		
4 th prior year		2009-12-31	_		
5 th prior year		2008-12-31	_		
6 th prior year			_		
7 th prior year			_		
8 th prior year			=		
9 th prior year			_		
0 th prior year			_		
1 st prior year*		2002-12-31			
otal (to line A)			27,550	27,550	27,550
donations and	d Alberta tax purposes, donations and gifts gifts made in a tax year that ended before for year expire automatically in the current to	March 24, 2006, that	rior year expire automatically are included on line 6 th prior	in the current tax year. For year and donations and gifts	Québec tax purpose that are included
Part 2 – Ma	ximum allowable deduction for	charitable donat	ions —		
et income for to	ax purposes (Note 1) multiplied by 75	%			
vable canital c	gains arising in respect of gifts of capital pro	onerty included in Par	1 (Note 2) 225		
	gain in respect of a disposition of a non-qua		(Note 2) <u>223</u>		
xable capital c		,	007		
axable capital g nder subsection	n 40(1.01)				

Net income for tax purposes (Note 1) multiplied by 75 %	_2A
Taxable capital gains arising in respect of gifts of capital property included in Part 1 (Note 2) Taxable capital gain in respect of a disposition of a non-qualifying security under subsection 40(1.01) The amount of the recapture of capital cost allowance in respect of charitable donations Proceeds of disposition, less outlays and expenses (Note 2) 225 227	
Capital cost (Note 2)	
Amount 2B or 2C, whichever is less 235	
Amount on line 230 or 235, whichever is less2D	
Subtotal (add lines 225, 227, and amount 2D)2E	
Amount 2E multiplied by 25 %	_2F
Subtotal (amount 2A plus amount 2F)	_2G
Maximum allowable deduction for charitable donations (enter amount 1D from Part 1, amount 2G, or net income for tax purposes, whichever is the least)	_ _2H
Note 1: For credit unions, this amount is before the deduction of bonus interest payments and payments pursuant to allocations in proportion to borrowing made by the credit union that is otherwise deductible under subsection 137(2).	_
Note 2: This amount must be prorated by the following calculation: eligible amount of the gift divided by the proceeds of disposition of the gift.	

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Part 3 – Gifts of certified cultural property			
	Federal	Québec	Alberta
Gifts of certified cultural property at the end of the previous tax year	;	3A	
Gifts of certified cultural property expired after five tax years*			
Gifts of certified cultural property at the beginning			
of the current tax year (amount 3A minus line 439)			
Gifts of certified cultural property transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary			
Total gifts of certified cultural property in the current year 410			
(include this amount on line 112 of Schedule 1)			
Subtotal (line 450 plus line 410)	;	3B	
Subtotal (line 440 plus amount 3B)	;	BC	
Adjustment for an acquisition of control			
Adjustment for an acquisition of control			
(enter this amount on line 313 of the T2 return)			
Subtotal (line 455 plus line 460)	;	BD	
Gifts of certified cultural property closing balance (amount 3C minus amount 3D)			
 For federal and Alberta tax purposes, donations and gifts expire after five tax years ended before March 24, 2006, expire after five tax years; otherwise, donations and 			made in a tax year that

┌ Amount ca	arried forward – Gifts of certified cu	ıltural prope	rty ———		
Year of origin:			Federal	Québec	Alberta
1 st prior year		2022-12-31			
2 nd prior year		2021-12-31			
3 rd prior year		2020-12-31			
4 th prior year		2019-12-31			
5 th prior year		2018-12-31			
6 th prior year*		2017-12-31			
7 th prior year		2016-12-31			
8 th prior year		2015-12-31			
9 th prior year		2014-12-31			
10 th prior year		2013-12-31			
11 th prior year		2012-12-31			
12 th prior year		2011-12-31			
13 th prior year		2010-12-31			
14 th prior year		2009-12-31			
15 th prior year		2008-12-31			
16 th prior year		2007-12-31			
17 th prior year		2006-12-31			
18 th prior year		2005-12-31			
19 th prior year		2004-12-31			
20 th prior year	-	2003-12-31			
21st prior year*		2002-12-31			
Total	-				

^{*} For federal and Alberta tax purposes, donations and gifts included on line 6th prior year expire automatically in the current tax year. For Québec tax purposes, donations and gifts made in a tax year that ended before March 24, 2006, that are included on line 6th prior year and donations and gifts that are included on line 21st prior year expire automatically in the current tax year.

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

	Federal	Québec	Alberta
Gifts of certified ecologically sensitive land at the end of the previous tax year Gifts of certified ecologically sensitive land expired after tax years, or after 10 tax years for gifts made after	4	Α	
February 10, 2014*			
Gifts of certified ecologically sensitive land at the beginning of the current tax year (amount 4A minus line 539)			
Gifts of certified ecologically sensitive land transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary			
Total current-year gifts of certified ecologically sensitive land 520			
include this amount on line 112 of Schedule 1)			
Subtotal (line 550 plus line 520)	4	В	
Subtotal (line 540 plus amount 4B)		C	
Adjustment for an acquisition of control			
Amount applied in the current year against taxable income (enter this amount on line 314 of the T2 return)			
Subtotal (line 555 plus line 560)	4	D	
Gifts of certified ecologically sensitive land closing balance amount 4C minus amount 4D)			
For federal and Alberta tax purposes, donations and gifts made before February 1' expire after ten tax years. For Québec tax purposes, donations and gifts made dur otherwise, donation and gifts expire after twenty tax years.			

Year of origin:		Federal	Québec	Alberta
1 st prior year	 2022-12-31			
2 nd prior year	 			
3 rd prior year	 			
4 th prior year				
5 th prior year	 			
6 th prior year*				-
7 th prior year	 			
8 th prior year	 			
9 th prior year			·	-
10 th prior year	 			
11 th prior year*	2012-12-31			
12 th prior year	 2011-12-31	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
13 th prior year	 2010-12-31			
14 th prior year	2009-12-31			
15 th prior year	2008-12-31			
16 th prior year	 2007-12-31			
17 th prior year	 2006-12-31			
18 th prior year	2005-12-31			
19 th prior year	 2004-12-31			
20 th prior year	2003-12-31			
21 st prior year*	 2002-12-31			
T-4-1	 			

^{*} For federal and Alberta tax purposes, donations and gifts made before February 11, 2014, that are included on line 6th prior year and gifts that are included on line 11th prior year expire automatically in the current year.

The field "Amount of carried forward gifts made on or after February 11, 2014, in the tax year including this date" is used to distinguish the portion of the gifts made in the tax year straddling February 11, 2014, that expires after ten tax years, from the portion that expires in the current tax year.

For Québec tax purposes, donations and gifts made during a tax year that ended before March 24, 2006, that are included on line 6th prior year and gifts that are included on line 21st prior year expire automatically in the current tax year.

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Part 5 – Additional deduction for gifts of medicine —		0 "	A.II
	Federal	Québec	Alberta
dditional deduction for gifts of medicine at the end of the previous tax	year <u> </u>		
dditional deduction for gifts of medicine expired after five tax years* dditional deduction for gifts of medicine at the beginning of the			
urrent tax year (amount 5A minus line 639)	640		
,			
dditional deduction for gifts of medicine made before March 22, 2017 ansferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary	650		
dditional deduction for gifts of medicine made before March 22, 2017:			
Proceeds of disposition	602		
Cost of gifts of medicine made before March 22, 2017			
Subtotal (line 602 minus			
Amount 5B multiplied by 50 %			
Eligible amount of gifts			-
Additional			
deduction for gif	its		
Federal of medicine made			
before March 22	·		
$x = \frac{x}{c} = 2017 \dots$			
Additional			
deduction for gif			
Québec of medicine made before March 22			
x (b) = 2017	· ·		
\ c			
Additional deduction for gif	ite		
of medicine made			
Alberta before March 22			
x (<u>b</u>) = 2017			
\ c			
here:			
is the lesser of line 601 and amount 5C			
is the eligible amount of gifts (line 600)			
is the proceeds of disposition (line 602)			
Subtotal (line 650 plus	line 610)5D		
	ount 5D)5E		
Oubtotal (line 040 plus and			
djustment for an acquisition of control	655		
mount applied in the current year against taxable income			-
enter this amount on line 315 of the T2 return)			
,			
Subtotal (line 655 plus	line 660)5F		
dditional deduction for gifts of medicine closing balance			
mount 5E minus amount 5F) (Note 3)	680		

ended before March 19, 2007, expire after five tax years; otherwise, donations and gifts expire after twenty tax years.

Note 3: The amount at line 680 is not available for carryforward.

- Amounts ca	arried forward – Additional deduction for gifts o	f medicine ———		
Year of origin:		Federal	Québec	Alberta
1 st prior year	<u>2022-12-31</u>			
2 nd prior year	2021-12-31			
3 rd prior year	2020-12-31			
4 th prior year	2019-12-31			
5 th prior year	2018-12-31			
6 th prior year*	2017-12-31			
7 th prior year	2016-12-31			
8 th prior year	2015-12-31			
9 th prior year	2014-12-31			
10 th prior year				
11 th prior year	2012-12-31			
12 th prior year	2011-12-31			
13 th prior year	2010-12-31			
14 th prior year				
15 th prior year				
16 th prior year				
17 th prior year				
18 th prior year				
19 th prior year				
20 th prior year				
21 st prior year*	2002-12-31			
Total				

- Québec - Gifts of musical instruments	
Gifts of musical instruments at the end of the previous tax year	A
Deduct: Gifts of musical instruments expired after twenty tax years	B
Gifts of musical instruments at the beginning of the tax year	C
Add:	
Gifts of musical instruments transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary	D
Total current-year gifts of musical instruments	E
Subtotal (line D plus line E)	F
Deduct: Adjustment for an acquisition of control	G
Total gifts of musical instruments available	H
Deduct: Amount applied against taxable income (enter this amount on line 255 of form CO-17)	1
Gifts of musical instruments closing balance	J

^{*} For federal and Alberta tax purposes, donations and gifts included on line 6th prior year expire automatically in the current tax year. For Québec tax purposes, donations and gifts made in a tax year that ended before March 19, 2007, that are included on line 6th prior year and donations and gifts that are included on line 21st prior year expire automatically in the current tax year.

Year of origin:		Québec
1 st prior year	 2022-12-31	
2 nd prior year	 2021-12-31	
3 rd prior year	 2020-12-31	
I th prior year	 2019-12-31	
5 th prior year	 2018-12-31	
5 th prior year	 2017-12-31	
^{rth} prior year	 2016-12-31	
th prior year	 2015-12-31	
9 th prior year	 2014-12-31	
0 th prior year	 2013-12-31	
1 th prior year	 2012-12-31	
2 th prior year	 2011-12-31	
3 th prior year	 2010-12-31	
4 th prior year	 2009-12-31	
5 th prior year	 2008-12-31	
l6 th prior year	 2007-12-31	
l7 th prior year	 2006-12-31	
8 th prior year	 2005-12-31	
19 th prior year	 2004-12-31	
20 th prior year	 2003-12-31	
21 st prior year*	 2002-12-31	
Total		



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Corporation Loss Continuity and Application

Corporation's name	Business number	Tax year-end Year Month Dav
Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee		2023-12-31

- Use this form to determine the continuity and use of available losses; to determine a current-year non-capital loss, farm loss, restricted farm loss, or limited
 partnership loss; to determine the amount of restricted farm loss and limited partnership loss that can be applied in a year; and to ask for a loss carryback to
 previous years.
- A corporation can choose whether or not to deduct an available loss from income in a tax year. The corporation can deduct losses in any order. However, for
 each type of loss, deduct the oldest loss first.
- According to subsection 111(4) of the federal Income Tax Act, when control has been acquired, no amount of capital loss incurred for a tax year ending before
 that time is deductible in computing taxable income in a tax year ending after that time. Also, no amount of capital loss incurred in a tax year ending after
 that time is deductible in computing taxable income of a tax year ending before that time.
- When control has been acquired, subsection 111(5) provides for similar treatment of non-capital and farm losses, except as listed in paragraphs 111(5)(a) and (b).
- For information on these losses, see the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide.
- File this schedule with the T2 return, or send the schedule by itself to the tax centre where the return is filed.
- All legislative references are to the federal Income Tax Act.

Determination of current-year non-capital loss	
Net income (loss) for income tax purposes	-2,960,516 1A
Net capital losses deducted in the year (enter as a positive amount)1B	
Taxable dividends deductible under section 112 or subsections 113(1) or 138(6)1C	
Amount of Part VI.1 tax deductible under paragraph 110(1)(k)1D	
Amount deductible as prospector's and grubstaker's shares – Paragraph 110(1)(d.2)	
Employer deduction for non-qualified securities – Paragraph 110(1)(e)	
Subtotal (total of amounts 1B to 1F)	1G
Subtotal (amount 1A minus amount 1G; if positive, enter "0"	<u>-2,960,516</u> 1Н
Section 110.5 or subparagraph 115(1)(a)(vii) – Addition for foreign tax deductions	11
Subtotal (amount 1H minus amount 1I)	-2,960,516 ₁ J
Current-year non-capital loss (amount 1J plus amount 1K; if positive, enter "0") If amount 1L is negative, enter it on line 110 as a positive. Continuity of non-capital losses and request for a carryback	-2,960,516 <u></u> 1L
Non-capital loss at the end of the previous tax year	
Non-capital loss expired (note 1) Non-capital losses at the beginning of the tax year (amount 1M minus line 100)	
Non-capital losses transferred on an amalgamation or on the wind-up of a subsidiary (note 2) corporation	
Current-year non-capital loss (from amount 1L) 2,960,516	
Subtotal (line 105 plus line 110) 2,960,516 ▶	2,960,516 _{1N}
Subtotal (line 102 plus amount 1N)	2,960,516 10
Note 1: A non-capital loss expires after 20 tax years and an allowable business investment loss becomes a net capital loss after 10 tax years	rs.
Note 2: Subsidiary is defined in subsection 88(1) as a taxable Canadian corporation of which 90% or more of each class of issued shares are its parent corporation and the remaining shares are owned by persons that deal at arm's length with the parent corporation.	e owned by



── Part 1 – Non-capital losses (continued) — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		
Other adjustments (includes adjustments for an acquisition of control)		
Section 80 – Adjustments for forgiven amounts		
Subsection 111(10) – Adjustments for fuel tax rebate		
Non-capital losses of previous tax years applied in the current tax year		
Enter line 130 on line 331 of the T2 return.		
Current and previous years non-capital losses applied against current-year taxable dividends subject to Part IV tax (note 3)		
Subtotal (total of lines 150, 140, 130 and 135)		1P
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		2,960,516 1Q
Non-capital losses before any request for a carryback (amoun	iii 10 minus amount 17)	2,300,310 1Q
Request to carry back non-capital loss to:		
First previous tax year to reduce taxable income		
Second previous tax year to reduce taxable income	2,960,516	
Third previous tax year to reduce taxable income		
First previous tax year to reduce taxable dividends subject to Part IV tax		
Second previous tax year to reduce taxable dividends subject to Part IV tax		
Third previous tax year to reduce taxable dividends subject to Part IV tax	2,000,510	2.000.510
Total of requests to carry back non-capital losses to previous tax years (total of lines 901 to 913)	2,960,516	2,960,516 _{1R}
Closing balance of non-capital losses to be carried forward to future tax years (amount 1Q	minus amount 1R) 180	
Note 3: Line 135 is the total of lines 330 and 335 from Schedule 3, Dividends Received, Taxable Dividends F	Paid, and Part IV Tay Calculation	
Troce of Line 100 is the lotal of lines ood and ood from concedure of Dividence Tecerved, Taxable Dividence of	ala, and rait iv tax oaloalation	•
┌ Part 2 – Capital losses ────		
Continuity of capital losses and request for a carryback		
Capital losses at the end of the previous tax year		
Capital losses transferred on an amalgamation or on the wind-up of a subsidiary corporation . 205		
Subtotal (line 200 plus line 205)	>	2A
<u></u>		
Other adjustments (includes adjustments for an acquisition of control)		
Section 80 – Adjustments for forgiven amounts		
Subtotal (line 250 plus line 240)	>	2B
Subtotal (amou	nt 2A minus amount 2B)	2C
Current-year capital loss (from the calculation on Schedule 6, Summary of Dispositions of Capital Property)	210	
	2D	
Unused non-capital losses from the 11th previous tax year (note 4)	25	
Allowable business investment losses (ABILs) that expired as non-capital losses at the end of the previous tax year (note 5)	2E	
<u> </u>		
ABILs expired as non-capital losses: line 215 multiplied by 2.000000	220	
Subtotal (amount 2C plu	ıs line 210 plus line 220)	2F
Note	4	
If there has been an amalgamation or a wind-up of a subsidiary, do a separate calculation of the ABIL expire non-capital loss for each predecessor or subsidiary corporation. Add all these amounts and enter the total or		
		A allo alcondo al lin
Note 4: Determine the amount of the non-capital loss from the 11th previous tax year , and enter the part of the previous 11 years .	the non-capital loss that was no	t deducted in
Note 5: Enter the amount of the ABILs from the 11th previous tax year. Enter the full amount on amount 2E	<u>.</u>	
I control of the cont		

Part 2 – Capital losses (continued)					
Capital losses from previous tax years applied against the current-year net capi	ital gain (note 6)			225	
Capital losses before an	y request for a ca	ırryback ((amount 2F minus line	225)	2G
Request to carry back capital loss to (note 7):					
C	Capital gain (100%)		Amount carried back (100%)		
First previous tax year		951			
Second previous tax year	1,653,572	952			
Third previous tax year		953			
Subtotal (t	otal of lines 951 to	953) =		<u> </u>	2H
Closing balance of capital losses to be carried forward to future tax	years (amount 2	G minus	amount 2H) (note 8)	280	
Note 6: To get the net capital losses required to reduce the taxable capital gain amount from line 225 divided by 2 at line 332 of the T2 return.	included in the ne	et income	e (loss) for the current t	ax year, enter the	
Note 7: On line 225, 951, 952, or 953, whichever applies, enter the actual amouresult represents the 50% inclusion rate.	unt of the loss. Wh	nen the lo	oss is applied, divide t	his amount by 2. T	he
Note 8: Capital losses can be carried forward indefinitely.					
Part 3 – Farm losses					
Continuity of farm losses and request for a carryback					
Farm losses at the end of the previous tax year				3A	
Farm loss expired (note 9)		300			
Farm losses at the beginning of the tax year (amount 3A minus line 300)		302		-	
Farm losses transferred on an amalgamation or on the wind-up of a subsidiary	corporation .	305			
Current-year farm loss (amount 1K in Part 1)		310		_	
Subtotal	(line 305 plus line	· -			3B
		Subtota	al (line 302 plus amour	nt 3B)	3C
Other adjustments (includes adjustments for an acquisition of control)					
Section 80 – Adjustments for forgiven amounts					
Farm losses of previous tax years applied in the current tax year Enter line 330 on line 334 of the T2 Return.		330			
Current and previous years farm losses applied against					
current-year taxable dividends subject to Part IV tax (note 10)		335		_	
Subtotal (total of lines		· -			3D
Farm losses before any re	equest for a carryt	раск (ат	ount 3C minus amour	nt 3D)	3E
Request to carry back farm loss to:					
First previous tax year to reduce taxable income		921			
Second previous tax year to reduce taxable income		922			
Third previous tax year to reduce taxable income		923			
, ,					
Second previous tax year to reduce taxable dividends subject to Part IV tax Third previous tax year to reduce taxable dividends subject to Part IV tax		932 933			
-	otal of lines 921 to			>	3F
Closing balance of farm losses to be carried forward to		-	BE minus amount 3F)	380	
Note 9: A farm loss expires after 20 tax years .					
Note 10: Line 335 is the total of lines 340 and 345 from Schedule 3.					

Current-year restricted farm loss			
Total losses for the year from farming business		485	
(line 485 – \$2,500) divided by 2	_4A		
Amount 4A or \$ 15,000, whichever is less	>	4B	
	2,500	- 4C	
Subtotal (amount 4B plus amount	4C) 2,500	2,500	4D
	n loss (line 485 minus amour	nt 4D)	4E
·	(• '-
Continuity of restricted farm losses and request for a carryback Restricted farm losses at the end of the previous tax year		4F	
, ·		_ *1	
Restricted farm loss expired (note 11) Restricted farm losses at the beginning of the tax year (amount 4F minus line 400)	400		
Trocational tallitiosoco at the boginning of the tax your (amount in minus into 100)		·	-
Restricted farm losses transferred on an amalgamation or on the wind-up of a subsidiary corporation	405		
	410	-	
Enter line 410 on line 233 of Schedule 1, Net Income (Loss) for Income Tax Purposes.			
Subtotal (line 405 plus line 4	410)	.	4G
S	Subtotal (line 402 plus amour	nt 4G)	4H
_			
Restricted farm losses from previous tax years applied against current farming income Enter line 430 on line 333 of the T2 return.	430	-	
Section 80 – Adjustments for forgiven amounts	440	_	
Other adjustments	450	- -	
Subtotal (total of lines 430 to 4	450)	<u> </u>	. 4I
Restricted farm losses before any request for a carryba	ack (amount 4H minus amou	unt 4I)	4J
Request to carry back restricted farm loss to:			
First previous tax year to reduce farming income	941	_	
Second previous tax year to reduce farming income	942	<u> </u>	
Third previous tax year to reduce farming income	943	- -	
Subtotal (total of lines 941 to 9	943)	<u> </u>	.4K
Closing balance of restricted farm losses to be carried forward to future tax years (an	mount 4J minus amount 4K)	480	
Note			
The total losses for the year from all farming businesses are calculated without including scientific r	research expenses.		
Nicho AA. A contributed forms long coming of the OO Accounts			
Note 11: A restricted farm loss expires after 20 tax years .			

Part 5 − Listed personal property losses	
Continuity of listed personal property loss and request for a carryback	
Listed personal property losses at the end of the previous tax year	_5A
Listed personal property loss expired (note 12)	_
Listed personal property losses at the beginning of the tax year (amount 5A minus line 500) . 502	_
Current-year listed personal property loss (from Schedule 6)	510
Subtotal (line 502 plus lin	ne 510)5B
Listed personal property losses from previous tax years applied against listed personal property gains	_
Other adjustments	_
Subtotal (line 530 plus line 550)	_ > 5C
Listed personal property losses remaining before any request for a carryback (amount 5B minus amount	unt 5C)5D
Request to carry back listed personal property loss to:	
First previous tax year to reduce listed personal property gains	_
Second previous tax year to reduce listed personal property gains	_
Third previous tax year to reduce listed personal property gains	
Subtotal (total of lines 961 to 963)	_ _ 5E
Closing balance of listed personal property losses to be carried forward to future tax years (amount 5D minus amount 5E	580
Note 12: A listed personal property loss expires after 7 tax years .	

	2		3	4		5		6		7
Partnership account number	Tax year ending YYYY/MM/DD	share	ooration's of limited ership loss	Corpora at-risk a		Total of corpor share of partn investment tax farming losse resource exp	ership credit, s, and	Column 4 m column 9 (if negative, en	5	Current -year limited partnership losses (column 3 minus column 6)
600	602		604	60	6	608				620
					Tota	l (enter this amo	unt on l	ine 222 of Sche	dule 1)	
Limited partnership	losses from provi	ioue tav	voare that m	ay bo anni		•	on on	1110 222 01 00110	uui0 1)	
1	2	ous tax	3	4		5		6		7
Partnership account number	Tax year ending YYYY/MM/DD	partner at the previo and transfe amalg on th	imited reship losses end of the us tax year amounts erred on an amation or e wind-up subsidiary	Corpora at-risk a	ation's	Total of corpor share of partn investment tax business or pr losses, and re expense	ership credit, operty source	Column 4 m column 5 (if negative, en	5	Limited partnership losses that may be applied in the year (the lesser of columns 3 and 6)
630	632		634	63	6	638				650
Continuity of limited	d partnership loss	es that o	an be carrie	d forward t	to future	tax years				
1	2		3			4		5		6
Partnership account number	Limited partn losses at the the previous ta	end of	Limited pa losses trai in the yea amalgamat the wind- subsid	nsferred ar on an tion or on up of a	partne	nt-year limited ership losses m line 620)	losse the (mus or	ed partnership es applied in current year et be equal to less than line 650)	p closing forv (colu	urrent year limited artnership losses g balance to be carrie vard to future years umn 2 plus column 3 us column 4 minus column 5)
660	662		664	4		670		675		680
		Total	(enter this ar	mount on lir	ne 335 of	the T2 return)				
)										
u need more space, y	ou can attach more	schedu	les.							
t 8 – Election un	der naragranh	88/1 1)(f) —							
are making an electio		•	, , ,						190	Yes
case of the wind-up o		. ,.	•							n loss of the
liary—that otherwise values of the parent cor	would become the le	oss of the	e parent corp	oration for a	particul	ar tax year starti	ng after			
9										
election is only applic		ınder sul	osection 88(1)) that are re	ported o	n Schedule 24, F	First-Tim	ne Filer after Inco	orporatio	on, Amalgamation,

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Non-Capital Loss Continuity Workchart

Part 6 - Analysis of balance of losses by year of origin

Non-capital losses

	Ralance at	Balance at Loss incurred		Loss	Applied		
Year of origin	beginning of year	in current year	Adjustments and transfers	carried back Parts I & IV	Taxable income	Part IV tax	Balance at end of year
Current	N/A	2,960,516		2,960,516	N/A		
1st preceding taxation year							
2022-12-31		N/A		N/A			
2nd preceding taxation year							
2021-12-31		N/A		N/A			
3rd preceding taxation year							
2020-12-31		N/A		N/A			
4th preceding taxation year							
2019-12-31		N/A		N/A			
5th preceding taxation year							
2018-12-31		N/A		N/A			
6th preceding taxation year		1					
2017-12-31		N/A		N/A			
7th preceding taxation year							
2016-12-31 8th preceding taxation year		N/A		N/A			
2015-12-31		N/A		N/A			
9th preceding taxation year							
2014-12-31 10th preceding taxation year		N/A		N/A			
2013-12-31		N1/A		N1/A			
11th preceding taxation year		N/A		N/A			
2012-12-31		N/A		N/A			
12th preceding taxation year		IN/A		IN/A			
2011-12-31		N/A		N/A			
13th preceding taxation year		IN/A		IN/A			
2010-12-31		N/A		N/A			
14th preceding taxation year		IN/A		IN/A			
2009-12-31		N/A		N/A			
15th preceding taxation year		IN/A		IN/A			
2008-12-31		N/A		N/A			
16th preceding taxation year		14// (14// (
2007-12-31		N/A		N/A			
17th preceding taxation year		.,,,					
2006-12-31		N/A		N/A			
18th preceding taxation year		1,,,,		1.47.1			
2005-12-31		N/A		N/A			
19th preceding taxation year							
2004-12-31		N/A		N/A			
20th preceding taxation year							
2003-12-31		N/A		N/A			
Total		2,960,516		2,960,516			

 $^{^{\}ast}\,$ This balance expires this year and will not be available next year.

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Canada Revenue Agency

Agence du revenu du Canada

Tax Calculation Supplementary – Corporations

Schedule 5

Corporation's name	Business Number	Tax year-end Year Month Dav
Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee		2023-12-31

- Use this schedule if any of the following apply to your corporation during the tax year:
 - it had a permanent establishment in more than one jurisdiction
 - (corporations that have no taxable income should only complete columns A, B, and D in Part 1)
 - it is claiming provincial or territorial tax credits or rebates (see Part 2)
 - it has to pay taxes, other than income tax, for Newfoundland and Labrador or Ontario (see Part 2)
- All legislative references are to the federal Income Tax Regulations (the Regulations).
- For more information, see the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide.

100				_ Enter the regulation that a	oplies (402 to 413).	
A Jurisdicti (tick yes if your cor a permanent estat the jurisdiction du year) Not	poration had dishment in ring the tax	B Total salaries and wages paid in jurisdiction	C B multiplied by taxable income, divided by G	D Gross revenue attributable to jurisdiction	E D multiplied by taxable income, divided by H	F Allocation of taxable income (C + E x 1/2) Note 2 (where either G or H is nil do not multiply by 1/2)
Newfoundland and Labrador	003 Yes	103		143		
Newfoundland and Labrador Offshore	004 Yes	104		144		
Prince Edward Island	005 Yes	105		145		
Nova Scotia	Yes	107		147		
Nova Scotia Offshore	008 Yes	108		148		
New Brunswick	009 Yes	109		149		
Quebec	011 Yes	111		151		
Ontario	013 Yes	113		153		
Manitoba	015 Yes	115		155		
Saskatchewan	017 Yes	117		157		
Alberta	019 Yes	119		159		
British Columbia	021 Yes	121		161		
Yukon	023 Yes	123		163		
Northwest Territories	025 Yes	125		165		
Nunavut	026 Yes	126		166		
Outside Canada	027 Yes	127		167		
Total		129	3	169	1	

Note 1: Permanent establishment is defined in subsection 400(2).

Note 2: For corporations other than those described under section 402, use the appropriate calculation described in the Regulations to allocate taxable income.

Notes:

- 1. After determining the allocation of taxable income, you have to calculate the corporation's provincial or territorial tax payable. For more information on how to calculate the tax for each province or territory, see the instructions for Schedule 5 in the T2 Corporation - Income Tax Guide.
- 2. If your corporation has provincial or territorial tax payable, complete Part 2.
- 3. If your corporation is a member of a partnership and the partnership had a permanent establishment in a jurisdiction, select the jurisdiction in Column A and include your proportionate share of the partnership's salaries and wages and gross revenue in columns B and D, respectively.

