IR Framework for Ontario Electricity Distributors Long-term Vision

OEB 3rd Generation IR Working Group Meeting November 29, 2007

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The table below is a chart that illustrates, at a high level, milestones that take the OEB's regulation of the Ontario electricity distributors toward a long-term vision of a comprehensive and sustainable bifurcated incentive regulation (IR) framework. The Framework internalizes service quality regulation and is based on benchmarking for LDCs for which peers can be identified and an IPI-TFP for those for which no peers are identified. The timelines used are for illustrative purposes.

The chart starts off with the Board's approval of 1st Generation Performance Based Regulation) for the electricity distributors in 2000, a transition plan based on the IPI-TFP approach. The IR milestones achieved with this approval are: the introduction of service quality performance indicators (SQI); reporting on the service quality indictors by the distributors; monitoring of service quality performance by the OEB; TFP studies for 1988-1997; and annual filings of PBR data to be used to update/expand the TFP research to help set parameters for subsequent IR plan(s).

In 2002 Bill 210 imposed a rate freeze and from 2004 to 2006 there was the continuation of the phasing-in of the market-based ROE through funding of CDM programs. During this period reporting/monitoring of SQI and filing of PBR data continued.

Following model-based cost of service (COS) filings in 2006, 2^{nd} Generation IR based on GDP-IPI – X as a function of simplicity and transparency for the short duration of the plan (maximum of 3 years), was introduced in 2007 and during the term of the plan the distributors' rates are rebased (COS) in three tranches over the three years. During this period, reporting/monitoring of SQI and filing of PBR data continued.

Following rate rebasing the distributors embark onto 3rd Generation IR based on IPI-TFP, a transition plan that provides time to review information required for benchmarking e.g. ensure consistency in financial reporting, completeness of information required for benchmarking, conduct LDC surveys, capital valuation. In addition it provides time to determine customer service expectations, review SQI standards, establish consistency in reporting of SQI performance. Benchmark studies and SQI studies are conducted as the basis for implementing benchmarking and SQI standards in IR.

Rate rebasing at the end of 3rd Generation IR will include internalization of SQI standards.

Following rate rebasing the bifurcated IR framework is implemented. Allowing for a period when the distributors are expected to move to the SQI standards, penalties are introduced for non-performance.

Regulatory Approach	IR Milestones	Timeline
1 st Generation PBR (IPI-TFP)	 TFP Studies (1988-1997) Start PBR Data Filing Start SQI Reporting 	Approved 2000
Rate Freeze/CDM-ROE Phase-in	 On-going PBR Data Filing On-going SQI Reporting/Monitoring 	2002-2006
COS Model	 Base Rates for 2nd Generation IR On-going PBR Data Filing On-going SQI Reporting/Monitoring 	2006
2 nd Generation PBR (GDP-IPI – X)	 On-going PBR Data Filing On-going SQI Reporting/Monitoring 	2007-2009 2008-2009 2009
COS Model	Rate Rebasing	2007-2009
3 rd Generation IR (IPI-TFP)	 On-going PBR Data Filing On-going SQI Reporting/Monitoring Review Financial Reporting Consistency Review SQI Reporting Consistency Cost Benchmarking Study SQI Standards Study/Surveys 	2008-2012 2009-2013 2010-2014
COS Model	Rate RebasingInternalize SQI standards	2013-2015
Bifurcated IR Framework: Benchmarking for LDCs with peers IPI-TFP for one of a kind	PBR Data FilingSQI Reporting/Monitoring	Start 2016
	Introduce SQI Penalties	Start 2019