T2 SCH 5 E (12/2023)

Canad'ä

┌ Part 2 – Ontari	o tax payable, ta	x credits, and rel	oates ———			
Total taxable income	Income eligible for small business deduction	Provincial or territorial allocation of taxable income	Provincial or territorial tax payable before credits	_		
	ome tax (from Schedu	,				
Ontario small busir	ness deduction (from S	Schedule 500)				54
			Subtotal (line 270	minus line 402)		5A
Ontario transitional	tax debits (from Sche	dule 506)		276		
Recapture of Ontai	rio research and devel	opment tax credit (fror	n Schedule 508)			
			Subtotal (line 27	6 plus line 277)	>	5B
Gross Ontario tax (ar	mount 5A plus amoun	t 5B)				5C
Ontario tax credit fo	or manufacturing and p	processing (from Sche	dule 502)	406		
	credit (from Schedule					
	n tax reduction (from S	·		410		
Ontario political co	ntributions tax credit (f	rom Schedule 525)		415		
	C	Ontario non-refundable	tax credits (total of li	ines 406 to 415)	>	5D
			Subtotal (amoun	nt 5C minus amount 5D) (if negative, enter "0")	5E
Ontario research and	I development tax cred	lit (from Schedule 508	,			
	·	•	,	d Ontario community fo		1
	r farmers (amount 5E		gative, enter "0")		<u></u>	
Ontario corporate mi	nimum tax credit (from	Schedule 510)			418	
Ontario community fo	ood program donation	tax credit for farmers (from Schedule 2)		420	
Ontario corporate inc	come tax payable (amo	ount 5F minus the tota	al of lines 418 and 42	0) (if negative, enter "0'	')	5G
Ontario corporate r	minimum tax (from Sch	nedule 510)		278	772,695	
Ontario special add	ditional tax on life insur	ance corporations (fro	m Schedule 512)	280		
			Subtotal (line 27	8 plus line 280)	772,695	772,695_ 5H
Total Ontario tax pay	able before refundable	tax credits (amount 5	G plus amount 5H)			
Ontario qualifying	environmental trust tax	credit		450		
Ontario co-operativ	e education tax credit	(from Schedule 550)		452	80,387	
Ontario computer a	animation and special	effects tax credit (from	Schedule 554)	456		
	evision tax credit (from					
	services tax credit (fro					
Ontario interactive	digital media tax credi	t (from Schedule 560)		462		
Ontario book publis	shing tax credit (from S	Schedule 564)				
Ontario innovation	tax credit (from Sched	ule 566)		468		
	esearch institute tax cr	•	•			
	portunities investment	•	,	<u>472</u>		
Ontario made man	ufacturing investment	•	•		90 397	90 397
		Ontario refundable	tax credits (total of li	ines 450 to 474)	80,387	80,387 _{5J}
1	able or refundable ta ount in brackets). Inclu	•	•		<u>290</u>	692,308
Summary ——						
_	c payable or refundable	e tax credits for all pro	vinces and territories	on line 255.		
	erritorial tax payable	•			255	692,308
If the amount on line	255 is positive, enter t	he net provincial and	territorial tax payable	on line 760 of the T2 re	eturn.	
If the amount on line	255 is negative, enter	the net provincial and	territorial refundable	tax credits on line 812	of the T2 return.	

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Canada Revenue Agence du revenu du Canada

Schedule 6

Summary of Dispositions of Capital Property

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Corporation's name	Business number	Tax year-end Year Month Day
Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee		2023-12-31

- Use this schedule if your corporation disposed of (actual or deemed) capital property or claimed an allowable business investment loss (ABIL), or both, in the tax year.
- All legislative references are to the federal Income Tax Act.
- Also use this schedule to make a designation under paragraph 111(4)(e) if control of the corporation has been acquired by a person or a group of persons.
- For more information, see the section called "Schedule 6, Summary of Dispositions of Capital Property" in the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide.
- If you need more space, attach additional schedules.

Designation under	paragrapn	111(4)(e)
-------------------	-----------	-----------

Are any dispositions shown on this schedule related to deemed dispositions designated under paragraph 111(4)(e)? 050 Yes No X If yes, attach a statement specifying which properties such a designation applies to.

In the various sections of this form:

- The abbreviation FS (for foreign source) is used to indicate the capital gain or loss arising from foreign property;
- The abbreviation **PA** (for passive asset) is used to indicate the capital gain or loss arising from the disposition of an asset other than an active asset of the corporation.

Part 1 - Shares -

- Part 3 - Bonds

1 Number of shares	2 Name of corporation in which the shares were held	3 Class of shares	Date of acquisition YYYYMMDD	5 Proceeds of disposition	6 Adjusted cost base	7 Outlays and expenses from disposition	8 Gain (or loss) (column 5 minus columns 6 and 7)		Α
100	105	106	110	120	130	140	150	FS	PA
			Totals						
Total adjus	tment under subsection 11	12(3) to all lo	E	column 8					
•	or loss from the disposition	. ,						Δ	

Part 2 - Real estate (Do not include losses on depreciable property)

Municipal address of real estate 1 = Address 1 2 = Address 2 3 = City 4 = Province, Country, Postal Code and Zip Code or Foreign Postal Code	
200 210 220 230 240	250 FS

Totals B

1 Face value of bonds	2 Maturity date YYYYMMDD	3 Name of bond issuer	4 Date of acquisition YYYYMMDD	5 Proceeds of disposition	6 Adjusted cost base	7 Outlays and expenses from disposition	8 Gain (or loss) (column 5 minus columns 6 and 7)	Δ
300	305	307	310	320	330	340	350	FS
			Totals					С

Description of other property	2		3	4	5	6	Α	_
Description of other property	Date acquis	ition	Proceeds of disposition	Adjusted cost base	Outlays and expenses from disposition	Gain (or loss) (column 3 minus columns 4 and 5)	_ ^	•
400	41	_	420	430	440	450		
400	211	2	420		440	450	FS	PA
Cambrian Land		\longrightarrow	523,077	523,077			ш	L
Note Other property includes capital debts, debcurrency transactions.		Totals _ e dispos	523,077 sition of a personal-us	523,077 se property per subs	section 50(2), and a	amounts that arise fro	D om fore	eigr
Part 5 – Personal-use property (D	o not include	listed	d personal prope	erty) ————				
1 Description of personal-use proper	ty Date acquis	ition	3 Proceeds of disposition	4 Adjusted cost base	5 Outlays and expenses from disposition	Gain only (column 3 minus columns 4 and 5; if negative, enter	A	
500	51	0	520	530	540	550	FS	PA
		Totals					E	—
Note You cannot deduct losses on dispositions from your income. Part 6 – Listed personal property	s of personal-use	_	(other than listed per	sonal property or a	debt that is a perso	onal-use property)		
1 Description of listed personal prope	erty Date acquis YYYYM	ition	3 Proceeds of disposition	4 Adjusted cost base	5 Outlays and expenses from disposition	Gain (or loss)* (column 3 minus columns 4 and 5)	A	
600	61	Ď	620	630	640	650	FS	PA
		Totals						
							1	
Unapplied listed personal property losses fro	m other years (an	= nount fro	om line 530 of Schedu		655	1		
	m other years (am isted personal pro y be applied agair tion of certain cert	nount fro	otal of column 6 minu I personal property ga	is line 655)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		. F	
Corporation Loss Continuity and Application) Net gains (or losses) from the disposition of I Note Net listed personal property losses can onl * Do not include gains arising on the disposi	m other years (am isted personal pro y be applied agair tion of certain cert formation.	nount fro perty (to nst listed	otal of column 6 minu I personal property gatural property to a de	is line 655) ains. signated cultural ins	stitution.		. F	
Corporation Loss Continuity and Application) Net gains (or losses) from the disposition of I Note Net listed personal property losses can onl * Do not include gains arising on the disposi See subparagraph 39(1)(a)(i.1) for more in	m other years (am isted personal pro y be applied agair tion of certain cert formation.	nount fro	otal of column 6 minu I personal property gatural property to a de	is line 655) ains. signated cultural ins	stitution.	7 Loss only (column 4 minus columns 5 and 6)	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	
Corporation Loss Continuity and Application) Net gains (or losses) from the disposition of I Note Net listed personal property losses can onl * Do not include gains arising on the disposi See subparagraph 39(1)(a)(i.1) for more in Part 7 – Property qualifying for al	m other years (am isted personal probability of the applied againtion of certain certiformation. md resulting in the acquisity of the acquisi	perty (to	otal of column 6 minu I personal property ga tural property to a des Illowable busines 4 Proceeds of	is line 655) ains. signated cultural ins ss investment 5 Adjusted	loss 6 Outlays and expenses from	Loss only (column 4 minus	FS	
Corporation Loss Continuity and Application) Net gains (or losses) from the disposition of I Note Net listed personal property losses can onl * Do not include gains arising on the disposi See subparagraph 39(1)(a)(i.1) for more in Part 7 – Property qualifying for al Name of small business corporation	m other years (am isted personal pro y be applied agair tion of certain cert formation. nd resulting in 2 Shares, enter 1; debt, enter 2 905 911	nount fro perty (to	ptal of column 6 minus I personal property ga tural property to a des Illowable busines 4 Proceeds of disposition	is line 655) ains. signated cultural ins ss investment 5 Adjusted cost base	6 Outlays and expenses from disposition	Loss only (column 4 minus columns 5 and 6)		
Corporation Loss Continuity and Application) Net gains (or losses) from the disposition of I Note Net listed personal property losses can onl * Do not include gains arising on the disposi See subparagraph 39(1)(a)(i.1) for more in Part 7 – Property qualifying for al Name of small business corporation	m other years (am isted personal pro y be applied agair tion of certain cert formation. nd resulting in 2 Shares, enter 1; debt, enter 2 905 911	perty (to	ptal of column 6 minus I personal property ga tural property to a des Illowable busines 4 Proceeds of disposition	is line 655) ains. signated cultural ins ss investment 5 Adjusted cost base	6 Outlays and expenses from disposition	Loss only (column 4 minus columns 5 and 6)		

Part 8 – Capital gains or losses			
Total of amounts A to F (do not include amount F if it is a loss)			н
		_	FS PA
Capital gains dividend received in the year			
Capital gains reserve opening balance (from Part 1 of Schedule 13, Continuity of	Reserves)	880	
	(amount H plus total of lines 875 a		1
Capital gains reserve closing balance (from Part 1 of Schedule 13, Continuity of	Reserves)		
Capital gains or losses, excluding ABILs (amount I minus line 885)		890	
Part 9 – Taxable capital gains and total capital losses			
	inclusion rate is restricted to only pa		J
Gain on the donation to a qualified donee of a share, debt obligation, or right lis a designated stock exchange and other securities under paragraphs 38(a.1)(i)			FS PA
Gain on the donation to a qualified donee of ecologically sensitive land under subsection 38(a.2)*	896		FS PA
Exempt portion of the gain on the donation of securities arising from the exchange of a partnership interest under subsection 39(a, 2).			FS PA
of a partnership interest under subsection 38(a.3) Subtotal (line 895 plus line 8)	·	a ▶	K
Exemption threshold at time of disposition The total of all capital gains from the actual disposition of the property	898	<u> </u>	FS PA
	Line 897 or line 898, whicheve	er is less	м
Taxable capital gains under section 34.2 (line 275 of Schedule 73, Income Inclusion Summary for Corporations that are Members of Partnerships)	x 2	= 899	
Subto	tal (total of amounts L and M plus l	line 899)	N
Allowable capital losses under section 34.2 (line 285 of Schedule 73, Income Inclusion Summary for Corporations that are Members of Partnerships)	x 2	= 901	
	Subtotal (amount N minus I	line 901)	0
Portion of the capital gain that is subject to a 100% inclusion rate per 100(1) **	x 2	= 902	FS PA
Total capita	al gains or losses (amount O plus l	line 902)	P
Taxable capital gains or total capital losses Total capital losses (if amount P is negative, enter amount P; if amount P is posenter amount Q on line 210 of Schedule 4.	sitive, enter "0")		Q
Taxable capital gains (if amount P is positive, enter the result of amount P multiplied by 50.0000 %; if amount P is negative, enter "0")			R
Do not include gains on donations of ecologically sensitive land to a private for	undation.		
Do not include any portion of the capital gain that is subject to the 50% inclusion	on rate. Enter any such portion in P	art 4.	

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Schedule 8

Corporation's name

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Capital Cost Allowance (CCA)

Corp	oration's name	Business number		Tax year-end ear Month Day
Ну	dro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee			2023-12-31
For	more information, see the section called "Capital Cost Allowance" in the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide.			
ls th	e corporation electing under Regulation 1101(5q)?			
Pa	ert 1 – Agreement between associated eligible persons or partnerships (EPOPs)			
Are :	you associated in the tax year with one or more EPOPs with which you have entered into an agreement under subsection 1104(3.3) of the Regulation	ns?	105	Yes X No
If yo	u answered yes , complete Part 1. Otherwise, go to Part 2.			
Ente	er a percentage assigned to each associated EPOP (including your corporation) as determined in the agreement.			
	percentage will be used to allocate the immediate expensing limit. The total of all the percentages assigned under the agreement should not exceed clated group has an immediate expensing limit of nil. For more information about the immediate expensing limit, see note 12 in Part 2.	d 100%. If the total is more tha	n 100%, t	nen the
	1	2		3
	Name of EPOP	Identification	number	Percentage assigned
		See no	te 1	under the agreement
	110	115	5	120
1.	Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee			100.000
2.	Hydro Ottawa Holding Inc./Societe De Portefeuille D'Hydro O ttawa Inc.			
3.	Energy Ottawa Inc./Energie Ottawa Inc.			
4.	Telecom Ottawa Holding Inc. / Societe De Portefeuille De Telecom Ottawa Inc.			
5.	PowerTrail Inc.			
6.	Moose Creek Energy Inc.			
7.	Chaudiere Hydro Inc. Hydro Chaudiere Inc.			
8.	Chaudiere Water Power Inc/Energie Hydraulique De La Chaudiere Inc			
0				
9.	2425932 ONTARIO INC.			
10.	2425932 ONTARIO INC.			
10. 11.	2425932 ONTARIO INC. CHAUDIERE HYDRO NORTH INC. EO GENERATION GP INC.			
10. 11. 12.	2425932 ONTARIO INC. CHAUDIERE HYDRO NORTH INC. EO GENERATION GP INC.			
10. 11. 12. 13.	2425932 ONTARIO INC. CHAUDIERE HYDRO NORTH INC. EO GENERATION GP INC. THE GANANOQUE WATER POWER COMPANY			
10. 11. 12. 13.	2425932 ONTARIO INC. CHAUDIERE HYDRO NORTH INC. EO GENERATION GP INC. THE GANANOQUE WATER POWER COMPANY EONY GENERATION HOLDING INC.			
10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15.	2425932 ONTARIO INC. CHAUDIERE HYDRO NORTH INC. EO GENERATION GP INC. THE GANANOQUE WATER POWER COMPANY EONY GENERATION HOLDING INC. EONY GENERATION LIMITED			
10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15.	2425932 ONTARIO INC. CHAUDIERE HYDRO NORTH INC. EO GENERATION GP INC. THE GANANOQUE WATER POWER COMPANY EONY GENERATION HOLDING INC. EONY GENERATION LIMITED 9927891 CANADA INC.			
10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16.	2425932 ONTARIO INC. CHAUDIERE HYDRO NORTH INC. EO GENERATION GP INC. THE GANANOQUE WATER POWER COMPANY EONY GENERATION HOLDING INC. EONY GENERATION LIMITED 9927891 CANADA INC. ENERGY OTTAWA CABLE TESTING SERVICES INC.			

T2 SCH 8 E (24) CORPORATE TAXPREP / TAXPREP DES SOCIÉTÉS - GE11 VERSION 2024 V1.0

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1	1	2	3
	Name of EPOP	Identification number	Percentage assigned
		See note 1	under the agreement
	110	115	120
19.	Envari Holding Inc.		
20.	Envari Energy Solutions Inc.		
21.	CHAUDIERE SERVICES INC./SERVICES CHAUDIERE INC.		
22.	CHAUDIERE FINANCIAL INC./FINANCIERE DE LA CHAUDIERE INC.		
23.	2725163 Ontario Inc.		
24.	Hiboo Networks Inc.		
		Tota	100.000
	Immediate expensing limit allocated to the corporation (see note 2)	125	1,500,000
Note	1: The identification number is the social insurance number, business number, or partnership account number of the EPOP.		
Note	2: Multiply 1.5 million by the percentage assigned to your corporation in column 3. If the total of column 3 is more than 100%, enter 0.		

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112	CCA calculation ———								
1 Class number See note 3	lass Description mber		2 Undepreciated capital cost (UCC) at the beginning of the year	Cost of acquisitions during the year (new property must be available for use)	Cost of acquisitions from column 3 that are designated immediate expensing property (DIEP) See note 5	5 Adjustments and transfers See note 6	Amount from column 5 that is assistance received or receivable during the year for a property, subsequent to its disposition	7 Amount from column 5 that is repaid during the year for a property, subsequent to its disposition See note 8	8 Proceeds of dispositions See note 9
200			201	203	232	205	221	222	207
1			134,303,381						
1b			80,476,697	2,161,747		-8.907			
2	Dist equip pre 88		38,707,996	, ,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
3	buildings pre 88		4,564,141						
8			7,575,974	464,422	464,422				
10			3,537,785	4,640,361	1,035,578				136,
12				3,650,229					
42			4,203,051	7,087		-4,766			
43.2	SOLAR ASSETS		50,599						
45			219						
47			652,628,794	74,405,981		-3,596			5,
50			413,275	811,280		-3,700			
14.1	Pre 2017 ECE		8,064,739						
14.1	Land Rights / Line connection		55,012,578	927,516		-5,704,098			
17	Parking Lot		1,875,232	286,801					
43.1	EV Charger			732,695					
		Totals	991,414,461	88,088,119	1,500,000	-5,725,067			142,7
1		9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Class number	Description	Proceeds of dispositions of the DIEP (enter amount from column 8 that relates to the DIEP reported in column 4)	UCC (column 2 plus column 3 plus or minus column 5 minus column 8)	UCC of the DIEP (enter the UCC amount that relates to the DIEP reported in column 4) See note 11	Immediate expensing See note 12	Cost of acquisitions on remainder of Class (column 3 minus column 12)	Cost of acquisitions from column 13 that are accelerated investment incentive properties (AIIP) or properties included in Classes 54 to 56 See note 13	Remaining UCC (column 10 minus column 12) (if negative, enter "0")	Proceeds of disposition available to reduce the UCC of AIIP and proper included in Classes 54 to 56 (column 8 plus column 6 minus column 14 minus column 17) (if negative, enter "0") See note 14
1			134,303,381					134,303,381	
	1		82,629,537			2,161,747	2,161,747	82,629,537	

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CORPORATE TAXPREP / TAXPREP DES SOCIÉTÉS - GE11 VERSION 2024 V1.0

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	1		9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	Class number	Description	Proceeds of dispositions of the DIEP (enter amount from column 8 that relates to the DIEP reported in column 4)	UCC (column 2 plus column 3 plus or minus column 5 minus column 6)	UCC of the DIEP (enter the UCC amount that relates to the DIEP reported in column 4) See note 11	Immediate expensing See note 12	Cost of acquisitions on remainder of Class (column 3 minus column 12)	Cost of acquisitions from column 13 that are celerated investment; incentive properties (AIIP) or properties included in Classes 54 to 58 See note 13	Remaining UCC (column 10 minus column 12) (column 12) (if negative, enter "0")	Proceeds of disposition available to reduce the UCC of AIIP and property included in Classes 54 to 56 (column 6 plus column 13 plus column 14 minus column 17) (if negative, enter '0') See note 14
3.	2	Dist equip pre 88		38,707,996					38,707,996	
4.	3	buildings pre 88		4,564,141					4,564,141	
5.	8			8,040,396	464,422	464,422			7,575,974	
6.	10			8,041,319	1,035,578	1,035,578	3,604,783	3,604,783	7,005,741	136,827
7.	12			3,650,229			3,650,229	3,650,229	3,650,229	
8.	42			4,205,372			7,087	7,087	4,205,372	
9.	43.2	SOLAR ASSETS		50,599					50,599	
10.	45			219					219	
11.	47			727,025,299			74,405,981	74,405,981	727,025,299	5,880
12.	50			1,220,855			811,280	811,280	1,220,855	
13.	14.1	Pre 2017 ECE		8,064,739					8,064,739	
14.	14.1	Land Rights / Line connection		50,235,996			927,516	927,516	50,235,996	
15.	17	Parking Lot		2,162,033			286,801	286,801	2,162,033	
16.	43.1	EV Charger		732,695			732,695	732,695	732,695	
		Totals		1,073,634,806	1,500,000	1,500,000	86,588,119	86,588,119	1,072,134,806	142,707

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732,695 88,812,506

1		17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Class number	Description	Net capital cost additions of AIIP and properly included in Classes 54 to 56 acquired during the year (column 14 minus column 16) (if negative, enter "0")	UCC adjustment for All/P and property included in Classes 54 to 56 acquired during the column 17 multiplied by the relevant factor)	UCC adjustment for property acquired during the year other than AIIP and property included in Classes 54 to 56 (0.5 multiplied by the result of column 13 minus column 4 minus column 8) (if negative, enter "0") See note 16	CCA rate % See note 17	Recapture of CCA See note 18	Terminal loss See note 19	CCA (for declining) balance method, the result of column 15 plus column 18 minus column 19, multiplied by column 20, or a lower amount, plus column 12)	UCC at the end of the year (column 10 minus column 23)
				224	212	213	215	217	220
1					4	0	0	5,372,135	128,931,2
1b		2,161,747	1,080,874		6	0	0	5,022,625	77,606,9
2	Dist equip pre 88				6	0	0	2,322,480	36,385,
3	buildings pre 88				5	0	0		4,335,
8					20	0	0		6,060,
10		3,467,956	1,733,978		30	0	0		4,383,
12		3,650,229			100	0	0	.,,	
42		7,087	3,544		12	0	0		3,700,
43.2	SOLAR ASSETS				50	0	0		25,
45		-			45	0	0		
47		74,400,101	37,200,051		8	0	0	12/200/220	665,887,
50		811,280	405,640		55	0	0		326,
14.1	Pre 2017 ECE	-			5	0	0		7,500
14.1	Land Rights / Line connection	927,516	463,758		5	0	0	,,	47,701,
17	Parking Lot	286,801	143,401		8	0	0		1,977,
42.1	EV Character	722 605	1 700 621	I .	l 20 l	ام	0	722 605	

1,709,621 42,740,867

732,695 86,445,412

Totals

Enter the total of column 21 on line 107 of Schedule 1. Enter the total of column 22 on line 404 of Schedule 1. Enter the total of column 23 on line 403 of Schedule 1.

16. 43.1 EV Charger

984,822,300

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- If a class number has not been provided in Schedule II of the Income Tax Regulations for a particular class of property, use the subsection provided in Regulation 1101. Note 3:
- Note 4
- If a class number has not been provided in Schedule II of the income lax Regulations for a particular class of property, use the subsection provided in Regulation 11V1.

 Include any property acquired in previous years that has now become available for use, net of any government assistance received or entitled to be received with the property in the class that are not subject to the 50% rule. See Income Tax Folio S3-F4-C1, General Discussion of Capital Cost Allowance, for exceptions to the 50% rule. Do not include any amount in column 3 in respect of property included in column 5 (see note 6).

 A DIEP reported in column 4 is a property acquired after April 18, 2021, by a corporation that was a Canadian-controlled private corporation (CCPC) throughout the year, which became available for use in the tax year (before 2024) and was designated as such on or before the day that is 12 months after the filing-due date for the tax year to which the designation relates. It includes all capital property subject to the CCA rules, if certain conditions are met, other than property included in Classes 1 to 6, 14.1, 17, 47, 49, and 51.A property can only qualify as DIEP in the year in which it becomes available for use. See subsection 1104(3.1) of the Regulations for more information. Note 5:
- Tendinations for more information.

 Enter in column 5, "Adjustments and transfers", amounts that increase or reduce the UCC (column 10), Items that increase the UCC include amounts transferred under section 85, or transferred on amalgamation or winding-up of a subsidiary, Items that reduce the UCC (show amounts that reduce the UCC in brackets) include assistance received or receivable during the year for a property, subsequent to its disposition, if such assistance would have decreased the capital cost of the property by virtue of paragraph 13(7.1)(f). See the T2 Corporation income Tax Guide for other examples of adjustments and transfers to include in column 5.

 Also include property acquired in a non-arm's length transaction (other than by virtue of a right referred to in paragraph 251(5)(b) of the Act) if the property was a depreciable property acquired by the transferor at least 364 days before the end of your tax year and continuously owned by the transferor until it was acquired by you.

 Include all amounts of assistance you received (or were entitled to receive) after the disposition of a depreciable property that would have decreased the capital cost of the property by virtue of paragraph 13(7.1)(f) if received before the disposition. Note 6:
- Note 7:

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Part 2 - CCA calculation (continued)

- Include all amounts you have repaid during the year for any legally required repayment, made after the disposition of a corresponding property, of:
 - _ assistance that would have otherwise increased the capital cost of the property under paragraph 13(7.1)(d) and

 - an inducement, assistance, or any other amount contemplated in paragraph 12(1)(x) received, that otherwise would have increased the capital cost of the property under paragraph 13(7.4)(b) Include the UCC of each property of a prescribed class acquired in the course of a corporate reorganization described under paragraph 55(3)(b) of the Act (also known as "butterfly reorganization") or include property acquired in a non-arm's length transaction (other than by virtue of a right referred to in paragraph 251(5)(b) of the Act) if the property was a depreciable property acquired by the transferor less than 364 days before the end of your tax year and continuously owned by the transferor until it was acquired by you.
- For each property disposed of during the year, deduct from the proceeds of disposition any outlays and expenses to the extent that they were made or incurred for the purpose of making the disposition(s). The amount reported in respect of the property cannot exceed Note 9:
- Note 10: If the amount in column 5 (as shown in brackets) reduces the undepreciated capital cost, you must subtract it for the purposes of the calculation. Otherwise, add the amount in column 5 for the purposes of the calculation
- Note 11: The amount to enter in column 11 must not exceed the amount in column 10 column 10 lift does, enter in column 11 the amount from column 10 lift he amount from column 10 lift he
 - - 1. Immediate expensing limit: it is equal to one of the following five amounts, whichever is applicable:

 - \$1.5 million, if you are not associated with any other EPOP in the tax year

 amount from line 125, if you are associated in the tax year with one or more EPOPs

 mil, if the total of the percentages assigned in Part 1 is more than 100% or you are associated in the tax year with one or more EPOPs and have not filed an agreement in prescribed form as required under subsection 1104(3.3) of the Regulations
 - of the Kegulations

 the amount determined under subsection 1104(3.5) of the Regulations for any second or subsequent tax years ending in a calendar year, if you have two or more tax years ending in the calendar year in which you are associated with another EPOP that has a tax year ending in that calendar year
 any amount allocated by the minister under subsection 1104(3.4) of the Regulations

 The immediate expensing limit has to be prorated if your tax year is less than 365 days. You cannot carry forward any unused amount of the immediate expensing limit.

 2. UCC of the DIEP: total of column 11

 You have to maintain the CCPC status throughout the relevant tax year in order to claim the immediate expensing.
- Note 13: An AIIP is a property (other than property included in Classes 54 to 56) that you acquired after November 20, 2018, and that became available for use before 2028.
 Classes 54 and 55 include zero-emission automotive equipment and vehicles (other than motor vehicles) that are acquired after March 1, 2020, and that became available for use before 2028.
 Class 56 applies to eligible zero-emission automotive equipment and vehicles (other than motor vehicles) that are acquired after March 1, 2020, and that became available for use before 2028.
 - See the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide for more information
- Note 14: Include only elements from columns 6 and 7 that are not related to the DIEP.
- Note 15: The relevant factors for property of a class in Schedule II, that is an AIIP or included in Classes 54 to 56, available for use respectively before 2024 are:
 _ 2 1/3 for property in Classes 43.1, 54, and 56

 - _ 1 1/2 for property in Class 55

 - 1 for property in Classes 43.2 and 53
 0 for property in Classes 12, 13, 14, 15, and 59, as well as properties that are Canadian vessels included in paragraph 1100(1)(v) of the Regulations (see note 20 for additional information) and
 - _ 0.5 for all other property that is an AIIP

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Part 2 - CCA calculation (continued)

- Note 16: The UCC adjustment for property acquired during the year (also known as the half-year rule or 50% rule) does not apply to certain property (including AIIP and property included in Classes 54 to 56). Include only elements from columns 6 and 7 that are not related to the DIEP.

 For special rules and exceptions, see Income Tax Folio S3F4-C1, General Discussion of Capital Cost Allowance.

 Note 17: Enter a rate only if you are using the declining balance method. For any other method (for example, the straight-line method, where calculations are always based on the cost of acquisitions), enter N/A. Then enter the amount you are claiming in column 23.
- Note 19: If no property is left in the class at the end of the tax year and there is still a positive amount in the column 10, you have a terminal loss. If applicable, enter the positive amount from column 10 in registre, which is not apply to passenger vehicles in Class 10.1.

 Note 19: If no property is left in the class at the end of the tax year and there is still a positive amount in the column 10, you have a terminal loss. If applicable, enter the positive amount from column 10 in column 22. The terminal loss rules do not apply to:
 - passenger vehicles in Class 10.1

 - property in Class 14.1, unless you have ceased carrying on the business to which it relates
 limited-period franchises, concessions, or licences in Class 14 if, at the time of acquisition, the property was a former property of the transferor or any similar property attributable to the same fixed place of business, and you had jointly elected with the transferor to have the replacement property rules apply, unless certain conditions are met
- Note 20: If the tax year is shorter than 365 days, prorate the CCA claim. Some classes of property do not have to be prorated. See the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide for more information. For property in class 10.1 disposed of during the year, deduct a maximum of 50% of the regular CCA deduction if you owned the property at the beginning of the tax year. For AlIP listed below, the maximum first year allowance you can claim is determined as follows:

 Class 13: the lesser of 150% of the amount calculated in Schedule III of the Regulations and the UCC at the end of the tax year (before any CCA deduction)

 - Class 14: the lesser of 150% of the allocation for the year of the capital cost of the property apportioned over the remaining life of the property (at the time the cost was incurred) and the UCC at the end of the tax year (before any CCA deduction)

 Class 15: the lesser of 150% of an amount computed on the basis of a rate per cord, board foot, or cubic metre cut in the tax year and the UCC at the end of the tax year (before any CCA deduction)

 - Canadian vessels described under paragraph 1100(1)(v) of the Regulations: the lesser of 50% of the capital cost of the property and the UCC at the end of the tax year (before any CCA deduction)

 - _ Class 41.2: use a 25% CCA rate. The additional allowance under paragraphs 1100(1)(y.2) (for single mine properties) and 1100(1)(ya.2) (for multiple mine properties) of the Regulations is not eligible for the accelerated investment incentive. The additional allowance in respect of natural gas liquefaction under paragraph 1100(1)(yb) of the Regulations is eligible for the accelerated investment incentive. The AIIP also apply to property (other than a timber resource property) that is a timber limit or a right to cut timber from a limit as well as to industrial mineral mine or a right to remove minerals from an industrial mineral mine. See the Income Tax Regulations for more detail.

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RELATED AND ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

SCHEDULE 9

Name of corporation	Business Number	Tax year end Year Month Day
Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee		2023-12-31

- Complete this schedule if the corporation is related to or associated with at least one other corporation.
- For more information, see the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide.

	Name	Country of resi- dence (other than Canada)	Business number (see note 1)	Relationship code (see note 2)	Number of common shares you own	% of common shares you own	Number of preferred shares you own	% of preferred shares you own	Book value of capital stock
	100	200	300	400	500	550	600	650	700
1.	Hydro Ottawa Holding Inc./Societe			1					
2.	Energy Ottawa Inc./Energie Ottawa			3					
3.	Telecom Ottawa Holding Inc. / Soci			3					
4.	PowerTrail Inc.			3					
5.	Moose Creek Energy Inc.			3					
6.	Chaudiere Hydro Inc. Hydro Chaud			3					
7.	Chaudiere Water Power Inc/Energie		1	3					
8.	2425932 ONTARIO INC.			3					
9.	CHAUDIERE HYDRO NORTH INC.			3					
10.	EO GENERATION GP INC.			3					
11.	THE GANANOQUE WATER POWER			3					
12.	EONY GENERATION HOLDING INC.	US		3					
13.	EONY GENERATION LIMITED	US		3					
14.	9927891 CANADA INC.			3					
15.	ENERGY OTTAWA CABLE TESTING			3					
16.	HULL ENERGY GP INC.			3					
17.	Smart City Lighting Inc.			3					
18.	Envari Holding Inc.			3					
19.	Envari Energy Solutions Inc.			3					
20.	CHAUDIERE SERVICES INC./SERVI			3					
21.	CHAUDIERE FINANCIAL INC./FINAI			3					
22.	2725163 Ontario Inc.			3					
23.	Hiboo Networks Inc.			3					
24.									
25.									
26.									

Note 1: Enter "NR" if the corporation is not registered or does not have a business number.

Note 2: Enter the code number of the relationship that applies from the following order: 1 - Parent 2 - Subsidiary 3 - Associated 4 - Related but not associated

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Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Schedule 13

Canada Revenue Agence du revenu du Canada

Continuity of Reserves

Name of corporation	Business number	Tax year end Year Month Day
Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee		2023-12-31

- For use by corporations to provide a continuity of all reserves claimed which are allowed for tax purposes.
- File one completed copy of this schedule with the corporation's T2 Corporation Income Tax Return.
- For more information, see the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide.

- Part 1 - Capital gains reserves

	Description of property 001	Balance at the beginning of the year \$	Transfer on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary \$	Add \$	Deduct \$	Balance at the end of the year \$
1						
	Totals		009			010

The amount from line 008 **plus** the amount from line 009 should be entered on line 880 of Schedule 6, Summary of Dispositions of Capital Property. The amount from line 010 should be entered on line 885 of Schedule 6.

□ Part 2 – Other reserves

Description	Balance at the beginning of the year \$	Transfer on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary	Add \$	Deduct \$	Balance at the end of the year \$
	110	115			120
Reserve for doubtful debts	4,006,232	405	134,309		4,140,541
Reserve for undelivered goods and services not rendered	2,790,000	135		155,000	2,635,000
Reserve for prepaid rent	150	155			160
	190	195			200
Reserve for refundable containers	210	215			220
Reserve for unpaid amounts					
Other tax reserves	230	235			240
<u> </u>	270 6,796,232	275	134,309	155,000	280 6,775,541

The amount from line 270 **plus** the amount from line 275 should be entered on line 125 of Schedule 1, Net Income (Loss) for Income Tax Purposes, as an addition.

The amount from line 280 should be entered on line 413 of Schedule 1 as a deduction.

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Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Continuity of financial statement reserves (not deductible)

		— Financial sta	tement reserves (not deductible) —		
	Description	Balance at the beginning of the year	Transfer on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary	Add	Deduct	Balance at the end of the year
1						
	Reserves from Part 2 of Schedule 13	4,006,232		134,309		4,140,541
	Totals	4,006,232		134,309		4,140,541

The total opening balance plus the total transfers should be entered on line 414 of Schedule 1 as a deduction. The total closing balance should be entered on line 126 of Schedule 1 as an addition.

Schedule 15

2023-12-31

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee



Canada Revenue Agence du revenu du Canada

Deferred Income Plans

Corporation's name	Business number	Tax year end Year Month Day
Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee		2023-12-31

- Complete the information below if the corporation deducted payments from its income made to a registered pension plan (RPP), a registered supplementary unemployment benefit plan (RSUBP), a deferred profit sharing plan (DPSP), a pooled registered pension plan (PRPP), or an employee profit sharing plan (EPSP).
- If the trust that governs an employee profit sharing plan is **not resident** in Canada, please indicate if the T4PS, Statement of Employees Profit Sharing Plan Allocations and Payments, Supplementary slip(s) were filed for the last calendar year, and whether they were filed by the trustee or the employer.

	Type of plan (see note 1)	Amount of contribution \$ (see note 2)	Registration number (RPP, RSUBP, PRPP, and DPSP only)	Name of EPSP trust	Address of EPSP trust	T4PS slip(s) (see note 3)
	100	200	300	400	500	600
1	1	5,340,000	345983			
	Note 1		Note 2			
	Enter the code num	applicable ıber:		to Schedule 1 any payments you made to ents, calculate the following amount:	deferred income plans.	
	1 – RPP		Total of all amounts indic	cated in column 200 of this schedule .		8 <u>40,000</u> A
	2 – RSUE	BP .	Less:			
	3 – DPSP	•	Total of all amounts for o	deferred income plans deducted in your fi	nancial statements <u>5,3</u>	<u>840,000</u> в
	4 – EPSP	ı		contributions to deferred income plan		
	5 – PRPP	•	(amount A minus amou	nt B) (if negative, enter "0")	·····	c
			Enter amount C on line	417 of Schedule 1		
			Note 3			
			T4PS slip(s) filed by: 1	- Trustee		
			2	Employer		
				(EPSP only)		

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Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Canada Revenue Agence du revenu du Canada

Schedule 23

Agreement Among Associated Canadian-Controlled Private Corporations to Allocate the Business Limit

- For use by a Canadian-controlled private corporation (CCPC) to identify all associated corporations and to assign a percentage for each associated corporation. This percentage will be used to allocate the business limit for the small business deduction. Information from this schedule will also be used to determine the date the balance of tax is due and to calculate the reduction to the business limit.
- An associated CCPC that has more than one tax year ending in a calendar year must file an agreement for each tax year ending in that calendar year.
- Column 1: Enter the legal name of each of the corporations in the associated group, including those deemed to be associated under subsection 256(2) of the Income Tax Act.
 - Column 2: Provide the business number for each corporation (if a corporation is not registered, enter "NR").
 - Column 3: Enter the association code from the list below that applies to each corporation:
 - 1 Associated for purposes of allocating the business limit (unless association code 5 applies)
 - 2 CCPC that is a third corporation as referred to in subsection 256(2) and has filed Schedule 28, Election not to be Associated Through a Third Corporation
 - 3 Non-CCPC that is a third corporation
 - 4 Associated non-CCPC
 - 5 Associated CCPC to which association code 1 does not apply because a third corporation has filed Schedule 28
 - Column 4: Enter the business limit for the year of each corporation in the associated group. Enter "0" if the corporation has association code 2, 3 or 4 in column 3 (except if the corporation is a cooperative or a credit union eligible for the SBD and it has association code 4).
 - **Column 5:** Assign a percentage to allocate the business limit to each corporation that has association code 1 in column 3. The total of all percentages in column 5 cannot exceed 100%.
 - Column 6: Enter the business limit allocated to each corporation by multiplying the amount in column 4 by the percentage in column 5. Add all business limits allocated in column 6 and enter the total at line A.

Ensure that the total at line A does not exceed \$500,000.

┌ Alli	ocating the business limit ———————————————————————————————————								
Date	filed (do not use this area)				. 025	Year Month Day			
Date									
						Year			
Enter	the calendar year the agreement applies to				. 050	2023			
	an amended agreement for the above calendar year tha				. 075	Yes X No			
an ag	n agreement previously filed by any of the associated corporations listed below?								
	1	2	3	4	5	6			
	Name of associated corporations	Business	Asso-	Business limit	Percentage	Business			
		number of	ciation	for the year	of the	limit			
		associated corporations	code	before the allocation	business limit	allocated* \$			
		corporations		Ψ	%	•			
	100	200	300		350	400			
1	Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee		1	500,000	100.0000	500,000			
2	Hydro Ottawa Holding Inc./Societe De		1	500,000					
3	Energy Ottawa Inc./Energie Ottawa Inc.		1	500,000					
4	Telecom Ottawa Holding Inc. / Societe De		_ 1	500,000					
5	PowerTrail Inc.		1	500,000					
6	Moose Creek Energy Inc.		1	500,000					
7	Chaudiere Hydro Inc. Hydro Chaudiere Inc.		1	500,000					
8	Chaudiere Water Power Inc/Energie Hydraulique		1	500,000					
9	2425932 ONTARIO INC.		1	500,000					
10	CHAUDIERE HYDRO NORTH INC.		1	500,000					
11	EO GENERATION GP INC.		1	500,000					
12	THE GANANOQUE WATER POWER COMPANY		1	500,000					
13	EONY GENERATION HOLDING INC.		1	500,000					
14	EONY GENERATION LIMITED		1	500,000					
15	9927891 CANADA INC.		1	500,000					
16	ENERGY OTTAWA CABLE TESTING SERVICES		1	500,000					
17	HULL ENERGY GP INC.		1	500,000					
18	Smart City Lighting Inc.		1	500,000					

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

	1 Name of associated corporations	2 Business number of associated corporations	3 Asso- ciation code	4 Business limit for the year before the allocation \$	5 Percentage of the business limit % 350	6 Business limit allocated* \$
19	Envari Holding Inc.		1	500,000		
20	Envari Energy Solutions Inc.		1	500,000		
21	CHAUDIERE SERVICES INC./SERVICES		1	500,000		
22	CHAUDIERE FINANCIAL INC./FINANCIERE DE L		1	500,000		
23	2725163 Ontario Inc.		1	500,000		
24	Hiboo Networks Inc.		1	500,000		
				Total	100.0000	500,000

Business limit reduction under subsection 125(5.1) of the Act

The business limit reduction is calculated in the small business deduction area of the T2 return. One of the factors used in this calculation is the "large corporation amount" at line 415 of the T2 return. The amount at line 415 is determined using the formula 0.225% x (C - \$10,000,000). Another factor is the "adjusted aggregate investment income" from lines 744 and 745 of Schedule 7, Aggregate Investment Income and Income Eligible for the Small Business Deduction. Details of these formulas and variable C are in subsection 125(5.1) of the Act.

* Each corporation will enter on line 410 of the T2 return, the amount allocated to it in column 6. However, if the corporation's tax year is less than 51 weeks, prorate the amount in column 6 by the number of days in the tax year divided by 365, and enter the result on line 410 of the T2 return.

Special rules for business limit

Special rules apply under subsection 125(5) if a CCPC has more than one tax year ending in the same calendar year and it is associated in more than one of those tax years with another CCPC that has a tax year ending in that calendar year. The business limit for the second or later tax year will be equal to the lesser of: the business limit determined for the first tax year ending in the calendar year or the business limit determined for the second or later tax year ending in the same calendar year.

T2 SCH 23 E (19) Canadä

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

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Canada Revenue Agence du revenu du Canada

Schedule 31

Investment Tax Credit – Corporations

General information

- · Use this schedule:
 - to calculate an investment tax credit (ITC) earned during the tax year
 - to claim a deduction against Part I tax payable
 - to claim a refund of credit earned during the current tax year
 - to claim a carryforward of credit from previous tax years
 - to transfer a credit following an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary, as described under subsections 87(1) and 88(1)
 - to request a credit carryback to one or more previous years
 - if you are subject to a recapture of ITC
- Unless otherwise stated, all legislative references are to the federal Income Tax Act and Income Tax Regulations.
- Certain ITCs are eligible for a three-year carryback (if not deductible in the year earned) and are also eligible for a twenty-year carryforward. This does not apply to the clean economy ITCs, which are refundable tax credits.
- Investments or expenditures, described in subsection 127(9) and Regulation Part XLVI, that earn an ITC are:
 - qualified property and qualified resource property (Parts 4 to 7 of this schedule)
 - You can no longer claim the ITC for the qualified resource property expenditures. Only unused credits that have not expired can be carried forward for up to 20 tax years following the tax year in which you incurred the expenditures.
 - qualified scientific research and experimental development (SR&ED) expenditures (Parts 8 to 17). File Form T661, Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED) Expenditures Claim
 - pre-production mining expenditures (Part 18)
 - You can no longer claim the ITC for the pre-production mining expenditures. Only unused credits that have not expired can be carried forward for up to 20 tax years following the tax year in which you incurred the expenditures.
 - apprenticeship job creation expenditures (Parts 19 to 21)
 - child care spaces expenditures (Part 22)
 - You can no longer claim the ITC for the child care spaces expenditures. Only unused credits that have not expired can be carried forward for up to 20 tax years following the tax year in which you incurred the expenditures.
- Investments or expenditures for clean economy, described in sections 127.44 or 127.45, that earn an ITC are:
 - investment in carbon capture, utilization, or storage (CCUS) projects, for qualifying expenditures made after 2021 (Part 25)
 - investment in clean technology property that is acquired and that becomes available for use after March 27, 2023 (Part 24)
- · File this schedule with the T2 Corporation Income Tax Return. If you need more space, attach additional schedules.
- For more information on ITCs, see Investment Tax Credit in Guide T4012, T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide.
- For more information on SR&ED, see Guide T4088, Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED) Expenditures Claim Guide to Form T661.

- Detailed information -

- For the purpose of this schedule, investment means the capital cost of the property (excluding amounts added by an election under section 21), determined without reference to subsections 13(7.1) and 13(7.4), minus the amount of any government or non-government assistance that the corporation has received, is entitled to receive, or can reasonably be expected to receive for that property at the time it files the income tax return for the year in which the property was acquired. See subsection 127.44(9) for similar rules for capital cost for the CCUS ITC and subsection 127.45(5) for similar rules for capital cost for the clean technology ITC.
- An ITC deducted in a tax year for a depreciable property reduces both the capital cost of that property and the undepreciated capital cost of that class in the next tax year. An ITC for SR&ED deducted or refunded in a tax year will reduce the balance in the pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures and the adjusted cost base (ACB) of an interest in a partnership in the next tax year. An ITC from pre-production mining expenditures deducted in a tax year reduces the balance in the pool of deductible cumulative Canadian exploration expenses in the next tax year.
- Property acquired has to be available for use (AFU) before a claim for an ITC can be made. See subsections 127(11.2), 127.45(4) and 248(19) for more information. The AFU rules do not apply to claims for the CCUS ITC.
- Expenditures for SR&ED qualifying for an ITC must be identified by the claimant on Form T661 and Schedule 31 no later than 12 months after the claimant's income tax return is due for the tax year in which it incurred the expenditures. A claimant that does not meet this reporting deadline will not be able to file Schedule 508, Ontario Research and Development Tax Credit, and Schedule 566, Ontario innovation Tax Credit.
- Expenditures for an apprenticeship ITC or a clean economy ITC must be identified by the claimant on Schedule 31 no later than 12 months after the claimant's income tax return is due for the tax year in which it incurred the expenditures.



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Detailed information (continued)

- Partnership allocations Subsection 127(8) provides for the allocation of the amount that may reasonably be considered to be a partner's share of the ITCs of the partnership at the end of the fiscal period of the partnership. An allocation of ITCs is generally considered to be the partner's reasonable share of the ITCs if it is made in the same proportion in which the partners have agreed to share any income or loss and if section 103 is not applicable for the agreement to share any income or loss. Special rules apply to specified members of a partnership and limited partners. For more information, see Guide T4068, Guide for the Partnership Information Return (T5013 Forms). See section 127.47 for rules that apply to partnerships for the clean economy ITCs generally. For more information on partnership allocations for CCUS ITC, see subsection 127.44(11), and for clean technology ITC, subsection 127.45(8).
- For tax purposes, Canada includes the **exclusive economic zone** of Canada as defined in the Oceans Act (which generally consists of an area of the sea that is within 200 nautical miles from the Canadian coastline), including the airspace, seabed and subsoil of that zone. For the clean technology ITC, Canada includes the exclusive economic zone of Canada only for property that is described in subparagraph d(v) or (xiv) of Class 43.1 in Schedule II of the Regulations.
- For the purpose of this schedule, the expression Atlantic Canada includes the Gaspé Peninsula and the provinces of Newfoundland and Labrador, Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick, as well as their respective offshore regions (prescribed in Regulation 4609).
- For the purpose of this schedule, **qualified property** means property in Atlantic Canada that is used primarily for manufacturing and processing, farming or fishing, logging, storing grain, or harvesting peat. Qualified property includes new buildings and new machinery and equipment (prescribed in Regulation 4600), and new energy generation and conservation property (prescribed in Regulation 4600). Certain qualified property can also be used primarily to produce or process electrical energy or steam in a prescribed area (as described in Regulation 4610). See the definition of **qualified property** in subsection 127(9) for more information.

- Part 1 – Investments, expenditures and percentages —	
Investments	Specified percentage
Qualified property and qualified resource property (Part 5)	
Qualified property acquired primarily for use in Atlantic Canada	10 %
Expenditures SR&ED (Part 11)	
If you are a Canadian-controlled private corporation (CCPC), this percentage may apply to the portion that you claim of the SR&ED qualified expenditure pool that does not exceed your expenditure limit (see Part 10)	35 %
Note: If your current year's qualified expenditures are more than your expenditure limit (see Part 10), the excess is eligible for an ITC calculated at the 15 % rate.	
If you are a corporation that is not a CCPC and have incurred qualified expenditures for SR&ED in any area in Canada	15 %
Apprenticeship job creation (Part 19)	
If you paid salary and wages to apprentices in the first 24 months of their apprenticeship contract for employment	10 %
Clean economy ITCs To qualify for the investment tax credit rates below, corporations must elect (in prescribed form) to meet certain labour requirements – prevailing wage requirements and apprenticeship requirements. They must also attest (in prescribed form) to have met these requirements. Otherwise, the credit rate will be reduced by 10 percentage points.	
Clean technology	
If you invested in clean technology property that is acquired and that becomes available for use:	2004
after March 27, 2023, and before 2034	30%
after 2033 and before 2035	15%
CCUS (Part 25)	
If you incurred qualified carbon capture expenditures to capture carbon directly from ambient air: after 2021 and before 2031	60%
	30%
after 2030 and before 2041	30 %
lf you incurred qualified carbon capture expenditures to capture carbon other than directly from ambient air:	
after 2021 and before 2031	50%
after 2030 and before 2041	25%
If you incurred qualified expenditures for carbon transportation, use, or storage:	
after 2021 and before 2031	37.5%
after 2030 and before 2041	18.75 %

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Corpo	oration's name			Business number	Tax year-end
U./d	ro Ottowa Lim	itad/Hydro Ottawa Limitaa			Year Month Day 2023-12-31
		ited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee			2023-12-31
		mination of a qualifying corporation			
		ot apply to the clean economy investment tax credits. ualifying corporation?		101	Yes No X
		come for the previous tax year* (prior to any loss carrybacks applied)		390	103 110
For th (befor with a	ne purpose of a re any loss carry any other corpor	refundable ITC, a qualifying corporation is defined under subsection backs) for its previous tax year cannot be more than its qualifying in ations during the tax year, the total of the taxable incomes of the corporation in the previous calendar year, cannot be more than their qualify.	come limit for oration and the	the particular tax year. If the associated corporations (be	e corporation is associated efore any loss carrybacks),
Note:		idered associated with another corporation under subsection 256(1) w C if both of the following conditions are met:	ill be considere	ed not associated for the cal	culation of a
		ration is associated with another corporation only because one or more	•	shares of the capital stock of	of both corporations
		corporations has at least one shareholder who is not common to both	•		
	are a qualifyin the allocated ex	g corporation, you will earn a 100% refund on your share of any ITCs penditure limit.	earned at the	35% rate on qualified expen	ditures for SR&ED,
		e not qualifying corporations may also earn a 100 % refund on their s allocated expenditure limit. The expenditure limit can be determined in		Cs earned at the 35% rate o	n qualified expenditures
	e tax year refer year.	red to on line 390 is less than 51 weeks, multiply the taxable income	by the following	g result: 365 divided by the	number of days in that
_ Par	t 2B – Detei	mination of an excluded corporation – SR&ED			
Is the	qualifying corpo	oration an excluded corporation as defined under subsection 127.1(2)	?	650	Yes No X
Only 4 corpo follow		be available to a qualifying corporation that is an excluded corporati time during the year, it is a corporation that is either controlled by (dire	on as defined usectly or indirectly	under subsection 127.1(2). A y, in any manner whatever)	A corporation is an excluded or is related to one of the
a) on	e or more perso	ons exempt from Part I tax under section 149			
′	, , ,	ht of a province, a Canadian municipality, or any other public authority			
c) an	y combination o	of persons referred to in a) or b) above			
_ Par	t 3 – Corpo	rations in the farming industry ————————————————————————————————————			
Comp	lete this area if	the corporation is making SR&ED contributions.			
	corporation cla (for example, cl	iming a contribution in the current year to an agricultural organization vieck-off dues)?	whose goal is to	o finance SR&ED	Yes No X
If yes	, complete Sche	edule 125, Income Statement Information, to identify the type of farming	ng industry the	corporation is involved in.	
	ibutions to agric on line 350 of F	ultural organizations for SR&ED* Part 8.		x 80 % = 103	
* Ent	er only contribu	tions not already included on Form T661.			
		Qualified Property and Qualified F	Resource P	roperty	
⊢ Par	t 4 – Eligibl	e investments for qualified property from the current	t tax year –		
	Capital cost allowance class number	Description of investment	Date available for use	Location used in Atlantic Canada (province)	Amount of investment

115

120

Total of investments for qualified property

105

110

4A

125

ITC at the end of the previous	tax year				5/
Credit deemed as a remittance	e of co-on cornorations		210		
Credit expired			215		
Credit expired			10 plus line 215)		51
		Odbiotal (IIIIe 2			51
5 5	year (amount 5A minus amount 5B	•	<u></u>	220	
Credit transferred on an amalg	gamation or the wind-up of a subsidia	ary	<mark>230</mark>		
ITC from repayment of assista	ince		235		
Qualified property (amount 4A)	x	10 % = 240		
Credit allocated from a partner	rship		250		
		Subtotal (total of	lines 230 to 250)	>	50
Total credit available (line 220	plus amount 5C)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5[
Credit deducted from Part I tax	x		260		
Credit carried back to previous	s years (amount 6A)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · <u> </u>	5E	
Credit transferred to offset Par	t VII tax liability		280		
			5E, and line 280)	>	5F
Credit balance before refund (amount 5D minus amount 5F)			<u></u>	50
Refund of credit claimed on in	vestments from qualified property (fro	om Part 7)		310	
	tments from qualified property an	d qualified resou	rce property		
(amount 5G minus line 310)					
- Part 6 - Request for c	arryback of credit from inve	estments in a	ualified property —		
Tall o Hoquotion o	_	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	aamoa proporty		
	Year Month Day		2	dit to be emplied 901	
1 at provious toy year					
			Cre	dit to be applied 902	
2nd previous tax year			Cre		
2nd previous tax year			Cre		6/
2nd previous tax year 3rd previous tax year	c for qualifying corporations		Cre	otal of lines 901 to 903 Enter at amount 5E.	6/
2nd previous tax year 3rd previous tax year Part 7 – Refund of ITC		s on investme	Cre	dit to be applied 903 contail of lines 901 to 903 Enter at amount 5E.	
1st previous tax year 2nd previous tax year 3rd previous tax year - Part 7 — Refund of ITC Current-year ITCs (line 240 pl Credit balance before refund (us line 250 in Part 5)	s on investme	Cre	otal of lines 901 to 903 Enter at amount 5E. property	6 <i>i</i>

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

SR&ED

SRGED
Part 8 – Qualified SR&ED expenditures
Qualified SR&ED expenditures (line 559 on Form T661)
Contributions to agricultural organizations for SR&ED
Deduct. Geovernment assistance, non-government assistance, or contract payment
Subtotal
X 80 %
Contributions to agricultural organizations for SR&ED for the federal ITC (this amount is updated to line 103 of Part 3. For more details, consult the Help.)*
Qualified SR&ED expenditures (line 559 on Form T661 plus line 103 in Part 3)*
Repayments made in the year (from line 560 on Form T661)
Total qualified SR&ED expenditures (line 350 plus line 370) 380 5,628,514
* If you are claiming only contributions made to agricultural organizations for SR&ED, line 350 should equal line 103 in Part 3. Do not file Form T661.
Part 9 – Components of the SR&ED expenditure limit calculation
Part 9 only applies if you are a CCPC.
Note: A CCPC considered associated with another corporation under subsection 256(1) will be considered not associated for the calculation of an SR&ED expenditure limit if both of the following apply: • one corporation is associated with another corporation solely because one or more persons own shares of the capital stock of the corporation
• one of the corporations has at least one shareholder who is not common to both corporations
Is the corporation associated with another CCPC for the purpose of calculating the SR&ED expenditure limit? 385 Yes X No
If you answered no to the question on line 385 or if you are not associated with any other corporations, complete line 398. If you answered yes , complete Schedule 49, Agreement Among Associated Canadian-Controlled Private Corporations to Allocate the Expenditure Limit, to determine the amounts for associated corporations.
Enter your taxable capital employed in Canada for the previous tax year If this amount is nil or negative, enter "0". If this amount is over \$40 million, enter \$40 million. 398
Part 10 – SR&ED expenditure limit for a CCPC
For a stand-alone (not associated) corporation
\$ 40,000,000 minus line 398 in Part 9
Amount 10A divided by \$ 40,000,00010B
Expenditure limit for the stand-alone corporation (\$ 3,000,000 multiplied by amount 10B)*10C
For an associated corporation
If associated, the allocation of the SR&ED expenditure limit, as provided on Schedule 49*
If your tax year is less than 51 weeks, calculate the amount of the expenditure limit as follows:
Amount 10C or line 400 x Number of days in the tax year 365 = 10D 365
Your SR&ED expenditure limit for the year (enter amount 10C, line 400, or amount 10D, whichever applies)
* Amount 10C or line 400 cannot be more than \$3,000,000.

Part 11 – Investment tax credits on SR&ED expenditures ——			
Qualified SR&ED expenditures (from line 350 in Part 8) or the expenditure limit (from line 410 in Part 10), whichever is less*	420 ×	35 % =	11A
	5,628,514 x		
If a corporation makes a repayment of any government or non-government assista amount of qualified expenditures for ITC purposes, the amount of the repayment is		nat reduced the	
Repayments (amount from line 370 in Part 8)			
Enter the amount of the repayment on the line that corresponds to the appropriate	rate.		
Repayment of assistance that reduced a qualifying expenditure for a CCPC**	35 % =	11C	
Repayment of assistance made after September 16, 2016, that reduced a qualifying expenditure incurred before 2015	20 % =	11D	
Repayment of assistance made after September 16, 2016, that reduced a qualifying expenditure incurred after 2014	15 % =	11E	
	nounts 11C to 11E)		11F
Current-year SR&ED ITC (total of amounts 11A, 11B, and 11F; enter on line 540 in			844,277 11G
* For corporations that are not CCPCs, enter "0" for amount 11A.	·		
** If you were a CCPC, this percentage was applied to the portion that you claimed expenditure limit at the time. This percentage includes the rate under subsection for details about exceptions. For expenditures not eligible for this rate use line 48	127(10.1), Additions to in		
Part 12 – Current-year credit and account balances – ITC fron	n SR&ED expenditure	es	
ITC at the end of the previous tax year		· · · · · · · · · · · · <u> </u>	494,149_12A
Credit deemed as a remittance of co-op corporations	510		
Credit expired	515		
Subtotal (line 5	510 plus line 515)	>	12B
ITC at the beginning of the tax year (amount 12A minus amount 12B)		520	494,149
Credit transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary	530		
Total current-year credit (from amount 11G)		844,277	
Credit allocated from a partnership			
		844,277	844,277 _{12C}
Total credit available (line 520 plus amount 12C)			1,338,426 _{12D}
Credit deducted from Part I tax	560		
Credit carried back to previous years (amount 13A)		460,000 12E	
Credit transferred to offset Part VII tax liability	 580		
Subtotal (total of line 560, amount		460,000	460,000 12F
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			878,426_12G
Refund of credit claimed on SR&ED expenditures (from Part 14 or 15, whichever ap		C40	120
		COO	878,426
(annount 120 minus inte 010)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0,0,120

Part 13 – Request for carryback of credit from SR&ED expenditures

	Year Month Day		
1st previous tax year	2022-12-31	Credit to be applied 911	
2nd previous tax year	2021-12-31	Credit to be applied 912	460,000
3rd previous tax year	2020-12-31	Credit to be applied 913	
		Total of lines 911 to 913 = Enter at amount 12E.	<u>460,000</u> 13A
Part 14 – Refund of ITC fo	or qualifying corporatio	ns – SR&ED	
Complete this part if you are a qual	lifying corporation as determine	ed on line 101 in Part 2A.*	
Current-year ITC (lines 540 plus 5	50 in Part 12 minus amount 11	IF)14A	
Refundable credits (amount 14A or	amount 12G, whichever is less	s)	14B
Amount 14B or amount 11A, which	ever is less		14C
Net amount (amount 14B minus a	mount 14C; if negative, enter "0)")=	14D
Amount 14D multiplied by	40 %	·····	14E
Amount 14C			14F
Refund of ITC (amount 14E plus	amount 14F – enter this, or a le	esser amount, on line 610 in Part 12)	14G
Include the total of line 310 in Part	5 and line 610 in Part 12 in line	e 780 of the T2 return.	
* If you are also an excluded corport of ITC for amount 14G.	oration, as determined in Part 2	B, amount 14B must be multiplied by 40%. Claim this, or a lesser am	ount, as your refund
Part 15 – Refund of ITC fo	or CCPCs that are neith	er qualifying nor excluded corporations – SR&ED -	
Complete this part only if you are a line 650 in Part 2B.	CCPC that is not a qualifying of	corporation as determined on line 101 in Part 2A or an excluded corp	oration as determined on
Credit balance before refund (amou	unt 12G)		878,426_ 15A
Refund of ITC (amount 15A or am	ount 11A, whichever is less)		15B
Enter amount 15B, or a losser amo	ount on line 610 in Part 12 and	also include it in line 780 of the T2 return	

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Recapture - SR&ED

Part 16 - Recapture of ITC for corporations and partnerships - SR&ED

You will have a recapture of ITC in a year when all of the following conditions are met:

- you acquired a particular property in the current year or in any of the 20 previous tax years, and the credit was earned in a tax year ending after 1997 and did not expire before 2008
- you claimed the cost of the property as a qualified expenditure for SR&ED on Form T661
- the cost of the property was included in calculating your ITC or was the subject of an agreement made under subsection 127(13) to transfer qualified expenditures
- you disposed of the property or converted it to commercial use after February 23, 1998. This condition is also met if you disposed of or converted to commercial use a property that incorporates the particular property previously referred to

The recapture does not apply if you disposed of the property to a non-arm's-length purchaser who intended to use it all or substantially all for SR&ED. When the non-arm's-length purchaser later sells or converts the property to commercial use, the recapture rules will apply to the purchaser based on the historical ITC rate of the original user.

You will report a recapture on the T2 return for the year in which you disposed of the property or converted it to commercial use. In the following tax year, add the amount of the ITC recapture to the SR&ED expenditure pool.

If you have more than one disposition for calculations 1 and 2, complete the columns for each disposition for which a recapture applies, using the calculation formats below.

Calculation 1 - If you meet all of the above conditions -Amount of ITC you originally calculated Amount calculated using ITC rate Amount from column 700 or 710. for the property you acquired, or the at the date of acquisition whichever is less original user's ITC where you acquired the (or the original user's date of acquisition) property from a non-arm's length party, as on either the proceeds of disposition described in the note above (if sold in an arm's length transaction) or the fair market value of the property (in any other case) 700 710 Subtotal 16A Enter at amount 17A. Calculation 2 - Only if you transferred all or a part of the qualified expenditure to another person under an agreement

Α	В	С	D	E	F
Rate that the transferee used in determining its ITC for qualified expenditures under a subsection 127(13) agreement	Proceeds of disposition of the property if you dispose of it to an arm's length person; or, in any other case, enter the fair market value of the property at conversion or disposition	Amount, if any, already provided for in Calculation 1 (This allows for the situation where only part of the cost of a property is transferred under a subsection 127(13) agreement.)	Amount determined by the formula (A x B) – C	ITC earned by the transferee for the qualified expenditures that were transferred	Amount from column D or E, whichever is less

16B Enter at amount 17B.

Calculation 3 -

As a member of the partnership, you will report your share of the SR&ED ITC of the partnership after the SR&ED ITC has been reduced by the amount of the recapture. If this amount is a positive amount, you will report it on line 550 in Part 12. However, if the partnership does not have enough ITC otherwise available to offset the recapture, then the amount by which reductions to ITC exceed additions (the excess) will be determined and reported on line 760.

> Corporate partner's share of the excess of SR&ED ITC 760 Enter at amount 17C

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Part 17 – Total recapture of SR&ED investment tax credit	
Recaptured ITC from calculation 1, amount 16A	17A
Recaptured ITC from calculation 2, amount 16B	17B
Recaptured ITC from calculation 3, line 760 in Part 16	17C
Total recapture of SR&ED investment tax credit (total of amounts 17A to 17C) Enter at amount 26A.	— ^{17D}
Pre-Production Mining	
Part 18 – Account balances – ITC from pre-production mining expenditures	
ITC at the end of the previous tax year	18A
Credit deemed as a remittance of co-op corporations	
Credit expired 845	
Subtotal (line 841 plus line 845) ►	18B
ITC at the beginning of the tax year (amount 18A minus amount 18B)	_
Credit transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary	
Total credit available (line 850 plus line 860)	18C
Amount of unused credit carried forward from previous years and applied to reduce Part I tax payable in the current year . 885	

ITC closing balance from pre-production mining expenditures (amount 18C minus line 885)

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Apprenticeship Job Creation

Part 19 – Total current-year cred	• •			
you are a related person as defined under no will be claiming the apprenticeship job r social insurance number (SIN) or name)	creation tax credit for this tax	year for each apprentice whose cor		Yes No
or each apprentice in their first 24 months nder an apprenticeship program designed ontract number, enter the SIN or the name	to certify or license individuals			
A Contract number (SIN or name of apprentice)	B Name of eligible trade	C Eligible salary and wages*	D Column C x 10 %	E Lesser of column D or
601	602	603	604	\$ 2,000 605
1.				
			credit (total of column E) er on line 640 in Part 20.	12,000 19
wages, and qualified expenditures are Part 20 – Current-year credit an		. ,	ob creation expendi	tures —
C at the end of the previous tax year				20
edit deemed as a remittance of co-op cor	oorations	612		
edit expired after 20 tax years		615		
	Sub	ototal (line 612 plus line 615)	> _	20
C at the beginning of the tax year (amoun	t 20A minus amount 20B)		625	
edit transferred on an amalgamation or th	e wind-up of a subsidiary .	630		
C from repayment of assistance		635		
tal current-year credit (amount 19A)		640	12,000	
edit allocated from a partnership		655		
	Subto	otal (total of lines 630 to 655)	12,000	12,000 20
otal credit available (line 625 plus amount	20C)			12,000 20
edit deducted from Part I tax		660	_	
edit carried back to previous years (amou	nt 21A)		20E	
		I (line 660 plus amount 20E)	<u> </u>	20
C closing balance from apprenticeship	job creation expenditures (amount 20D minus amount 20F)		12,000
Part 21 – Request for carryback	of credit from appren	ticeship job creation expe	nditures ———	
Year	Month Day			
t previous tax year			'''	
d previous tax year d previous tax year				
a providuo lan year				21
			Total of lines 931 to 933 ₌ Enter at amount 20E.	21

T2 SCH 31 E (24)

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Child Care Spaces

Part 22 – Account balances – ITC from child care spaces expenditures		
ITC at the end of the previous tax year		22A
Credit deemed as a remittance of co-op corporations	_	
Credit expired after 20 tax years	-	
Subtotal (line 765 plus line 770)	. <u> </u>	22B
ITC at the beginning of the tax year (amount 22A minus amount 22B)	775	
Credit transferred on an amalgamation or the wind-up of a subsidiary	-	
Credit allocated from a partnership	-	
Subtotal (line 777 plus line 782)	·	22C
Total credit available (line 775 plus amount 22C)		22D
Credit deducted from Part I tax	785	
ITC closing balance from child care spaces expenditures (amount 22D minus line 785)	790	

Recapture - Child Care Spaces

Part 23 − Recapture of ITC for corporations and partnerships − Child care spaces −

The ITC will be added to the taxpayer's tax otherwise payable under Part I of the Act if, at any time within 60 months of the day on which the taxpayer acquired the property, one of the following situations takes place:

- the new child care space is no longer available

property that was an eligible expenditure for the child care space is	
 disposed of or leased to a lessee 	
 converted to another use 	
If the property disposed of is a child care space, the amount that can reasonably be considered to have been included in the original ITC (paragraph 127(27.12)(a))	
In the case of eligible expenditures (paragraph 127(27.12)(b)), the lesser of:	
The amount that can reasonably be considered to have been included in the original ITC 795	
25% of either the proceeds of disposition (if sold in an arm's length transaction) or the fair market value (in any other case) of the property	
Amount from line 795 or line 797, whichever is less	23/
- Partnerships	
As a member of the partnership, you will report your share of the child care spaces ITC of the partnership after the child care spaces ITC has been reduced by the amount of the recapture. If this amount is a positive amount, you will report it on line 782 in Part 22. However, if the partnership does not have enough ITC otherwise available to offset the recapture, then the amount by which reductions to ITC exceed additions (the excess) will be determined and reported on line 799 below.	
Corporate partner's share of the excess of ITC 799	
Total recapture of child care spaces investment tax credit (total of line 792, amount 23A, and line 799)	23E
Enter at amount 26B.	

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Clean technology

Part 24 – Clean technology ITC —		
Clean technology ITC		
Include in line 780 of the T2 return.		
Carbon Capture, Utilization, and Storage		
Part 25 – Carbon capture, utilization, and storage ITC		
Carbon capture, utilization, and storage ITC		
Include in line 780 of the T2 return.		
Summary of Investment Tax Credits		
Part 26 – Total recapture of investment tax credit		
Recaptured SR&ED ITC (amount 17D)	26A	
Recaptured child care spaces ITC (amount 23B)	26B	
Total recapture of investment tax credit (amount 26A plus amount 26B) Enter on line 602 of the T2 return.	26C	
Part 27 – Total ITC deducted from Part I tax		
ITC from investments in qualified property deducted from Part I tax (line 260 in Part 5)	27A	
ITC from SR&ED expenditures deducted from Part I tax (line 560 in Part 12)	27B	
ITC from pre-production mining expenditures deducted from Part I tax (line 885 in Part 18)	27C	
ITC from apprenticeship job creation expenditures deducted from Part I tax (line 660 in Part 20)	27D	
ITC from child care space expenditures deducted from Part I tax (line 785 in Part 22)	27E	
Total ITC deducted from Part I tax (total of amounts 27A to 27E)	27F	

Enter on line 652 of the T2 return.

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Summary of Investment Tax Credit Carryovers

CCA class number	_97	Apprenticeship :	job creation ITC			
Current year						
•		Addition current year (A)	Applied current year (B)	Claimed as a refund (C)	Carried back (D)	ITC end of year (A-B-C-D)
Prior years	-	12,000				12,000
Taxation year			ITC beginning of year (E)	Adjustments (F)	Applied current year (G)	ITC end of year (E-F-G)
2022-12-31						
2021-12-31						
2020-12-31						
2019-12-31						
2018-12-31						
2017-12-31						
2016-12-31						
2015-12-31						
2014-12-31						
2013-12-31						
2012-12-31						
2011-12-31						
2010-12-31						
2009-12-31						
2008-12-31						
2007-12-31						
2006-12-31						
2005-12-31						
2004-12-31						
2003-12-31						
		Total				

^{*} The ITC end of year includes the amount of ITC expired from the 20th preceding year. Note that this credit expires at the end of the tax year and any expired credit will be posted to line 215, 515, 615, 770 or 845, as applicable, in Schedule 31 the following year.

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Summary of Investment Tax Credit Carryovers

		o for ITC			
Surrent year					
	Addition	Applied	Claimed	Carried back	ITC end
	current year	current year	as a refund	(D)	of year
	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(A-B-C-D)
	844,277			460,000	384,277
rior years					
axation year		ITC beginning	Adjustments	Applied	ITC end
		of year (E)	(F)	current year (G)	of year (E-F-G)
2022 12 21		(二)	(Г)	(G)	(L-I'-G)
2022-12-31					
2021-12-31		404440			40444
2020-12-31		494,149			494,149
2019-12-31					
2018-12-31					
2017-12-31					
2016-12-31					
2015-12-31					
2014-12-31					
2013-12-31					
2012-12-31					
2011-12-31					
2010-12-31					
2009-12-31					
2008-12-31					
2007-12-31					
2006-12-31					
2005-12-31					
2004-12-31		· ·			
2003-12-31					
2000 12 01	Total	494,149			494,149

^{*} The ITC end of year includes the amount of ITC expired from the 20th preceding year. Note that this credit expires at the end of the tax year and any expired credit will be posted to line 215, 515, 615, 770 or 845, as applicable, in Schedule 31 the following year.

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Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Attached Schedule with Total

1st prior year – ITC beginning of year		
Title _1st prior year – ITC beginning of year		
Description	Operator (Note)	Amount
Increase in ITC from 2020 amended tax return		494,149 00
	Total	494,149 00

Note: The calculations are performed one at a time, from the first to the last line, and not according to the priority rules of the operations. For example, the formula 1+2*3 will not result in the same thing as the formula 1+3*2.

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee



Canada Revenue Agence du revenu Agency du Canada

Schedule 33

Taxable Capital Employed in Canada – Large Corporations

Corporation's name	Business number	Tax year-end Year Month Day
Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee		2023-12-31

- Use this schedule in determining if the total taxable capital employed in Canada of the corporation (other than a financial institution or an insurance corporation) and its related corporations is greater than \$10,000,000.
- If the total taxable capital employed in Canada of the corporation and its related corporations is greater than \$10,000,000, file a completed Schedule 33 with your T2 Corporation Income Tax Return no later than six months from the end of the tax year.
- Unless otherwise noted, all legislative references are to the Income Tax Act and the Income Tax Regulations.
- Subsection 181(1) defines the terms financial institution, long-term debt, and reserves.
- Subsection 181(3) provides the basis to determine the carrying value of a corporation's assets or any other amount under Part I.3 for its capital, investment
 allowance, taxable capital, or taxable capital employed in Canada, or for a partnership in which it has an interest.
- If the corporation was a non-resident of Canada throughout the year and carried on a business through a permanent establishment in Canada, go to Part 4, **Taxable capital employed in Canada**.

┌ Part 1 – Capital ─────		
Add the following year-end amounts:		
Reserves that have not been deducted in calculating income for the year under Part I 101		
Capital stock (or members' contributions if incorporated without share capital) 103	167,081,000	
Retained earnings	299,032,000	
Contributed surplus		
Any other surpluses		
Deferred unrealized foreign exchange gains		
All loans and advances to the corporation	895,819,523	
All indebtedness of the corporation represented by bonds, debentures, notes, mortgages, hypothecary claims, bankers' acceptances, or similar obligations		
Any dividends declared but not paid by the corporation before the end of the year 110		
All other indebtedness of the corporation (other than any indebtedness for a lease) that has been outstanding for more than 365 days before the end of the year		
The total of all amounts, each of which is the amount, if any, in respect of a partnership in which the corporation held a membership interest at the end of the year, either directly or indirectly through another partnership (see note below)		
Subtotal (add lines 101 to 112)	1,361,932,523 ▶	1,361,932,523 A

Note:

Line 112 is determined by the formula (A – B) x C/D (as per paragraph 181.2(3)(g)) where:

- A is the total of all amounts that would be determined for lines 101, 107, 108, 109, and 111 in respect of the partnership for its last fiscal period that ends at or before the end of the year if
 - a) those lines applied to partnerships in the same manner that they apply to corporations, and
 - b) those amounts were computed without reference to amounts owing by the partnership
 - (i) to any corporation that held a membership interest in the partnership either directly or indirectly through another partnership, or
 - (ii) to any partnership in which a corporation described in subparagraph (i) held a membership interest either directly or indirectly through another partnership.
- B is the partnership's deferred unrealized foreign exchange losses at the end of the period,
- C is the share of the partnership's income or loss for the period to which the corporation is entitled either directly or indirectly through another partnership, and
- D is the partnership's income or loss for the period.



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Part 1 – Capital (continued)	
Subtotal A (from page 1)	1,361,932,523
Deduct the following amounts:	
Deferred tax debit balance at the end of the year	
Any deficit deducted in calculating its shareholders' equity (including, for this purpose, the amount of any provision for the redemption of preferred shares) at the end of the year	
To the extent that the amount may reasonably be regarded as being included in any of lines 101 to 112 above for the year, any amount deducted under subsection 135(1) in calculating income under Part I for the year.	
Deferred unrealized foreign exchange losses at the end of the year	
Subtotal (add lines 121 to 124)	
Capital for the year (amount A minus amount B) (if negative, enter "0")	1,361,932,523
Part 2 – Investment allowance	
Add the carrying value at the end of the year of the following assets of the corporation:	
A share of another corporation 401	
A loan or advance to another corporation (other than a financial institution)	6,172,000
A bond, debenture, note, mortgage, hypothecary claim, or similar obligation of another corporation (other than a financial institution) 403	
Long-term debt of a financial institution 404	
A dividend payable on a share of the capital stock of another corporation	
A loan or advance to, or a bond, debenture, note, mortgage, hypothecary claim or similar obligation of, a partnership each member of which was, throughout the year, another corporation (other than a financial institution) that was not exempt from tax under this Part (otherwise than because of paragraph 181.1(3)(d)), or another partnership described in paragraph 181.2(4)(d.1)	
An interest in a partnership (see note 2 below)	
Investment allowance for the year (add lines 401 to 407)	6,172,000
Notes: 1. Lines 401 to 405 should not include the carrying value of a share of the capital stock of, a dividend payable by, or indebtedness of a corpor exempt from tax under Part I.3 (other than a non-resident corporation that at no time in the year carried on business in Canada through a p establishment).	
 Where the corporation has an interest in a partnership held either directly or indirectly through another partnership, refer to subsection 181. additional rules regarding the carrying value of an interest in a partnership. 	2(5) for
 Where a trust is used as a conduit for loaning money from a corporation to another related corporation (other than a financial institution), th considered to have been made directly from the lending corporation to the borrowing corporation. Refer to subsection 181.2(6) for special r apply. 	
− Part 3 – Taxable capital −−−−	
•	1,361,932,523

......

Deduct: Investment allowance for the year (line 490)

6,172,000 D

1,355,760,523

┌ Part 4 – Taxable capital employed in Canada
To be completed by a corporation that was resident in Canada at any time in the year
Taxable capital for the year (line 500) 1,355,760,523 x Taxable income earned in Canada Taxable income 1,000 = Taxable capital employed in Canada 690 1,355,760,523
 Notes: 1. Regulation 8601 gives details on calculating the amount of taxable income earned in Canada. Where a corporation's taxable income for a tax year is "0," it shall, for the purposes of the above calculation, be deemed to have a taxable income for that year of \$1,000. In the case of an airline corporation, Regulation 8601 should be considered when completing the above calculation.
To be completed by a corporation that was a non-resident of Canada throughout the year and carried on a business through a permanent establishment in Canada
Total of all amounts each of which is the carrying value at the end of the year of an asset of the corporation used in the year or held in the year, in the course of carrying on any business during the year through a permanent establishment in Canada
Deduct the following amounts:
Corporation's indebtedness at the end of the year [other than indebtedness described in any of paragraphs 181.2(3)(c) to (f)] that may reasonably be regarded as relating to a business it carried on during the year through a permanent establishment in Canada
Total of all amounts each of which is the carrying value at the end of year of an asset described in subsection 181.2(4) of the corporation that it used in the year, or held in the year, in the course of carrying on any business during the year through a permanent establishment in Canada
Total of all amounts each of which is the carrying value at the end of year of an asset of the corporation that is a ship or aircraft the corporation operated in international traffic, or personal or movable property used or held by the corporation in carrying on any business during the year through a permanent establishment in Canada (see note below)
Total deductions (add lines 711, 712, and 713) E
Taxable capital employed in Canada (line 701 minus amount E) (if negative, enter "0")
Note: Complete line 713 only if the country in which the corporation is resident did not impose a capital tax for the year on similar assets, or a tax for the year on the income from the operation of a ship or aircraft in international traffic, of any corporation resident in Canada during the year.
Part 5 – Calculation for purposes of the small business deduction
This part is applicable to corporations that are not associated in the current year, but were associated in the prior year.
Taxable capital employed in Canada (amount from line 690)
Deduct:
Excess (amount F minus amount G) (if negative, enter "0") H
Calculation for purposes of the small business deduction (amount H x 0.225%) Enter this amount at line 415 of the T2 return.

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Attached Schedule with Total

Part 1 – All loans and advances to the corporation

Title Part 1 – All loans and advances to the corporation

	Operator	
Description	(Note)	Amount
Notes Payable		837,185,000 00
_ Customer deposits		910,454 00
Customer deposits	+	43,273,520 00
Customer credit balances		14,450,549 00
	+	
	Total	895,819,523 00

Note: The calculations are performed one at a time, from the first to the last line, and not according to the priority rules of the operations. For example, the formula 1+2*3 will not result in the same thing as the formula 1+3*2.

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

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Canada Revenue Agency Agence du revenu du Canada Schedule 50

Shareholder Information

Corporation's name	Business number	Tax year-end Year Month Day
Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee		2023-12-31

- All private corporations must complete this schedule for any shareholder who holds 10% or more of the corporation's common and/or preferred shares.
- Provide only one number (business number, partnership account number, social insurance number or trust number) per shareholder.

		<u>.</u>				
	Name of shareholder (after name, indicate in brackets if the shareholder is a corporation,	Business number or partnership account number	Social insurance number	Trust number (T followed	Percentage common shares	Percentage preferred shares
	partnership, individual, or trust)	(9 digits, 2 letters, and 4 digits. If not registered, enter "NR")	(9 digits)	by 8 digits)	Shares	Charge
	100	200	300	350	400	500
1	Hydro Ottawa Holding Inc. (Corporation)				100.000	
2		-				
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

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Canada Revenue Agence du revenu du Canada

Schedule 53

General Rate Income Pool (GRIP) Calculation

Corporation's name	Business number	Tax year-end Year Month Day
Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee		2023-12-31

On: 2023-12-31

- If you are a Canadian-controlled private corporation (CCPC) or a deposit insurance corporation (DIC), use this schedule to determine the general rate income pool (GRIP).
- Credit unions are **not** required to complete this schedule.
- All legislative references are to the federal Income Tax Act and Income Tax Regulations.
- When an eligible dividend was paid in the tax year or there was a change in the GRIP balance, file a completed copy of this schedule with your T2
 Corporation Income Tax Return. Do not send your worksheets with your return, but keep them in your records in case we ask to see them later.
- Subsection 89(1) defines the terms eligible dividend, excessive eligible dividend designation, general rate income pool, and low rate income pool.

┌ Eligibility for the various additions	
Answer the following questions to determine the corporation's eligibility for the various additions:	
2006 addition	Yes X No
Is this the corporation's first taxation year that includes January 1, 2006? If not, what is the date of the taxation year end of the corporation's first year that includes January 1, 2006? Enter the date and go directly to question 4	Yes X No
During that first year, was the corporation a CCPC or would it have been a CCPC if not for the election of subsection 89(11) ITA?	X Yes No
If the answer to question 3 is yes, complete Part "GRIP addition for 2006".	
Change in the type of corporation	
4. Was the corporation a CCPC during its preceding taxation year?	X Yes No
5. Corporations that become a CCPC or a DIC If the answer to question 5 is yes, complete Part 4.	Yes X No
Amalgamation (first year of filing after amalgamation)	
6. Corporations that were formed as a result of an amalgamation If the answer to question 6 is yes, answer questions 7 and 8. If the answer is no, go to question 9.	Yes X No
7. Was one or more of the predecessor corporations neither a CCPC nor a DIC? If the answer to question 7 is yes, complete Part 4.	Yes No
8. Was one or more of the predecessor corporation a CCPC or a DIC during the taxation year that ended immediately before amalgamation?	Yes No
If the answer to question 8 is yes, complete Part 3.	
Winding-up	
9. Has the corporation wound-up a subsidiary in the preceding taxation year? If the answer to question 9 is yes, answer questions 10 and 11. If the answer is no, go to Part 1.	Yes X No
10. Was the subsidiary neither a CCPC nor a DIC during its last taxation year? If the answer to question 10 is yes, complete Part 4.	Yes No
11. Was the subsidiary a CCPC or a DIC during its last taxation year? If the answer to question 11 is yes, complete Part 3.	Yes No

┌ Part 1 – General rate income pool (GRIP)	
GRIP at the end of the previous tax year	236,035,242
Taxable income for the year (DICs enter "0")*	
Amount on line 400, 405, 410, or 428 of the T2 return, whichever is the least* For a CCPC, the lesser of aggregate investment income (line 440 of the T2 return) and taxable income* 140	
Subtotal (line 130 plus line 140) A	
Income taxable at the general corporate rate (line 110 minus amount A) (if negative enter "0")	
After-tax income (line 150 multiplied by 0.72 (the general rate factor for the tax year))	190
Eligible dividends received in the tax year Dividends deductible under section 113 received in the tax year Subtotal (line 200 plus line 210)	В
Becoming a CCPC (amount W5 in Part 4) Post-amalgamation (total of amount E4 in Part 3 and amount W5 in Part 4) Post-wind-up (total of amount E4 in Part 3 and amount W5 in Part 4) Subtotal (add lines 220, 230, and 240) Subtotal (add lines 100, 190, 290, and amount amount amount w5 in Part 4)	nt B)236,035,242_ C
Eligible dividends paid in the previous tax year Excessive eligible dividend designations made in the previous tax year (If becoming a CCPC (subsection 89(4) applies), enter "0" on lines 300 and 310.) Subtotal (line 300 minus line 310)	D
GRIP before adjustment for specified future tax consequences (amount C minus amount D) (amount can be negative)	490 236,035,242
Total GRIP adjustment for specified future tax consequences to previous tax years (amount L3 in Part 2)	1,536,286
GRIP at the end of the tax year (line 490 minus line 560) Enter this amount on line 160 of Schedule 55, Part III.1 Tax on Excessive Eligible Dividend Designations.	234,498,956
* For lines 110, 130, and 140, the income amount is the amount before considering specified future tax consequences. This phra subsection 248(1). It includes the deduction of a loss carryback from subsequent tax years, a reduction of Canadian exploration Canadian development expenses that were renounced in subsequent tax years (for example, flow-through share renunciations inclusions where an option is exercised in subsequent tax years, and the effect of certain foreign tax credit adjustments.	n expenses and

reprovious tax your	12-31				
able income before specified for the current tax year			A1		
ter the following amounts be nsequences from the current		tax			
nount on line 400, 405, 410, 428 of the T2 return, ichever is the least		B1			
gregate investment income e 440 of the T2 return)		C1			
Subtotal (amount B1 plus amo	ount C1)	>	D1		
Subtotal (amount A1 minus	s amount D1) (if negat	ive, enter "0")	> _	E1	
	Futu	re tax consequences tha	t occur for the current	year	
	Am	ount carried back from the	current year to a prior y	/ear	
Non-capital loss carry-back (paragraph 111 (1)(a) ITA)	Capital loss carry-back	Restricted farm loss carry-back	Farm loss carry-back	Other	Total carrybacks
kable income after specified fut	ure tax consequences er specified future ta		F1		
nount on line 400, 405, 410,		G1			
nount on line 400, 405, 410, 428 of the T2 return,					
nount on line 400, 405, 410,		H1			
nount on line 400, 405, 410, 428 of the T2 return, ichever is the least		_	I1		
nount on line 400, 405, 410, 428 of the T2 return, ichever is the least gregate investment income e 440 of the T2 return)	 ount H1)	>		J1	

Second	previous tax year <u>202</u>	1-12-31				
	ncome before specified funt tax year		es from	8,886,264 A2		
	e following amounts bef ences from the current		tax			
r 428 of	on line 400, 405, 410, the T2 return, er is the least		B2			
Aggregat	e investment income of the T2 return)					
Subto	tal (amount B2 plus amo	unt C2)	<u>826,786</u> ►	826,786 _{D2}		
	btotal (amount A2 minus			8,059,478	8,059,478 E2	
		Futu	re tax consequences th	nat occur for the current	vear	
			•	ne current year to a prior	•	
			1			
	Non-capital loss carry-back (paragraph 111 (1)(a) ITA)	Capital loss carry-back	Restricted farm loss carry-back	Farm loss carry-back	Other	Total carrybacks
	carry-back (paragraph 111				Other	
āxable i	carry-back (paragraph 111 (1)(a) ITA)	carry-back	loss carry-back		Other	carrybacks
	carry-back (paragraph 111 (1)(a) ITA) 2,960,516	carry-back	loss carry-back	carry-back	Other	carrybacks
Enter the Amount of or 428 of	carry-back (paragraph 111 (1)(a) ITA) 2,960,516 accome after specified future following amounts after specified future following amounts after specified future for line 400, 405, 410, the T2 return,	carry-back ore tax consequences or specified future ta	loss carry-back	carry-back	Other	carrybacks
Enter the Amount of or 428 of whicheve Aggregat	carry-back (paragraph 111 (1)(a) ITA) 2,960,516 accome after specified future following amounts after specified future on line 400, 405, 410,	carry-back ure tax consequences er specified future ta	loss carry-back ax consequences:	carry-back	Other	carrybacks
Enter the Amount of or 428 of whicheve Aggregat (line 440	carry-back (paragraph 111 (1)(a) ITA) 2,960,516 come after specified future following amounts after on line 400, 405, 410, the T2 return, or is the least e investment income	carry-back ure tax consequences er specified future ta	loss carry-back ax consequences: G2 H2	carry-back	Other	carrybacks
Enter the Amount of or 428 of whicheve Aggregat line 440 Subtot	carry-back (paragraph 111 (1)(a) ITA) 2,960,516 a following amounts after on line 400, 405, 410, the T2 return, or is the least	carry-back are tax consequences are specified future ta	loss carry-back ax consequences: G2 H2 P	carry-back 5,925,748 F2	Other 5,925,748 J2	carrybacks

Part 2	– GRIP adjustmer	nt for specified fu	ture tax consequer	nces to previous	tax years (continue	ed) ————	
Third pre	evious tax year <u>2020</u>	-12-31					
	ncome before specified to tax year	future tax consequence		927,952 A3			
	e following amounts be lences from the curren		tax				
or 428 of	on line 400, 405, 410, the T2 return, er is the least		B3				
	te investment income of the T2 return)		C3				
Subto	tal (amount B3 plus amo	ount C3)	>	D3			
Su	ibtotal (amount A3 minu	s amount D3) (if negati	ve, enter "0")	927,952	927,952 E3		
		Futur	e tax consequences the	at occur for the curre	nt year		
		Amo	ount carried back from the	e current year to a prior	year		
	Non-capital loss carry-back (paragraph 111 (1)(a) ITA)	Capital loss carry-back	Restricted farm loss carry-back	Farm loss carry-back	Other	Total carrybacks	
Taxable i	ncome after specified fut	ture tax consequences		F3			
Amount of	e following amounts af on line 400, 405, 410, the T2 return, er is the least	·	·				
(line 440	te investment income of the T2 return)						
			>				
s	ubtotal (amount F3 min i	us amount I3) (if negati	ve, enter "0")	> _	J3		
			E3 minus amount J3) (if r		K3		
(amount	K3 multiplied by	0.72)	ces to the third previous			540	
•	s 500, 520, and 540) (if i	negative, enter "0")				1,536,	<u>286</u> ı

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- Part 3 - Workshoot to calculate the GRIP addition post-amalgamation or post-wind-up	
 Part 3 – Worksheet to calculate the GRIP addition post-amalgamation or post-wind-up (predecessor or subsidiary was a CCPC or a DIC in its last tax year) 	
nb. 1 Post amalgamation Post wind-up	
 Complete this part when there has been an amalgamation (within the meaning assigned by subsection 87(1)) or a wind-up applies) and the predecessor or subsidiary corporation was a CCPC or a DIC in its last tax year. The last tax year for a pre year that ended immediately before the amalgamation and for a subsidiary corporation was its tax year during which its as on the wind-up. 	edecessor corporation was its tax
Calculate the GRIP addition of a successor corporation following an amalgamation at the end of its first tax year.	
 Calculate the GRIP addition of a parent corporation upon wind-up at the end of the tax year that ends immediately after the received the assets of the subsidiary. 	e tax year in which the parent has
 In the calculation below, corporation means a predecessor or a subsidiary. Complete a separate worksheet for each pred was a CCPC or a DIC in its last tax year. Keep a copy of this calculation for your records, in case we ask to see it later. 	decessor and each subsidiary that
Corporation's GRIP at the end of its last tax year	A4
Eligible dividends paid by the corporation in its last tax year	B4
Excessive eligible dividend designations made by the corporation in its last tax year	C4
Subtotal (amount B4 minus amount C4)	▶D4
GRIP addition post-amalgamation or post-wind-up (predecessor or subsidiary was a CCPC or a DIC in its last tax year) (amount A4 minus amount D4)	<u>=====</u> E4
After you complete this calculation for each predecessor and each subsidiary, calculate the total of all the E4 amounts. Enter leading 1 line 230 for post-amalgamation; or line 240 for post-wind-up.	his total amount on:

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	(predecessor or subsidiary was not a CCPC or a I or the corporation is becoming a CCPC	DIC in its last tax year),		
nb. 1	Corporation becoming a CCPC Post amalgamation	Post wind	l-up	
and the year. Th	te this part when there has been an amalgamation (within the meani predecessor or subsidiary was not a CCPC or a DIC in its last tax ye le last tax year for a predecessor corporation was its tax year that er ear during which its assets were distributed to the parent on the wind	ear, or when a corporation has been added immediately before the amalo	come a CCPC since the end of its pr	evious tax
 Calcula 	te the GRIP addition of a successor corporation following an amalga	mation at the end of its first tax ye	ar.	
	te the GRIP addition of a parent corporation upon wind-up at the end d the assets of the subsidiary.	d of the tax year that ends immedia	ately after the tax year in which the p	arent has
 Calcula 	te the GRIP addition of a corporation that became a CCPC since the	e end of its previous tax year.		
Comple	alculation below, corporation means a predecessor or a subsidiary, te a separate worksheet for each predecessor and each subsidiary cords, in case we ask to see it later.			
Cost amou	nt to the corporation of all property immediately before the end of its	previous/last tax year		A5
Total of sub the previou	ation's money on hand immediately before the end of its previous/las section 111(1) losses that would have been deductible in calculating is/last tax year if the corporation had had unlimited income from each d an unlimited amount of capital gains for the previous/last tax year:	g the corporation's taxable income h business carried on and each pro	for	B5
Non-cap	tal losses	C5		
Net capit	al losses	D5		
Farm los	ses	E5		
Restricte	d farm losses	F5		
Limited p	partnership losses			
	Subtotal (add amounts C5 to G5)		H5	
Total of all	amounts deducted under subsection 111(1) in calculating the corpora			
iotal of all	amounts deducted under subsection TTT(T) in calculating the corpora	ation's taxable income for the prev	lous/last tax year.	
Non-cap	tal losses	15		
Net capit	al losses	J5		
Farm los	ses	K5		
Restricte	d farm losses	L5		
Limited p	partnership losses	M5		
	Subtotal (add amounts I5 to M5)	>	N5	
	Unused and unexpired losses at the end of the corporation's p		>	O5
		Subtotal (add amou	nts A5, B5, and O5)	P5
	oration's debts and other obligations to pay that were g immediately before the end of its previous/last tax year	·····	Q5	
	pital of all the corporation's issued and outstanding shares tock immediately before the end of its previous/last tax year		R5	
All the corp	oration's reserves deducted in its previous/last tax year		S5	
	ation's capital dividend account immediately before the end ous/last tax year	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	T5	
	ation's low rate income pool immediately before the end of s/last tax year	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	U5	
	Subtotal (adv	d amounts Q5 to U5)	•	V5
	tion post-amalgamation or post-wind-up (predecessor or subsic poration is becoming a CCPC (amount P5 minus amount V5) (if ne	diary was not a CCPC or a DIC ir	n its last tax year),	W5
- I - I	omplete this worksheet for each predecessor and each subsidiary, coine 220 for a corporation becoming a CCPC; ine 230 for post-amalgamation; or ine 240 for post-wind-up.	alculate the total of all the W5 amo	ounts. Enter this total amount on:	

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee



Canada Revenue Agency Agence du revenu du Canada Schedule 508

Ontario Research and Development Tax Credit

Corporation's name	Business number	Tax year-end Year Month Dav
Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee		2023-12-31

- · Use this schedule to:
 - calculate an Ontario research and development tax credit (ORDTC);
 - claim an ORDTC earned in the tax year or carried forward from any of the 20 previous tax years that are a tax year ending after December 31, 2008, to reduce Ontario corporate income tax payable in the current tax year;
 - carry back an ORDTC earned in the tax year to reduce Ontario corporate income tax payable in any of the three previous tax years;
 - add an ORDTC that was allocated to the corporation by a partnership of which it was a member;
 - add an ORDTC transferred after an amalgamation or windup; or
 - calculate a recapture of the ORDTC.
- The ORDTC is a non-refundable tax credit on eligible expenditures incurred by a corporation in a tax year. The ORDTC rate is:
 - 4.5% for tax years that end before June 1, 2016;

Part 1 – Ontario SR&ED expenditure pool -

- 3.5% for tax years that start after May 31, 2016; and
- prorated for a tax year that ends on or after June 1, 2016, and includes May 31, 2016.
- An eligible expenditure is an expenditure for a permanent establishment in Ontario of a corporation, that is a qualified expenditure for the purposes of section 127 of the federal Income Tax Act for scientific research and experimental development (SR&ED) carried on in Ontario.
- . Only corporations that are not exempt from Ontario corporate income tax and none of whose income is exempt income can claim the ORDTC.
- Complete and attach this schedule to the T2 Corporation Income Tax Return for the tax year.
- To claim this credit, you must also send in completed copies of the Form T661, Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED) Expenditures Claim, and the Schedule 31, Investment Tax Credit - Corporations, within 18 months of the tax year end.

Fait 1 = Official of Skall beapenditure poor		
Total eligible expenditures incurred by the corporation in Ontario in the tax year Government assistance, non-government assistance, or a contract payment	5,399,246 A	
for eligible expenditures	B	
Net eligible expenditures for the tax year (amount A minus amount B)	5,399,246 C	
(if negative, enter "0")	3,399,2 40 C	
Eligible expenditures transferred to the corporation by another corporation	D	
Subtotal (amount C plus amount D)	5,399,246	5,399,246 E
Eligible expenditures the corporation transferred to another corporation	115	F
Ontario SR&ED expenditure pool (amount E minus amount F) (if negative, enter "0")	120	5,399,246 _G
□ Part 2 – Eligible repayments		
The repayment of the ORDTC is calculated using the ORDTC rate that you used to determine your tax cred	dit at the time your eligible expen	dituras wars
reduced because of the government or non-government assistance, or contract payments. Enter the amount to the appropriate rate.		
Repayments for tax years that end before June 1, 2016 210	4.5 % = 215	Н
Repayment for a tax year that ends on or after June 1, 2016 and includes May 31, 2016. Complete the pr	roration calculation below	
Number of days		
in the tax year		
before June 1, 2016 240 152 ^X 4.5 % = 1.8689 % 1		
Number of days 241 366		
in the tax year		
Number of days		
in the tax year		
after May 31, 2016242214 _ X3.5 % =2.0464 % _ 2		
Number of days 243 366		
in the tax year		
Subtotal (percentage 1 plus percentage 2)3.9153_% 3		
Repayments for a tax year that ends on or after		
June 1, 2016 and includes May 31, 2016	3.9153 _% = 216	1

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┌ Part 2 – Eligible repayments (continued) ─	
Tart 2 Eligible repayments (continues)	
Repayments for tax years that start after May 31, 2016 212 × 3.5 % = 217	J
Repayments made in the tax year of government or non-government assistance or contract payments that reduced eligible expenditures for first term or second term	
shared-use equipment acquired before 2014 220 x 1 / 4 = x 4.5 % = 225	к
Eligible repayments (total of amounts H to K)	L
Part 3 – Calculation of the current part of the ORDTC	
For tax years that end before June 1, 2016	
Ontario SR&ED expenditure pool (amount G in Part 1) x 4.5 % = 200	M
ORDTC allocated to the corporation by a partnership of which it is a member (other than a specified member) for a fiscal period that ends in the corporation's tax year *	N
Eligible repayments (amount L in Part 2)	o
Current part of the ORDTC for tax years that end before June 1, 2016 (total of amounts M to O)	— °
	— 「
For a tax year that ends on or after June 1, 2016, and includes May 31, 2016	
Number of days in the tax year	
before June 1, 2016 X 4.5 % = % 4	
Number of days in the tax year	
Number of days	
in the tax year after May 31, 2016	
Number of days in the tax year	
Subtotal (percentage 4 plus percentage 5)% 6	
Ontario SR&ED expenditure pool (amount G in Part 1) x percentage 6% = 201	Q
ORDTC allocated to the corporation by a partnership of which it is a member (other than a specified member) for a fiscal period that ends in the corporation's tax year *	R
Eligible repayments (amount L in Part 2)	s
Part of the ORDTC for a tax year that ends on or after June 1, 2016, and includes May 31, 2016 (total of amounts Q to S) 231	т
For tax years that start after May 31, 2016	
Ontario SR&ED expenditure pool (amount G in Part 1)	974_ u
ORDTC allocated to the corporation by a partnership of which it is a member (other than a specified member)	
for a fiscal period that ends in the corporation's tax year *	V
Eligible repayments (amount L in Part 2)	w
The ORDTC for tax years that start after May 31, 2016 (total of amounts U to W)	974 X

* If there is a disposal or change of use of eligible property, see Part 7 on page 4.

- Part 4 Calculatio	on of OPDIC available f	or deduction and ORDTC balance —		
	nd of the previous tax year		273,299	Y
OND TO Balanco at the of	na or the provided tax your		2. 3/233	•
ORDTC expired after 20	tax years			Z
ORDTC at the beginning	of the tax year (amount Y minu	is amount Z)	273,299	AA
ORDTC transferred to the	e corporation on amalgamation	or windup 310 _		ВВ
Current part of ORDTC		<u>188,974</u> cc		
(amount P, T or X in Part	3 whichever applies)			
Are you waiving all or par current part of the ORDT	t of the C? 315 Yes 1	No 2 X		
If you answered yes at line the tax credit waived on I	ne 315, enter the amount of ine 320.			
If you answered no at line	e 315, enter "0" on line 320.			
Waiver of the current par	t of the ORDTC	320 DD		
	Subtotal (amount CC minus	amount DD) 188,974 ▶	188,974	EE
ORDTC available for de	duction (total of amounts AA, E	BB and EE)	462,273	► 462,273 FF
ORDTC claimed ** (Enter amount GG on line Corporations)		Tax Calculation Supplementary –	(GG
ORDTC carried back to p	orevious tax years (from Part 5)			нн
		Subtotal (amount GG plus amount HH) =		▶
ORDTC balance at the e	end of the tax year (amount FF	minus amount II)		325 462,273 JJ
 ORDTC available for 	e more than the lesser of the for or deduction (amount FF); or acome tax payable before the Ol	llowing amounts: RDTC and the Ontario corporate minimum tax cre	edit (amount from line E	E6 on page 5 of Schedule 5).
- Part 5 – Request f	or carryback of tax cred	lit —		
	Year Month Day			
1 st previous tax year	2022-12-31	C	redit to be applied	901
2 nd previous tax year	2021-12-31	C	redit to be applied	902
3 rd previous tax year	2020-12-31	C	redit to be applied	903
		Total (total of amount 901 to 903)(er	nter at amount HH in Pa	art 4)

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- Part 6 – Analysis of tax credit available for carryforward by tax year of origin -

You can complete this part to show all the credits from previous tax years available for carryforward, by year of origin. This will help you determine the amount of credit that could expire in following years.

Tax year of origin (earliest tax year first)

(,	
Year	Month	Day	Credit available
2	003-12-3	31	
2	004-12-3	31	
2	005-12-3	31	
2	006-12-3	31	
2	007-12-3	31	
2	008-12-3	81	
2	009-12-3	81	
2	010-12-3	81	
2	011-12-3	81	
2	012-12-3	31	
2 2 2	009-12-3 010-12-3 011-12-3	31 31 31	

Tax year of origin (earliest tax year first)

(earliest ta	ax year	first)	
Year Mo	onth	Day	Credit available
2013	-12-3	1	
2014	-12-3	1	
2015	-12-3	1	
2016	-12-3	1	
2017	-12-3	1	
2018	-12-3	1	
2019	-12-3	1	
2020	-12-3	1	141,034
2021	-12-3	1	
2022	-12-3	1	132,265
2023	-12-3	1	188,974
			·

Total (equals line 325 in Part 4) ______462,273

The amount available from the 20th previous tax year will expire after this year. When you file your return for the next year, you will enter the expired amount on line 300 of Schedule 508 for that year.

Current tax year

Part 7 - Calculation of a recapture of ORDTC -

You will have a recapture of ORDTC in a tax year when you meet all of the following conditions:

- you acquired a particular property in the current year or in any of the 20 previous tax years if the ORDTC was earned in a tax year ending after 2008;
- you claimed the cost of the property as an eligible expenditure for the ORDTC;
- the cost of the property was included in computing your ORDTC or was subject to an agreement made under subsection 127(13) of the federal Act to transfer qualified expenditures and section 42 of the *Taxation Act*, 2007 (Ontario) applied; and
- you disposed of the property or converted it to commercial use in a tax year ending after December 31, 2008. You also meet this condition if you
 disposed of or converted to commercial use a property which incorporates the particular property previously referred to.

Note: The recapture **does not apply** if you disposed of the property to a non-arm's length purchaser who intended to use it all or substantially all for SR&ED in Ontario. When the non-arm's length purchaser later sells or converts the property to commercial use, the recapture rules will apply to the purchaser based on the historical federal investment tax credit (ITC) rate *** of the original user in Calculation 1 below.

You have to report the recapture on Schedule 5 for the year in which you disposed of the property or converted it to commercial use. If the corporation is a member of a partnership, report its share of the recapture.

Complete the columns for each disposition for which a recapture applies, using the calculation formats below.

*** Federal ITC in calculations 1 and 2 should be determined without reference to paragraph (e) of the definition **investment tax credit** in subsection 127(9) of the federal Act.

Calculation 1 – Complete this part If you meet all of the above conditions

	кк	LL	MM
	Amount of federal ITC you originally calculated for the property you acquired, or the original user's federal ITC where you acquired the property from a non-arm's length party, as described in the note above	Amount calculated using the federal ITC rate at the date of acquisition (or the original user's date of acquisition) on either the proceeds of disposition (if sold in an arm's length transaction) or the fair market value of the property (in any other case)	Amount from column 700 or 710, whichever is less
	700	710	
1.			

Total of column MM (enter at amount WW in Part 8) ______NN

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Calcu eligible		tion 42(1) of the <i>Taxation Act, 2007</i> (Ontario) to have usence of an agreement described in subsection 127		
	00	PP	QQ	
	Rate percentage that the transferee used to determine its federal ITC for qualified expenditure that was transferred under an agreement under subsection 127(13) of the federal Act	Proceeds of disposition of the property if you dispose of it to a person at arm's length; or, in any other case, the fair market value of the property at conversion or disposition	Amount, if any, already provided for in Calculation 1 (this allows for the situation where only part of the cost of a property is transferred for an agreement under subsection 127(13) of the federal Act)	
	720	730	740	
1.				
	RR	SS	TT	
	Amount determined by the formula (OO x PP) - QQ (using the columns above)	Federal ITC earned by the transferee for the qualified expenditure that was transferred	Amount from column RR or SS, whichever is less	
1.		750		
		Total of column TT (enter at amount XX in Part 8)		<u> </u>
Calcu	lation 3			
recapt enoug	ture. If this is a positive amount, you will report it o	e of the ORDTC of the partnership after the ORDTC n line 205, 206, or 207 in Part 3, whichever applies. ure, then the amount by which reductions to the OR	However, if the partnership does not have	
Corpo	rate partner's share of the excess of ORDTC (ent	er at amount ZZ in Part 8)	760	V
- Par	t 8 – Total recapture of ORDTC ——			
Recap	tured federal ITC for Calculation 1 (amount NN fr	om Part 7)	ww	
Recap	otured federal ITC for Calculation 2 (amount UU fr	om Part 7)	xx	
Amou	nt WW plus amount XX	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	x 23.56 % =	YY

Corporate partner's share of the excess of ORDTC for Calculation 3 (amount VV from Part 7)

Recapture of ORDTC (amount YY plus amount ZZ) (enter amount AAA on line 277 on page 5 of Schedule 5)

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Schedule A - Worksheet for eligible expenditures incurred by the corporation in Ontario for the current taxation year

This worksheet allows you to report the amount of eligible expenditures entered on Form T661, Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED) Expenditures Claim which represents eligible expenditures as defined in section 127 of the Income Tax Act (ITA) with regard to scientific research and experimental development (SR&ED) carried on in Ontario and attributable to a permanent establishment in Ontario of a corporation.

Data on the worksheet is calculated based on the amounts on Form T661, but will have to be adjusted according to the rules of Ontario, if applicable, in particular when the corporation has had a permanent establishment in more than one jurisdiction. This data will be used when calculating Schedule 508 and Schedule 566.

Total expenditures for SR&ED	_	4,885,921
Add		
payment of prior years' unpaid expenses (other than salary or wages)	+	
prescribed proxy amount (Enter "0" if you use the traditional method)	+	1,085,505
other additions	+	
Subtotal	=	5,971,426
Less ◆ current expenditures (other than salary or wages) not paid within 180 days of the tax year end	_	
amounts paid in respect of an SR&ED contract to a person or partnership that is not taxable supplier	_	
20% of contract expenditures for SR&ED performed on your behalf		572,180
prescribed expenditures not allowed by regulations		
other deductions non-arm's length transactions		
expenditures for non-arm's length SR&ED contracts purchases (limited to costs) of goods and services from non-arm's		
length suppliers		
Total	=	5,399,246 ।
Enter amount I on line 100 of Schedule 508.		

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Attached Schedule with Total

3rd previous year – Opening balance		
Title _3rd previous year – Opening balance		
Description	Operator (Note)	Amount
Increase in ORDTC from 2020 amended tax return		141,034 00
	Total	141,034 00

Note: The calculations are performed one at a time, from the first to the last line, and not according to the priority rules of the operations. For example, the formula 1+2*3 will not result in the same thing as the formula 1+3*2.

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee



Canada Revenue Agence du revenu Agency du Canada Schedule 510

Ontario Corporate Minimum Tax

Corporation's name	Business number	Tax year-end Year Month Day
Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee		2023-12-31

- File this schedule if the corporation is subject to Ontario corporate minimum tax (CMT). CMT is levied under section 55 of the Taxation Act, 2007 (Ontario), referred to as the "Ontario Act".
- Complete Part 1 to determine if the corporation is subject to CMT for the tax year.
- A corporation not subject to CMT in the tax year is still required to file this schedule if it is deducting a CMT credit, has a CMT credit carryforward, or has a CMT loss carryforward or a current year CMT loss.
- A corporation that has Ontario special additional tax on life insurance corporations (SAT) payable in the tax year must complete Part 4 of this schedule even if it is not subject to CMT for the tax year.
- A corporation is exempt from CMT if, throughout the tax year, it was one of the following:
 - 1) a corporation exempt from income tax under section 149 of the federal Income Tax Act;
 - 2) a mortgage investment corporation under subsection 130.1(6) of the federal Act;
 - 3) a deposit insurance corporation under subsection 137.1(5) of the federal Act;
 - 4) a congregation or business agency to which section 143 of the federal Act applies;
 - 5) an investment corporation as referred to in subsection 130(3) of the federal Act; or
 - 6) a mutual fund corporation under subsection 131(8) of the federal Act.

• File this schedule with the T2 Corporation Income Tax Return.

Part 1 – Determination of CMT applicability	
Total assets of the corporation at the end of the tax year *	1,974,017,000
Share of total assets from partnership(s) and joint venture(s) *	
Total assets of associated corporations (amount from line 450 on Schedule 511)	1,586,094,938
Total assets (total of lines 112 to 116)	3,560,111,938
Total revenue of the corporation for the tax year **	1,118,413,000
Share of total revenue from partnership(s) and joint venture(s) **	
Total revenue of associated corporations (amount from line 550 on Schedule 511)	99,257,484
Total revenue (total of lines 142 to 146)	1,217,670,484

The corporation is subject to CMT if:

- for tax years ending before July 1, 2010, the total assets at the end of the year of the corporation or the associated group of corporations are more than \$5,000,000, or the total revenue for the year of the corporation or the associated group of corporations is more than \$10,000,000.
- for tax years ending after June 30, 2010, the total assets at the end of the year of the corporation or the associated group of corporations are equal to or more than \$50,000,000, and the total revenue for the year of the corporation or the associated group of corporations is equal to or more than \$100,000,000.
 If the corporation is not subject to CMT, do not complete the remaining parts unless the corporation is deducting a CMT credit, or has a CMT credit carryforward, a CMT loss carryforward, a current year CMT loss, or SAT payable in the year.

* Rules for total assets

- Report total assets according to generally accepted accounting principles, adjusted so that consolidation and equity methods are not used.
- Do not include unrealized gains and losses on assets and foreign currency gains and losses on assets that are included in net income for accounting purposes but not in income for corporate income tax purposes.
- The amount on line 114 is determined at the end of the last fiscal period of the partnership or joint venture that ends in the tax year of the corporation. Add the proportionate share of the assets of the partnership(s) and joint venture(s), and deduct the recorded asset(s) for the investment in partnerships and joint ventures.
- A corporation's share in a partnership or joint venture is determined under paragraph 54(5)(b) of the Ontario Act and, if the partnership or joint venture had no income or loss, is calculated as if the partnership's or joint venture's income were \$1 million. For a corporation with an indirect interest in a partnership or joint venture, determine the corporation's share according to paragraph 54(5)(c) of the Ontario Act.

** Rules for total revenue

- Report total revenue in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, adjusted so that consolidation and equity methods are not used.
- If the tax year is less than 51 weeks, multiply the total revenue of the corporation or the partnership, whichever applies, by 365 and divide by the number of days in the tax year.
- The amount on line 144 is determined for the partnership or joint venture fiscal period that ends in the tax year of the corporation. If the partnership or joint venture has 2 or more fiscal periods ending in the filing corporation's tax year, **multiply** the sum of the total revenue for each of the fiscal periods by 365 and **divide** by the total number of days in all the fiscal periods.
- A corporation's share in a partnership or joint venture is determined under paragraph 54(5)(b) of the Ontario Act and, if the partnership or joint venture had no income or loss, is calculated as if the partnership's or joint venture's income were \$1 million. For a corporation with an indirect interest in a partnership or joint venture, determine the corporation's share according to paragraph 54(5)(c) of the Ontario Act.

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Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Not income/loss per financial statements* Add (10 the extent reflected in income/loss): Provision for current income taxes(debits)/cost of future income taxes 220 Provision for current income taxes (debits)/cost of future income taxes 221 Provision for comportations 224 Financial statement loss from partnerships and joint ventures 226 Dividends deducted on financial statements (subsection 57(2) of the Ontario Act), excluding dividends paid by credit unions under subsection 137(4.1) of the federal Act 230 Cher additions (see note below): Share of adjusted net income of partnerships and joint ventures ** 228 231 232 232 233 244 Provision for federed income taxes (credits)/spending for future income floss \$\) 232 233 244 Provision for recovery of current income taxes benefit of current income taxes 252 264 Provision for referred income taxes (credits)/spendit of future income taxes 252 257,000 Provision for referred income taxes (credits)/spendit of future income taxes 252 264 Dividends not taxable under section 112, section 113, or subsection 138(6) of the federal Act Dividends not taxable under section 83 of the federal Act (from Schedule 3) 332 Dividends not taxable under section 83 of the federal Act (from Schedule 3) 332 Dividends not taxable under section 83 of the federal Act (from Schedule 3) 334 Accounting gain on transfer of property toffrom a partnership under section 85 or 85.1 Office floring gad active transfer of property toffrom a partnership under section 85 or 85.1 Office floring gad active transfer of property toffrom a partnership under section 85 or 85.1 Other deductions (see note below): Share of adjusted net loss of partnerships and joint ventures ** 1ax payable on dividends under subsection 181.1(1) of the federal Act 338 349 340 Adjusted net loss of partnerships and joint ventures ** 1ax payable on dividends pragraph 201(h) or (d) of the federal Act 341 342 343 344 345 346 347 348 349 349 340 340 340 341 341 341 342 345 34	 Part 2 – Adjusted net income/loss for CMT purposes 			
Provision for current income taxes (debits)/cost of future income taxes 220 Provision for deferred income taxes (debits)/cost of future income taxes 224 Financial statement loss from partnerships and joint ventures 226 Dividends deuctioed on financial statements (subsection 37/2 of the Ontario Act), excluding dividends gaid by credit unions under subsection 137(4.1) of the federal Act 230 Other additions (see note below): Share of adjusted net income of partnerships and joint ventures ** 228 231 232 232 233 234 235 236 237 237 337 238 248 257 268 Deduct (to the extent reflected in income/loss): Provision for recovery of current income taxes/benefit of current income taxes 320 Provision for deferred income laxes (credits)/benefit of future income taxes 322 Equily income from corporations 324 Financial statement income from partnerships and joint ventures 324 Dividends deductible under section 37 of the federal Act (from Schedule 3) 332 Cajin on donation of listed security or ecological gift corporation on taxable under section 30 of the federal Act (from Schedule 3) 332 Cajin on donation of listed security or ecological gift corporation under section 85 or 85.1 of the federal Act *** Accounting gain on transfer of property to dromer subsection 13(4), subsection 14(6), or section 44 of the federal Act *** Accounting gain on disposition of property under subsection 13(4), subsection 14(6), or section 44 of the federal Act *** Accounting gain on disposition of property under subsection 13(4), subsection 14(6), or section 44 of the federal Act *** Accounting gain on disposition of property to defer subsection 84 (from Schedule 3) 338 339 339 340 350 350 350 350 350 350 350 350 350 35	Net income/loss per financial statements *			28,798,000
Provision for deferred income taxes (debits)/cost of future income taxes	Add (to the extent reflected in income/loss):			
Equity losses from corporations Financial statement loss from partnerships and joint ventures Dividends deducted on financial statements (subsection 57(2) of the Ontario Act), excluding dividends paid by credit unions under subsection 137(4.1) of the federal Act Cother additions (see note below): Share of adjusted net income of partnerships and joint ventures ** Total partnange dividends received, not already included in net income/loss 232 231 283 284 285 284 285 284 285 284 287 280 281 281 282 283 284 285 284 285 284 287 280 281 281 282 283 284 285 284 285 284 285 284 287 286 287 287 288 288 288 288 288 288 288 288	Provision for current income taxes/cost of current income taxes	220		
Financial statement loss from partnerships and joint ventures 226	Provision for deferred income taxes (debits)/cost of future income taxes	222	77,334	
Dividends deducted on financial statements (subsection 57(2) of the Ontario Act), excluding dividends paid by credit unions under subsection 137(4.1) of the federal Act Other additions (see note below): Share of adjusted net income of partnerships and joint ventures ** 223 231 283 284 77,334 7	Equity losses from corporations	224		
Other additions (see note below): Share of adjusted net income of partnerships and joint ventures ** 228 Total patronage dividends received, not already included in net income/loss 232 231 232 231 232 232 234 235 284 32btotal 77,334 77,34 77,334 77,334 77,334 77,334 77,334 77,334 77,334 77,334 77,334 77,334 77,334 77,334 77,334 77,334 77,334 77,334 77,334 77,334 7	, , ,	,		
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Total patronage dividends received, not already included in net income/loss 232 283 283 284 284 284 284 284 284 284 284 284 284	,			
281	Share of adjusted net income of partnerships and joint ventures **			
Subtotal 77,334 No. No	Total patronage dividends received, not already included in net income/loss	<u>232</u>		
Deduct (to the extent reflected in income/loss):	281	282		
Deduct (to the extent reflected in income/loss): Provision for recovery of current income taxes/benefit of current income taxes 320 257,000 Provision for deferred income taxes (credits)/benefit of future income taxes 322 Equity income from corporations 324 Equity income from corporations 326 Dividends deductible under section 112, section 113, or subsection 138(6) of the federal Act 330 Dividends deductible under section 83 of the federal Act (from Schedule 3) 332 Gain on donation of listed security or ecological gift 340 Accounting gain on transfer of property to a corporation under section 85 or 85.1 of the federal Act *** Accounting gain on transfer of property to/from a partnership under section 85 or 97 of the federal Act *** Accounting gain on disposition of property under subsection 13(4), subsection 14(6), or section 44 of the federal Act *** Accounting gain on a windup under subsection 88(1) of the federal Act 349 Other deductions (see note below): Share of adjusted let loss of partnerships and joint ventures ** 328 Tax payable on dividends under subsection 191.1(1) of the federal Act mot already included in net income/loss 331 Interest deducted/deductible under paragraph 20(1)(c) or (d) of the federal Act 349 Interest deducted/deductible under paragraph 20(1)(c) or (d) of the federal Act 340 339 331 331 332 333 334 335 335 336 337 337 338 338 338 338 338 339 339 340 350 350 350 350 350 350 350 350 350 35	283	284		
Provision for recovery of current income taxes/benefit of current income taxes 220 Provision for deferred income taxes (credits)/benefit of future income taxes 222 Equity income from corporations 324 Financial statement income from partnerships and joint ventures 226 Dividends deductible under section 112, section 113, or subsection 138(6) of the federal Act Dividends not taxable under section 83 of the federal Act (from Schedule 3) 232 Cain on donation of listed security or ecological gift Accounting gain on transfer of property to a corporation under section 85 or 85.1 of the federal Act *** 344 Accounting gain on transfer of property to/from a partnership under section 85 or 97 of the federal Act *** 344 Accounting gain on a windup under subsection 13(4), subsection 14(6), or section 44 of the federal Act **** 346 Accounting gain on a windup under subsection 88(1) of the federal Act or an amalgamation under section 87 of the federal Act Other deductions (see note below): Share of adjusted net loss of partnerships and joint ventures ** 328 Tax payable on dividends under subsection 191.1(1) of the federal Act, not already included in net income/loss 338 381 382 383 384 385 386 387 387 389 Subtotal 257,000 Partnerships and joint ventures as a section		Subtotal	77,334	77,334 A
Provision for deferred income taxes (credits)/benefit of future income taxes 322	Deduct (to the extent reflected in income/loss):			
Equity income from corporations Financial statement income from partnerships and joint ventures Dividends deductible under section 112, section 113, or subsection 138(6) of the federal Act Dividends not taxable under section 83 of the federal Act (from Schedule 3) 332 Gain on donation of listed security or ecological gift Accounting gain on transfer of property to a corporation under section 85 or 85.1 of the federal Act *** Accounting gain on transfer of property to/from a partnership under section 85 or 97 of the federal Act *** Accounting gain on disposition of property under subsection 13(4), subsection 14(6), or section 44 of the federal Act *** Accounting gain on a windup under subsection 88(1) of the federal Act or an amalgamation under section 87 of the federal Act Other deductions (see note below): Share of adjusted net loss of partnerships and joint ventures ** Tax payable on dividends under subsection 191.1(1) of the federal Act, and already included in net income/loss Patronage dividends paid (from Schedule 16) not already included in net income/loss 338 338 339 Subtotal Subtotal Dividends encorpations 324 325 326 337 327 328 328 339 329 330 331 332 334 335 336 337 338 338 339 340 350 350 350 350 350 350 350	Provision for recovery of current income taxes/benefit of current income taxes	320	257,000	
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Dividends deductible under section 112, section 113, or subsection 138(6) of the federal Act Dividends not taxable under section 83 of the federal Act (from Schedule 3) Gain on donation of listed security or ecological gift Accounting gain on transfer of property to a corporation under section 85 or 85.1 of the federal Act *** Accounting gain on transfer of property to/from a partnership under section 85 or 97 of the federal Act **** Accounting gain on disposition of property under subsection 13(4), subsection 14(6), or section 44 of the federal Act **** Accounting gain on a windup under subsection 88(1) of the federal Act or an amalgamation under section 87 of the federal Act or an amalgamation under section 87 of the federal Act Other deductions (see note below): Share of adjusted net loss of partnerships and joint ventures ** Tax payable on dividends under subsection 191.1(1) of the federal Act, not already included in net income/loss Patronage dividends paid (from Schedule 16) not already included in net income/loss 338 381 382 383 383 384 385 386 387 389 Subtotal Subtotal Substotal	Equity income from corporations	324		
Dividends not taxable under section 83 of the federal Act (from Schedule 3) 332 Gain on donation of listed security or ecological gift 340 Accounting gain on transfer of property to a corporation under section 85 or 85.1 of the federal Act **** Accounting gain on transfer of property to/from a partnership under section 85 or 97 of the federal Act ***** Accounting gain on disposition of property under subsection 13(4), subsection 14(6), or section 44 of the federal Act ***** Accounting gain on a windup under subsection 88(1) of the federal Act or an amalgamation under section 87 of the federal Act Other deductions (see note below): Share of adjusted net loss of partnerships and joint ventures ** Tax payable on dividends under subsection 191.1(1) of the federal Act, not already included in net income/loss Patronage dividends paid (from Schedule 16) not already included in net income/loss 381 381 383 384 385 386 387 389 Subtotal Dividends sunder section 83 of the federal Act (from Schedule 16) not already included in net income/loss 257,000 B Subtotal Dividends secretion 87 of the federal Act (from Schedule 16) not already included in net income/loss 388 257,000 257,000 B	Financial statement income from partnerships and joint ventures	326		
Gain on donation of listed security or ecological gift Accounting gain on transfer of property to a corporation under section 85 or 85.1 of the federal Act **** Accounting gain on transfer of property to/from a partnership under section 85 or 97 of the federal Act **** Accounting gain on disposition of property under subsection 13(4), subsection 14(6), or section 44 of the federal Act ***** Accounting gain on a windup under subsection 88(1) of the federal Act or an amalgamation under section 87 of the federal Act Other deductions (see note below): Share of adjusted net loss of partnerships and joint ventures ** Tax payable on dividends under subsection 191.1(1) of the federal Act, not already included in net income/loss Patronage dividends paid (from Schedule 16) not already included in net income/loss 381 382 383 385 386 387 389 Subtotal 257,000 Subtotal	Dividends deductible under section 112, section 113, or subsection 138(6) of the	federal Act 330		
Accounting gain on transfer of property to a corporation under section 85 or 85.1 of the federal Act **** Accounting gain on transfer of property to/from a partnership under section 85 or 97 of the federal Act **** Accounting gain on disposition of property under subsection 13(4), subsection 14(6), or section 44 of the federal Act ***** Accounting gain on a windup under subsection 88(1) of the federal Act or an amalgamation under section 87 of the federal Act Other deductions (see note below): Share of adjusted net loss of partnerships and joint ventures ** Tax payable on dividends under subsection 191.1(1) of the federal Act multiplied by 3 interest deducted/deductible under paragraph 20(1)(c) or (d) of the federal Act, not already included in net income/loss Patronage dividends paid (from Schedule 16) not already included in net income/loss 338 381 383 384 385 387 389 Subtotal 257,000 Subtotal	Dividends not taxable under section 83 of the federal Act (from Schedule 3)	332		
of the federal Act **** Accounting gain on transfer of property to/from a partnership under section 85 or 97 of the federal Act **** Accounting gain on disposition of property under subsection 13(4), subsection 14(6), or section 44 of the federal Act **** Accounting gain on a windup under subsection 88(1) of the federal Act or an amalgamation under section 87 of the federal Act Other deductions (see note below): Share of adjusted net loss of partnerships and joint ventures ** Tax payable on dividends under subsection 191.1(1) of the federal Act multiplied by 3 linterest deducted/deductible under paragraph 20(1)(c) or (d) of the federal Act, not already included in net income/loss Patronage dividends paid (from Schedule 16) not already included in net income/loss 338 381 382 383 384 385 386 387 389 Subtotal 257,000 ▶ 257,000 B	Gain on donation of listed security or ecological gift	340		
of the federal Act **** Accounting gain on disposition of property under subsection 13(4), subsection 14(6), or section 44 of the federal Act ***** Accounting gain on a windup under subsection 88(1) of the federal Act or an amalgamation under section 87 of the federal Act Other deductions (see note below): Share of adjusted net loss of partnerships and joint ventures ** Tax payable on dividends under subsection 191.1(1) of the federal Act multiplied by 3 and interest deducted/deductible under paragraph 20(1)(c) or (d) of the federal Act, not already included in net income/loss Patronage dividends paid (from Schedule 16) not already included in net income/loss 338 381 382 383 384 385 386 387 389 Subtotal Subtotal		342		
subsection 14(6), or section 44 of the federal Act ****** Accounting gain on a windup under subsection 88(1) of the federal Act or an amalgamation under section 87 of the federal Act Other deductions (see note below): Share of adjusted net loss of partnerships and joint ventures ** Tax payable on dividends under subsection 191.1(1) of the federal Act multiplied by 3 Interest deducted/deductible under paragraph 20(1)(c) or (d) of the federal Act, not already included in net income/loss Patronage dividends paid (from Schedule 16) not already included in net income/loss 381 382 383 384 385 387 389 Subtotal Subtotal 257,000 Patronage dividends paid (from Schedule 16) not already included in net income/loss Subtotal				
or an amalgamation under section 87 of the federal Act Other deductions (see note below): Share of adjusted net loss of partnerships and joint ventures ** Tax payable on dividends under subsection 191.1(1) of the federal Act multiplied by 3 334		346		
Share of adjusted net loss of partnerships and joint ventures ** Tax payable on dividends under subsection 191.1(1) of the federal Act multiplied by 3 Interest deducted/deductible under paragraph 20(1)(c) or (d) of the federal Act, not already included in net income/loss Patronage dividends paid (from Schedule 16) not already included in net income/loss 381 382 383 385 386 387 388 389 Subtotal 257,000 257,000 B		348		
Tax payable on dividends under subsection 191.1(1) of the federal Act multiplied by 3 334 Interest deducted/deductible under paragraph 20(1)(c) or (d) of the federal Act, not already included in net income/loss 336 Patronage dividends paid (from Schedule 16) not already included in net income/loss 382 381 382 383 384 385 386 387 388 389 390 Subtotal 257,000 D	Other deductions (see note below):			
Interest deducted/deductible under paragraph 20(1)(c) or (d) of the federal Act, not already included in net income/loss	Share of adjusted net loss of partnerships and joint ventures **			
381 382 383 384 385 386 387 389 Subtotal 257,000 Subtotal 257,000 B	Interest deducted/deductible under paragraph 20(1)(c) or (d) of the federal Act,			
383	Patronage dividends paid (from Schedule 16) not already included in net income.	/loss 338		
383	381	382		
385				
387 388 389 390 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 5				
389 Subtotal 257,000 B				
Subtotal <u>257,000</u> ► <u>257,000</u> B				
20 640 224			257.000	257.000 B
	Adjusted net income/loss for CMT purposes (line 210 plus amount A minus amo			

If the amount on line 490 is positive and the corporation is subject to CMT as determined in Part 1, enter the amount on line 515 in Part 3.

If the amount on line 490 is negative, enter the amount on line 760 in Part 7 (enter as a positive amount).

Note

In accordance with Ontario Regulation 37/09, when calculating net income for CMT purposes, accounting income should be adjusted to:

- exclude unrealized gains and losses due to mark-to-market changes or foreign currency changes on specified mark-to-market property (assets only);
- include realized gains and losses on the disposition of specified mark-to-market property not already included in the accounting income, if the property is not a capital property or is a capital property disposed in the year or in a previous tax year ended after March 22, 2007.

These rules also apply to partnerships. A corporate partner's share of a partnership's adjusted income flows through on a proportionate basis to the corporate partner.

* Rules for net income/loss

- Banks must report net income/loss as per the report accepted by the Superintendent of Financial Institutions under the federal Bank Act, adjusted so consolidation and equity methods are not used.

[&]quot;Specified mark-to-market property" is defined in subsection 54(1) of the Ontario Act.

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Part 2 – Calculation of adjusted net income/loss for CMT purposes (continued)

- Life insurance corporations must report net income/loss as per the report accepted by the federal Superintendent of Financial Institutions or equivalent provincial insurance regulator, before SAT and adjusted so consolidation and equity methods are not used. If the life insurance corporation is resident in Canada and carries on business in and outside of Canada, multiply the net income/loss by the ratio of the Canadian reserve liabilities divided by the total reserve liability. The reserve liabilities are calculated in accordance with Regulation 2405(3) of the federal Act.
- Other corporations must report net income/loss in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, except that consolidation and equity methods must not be used. When the equity method has been used for accounting purposes, equity losses and equity income are removed from book income/loss on lines 224 and 324 respectively.
- Corporations, other than insurance corporations, should report net income from line 9999 of the GIFI (Schedule 125) on line 210.
- ** The share of the adjusted net income of a partnership or joint venture is calculated as if the partnership or joint venture were a corporation and the tax year of the partnership or joint venture were its fiscal period. For a corporation with an indirect interest in a partnership through one or more partnerships, determine the corporation's share according to clause 54(5)(c) of the Ontario Act.
- *** A joint election will be considered made under subsection 60(1) of the Ontario Act if there is an entry on line 342, and an election has been made for transfer of property to a corporation under subsection 85(1) of the federal Act.
- **** A joint election will be considered made under subsection 60(2) of the Ontario Act if there is an entry on line 344, and an election has been made under subsection 85(2) or 97(2) of the federal Act.
- ***** A joint election will be considered made under subsection 61(1) of the Ontario Act if there is an entry on line 346, and an election has been made under subsection 13(4) or 14(6) and/or section 44 of the federal Act.

For more information on how to complete this part, see the T2 Corporation - Income Tax Guide.

– Part 3 – C	CMT payable ——						
Adjusted net i	income for CMT purpose	es (line 490 in Part 2, if positive)		515	28,618,334		
Minus: Adjus	,	art 7)		 >	с		
Net income s	ubject to CMT calculatio	n (if negative, enter "0")		520	28,618,334		
Amount from line 520	28,618,334	x Number of days in the tax year before July 1, 2010 Number of days in the tax year	x	4 % =	1		
Amount from line 520		X Number of days in the tax year after June 30, 2010 Number of days in the tax year	365 ×	2.7 % =	772,695 2		
		Subtotal (amount 1 plus amo	unt 2)	<u></u>	772,695 ₃		
Deduct: Foreign tax cr CMT after foreign	amount on line 3 above x redit for CMT purposes * reign tax credit deduction			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	55	50	-
Deduct: Ontario corpo	orate income tax pavable	before CMT credit (amount F6 fr	om Schedule :	5)			
	able (if negative, enter "	,				772,695	E
Enter amount	t E on line 278 of Schedu	ule 5, Tax Calculation Supplement	tary – Corpora	tions, and complete F	Part 4.		
control. S *** Enter "0"	See subsection 58(3) of on line 550 for life insur	ailable that exceeds the adjusted the Ontario Act. rance corporations as they are no entario from Part 9 of Schedule 21	t eligible for th	•		·	
	tion of the Ontario allo		011 11110 000.				
	•	ion entered on line 750 of the T2 ion entered on line 750 of the T2				nter the result on line F:	
•	•	_		,p.e, eep.e.e a.e.	g sarsaransın, ama sı	nior and rooms on mile r	
	axable income **** ole income *****						
Ontario alloc						1.00000	. F
	e amount allocated to Or ncome were \$1,000.	ntario from column F in Part 1 of S	schedule 5. If t	he taxable income is	nil, calculate the amount	in column F as if the	
**** Enter the	e taxable income amoun	t from line 360 or amount Z of the	T2 return, wh	ichever applies. If the	taxable income is nil, en	ter "1,000".	

Part 4 – Calculation of CMT credit carryforward			
CMT credit carryforward at the end of the previous tax year *		2,801,315 G	
Deduct:		<u> </u>	
CMT credit expired *			
CMT credit carryforward at the beginning of the current tax year * (see note below)	· · · · · · <u></u>	2,801,315	2,801,315
Add:	!: /	ow) 650	
CMT credit carryforward balances transferred on an amalgamation or the windup of a subsic CMT credit available for the tax year (amount on line 620 plus amount on line 650)	• 1	ow) <u>050</u>	2,801,315 н
Deduct:			2,001,515
CMT credit deducted in the current tax year (amount P from Part 5)			1
	Subtotal (amo	unt H minus amount I)	2,801,315 J
Add:		772.605	
Net CMT payable (amount E from Part 3)		772,695	
SAT payable (amount O from Part 6 of Schedule 512)	Subtotal	772,695	772,695 _K
CMT credit carryforward at the end of the tax year (amount J plus amount K)		670	3,574,010 L
* For the first harmonized T2 return filed with a tax year that includes days in 2009:			
- do not enter an amount on line G or line 600;	rata Minimum Tax	(CMT) for the last toy year th	et anded in 2000
- for line 620, enter the amount from line 2336 of Ontario CT23 Schedule 101, <i>Corpo</i>			ial ended in 2006.
For other tax years, enter on line G the amount from line 670 of Schedule 510 from the	previous tax year.		
Note: If you entered an amount on line 620 or line 650, complete Part 6.			
- Part 5 - Calculation of CMT credit deducted from Ontario corporate	income tax p	ayable ———	
CMT and it available for the tay year (amount I I from Dart 4)	·	•	2,801,315 _M
		····· <u> </u>	2,001,313
Ontario corporate income tax payable before CMT credit (amount F6 from Schedule 5)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	
For a corporation that is not a life insurance corporation:			
CMT after foreign tax credit deduction (amount D from Part 3)	2		
For a life insurance corporation:			
Gross CMT (line 540 from Part 3)	3		
Gross SAT (line 460 from Part 6 of Schedule 512)	4		
The greater of amounts 3 and 4	5		
Deduct: line 2 or line 5, whichever			
Subtotal (if negative, et	nter "0")	 ► _	N
Ontario corporate income tax payable before CMT credit (amount F6 from Schedule 5)			
Deduct:			
Total refundable tax credits excluding Ontario qualifying environmental trust tax credit (amount J6 minus line 450 from Schedule 5)		80,387	
Subtotal (if negative, er		<u> </u>	0
	· -		
		····· —	P
Enter amount P on line 418 of Schedule 5 and on line I in Part 4 of this schedule.			
Is the corporation claiming a CMT credit earned before an acquisition of control?		675 1 Ye	es 2 No X
If you answered yes to the question at line 675, the CMT credit deducted in the current tax y may be restricted, see subsections 53(6) and (7) of the Ontario Act.	ear may be restric	cted. For information on how th	ne deduction

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Part 6 – Analysis of CMT credit available for carryforward by year of origin -

Complete this part if:

- the tax year includes January 1, 2009; or
- the previous tax year-end is deemed to be December 31, 2008, under subsection 249(3) of the federal Act.

Year of origin	CMT credit balance *
10th previous tax year	680
9th previous tax year	681
8th previous tax year	682
7th previous tax year	683
6th previous tax year	684
5th previous tax year	685
4th previous tax year	686
3rd previous tax year	687
2nd previous tax year	688
1st previous tax year	689
Total **	

- CMT credit that was earned (by the corporation, predecessors of the corporation, and subsidiaries wound up into the corporation) in each of the
 previous 10 tax years and has not been deducted.
- ** Must equal the total of the amounts entered on lines 620 and 650 in Part 4.

Part 7 – Calculation of CMT loss carryforward	
CMT loss carryforward at the end of the previous tax year *	Q
CMT loss expired *	
CMT loss carryforward at the beginning of the tax year * (see note below)	
Add:	
CMT loss transferred on an amalgamation under section 87 of the federal Act ** (see note below)	
CMT loss available (line 720 plus line 750)	R
Deduct:	
CMT loss deducted against adjusted net income for the tax year (lesser of line 490 (if positive) and lin	e C in Part 3)
	Subtotal (if negative, enter "0") S
Add:	
Adjusted net loss for CMT purposes (amount from line 490 in Part 2, if negative) (enter as a positive cCMT loss carryforward balance at the end of the tax year (amount S plus line 760)	amount)
CMT loss carryforward balance at the end of the tax year (amount S plus line 760)	
* For the first harmonized T2 return filed with a tax year that includes days in 2009:	
 do not enter an amount on line Q or line 700; 	
- for line 720, enter the amount from line 2214 of Ontario CT23 Schedule 101, Corporate Minin	mum Tax (CMT), for the last tax year that ended in 2008.
For other tax years, enter on line Q the amount from line 770 of Schedule 510 from the previous	tax year.
** Do not include an amount from a predecessor corporation if it was controlled at any time before t of the other predecessor corporations.	he amalgamation by any
Note: If you entered an amount on line 720 or line 750, complete Part 8.	

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

┌ Part 8 – Analysis of CMT loss available for carryforward by year of origin -

Complete this part if:

- the tax year includes January 1, 2009; or
- the previous tax year-end is deemed to be December 31, 2008, under subsection 249(3) of the federal Act.

Year of origin	Balance earned in a tax year ending before March 23, 2007 *	Balance earned in a tax year ending after March 22, 2007 **
10th previous tax year	810	820
9th previous tax year	811	821
8th previous tax year	812	822
7th previous tax year	813	823
6th previous tax year	814	824
5th previous tax year	815	825
4th previous tax year	816	826
3rd previous tax year	817	827
2nd previous tax year	818	828
1st previous tax year		829
Total ***		

^{*} Adjusted net loss for CMT purposes that was earned (by the corporation, by subsidiaries wound up into or amalgamated with the corporation before March 22, 2007, and by other predecessors of the corporation) in each of the previous 10 tax years that ended before March 23, 2007, and has not been deducted.

^{**} Adjusted net loss for CMT purposes that was earned (by the corporation and its predecessors, but not by a subsidiary predecessor) in each of the previous 20 tax years that ended after March 22, 2007, and has not been deducted.

^{***} The total of these two columns must equal the total of the amounts entered on lines 720 and 750.

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Attached Schedule with Total

4th previous year – Opening balance		
Title 4th previous year – Opening balance		
Description	Operator (Note)	Amount
2019 CMT credit from 2022 tax return		800,054 00
	+	
	<u>+</u>	
	Total	800,054 00

Note: The calculations are performed one at a time, from the first to the last line, and not according to the priority rules of the operations. For example, the formula 1+2*3 will not result in the same thing as the formula 1+3*2.

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Canada Revenue Agency

Agence du revenu du Canada

SCHEDULE 511

ONTARIO CORPORATE MINIMUM TAX – TOTAL ASSETS AND REVENUE FOR ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

Name of corporation	Business Number	Tax year-end Year Month Dav
Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee		2023-12-31

- For use by corporations to report the total assets and total revenue of all the Canadian or foreign corporations with which the filing corporation was associated at any time during the tax year. These amounts are required to determine if the filing corporation is subject to corporate minimum tax.
- Total assets and total revenue include the associated corporation's share of any partnership(s)/joint venture(s) total assets and total revenue.
- Attach additional schedules if more space is required.
- File this schedule with the T2 Corporation Income Tax Return.

	Names of associated corporations	Business number (Canadian corporation only) (see Note 1)	Total assets* (see Note 2)	Total revenue** (see Note 2)
	200	300	400	500
1	Hydro Ottawa Holding Inc./Societe De Portefeuille		1,171,550,000	42,085,000
2	Energy Ottawa Inc./Energie Ottawa Inc.		197,351,000	18,609,000
3	Telecom Ottawa Holding Inc. / Societe De Portefeuille		12,133,000	12,000
4	PowerTrail Inc.		9,823,000	3,865,000
5	Moose Creek Energy Inc.		201	0
6	Chaudiere Hydro Inc. Hydro Chaudiere Inc.		100	0
7	Chaudiere Water Power Inc/Energie Hydraulique De La		450,000	2,075,000
8	2425932 ONTARIO INC.		87,095,298	533,635
9	CHAUDIERE HYDRO NORTH INC.		101	0
10	EO GENERATION GP INC.		100	0
11	THE GANANOQUE WATER POWER COMPANY		55,000	0
12	EONY GENERATION HOLDING INC.		0	0
13	EONY GENERATION LIMITED		0	0
14	9927891 CANADA INC.		36,901,101	0
15	ENERGY OTTAWA CABLE TESTING SERVICES INC.		2,052,000	261,000
16	HULL ENERGY GP INC.		1	0
17	Smart City Lighting Inc.		1	0
18	Envari Holding Inc.		26,890,000	0
19	Envari Energy Solutions Inc.		28,258,000	29,971,000
20	CHAUDIERE SERVICES INC./SERVICES CHAUDIERE IN		606,830	1,105,132
21	CHAUDIERE FINANCIAL INC./FINANCIERE DE LA		100	0
22	2725163 Ontario Inc.		6,323,105	561,717
23	Hiboo Networks Inc.		6,606,000	179,000
		Total	50 1,586,094,938	99,257,484

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Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

Enter the total assets from line 450 on line 116 in Part 1 of Schedule 510, *Ontario Corporate Minimum Tax*. Enter the total revenue from line 550 on line 146 in Part 1 of Schedule 510.

Note 1: Enter "NR" if a corporation is not registered.

Note 2: If the associated corporation does not have a tax year that ends in the filing corporation's current tax year but was associated with the filing corporation in the previous tax year of the filing corporation, enter the total revenue and total assets from the tax year of the associated corporation that ends in the previous tax year of the filing corporation.

* Rules for total assets

- Report total assets in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, adjusted so that consolidation and equity methods are not used.
- Include the associated corporation's share of the total assets of partnership(s) and joint venture(s) but exclude the recorded asset(s) for the
 investment in partnerships and joint ventures.
- Exclude unrealized gains and losses on assets that are included in net income for accounting purposes but not in income for corporate income
 tax purposes.

** Rules for total revenue

- Report total revenue in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, adjusted so that consolidation and equity methods are not used.
- If the associated corporation has 2 or more tax years ending in the filing corporation's tax year, multiply the sum of the total revenue for each of those tax years by 365 and divide by the total number of days in all of those tax years.
- If the associated corporation's tax year is less than 51 weeks and is the only tax year of the associated corporation that ends in the filing corporation's tax year, multiply the associated corporation's total revenue by 365 and divide by the number of days in the associated corporation's tax year.
- Include the associated corporation's share of the total revenue of partnerships and joint ventures.
- If the partnership or joint venture has 2 or more fiscal periods ending in the associated corporation's tax year, multiply the sum of the total revenue for each of the fiscal periods by 365 and divide by the total number of days in all the fiscal periods.

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Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee



nada Revenue Agence du revenu ency du Canada SCHEDULE 550

ONTARIO CO-OPERATIVE EDUCATION TAX CREDIT

Name of corporation	Business Number	Tax year-end Year Month Dav
Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee		2023-12-31

- Use this schedule to claim an Ontario co-operative education tax credit (CETC) under section 88 of the Taxation Act, 2007 (Ontario).
- The CETC is a refundable tax credit that is equal to an eligible percentage (10% to 30%) of the eligible expenditures incurred by a corporation for
 a qualifying work placement. The maximum credit amount is \$1,000 for each qualifying work placement ending before March 27, 2009, and \$3,000
 for each qualifying work placement beginning after March 26, 2009. For a qualifying work placement that straddles March 26, 2009, the maximum
 credit amount is prorated.
- Eligible expenditures are salaries and wages (including taxable benefits) paid or payable to a student in a qualifying work placement, or fees paid or payable to an employment agency for services performed by the student in a qualifying work placement. These expenditures must be paid on account of employment or services, as applicable, at a permanent establishment of the corporation in Ontario. Expenditures for a work placement (WP) are not eligible expenditures if they are greater than the amounts that would be paid to an arm's length employee.
- A WP must meet all of the following conditions to be a qualifying work placement:
 - the student performs employment duties for a corporation under a qualifying co-operative education program (QCEP);
 - the WP has been developed or approved by an eligible educational institution as a suitable learning situation;
 - the terms of the WP require the student to engage in productive work;
 - the WP is for a period of at least 10 consecutive weeks or, in the case of an internship program, not less than 8 consecutive months and not more than 16 consecutive months;
 - the student is paid for the work performed in the WP;
 - the corporation is required to supervise and evaluate the job performance of the student in the WP;
 - the institution monitors the student's performance in the WP; and
 - the institution has certified the WP as a qualifying work placement.
- Make sure you keep a copy of the letter of certification from the Ontario eligible educational institution containing the name of the student, the employer, the institution, the term of the WP, and the name/discipline of the QCEP to support the claim. Do not submit the letter of certification with the T2 Corporation Income Tax Return.
- File this schedule with the T2 Corporation Income Tax Return.

Part 1 – Corporate information

110 Name of person to contact for more information	120 Telephone number including area code
Bettina Yau	(613) 738-5499
Is the claim filed for a CETC earned through a partnership?*	
If you answered yes to the question at line 150, what is the name of the partnership?	
Enter the percentage of the partnership's CETC allocated to the corporation	
* When a corporate member of a partnership is claiming an amount for eligible expenditu partnership as if the partnership were a corporation. Each corporate partner, other than the partner's share of the partnership's CETC. The allocated amounts can not exceed the	a limited partner, should file a separate Schedule 550 to claim
Post O. Ellevision	
Part 2 – Eligibility ————————————————————————————————————	

2 No X

1. Did the corporation have a permanent establishment in Ontario in the tax year?

2. Was the corporation exempt from tax under Part III of the Taxation Act, 2007 (Ontario)?

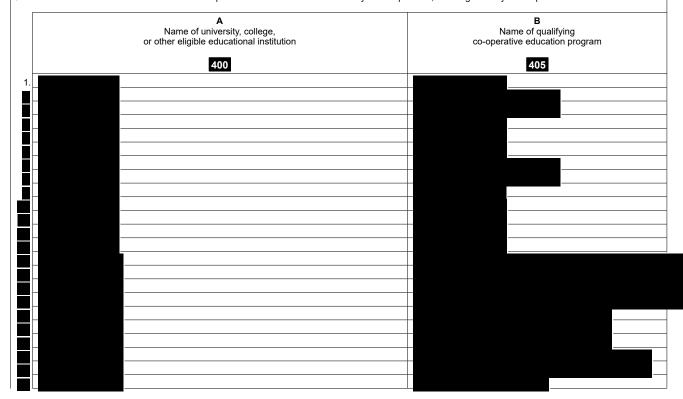
If you answered no to question 1 or yes to question 2, then the corporation is not eligible for the CETC.

Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

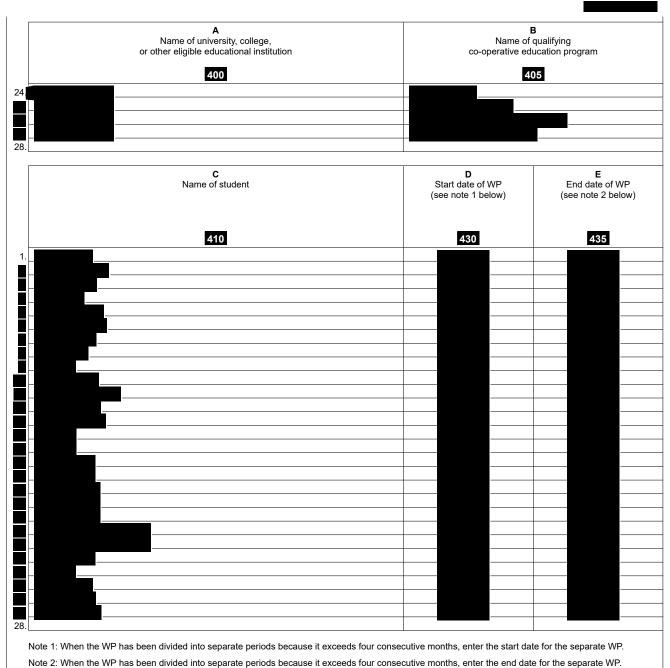
┌ Part 3 – Eligible percentage for determining the eligible amount ────────────────────────────────
Corporation's salaries and wages paid in the previous tax year *
Colporation's salaries and wages pard in the previous tax year 77,023,000
For eligible expenditures incurred before March 27, 2009:
- If line 300 is \$400,000 or less, enter 15% on line 310.
─ If line 300 is \$600,000 or more, enter 10% on line 310.
- If line 300 is more than \$400,000 and less than \$600,000, enter the percentage on line 310 using the following formula:
F amount on line 300
Eligible percentage = 15 % -
2 300 000
_ 200,000
Eligible percentage for determining the eligible amount 10.000 %
For eligible expenditures incurred after March 26, 2009:
- If line 300 is \$400,000 or less, enter 30% on line 312.
- If line 300 is \$600,000 or more, enter 25% on line 312.
- If line 300 is more than \$400,000 and less than \$600,000, enter the percentage on line 312 using the following formula:
amount on line 300
amount on line 300 Eligible percentage = 30 % - 5 % × (minus \$ 400,000) \$ 200,000
\$ 200,000
Eligible percentage for determining the eligible amount 25.000 %
* If this is the first tax year of an amalgamated corporation and subsection 88(9) of the Taxation Act, 2007 (Ontario) applies, enter the salaries and
wages paid in the previous tax year by the predecessor corporations.

Part 4 - Calculation of the Ontario co-operative education tax credit

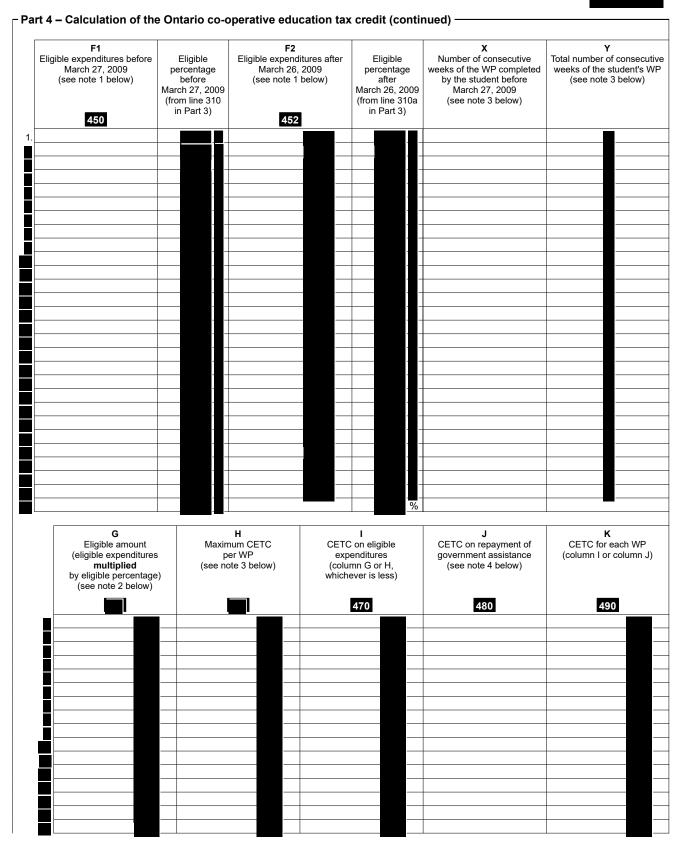
Complete a separate entry for each student for each qualifying work placement that ended in the corporation's tax year. If a qualifying work placement would otherwise exceed four consecutive months, divide the WP into periods of four consecutive months and enter each full period of four consecutive months as a separate WP. If the WP does not divide equally into four-month periods and if the period that is less than 4 months is 10 or more consecutive weeks, then enter that period as a separate WP. If that period is less than 10 consecutive weeks, then include it with the WP for the last period of 4 consecutive months. Consecutive WPs with two or more associated corporations are deemed to be with only one corporation, as designated by the corporations.



Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee



Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee



Hydro Ottawa Limited/Hydro Ottawa Limitee

	G Eligible amount (eligible expenditures multiplied by eligible percentage) (see note 2 below)	H Maximum CETC per WP (see note 3 below)	CETC on eligible expenditures (column G or H, whichever is less)	J CETC on repayment of government assistance (see note 4 below)	K CETC for each WP (column I or column J)				
	460		470	480	490				
		-							
28.									
		Ontario co-operative	education tax credit (total o	of amounts in column K) 500	80,387 L				
		450: D (4 1) : "							
	orporation answered yes at lin		•						
Amount L	хр	ercentage on line 170 in Part	1 =		<u>N</u>				
				– <i>Corporations</i> . If you are filing in the total amount on line 452 of S					
Note 1:		ntitled to receive, or may reaso	onably expect to receive, for the	88(21) of the <i>Taxation Act, 2007</i> the eligible expenditures, on or be					
Note 2:	Calculate the eligible amount	(Column G) using the following	g formula:						
	Column G = (column F1 x per	centage on line 310) + (colum	n F2 x percentage on line 312	2)					
Note 3:	If the WP ends before March 2 If the WP begins after March 2 If the WP begins before March	26, 2009, the maximum credit	amount for the WP is \$3,000.		following formula:				
	(\$1,000 x X/Y) + [\$3,000 x (Y	– X)/Y]		-	-				
	where "X" is the number of co and "Y" is the total number of			e March 27, 2009,					
Note 4:	columns A to E and J and K w Include the amount of governr	ith the details for the previous ment assistance repaid in the t	year WP in which the governi tax year multiplied by the eligi	ntry for each repayment and cor ment assistance was received. ble percentage for the tax year in duced the CETC in that tax year	n which				



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Attachment 6-2-1(B) - OEB Workform 2026-2030 Income Tax/PILS Workform

(Refer to the attachment in Excel format)



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OTHER REVENUE SUMMARY

1. INTRODUCTION

This Schedule provides a summary of Other Revenue for the 2026-2030 term. Other Revenue, also referred to as Revenue Offsets, relates to all utility revenues other than distribution and cost of power revenues. Hydro Ottawa has classified these into categories, each of which is described in more detail within the following Schedules:

• Schedule 6-3-2 - Specific Service Charge Revenue: Specific Service Charges (SSCs) are applied for service requests or activities which primarily benefit or are attributed to the requesting customer or are necessitated by customer inaction.

• Schedule 6-3-3 - Late Payment Charge Revenue: Revenue generated from the OEB-approved monthly interest rate applied to outstanding account balances.

• Schedule 6-3-4 - Other Operating Revenue: Revenue associated from the provision of

Standard Supply, Retailer, and Generator services, as well as rent from electric property.
 Schedule 6-3-5 - Other Income and Deductions: Revenue through the provision of services to customers and third parties, property rental income from leased plant, gains (or losses) on the disposal or retirement of utility property, the provision of services to

Hydro Ottawa's affiliates, and earning interest income on short-term investments.

2. OTHER REVENUE SUMMARY

Table 1 below summarizes the 2021-2025 OEB Approved Other Revenue as per Hydro Ottawa's 2021-2025 Approved Settlement Agreement,¹ including annual updates for inflation where applicable. Refer to Table 4 and Table 5 below for information on reclassifications between Uniform System of Accounts (USofA) accounts.

¹ Hydro Ottawa Limited, *2021-2025 Custom Incentive Rate-Setting Approved Settlement Agreement Proposal*, EB-2019-0261 (September 18, 2020).



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Table 1 - OEB Approved Other Revenue Summary 2021-2025 (\$'000s)²

Other Revenue	OEB Approved						
Other Revenue	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025		
Specific Service Charges (4235)	\$ 5,119	\$ 5,243	\$ 4,827	\$ 5,150	\$ 5,450		
Late Payment Charges (4225)	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000		
Other Operating Revenue (4082, 4084, 4086, 4090)	\$ 1,456	\$ 1,462	\$ 1,460	\$ 1,459	\$ 1,472		
Other Income & Deductions (4315, 4325, 4330, 4362, 4375, 4405)	\$ 2,105	\$ 1,691	\$ 2,017	\$ 2,181	\$ 2,081		
TOTAL OTHER REVENUE	\$ 9,680	\$ 9,397	\$ 9,304	\$ 9,790	\$ 10,003		

Table 2 details the Historical and Bridge Year Other Revenue amounts for 2021-2025.

Table 2 - Historical and Bridge Years Other Revenue Summary 2021-2025 (\$'000s)³

Other Revenue	Н	listorical Year	Bridge Years		
Other Revenue	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Specific Service Charges (4235)	\$ 1,978	\$ 1,929	\$ 1,806	\$ 2,170	\$ 2,231
Late Payment Charges (4225)	\$ 1,535	\$ 1,464	\$ 1,605	\$ 1,650	\$ 1,700
Other Operating Revenue (4082, 4084, 4086, 4090, 4210)	\$ 6,196	\$ 6,116	\$ 6,059	\$ 6,209	\$ 6,435
Other Income & Deductions (4315, 4325, 4330, 4362, 4375, 4405)	\$ (1,663)	\$ (1,103)	\$ (965)	\$ (1,252)	\$ (1,681)
TOTAL OTHER REVENUE	\$ 8,046	\$ 8,406	\$ 8,504	\$ 8,777	\$ 8,686

A detailed breakdown of Total Other Revenue, by USofA is provided in Excel Attachment 6-3-1(A) - OEB Appendix 2(H) - Other Revenue.

Other Revenue

Other Revenue Summary

² Totals may not sum due to rounding.

³ Totals may not sum due to rounding.



Table 3 below provides Hydro Ottawa's 2026-2030 Test Year Other Revenue Summary.

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Table 3 - Test Years Other Revenue Summary 2026-2030 (\$'000s)4

Other Peyenus	Test Years						
Other Revenue	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030		
Specific Service Charges (4235)	\$ 1,008	\$ 1,019	\$ 1,030	\$ 1,043	\$ 1,057		
Late Payment Charges (4225)	\$ 1,751	\$ 1,788	\$ 1,825	\$ 1,864	\$ 1,903		
Other Operating Revenue (4082, 4084, 4086, 4090,4210)	\$ 12,083	\$ 12,421	\$ 12,749	\$ 13,083	\$ 13,425		
Other Income & Deductions (4315, 4325, 4330, 4362, 4375, 4405)	\$ (3,824)	\$ (4,531)	\$ (4,745)	\$ (4,866)	\$ (4,926)		
TOTAL OTHER REVENUE	\$ 11,018	\$ 10,697	\$ 10,859	\$ 11,123	\$ 11,460		

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3. OEB APPROVED AND HISTORICAL (2021 to 2023) OTHER REVENUE AMOUNTS VARIANCE ANALYSIS

The most notable annual variances are due to the USoA reclassification of certain Other Revenue. Through internal review, Hydro Ottawa has now included pole attachment, duct rental and property rental revenues in USofA 4210 - Rent from Electric Property whereas previously these amounts were in USofA 4235 or 4315. Table 4 provides a summary of these USofA coding changes and Table 5 restates the 2021-2025 OEB Approved amounts after the reclassifications.

⁴ Totals may not sum due to rounding



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Table 4 - Other Revenue USofA Reclassifications

	2021-2025 OEB Approved	2021-2023 Actual	2024-2025 Bridge	2026-2030 Test Years
Pole Attachment Revenue	UsofA 4235	USofA 4210	USofA 4210	USofA 4210
Duct Rental Revenue	USofA 4315	USofA 4210	USofA 4210	USofA 4210
Property Rental Revenue	USofA 4315	USofA 4210	USofA 4210	USofA 4210

Table 5 - OEB Approved Other Revenue 2021-2025 After USofA Coding Changes(\$'000s)⁵

Other Revenue	OEB Approved						
Other Revenue	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025		
Specific Service Charges (4235)	\$ 1,803	\$ 1,874	\$ 1,946	\$ 2,021	\$ 2,093		
Late Payment Charges (4225)	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000		
Other Operating Revenue (4082, 4084, 4086, 4090,4210)	\$ 6,747	\$ 6,806	\$ 6,317	\$ 6,563	\$ 6,804		
Other Income & Deductions (4315, 4325, 4330, 4362, 4375, 4405)	\$ 130	\$ (284)	\$ 42	\$ 206	\$ 106		
TOTAL OTHER REVENUE	\$ 9,680	\$ 9,397	\$ 9,304	\$ 9,790	\$ 10,003		

3.1. 2021

In 2021, Hydro Ottawa's actual total Other Revenue was \$1.6M lower than the OEB Approved amount, primarily in Other Income & Deductions. This variance was driven by a net loss in Services to Third Parties, attributed to increased costs and the non-billable activities. Layout volumes increased significantly, but the associated costs were not offset by revenue as many customers did not proceed with their projects.

3.2. 2022

In 2022 total Other Revenue was \$1.0M lower than the OEB Approved amount. The main driver of this variance within Other Operating Revenue is due to 2022 pole attachment revenue. The 2022 estimate used the 2021 OEB generic pole attachment rate. However, the actual 2022 pole

⁵ Totals may not sum due to rounding.



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- attachment rate was subsequently reduced after the OEB approved Hydro Ottawa's Other
- 2 Revenue amounts. Please refer to Schedule 9-1-3 Group 2 Accounts for information on Hydro
- 3 Ottawa's proposal on the disposition of the 1508 Pole Attachment Revenue Variance Account.
- 4 The main driver within Other Income and Deductions is Services to Third Parties loss, as noted
- in the 2021 variance.

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3.3. 2023

- 8 Hydro Ottawa's total Other Revenue in 2023 was \$0.8M lower than the OEB Approved amount.
- 9 The primary factor in Other Income and Deductions was a loss from Services to Third Parties
- loss, consistent with the variances 2021 and 2022.

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4. 2021-2026 HIGH LEVEL VARIANCE ANALYSIS

- 13 4.1. 2021 ACTUAL TO 2022 ACTUAL
- Total Other Revenue increased by \$0.4M in 2022 compared to 2021. This increase was
- primarily driven by an increase in Services to Third Parties (net of costs) in the Income &
- 16 Deductions.

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4.2. 2022 ACTUAL TO 2023 ACTUAL

- Other Revenue increased by \$0.1M in 2023 compared to 2022. This included a \$0.1M increase
- in late payment and a \$0.1M increase in Other Income & Deductions, partially offset by a \$0.1M
- decrease in Specific Service Charge. Please refer to Schedule 6-3-2 Specific Service Charge
- Revenue, Schedule 6-3-3 Late Payment Charge Revenue, and Schedule 6-3-5 Other Income &
- Deductions for further details.

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4.3. 2023 ACTUAL TO 2024 BRIDGE YEAR

- Other Revenue increased \$0.3M in 2024 compared to 2023. SSC revenues for the 2024 Bridge
- Year are forecasted to increase by \$0.4M (20%). The main driver to this rise is a projected
- increase in Account Set Up revenue, due to forecasted moving activities.



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- Other operating revenues are also forecasted to be \$0.2M (2%) higher in 2024 than in 2023.
- The main driver is an increase in Wireline Attachment revenue driven by inflation.

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Partially offsetting these increases, Other Income & Deductions is projected to show a \$0.3M loss in 2024. This is due to additional costs allocated to Services to Third Parties following a recent review.

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4.4. 2024 BRIDGE YEAR TO 2025 BRIDGE YEAR

Other Revenue is projected to decrease by \$0.1M in 2025 compared to 2024. While SSC revenues for 2025 bridge year are forecasted to be \$0.1M (3%) higher than the 2024 Bridge Year forecast, Other operating Revenues in 2025 are forecasted \$0.2M (4%) higher than 2024, primarily due to inflationary increases in Wireline Attachment revenue

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Other Income & Deductions are forecasted to experience an increased general loss of \$0.4M in 2025. Primarily due to additional costs allocated to Services to Third Parties.

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4.5. 2025 BRIDGE YEAR TO 2026 TEST YEAR

Overall Other Revenue is projected to increase \$2.3M in 2026 compared to 2025.

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SSC revenue is projected to be \$1.2M (55%) lower in 2026 compared to the 2025 Bridge Year forecast. This is primarily attributed to planned rate reductions, particularly the proposed decrease in the Account Set Up Charge from \$29 in 2025 to \$10 in 2026. Please refer to Schedule 8-4-1 - Specific Service Charges for further details on the decrease in the Account Set Up Charge.

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Other operating revenues are projected to be \$5.6M (88%) higher in 2026 than in 2025. The main driver of this increase is the expected increase in Standard Supply Administration of \$5.6M, as Hydro Ottawa proposes to implement a utility-specific Standard Supply Service (SSS)



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- rate charged per customer per month. Please refer to Schedule 8-3-2 Standard Supply Service
- 2 Charge for further details on the SSS Charge rate design.

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- Other Income & Deductions is forecasted to have an increased loss of \$2.1M in 2026. This is
- 5 primarily due to the Non-Wire Customer Solutions Program, which is explained in Schedule
- 6 6-3-5 Other Income & Deductions, and Section 9.2 of Schedule 2-5-4 Asset Management
- 7 Process.



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Attachment 6-3-1(A) - OEB Appendix 2-H - Other Revenue

(Refer to the attachment in Excel format)



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SPECIFIC SERVICE CHARGE REVENUE

1. INTRODUCTION

Specific Service Charges (SSCs) cover the costs for service requests or activities that primarily benefit the requesting customer, are directly attributable to them, or are required due to their inaction. Examples include setting up an account for a new customer or special billing service requests.

The revenue from these charges are included in Other Revenue and offset the total revenue requirement. Please see Schedule 6-3-1 - Other Revenue Summary and Schedule 6-1-1 - Revenue Requirement and Revenue Deficiency or Sufficiency for more details regarding revenue requirement and revenue offsets.

As part of this Application, Hydro Ottawa undertook a review of each SSC to ensure appropriate cost recovery for providing these services and to reflect efficiencies achieved during the 2021-2025 period were reflected in the proposed charges.

2. SERVICES, PROPOSED RATE CHANGES AND REVENUE IMPACTS

Changes to Hydro Ottawa's SSCs for the 2026-2030 period are discussed in more detail below. Additional information, including the SSC rate table and details on proposed rate adjustments, can be found in Schedule 8-4-1 - Specific Service Charges and Attachment 8-4-1(A) - Proposed and New Specific Service Charge Calculations. Schedule 8-4-1 provides detailed information on the specific services covered by SSCs and the rationale behind any proposed changes to rates.

In summary, Hydro Ottawa is proposing to apply a 2.10% annual inflation adjustment to most SSCs for the years 2027-2030. However, to provide rate predictability and stability for customers, the following charges are proposed to be held constant from 2026 to 2030: Easement Certificate, Duplicate Invoice, Credit Reference Check, Unprocessed Payment, and Account Set Up. For the

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2026 Test year, a reduction has been applied for the Account Set Up Charge, Unprocessed Payment Charge, Reconnect at Meter, and Reconnect at Pole (After Hours only).

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The additional exception to this approach is with respect to Dry Core Transformer Distribution
Charges, which are based on proposed 2026-2030 distribution rates of the >50kW commercial
classes, as well as the forecasted Regulated Price Plan, transmission, low voltage, and regulatory
rates.

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Table 1 provides Actual and Bridge Year revenue expected for SSC for 2021-2025.

Table 1 - Specific Service Charge Revenue 2021-2025 (\$'000s) 1

	Historical			Bridge	
	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Customer Administration					
Arrears Certificate	-	-	-	-	-
Easement Certificate for Unregistered Easements	\$8	\$8	\$ 4	\$6	\$ 6
Duplicate invoices for previous billing	\$ 3	\$ 1	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 2
Special Billing Service, per hour	\$ 18	\$ 20	\$ 14	\$ 20	\$ 20
Credit Reference/Credit Check (+ credit agency costs)	\$ 1	-	-	\$ 1	\$ 1
Unprocessed Payment Charge	\$ 60	\$ 69	\$ 86	\$ 99	\$ 108
Account Set Up Charge / Change of Occupancy Charge	\$ 1,666	\$ 1,548	\$ 1,415	\$ 1,677	\$ 1,700
Interval Meter - Field Reading	-	-	-	-	-
High Bill Investigation - If Billing is Correct	\$ 1	\$ 2	\$ 1	\$ 2	\$ 2
Non-Payment of Account					
Reconnect at Meter - Regular Hours	\$ 50	\$ 99	\$ 122	\$ 180	\$ 198
Reconnect at Meter - After Regular Hours	\$ 1	\$ 24	\$ 26	\$ 62	\$ 66
Reconnect at Pole - Regular Hours	-	\$ 1	-	\$ 2	\$ 2
Reconnect at Pole - After Regular Hours	-	-	-	-	-

¹ Totals may not sum due to rounding.



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	Historical			Bridge	
	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Other					
Temporary Service - Install and Remove ("TS-I&R") - Overhead - no transformer	\$ 45	\$ 44	\$ 17	\$ 13	\$ 13
TS-I&R - Underground - no transformer	\$ 43	\$ 37	\$ 48	\$ 28	\$ 29
TS-I&R Overhead - with transformer	\$ 32	\$ 20	\$ 7	\$ 10	\$ 11
Drycore Transformer Distribution Charge	\$ 48	\$ 56	\$ 62	\$ 68	\$ 73
Energy Resource Facilities Administration Charge	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	\$ 1,978	\$ 1,929	\$ 1,806	\$ 2,170	\$ 2,231

- Table 2 provides a summary of the forecasted revenue expected for SSCs for 2026-2030. Each
- 3 SSC is forecasted based on the rate factored by the estimated volume.

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Table 2 - Specific Service Charge Revenue 2026-2030 (\$'000s)

	Test Years				
	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Customer Administration					
Easement Certificate for Unregistered Easements	\$ 7	\$ 7	\$ 7	\$ 7	\$ 7
Duplicate invoices for previous billing	\$ 3	\$ 3	\$ 3	\$ 3	\$ 3
Special Billing Service, per hour	\$ 20	\$ 20	\$ 21	\$ 21	\$ 22
Credit Reference/Credit Check (+ credit agency costs)	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1
Unprocessed Payment Charge	\$ 77	\$ 77	\$ 77	\$ 77	\$ 77
Account Set Up Charge / Change of Occupancy Charge	\$ 594	\$ 594	\$ 594	\$ 594	\$ 594
Interval Meter - Field Reading	-	-	-	-	-
High Bill Investigation - If Billing is Correct	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 2
Non-Payment of Account					
Reconnect at Meter - Regular Hours	\$ 126	\$ 127	\$ 129	\$ 133	\$ 136
Reconnect at Meter - After Regular Hours	\$ 22	\$ 23	\$ 23	\$ 24	\$ 24
Reconnect at Pole - Regular Hours	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1
Reconnect at Pole - After Regular Hours	-	-	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1
Other					
Temporary Service - Install and Remove ("TS-I&R") - Overhead - no transformer	\$ 31	\$ 32	\$ 33	\$ 33	\$ 34
TS-I&R - Underground - no transformer	\$ 40	\$ 41	\$ 42	\$ 42	\$ 43
TS-I&R Overhead - with transformer	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ 5
Drycore Transformer Distribution Charge	\$ 78	\$ 85	\$ 91	\$ 98	\$ 106
Energy Resource Facilities Administration Charge	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	\$ 1,008	\$ 1,019	\$ 1,030	\$ 1,043	\$ 1,057



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2.1. ARREARS CERTIFICATE

- 2 Hydro Ottawa proposes discontinuing the Arrears Certificate service and therefore the associated
- charge. This certificate serves to identify any outstanding payments on an account. Since Hydro
- 4 Ottawa does not hold a new occupant responsible for previous occupants unpaid bills, this charge is
- 5 no longer necessary.

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Variance analysis:

- There is no revenue for the Historical 2021-2023 period, nor in the forecast for the 2024-2025
- 9 Bridge Years. As Hydro Ottawa proposes discontinuing the Arrears Certificate service, zero revenue
- has been budgeted for the 2026-2030 period.

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2.2. EASEMENT CERTIFICATE FOR UNREGISTERED EASEMENTS

- An Easement Certificate provides confirmation of any property easements Hydro Ottawa may have
- on a property. Hydro Ottawa is seeking approval to increase the Easement Certificate fee from \$29
- in 2025 to \$30 in 2026 and maintain the rate for the 2026-2030 period.

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Variance analysis:

- There are immaterial deltas between 2021 and 2030. The slight increase in 2026 is due to the
- proposed rate increase. Maintaining a constant rate in the 2026-2030 period, with an estimated
- 20 volume of 232 requests annually based on historical trends, revenue is projected to remain stable
- throughout this period.

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2.3. DUPLICATE INVOICES FOR PREVIOUS BILLING

Hydro Ottawa continues to offer duplicate bills by email, reducing the cost of printing and postage.

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Variance analysis:

- There are immaterial deltas between 2021 and 2030. The slight increase in 2026 is due to the
- proposed rate increase. Maintaining a constant rate in the 2026-2030 period, with an estimated



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volume of 416 requests annually based on historical trends, revenue is projected to remain stable throughout this period.

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2.4. SPECIAL BILLING SERVICE

The Special Billing Service charge was introduced as part of Hydro Ottawa's 2016-2020 rate application.² This special billing service requires Hydro Ottawa staff to gather, organize, and present months or even years of past billing records to customers or their representatives. This labour intensive process necessitates a fee that reflects the effort and current labour costs.

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Hydro Ottawa is seeking approval to increase its hourly rate from \$140 in 2025 to \$141 in 2026, and applying an annual inflation adjustment of 2.10% for the years 2027 through 2030.

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Variance analysis:

There are immaterial deltas between 2021 and 2030. The volume of requests for special billing service is estimated to be 141 requests annually based on historical trends. A slight increase in revenue over the 2026-2030 period is due to the proposed rate increase.

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2.5. CREDIT REFERENCE / CREDIT CHECK

This service charge is to recover internal costs associated with completing reference checks, which is labour driven.

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- Hydro Ottawa is seeking approval for an increase from the current 2025 rate of \$18 to \$20 in 2026,
- and maintaining the rate for the 2027-2030 period.

² Hydro Ottawa Limited, *2016-2020 Custom Incentive Rate-setting Distribution Rate Application*, EB-2015-0004 (April 29, 2015).



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Variance analysis:

There are no material differences between 2021 and 2030. Maintaining a constant rate per year during the 2026-2030 period, with an estimated volume of 35 requests annually based on historical trends, revenue is projected to remain stable throughout this period.

2.6. UNPROCESSED PAYMENT CHARGE

This service charge is to recover internal costs associated with unprocessable payments (i.e. non-sufficient funds). Costs associated with this service include labour costs for administering an unprocessable payment and bank fees. To optimize operational efficiency, part of this process is now completed by the contact centre, which is an external service provider. This change has led to cost savings and enables Hydro Ottawa to seek approval for a decrease from the current 2025 rate of \$29 to \$25 in 2026 and maintain this rate through to 2030, ensuring rate predictability and stability for customers.

Variance analysis:

Revenue from unprocessed payment charges increased year-over-year from 2021 to 2025 due to a consistent rise in the volume of unprocessed payments. Based on historical trends, an annual volume of 3,096 unprocessed payments is forecast. Assuming a constant rate and volume over the 2026-2030 period, revenue from these charges is projected to remain flat.

2.7. ACCOUNT SET UP/CHANGE OF OCCUPANCY CHARGE

Hydro Ottawa has achieved a 23% automation rate for customer moves (new service start, and service transfers), from an online intake form through to customer confirmation emails. The remaining moves are primarily handled by the contact centre to optimize operational efficiency. This strategy allows Hydro Ottawa to reduce costs associated with handling high-volume, routine tasks. By outsourcing certain routine tasks, Hydro Ottawa can leverage its internal team's expertise to address more complex customer needs and provide higher-value support.



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These improvements have generated cost savings, allowing Hydro Ottawa to propose a reduced rate of \$10 in 2026, reflecting a \$19 reduction from the 2025 rate. Hydro Ottawa proposes maintaining this rate at \$10 annually over the 2027-2030 period, ensuring rate predictability and stability for customers.

Variance analysis:

The fluctuation in revenue during the 2021-2023 Historical and 2024-2025 Bridge Years is attributed to varying annual volume. Reducing the rate in 2026 will result in a \$1.1M reduction in annual revenue. For the Test Years, volume is estimated at approximately 59K annually based on current trends. With a consistent \$10 rate and stable volume, revenue is projected to remain stable over the 2026-2030 period.

2.8. INTERVAL METER - FIELD READING

Hydro Ottawa installs utility-owned communication equipment for commercial services. Although some customers still use their own communication equipment, instances requiring manual meter reads due to equipment failure are rare; Hydro Ottawa has not applied this charge since 2019 and forecasts none between 2026 and 2030. Nevertheless, this charge has proved effective in encouraging customers to address communication issues. Hydro Ottawa requests approval to increase the rate from \$359 in 2025 to \$366 in 2026, with a further proposed annual inflation adjustment of 2.10% for the period 2027-2030.

Variance analysis:

There has not been any charges for this service since 2019. Hydro Ottawa projects zero volume for the Test Years, resulting in no associated revenue.

2.9. HIGH BILL INVESTIGATION - IF BILLING IS CORRECT

The high bill investigation service involves dispatching a field agent on site to check the meter and staff to facilitate the request and compile the results. To reflect the increase in labour costs, Hydro



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Ottawa is seeking approval to increase the service charge from \$270 in 2025 to \$322 in 2026, with an additional proposed annual inflation adjustment of 2.10% from 2027 to 2030.

Variance analysis:

- Immaterial deltas are expected between 2021 and 2030. Applying an inflationary increase of 2.10% per year between 2027 and 2030, and an estimated annual volume of six requests based on
- 7 historical trends, revenue is projected to increase minimally each year.

2.10. RECONNECT AT METER - REGULAR HOURS AND AFTER REGULAR HOURS

Hydro Ottawa continues to roll out remote meter reconnection technology. This technology is particularly valuable in areas with limited accessibility and high customer turnover. It also offers customers greater convenience and faster service restoration.

As a result of remote meter cost efficiencies, Hydro Ottawa is applying to reduce Reconnect at the meter - regular hours from the current \$76 in 2025 to \$70 in 2026. The Reconnect at the meter - after hours rate is proposed to decrease from \$115 to \$94 in 2026. For both charges, Hydro Ottawa proposes a 2.10% annual inflation adjustment from 2027 to 2030.

Variance analysis:

Revenue from this charge in 2021 was low due the OEB's Decision and Order preventing Local Distribution Companies from disconnecting customers during the COVID-19 pandemic.³ There are immaterial deltas between 2022 and 2025. The lower revenue forecast from 2026 onwards reflects the proposed reduction in the rate. With a 2.10% annual inflation adjustment from 2027 to 2030, and based on an estimated annual volume of approximately 1.8K regular hours requests and 236 after hours requests (based on historical trends), revenue is projected to increase minimally year-over-year.

³ Ontario Energy Board, *Decision and Order - Amending Electricity Distributor Licences to Prohibit the Issuance of Disconnection Notices for Non-Payment to Residential Consumers in Light of the COVID-19 Stay-at-Home Order*, EB-2021-0137 (May 14, 2021).



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2.11. RECONNECT AT POLE - REGULAR HOURS AND AFTER REGULAR HOURS

annual inflationary adjustment of 2.10% for both rates from 2027 to 2030.

This service charge covers service reconnections requiring a qualified linesperson at the distribution pole. For reconnections during regular hours, Hydro Ottawa is seeking approval to increase the rate from \$286 in 2025 to \$318 in 2026. For after regular hours reconnections, Hydro Ottawa is seeking approval to reduce the rate from \$483 in 2025 to \$480 in 2026. The utility also proposes to apply an

Variance analysis:

There are no material deltas between 2021 and 2025. With a 2.10% annual inflation adjustment from 2027 to 2030, and based on an estimated annual volume of four regular hours requests and one after hours request (based on historical trends), revenue is projected to increase minimally year-over-year.

2.12. TEMPORARY SERVICES INSTALL & REMOVE

The temporary service charges cover the connection, metering, installation, and removal of required assets to supply electricity on a planned temporary basis, as outlined in Hydro Ottawa's Conditions of Service.

For temporary services connected overhead with no transformer, Hydro Ottawa is seeking approval for an increase from \$1,007 in 2025 to \$1,079 in 2026. Over the 2026-2030 period, 29 services are estimated per year.

For temporary services installed underground with no transformer, Hydro Ottawa is seeking approval for a reduction from \$1,461 in 2025 to \$1,422 in 2026. Over the 2026-2030 period, 28 services are forecast per year.

For temporary services connected overhead with a transformer, Hydro Ottawa is seeking approval for an increase from \$3,590 in 2025 to \$5,010 in 2026, with only one estimated service annually for the 2026-2030 period.



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For all three temporary service charges, Hydro Ottawa proposes a 2.10% annual inflation adjustment from 2027 to 2030.

Variance analysis:

For temporary services - overhead with no transformer, revenue fluctuations during the 2021-2023
Historical and 2024-2025 Bridge Years are due to varying request volumes. The increased revenue
forecast from 2026 onward reflects the proposed rate increase, with further increases from 2027 to
2030 due to the 2.10% annual inflation adjustment.

For temporary services - underground with no transformer, revenue fluctuations during the 2021-2023 Historical and 2024-2025 Bridge Years are due to varying request volumes. The increased revenue forecast from 2026 onward reflects estimated higher service request volumes.

For temporary services - overhead with a transformer, revenue fluctuations during the 2021-2023 Historical and 2024-2025 Bridge Years are due to varying request volumes. The decreased revenue forecast from 2026 onward reflects the anticipated decrease in request volume, partially offset by the increased charge which reflects higher labour and material costs. Hydro Ottawa proposed to apply a 2.10% annual inflation adjustment from 2027 to 2030.

2.13. DRYCORE TRANSFORMER CHARGE

Dry Core transformer charges are applied to recover energy lost in the operation of dry core transformers. A specific charge is calculated for each transformer size. The distribution portion of the revenues for 2026-2030 are based on historical revenue trends.

These charges are updated annually to reflect the new Regulated Price Plan prices, transmission rates, and Hydro Ottawa's distribution rates. As needed, Hydro Ottawa will add new dry core transformers to the Schedule of Rates and Tariffs on an annual basis as part of the utility's annual rate adjustment applications during the 2026-2030 period. Please see Schedule 8-4-1 - Specific Service Charges and Attachment 8-4-1(B) - Dry Core Calculations for more information.



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Variance analysis:

There are no material year-over-year revenue variances for the 2021-2030 period. Hydro Ottawa has used historical trending and estimated distribution rate increases to estimate the revenue for 2026-2030.

2.14. ENERGY RESOURCE FACILITY ADMINISTRATION CHARGE

Energy Resource Facility Administration Charges are applied to recover costs associated with generator ownership changes. These changes are far more complex than typical consumer account changes, requiring detailed reviews by both legal and engineering departments to ensure proper handling of contracts and technical specifications. This increased workload necessitates a dedicated charge to fairly recover costs.

The charge applies solely to complex FIT contract assignments that require legal expertise. Simpler transactions, like those typical of MicroFIT projects, involve straightforward name changes and would not incur this charge.

Based on historical data and current projections, Hydro Ottawa anticipates minimal need for such legal reviews, forecasting only one instance per year, generating \$165 revenue in 2026. This charge represents a transparent method to ensure cost recovery for the necessary administrative effort involved in these complex generator ownership transitions. Hydro Ottawa also proposes to apply an annual inflationary adjustment of 2.10% between 2027 and 2030.

Variance analysis:

There are no material year-over-year revenue variances for the 2021-2030 period. Hydro Ottawa is seeking approval for an increase from \$162 in 2025 to \$165 in 2026. The forecast is low, with only one estimated service per year. Hydro Ottawa has used historical trending and estimated distribution rate increases to estimate the revenue for 2026-2030.



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LATE PAYMENT CHARGE REVENUE

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An OEB-approved monthly interest rate of 1.5% (effective annual rate of 19.56% per annum or 0.04896% compounded daily rate) is applied to outstanding account balances that exceed 20 calendar days from the date on which the bill was issued to the customer.

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Hydro Ottawa projects a 3% increase in Late Payment Charge (LPC) for 2026 based on the historical year-over-year increase from 2021 to 2023. LPC revenues are estimated to increase 2.10% for the 2027-2030 period.

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- Please see Schedule 6-3-1 Other Revenue Summary for the Historical, Bridge, and Test Year
- LPC Revenue.



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OTHER OPERATING REVENUE

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1. INTRODUCTION

Other Operating Revenues include revenue associated from the provision of Standard Supply,

Retailer, and Generator services, as well as rent from electric property. Tables 1 and 2 show Other

Operating Revenues for Historical Years 2021-2023, Bridge Years 2024-2025, and Test Years

7 2026-2030.

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Table 1 - Other Operating Revenue 2021-2025 (\$'000s)

Other Operating Boyenus	Н	listorical Years	Bridge Years		
Other Operating Revenue	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Standard Supply Administration	\$ 1,040	\$ 1,059	\$ 1,066	\$ 1,079	\$ 1,098
Retailer Services	\$ 126	\$ 120	\$ 121	\$ 119	\$ 130
Generator Services	\$ 300	\$ 287	\$ 292	\$ 292	\$ 306
Rent from Electric Property	\$ 4,730	\$ 4,650	\$ 4,580	\$ 4,720	\$ 4,901
TOTAL	\$ 6,196	\$ 6,116	\$ 6,059	\$ 6,209	\$ 6,435

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Table 2 - Other Operating Revenue 2026-2030 (\$'000s)

Other Operating Revenue		Test Years				
Other Operating Revenue	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	
Standard Supply Administration ¹	\$ 6,694	\$ 6,929	\$ 7,160	\$ 7,395	\$ 7,634	
Retailer Services	\$ 130	\$ 130	\$ 130	\$ 130	\$ 130	
Generator Services	\$ 251	\$ 265	\$ 268	\$ 271	\$ 274	
Rent from Electric Property	\$ 5,006	\$ 5,097	\$ 5,190	\$ 5,287	\$ 5,387	
TOTAL	\$ 12,083	\$ 12,421	\$ 12,749	\$ 13,083	\$ 13,425	

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¹ 2026-2030 SSS Administration Charge revenue amounts were estimated based on preliminary cost of power expense and revenue load and customer forecast resulting in \$106K variance between SSS revenues and cost amounts included in Schedule 8-3-2.



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2. STANDARD SUPPLY SERVICE ADMINISTRATION CHARGE

The Standard Supply Service Administration Charge (SSS Charge) is an administrative charge that allows Hydro Ottawa to recover its costs of providing standard supply service to all customers who are not enrolled with a Retailer. The SSS Charge was introduced on May 11, 2005 as part of the 2006 Electricity Distribution Rate Handbook.²

The monthly SSS Charge of \$0.25 per customer per month has not been adjusted to reflect actual costs or inflation since its implementation 20 years ago. For the 2026-2030 period, Hydro Ottawa is proposing to charge a utility specific SSS rate per customer per month. The rate has been calculated based on actual costs of providing standard supply service to customers. For further details on the proposed SSS Charge rate design, please refer to Schedule 8-3-2 - Standard Supply Service Charge.

Variance analysis:

Overall net customer growth has resulted in slightly higher revenue than forecasted. The increase from 2025 to the 2026-2030 period is attributed to the proposed rate increase.

3. RETAILER SERVICES

Retailer Service Charges (RSCs) recover the costs of services that Hydro Ottawa provides to electricity retailers or their customers in relation to the competitive supply of energy. The revenue generated from the RSCs has declined from 2021-2023 due to a reduction in the number of customers enrolled with a Retailer. Notwithstanding the decrease in retailer-enrolled customers, Hydro Ottawa's expenses related to these services have remained constant.

Hydro Ottawa intends to apply the OEB generic rates for RSCs. Please see Schedule 8-4-3 - Retail Service Charges for more information on the 2026-2030 RSCs.

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² Ontario Energy Board, 2006 Electricity Distribution Rate Handbook (May 11, 2005), page 126.



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Variance analysis:

The differences in RSC revenue over the 2021-2030 period are negligible.

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4. GENERATOR SERVICES

Monthly fixed charges for generation customers, other than the microFIT charge, were introduced in

Hydro Ottawa's 2016-2020 Custom IR Application³ to reflect the cost of managing these accounts.

At that time, the microFIT charge was requested to be a utility-specific charge in order to reflect the

cost of managing related accounts. Hydro Ottawa has reviewed these charges and proposes to

update and continue using them for the 2026-2030 period.

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As a result of greater efficiencies and automating processes in managing monthly MicroFIT charges, Hydro Ottawa is proposing to reduce the current 2025 monthly rate of \$16 for MicroFit⁴ customers to \$11 in 2026. Hydro Ottawa proposes a decrease to the rate for managing a small number of larger generators⁵ from the 2025 rate of \$347 to \$266 in 2026 as a result of increased efficiencies in the monthly processing of these accounts.

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As part of 2021-2025 Approved Settlement Agreement,⁶ the Parties⁷ agreed that in respect to the City of Ottawa's Energy & Emissions Plan (Energy Evolution): "Hydro Ottawa agrees to meaningfully consider the goals of the plan with a view to pursuing cost efficiencies, reduced emissions, and enhanced energy outcomes for consumers in the City of Ottawa. The utility will consider these elements in its next Distribution System Plan and Business Plan. Hydro Ottawa will

³ Hydro Ottawa Limited, *2016-2020 Custom Incentive Rate-Setting Distribution Rate Application*, EB-2015-0004 (April 29, 2015).

⁴ Includes other generators <10KW that require settlement services from Hydro Ottawa. For further details, please attachments 8-5-1(B) - 2027-2030 Proposed Tariff of Rates and Charges and 8-5-1(C) - 2026-2030 Bill Impacts Model.

⁵ An electricity generation facility contracted under the Independent Electricity System Operator's Hydroelectric Contract Initiative (HCI), Renewable Energy Standard OFfer Program (RESOP) and Other Energy Resource programs

⁶ Hydro Ottawa Limited, *2021-2025 Custom Incentive Rate-Setting Approved Settlement Agreement*, EB-2019-0261 (September 18, 2020).

⁷ Hydro Ottawa and the following intervenor groups: Building Owners and Managers Association, Consumers Council of Canada, Distributed Resource Coalition, Environmental Defence, Energy Probe Research Foundation, Pollution Probe, School Energy Coalition, Vulnerable Energy Consumers Coalition.



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report on realized areas of cost-efficiency and coordination related to Energy Evolution in its next rebasing application." As a result of this agreement and to promote self-generation in support of the grid, Hydro Ottawa stopped charging net metered customers the monthly net metering service charge effective November 1, 2021.

Net metering customers, unlike other generation customers, also incur a monthly fixed service charge based on the rate class they are assigned. During the 2021-2025 rate period Hydro Ottawa automated the residential and small commercial net metering billing activities. In addition, per Ontario Regulation 393/07, Hydro Ottawa's residential and small commercial net meter customer bi-directional smart meter data is now collected through the Meter Data Management/Repository (MDM/R). While automation of the commercial class net metering customers was planned for 2022-2023, it was ultimately put on hold in order to achieve the OEB deadlines to connect residential and small commercial net metered customers to the MDM/R, and thus commercial net metering account billing remains a manual process. Please see Schedule 1-3-4 - Facilitating Innovation and Continuous Improvement for more details on net metering automation.

As a result of the efficiencies gained through automation of residential and small commercial net metered customers and to support Hydro Ottawa's Rate Plan Framework to encourage self generation in support of the grid, Hydro Ottawa is proposing to remove the net metering charge. Net metering customers will continue to be charged a monthly fixed charge based on their rate class. Please see Schedule 1-3-1 - Rate Setting Framework for more details regarding Hydro Ottawa proposed rate setting framework.

Hydro Ottawa proposes an increase to the rate for Feed In Tarrif (FIT)⁸ customers from the 2025 monthly rate of \$84 to \$87 in 2026. Please see Schedule 8-4-2 - Generation Charges for more information.

⁸ Includes other generators >10KW that require settlement services from Hydro Ottawa that do not fit the classification of Larger Generators. For further details, please see Attachments 8-5-1(B) - 2027-2030 Proposed Tariff of Rates and Charges and 8-5-1(C) - 2026-2030 Bill Impacts Model.



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Hydro Ottawa proposes to increase all generation charges by an annual inflationary adjustment of 2.1% over the 2027-2030 period. This rate is consistent with the inflation rate applied to other revenue rates as part of this Application. For more details regarding the utility's proposed custom escalation rate for its 2026-2030 rate term, please see Schedule 1-3-1 - Rate Setting Framework.

For complete details on the design of generation charges, please refer to Schedule 8-4-2 - Generation Charges.

Variance analysis:

There are immaterial differences in revenue between 2021 and 2025. Applying an annual inflation rate of 2.1% between 2027 and 2030, revenue is projected to increase minimally year-over-year.

5. RENT FROM ELECTRIC PROPERTY

To support utility efficiency and the efficient use of Hydro Ottawa assets, Hydro Ottawa engages with other utilities to jointly operate assets where possible. However, in order to support multiple utility use, Hydro Ottawa incurs expenses. These costs are recorded in Hydro Ottawa's OM&A. Please see Schedule 4-1-2 - Operations, Maintenance and Administration Program Costs for more details. Please see Hydro Ottawa's rate setting framework for a discussion on joint use assets, Schedule 1-3-1 - Rate Setting Framework.

The types of revenue under Rent from Electric Property includes pole attachments, duct rental and property rental. Tables 3 and 4 below summarize the revenues by type for the 2021-2030 period.



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Table 3 - Rent from Electric Property 2021-2025 (\$'000s)

Rent from Electric		Historical Years		Bridge Years		
Property	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	
Pole Attachment Revenue	\$ 3,178	\$ 2,525	\$ 2,658	\$ 2,817	\$ 2,962	
Duct Rental Revenue	\$ 1,108	\$ 1,164	\$ 1,216	\$ 1,197	\$ 1,233	
Property Rental Revenue	\$ 445	\$ 961	\$ 706	\$ 706	\$ 706	
TOTAL	\$ 4,730	\$ 4,650	\$ 4,580	\$ 4,720	\$ 4,901	

Table 4 - Rent from Electric Property 2026-2030 (\$'000s)

Rent from Electric	Test Years							
Property	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030			
Pole Attachment Revenue	\$ 3,006	\$ 3,051	\$ 3,098	\$ 3,147	\$ 3,197			
Duct Rental Revenue	\$ 1,272	\$ 1,310	\$ 1,348	\$ 1,387	\$ 1,428			
Property Rental Revenue	\$ 728	\$ 736	\$ 745	\$ 753	\$ 762			
TOTAL	\$ 5,006	\$ 5,097	\$ 5,190	\$ 5,287	\$ 5,387			

5.1. SPECIFIC ACCESS TO POWER POLES - WIRELINE POLE ATTACHMENTS

Hydro Ottawa generates joint use revenue from third parties who place attachments on the utility's poles. There are currently pole attachment agreements with 11 telecommunication companies, and agreements with the City of Ottawa and Village of Casselman for streetlight attachments. Hydro Ottawa has seen modest increases in the number of pole attachments from 2021-2025. This historical trend is the basis for the 2026-2030 forecasted volume. Hydro Ottawa will continue to use the provincially approved rate annually. The generic provincial rate is adjusted on January 1st each year, based upon the OEB-approved inflation factor. Please refer to Schedule 8-4-1 - Specific Service Charges for complete details.



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Variance analysis:

The decrease in 2022 revenue compared to 2021 is due to the reduction in provincial rate from \$44.50 to \$34.76 per attachment. Revenues between 2023-2025 increase modestly due to rate inflationary increase. Volumes and revenue are expected to remain flat for the 2026-2030 period.

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5.2. SPECIFIC ACCESS TO POWER POLES - WIRELESS POLE ATTACHMENTS

Hydro Ottawa has existing wireless pole attachment agreements. The number of wireless pole attachments has increased annually from 2021-2023 and continued growth is expected for 2024-2025 bridge years. Future volume and revenues for wireless attachments have been based on estimates.

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Variance analysis:

Revenues between 2026 and 2030 are expected to increase modestly due to increased volume of 100 attachments annually.

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5.3. DUCT RENTAL AGREEMENTS

Hydro Ottawa rents out its underground civil capacity to third parties, on a temporary basis, through access agreements.

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Variance analysis:

There are immaterial differences between 2021 and 2025. Revenues between 2026 and 2030 are expected to increase by 3% annually.

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5.4. PROPERTY RENTAL INCOME

Property rental relates primarily to rental fees paid by Hydro One for land and buildings owned by
Hydro Ottawa. Hydro Ottawa and Hydro One have joint facilities for transformer stations in several
locations throughout the City of Ottawa.



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1 Variance analysis:

- The increase from 2021 to 2022 is due to new lease rates being negotiated with Hydro One, with a
- retro-active adjustment for 2021 billed in 2022. 2023 reflects the new annual amount of the Hydro
- One leases, which is carried into bridge years 2024 and 2025. Revenues between 2026 and 2030
- 5 are expected to increase nominally.



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OTHER INCOME & DEDUCTIONS

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1. INTRODUCTION

Hydro Ottawa earns revenue through the provision of services to customers and third parties, property rental income from leased plant, gains (or losses) on the disposal or retirement of utility property, the provision of services to Hydro Ottawa's affiliates, and earning interest income on short-term investments. These activities are classified under the Other Income and Deductions category as follows:

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- Services to Third Parties, net of costs;
- Gains and Losses on Disposal of Utility Property;
- Shared Services to Hydro Ottawa Affiliates, net of costs; and
- Interest and Dividend Income.

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Tables 1 and 2 below summarize Other Income and Deductions for the 2021-2030 period.

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Table 1 - Other Income and Deductions 2021-2025 (\$'000s)1

Other Income and Deductions	Hi	storical Yea	Bridge Years		
Other income and Deductions	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Services to Third Parties (net of costs)	\$ (2,059)	\$ (1,170)	\$ (1,439)	\$ (1,757)	\$ (1,991)
Gains and (Losses) on Disposal of Utility Property	\$ (389)	\$ (751)	\$ (323)	\$ (336)	\$ (445)
Shared Services Revenue	\$ 3,775	\$ 4,346	\$ 4,884	\$ 4,898	\$ 4,929
Shared Services Expenses	\$ (3,012)	\$ (3,544)	\$ (4,137)	\$ (4,057)	\$ (4,174)
Interest and Dividend Income	\$ 22	\$ 16	\$ 50	-	-
TOTAL	\$ (1,663)	\$ (1,103)	\$ (965)	\$ (1,252)	\$ (1,681)

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¹ Totals may not sum due to rounding.



Table 2 – Other Income and Deductions 2026-2030 (\$'000s)²

Other Income and Deductions	Test Years					
Other income and Deductions	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	
Services to Third Parties (net of costs)	\$ (4,384)	\$ (4,637)	\$ (4,907)	\$ (5,032)	\$ (5,140)	
Gains and (Losses) on Disposal of Utility Property	\$ (167)	\$ (635)	\$ (596)	\$ (609)	\$ (576)	
Shared Services Revenue	\$ 4,780	\$ 4,881	\$ 4,983	\$ 5,088	\$ 5,195	
Shared Services Expenses	\$ (4,053)	\$ (4,138)	\$ (4,225)	\$ (4,314)	\$ (4,404)	
Interest and Dividend Income	-	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL	\$ (3,824)	\$ (4,531)	\$ (4,745)	\$ (4,866)	\$ (4,926)	

2. SERVICES TO THIRD PARTIES

These revenues, net of expenses, relate to services provided to customers or third parties beyond the standard temporary services included in Specific Service Charges, as detailed in Schedule 6-3-2 - Specific Service Charge Revenue. Services to Third Parties may include isolating and re-energizing services, mutual aid services, transformer vault shutdown access services, inspection services, and generator services. Services to the City of Ottawa and to affiliates for the aforementioned services are included in Uniform System of Accounts (USofA) 4325 Revenues from Merchandise and 4330 Costs and Expenses of Merchandising.

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Services to Third Parties for the 2026-2030 period are expected to generate less revenue than the expenses incurred as a part of regular business operations and as a means to promote safety and electrification. During the course of regular business operations some expenses are incurred for projects that do not end up reaching a stage to generate revenue. As a result, the expenses are not allocated to programs and are classified as losses in Services to Third Parties.

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Starting in 2026 Hydro Ottawa has forecasted to spend \$2M per year for its Non-Wires Customer Solutions Program. This investment will include targeted local programs expected to be in

² Totals may not sum due to rounding.



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collaboration with IESO, where viable, to address system needs, initially in the area of Kanata North, Core 13 KV and West 13 KV planning regions. Further details on this initiative are available in section 9.2 of Schedule 2-5-4 - Asset Management Process.

 Also starting in 2026, Hydro Ottawa is proposing to offer Residential Electrical Isolations/Re-energizations for electrical work at no charge to the customer.³ This reduces the revenue forecasts by \$0.5M per year during the rate term. The primary purpose of this policy is to promote safety, as well as enable electrification and the adoption of distributed energy resources and back-up supply. Providing this service at no cost to the customer removes a burden which could otherwise motivate poor safety practices. The reduced cost to the customer also incentivizes homeowners to pursue green projects, such as installing electric vehicle chargers, battery storage or solar panels. An added benefit to this is a better overall customer experience resulting from shortened timelines for appointment scheduling.

Variance analysis:

Services to Third Parties, which are part of regular business operations, incurred a net loss of \$2.1M in 2021, with expenses exceeding revenue. This loss is largely attributable to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. While the volume of customer requests was high, many did not proceed to finalization, leading to the substantial net cost. Forecasts for 2024 and 2025 are based on current trends, anticipated volume, and the nature of customer requests.

As mentioned above, as of 2026, \$2M is forecasted annually for the Non-Wires Customer Solutions Program. Additionally, as of 2026 the annual revenue was reduced by \$0.5M to reflect the cost of providing isolations and re-energizations free of charge to customers.

³ Currently, per Hydro Ottawa's Conditions of Service <u>one</u> free non-electrical Isolation/Re-energization is provided.



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3. GAINS AND LOSSES ON DISPOSAL OF UTILITY PROPERTY

Hydro Ottawa periodically disposes of assets that are no longer necessary or re-usable in serving the public (e.g. end-of-life assets, asset failure, damaged beyond repair, relocation requests from third parties, surplus inventory, obsolescence, scrap sales etc.). Disposals for assets damaged beyond repair due to storms and other adverse weather events are also captured here. Where the proceeds vary from the net book value of an asset, Hydro Ottawa treats the variances as a debit or credit to income.

Hydro Ottawa applies the associated gains and losses to USofA 1508 Other Regulatory Assets - Sub-Account - Gains and Loss on Disposal of Fixed Assets Variance Account. Please refer to Schedule 9-1-3 - Group 2 Accounts for further details on Account 1508. Table 3 provides the actual gains and losses before the adjustments made to Account 1508 for variance analysis.

Table 3 – Gains and Losses from Disposal of Utility Property (\$'000s)⁴

UsofA Net			Historical		Bridge		TOTAL
USUIA	Gain/(Loss)	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	IOIAL
4362	OEB Approved	\$ (389)	\$ (751)	\$ (323)	\$ (336)	\$ (445)	\$ (2,243)
4362	Actual	\$ 202	\$ (1,234)	\$ 897	\$ 368	\$ 273	\$ 506
1508	Variance	\$ 590	\$ (483)	\$ 1,220	\$ 704	\$ 718	\$ 2,749

Variance analysis:

The 2022 Derecho storm resulted in asset derecognition charges of approximately \$1M, which is the major driver of the increased loss on disposal experienced in 2022 compared to the other historical years 2021 and 2023.

Hydro Ottawa will begin implementing its Metering Upgrades Program in 2026. This will increase asset derecognition charges from \$0.4M to \$0.8M per year, primarily driving the increase over the

⁴ Totals may not sum due to rounding.



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test years. Please refer to Schedule 2-5-7 - System Renewal Investments for additional details on 1 the AMI 2.0 project. 2

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SHARED SERVICES TO HYDRO OTTAWA AFFILIATES AND ASSOCIATED COST

Hydro Ottawa provides shared services to its affiliates under the terms of Service Level Agreements (SLA), which are updated annually based on transfer prices determined according to the Affiliate Relationship Code for Electricity Transmitters and Distributors (ARC) requirements.

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12 13 Hydro Ottawa provides Human Resources, Safety, Environment, Business Continuity, Facilities, Information Technology, Finance, Regulatory, Legal, Customer Service, Communications, Engineering, Meter data reporting, and Mechanic Services to its affiliates. Tables 3 and 4 below provide a summary of the revenues earned from the shared services provided to affiliates, whether through an SLA or other contractual arrangements.

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Additional detail on the shared services Hydro Ottawa provides to and receives from affiliates is available in Schedule 4-2-1 - Shared Services and Corporate Cost Allocation.

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Consistent with section 2.4.3.2 of the Chapter 2 Filing Requirements for Electricity Distribution Rate Applications - 2025 Edition for 2026 Rate Applications, dated December 9, 2024, both revenue and costs are recorded in other revenue under USofA Accounts 4325 Revenues from Merchandise and 4330 Costs and Expenses of Merchandising.⁵ For additional details, please see Schedule 4-2-1 -Shared Services and Corporate Cost Allocation and Schedule 4-1-2 - Operations, Maintenance and Administration Program Costs for additional details.

⁵ Ontario Energy Board, Presentation re: Chapter 1 & 2 Filing Requirements Update for 2019 Applications: Summary of Key Changes (July 19, 2018), slides 15-16.



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Table 4 – Affiliate Services Revenue Earned by Hydro Ottawa 2021-2025 (\$'000s)6

Provided By	Provided To	Historical Years			Bridge Years	
Provided by	Provided to	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Hydro Ottawa	Hydro Ottawa Holding Inc.	\$ 1,161	\$ 1,386	\$ 1,335	\$ 1,421	\$ 1,480
Hydro Ottawa	Hydro Ottawa Capital Corporation	\$ 1,352	\$ 1,662	\$ 2,021	\$ 1,801	\$ 1,740
Hydro Ottawa	Hydro Ottawa Energy Services Inc.	\$ 1,261	\$ 1,298	\$ 1,528	\$ 1,676	\$ 1,709
Shared Service	ces Revenue	\$ 3,775	\$ 4,346	\$ 4,884	\$ 4,898	\$ 4,929
Shared Services Expenses		\$ (3,012)	\$ (3,544)	\$ (4,137)	\$ (4,057)	\$ (4,174)
Net Revenue		\$ 763	\$ 802	\$ 747	\$ 840	\$ 755

Table 5 – Affiliate Services Revenue Earned by Hydro Ottawa 2026-2030 (\$'000s)⁷

Provided By	Provided To	Test Years					
Flovided by	FIOVILLE TO	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	
Hydro Ottawa	Hydro Ottawa Holding Inc.	\$ 1,583	\$ 1,616	\$ 1,650	\$ 1,684	\$ 1,720	
Hydro Ottawa	Hydro Ottawa Capital Corporation	\$ 1,421	\$ 1,451	\$ 1,481	\$ 1,512	\$ 1,544	
Hydro Ottawa	Hydro Ottawa Energy Services Inc.	\$ 1,777	\$ 1,814	\$ 1,852	\$ 1,891	\$ 1,931	
Shared Service	ces Revenue	\$ 4,780	\$ 4,881	\$ 4,983	\$ 5,088	\$ 5,195	
Shared Services Expenses		\$ (4,053)	\$ (4,138)	\$ (4,225)	\$ (4,314)	\$ (4,404)	
Net Revenue		\$ 727	\$ 742	\$ 758	\$ 774	\$ 790	

5 Variance analysis:

Variance details are provided in Schedule 4-2-1 - Shared Services and Corporate Cost Allocation.

⁶ Totals may not sum due to rounding.

⁷ Totals may not sum due to rounding.



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5. INTEREST AND DIVIDEND INCOME

- 2 Interest income refers to interest earned on cash balances within the year. In the years 2021-2023,
- a modest amount of interest was recorded under USofA Account 4405. Material cash balances are
- 4 not anticipated between 2024 and 2030.